

## Hawaii

### S1301. Fertility

Data Set: 2009 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Survey: American Community Survey

NOTE: For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see [Survey Methodology](#).

Subject	Total	Margin of Error	Women with births in the past 12 months				Percent of women who had a birth in the past 12 months who were unmarried	Margin of Error
			Number	Margin of Error	Rate per 1,000 women	Margin of Error		
<b>Women 15 to 50 years</b>	<b>302,145</b>	<b>+/-1,915</b>	<b>20,598</b>	<b>+/-2,547</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>+/-8</b>	<b>33.8%</b>	<b>+/-6.9</b>
15 to 19 years	37,646	+/-1,526	1,646	+/-763	44	+/-20	66.7%	+/-24.7
20 to 34 years	127,301	+/-1,819	15,281	+/-2,422	120	+/-19	35.5%	+/-8.3
35 to 50 years	137,198	+/-2,177	3,671	+/-893	27	+/-6	11.6%	+/-8.6
<b>RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN</b>								
One race	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
White	74,967	+/-1,405	5,485	+/-1,191	73	+/-16	19.0%	+/-11.5
Black or African American	7,068	+/-1,444	713	+/-592	101	+/-85	0.0%	+/-21.6
American Indian and Alaska Native	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Asian	108,992	+/-3,598	5,309	+/-1,028	49	+/-9	25.9%	+/-11.1
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	30,056	+/-1,752	3,036	+/-1,130	101	+/-36	54.0%	+/-18.4
Some other race	3,615	+/-1,036	556	+/-437	154	+/-117	7.6%	+/-20.1
Two or more races	76,289	+/-4,347	5,410	+/-1,584	71	+/-20	51.2%	+/-12.4
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	28,129	+/-486	2,640	+/-955	94	+/-34	34.2%	+/-14.9
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	68,901	+/-866	4,868	+/-1,183	71	+/-17	17.7%	+/-12.2
<b>CITIZENSHIP STATUS</b>								
Native	235,840	+/-4,213	16,283	+/-2,350	69	+/-10	36.4%	+/-7.4
Foreign born	66,305	+/-3,974	4,315	+/-1,189	65	+/-17	23.9%	+/-15.1
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>								
Less than high school graduate	36,914	+/-2,668	1,567	+/-773	42	+/-20	58.0%	+/-19.4
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	74,702	+/-3,686	5,079	+/-1,249	68	+/-16	48.7%	+/-12.9
Some college or associate's degree	106,324	+/-4,109	8,006	+/-1,671	75	+/-15	36.4%	+/-11.5
Bachelor's degree	60,868	+/-3,365	4,384	+/-1,081	72	+/-17	14.9%	+/-8.8
Graduate or professional degree	23,337	+/-2,243	1,562	+/-680	67	+/-29	0.0%	+/-10.6
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS</b>								
<b>Women 15 to 50 years for whom poverty status is determined</b>	<b>296,625</b>	<b>+/-2,453</b>	<b>20,598</b>	<b>+/-2,547</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>+/-9</b>	<b>33.8%</b>	<b>+/-6.9</b>
Below 100 percent of poverty level	37,819	+/-3,411	3,772	+/-1,122	100	+/-29	63.1%	+/-17.9
100 to 199 percent of poverty level	43,113	+/-3,658	4,408	+/-1,448	102	+/-32	46.1%	+/-15.6
200 percent or more above poverty level	215,693	+/-5,069	12,418	+/-1,641	58	+/-8	20.5%	+/-6.3
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>								
<b>Women 16 to 50 years</b>	<b>295,034</b>	<b>+/-2,106</b>	<b>20,267</b>	<b>+/-2,535</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>+/-9</b>	<b>33.8%</b>	<b>+/-7.0</b>
In labor force	221,401	+/-4,236	13,377	+/-1,901	60	+/-8	33.0%	+/-8.2
<b>PERCENT IMPUTED</b>								
Marital status	3.1%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Fertility	3.3%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes:

- Foreign born excludes people born outside the United States to a parent who is a U.S. citizen.
- While the 2009 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2008 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.
- Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.