GCT0103: Percent of the Total Population Who Are 65 Years and Over: 2006

Universe: Total population

Data Set: 2006 American Community Survey
Survey: 2006 American Community Survey, 2006 Puerto Rico Community Survey

Geographic Area: United States -- States; and Puerto Rico

NOTE. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and

definitions, see Survey Methodology.

Geographic area	Percent	Margin of Error
United States	12.4	+/-0.1
Alabama	13.3	+/-0.1
Alaska	6.6	+/-0.1
Arizona	12.8	+/-0.1
Arkansas	13.8	+/-0.1
California	10.8	+/-0.1
Colorado	10	+/-0.1
Connecticut	13.4	+/-0.1
Delaware	13.4	+/-0.1
District of Columbia	12.3	+/-0.1
Florida	16.8	+/-0.1
Georgia	9.7	+/-0.1
Hawaii	13.9	+/-0.1
Idaho	11.6	+/-0.1
Illinois	11.9	+/-0.1
Indiana	12.4	+/-0.1
lowa	14.6	+/-0.1
Kansas	12.9	+/-0.1
Kentucky	12.7	+/-0.1
Louisiana	12.2	+/-0.1
Maine	14.6	+/-0.1
Maryland	11.5	+/-0.1
Massachusetts	13.3	+/-0.1
Michigan	12.5	+/-0.1
Minnesota	12.2	+/-0.1
Mississippi	12.4	+/-0.1
Missouri	13.3	+/-0.1

Montana	13.9	+/-0.1
Nebraska	13.2	+/-0.1
Nevada	11	+/-0.1
New Hampshire	12.3	+/-0.1
New Jersey	12.9	+/-0.1
New Mexico	12.3	+/-0.1
New York	13.1	+/-0.1
North Carolina	12.1	+/-0.1
North Dakota	14.6	+/-0.1
Ohio	13.3	+/-0.1
Oklahoma	13.3	+/-0.1
Oregon	12.9	+/-0.1
Pennsylvania	15.1	+/-0.1
Rhode Island	13.8	+/-0.1
South Carolina	12.8	+/-0.1
South Dakota	14.3	+/-0.1
Tennessee	12.7	+/-0.1
Texas	9.9	+/-0.1
Utah	8.8	+/-0.1
Vermont	13.3	+/-0.1
Virginia	11.6	+/-0.1
Washington	11.5	+/-0.1
West Virginia	15.3	+/-0.1
Wisconsin	13	+/-0.1
Wyoming	12	+/-0.1
Puerto Rico	12.8	****

## Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2006 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

## Explanation of Symbols:

- 1. An '\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few san
- 3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-en
- 4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-en
- 5. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interva
- 6. An '\*\*\*\* entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statisti
- 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic
- 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.