R2302 | PERCENT OF CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS OLD WITH ALL PARENTS IN THE LABOR FORCE - United States -- States; and Puerto Rico
Universe: Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies
2013 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

To view this table with statistical significance, select With Statistical Significance in the Action menu.
A # next to a geography indicates when an estimate is not statistically significant from the estimate for the selected geography.
The ## indicates the selected geography.

Rank	Geographical Area	Percent	Margin of Error
	United States	64.7	+/-0.2
1	Iowa	76.8	+/-1.5
2	South Dakota	76.5	+/-2.4
3	Wisconsin	73.9	+/-1.1
4	Minnesota	73.8	+/-1.2
5	District of Columbia	72.1	+/-4.5
6	Delaware	70.5	+/-3.9
7	Maryland	70.4	+/-1.3
8	Nebraska	70.2	+/-2.2
9	North Dakota	70.1	+/-3.6
10	Mississippi	69.7	+/-2.5
11	Maine	69.3	+/-3.3
12	Ohio	69.1	+/-1.2
13	Massachusetts	69.0	+/-1.4
14	Rhode Island	68.9	+/-4.0
15	Vermont	68.8	+/-4.4
16	New Hampshire	68.7	+/-2.9
17	Pennsylvania	68.5	+/-1.0
18	Illinois	68.2	+/-0.9
19	Connecticut	68.1	+/-1.9
20	South Carolina	67.7	+/-1.8
21	Wyoming	67.6	+/-4.7
22	North Carolina	67.5	+/-1.3
23	Missouri	67.2	+/-1.7
24	Alabama	67.1	+/-1.5
25	Georgia	66.5	+/-1.3
26	New Jersey	66.4	+/-1.1
27	Louisiana	66.3	+/-1.6
28	Michigan	66.1	+/-1.1
29	Kansas	65.9	+/-2.1
29	Kentucky	65.9	+/-1.6
31	Indiana	65.7	+/-1.2
32	Florida	65.5	+/-1.0

Rank	Geographical Area	Percent	Margin of Error
33	Virginia	65.1	+/-1.2
34	Nevada	64.4	+/-2.6
35	New York	64.0	+/-0.8
36	Hawaii	63.7	+/-3.0
37	Montana	63.6	+/-3.5
38	Arkansas	63.4	+/-2.0
38	Tennessee	63.4	+/-1.4
40	Alaska	62.8	+/-3.5
41	Oregon	62.7	+/-1.9
42	Colorado	61.2	+/-1.7
43	California	60.8	+/-0.6
44	New Mexico	60.2	+/-2.8
45	Oklahoma	60.1	+/-1.5
46	Texas	59.6	+/-0.8
47	Washington	59.5	+/-1.5
48	West Virginia	58.2	+/-3.1
49	Arizona	56.9	+/-1.4
50	Idaho	55.4	+/-3.1
51	Utah	48.4	+/-1.8
	Puerto Rico	57.2	+/-2.4

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

In data year 2013, there were a series of changes to data collection operations that could have affected some estimates. These changes include the addition of Internet as a mode of data collection, the end of the content portion of Failed Edit Follow-Up interviewing, and the loss of one monthly panel due to the Federal Government shut down in October 2013. For more information, see: User Notes

While the 2013 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2013 American Community Survey

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.