Table 2.23-- SPECIFIED COMMUNICABLE DISEASES: 2004 TO 2008

[2008 data reported as of October 2009; earlier data not updated]

Disease	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Cases: 1/					
AIDS	139	115	91	96	101
Campylobacteriosis	684	558	587	531	657
E. coli 0157:H7	10	13	19	40	13
Fish poisoning 2/	70	80	63	40	62
Giardiasis	80	63	58	80	42
Gonorrhea	1,194	1,024	885	658	621
Hansen's Disease 3/	20	22	11	15	18
Hepatitis A	27	24	12	8	20
Hepatitis B (Acute)	11	10	8	18	7
Influenza 4/	389	860	1,104	603	1,806
Leptospirosis 5/	37	26	25	30	27
Malaria 6/	4	18	9	2	3
Measles (Rubeola) 6/	3	2	-	2	5
Meningitis, bacterial	9	12	10	10	5
Mumps 7/	9	18	6	2	4
Pertussis (whooping cough) 4/	30	147	87	19	20
Pneumococcal disease	103	90	115	111	99
Rubella 6/	-	-	-	-	-
Salmonellosis	375	290	265	313	269
Shigellosis	49	35	45	72	46
Syphilis (Primary & Secondary)	8	11	12	9	29
Tuberculosis	116	112	115	122	124
Deaths: 8/					
AIDS	23	18	17	21	19
Hansen's Disease	(9/)	-	-	(9/)	(9/)
Hepatitis A	-	-	(9/)	-	-
Hepatitis B (Acute)	10	6	6	(9/)	(9/)
Influenza	(9/)	(9/)	(9/)	(9/)	(9/)
Leptospirosis	-	(9/)	-	-	-
Meningitis, bacterial	-	(9/)	(9/)	-	(9/)
Pneumococcal disease	(9/)	(9/)	(9/)	(9/)	(9/)
Salmonellosis	(9/)	-	(9/)	(9/)	(9/)
Shigellosis	-	-	-	-	-
Syphilis	-	-	-	-	-
Tuberculosis	(9/)	(9/)	(9/)	(9/)	7

Continued on next page.

Table 2.23--SPECIFIED COMMUNICABLE DISEASES: 2004 TO 2008 -- Con.

- 1/ Place of occurrence basis.
- 2/ Includes scombroid, ciguatera and hallucinogenic fish poisoning.
- 3/ Excludes reinstated cases.
- 4/ Includes laboratory confirmed and clinically diagnosed cases.
- 5/ Includes previously unreported cases.
- 6/ Includes indigenous and imported cases.
- 7/ Includes laboratory confirmed and clinically diagnosed cases. Includes indigenous and imported cases.
- 8/ Place of residence basis. For the years shown, no deaths were reported from campylobacteriosis, fish poisoning, giardiasis, gonorrhea, malaria, measles (rubeola), mumps, pertussis, or rubella. No data were available for deaths caused by *E. coli* 0157:H7.
 - 9/ Less than 5 deaths.

Source: Hawaii State Department of Health, Office of Health Status Monitoring, Disease Outbreak Control Division, Disease Investigation Branch and AIDS Surveillance Program, records.