

Table 12.24-- MULTIPLE JOBHOLDERS, NUMBERS AND PERCENT OF EMPLOYED FOR HAWAII AND PERCENT OF EMPLOYED FOR THE UNITED STATES: ANNUAL AVERAGE, 1994 TO 2018

Year	Hawaii				United States
	Employed, 16 years & over (1,000)	Multiple jobholders			Multiple jobholders as percent of employed
		Number (1,000)	Percent of employed	Rank 1/	
1994	554	48	8.7	9	5.9
1995	548	48	8.8	9	6.2
1996	555	52	9.4	9	6.2
1997	554	48	8.7	12	6.1
1998	558	49	8.8	9	6.0
1999	563	55	9.8	4	5.8
2000	572	53	9.3	4	5.6
2001	577	57	9.8	3	5.4
2002	568	47	8.2	8	5.3
2003	573	43	7.6	13	5.3
2004	603	46	7.6	13	5.4
2005	624	50	8.0	12	5.3
2006	639	51	8.0	12	5.2
2007	628	52	8.2	8	5.2
2008	633	51	8.1	9	5.2
2009	592	46	7.7	9	5.2
2010	584	41	7.0	11	4.9
2011	586	36	6.1	15	4.9
2012	603	38	6.2	13	4.9
2013	618	36	5.8	21	4.9
2014	639	38	6.0	18	4.9
2015	652	37	5.7	18	4.9
2016	670	37	5.5	23	5.0
2017	668	44	6.5	14	4.9
2018	663	46	6.9	10	5.0

1/ Rank among 50 states and District of Columbia. Rank of 1 for highest percentage of multiple jobholders. Tied in 1996 with North Dakota, in 1997 with Missouri, in 1998 with Vermont and Wisconsin, in 2004 with Iowa, in 2005 with Idaho; in 2008 with Kansas; in 2009 with Maine; in 2010 with Kansas, Maine, and Rhode Island; in 2011 with New Hampshire, in 2013 with Ohio, in 2016 with District of Columbia, and in 2017 with Connecticut.

Source: U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, unpublished data from Current Population Survey microdata and calculations by the Hawaii State Department of Business, Economic Development & Tourism. See also U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Monthly Labor Review*, February 2017 "Multiple Jobholding in States" <<https://stats.bls.gov/opub/mlr/2017/article/pdf/multiple-jobholding-in-states-in-2015.pdf>> accessed February 24, 2017.