GCT2511: Median Monthly Housing Costs for Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a Mortgage (Dollars)
Universe: Owner-occupied housing units
Data Set: 2008 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimate
Survey: American Community Survey
Geographic Area: United States -- States; and Puerto Ric

NOTE. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Surv Methodology.

Geographic area	Median	Margin of Error (+/-)
United States	1,514	2
Alabama	1,089	10
Alaska	1,732	35
Arizona	1,527	15
Arkansas	964	12
California	2,384	8
Colorado	1,620	12
Connecticut	2,108	23
Delaware	1,580	27
District of Columbia	2,218	66
Florida	1,603	9
Georgia	1,387	11
Hawaii	2,265	45
Idaho	1,198	19
Illinois	1,684	10
Indiana	1,144	8
Iowa	1,131	9
Kansas	1,212	12
Kentucky	1,055	11
Louisiana	1,111	11
Maine	1,326	24
Maryland	1,983	17
Massachusetts	2,105	15
Michigan	1,351	7
Minnesota	1,545	9
Mississippi	1,014	17
Missouri	1,180	8
Montana	1,239	28
Nebraska	1,235	14
Nevada	1,818	25
New Hampshire	1,900	27
New Jersey	2,360	14
New Mexico	1,173	18
New York	1,936	12

North Carolina	1,218	7
North Dakota	1,140	24
Ohio	1,275	6
Oklahoma	1,064	10
Oregon	1,585	13
Pennsylvania	1,389	7
Rhode Island	1,888	30
South Carolina	1,142	11
South Dakota	1,174	22
Tennessee	1,149	8
Texas	1,380	6
Utah	1,445	15
Vermont	1,471	25
Virginia	1,715	13
Washington	1,763	14
West Virginia	878	13
Wisconsin	1,424	9
Wyoming	1,272	35
Puerto Rico	844	13

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2008 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes:

·While the 2008 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2007 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities. The 2008 Puerto Rico Community Survey (PRCS) data generally reflect the November 20 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in PRCS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

·Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.