





The 2013 National Climate Assessment (NCA):

Background & Pacific Regional Contributions



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ORMP Meeting: July 7, 2011

Pacific

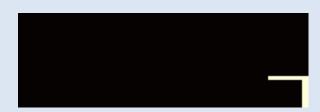
ISLANDS

CLIMATE

CHANGE

COOPERATIVE









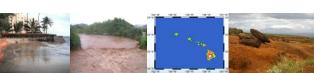




Global Change Research Act (1990), Section 106

- ...not *less frequently* than every 4 years, the Council... shall prepare... an assessment which
 - integrates, evaluates, and interprets the findings of the Program and discusses the scientific uncertainties;
 - analyzes the effects of global change on the natural environment, agriculture, energy production and use, land and water resources, transportation, human health and welfare, human social systems, and biological diversity; and
 - analyzes current trends in global change, both humaninduced and natural, and projects major trends for the subsequent 25 to 100 years.





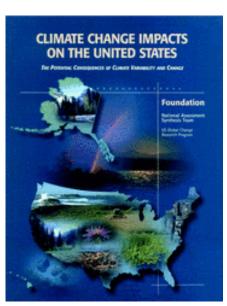




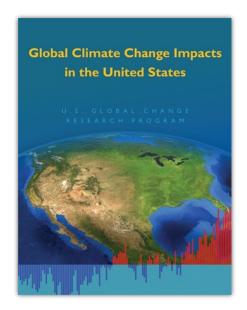
Previous National Climate Assessments

Climate Change Impacts on the United States (2000)



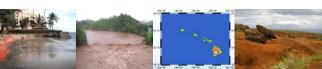


Global Climate Change Impacts in the United States (2009)



Target date for next NCA: 2013

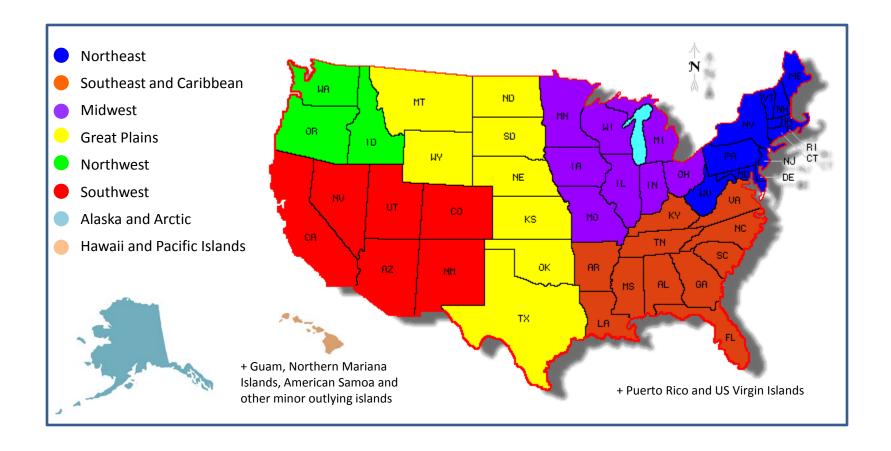




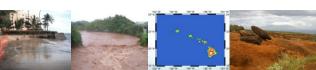




Suggested Regions







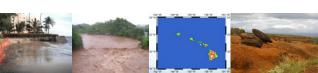




2013 National Climate Assessment

- Sustainable process with multiple products over time
- Cross-sectoral studies
- Consistent national matrix of indicators
- Central coordination, multiple partners
- Regional and sectoral networks building assessment capacity
- Recognizes international context
- Education and communications focus
- Web-based data and tools for decision support
- Process workshops to establish common methodologies





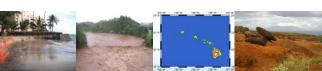




Products and Outcomes of the NCA

- A report or reports to Congress
- Web-based, vetted data and products
- Assessment and science translation capacity at multiple scales
- Ongoing national evaluations of changes in climate trends, impacts, risks and vulnerability
- Process documentation and evaluation
- Communications and education products







