.B.	NO.	
i e		

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO STREAMLINED SALES AND USE TAX.

SECTION 1. The purpose of this Act is to adopt changes to Hawaii's tax law that will allow Hawaii to participate in the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement. In 2003, the State of Hawaii became a participating member of the National Streamlined Sales Tax Project through the enactment of the Hawaii Simplified Sales and Use Tax Administration Act. (Act 173, Session Laws of Hawaii 2003).

In furtherance of our State's efforts to comply with the terms and conditions of the conforming legislation reflected in the Streamlined Sales Tax Project's model Agreement and Act, the Hawaii State Legislature enacted Act 3, Special Session Laws of Hawaii 2005. Act 3, in part, establishes a Technical Advisory Group to assist the State of Hawaii Department of Taxation in identifying and resolving issues necessary for Streamlined Sales Tax Project compliance. In addition, a Joint House-Senate Legislative Oversight Committee has also been formed to provide additional tax policy support and guidance. This Act is a culmination of these efforts.

In order to participate in the Streamlined Sales and Use
Tax Agreement, Hawaii must amend its tax law in conformity with
the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement. To conform, Hawaii
must adopt single rate of general excise tax, Hawaii's
substitute for a sales tax. In accordance with advice received
from the Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board and COST, a
national organization representing businesses, this was
accomplished by moving the one-half of one percent tax rate for
wholesale transactions to a new chapter; adding on new chapter
on the taxation of imports of property, services, and
contracting; moving the 0.15 percent tax on insurance producers
to a new chapter; and eliminating the tax on businesses owned by
disabled persons. The Act also provides for destination-based
sourcing and amnesty.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 2. Chapter 46, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended
- 2 by adding a new section to be appropriately designated and to
- 3 read as follows:
- 4 "§ 46- County Compliance with the Streamlined Sales and
- 5 Use Tax Agreement. The counties shall not adopt any law or
- 6 interpret any law in such a manner that violates the provisions

1	of the Streaml	ined Sales and Use Tax Agreement promulgated by
2	the Streamline	d Sales Tax Governing Board, Inc."
3	SECTION 3	. Chapter 237, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended by add	ing a new section to be appropriately designated
5	and to read as	follows:
6	"237-000. GENE	RAL SOURCING RULES.
7	(A)	The retail sale, excluding lease or rental, of a
8		product shall be sourced as follows:
9	(1)	When the product is received by the purchaser at a
10		business location of the seller, the sale is
11		sourced to that business location.
12	(2)	When the product is not received by the purchaser
13		at a business location of the seller, the sale is
14		sourced to the location where receipt by the
15		purchaser (or the purchaser's donee, designated
16		as such by the purchaser) occurs, including the
17		location indicated by instructions for delivery
18		to the purchaser (or donee), known to the seller.
19	(3)	When subsections (A)(1) and (A)(2) do not apply,
20		the sale is sourced to the location indicated by
21		an address for the purchaser that is available
22		from the business records of the seller that are
23		maintained in the ordinary course of the seller's

1		business when use of this address does not
2		constitute bad faith.
3	(4)	When subsections (A)(1), (A)(2), and (A)(3) do not
4		apply, the sale is sourced to the location
5		indicated by an address for the purchaser obtained
6		during the consummation of the sale, including
7		the address of a purchaser's payment instrument,
8		if no other address is available, when use of
9		this address does not constitute bad faith.
10	(5)	When none of the previous rules of subsections
11		(A)(1), (A)(2), (A)(3), or (A)(4) apply, including
12		the circumstance in which the seller is without
13		sufficient information to apply the previous
14		rules, then the location will be determined by
15		the address from which tangible personal property
16		was shipped, from which the digital good or the
17		computer software delivered electronically was
18		first available for transmission by the seller,
19		or from which the service was provided
20		(disregarding for these purposes any location
21		that merely provided the digital transfer of the
22		product sold).

1	(B)		The lease or rental of tangible personal
2			property, other than property identified in
3			subsection (C) or subsection (D), shall be
4			<pre>sourced as follows:</pre>
5		(1)	For a lease or rental that requires recurring
6			periodic payments, the first periodic payment is
7			sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance
8			with the provisions of subsection (A). Periodic
9			payments made subsequent to the first payment are
10			sourced to the primary property location for each
11			period covered by the payment. The primary
12			property location shall be as indicated by an
13			address for the property provided by the lessee
14			that is available to the lessor from its records
15			maintained in the ordinary course of business,
16			when use of this address does not constitute bad
17			faith. The property location shall not be altered
18			by intermittent use at different locations, such
19			as use of business property that accompanies
20			employees on business trips and service calls.
21		(2)	For a lease or rental that does not require
22			recurring periodic payments, the payment is

