

State of Hawaii Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund

Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

**Submitted by
The Auditor
State of Hawaii**

State of Hawaii
Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund
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June 30, 2010

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Report of Independent Auditors

The Auditor
State of Hawaii

We have audited the accompanying statement of net assets of the State of Hawaii, Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund (the "Fund") as of June 30, 2010, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and change in net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended, which collectively comprise the Fund's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 2, the financial statements referred to above include only the financial activities of the Fund, and are not intended to present fairly the financial position, results of operations, or cash flows of the State of Hawaii or the State of Hawaii, Department of Health, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as of June 30, 2010, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2011 on our consideration of the Fund's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Fund's management has not presented the management's discussion and analysis for the year ended June 30, 2010 that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to supplement, although not to be a part of, the basic financial statements. The Fund's management discussion and analysis for the year ended June 30, 2010 is incorporated in the financial statements for the State of Hawaii, Department of Health.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the Fund's financial statements. The supplementary information presented on pages 14 through 17 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the Fund's financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the Fund's financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the Fund's financial statements taken as a whole.

Accuity LLP

Honolulu, Hawaii
March 29, 2011

Financial Statements

State of Hawaii
Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund
Statement of Net Assets
June 30, 2010

Assets

Current assets	
Equity in cash and cash equivalents and investments in State Treasury	\$ 29,891,053
Loan fees receivable	659,922
Accrued interest on loans	69,986
Other accrued interest	277,035
Due from federal government	80,852
Current maturities of loans receivable	<u>4,405,635</u>
Total current assets	35,384,483
ARRA advances	10,916,160
Loans receivable, net of current maturities	66,705,043
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$891,905	<u>203,247</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 113,208,933</u>

Liabilities and Net Assets

Current liabilities	
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	<u>\$ 137,262</u>
Total current liabilities	137,262
Accrued vacation, net of current portion	41,659
Other postemployment benefits	<u>113,215</u>
Total liabilities	292,136
Commitments and contingencies	
Net assets	
Invested in capital assets	203,247
Restricted – expendable	<u>112,713,550</u>
Total net assets	<u>112,916,797</u>
Total liabilities and net assets	<u>\$ 113,208,933</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

State of Hawaii
Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Assets
Year Ended June 30, 2010

Operating revenues	
Interest income from loans	\$ 261,896
Administrative loan fees	2,095,467
Total operating revenues	<u>2,357,363</u>
Operating expenses	
Administrative	431,954
State program management	273,631
Water protection	102,958
Small systems	210,229
Total operating expenses	<u>1,018,772</u>
Operating income	1,338,591
Nonoperating revenues and expenses	
State contributions	1,630,000
Federal contributions	15,324,872
Federal ARRA contributions	10,916,160
Other interest income	1,506,811
Total nonoperating revenues and expenses	<u>29,377,843</u>
Change in net assets	30,716,434
Net assets	
Beginning of year	<u>82,200,363</u>
End of year	<u>\$ 112,916,797</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

State of Hawaii
Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund
Statement of Cash Flows
Year Ended June 30, 2010

Cash flows from operating activities	
Interest income from loans	\$ 248,275
Administrative loan fees	1,966,200
Principal repayments on loans	3,746,720
Disbursement of loan proceeds	(18,338,015)
Payments to employees	(396,939)
Payments to other state agencies for services rendered	(40,990)
Payments to vendors	<u>(501,098)</u>
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(13,315,847)</u>
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities	
State contributions	1,630,000
Federal contributions	15,264,698
Federal ARRA contributions	10,916,160
Disbursement of ARRA advances	<u>(10,916,160)</u>
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	<u>16,894,698</u>
Cash flows from investing activities	
Other interest income	<u>1,449,677</u>
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>1,449,677</u>
Net increase in cash	5,028,528
Equity in cash and cash equivalents and investments in State Treasury	
Beginning of year	<u>24,862,525</u>
End of year	<u>\$ 29,891,053</u>
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used in operating activities	
Operating income	\$ 1,338,591
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash used in operating activities	
Depreciation expense	69,119
Change in assets and liabilities	
Loan fees receivable	(129,267)
Accrued interest on loans	(13,620)
Loans receivables	(14,591,295)
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	(18,329)
Other postemployment benefits	<u>28,954</u>
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>\$ (13,315,847)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

State of Hawaii
Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

1. Establishment and Purpose of the Fund

The 1996 Amendments to the Safe Drinking Water Act (the "Act") provide for the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") to make capitalization grants to states for the purpose of providing loans and other types of financial assistance to public water systems for drinking water infrastructure, including construction of public drinking water systems.

