U.S. Census Bureau

American FactFinder

Hawaii

S2403. Industry by Sex and Median Earnings in the Past 12 Months (In 2009 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars) for the Civilian Employed Population 16 Years and Over
Data Set: **2009 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates**
Survey: **American Community Survey**

NOTE. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.

Subject	Total	Margin of Error	Male	Margin of Error	Female	Margin of Error	Median earnings (dollars)	Margin of Error	Median earnings (dollars) for male	Margin of Error	Median earnings (dollars) for female	Margin of Error
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	**607,551**	**+/-7,443**	**52.0%**	**+/-0.6**	**48.0%**	**+/-0.6**	**32,245**	**+/-629**	**37,034**	**+/-1,076**	**28,561**	**+/-621**
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining:	9,436	+/-1,553	73.4%	+/-6.5	26.6%	+/-6.5	18,463	+/-1,699	17,864	+/-1,802	20,512	+/-2,912
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	9,012	+/-1,480	72.8%	+/-6.9	27.2%	+/-6.9	18,565	+/-1,602	18,082	+/-1,716	20,304	+/-3,143
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	424	+/-372	84.7%	+/-20.9	15.3%	+/-20.9	16,810	+/-35,689	16,311	+/-12,117	-	**
Construction	42,964	+/-3,659	89.8%	+/-2.0	10.2%	+/-2.0	39,994	+/-2,637	41,290	+/-3,612	34,721	+/-4,237
Manufacturing	22,232	+/-3,000	71.0%	+/-5.6	29.0%	+/-5.6	34,814	+/-5,603	40,731	+/-10,829	27,111	+/-3,945
Wholesale trade	16,184	+/-2,126	63.8%	+/-6.3	36.2%	+/-6.3	35,038	+/-5,032	39,812	+/-5,227	30,545	+/-5,377
Retail trade	68,879	+/-5,055	47.0%	+/-2.8	53.0%	+/-2.8	22,544	+/-1,369	27,384	+/-3,284	20,548	+/-1,206
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities:	30,716	+/-3,213	69.6%	+/-4.0	30.4%	+/-4.0	38,380	+/-2,676	40,787	+/-2,543	31,645	+/-5,350
Transportation and warehousing	26,893	+/-3,156	69.5%	+/-4.2	30.5%	+/-4.2	37,070	+/-2,492	39,730	+/-3,063	29,758	+/-3,752
Utilities	3,823	+/-852	70.5%	+/-12.1	29.5%	+/-12.1	49,783	+/-6,209	49,924	+/-7,481	46,198	+/-20,572
Information	10,139	+/-1,593	54.3%	+/-7.2	45.7%	+/-7.2	40,189	+/-4,481	56,043	+/-20,549	37,507	+/-12,970
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing:	42,132	+/-3,764	44.6%	+/-3.7	55.4%	+/-3.7	38,083	+/-1,687	40,710	+/-4,114	36,299	+/-3,099
Finance and insurance	23,323	+/-2,798	34.8%	+/-4.9	65.2%	+/-4.9	43,471	+/-3,770	58,568	+/-6,948	35,643	+/-4,220
Real estate and rental and leasing	18,809	+/-2,104	56.8%	+/-5.4	43.2%	+/-5.4	31,930	+/-3,467	28,394	+/-1,981	37,475	+/-3,928
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services:	63,550	+/-4,553	60.2%	+/-2.9	39.8%	+/-2.9	34,183	+/-2,732	38,880	+/-3,163	29,720	+/-2,187
Professional, scientific, and technical services	32,624	+/-2,902	55.6%	+/-4.8	44.4%	+/-4.8	49,279	+/-3,321	63,021	+/-9,757	36,433	+/-3,936
Management of companies and enterprises	189	+/-228	41.3%	+/-58.7	58.7%	+/-58.7	27,128	+/-19,722	-	**	-	**
Administrative and support and waste management services	30,737	+/-3,156	65.3%	+/-4.1	34.7%	+/-4.1	23,914	+/-1,830	24,789	+/-3,261	19,941	+/-7,224
Educational services, and health care and social assistance:	127,309	+/-5,898	29.3%	+/-2.0	70.7%	+/-2.0	36,048	+/-1,333	44,687	+/-4,322	32,180	+/-1,758
Educational services	62,093	+/-4,370	34.5%	+/-3.0	65.5%	+/-3.0	36,901	+/-2,991	42,448	+/-3,271	32,796	+/-3,352
Health care and social assistance	65,216	+/-4,012	24.4%	+/-2.2	75.6%	+/-2.2	35,700	+/-1,475	49,793	+/-5,002	31,878	+/-2,180
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services:	99,378	+/-5,683	51.8%	+/-2.8	48.2%	+/-2.8	24,258	+/-893	26,075	+/-2,853	23,293	+/-949
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	18,854	+/-2,643	52.3%	+/-6.2	47.7%	+/-6.2	24,666	+/-3,205	30,887	+/-4,245	22,742	+/-5,119
Accommodation and food services	80,524	+/-4,959	51.7%	+/-3.0	48.3%	+/-3.0	24,128	+/-1,063	24,881	+/-2,442	23,502	+/-1,032
Other services, except	26,875	+/-3,006	40.4%	+/-5.7	59.6%	+/-5.7	24,505	+/-3,334	34,929	+/-4,615	19,546	+/-3,299

Subject public administration	Total	Margin of Error	Male	Margin of Error	Female	Margin of Error	Median earnings (dollars)	Margin of Error	Median earnings (dollars) for male	Margin of Error	Median earnings (dollars) for female	Margin of Error
Public administration	47,757	+/-4,146	59.0%	+/-3.4	41.0%	+/-3.4	50,598	+/-1,699	57,028	+/-4,119	41,917	+/-2,743
PERCENT IMPUTED												
Industry	5.1%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes:
·Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2007. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.
·The methodology for calculating median income and median earnings changed between 2008 and 2009. Medians over $75,000 were most likely affected. The underlying income and earning distribution now uses $2,500 increments up to $250,000 for households, non-family households, families, and individuals and employs a linear interpolation method for median calculations. Before 2009 the highest income category was $200,000 for households, families and non-family households ($100,000 for individuals) and portions of the income and earnings distribution contained intervals wider than $2,500. Those cases used a Pareto Interpolation Method.
·While the 2009 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2008 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.
·Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:
1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.