GCT1102: Percent of Households That are Married-Couple Families With Own Children Under 18

Years: 2006

Universe: Households

Data Set: 2006 American Community Survey

Survey: 2006 American Community Survey, 2006 Puerto Rico Community Survey Geographic Area: United States -- States; and Puerto Rico

NOTE. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions,

see Survey Methodology.

Geographic area	Percent	Margin of Error
United States	21.6	+/-0.1
Alabama	19.4	+/-0.4
Alaska	24.3	+/-1.3
Arizona	21	+/-0.4
Arkansas	20.4	+/-0.5
California	24.8	+/-0.2
Colorado	22.7	+/-0.4
Connecticut	23.4	+/-0.5
Delaware	20.4	+/-1.1
District of Columbia	7.3	+/-0.9
Florida	18.2	+/-0.2
Georgia	21.9	+/-0.3
Hawaii	20.6	+/-0.9
Idaho	25.5	+/-0.9
Illinois	22.8	+/-0.2
Indiana	21.3	+/-0.3
lowa	21.7	+/-0.4
Kansas	22.6	+/-0.6
Kentucky	20.4	+/-0.4
Louisiana	19.7	+/-0.5
Maine	19	+/-0.6
Maryland	21.8	+/-0.4
Massachusetts	21.6	+/-0.4
Michigan	21.2	+/-0.3
Minnesota	22.9	+/-0.3
Mississippi	19	+/-0.6
Missouri	20.9	+/-0.4

Montana	20.8	+/-0.9
Nebraska	23.4	+/-0.6
Nevada	20.9	+/-0.5
New Hampshire	21.9	+/-0.7
New Jersey	24.6	+/-0.4
New Mexico	19.9	+/-0.7
New York	20.1	+/-0.2
North Carolina	20.4	+/-0.4
North Dakota	20.7	+/-0.8
Ohio	20	+/-0.3
Oklahoma	20.4	+/-0.5
Oregon	20	+/-0.5
Pennsylvania	19.7	+/-0.2
Rhode Island	19.2	+/-0.9
South Carolina	18.9	+/-0.4
South Dakota	21.3	+/-0.9
Tennessee	20.1	+/-0.4
Texas	24.7	+/-0.2
Utah	32.3	+/-0.8
Vermont	20.2	+/-0.9
Virginia	21.9	+/-0.3
Washington	21.6	+/-0.4
West Virginia	19	+/-0.6
Wisconsin	21.4	+/-0.4
Wyoming	20.6	+/-1.5
Puerto Rico	18.7	+/-0.4

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2006 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Explanation of Symbols:

- 1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations
- 3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distr
- 4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distr
- 5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or uppe
- 6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test f
- 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area ca
- 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.