In 1997, the State of Hawaii ("State") Legislature established the Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund (the "Fund") to receive federal capitalization grants from the EPA. The Fund is administered by the Safe Drinking Water Branch, Environmental Management Division of the State of Hawaii, Department of Health (the "Department"). The Fund's primary purpose is to provide loans in perpetuity to public drinking water systems for the construction of drinking water treatment facilities. Such loans may be at or below market interest rates and must be fully amortized within twenty years, with the first repayment of principal and interest occurring no later than one year after the notice to proceed for construction or the final agreement date, whichever is later.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of only that portion of the State and Department that is attributable to the transactions of the Fund and are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations or cash flows of the State or Department.

The financial statements of the Fund are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") for proprietary funds. Accordingly, the Fund has adopted all GASB pronouncements, and all Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 that do not contradict or conflict with existing GASB pronouncements. The Fund has elected not to apply all FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989.

Revenues are reported when earned and expenses are reported when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services or goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of the Fund are interest income and administrative loan fees on loans made to county governments. Federal grants, state matching funds and interest income from sources other than loans are reported as nonoperating revenue.

State of Hawaii
Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

Use of Estimates

In preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. These estimates, among others, include the allowances for uncollectible accounts and depreciable lives of capital assets.

Equity in Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments in State Treasury

All monies of the Fund are held in the State Treasury. The State Director of Finance is responsible for the safekeeping of cash in the State Treasury in accordance with State laws. The Director of Finance may invest any monies of the State, which in the Director's judgment, are in excess of the amounts necessary for meeting the immediate requirements of the State. Effective August 1, 1999, cash is pooled with funds from other State agencies and departments and deposited into approved financial institutions or in the State Treasury Investment Pool System. Funds in the investment pool accrue interest based on the average weighted cash balances of each account.

At June 30, 2010, information relating to the types, insurance, collateral, and related interest rate, credit and custodial risks of funds deposited with the State Treasury was not available since such information is determined on a statewide basis and not for individual departments. Cash deposits with the State Treasury are either federally insured or collateralized with obligations of the State or United States. All securities pledged as collateral are held either by the State Treasury or by the State's fiscal agents in the name of the State.

In March 2011, DAGS issued guidance, informing State agencies participating in the State Treasury Investment Pool that the change in the fair value of the auction rate securities resulted in a gain for the year ended June 30, 2010 and that each participating State agency would be allocated a portion of the gain. The Fund's allocated gain for 2010 amounted to \$1,147,870.

ARRA Advances

The Fund received American Recovery and Reinvestment Act ("ARRA") stimulus money that was used to provide construction grants with no interest or loan fees and 100% principal forgiveness upon completion of approved projects. The Fund is allowed to use up to 4% of the ARRA funds for administrative costs, up to 2% for technical assistance to small systems and up to 10% for State program management, however has elected not to do so. ARRA funds provided to counties have been classified as "ARRA Advances" on the Statement of Net Assets upon disbursement. The ARRA advances will be completely forgiven and expensed once all of the conditions and compliance requirements have been satisfied by the counties. If conditions and compliance requirements are not met, the grants will convert to loans, requiring repayment of principal, interest and loan fees.

Loans Receivable

Loans made to the counties are funded by federal capitalization grants, State matching funds, repayments and investment interest income. Loan funds are disbursed to local agencies as they expend for the purposes of the loan, and request reimbursement from the Fund. Interest is calculated from the date that funds are advanced, and after the final disbursement has been made, the payment schedule identified in the loan agreement is adjusted for the actual amounts disbursed, and interest accrued during the project period.

State of Hawaii
Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

Administrative Loan Fees

In May 2000, the Department implemented an administrative loan fee program to pay for the Fund's administration, including employee salaries and benefits. The program applies an administrative loan fee to all loans as provided for in Chapter 11-65 of the Hawaii Administrative Rules.

Capital Assets

Capital assets consist principally of equipment, and are recorded at cost or, if donated, at appraised value at the date of donation. Depreciation of capital assets is provided for on a straight-line basis (three to seven years) over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets.

