U.S. Census Bureau

American FactFinder

Hawaii

S2404. Industry by Sex and Median Earnings in the Past 12 Months (In 2009 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars) for the Full-Time, Year-Round Civilian Employed Population 16 Years and Over
Data Set: **2009 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates**
Survey: **American Community Survey**

NOTE. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.

Subject	Total	Margin of Error	Male	Margin of Error	Female	Margin of Error	Median earnings (dollars)	Margin of Error	Median earnings (dollars) for male	Margin of Error	Median earnings (dollars) for female	Margin of Error
Full-time, year-round civilian employed population 16 years and over	423,025	+/-7,638	54.8%	+/-0.9	45.2%	+/-0.9	40,018	+/-811	45,589	+/-2,300	35,762	+/-1,001
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining:	6,013	+/-1,315	73.5%	+/-8.5	26.5%	+/-8.5	23,968	+/-7,332	22,017	+/-9,701	26,285	+/-8,116
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	5,733	+/-1,276	73.4%	+/-8.9	26.6%	+/-8.9	23,183	+/-7,516	22,081	+/-9,893	25,829	+/-7,479
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	280	+/-294	76.8%	+/-27.3	23.2%	+/-27.3	39,324	+/-37,384	17,378	+/-57,953	-	**
Construction	31,159	+/-3,205	89.1%	+/-2.6	10.9%	+/-2.6	48,345	+/-2,710	49,915	+/-2,670	38,058	+/-3,660
Manufacturing	16,813	+/-2,604	76.2%	+/-5.5	23.8%	+/-5.5	41,473	+/-7,856	48,734	+/-5,626	35,288	+/-6,193
Wholesale trade	13,386	+/-2,049	70.9%	+/-6.6	29.1%	+/-6.6	39,214	+/-2,819	41,088	+/-3,646	34,701	+/-5,324
Retail trade	41,759	+/-3,729	50.4%	+/-4.0	49.6%	+/-4.0	30,439	+/-1,837	36,659	+/-3,083	25,908	+/-1,663
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities:	23,098	+/-2,631	73.2%	+/-4.6	26.8%	+/-4.6	42,035	+/-3,445	45,338	+/-4,985	38,121	+/-4,226
Transportation and warehousing	19,518	+/-2,557	74.0%	+/-4.7	26.0%	+/-4.7	40,994	+/-2,117	42,307	+/-3,891	37,064	+/-3,923
Utilities	3,580	+/-814	68.8%	+/-12.5	31.2%	+/-12.5	50,903	+/-6,960	51,343	+/-8,715	46,510	+/-20,725
Information	7,768	+/-1,511	59.6%	+/-8.8	40.4%	+/-8.8	50,649	+/-13,867	58,998	+/-6,149	42,332	+/-6,335
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing:	33,568	+/-3,314	43.9%	+/-4.3	56.1%	+/-4.3	41,650	+/-3,292	47,483	+/-5,138	38,872	+/-1,911
Finance and insurance	19,906	+/-2,504	34.8%	+/-5.6	65.2%	+/-5.6	46,979	+/-3,428	60,946	+/-7,895	38,878	+/-4,340
Real estate and rental and leasing	13,662	+/-1,806	57.2%	+/-6.6	42.8%	+/-6.6	37,509	+/-3,602	33,559	+/-4,805	38,866	+/-1,456
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services:	44,975	+/-3,869	64.3%	+/-3.4	35.7%	+/-3.4	43,732	+/-4,558	49,138	+/-3,797	38,429	+/-2,146
Professional, scientific, and technical services	25,622	+/-2,693	60.6%	+/-5.1	39.4%	+/-5.1	58,109	+/-3,370	69,123	+/-7,430	46,350	+/-4,147
Management of companies and enterprises	189	+/-228	41.3%	+/-58.7	58.7%	+/-58.7	27,128	+/-19,722	-	**	-	**
Administrative and support and waste management services	19,164	+/-2,499	69.4%	+/-4.7	30.6%	+/-4.7	31,747	+/-2,042	32,011	+/-3,386	31,305	+/-2,723
Educational services, and health care and social assistance:	87,052	+/-4,651	31.3%	+/-2.2	68.7%	+/-2.2	42,653	+/-1,186	52,276	+/-2,827	39,605	+/-1,355
Educational services	41,014	+/-3,444	36.6%	+/-3.4	63.4%	+/-3.4	45,387	+/-1,704	50,754	+/-1,614	42,999	+/-1,938
Health care and social assistance	46,038	+/-3,323	26.5%	+/-2.6	73.5%	+/-2.6	39,698	+/-1,587	60,000	+/-7,768	36,703	+/-1,262
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services:	57,178	+/-4,593	53.7%	+/-3.1	46.3%	+/-3.1	31,389	+/-858	32,668	+/-1,808	30,271	+/-1,326
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	10,488	+/-1,621	60.9%	+/-6.7	39.1%	+/-6.7	32,546	+/-2,730	34,401	+/-4,713	31,042	+/-3,093
Accommodation and	46,690	+/-4,062	52.1%	+/-3.7	47.9%	+/-3.7	31,120	+/-949	32,233	+/-1,622	30,076	+/-1,495

Subject food services	Total	Margin of Error	Male	Margin of Error	Female	Margin of Error	Median earnings (dollars)	Margin of Error	Median earnings (dollars) for male	Margin of Error	Median earnings (dollars) for female	Margin of Error
Other services, except public administration	17,798	+/-2,555	46.9%	+/-7.4	53.1%	+/-7.4	32,588	+/-6,255	37,082	+/-2,351	27,142	+/-4,738
Public administration	42,458	+/-3,819	58.1%	+/-3.7	41.9%	+/-3.7	53,360	+/-3,909	59,940	+/-3,239	44,304	+/-4,446
PERCENT IMPUTED												
Industry	4.8%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes:
·Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2007. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.
·The methodology for calculating median income and median earnings changed between 2008 and 2009. Medians over $75,000 were most likely affected. The underlying income and earning distribution now uses $2,500 increments up to $250,000 for households, non-family households, families, and individuals and employs a linear interpolation method for median calculations. Before 2009 the highest income category was $200,000 for households, families and non-family households ($100,000 for individuals) and portions of the income and earnings distribution contained intervals wider than $2,500. Those cases used a Pareto Interpolation Method.
·While the 2009 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2008 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.
·Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:
1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.