



Honolulu CDP, Hawaii

Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005

Data Set: 2005 American Community Survey

Survey: 2005 American Community Survey

NOTE: Data are limited to the household population and exclude the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see [Survey Methodology](#).

Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005	Estimate	Margin of Error
EMPLOYMENT STATUS		
Population 16 years and over	303,223	+/-8,186
In labor force	184,952	+/-6,949
Civilian labor force	180,908	+/-6,914
Employed	174,465	+/-6,654
Unemployed	6,443	+/-1,338
Armed Forces	4,044	+/-1,038
Not in labor force	118,271	+/-5,178
Civilian labor force	180,908	+/-6,914
Unemployed	3.6%	+/-0.7
Females 16 years and over		
Population 16 years and over	160,949	+/-5,033
In labor force	86,223	+/-4,319
Civilian labor force	85,669	+/-4,307
Employed	81,945	+/-4,023
Own children under 6 years		
Population 16 years and over	24,467	+/-2,767
All parents in family in labor force	13,191	+/-2,325
Own children 6 to 17 years		
Population 16 years and over	36,753	+/-3,472
All parents in family in labor force	25,835	+/-3,044
COMMUTING TO WORK		
Workers 16 years and over	173,656	+/-6,745
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	104,642	+/-5,813
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	27,103	+/-2,941
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	17,425	+/-2,308
Walked	12,004	+/-1,983
Other means	6,256	+/-1,374
Worked at home	6,226	+/-1,223
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	22.6	+/-0.7
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	174,465	+/-6,654
OCCUPATION		
Management, professional, and related occupations	67,276	+/-4,258
Service occupations	32,087	+/-2,732
Sales and office occupations	52,357	+/-4,172
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	233	+/-201
Construction, extraction, maintenance and repair occupations	9,849	+/-1,760
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	12,663	+/-1,785
INDUSTRY		
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	548	+/-480
Construction	7,676	+/-1,470
Manufacturing	6,507	+/-1,344
Wholesale trade	6,606	+/-1,503
Retail trade	21,250	+/-2,315

Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005	Estimate	Margin of Error
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	9,854	+/-1,799
Information	4,392	+/-1,260
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	15,186	+/-1,741
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services	17,451	+/-2,063
Educational services, and health care, and social assistance	35,051	+/-2,879
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation, and food services	25,418	+/-2,855
Other services, except public administration	8,913	+/-1,511
Public administration	15,613	+/-2,074
CLASS OF WORKER		
Private wage and salary workers	124,030	+/-5,777
Government workers	35,982	+/-2,957
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	13,565	+/-1,765
Unpaid family workers	888	+/-503
INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2005 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)		
Total households	146,070	+/-3,321
Less than \$10,000	14,457	+/-2,184
\$10,000 to \$14,999	7,540	+/-1,238
\$15,000 to \$24,999	14,545	+/-1,868
\$25,000 to \$34,999	13,875	+/-1,783
\$35,000 to \$49,999	21,635	+/-2,534
\$50,000 to \$74,999	27,170	+/-2,362
\$75,000 to \$99,999	16,513	+/-1,945
\$100,000 to \$149,999	18,332	+/-1,656
\$150,000 to \$199,999	7,370	+/-1,186
\$200,000 or more	4,633	+/-1,037
Median household income (dollars)	50,793	+/-2,364
Mean household income (dollars)	67,596	+/-2,522
With earnings	113,431	+/-3,994
Mean earnings (dollars)	66,491	+/-2,594
With Social Security	46,250	+/-2,444
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	14,039	+/-537
With retirement income	31,319	+/-2,181
Mean retirement income (dollars)	23,338	+/-1,721
With Supplemental Security Income	4,724	+/-1,082
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	7,385	+/-744
With cash public assistance income	4,388	+/-1,189
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	3,572	+/-1,137
With Food Stamp benefits in the past 12 months	9,393	+/-1,514
Families	90,942	+/-3,859
Less than \$10,000	5,190	+/-1,407
\$10,000 to \$14,999	3,137	+/-794
\$15,000 to \$24,999	6,981	+/-1,455
\$25,000 to \$34,999	7,272	+/-1,118
\$35,000 to \$49,999	12,463	+/-1,789
\$50,000 to \$74,999	17,877	+/-1,898
\$75,000 to \$99,999	13,232	+/-1,786
\$100,000 to \$149,999	14,994	+/-1,549
\$150,000 to \$199,999	5,825	+/-997
\$200,000 or more	3,971	+/-864
Median family income (dollars)	64,892	+/-3,507
Mean family income (dollars)	80,817	+/-3,544
Per capita income (dollars)	27,661	+/-1,047
Nonfamily households	55,128	+/-2,855
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	31,719	+/-2,278
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	42,947	+/-2,911
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	29,378	+/-1,379
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	41,183	+/-1,254
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	34,907	+/-2,099
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL		
All families	9.4%	+/-1.7
With related children under 18 years	12.2%	+/-2.9

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With related children under 5 years only	9.7%	+/-4.7
Married couple families	6.2%	+/-1.5
With related children under 18 years	6.7%	+/-2.5
With related children under 5 years only	5.9%	+/-4.9
Families with female householder, no husband present	20.2%	+/-5.7
With related children under 18 years	29.5%	+/-7.9
With related children under 5 years only	26.4%	+/-17.1
All people	12.0%	+/-1.5
Under 18 years	13.9%	+/-3.3
Related children under 18 years	13.5%	+/-3.4
Related children under 5 years	12.8%	+/-4.2
Related children 5 to 17 years	13.8%	+/-3.9
18 years and over	11.6%	+/-1.3
18 to 64 years	11.4%	+/-1.5
65 years and over	12.4%	+/-2.0
People in families	9.6%	+/-1.7
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	24.0%	+/-2.9

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes:

- The number of householders does not necessarily equal the number of households because of differences in the weighting schemes for the population and occupied housing units.
- Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to [Labor Force Guidance](#).
- Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.
- Occupation codes are 4-digit codes, but are still based on Standard Occupational Classification 2000.
- Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2002. However, the Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that no sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
3. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that no sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
6. An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
7. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
8. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
9. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

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