Accrued Vacation

Vacation pay is accrued as earned by employees. Vacation pay can accumulate at the rate of one and three-quarters working days for each month of service up to 720 hours at calendar year-end and is convertible to pay upon termination of employment. The current portion of the accrued vacation balance is included in the accounts payable and other accrued liabilities balance.

Accumulated Sick Leave

Sick leave accumulates at the rate of one and three-quarters working days for each month of service without limit, but may be taken only in the event of illness and is not convertible to pay upon termination of employment. However, a State employee who retires or leaves government service in good standing with 60 days or more of unused sick leave is entitled to additional service credit in ERS. At June 30, 2010, accumulated sick leave was approximately \$93,300.

Net Assets

The Fund's net assets are classified into two net asset categories:

- **Invested in capital assets, net of related debt:** Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- **Restricted expendable:** Net assets whose use by the Fund are subject to externally-imposed stipulations that can be fulfilled by actions of the Fund pursuant to those stipulations or that expire by the passage of time.

Administrative Costs

The accompanying financial statements do not reflect certain administrative costs, which are paid for by other sources of funding from the Department. These costs include the Department's and State's overhead costs which the Department does not assess to the Fund, since they are not practical to determine.

Fund Accounts

The Fund consists of the State revolving fund ("SRF") and non-SRF activity. The SRF activity consists exclusively of federal capitalization grant loans, state matching contributions, principal loan repayments, and interest from loans and other earning assets. Non-SRF activity consists of administration loan fees and federal set aside funds.

State of Hawaii
Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

Expenses

The statement of revenues, expenses, and change in net assets presents expenses on a functional basis. The natural classifications of expenses are presented in the supplemental schedule of expenses.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2011, the GASB issued Statement No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements*. The objective of this Statement is to enhance the usefulness of the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards by incorporating guidance that previously could only be found in certain FASB and AICPA pronouncements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2011. Management does not expect that this Statement will have a material effect on the Fund's financial statements.

3. Loans Receivable

At June 30, 2010, loans receivable from government entities were as follows:

Nine loans receivable from the City & County of Honolulu, Board of Water Supply, due in semi-annual payments, including interest ranging from 0.00% to 0.36%, commencing not later than one year after project completion, notice to proceed, or loan agreement date. Final payment is due not later than twenty years after project completion.	\$ 23,590,968
Eight loans receivable from the County of Hawaii, Water Board, due in semi-annual payments, including interest ranging from 0.41% to 1.37%, commencing not later than one year after project completion, notice to proceed, or loan agreement date. Final payment is due not later than twenty years after project completion.	10,278,382
Three loans receivable from the County of Maui, Board of Water Supply, due in semi-annual payments, including interest ranging from 0.15% to 1.55%, commencing not later than one year after project completion, notice to proceed, or loan agreement date. Final payment is due not later than twenty years after project completion.	12,822,764
Thirteen loans receivable from the County of Kauai, Board of Water Supply, due in semi-annual payments, including interest ranging from 0.16% to 1.37%, commencing not later than one year after project completion, notice to proceed, or loan agreement date. Final payment is due not later than twenty years after project completion.	<u>24,418,564</u>
	71,110,678
Less: Current portion	<u>4,405,635</u>
Noncurrent portion	<u>\$ 66,705,043</u>

State of Hawaii
Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

Loans are expected to mature at various dates through 2030. The scheduled principal payments on loans maturing in subsequent years are as follows:

2011	\$ 4,405,635
2012	4,478,338
2013	4,500,122
2014	4,521,315
2015	4,542,984
Thereafter	<u>48,662,284</u>
	<u>\$ 71,110,678</u>

Management believes that all loans will be repaid according to the loan terms; accordingly, no provision for uncollectible amounts has been recorded.

At June 30, 2010, \$3,302,790 was committed to be loaned out to the County of Hawaii, Department of Water Supply under existing loan agreements.

