



Honolulu, HI Urbanized Area
Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005
 Data Set: 2005 American Community Survey
 Survey: 2005 American Community Survey

NOTE: Data are limited to the household population and exclude the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see [Survey Methodology](#).

Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005	Estimate	Margin of Error
EMPLOYMENT STATUS		
Population 16 years and over	569,629	+/-6,036
In labor force	363,036	+/-6,258
Civilian labor force	345,580	+/-6,671
Employed	330,474	+/-6,573
Unemployed	15,106	+/-1,848
Armed Forces	17,456	+/-2,377
Not in labor force	206,593	+/-5,432
Civilian labor force	345,580	+/-6,671
Unemployed	4.4%	+/-0.5
Females 16 years and over		
Population 16 years and over	295,450	+/-3,527
In labor force	168,142	+/-3,930
Civilian labor force	165,430	+/-4,113
Employed	157,341	+/-4,277
Own children under 6 years		
Population 16 years and over	55,767	+/-3,176
All parents in family in labor force	33,314	+/-3,053
Own children 6 to 17 years		
Population 16 years and over	94,501	+/-4,051
All parents in family in labor force	66,611	+/-3,961
COMMUTING TO WORK		
Workers 16 years and over	339,161	+/-6,532
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	220,666	+/-7,472
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	53,472	+/-4,089
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	29,413	+/-2,818
Walked	15,235	+/-2,180
Other means	8,951	+/-1,715
Worked at home	11,424	+/-1,771
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	26.5	+/-0.6
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	330,474	+/-6,573
OCCUPATION		
Management, professional, and related occupations	113,295	+/-5,317
Service occupations	65,491	+/-4,048
Sales and office occupations	97,757	+/-4,265
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	1,346	+/-898
Construction, extraction, maintenance and repair occupations	26,561	+/-2,798
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	26,024	+/-2,739
INDUSTRY		
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	1,810	+/-1,027
Construction	19,354	+/-2,589
Manufacturing	12,494	+/-1,782
Wholesale trade	11,177	+/-2,051
Retail trade	42,160	+/-2,925

Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005	Estimate	Margin of Error
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	20,190	+/-2,388
Information	7,145	+/-1,435
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	25,471	+/-2,582
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services	31,598	+/-2,720
Educational services, and health care, and social assistance	64,356	+/-3,593
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation, and food services	45,455	+/-3,993
Other services, except public administration	16,412	+/-1,831
Public administration	32,852	+/-3,234
CLASS OF WORKER		
Private wage and salary workers	232,475	+/-6,994
Government workers	75,308	+/-4,736
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	21,624	+/-2,752
Unpaid family workers	1,067	+/-535
INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2005 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)		
Total households	252,931	+/-3,175
Less than \$10,000	18,420	+/-2,455
\$10,000 to \$14,999	11,424	+/-1,575
\$15,000 to \$24,999	19,746	+/-2,181
\$25,000 to \$34,999	24,297	+/-2,301
\$35,000 to \$49,999	35,703	+/-2,889
\$50,000 to \$74,999	51,871	+/-3,575
\$75,000 to \$99,999	33,329	+/-2,884
\$100,000 to \$149,999	38,287	+/-2,880
\$150,000 to \$199,999	12,772	+/-1,457
\$200,000 or more	7,082	+/-1,362
Median household income (dollars)	57,486	+/-2,413
Mean household income (dollars)	70,638	+/-1,965
With earnings	207,305	+/-3,946
Mean earnings (dollars)	67,976	+/-1,807
With Social Security	75,289	+/-2,965
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	13,654	+/-405
With retirement income	59,570	+/-3,388
Mean retirement income (dollars)	22,415	+/-1,079
With Supplemental Security Income	8,170	+/-1,355
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	6,937	+/-551
With cash public assistance income	8,862	+/-1,466
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	4,433	+/-806
With Food Stamp benefits in the past 12 months	16,276	+/-2,122
Families	175,423	+/-4,571
Less than \$10,000	7,165	+/-1,457
\$10,000 to \$14,999	5,444	+/-1,070
\$15,000 to \$24,999	10,226	+/-1,603
\$25,000 to \$34,999	14,887	+/-1,896
\$35,000 to \$49,999	23,860	+/-2,416
\$50,000 to \$74,999	37,338	+/-2,957
\$75,000 to \$99,999	26,930	+/-2,739
\$100,000 to \$149,999	33,038	+/-2,700
\$150,000 to \$199,999	10,936	+/-1,336
\$200,000 or more	5,599	+/-1,077
Median family income (dollars)	67,099	+/-2,553
Mean family income (dollars)	79,963	+/-2,601
Per capita income (dollars)	25,309	+/-650
Nonfamily households	77,508	+/-3,301
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	34,242	+/-3,153
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	44,899	+/-2,308
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	29,394	+/-901
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	41,957	+/-1,110
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	32,581	+/-1,524
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL		
All families	8.0%	+/-1.1
With related children under 18 years	10.2%	+/-1.7

Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005	Estimate	Margin of Error
With related children under 5 years only	9.3%	+/-3.4
Married couple families	4.7%	+/-1.0
With related children under 18 years	5.4%	+/-1.5
With related children under 5 years only	4.2%	+/-2.7
Families with female householder, no husband present	19.6%	+/-4.0
With related children under 18 years	25.6%	+/-4.8
With related children under 5 years only	31.9%	+/-12.9
All people	10.3%	+/-1.1
Under 18 years	12.7%	+/-2.6
Related children under 18 years	12.4%	+/-2.6
Related children under 5 years	12.1%	+/-3.0
Related children 5 to 17 years	12.6%	+/-3.0
18 years and over	9.6%	+/-0.8
18 to 64 years	9.4%	+/-0.9
65 years and over	10.5%	+/-1.5
People in families	7.8%	+/-1.2
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	23.0%	+/-2.4

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes:

- The number of householders does not necessarily equal the number of households because of differences in the weighting schemes for the population and occupied housing units.
- Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to [Labor Force Guidance](#).
- Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.
- Occupation codes are 4-digit codes, but are still based on Standard Occupational Classification 2000.
- Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2002. However, the Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that no sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
3. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that no sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
6. An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
7. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
8. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
9. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

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