



Kailua (Honolulu County)--Kaneohe, HI Urbanized Area

Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005

Data Set: 2005 American Community Survey

Survey: 2005 American Community Survey

NOTE: Data are limited to the household population and exclude the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see [Survey Methodology](#).

Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005	Estimate	Margin of Error
EMPLOYMENT STATUS		
Population 16 years and over	86,614	+/-5,133
In labor force	57,566	+/-4,277
Civilian labor force	54,353	+/-4,148
Employed	52,100	+/-3,924
Unemployed	2,253	+/-810
Armed Forces	3,213	+/-852
Not in labor force	29,048	+/-2,864
Civilian labor force	54,353	+/-4,148
Unemployed	4.1%	+/-1.4
Females 16 years and over	44,188	+/-2,965
In labor force	26,603	+/-2,408
Civilian labor force	25,924	+/-2,295
Employed	24,837	+/-2,215
Own children under 6 years	11,402	+/-1,987
All parents in family in labor force	7,197	+/-1,738
Own children 6 to 17 years	17,192	+/-2,191
All parents in family in labor force	12,562	+/-1,926
COMMUTING TO WORK		
Workers 16 years and over	53,188	+/-3,827
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	39,988	+/-3,128
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	5,920	+/-1,391
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	2,859	+/-944
Walked	933	+/-534
Other means	937	+/-500
Worked at home	2,551	+/-908
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	29.2	+/-1.2
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	52,100	+/-3,924
OCCUPATION		
Management, professional, and related occupations	20,397	+/-2,312
Service occupations	7,882	+/-1,367
Sales and office occupations	12,971	+/-1,521
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	164	+/-189
Construction, extraction, maintenance and repair occupations	5,961	+/-1,404
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	4,725	+/-1,187
INDUSTRY		
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	448	+/-434
Construction	4,692	+/-1,257
Manufacturing	1,463	+/-572
Wholesale trade	1,979	+/-876
Retail trade	4,765	+/-899

Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005	Estimate	Margin of Error
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	3,393	+/-897
Information	1,372	+/-582
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	3,498	+/-1,007
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services	7,179	+/-1,416
Educational services, and health care, and social assistance	11,042	+/-1,877
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation, and food services	4,160	+/-1,191
Other services, except public administration	2,255	+/-669
Public administration	5,854	+/-1,335
CLASS OF WORKER		
Private wage and salary workers	35,319	+/-3,497
Government workers	12,693	+/-1,775
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	4,054	+/-1,121
Unpaid family workers	34	+/-60
INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2005 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)		
Total households	35,606	+/-1,893
Less than \$10,000	848	+/-308
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1,103	+/-505
\$15,000 to \$24,999	2,288	+/-707
\$25,000 to \$34,999	2,473	+/-756
\$35,000 to \$49,999	4,216	+/-901
\$50,000 to \$74,999	6,598	+/-1,005
\$75,000 to \$99,999	5,527	+/-956
\$100,000 to \$149,999	7,601	+/-1,227
\$150,000 to \$199,999	3,149	+/-795
\$200,000 or more	1,803	+/-622
Median household income (dollars)	76,083	+/-4,899
Mean household income (dollars)	90,943	+/-4,887
With earnings	29,863	+/-1,815
Mean earnings (dollars)	88,529	+/-5,893
With Social Security	12,093	+/-1,262
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	14,248	+/-799
With retirement income	9,385	+/-1,213
Mean retirement income (dollars)	23,392	+/-2,894
With Supplemental Security Income	991	+/-470
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	9,399	+/-2,499
With cash public assistance income	940	+/-409
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	4,595	+/-1,877
With Food Stamp benefits in the past 12 months	1,744	+/-501
Families	28,902	+/-1,872
Less than \$10,000	411	+/-229
\$10,000 to \$14,999	395	+/-255
\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,687	+/-715
\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,908	+/-754
\$35,000 to \$49,999	3,672	+/-952
\$50,000 to \$74,999	5,208	+/-887
\$75,000 to \$99,999	4,728	+/-875
\$100,000 to \$149,999	6,525	+/-1,042
\$150,000 to \$199,999	2,695	+/-745
\$200,000 or more	1,673	+/-631
Median family income (dollars)	80,136	+/-5,054
Mean family income (dollars)	94,931	+/-6,026
Per capita income (dollars)	29,361	+/-1,658
Nonfamily households	6,704	+/-992
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	45,759	+/-10,597
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	65,015	+/-10,157
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	35,793	+/-1,802
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	50,793	+/-4,141
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	36,651	+/-3,379
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL		
All families	3.1%	+/-1.2
With related children under 18 years	3.3%	+/-1.8

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With related children under 5 years only	5.7%	+/-4.9
Married couple families	1.7%	+/-1.0
With related children under 18 years	0.5%	+/-0.6
With related children under 5 years only	1.1%	+/-1.7
Families with female householder, no husband present	11.2%	+/-6.6
With related children under 18 years	17.1%	+/-10.7
With related children under 5 years only	25.3%	+/-24.1
All people	3.7%	+/-1.1
Under 18 years	3.9%	+/-2.1
Related children under 18 years	N	N
Related children under 5 years	N	N
Related children 5 to 17 years	N	N
18 years and over	3.6%	+/-1.1
18 to 64 years	2.9%	+/-1.0
65 years and over	6.4%	+/-2.7
People in families	2.8%	+/-1.2
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	11.7%	+/-3.7

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes:

- The number of householders does not necessarily equal the number of households because of differences in the weighting schemes for the population and occupied housing units.
- Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to [Labor Force Guidance](#).
- Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.
- Occupation codes are 4-digit codes, but are still based on Standard Occupational Classification 2000.
- Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2002. However, the Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that no sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
3. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that no sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
6. An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
7. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
8. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
9. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

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