4. Contributed Capital

The Fund is capitalized by grants from the EPA and matching funds from the State. The following summarizes the EPA capitalization grants and ARRA funds awarded, amounts drawn on each grant, and the balances available for future loans at June 30, 2010:

Budget Period	Amount	Total Draws at June 30, 2009	Total 2010 Cash Draws	Funds Available
12/05/97 – 06/30/06	\$ 12,558,800	\$ 12,558,800	\$ -	\$ -
09/24/98 – 09/30/08	7,121,300	7,121,300	-	-
02/04/00 – 09/30/07	7,463,800	7,463,800	-	-
02/26/01 – 06/30/08	7,757,000	7,757,000	-	-
09/01/02 – 09/30/08	7,789,100	7,789,100	-	-
10/01/03 – 06/30/11	8,052,500	7,056,238	349,597	646,665
04/01/04 – 06/30/11	8,004,100	4,933,934	719,713	2,350,453
10/01/05 – 06/30/13	8,303,100	4,666,666	1,107,854	2,528,580
09/01/06 – 06/30/16	8,285,500	2,107,927	3,831,604	2,345,969
07/01/07 – 06/30/17	8,229,300	-	4,582,039	3,647,261
03/01/08 – 06/30/17	8,229,000	-	4,673,891	3,555,109
10/01/08 – 06/30/13 (ARRA)	19,500,000	-	10,916,160	8,583,840
03/01/09 – 06/30/18	8,146,000	-	-	8,146,000
01/01/10 – 06/30/19	8,146,000	-	-	8,146,000
	<u>\$ 127,585,500</u>	<u>\$ 61,454,765</u>	<u>\$ 26,180,858</u>	<u>\$ 39,949,877</u>

State of Hawaii
Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

The State is required to match 20% of the estimated amount of the grant from the EPA and does so in the year that the capitalization grant is awarded. The State is not required to match funds for ARRA awards. Through June 30, 2010, the Fund was in compliance with the 20% State matching requirement. The required State match through June 30, 2010 approximated \$21.6 million, of which approximately \$17.8 million has been utilized and \$3.8 million was available to be loaned out at June 30, 2010.

ARRA funds available have been committed to counties in the form of grant agreements and will be disbursed upon request for reimbursement.

5. Capital Assets

Summary of capital assets at June 30, 2010 is as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2009	Additions	Retirements/ Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2010
Equipment	\$ 1,118,706	\$ -	\$ (23,554)	\$ 1,095,152
Accumulated depreciation	(846,340)	(69,119)	23,554	(891,905)
	<u>\$ 272,366</u>	<u>\$ (69,119)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 203,247</u>

6. Accrued Vacation

The accrued vacation liability as of June 30, 2010 was as follows:

Balance at July 1, 2009	\$ 49,369
Increase	29,629
Decrease	(20,823)
Balance at June 30, 2010	<u>58,175</u>
Less: Current portion	<u>16,516</u>
Noncurrent portion	<u>\$ 41,659</u>

7. Employee Benefit Plans

Substantially all employees of the Fund participate in the State's various employee benefit plans, including the Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") of the State of Hawaii, post-employment healthcare and life insurance plan, and a deferred compensation plan. For more information on the State's benefit plans, refer to the State of Hawaii and ERS' Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports ("CAFR"). The State's CAFR can be found at the Department of Accounting and General Services' ("DAGS") website: <http://hawaii.gov/dags/rpts>. The ERS CAFR can be found at the ERS website: <http://www4.hawaii.gov/ers/default.htm>.

Employees' Retirement System

The ERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. The ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. All contributions, benefits and eligibility requirements are established by Chapter 88, HRS, and can be amended by legislative action.

State of Hawaii
Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

Deferred Compensation Plan

The State offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all State employees, permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or an unforeseeable emergency.

All plan assets are held in a trust fund to protect them from claims of general creditors. The State has no responsibility for loss due to the investment or failure of investment of funds and assets in the plan, but has the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor.

Post-Employment Healthcare and Life Insurance Benefits

The State contributes to the Hawaii Employer-Union Health Benefits Trust Fund ("EUTF"), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The EUTF was established to provide a single delivery system of health benefits for state and county workers, retirees, and their dependents. The eligibility requirements for retiree health benefits are based on date of hire.

State Policy

The actuarial valuation of the EUTF does not provide other postemployment benefits ("OPEB") information by department or agency. Accordingly, the State's policy on the accounting and reporting for OPEB is to allocate a portion of the State's Annual Required Contribution ("ARC"), interest, and any adjustment to the ARC, to component units and proprietary funds that are reported separately in stand-alone departmental financial statements or in the State's CAFR. The basis for the allocation is the proportionate share of contributions made by each component unit or proprietary fund for retiree health benefits.

