U.S. Census Bureau
American FactFinder



United States and States R1001. Percent of Grandparents Responsible for their Grandchildren: 2007 Universe: Grandparents living with grandchildren Data Set: 2007 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Survey: American Community Survey, Puerto Rico Community Survey

NOTE. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.

ank 💵 State 💶		Percent	Margin of Error
1 North Dak	ota	61.7	+/-9.9
2 Arkansas		58.6	+/-3.9
3 Mississipp		58.5	+/-3.3
4 West Virgi	nia	58.4	+/-4.3
5 South Dak	ota	57.8	+/-8.4
6 Kentucky		56.2	+/-3.3
7 Oklahoma		55.9	+/-3.4
8 Tennessee)	54.7	+/-2.6
9 Alabama		53.9	+/-2.8
10 Montana		53.8	+/-7.1
11 Louisiana		52.9	+/-2.9
12 South Car	olina	52.5	+/-3.1
13 New Mexic		50.7	+/-4.0
14 North Card		50.6	+/-2.6
15 Wyoming		48.6	+/-11.7
16 Indiana		47.6	+/-3.3
17 Ohio		47.0	+/-2.3
18 District of	Columbia	46.5	+/-8.8
19 Maine		46.0	+/-6.2
20 Missouri		45.9	+/-2.8
21 Nebraska		45.7	+/-5.9
22 Delaware		45.4	+/-6.0
23 Texas		44.7	+/-1.3
24 Kansas		44.5	+/-1.3
25 Minnesota		44.3	+/-4.2
26 Georgia		44.2	+/-3.3
26 Idaho		44.2	+/-2.2
26 Michigan		44.2	+/-3.1
29 Colorado			
		43.2	+/-3.2
30 Wisconsin		43.1	+/-3.9
31 Iowa		42.7	+/-5.1
32 Arizona		42.4	+/-3.0
33 Vermont		41.8	+/-10.4
United Sta	ites	40.5	+/-0.3
34 Nevada	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	40.3	+/-4.2
34 Pennsylva	าเล	40.3	+/-2.1
36 Oregon		39.7	+/-4.2
37 Virginia		39.5	+/-2.3
38 Illinois		38.7	+/-2.0
38 Washingto	n	38.7	+/-3.1
40 Florida		38.1	+/-1.7
41 Alaska		37.5	+/-6.6
42 New Hamp	shire	37.2	+/-6.8
43 Maryland		36.0	+/-2.4
44 Utah		35.1	+/-3.4
45 Connectic	ıt	34.3	+/-3.1

Rank ↓	State 🗸	Percent	Margin of Error
46	New York	32.3	+/-1.4
47	California	28.6	+/-0.8
48	New Jersey	27.6	+/-2.1
49	Massachusetts	27.1	+/-2.7
50	Hawaii	26.4	+/-3.7
51	Rhode Island	22.5	+/-4.9
	Puerto Rico	47.2	+/-2.0

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2007 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2007 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2006 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities. The 2007 Puerto Rico Community Survey (PRCS) data generally reflect the December 2005 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in PRCS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

7. An N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available. Selected migration, earnings, and income data are not available for certain geographic areas due to problems with group quarters data collection and imputation. See Errata Note #44 for details.

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