1			sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance
2			with the provisions of subsection (A).
3		(3)	This subsection does not affect the imposition or
4			computation of general excise or use tax on leases
5			or rentals based on a lump sum or accelerated
6			basis, or on the acquisition of property for
7			lease.
8	(C)		The lease or rental of motor vehicles, trailers,
9			semi-trailers, or aircraft that do not qualify as
10			transportation equipment, as defined in
11			subsection (D), shall be sourced as follows:
12		(1)	For a lease or rental that requires recurring
13			periodic payments, each periodic payment is
14			sourced to the primary property location. The
15			primary property location shall be as indicated
16			by an address for the property provided by the
17			lessee that is available to the lessor from its
18			records maintained in the ordinary course of
19			business, when use of this address does not
20			constitute bad faith. This location shall not be
21			altered by intermittent use at different
22			locations.
23		(2)	For a lease or rental that does not require
24			recurring periodic payments, the payment is

1			sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance
2			with the provisions of subsection (A).
3		(3)	This subsection does not affect the imposition or
4			computation of general excise or use tax on leases
5			or rentals based on a lump sum or accelerated
6			basis, or on the acquisition of property for
7			lease.
8	(D)		The retail sale, including lease or rental, of
9			transportation equipment shall be sourced the
10			same as a retail sale in accordance with the
11			provisions of subsection (A), notwithstanding the
12			exclusion of lease or rental in subsection (A).
13			"Transportation equipment" means any of the
14			following:
15		(1)	Locomotives and railcars that are utilized for the
16			carriage of persons or property in interstate
17			commerce.
18		(2)	Trucks and truck-tractors with a Gross Vehicle
19			Weight Rating (GVWR) of 10,001 pounds or greater,
20			trailers, semi-trailers, or passenger buses that
21			are:
22			(a) Registered through the International
23			Registration Plan. and

1		(b) Operated under authority of a carrier
2		authorized and certificated by the U.S.
3		Department of Transportation or another
4		federal authority to engage in the
5		carriage of persons or property in
6		interstate commerce.
7	(3)	Aircraft that are operated by air carriers
8		authorized and certificated by the U.S.
9		Department of Transportation or another federal
10		or a foreign authority to engage in the carriage
11		of persons or property in interstate or foreign
12		commerce.
13	(4)	Containers designed for use on and component
14		parts attached or secured on the items set forth
15		in subsections (D)(1) through (D)(3).
16	<u>"237-000.</u>	GENERAL SOURCING DEFINITIONS. For the purposes
17	of Section 237	-000, subsection (A), the terms "receive" and
18	"receipt" mean	<u>:</u>
19	A. Taking	possession of tangible personal property,
20	B. Making	first use of services, or
21	C. Taking	possession or making first use of digital goods,
22	whiche	ver comes first.

1	The terms	s "receive" and "receipt" do not include possession by a
2	shipping	company on behalf of the purchaser.
3		
4	<u>"23'</u>	7-00 TELECOMMUNICATION SOURCING RULE.
5	(A)	Except for the defined telecommunication services in
6		subsection (C), the sale of telecommunication service
7		sold on a call-by-call basis shall be sourced to (i)
8		each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call
9		originates and terminates in that jurisdiction or (ii)
10		each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call either
11		originates or terminates and in which the service
12		address is also located.
13	(B)	Except for the defined telecommunication services in
14		subsection (C), a sale of telecommunications services
15		sold on a basis other than a call-by-call basis, is
16		sourced to the customer's place of primary use.
17	(C)	The sale of the following telecommunication services
18		shall be sourced to each level of taxing jurisdiction
19		as follows:
20		(1) A sale of mobile telecommunications services
21		other than air-to-ground radiotelephone service

and prepaid calling service, is sourced to the

1		customer's place of primary use as required by
2		the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act.
3	(2)	A sale of post-paid calling service is sourced to
4		the origination point of the telecommunications
5		signal as first identified by either (i) the
6		seller's telecommunications system, or (ii)
7		information received by the seller from its
8		service provider, where the system used to
9		transport such signals is not that of the seller.
10	(3)	(Effective through December 31, 2007) A sale of
11		prepaid calling service is sourced in accordance
12		with section 237-00. Provided however, in the
13		case of a sale of mobile telecommunications
14		service that is a prepaid telecommunications
15		service, the rule provided in Section 237-00,
16		subsection (A)(5) shall include as an option the
17		location associated with the mobile telephone
18		number.
19	(4)	(Effective on and after January 1, 2008) A sale
20		of prepaid calling service or a sale of a prepaid
21		wireless calling service is sourced in accordance
22		with Section 237-00. Provided however, in the

