

GCT1502: Percent of People 25 Years and Over Who Have Completed a Bachelor's Degree: 2006

Universe: Population 25 years and over

Data Set: 2006 American Community Survey

Survey: 2006 American Community Survey, 2006 Puerto Rico Community Survey

Geographic Area: United States -- States; and Puerto Rico

NOTE. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.

Geographic area	Percent	Margin of Error
United States	27	+/-0.1
Alabama	21.1	+/-0.4
Alaska	26.9	+/-1.2
Arizona	25.5	+/-0.5
Arkansas	18.2	+/-0.4
California	29	+/-0.1
Colorado	34.3	+/-0.4
Connecticut	33.7	+/-0.6
Delaware	27	+/-1.0
District of Columbia	45.9	+/-1.2
Florida	25.3	+/-0.2
Georgia	26.6	+/-0.3
Hawaii	29.7	+/-0.8
Idaho	23.3	+/-0.7
Illinois	28.9	+/-0.3
Indiana	21.7	+/-0.3
Iowa	24	+/-0.5
Kansas	28.6	+/-0.5
Kentucky	20	+/-0.4
Louisiana	20.3	+/-0.4
Maine	25.8	+/-0.7
Maryland	35.1	+/-0.4
Massachusetts	37	+/-0.4
Michigan	24.5	+/-0.3
Minnesota	30.4	+/-0.4
Mississippi	18.8	+/-0.6
Missouri	24.3	+/-0.4

Montana	27.4	+/-0.9
Nebraska	26.9	+/-0.5
Nevada	20.8	+/-0.6
New Hampshire	31.9	+/-0.8
New Jersey	33.4	+/-0.3
New Mexico	25.3	+/-0.6
New York	31.2	+/-0.2
North Carolina	24.8	+/-0.3
North Dakota	25.6	+/-1.0
Ohio	23	+/-0.3
Oklahoma	22.1	+/-0.4
Oregon	27.5	+/-0.5
Pennsylvania	25.4	+/-0.2
Rhode Island	29.6	+/-1.1
South Carolina	22.7	+/-0.4
South Dakota	24.8	+/-1.0
Tennessee	21.7	+/-0.3
Texas	24.7	+/-0.2
Utah	28.6	+/-0.5
Vermont	32.4	+/-1.1
Virginia	32.7	+/-0.3
Washington	30.5	+/-0.4
West Virginia	16.5	+/-0.6
Wisconsin	25.1	+/-0.3
Wyoming	22.7	+/-1.2
Puerto Rico	20.7	+/-0.5

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2006 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area could not be obtained.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.