

PUMA 00100, Hawaii Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005 Data Set: 2005 American Community Survey Survey: 2005 American Community Survey

NOTE. Data are limited to the household population and exclude the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.

Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005	Estimate	Margin of Erro
EMPLOYMENT STATUS Population 16 years and over	156,760	+/-83
In labor force	111,055	+/-2,345
Civilian labor force	110,763	+/-2,330
Employed	106,115	+/-2,502
Unemployed	4,648	+/-928
Armed Forces	292	+/-312
Not in labor force	45,705	+/-2,380
Civilian labor force	110,763	+/-2,336
Unemployed	4.2%	+/-0.8
Females 16 years and over	78,371	+/-635
In labor force	52,176	+/-1,709
Civilian labor force	51,957	+/-1,685
Employed	50,431	+/-1,767
Own children under 6 years	15,427	+/-812
All parents in family in labor force	10,889	+/-1,480
Own children 6 to 17 years	29,246	+/-1,183
All parents in family in labor force	22,255	+/-1,775
COMMUTING TO WORK	404.044	./ 0.74
Workers 16 years and over	101,844	+/-2,743
Car, truck, or van drove alone	77,256	+/-2,892
Car, truck, or van carpooled	14,976	+/-2,440
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	335	+/-262
Walked	1,331	+/-614
Other means	2,052	+/-639
Worked at home	5,894	+/-1,183
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	20.0	+/-1.2
Civilian employed population 16 years and over OCCUPATION	106,115	+/-2,501
Management, professional, and related occupations	26,154	+/-2,385
Service occupations	31,761	+/-2,598
		+/-2,596
Sales and office occupations Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	26,686 772	+/-2,500
	12.192	+/-400
Construction, extraction, maintenance and repair occupations Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	8,550	+/-1,369
	0,000	17-1,000
INDUSTRY		
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	2,411	+/-802
Construction	11,026	+/-2,134
Manufacturing	3,072	+/-869
Wholesale trade	2,966	+/-924
Retail trade	12,360	+/-1,554

## PUMA 00100, Hawaii - Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005

Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005 Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	Estimate 6,107	Margin of Erro +/-1,39
Information	1,725	+/-74
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	8,167	+/-1,48
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services	9,479	+/-1,57
Educational services, and health care, and social assistance	15,628	+/-1,78
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation, and food services	· · · ·	
	23,603	+/-2,56
Other services, except public administration	5,980	+/-1,27
Public administration	3,591	+/-96
CLASS OF WORKER	78,526	+/-2,68
Private wage and salary workers		
Government workers	15,849	+/-1,74
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business Unpaid family workers	11,196 544	+/-1,54 +/-43
INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2005 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)		
Total households	69,980	+/-1,59
Less than \$10.000	3,510	+/-86
\$10,000 to \$14,999	2,943	+/-80
\$15,000 to \$24,999	5,801	+/-1,09
\$25.000 to \$34.999	6,805	+/-1,08
		,
\$35,000 to \$49,999	10,659	+/-1,68
\$50,000 to \$74,999	13,947	+/-1,68
\$75,000 to \$99,999	10,981	+/-1,35
\$100,000 to \$149,999	9,248	+/-1,35
\$150,000 to \$199,999	3,484	+/-77
\$200,000 or more	2,602	+/-59
Median household income (dollars)	60,033	+/-4,09
Mean household income (dollars)	74,641	+/-3,27
With earnings	58,874	+/-1,6′
Mean earnings (dollars)	71,089	+/-3,45
With Social Security	19,571	+/-1,33
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	14,628	+/-71
With retirement income	13,279	+/-1,57
Mean retirement income (dollars)	20,207	+/-2,89
With Supplemental Security Income	1,725	+/-62
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	9,917	+/-2,44
With cash public assistance income	1,720	+/-73
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	4,821	+/-2,28
With Food Stamp benefits in the past 12 months	3,683	+/-2,20
Families	49,354	+/-1,88
Less than \$10,000	1,668	+/-66
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1,156	+/-47
\$15,000 to \$24,999	3,184	+/-79
\$25,000 to \$34,999	4,308	+/-1,05
\$35,000 to \$49,999	7,283	+/-1,00
\$50,000 to \$74,999	10,145	+/-1,28
\$50,000 to \$74,999 \$75.000 to \$99,999		
	9,155	+/-1,32
\$100,000 to \$149,999	8,014	+/-1,41
\$150,000 to \$199,999	2,125	+/-58
\$200,000 or more	2,316	+/-53
Median family income (dollars)	66,399	+/-3,48
Mean family income (dollars)	82,521	+/-3,99
Per capita income (dollars)	26,749	+/-1,19
Nonfamily households	20,626	+/-2,11
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	36,817	+/-3,65
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	49,175	+/-3,88
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	28,807	+/-1,44
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	37,317	+/-1,49
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	31,488	+/-1,11
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS F	ELOW THE P	ΡΟΥΕΝΤΥ Ι Ενε
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS E All families	6.9%	POVERTY LEVE +/-1

http://factfinder.census.gov/servlet/ADPTable?\_bm=y&-context=adp&-qr\_name=ACS\_2005\_EST\_G00\_DP... 9/6/2006

## PUMA 00100, Hawaii - Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005

Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005	Estimate	Margin of Error
With related children under 5 years only	2.1%	+/-3.2
Married couple families	2.8%	+/-1.1
With related children under 18 years	4.5%	+/-2.1
With related children under 5 years only	0.4%	+/-0.9
Families with female householder, no husband present	21.0%	+/-7.7
With related children under 18 years	27.3%	+/-10.0
With related children under 5 years only	9.3%	+/-16.4
All people	8.9%	+/-1.7
Under 18 years	14.1%	+/-4.3
Related children under 18 years	13.7%	+/-4.3
Related children under 5 years	9.0%	+/-5.1
Related children 5 to 17 years	15.5%	+/-4.9
18 years and over	7.2%	+/-1.2
18 to 64 years	7.6%	+/-1.3
65 years and over	5.6%	+/-2.0
People in families	7.2%	+/-1.9
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	17.2%	+/-3.1

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes:

•The number of householders does not necessarily equal the number of households because of differences in the weighting schemes for the population and occupied housing units.

•Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to Labor Force Guidance. •Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

Occupation codes are 4-digit codes, but are still based on Standard Occupational Classification 2000.

-Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2002. However, the Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

2. An '\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that no sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

3. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that no sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

4. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

5. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

6. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

7. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

8. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

9. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

The letters PDF or symbol principate a document is in the Portable Document Format (PDF). To view the file you will need the Adobe® Acrobat® Reader, which is available for **free** from the Adobe web site.