1		case o	of a sale of prepaid wireless calling
2			ce, the rule provided in Section 237-00,
3			ction (A)(5) shall include as an option the
S		Subset	ccion (A) (3) sharr include as an opcion the
4		locat	ion associated with the mobile telephone
5		numbe	<u>r.</u>
6	(5)	A sale	e of a private communication service is
7		source	ed as follows:
8		(a)	Service for a separate charge related to a
9			customer channel termination point is
10			sourced to each level of jurisdiction in
11			which such customer channel termination
12			point is located.
13		(b)	Service where all customer termination
14			points are located entirely within one
15			jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction is
16			sourced in such jurisdiction in which the
17			customer channel termination points are
18			located.
19		(C)	Service for segments of a channel between
20			two customer channel termination points
21			located in different jurisdictions and
22			which segment of channel are separately

1	charged is sourced fifty percent in	n each
2	level of jurisdiction in which the	custome
3	channel termination points are loca	ated.
4	Service for segments of a channel located in more than of	<u>one</u>
5	jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction and which segment	ts are
6	not separately billed is sourced in each jurisdiction be	ased on
7	the percentage determined by dividing the number of cust	tomer
8	channel termination points in such jurisdiction by the t	total_
9	number of customer channel termination points.	
10		
11	"237-00 TELECOMMUNICATION SOURCING DEFINITIONS (F	Effective
		BITECTIVE
12	through December 31, 2007). For the purpose of Section	
12 13	through December 31, 2007). For the purpose of Section the following definitions apply:	
		237-00,
13	the following definitions apply:	237-00, a radio
13 14	the following definitions apply: (A) "Air-to-Ground Radiotelephone service" means a	237-00, a radio .99, in
13 14 15	the following definitions apply: (A) "Air-to-Ground Radiotelephone service" means a service, as that term is defined in 47 CFR 22.	237-00, a radio .99, in and
13 14 15 16	the following definitions apply: (A) "Air-to-Ground Radiotelephone service" means a service, as that term is defined in 47 CFR 22. which common carriers are authorized to offer	237-00, a radio .99, in and
13 14 15 16 17	the following definitions apply: (A) "Air-to-Ground Radiotelephone service" means a service, as that term is defined in 47 CFR 22. which common carriers are authorized to offer provide radio telecommunications service for heads.	237-00, a radio .99, in and hire to
13 14 15 16 17	the following definitions apply: (A) "Air-to-Ground Radiotelephone service" means a service, as that term is defined in 47 CFR 22. which common carriers are authorized to offer provide radio telecommunications service for best subscribers in aircraft.	237-00, a radio .99, in and hire to

1	(C)	"Communications Channel" means a physical or virtual
2		path of communications over which signals are
3		transmitted between or among customer channel
4		termination points.
5	(D)	"Customer" means the person or entity that contracts
6		with the seller of telecommunications services. If the
7		end user of telecommunications services is not the
8		contracting party, the end user of the
9		telecommunications service is the customer of the
10		telecommunication service, but this sentence only
11		applies for the purpose of sourcing sales of
12		telecommunications services under Section 237-00.
13		"Customer" does not include a reseller of
14		telecommunications service or for mobile
15		telecommunications service of a serving carrier under
16		an agreement to serve the customer outside the home
17		service provider's licensed service area.
18	(E)	"Customer Channel Termination Point" means the
19		location where the customer either inputs or receives
20		the communications.
21	(F)	"End user" means the person who utilizes the
22		telecommunication service. In the case of an entity,

1		"end user" means the individual who utilizes the
2		service on behalf of the entity.
3	(G)	"Home service provider" means the same as that term is
4		defined in Section 124(5) of Public Law 106-252
5		(Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act).
6	(H)	"Mobile telecommunications service" means the same as
7		that term is defined in Section 124(7) of Public Law
8		106-252 (Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act).
9	(I)	"Place of primary use" means the street address
10		representative of where the customer's use of the
11		telecommunications service primarily occurs, which
12		must be the residential street address or the primary
13		business street address of the customer. In the case
14		of mobile telecommunications services, "place of
15		primary use" must be within the licensed service area
16		of the home service provider.
17	(J)	"Post-paid calling service" means the
18		telecommunications service obtained by making a
19		payment on a call-by-call basis either through the use
20		of a credit card or payment mechanism such as a bank
21		card, travel card, credit card, or debit card, or by
22		charge made to a telephone number which is not

1		associated with the origination or termination of the
2		telecommunications service. A post-paid calling
3		service includes a telecommunications service that
4		would be a prepaid calling service except it is not
5		exclusively a telecommunication service.
6	(K)	"Prepaid calling service" means the right to access
7		exclusively telecommunications services, which must be
8		paid for in advance and which enables the origination
9		of calls using an access number or authorization code,
10		whether manually or electronically dialed, and that is
11		sold in predetermined units or dollars of which the
12		number declines with use in a known amount.
13	(L)	"Private communication service" means a
14		telecommunication service that entitles the customer
15		to exclusive or priority use of a communications
16		channel or group of channels between or among
17		termination points, regardless of the manner in which
18		such channel or channels are connected, and includes
19		switching capacity, extension lines, stations, and any
20		other associated services that are provided in
21		connection with the use of such channel or channels.
22	(M)	"Service address" means:

