## U.S. Census Bureau

# American FactFinder

## Hawaii

S1703. Selected Characteristics of People at Specified Levels of Poverty in the Past 12 Months

Data Set: 2007 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Survey: American Community Survey

NOTE. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.

		Margin of	Less than 50 percent of the	Margin	Less than 100 percent of the	Margin	Less than 125 percent of the	Margin
Subject	Total	Error	poverty level	of Error	poverty level	of Error	poverty level	of Error
Population for whom poverty status is determined	1,254,854	+/-925	3.8%	+/-0.4	8.0%	+/-0.5	10.5%	+/-0.6
SEX								
Male	628,008	+/-2,006	3.5%	+/-0.5	7.4%	+/-0.7	9.9%	+/-0.7
Female	626,846	+/-1,962	4.1%	+/-0.6	8.5%	+/-0.7	11.2%	+/-0.8
AGE								
Under 18 years	283,086	+/-915	4.7%	+/-1.0	9.8%	+/-1.5	12.5%	+/-1.5
Related children under 18 years	282,034	+/-1,042	4.3%	+/-1.0	9.4%	+/-1.5	12.2%	+/-1.5
18 to 64 years	791,379	+/-838	4.0%	+/-0.4	7.7%	+/-0.5	10.2%	+/-0.6
65 years and over	180,389	+/-836	1.5%	+/-0.6	6.3%	+/-1.1	9.2%	+/-1.3
RACE AND HISPANIC	OD I ATINO	OPIGIN						
One race	973,395	+/-11,412	3.6%	+/-0.4	7.7%	+/-0.6	10.2%	+/-0.7
White	329,175	+/-4,090	4.2%	+/-0.4	8.8%	+/-1.3	11.3%	+/-0.7
Black or African	329,173	+/-4,090	4.270	+/-0.0	0.0%	+/-1.3	11.3%	+/-1.4
American	25,977	+/-2,535	4.4%	+/-4.0	7.1%	+/-5.4	7.4%	+/-5.3
American Indian and Alaska Native	2,900	+/-840	2.5%	+/-3.2	14.5%	+/-10.4	28.6%	+/-16.6
Asian	492,092	+/-8,414	2.7%	+/-0.5	5.7%	+/-0.7	7.6%	+/-0.7
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	107,480	+/-3,823	6.5%	+/-2.3	13.9%	+/-2.6	18.9%	+/-3.4
Some other race	15,771	+/-2,721	1.9%	+/-1.5	7.1%	+/-4.6	11.7%	+/-5.1
Two or more races	281,459	+/-11,316	4.2%	+/-1.1	8.8%	+/-1.6	11.6%	+/-1.6
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	103,064	+/-633	3.6%	+/-1.1	10.8%	+/-2.7	14.4%	+/-3.2
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	303,452	+/-1,872	4.3%	+/-0.9	8.4%	+/-1.2	11.0%	+/-1.4
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LIVING ARRANGEMEN								
In family households	1,073,150	+/-6,879	2.6%	+/-0.5	5.9%	+/-0.6	8.1%	+/-0.7
In married-couple family	803,533	+/-17,235	1.3%	+/-0.4	3.2%	+/-0.6	4.9%	+/-0.8
In Female householder, no husband present households	195,453	+/-13,169	7.9%	+/-1.7	16.5%	+/-2.7	19.8%	+/-2.7
In other living arrangements	181,704	+/-6,727	10.9%	+/-1.4	20.4%	+/-1.8	25.0%	+/-1.9
EDUCATIONAL ATTAIN	MENT							
Population 25 years and over	860,700	+/-2,458	2.8%	+/-0.3	6.6%	+/-0.5	9.0%	+/-0.5
Less than high school graduate	89,709	+/-4,226	4.3%	+/-1.0	12.8%	+/-2.1	18.7%	+/-2.6
High school graduate	257,332	+/-7,096	3.3%	+/-0.7	7.5%	+/-1.0	10.4%	+/-1.2

Cubicat	Total	Margin of Error	Less than 50 percent of the	Margin of Error	Less than 100 percent of the	Margin of Error	Less than 125 percent of the	Margin of Error
Subject (includes equivalency)	IOlai	EIIOI	poverty level	OI EIIOI	poverty level	OI EIIOI	poverty level	OI EIIOI
Some college or associate's degree	259,560	+/-8,509	2.4%	+/-0.5	5.9%	+/-0.8	8.1%	+/-0.9
Bachelor's degree or higher	254,099	+/-6,439	2.2%	+/-0.4	4.3%	+/-0.6	5.1%	+/-0.7
CITIZENSHIP STATUS								
Native	1,037,928	+/-8,815	3.6%	+/-0.5	7.7%	+/-0.6	10.1%	+/-0.7
Foreign born	216,926	+/-8,814	4.5%	+/-0.9	9.3%	+/-1.4	12.6%	+/-1.5
Naturalized citizen	122,930	+/-5,939	2.1%	+/-0.6	6.7%	+/-1.1	8.9%	+/-1.2
DISABILITY STATUS								
With any disability	155,535	+/-6,457	5.6%	+/-1.1	15.1%	+/-1.6	19.6%	+/-1.9
No disability	987,484	+/-7,458	3.5%	+/-0.4	6.7%	+/-0.5	9.0%	+/-0.6
WORK OTATUO								
WORK STATUS		<u> </u>						
Population 16 to 64 years	824,003	+/-1,585	3.9%	+/-0.4	7.7%	+/-0.5	10.2%	+/-0.6
Worked full-time, year- round	415,869	+/-7,979	0.2%	+/-0.1	1.2%	+/-0.3	2.5%	+/-0.5
Worked less than full- time, year-round	251,168	+/-7,259	4.4%	+/-1.0	9.3%	+/-1.3	12.9%	+/-1.4
Did not work	156,966	+/-5,441	13.2%	+/-1.5	22.1%	+/-1.8	26.0%	+/-1.9

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2007 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

#### Notes:

While the 2007 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2006 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities. The 2007 Puerto Rico Community Survey (PRCS) data generally reflect the December 2005 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in PRCS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

-Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

### Explanation of Symbols:

- 1. An '\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 5. An \*\*\*\* entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
- 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
- 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available. Selected migration, earnings, and income data are not available for certain geographic areas due to problems with group quarters data collection and imputation. See Errata Note #44 for details.

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