

S2501: Occupancy Characteristics  
 Data Set: 2006 American Community Survey  
 Survey: 2006 American Community Survey  
 Geographic Area: Hawai

NOTE. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.

Subject	Occupied housing units	Margin of Error	Owner-occupied housing units	Margin of Error	Renter-occupied housing units	Margin of Error
<b>Occupied housing units:</b>	<b>432,632</b>	<b>+/-4,384</b>	<b>257,599</b>	<b>+/-4,950</b>	<b>175,033</b>	<b>+/-4,748</b>
<b>HOUSEHOLD SIZE</b>						
1-person household	24.5%	+/-0.9	20.3%	+/-1.2	30.7%	+/-1.7
2-person household	31.4%	+/-1.2	33.5%	+/-1.6	28.1%	+/-1.9
3-person household	16.2%	+/-0.9	16.2%	+/-1.0	16.3%	+/-1.6
4-or-more-person household	27.9%	+/-1.0	30.0%	+/-1.2	24.8%	+/-1.6
<b>OCCUPANTS PER ROOM</b>						
1.00 or less occupants per room	90.9%	+/-0.6	93.3%	+/-0.8	87.5%	+/-1.1
1.01 to 1.50 occupants per room	6.1%	+/-0.5	4.7%	+/-0.6	8.3%	+/-1.1
1.51 or more occupants per room	2.9%	+/-0.4	2.1%	+/-0.4	4.3%	+/-0.8
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE (INCLUDING LIVING ALONE) AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>						
Family households	69.6%	+/-1.0	76.1%	+/-1.2	60.0%	+/-1.7
Married-couple family	51.5%	+/-1.0	60.1%	+/-1.3	38.9%	+/-1.6
Householder 15 to 34 years	7.6%	+/-0.5	4.6%	+/-0.7	12.1%	+/-1.2
Householder 35 to 64 years	32.8%	+/-0.8	39.5%	+/-1.1	22.9%	+/-1.5
Householder 65 years and over	11.0%	+/-0.5	15.9%	+/-0.9	3.8%	+/-0.5
Other family	18.1%	+/-0.8	16.1%	+/-0.9	21.1%	+/-1.9
Male householder, no wife present	5.6%	+/-0.5	5.5%	+/-0.6	5.7%	+/-0.9
Householder 15 to 34 years	1.6%	+/-0.4	1.0%	+/-0.3	2.5%	+/-0.7
Householder 35 to 64 years	3.2%	+/-0.4	3.4%	+/-0.5	2.9%	+/-0.7
Householder 65 years and over	0.8%	+/-0.2	1.1%	+/-0.3	0.4%	+/-0.2
Female householder, no husband present	12.5%	+/-0.8	10.5%	+/-0.7	15.4%	+/-1.7
Householder 15 to 34 years	2.5%	+/-0.4	0.6%	+/-0.2	5.1%	+/-1.0
Householder 35 to 64 years	6.9%	+/-0.6	5.4%	+/-0.6	9.1%	+/-1.3
Householder 65 years and over	3.2%	+/-0.3	4.5%	+/-0.5	1.2%	+/-0.3
Nonfamily households	30.4%	+/-1.0	23.9%	+/-1.2	40.0%	+/-1.7
Householder living alone	24.5%	+/-0.9	20.3%	+/-1.2	30.7%	+/-1.7
Householder 15 to 34 years	4.4%	+/-0.6	1.7%	+/-0.5	8.4%	+/-1.2
Householder 35 to 64 years	12.5%	+/-0.8	10.3%	+/-0.9	15.7%	+/-1.2
Householder 65 years and over	7.7%	+/-0.5	8.3%	+/-0.8	6.7%	+/-0.9
Householder not living alone	5.9%	+/-0.6	3.6%	+/-0.6	9.3%	+/-1.1
Householder 15 to 34 years	2.5%	+/-0.4	0.6%	+/-0.3	5.2%	+/-0.9
Householder 35 to 64 years	2.9%	+/-0.5	2.5%	+/-0.5	3.6%	+/-0.9
Householder 65 years and over	0.5%	+/-0.1	0.5%	+/-0.2	0.5%	+/-0.2

<b>FAMILY TYPE AND PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>						
With related children under 18 years	33.9%	+/-1.0	32.0%	+/-1.2	36.6%	+/-1.7
With own children under 18 years	28.1%	+/-0.9	24.6%	+/-1.2	33.1%	+/-1.7
Under 6 years only	6.3%	+/-0.6	4.5%	+/-0.6	8.8%	+/-1.1
Under 6 years and 6 to 17 years	6.3%	+/-0.6	4.7%	+/-0.7	8.6%	+/-1.1
6 to 17 years only	15.5%	+/-0.7	15.3%	+/-0.9	15.7%	+/-1.4
No own children under 18 years	5.8%	+/-0.5	7.4%	+/-0.7	3.4%	+/-0.8
No related children under 18 years	66.1%	+/-1.0	68.0%	+/-1.2	63.4%	+/-1.7
<b>PERCENT IMPUTED</b>						
Tenure	0.7%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2006 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes:

While the 2006 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2005 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas, in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.