1	(1)	The location of the telecommunications equipment
2		to which a customer's call is charged and from
3		which the call originates or terminates,
4		regardless of where the call is billed or paid.
5	(2)	If the location in subsection (M)(1) is not
6		known, service address means the origination
7		point of the signal of the telecommunications
8		services first identified by either the seller's
9		telecommunications system or in information
10		received by the seller from its service provider,
11		where the system used to transport such signals
12		is not that of the seller.
13	(3)	If the location in subsection (M)(1) and
14		subsection (M)(2) are not known, the service
15		address means the location of the customer's
16		place of primary use.
17	"237-00	TELECOMMUNICATION SOURCING DEFINITIONS (Effective
18	on and after J	anuary 1, 2008). For the purpose of Section 314,
19	the following	definitions apply:
20	(A) <u>"Air</u>	-to-Ground Radiotelephone service" means a radio
21	serv	ice, as that term is defined in 47 CFR 22.99, in
22	whic	h common carriers are authorized to offer and

1		provide radio telecommunications service for hire to
2		subscribers in aircraft.
3	(B)	"Call-by-call Basis" means any method of charging for
4		telecommunications services where the price is
5		measured by individual calls.
6	(C)	"Communications Channel" means a physical or virtual
7		path of communications over which signals are
8		transmitted between or among customer channel
9		termination points.
10	(D)	"Customer" means the person or entity that contracts
11		with the seller of telecommunications services. If the
12		end user of telecommunications services is not the
13		contracting party, the end user of the
14		telecommunications service is the customer of the
15		telecommunication service, but this sentence only
16		applies for the purpose of sourcing sales of
17		telecommunications services under Section 237-00.
18		"Customer" does not include a reseller of
19		telecommunications service or for mobile
20		telecommunications service of a serving carrier under
21		an agreement to serve the customer outside the home
22		service provider's licensed service area.

1	(E)	"Customer Channel Termination Point" means the
2		location where the customer either inputs or receives
3		the communications.
4	(F)	"End user" means the person who utilizes the
5		telecommunication service. In the case of an entity,
6		"end user" means the individual who utilizes the
7		service on behalf of the entity.
8	(G)	"Home service provider" means the same as that term is
9		defined in Section 124(5) of Public Law 106-252
10		(Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act).
11	(H)	"Mobile telecommunications service" means the same as
12		that term is defined in Section 124(7) of Public Law
13		106-252 (Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act).
14	(I)	"Place of primary use" means the street address
15		representative of where the customer's use of the
16		telecommunications service primarily occurs, which
17		must be the residential street address or the primary
18		business street address of the customer. In the case
19		of mobile telecommunications services, "place of
20		primary use" must be within the licensed service area
21		of the home service provider.

1	(J)	"Post-paid calling service" means the
2		telecommunications service obtained by making a
3		payment on a call-by-call basis either through the use
4		of a credit card or payment mechanism such as a bank
5		card, travel card, credit card, or debit card, or by
6		charge made to a telephone number which is not
7		associated with the origination or termination of the
8		telecommunications service. A post-paid calling
9		service includes a telecommunications service, except
10		a prepaid wireless calling service, that would be a
11		prepaid calling service except it is not exclusively a
12		telecommunication service.
13	(K)	"Prepaid calling service" means the right to access
14		exclusively telecommunications services, which must be
15		paid for in advance and which enables the origination
16		of calls using an access number or authorization code,
17		whether manually or electronically dialed, and that is
18		sold in predetermined units or dollars of which the
19		number declines with use in a known amount.
20	(L)	"Prepaid wireless calling service" means a
21		telecommunications service that provides the right to
22		utilize mobile wireless service as well as other non-

1		telecommunications services, including the download of
2		digital products delivered electronically, content and
3		ancillary services, which must be paid for in advance
4		that is sold in predetermined units or dollars of
5		which the number declines with use in a known amount.
6	(M)	"Private communication service" means a
7		telecommunication service that entitles the customer
8		to exclusive or priority use of a communications
9		channel or group of channels between or among
10		termination points, regardless of the manner in which
11		such channel or channels are connected, and includes
12		switching capacity, extension lines, stations, and any
13		other associated services that are provided in
14		connection with the use of such channel or channels.
15	(N)	"Service address" means:
16		(1) The location of the telecommunications equipment
17		to which a customer's call is charged and from
18		which the call originates or terminates,
19		regardless of where the call is billed or paid.
20		(2) If the location in subsection (N)(1) is not
21		known, service address means the origination
22		point of the signal of the telecommunications