Annual OPEB Cost

The components of the allocated annual OPEB cost (annual required contribution, interest on net OPEB obligation, and adjustment to annual required contribution) are insignificant to the Fund's financial statements. The following table shows the allocated annual OPEB cost for the year ended June 30, 2010:

Annual OPEB cost	\$ 47,597
Less: contributions made	<u>(18,643)</u>
Increase in net OPEB obligation	28,954
Net OPEB obligation	
Beginning of year	<u>84,261</u>
End of year	<u>\$ 113,215</u>

Amount of Contributions Made

Contributions are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis and the Fund's contributions for the years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 approximated \$18,600, \$27,900, and \$20,800 respectively.

Required Supplementary Information and Disclosures

The State's CAFR includes the required footnote disclosures and supplementary information on the State's OPEB plan.

State of Hawaii
Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

8. Insurance Coverage

Insurance coverage is maintained at the State level. The State is self-insured for substantially all perils including workers' compensation. Expenditures for workers' compensation and other insurance claims are appropriated annually from the State's general fund.

The Department is covered by the State's self-insured workers' compensation program for medical expenses of injured Department employees. However, the Department is required to pay temporary total and temporary partial disability benefits as long as the employee is on the Department's payroll. Because actual claims liabilities depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing claims liability does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claims liabilities may be re-evaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors.

Workers' compensation benefit claims reported as well as incurred but not reported were reviewed at year end. The estimated losses from these claims were not material.

Supplementary Information

State of Hawaii
Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund
Schedule of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Cash Balance
Year Ended June 30, 2010

Receipts

Principal repayments on loans	\$ 3,746,720
Interest income from loans	248,275
State contributions	1,630,000
Federal contributions	15,264,698
Federal ARRA contributions	10,916,160
Administrative loan fees	1,966,200
Investment interest	<u>1,449,678</u>
Total receipts	35,221,731

Disbursements

Disbursement of loan proceeds	18,338,015
Disbursement of ARRA advances	10,916,160
Administrative	410,838
State program management	224,385
Water protection program	47,722
Small systems	<u>256,083</u>
Total disbursements	<u>30,193,203</u>
Excess of receipts over disbursements	5,028,528

**Equity in cash and cash equivalents
and investments in State Treasury**

Beginning of year	<u>24,862,525</u>
End of year	<u>\$ 29,891,053</u>

State of Hawaii
Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund
Combining Statement of Net Assets
June 30, 2010

	State Revolving Fund Activity	Non-SRF Activity	Total
Assets			
Current assets			
Equity in cash and cash equivalents and investments in State Treasury	\$ 26,980,563	\$ 2,910,490	\$ 29,891,053
Loan fees receivable	-	659,922	659,922
Accrued interest on loans	69,986	-	69,986
Other accrued interest	277,035	-	277,035
Due from federal government	-	80,852	80,852
Current maturities of loans receivable	4,405,635	-	4,405,635
Total current assets	31,733,219	3,651,264	35,384,483
ARRA advances	10,916,160	-	10,916,160
Loans receivable, net of current maturities	66,705,043	-	66,705,043
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	-	203,247	203,247
Total assets	<u>\$ 109,354,422</u>	<u>\$ 3,854,511</u>	<u>\$ 113,208,933</u>
Liabilities and Net Assets			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$ -	\$ 137,262	\$ 137,262
Total current liabilities	-	137,262	137,262
Accrued vacation, net of current portion	-	41,659	41,659
Other postemployment benefits	-	113,215	113,215
Total liabilities	-	292,136	292,136
Net assets			
Invested in capital assets	-	203,247	203,247
Restricted – expendable	109,354,422	3,359,128	112,713,550
Total net assets	109,354,422	3,562,375	112,916,797
Total liabilities and net assets	<u>\$ 109,354,422</u>	<u>\$ 3,854,511</u>	<u>\$ 113,208,933</u>

State of Hawaii
Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Assets
Year Ended June 30, 2010

