U.S. Census Bureau

American FactFinder



United States and States

R2513. Percent of Mortgaged Owners Spending 30 Percent or More of Household Income on Selected Monthly Owner Costs Universe: Owner-occupied housing units with a mortgage Data Set: 2009 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates Survey: American Community Survey, Puerto Rico Community Survey

NOTE. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.

Rank ↓ S	tate 🗸	Percent	Margin of Erro
1 C	alifornia	52.2	+/-0.
2 F	orida	49.2	+/-0.
2 H	awaii	49.2	+/-1.
4 N	evada	47.1	+/-1.:
5 N	ew Jersey	46.8	+/-0.
6 R	hode Island	43.3	+/-1.
7 0	regon	41.5	+/-0.
8 N	ew Hampshire	41.1	+/-1.
	rizona	40.9	+/-0.
9 N	ew York	40.9	+/-0.
	ashington	40.9	+/-0.
	onnecticut	40.5	+/-0.
	assachusetts	40.0	+/-0.
-	istrict of Columbia	38.9	+/-2.
	aryland	38.5	+/-0.
16 11		38.2	+/-0.
	ermont	38.1	+/-0.
	nited States	37.5	+/-1.
18 lc		36.6	+/-0.
	ichigan	36.6	+/-0.
20 N		36.3	+/-1.
	elaware	36.0	+/-2.
21 V	8	36.0	+/-0.
	eorgia	35.9	+/-0.
	olorado	35.7	+/-0.
25 U		35.4	+/-1.
	ontana	34.7	+/-1.
	lisconsin	34.5	+/-0.
	ew Mexico	34.2	+/-1.
29 N	innesota	33.6	+/-0.
30 M	ississippi	33.1	+/-1.
31 T	ennessee	32.9	+/-0.
32 A	laska	32.8	+/-2.
33 P	ennsylvania	32.6	+/-0.
34 N	orth Carolina	32.3	+/-0.
35 S	outh Carolina	32.1	+/-0.
36 T	exas	31.2	+/-0.
37 O	hio	31.1	+/-0.
38 A	labama	29.5	+/-0.
	issouri	29.1	+/-0.
	puisiana	28.6	+/-1.
	entucky	27.9	+/-0.
42 In		27.3	+/-0.
	rkansas	27.1	+/-0.
	/yoming	26.7	+/-1.
	klahoma	25.8	+/-2.
	outh Dakota	25.6	+/-0.
	ebraska		
		25.4	+/-1.
	ansas	25.2	+/-0.
	/est Virginia	24.2	+/-1.
50 lo	wa	23.3	+/-0.

	State ↓	Percent	Margin of Error
51	North Dakota	21.3	
	Puerto Rico	46.8	+/-1.2
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Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes:

•While the 2009 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2008 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities. •Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate. 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.