1		services first identified by either the seller's
2		telecommunications system or in information
3		received by the seller from its service provider,
4		where the system used to transport such signals
5		is not that of the seller.
6	(3)	If the location in subsection (N)(1) and
7		subsection (N)(2) are not known, the service
8		address means the location of the customer's
9		place of primary use."
10	SECTION 4. Se	ction 237-4 is repealed.
11	SECTION 5. Se	ction 237-5 is repealed.
12	SECTION 6 Sec	tion 237-13 is amended to read as follows:
13	§237-13 I	mposition of tax. There is hereby levied and shall
14	be assessed ar	nd collected annually privilege taxes against
15	persons on acc	count of their business and other activities in the
16	State measured	by the application of rates against values of
17	products, gros	ss proceeds of sales, or gross income, whichever is
18	specified, as	follows:
19	[(1) Tax on ma	nufacturers.
20		(A) Upon every person engaging or continuing
21		within the State in the business of
22		manufacturing, including compounding, canning,

___.B. NO. _

1	preserving, packing, printing, publishing,
2	milling, processing, refining, or preparing for
3	sale, profit, or commercial use, either directly
4	or through the activity of others, in whole or in
5	part, any article or articles, substance or
6	substances, commodity or commodities, the amount
7	of the tax to be equal to the value of the
8	articles, substances, or commodities,
9	manufactured, compounded, canned, preserved,
10	packed, printed, milled, processed, refined, or
11	prepared, for sale, as shown by the gross
12	proceeds derived from the sale thereof by the
13	manufacturer or person compounding, preparing, or
14	printing them, multiplied by one half of one per
15	cent.
16	(B) The measure of the tax on manufacturers is
17	the value of the entire product for sale,
18	regardless of the place of sale or the fact that
19	deliveries may be made to points outside the
20	State.
21	(C) If any person liable for the tax on
22	manufacturers ships or transports the person's

1	product, or any part thereof, out of the State,
2	whether in a finished or unfinished condition, or
3	sells the same for delivery to points outside the
4	State (for example, consigned to a mainland
5	purchaser via common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu),
6	the value of the products in the condition or
7	form in which they exist immediately before
8	entering interstate or foreign commerce,
9	determined as hereinafter provided, shall be the
10	basis for the assessment of the tax imposed by
11	this paragraph. This tax shall be due and payable
12	as of the date of entry of the products into
13	interstate or foreign commerce, whether the
14	products are then sold or not. The department
15	shall determine the basis for assessment, as
16	provided by this paragraph, as follows:
17	(i) If the products at the time of their entry
18	into interstate or foreign commerce already have
19	been sold, the gross proceeds of sale, less the
20	transportation expenses, if any, incurred in
21	realizing the gross proceeds for transportation
22	from the time of entry of the products into

1	interstate or foreign commerce, including
2	insurance and storage in transit, shall be the
3	measure of the value of the products;
4	(ii) If the products have not been sold at the
5	time of their entry into interstate or foreign
6	commerce, and in cases governed by clause (i) in
7	which the products are sold under circumstances
8	such that the gross proceeds of sale are not
9	indicative of the true value of the products, the
10	value of the products constituting the basis for
11	assessment shall correspond as nearly as possible
12	to the gross proceeds of sales for delivery
13	outside the State, adjusted as provided in clause
14	(i), or if sufficient data are not available,
15	sales in the State, of similar products of like
16	quality and character and in similar quantities,
17	made by the taxpayer (unless not indicative of
18	the true value) or by others. Sales outside
19	the State, adjusted as provided in clause (i),
20	may be considered when they constitute the best

1	available data. The department shall prescribe
2	uniform and equitable rules for ascertaining the
3	values;
4	(iii) At the election of the taxpayer and with
5	the approval of the department, the taxpayer may
6	make the taxpayer's returns under clause (i) even
7	though the products have not been sold at the
8	time of their entry into interstate or foreign
9	commerce; and
10	(iv) In all cases in which products leave the
11	State in an unfinished condition, the basis for
12	assessment shall be adjusted so as to deduct the
13	portion of the value as is attributable to the
14	finishing of the goods outside the State.
15	$\underline{\text{(1)}}$ Tax on business of selling tangible personal property;
16	producing .
17	(A) Upon every person engaging or continuing in
18	the business of selling any tangible personal
19	property whatsoever (not including, however,
20	bonds or other evidence of indebtedness, or
21	stocks), unless subject to tax under Chapter
22	237A, there is likewise hereby levied, and shall

