



Hawaii County, Hawaii

Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005

Data Set: 2005 American Community Survey

Survey: 2005 American Community Survey

NOTE: Data are limited to the household population and exclude the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see [Survey Methodology](#).

Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005	Estimate	Margin of Error
EMPLOYMENT STATUS		
Population 16 years and over	128,343	+/-723
In labor force	79,218	+/-2,447
Civilian labor force	79,170	+/-2,447
Employed	75,541	+/-2,574
Unemployed	3,629	+/-964
Armed Forces	48	+/-63
Not in labor force	49,125	+/-2,461
Civilian labor force	79,170	+/-2,447
Unemployed	4.6%	+/-1.2
Females 16 years and over		
Population 16 years and over	64,991	+/-689
In labor force	36,918	+/-1,865
Civilian labor force	36,893	+/-1,870
Employed	35,127	+/-2,007
Own children under 6 years		
All parents in family in labor force	12,913	+/-922
All parents in family in labor force	7,468	+/-1,247
Own children 6 to 17 years		
All parents in family in labor force	25,453	+/-1,302
All parents in family in labor force	17,137	+/-1,868
COMMUTING TO WORK		
Workers 16 years and over	71,606	+/-2,768
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	48,695	+/-2,461
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	13,769	+/-1,860
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	384	+/-265
Walked	1,285	+/-575
Other means	1,528	+/-655
Worked at home	5,945	+/-1,597
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	26.0	+/-2.1
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	75,541	+/-2,574
OCCUPATION		
Management, professional, and related occupations	21,060	+/-2,400
Service occupations	18,444	+/-2,552
Sales and office occupations	18,124	+/-1,859
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	1,689	+/-542
Construction, extraction, maintenance and repair occupations	10,315	+/-1,353
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	5,909	+/-1,504
INDUSTRY		
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	2,612	+/-656
Construction	9,362	+/-1,651
Manufacturing	2,249	+/-710
Wholesale trade	1,549	+/-551
Retail trade	9,236	+/-1,738

Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005	Estimate	Margin of Error
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	2,387	+/-905
Information	1,007	+/-399
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	5,094	+/-1,498
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services	5,381	+/-1,379
Educational services, and health care, and social assistance	14,117	+/-2,173
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation, and food services	14,243	+/-2,548
Other services, except public administration	3,978	+/-946
Public administration	4,326	+/-959
CLASS OF WORKER		
Private wage and salary workers	49,769	+/-2,865
Government workers	13,741	+/-1,996
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	11,475	+/-1,657
Unpaid family workers	556	+/-377
INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2005 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)		
Total households	59,470	+/-1,601
Less than \$10,000	4,356	+/-860
\$10,000 to \$14,999	3,770	+/-952
\$15,000 to \$24,999	5,205	+/-893
\$25,000 to \$34,999	6,587	+/-1,178
\$35,000 to \$49,999	10,739	+/-1,540
\$50,000 to \$74,999	12,790	+/-1,562
\$75,000 to \$99,999	7,464	+/-1,203
\$100,000 to \$149,999	5,834	+/-1,139
\$150,000 to \$199,999	1,374	+/-554
\$200,000 or more	1,351	+/-525
Median household income (dollars)	48,524	+/-2,675
Mean household income (dollars)	59,493	+/-2,975
With earnings	47,326	+/-1,832
Mean earnings (dollars)	56,318	+/-3,264
With Social Security	18,396	+/-1,127
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	13,948	+/-723
With retirement income	12,514	+/-1,224
Mean retirement income (dollars)	19,506	+/-2,036
With Supplemental Security Income	3,200	+/-764
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	7,894	+/-818
With cash public assistance income	2,818	+/-850
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	4,474	+/-720
With Food Stamp benefits in the past 12 months	6,069	+/-1,284
Families	42,986	+/-2,035
Less than \$10,000	2,797	+/-798
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1,794	+/-676
\$15,000 to \$24,999	2,821	+/-797
\$25,000 to \$34,999	4,745	+/-1,029
\$35,000 to \$49,999	6,855	+/-1,096
\$50,000 to \$74,999	10,014	+/-1,483
\$75,000 to \$99,999	6,676	+/-1,106
\$100,000 to \$149,999	4,936	+/-1,030
\$150,000 to \$199,999	1,220	+/-533
\$200,000 or more	1,128	+/-472
Median family income (dollars)	55,441	+/-3,483
Mean family income (dollars)	65,368	+/-3,930
Per capita income (dollars)	21,174	+/-922
Nonfamily households	16,484	+/-1,800
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	31,871	+/-3,211
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	37,897	+/-3,906
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	25,910	+/-1,094
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	37,651	+/-1,687
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	28,062	+/-2,882
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL		
All families	10.6%	+/-2.3
With related children under 18 years	17.1%	+/-4.5

Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005	Estimate	Margin of Error
With related children under 5 years only	28.5%	+/-14.1
Married couple families	6.1%	+/-2.1
With related children under 18 years	7.9%	+/-4.4
With related children under 5 years only	22.7%	+/-18.1
Families with female householder, no husband present	34.0%	+/-9.2
With related children under 18 years	45.6%	+/-11.6
With related children under 5 years only	50.9%	+/-26.4
All people	13.2%	+/-2.1
Under 18 years	18.2%	+/-5.1
Related children under 18 years	16.5%	+/-4.5
Related children under 5 years	24.4%	+/-8.2
Related children 5 to 17 years	13.5%	+/-4.6
18 years and over	11.5%	+/-1.6
18 to 64 years	12.4%	+/-1.8
65 years and over	7.1%	+/-3.1
People in families	11.7%	+/-2.4
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	27.3%	+/-4.0

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes:

- The number of householders does not necessarily equal the number of households because of differences in the weighting schemes for the population and occupied housing units.
- Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to [Labor Force Guidance](#).
- Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.
- Occupation codes are 4-digit codes, but are still based on Standard Occupational Classification 2000.
- Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2002. However, the Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that no sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
3. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that no sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
6. An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
7. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
8. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
9. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

The letters PDF or symbol  indicate a document is in the [Portable Document Format \(PDF\)](#). To view the file you will need the [Adobe® Acrobat® Reader](#), which is available for **free** from the Adobe web site.