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U.S. Census Bureau

Hawaii

S2408. Class of Worker by Sex and Median Earnings in the Past 12 Months (In 2008 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars) for the Civilian Employed Population 16 Years and Over Data Set: 2008 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates Survey: American Community Survey

NOTE. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.

Subject	Total	Margin	Mala	Margin of	Famala	Margin of	Median earnings	Margin	Median earnings (dollars)	Margin	Median earnings (dollars) for	Margin
Civilian employed population 16 years and over with earnings	630,229	+/-8,334	52.0%	+/-0.6	48.0%	+/-0.6	33,546	+/-1,085	39,019	+/-1,866	30,231	+/-575
Private for- profit wage and salary workers:	411,353	+/-10,103	53.7%	+/-1.0	46.3%	+/-1.0	31,254	+/-527	36,218	+/-995	26,421	+/-810
Employee of private company workers	388,434	+/-9,798	53.1%	+/-1.0	46.9%	+/-1.0	30,873	+/-539	35,501	+/-1,127	26,306	+/-805
Self- employed in own incorporated business workers	22,919	+/-2,735	63.9%	+/-5.1	36.1%	+/-5.1	46,147	+/-4,669	50,937	+/-10,398	39,082	+/-17,785
Private not- for-profit wage and salary workers	43,321	+/-3,411	36.5%	+/-3.2	63.5%	+/-3.2	35,321	+/-2,643	37,036	+/-7,571	34,573	+/-2,448
Local government workers	22,109	+/-2,209	58.9%	+/-4.5	41.1%	+/-4.5	43,715	+/-2,969	50,115	+/-4,541	37,079	+/-4,043
State government workers	64,587	+/-3,793	36.4%	+/-2.4	63.6%	+/-2.4	40,358	+/-1,405	42,036	+/-1,882	37,187	+/-2,659
Federal government workers	34,116	+/-2,921	62.7%	+/-4.1	37.3%	+/-4.1	53,566	+/-3,541	60,268	+/-3,168	44,784	+/-4,793
Self- employed in own not incorporated business workers and unpaid family workers	54,743	+/-5,052	61.0%	+/-3.3	39.0%	+/-3.3	30,593	+/-3,165	32,484	+/-6,254	20,732	+/-3,661
Class of worker	6.1%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2008 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

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Notes:

•The Class of Worker status "unpaid family workers" may have earnings. Earnings reflect any earnings from all jobs held during the 12 months prior to the ACS interview. The Class of Worker status reflects the job or business held the week prior to the ACS interview, or the last job held by the respondent.

While the 2008 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2007 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities. The 2008 Puerto Rico Community Survey (PRCS) data generally reflect the November 2007 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in PRCS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

•Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

7. An N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

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