1	be assessed and collected, a tax equivalent to
2	four per cent of the gross proceeds of sales of
3	the business; provided that insofar as the sale
4	of tangible personal property is a wholesale sale
5	under section [237-4(a)(8)(B)], the sale shall be
6	subject to section [237 13.3. Upon
7	every person engaging or continuing within this
8	State in the business of a producer, the tax
9	shall be equal to one-half of one per cent of the
10	gross proceeds of sales of the business, or the
11	value of the products, for sale, if sold for
12	delivery outside the State or shipped or
13	transported out of the State, and the value of
14	the products shall be determined in the same
15	manner as the value of manufactured products
16	covered in the cases under paragraph (1)(C).
17	(B) Gross proceeds of sales of tangible property,
18	unless subject to tax under Chapter 237A, in
19	interstate and foreign commerce shall constitute
20	a part of the measure of the tax imposed on
21	persons in the business of selling tangible
22	personal property, to the extent, under the

1	conditions, and in accordance with the provisions
2	of the Constitution of the United States and the
3	Acts of the Congress of the United States which
4	may be now in force or may be hereafter adopted,
5	and whenever there occurs in the State an
6	activity to which, under the Constitution and
7	Acts of Congress, there may be attributed gross
8	proceeds of sales, the gross proceeds shall be so
9	attributed.
10	[(C) No manufacturer or producer, engaged in such
11	business in the State and selling the
12	manufacturer's or producer's products for
13	delivery outside of the State (for example,
14	consigned to a mainland purchaser via common
15	carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), shall be required to
16	pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the
17	privilege of so selling the products, and the
18	value or gross proceeds of sales of the products
19	shall be included only in determining the measure
20	of the tax imposed upon the manufacturer or
21	producer.]

22

(C) (D) When a manufacturer or producer, as defined in section 237A-00, engaged in such business in the State, also is engaged in selling the manufacturer's or producer's products in the State at wholesale taxed under Chapter 237A, retail, or in any other manner, the tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling the products in the State shall apply to the manufacturer or producer as well as the tax for the privilege of manufacturing or producing in the State, and the manufacturer or producer shall make the returns of the gross proceeds of the wholesale, retail, or other sales required for the privilege of selling in the State, as well as making the returns of the value or gross proceeds of sales of the products required for the privilege of manufacturing or producing in the State. The manufacturer or producer shall pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the privilege of selling its products in the State, and the value or gross proceeds of sales of the products, thus subjected to tax, may be deducted insofar as

1	duplicated as to the same products by the measure
2	of the tax upon the manufacturer or producer for
3	the privilege of manufacturing or producing in
4	the State under Chapter 237A; provided that no
5	producer of agricultural products who sells the
6	products to a purchaser who will process the
7	products outside the State shall be required to
8	pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the
9	privilege of producing or selling those products.
10	(E) (D) A taxpayer selling to a federal cost-plus
11	contractor may make the election provided for by
12	paragraph $\frac{(3)}{(2)}$ (C), and in that case the tax
13	shall be computed pursuant to the election,
14	notwithstanding this paragraph or paragraph (1)
15	to the contrary.
16	[(F) The department, by rule, may require that a
17	seller take from the purchaser of tangible
18	personal property a certificate, in a form
19	prescribed by the department, certifying that the
20	sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
21	(i) Any purchaser who furnishes a certificate
22	shall be obligated to pay to the seller, upon

1	demand,	the amount of the additional tax that is
2	imposed	l upon the seller whenever the sale in fact
3	is not	at wholesale; and
4	(ii) T h	ne absence of a certificate in itself shall
5	give ri	se to the presumption that the sale is not
6	at whol	esale unless the sales of the business are
7	exclusi	vely at wholesale.
8	(2) (3) Tax upon contr	actors.
9	(A) (Jpon every person engaging or continuing
10	Ţ	within the State in the business of
11		contracting, the tax shall be equal to four
12	I	per cent of the gross income of the
13	ŀ	ousiness.
14	(B)	In computing the tax levied under this
15	I	paragraph, there shall be deducted from the
16	9	gross income of the taxpayer so much
17	t	thereof as has been included in the measure
18		of the tax levied under subparagraph (A),
19		on:
20	(i) And	other taxpayer who is a contractor, as
21	defined	l in section 237-6;

1	(11) A specialty contractor, duly licensed by the
2	department of commerce and consumer affairs
3	pursuant to section 444-9, in respect of the
4	specialty contractor's business; or
5	(iii) A specialty contractor who is not licensed
6	by the department of commerce and consumer
7	affairs pursuant to section 444-9, but who
8	performs contracting activities on federal
9	military installations and nowhere else in this
10	State;
11	provided that any person claiming a deduction under this
12	paragraph shall be required to show in the person's return the
13	name and general excise number of the person paying the tax on
14	the amount deducted by the person.
15	(C) In computing the tax levied under this
16	paragraph against any federal cost-plus
17	contractor, there shall be excluded from the
18	gross income of the contractor so much thereof as
19	fulfills the following requirements:
20	(i) The gross income exempted shall constitute
21	reimbursement of costs incurred for materials,
22	plant, or equipment purchased from a taxpayer