	State Revolving Fund Activity	Non-SRF Activity	Total
Operating revenues			
Interest income from loans	\$ 261,896	\$ -	\$ 261,896
Administration loan fees	-	2,095,467	2,095,467
Total operating revenues	261,896	2,095,467	2,357,363
Operating expenses			
Administrative	-	431,954	431,954
State program management	-	273,631	273,631
Water protection	-	102,958	102,958
Small systems	-	210,229	210,229
Total operating expenses	-	1,018,772	1,018,772
Operating income	261,896	1,076,695	1,338,591
Nonoperating revenues and expenses			
State contributions	1,630,000	-	1,630,000
Federal contributions	14,385,842	939,030	15,324,872
Federal ARRA contributions	10,916,160	-	10,916,160
Interest earnings from investments	1,506,811	-	1,506,811
Total nonoperating revenues and expenses	28,438,813	939,030	29,377,843
Interfund transfers	1,710,973	(1,710,973)	-
Change in net assets	30,411,682	304,752	30,716,434
Net assets			
Beginning of year	78,942,740	3,257,623	82,200,363
End of year	\$ 109,354,422	\$ 3,562,375	\$ 112,916,797

State of Hawaii
Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund
Schedule of Expenses
Year Ended June 30, 2010

	State Revolving Fund Activity	Non-SRF Activity	Total
Personnel	\$ -	\$ 433,929	\$ 433,929
Professional services	-	272,071	272,071
Repairs and maintenance	-	90,326	90,326
Depreciation	-	69,119	69,119
Services rendered by other state agencies	-	57,645	57,645
Travel	-	54,852	54,852
Office and other supplies	-	13,526	13,526
Rental	-	10,643	10,643
Telephone	-	1,700	1,700
Advertising and printing	-	1,286	1,286
Training	-	540	540
Miscellaneous	-	13,135	13,135
Total	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,018,772</u>	<u>\$ 1,018,772</u>



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

The Auditor
State of Hawaii

We have audited the financial statements of the State of Hawaii, Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund (the "Fund"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Fund's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Fund's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the Auditor and management of the Fund in a separate letter dated March 29, 2011.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Auditor; management of the Fund and the State of Hawaii, Department of Health; and the United States Environmental Protection Agency, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Accuity LLP

Honolulu, Hawaii
March 29, 2011

**Report of Independent Auditors on Compliance
with the Requirements Applicable to the
United States Environmental Protection Agency's
Drinking Water State Revolving Funds Program
in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards***

The Auditor
State of Hawaii

We have audited the financial statements of the State of Hawaii, Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund (the "Fund") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2011.

We have also audited the Fund's compliance with requirements governing:

- Allowability for Specific Activities
- Allowable Costs/Cost Principles
- Cash Management
- Davis-Bacon Act
- State Matching and Earmarking
- Period of Availability of Funds and Binding Commitments
- Procurement and Suspension and Debarment
- Program Income
- Reporting
- Subrecipient Monitoring, and
- Special Tests and Provisions

that are applicable to its Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds program (CFDA No. 66.468) for the year ended June 30, 2010. The management of the Fund is responsible for the Fund's compliance with these requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on those requirements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the United States *Environmental Protection Agency Audit Guide for Clean Water and Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Programs*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds program (CFDA No.

66.468) occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Fund's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Fund's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

In our opinion, the Fund complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds program (CFDA No. 66.468) for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Fund is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Fund's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on its Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds program (CFDA No. 66.468) to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Auditor; management of the Fund and the State of Hawaii, Department of Health; and the United States Environmental Protection Agency, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Accuity LLP

Honolulu, Hawaii
March 29, 2011

Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs

This section updates the status of findings and questioned costs that were reported in prior years. Finding numbers relate to the sequence reported in the respective year.

State of Hawaii
Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund
Status of Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs
Year Ended June 30, 2010

Finding No. 09-01: Allowability (Set-Asides used for Grants)

During our prior year audit of for the Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds (“DWSRF”) program (CFDA 66.468) administered by the Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund (“DWTRLF”), we noted three grants aggregating \$75,000 were disbursed from the program’s set-aside funds (2% set-aside for Small Systems Technical Assistance and 15% for Technical or Financial Assistance to PWS’s). Contradictory language in the intent of the State statutes led us to question whether or not grants are allowed to be made from the DWTRLF program.

We recommended that the program seek an opinion from the Attorney General on whether grants from the program’s set-aside funds are an allowable activity to ensure that the program is in compliance with State and Federal guidelines.

Status

Resolved. In the current year, the program obtained approval from the Attorney General to make grants from the DWTRLF’s set-aside funds. Therefore, it appears that grants made from the program’s set-aside funds are an allowable activity and the program is in compliance with State and Federal guidelines.