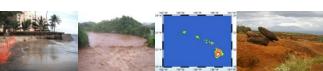


Sectors & Cross-Cutting Topics

- Water resources
- Energy supply and use
- Transportation
- Agriculture and food security
- Forestry
- Ecosystems and biodiversity
- Human health

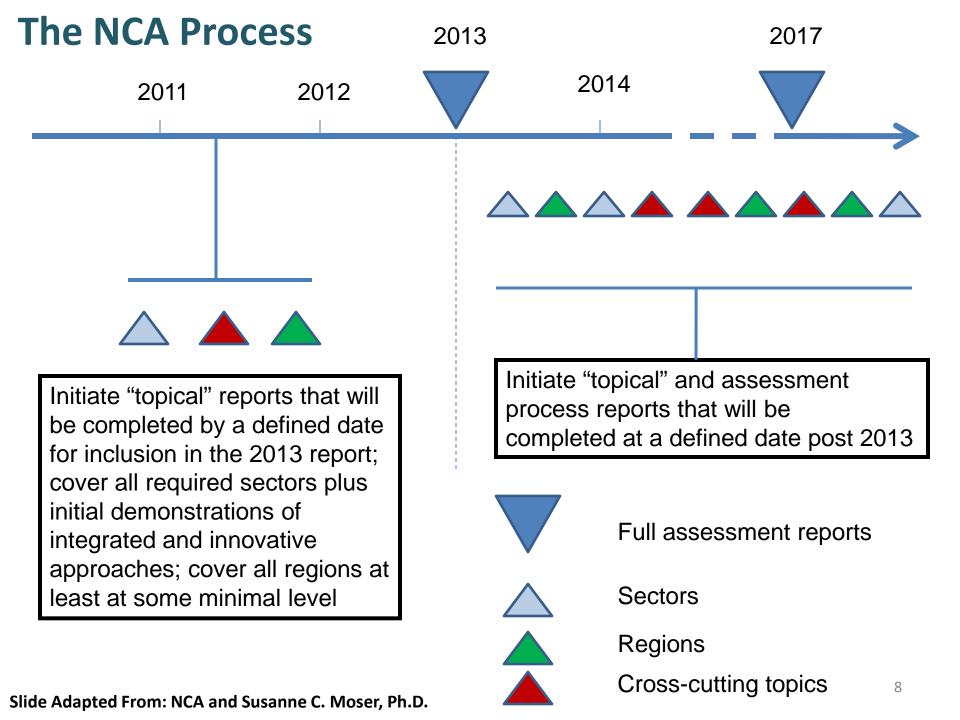
- Water, energy, and land use
- Urban infrastructure and vulnerability
- Tribal, indigenous, and native lands and resources
- Land use and land cover
- Rural communities,
- Biogeochemical cycles & regions
 - Coastal zone
 - Watersheds
 - Oceans and marine resources (including ocean acidification)







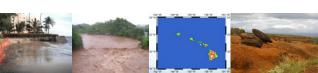




Opportunities for participation

- Expression of Interest by region
- Developing technical inputs, e.g.,
 - Literature reviews, discussion papers, and other review papers
 - Case studies
 - Modeling results, interpretation of data, and topical reports
- Participating in assessment activities, e.g.,
 - Meetings and workshops
 - Supporting indicator systems
- Network partners that help link the assessment activities to their constituents









Pacific Regional Strategy

- 3 Focus Areas as defined by the Pacific Climate Information System (PaCIS) meeting
 - 1. Preserving fresh water resources and minimizing the impacts of drought
 - 2. Fostering community resilience to the impacts of sea-level rise, coastal inundation, and extreme weather
 - 3. Sustaining aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems
- Technical reports on "state of the science"
 - Workshops or regional dialogues
- Assessment activities
 - Impacts, two-way dialogues, workshops
 - Ultimate process leading to a sustainable and regular region-wide "Mega-Forum"









2011-2012 Pacific Region Climate Assessment Process