1 licensed under this chapter, not exceeding the gross proceeds of sale of the taxpayer on account 2 of the transaction; and 3 (ii) The taxpayer making the sale shall have 4 5 certified to the department that the taxpayer is taxable with respect to the gross proceeds of the 6 sale, and that the taxpayer elects to have the 7 tax on gross income computed the same as upon a 8 9 sale to the state government. (D) A person who, as a business or as a part of a **10** business in which the person is engaged, erects, 11 constructs, or improves any building or 12 structure, of any kind or description, or makes, 13 constructs, or improves any road, street, 14 sidewalk, sewer, or water system, or other 15 improvements on land held by the person (whether 16 17 held as a leasehold, fee simple, or otherwise), upon the sale or other disposition of the land or 18 improvements, even if the work was not done 19 pursuant to a contract, shall be liable to the 20 21 same tax as if engaged in the business of

contracting, unless the person shows that at the

1	time the person was engaged in making the
2	improvements the person intended, and for the
3	period of at least one year after completion of
4	the building, structure, or other improvements,
5	the person continued to intend to hold and not
6	sell or otherwise dispose of the land or
7	improvements. The tax in respect of the
8	improvements shall be measured by the amount of
9	the proceeds of the sale or other disposition
10	that is attributable to the erection,
11	construction, or improvement of such building or
12	structure, or the making, constructing, or
13	improving of the road, street, sidewalk, sewer,
14	or water system, or other improvements. The
15	measure of tax in respect of the improvements
16	shall not exceed the amount which would have been
17	taxable had the work been performed by another,
18	subject as in other cases to the deductions
19	allowed by subparagraph (B). Upon the election of
20	the taxpayer, this paragraph may be applied
21	notwithstanding that the improvements were not
22	made by the taxpayer, or were not made as a

1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	

business or as a part of a business, or were made with the intention of holding the same. However, this paragraph shall not apply in respect of any proceeds that constitute or are in the nature of rent; all such gross income shall be taxable under paragraph (9); provided that insofar as the business of renting or leasing real property under a lease is taxed under section 237-16.5, the tax shall be levied by section 237-16.5.

- (4) Tax upon theaters, amusements, radio broadcasting stations, etc.

of a sale of an amusement at wholesale under

1	section [237-4(a)(13)], the tax shall be subject
2	to section [237 13.3].
3	[(B) The department may require that the person
4	rendering an amusement at wholesale take from the
5	licensed seller a certificate, in a form
6	prescribed by the department, certifying that the
7	sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
8	(i) Any licensed seller who furnishes a
9	certificate shall be obligated to pay to the
10	person rendering the amusement, upon demand, the
11	amount of additional tax that is imposed upon the
12	seller whenever the sale is not at wholesale; and
13	(ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
14	give rise to the presumption that the sale is not
15	at wholesale unless the person rendering the sale
16	is exclusively rendering the amusement at
17	wholesale.]
18	(5) Tax upon sales representatives, etc. Upon
19	every person classified as a representative or
20	purchasing agent under section 237-1, engaging or
21	continuing within the State in the business of
22	performing services for another, other than as an
	<u>.</u>

1	employee, there is likewise hereby levied and
2	shall be assessed and collected a tax equal to
3	four per cent of the commissions and other
4	compensation attributable to the services so
5	rendered by the person, unless taxable under
6	chapter 237A or chapter 237B.
7	(6) Tax on service business.
8	(A) Upon every person engaging or continuing
9	within the State in any service business or
10	calling including professional services not
11	otherwise specifically taxed under this chapter,
12	chapter 237A or chapter 237B, there is likewise
13	hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected
14	a tax equal to four per cent of the gross income
15	of the business, and in the case of a wholesaler
16	under [section 237 4(a)(10)], the tax shall be
17	equal to one-half
18	of one per cent of the gross income of the
19	business. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a
20	wholesaler under section [237 4(a)(10)] shall be
21	subject to section [237-13.3].

___.B. NO. ____

1	[(B) The department may require that the person
2	rendering a service at wholesale take from the
3	licensed seller a certificate, in a form
4	prescribed by the department, certifying that the
5	sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
6	(i) Any licensed seller who furnishes a
7	certificate shall be obligated to pay to the
8	person rendering the service, upon demand,
9	the amount of additional tax that is imposed
10	upon the seller whenever the sale is not at
11	wholesale; and
12	(ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
13	give rise to the presumption that the sale
14	is not at
15	wholesale unless the person rendering the sale is
16	exclusively rendering services at wholesale.
17	(C) Where any person engaging or continuing
18	within the State in any service business or
19	calling renders those services upon the order of
20	or at the request of another taxpayer who is
21	engaged in the service business and who, in fact,
22	acts as or acts in the nature of an intermediary

1	between the person rendering those services and
2	the ultimate recipient of the benefits of those
3	services, so much of the gross income as is
4	received by the person rendering the services
5	shall be subjected to the tax at the rate of one-
6	half of one per cent and all of the gross income
7	received by the intermediary from the principal
8	shall be subjected to a tax at the rate of four
9	per cent. Where the taxpayer is subject to both
10	this subparagraph and to the lowest tax rate
11	under subparagraph (A), the taxpayer shall be
12	taxed under this subparagraph. This subparagraph
13	shall be repealed on January 1, 2006.
14	$\frac{\text{(D)}}{\text{(B)}}$ Where any person is engaged in the
15	business of selling interstate or foreign common
16	carrier telecommunication services within and
17	without the State, other than as a home service
18	provider, the tax shall be imposed on that
19	portion of gross income received by a person from
20	service which is originated or terminated in this
21	State and is charged to a telephone number,
22	customer, or account in this State

telecommunications services which are billed by

1 notwithstanding any other state law (except for the exemption under section 237-23(a)(1)) to the 2 contrary. If, under the Constitution and laws of 3 the United States, the entire gross income as 4 5 determined under this paragraph of a business selling interstate or foreign common carrier telecommunication services cannot be included in 7 the measure of the tax, the gross income shall be 8 9 apportioned as provided in section 237-21; provided that the apportionment factor and **10** formula shall be the same for all persons 11 providing those services in the State. 12 (E) (C) Where any person is engaged in the 13 business of a home service provider, the tax 14 shall be imposed on the gross income received or 15 derived from providing interstate or foreign 16 17 mobile telecommunications services to a customer with a place of primary use in this State when 18 such services originate in one state and 19 terminate in another state, territory, or foreign 20 21 country; provided that all charges for mobile

1	or for the home service provider are deemed to be
2	provided by the home service provider at the
3	customer's place of primary use, regardless of
4	where the mobile telecommunications originate,
5	terminate, or pass through; provided further that
6	the income from charges specifically derived from
7	interstate or foreign mobile telecommunications
8	services, as determined by books and records that
9	are kept in the regular course of business by the
10	home service provider in accordance with section
11	239-24, shall be apportioned under any
12	apportionment factor or formula adopted under
13	section 237-13(6)(D). Gross income shall not
14	include:
15	(i) Gross receipts from mobile telecommunications
16	services provided to a customer with a place of
17	primary use outside this State;
18	(ii) Gross receipts from mobile
19	telecommunications services that are subject to
20	the tax imposed by chapter 239;

___.B. NO. ____

1	(111) Gross receipts from mobile
2	telecommunications services taxed under section
3	237-13.8; and
4	(iv) Gross receipts of a home service provider
5	acting as a serving carrier providing mobile
6	telecommunications services to another home
7	service provider's customer. For the purposes of
8	this paragraph, "charges for mobile
9	telecommunications services", "customer", "home
10	service provider", "mobile telecommunications
11	services", "place of primary use", and
12	"serving carrier" have the same meaning as in
13	section 239-22.
14	[(7) Tax on insurance producers. Upon every
15	person engaged as a licensed producer pursuant to
16	chapter 431, there is hereby levied and shall be
17	assessed and collected a tax equal to 0.15 per
18	cent of the commissions due to that activity.]
19	[(8) Tax on receipts of sugar benefit payments.
20	Upon the amounts received from the United States
21	government by any producer of sugar (or the
22	producer's legal representative or heirs), as

1	defined under and by virtue of the Sugar Act of
2	1948, as amended, or other Acts of the Congress
3	of the United States relating thereto, there is
4	hereby levied a tax of one half of one per cent
5	of the gross amount received; provided that the
6	tax levied hereunder on any amount so received
7	and actually disbursed to another by a producer
8	in the form of a benefit payment shall be paid by
9	the person or persons to whom the amount is
10	actually disbursed, and the producer actually
11	making a benefit payment to another shall be
12	entitled to claim on the producer's return a
13	deduction from the gross amount taxable hereunder
14	in the sum of the amount so disbursed. The
15	amounts taxed under this paragraph shall not be
16	taxable under any other paragraph, subsection, or
17	section of this chapter.
18	(9) (7) Tax on other business. Upon every person
19	engaging or continuing within the State in any
20	business, trade, activity, occupation, or calling
21	not included in the preceding paragraphs or any
22	other provisions of this chapter, there is

.B. NO.

1		likewise hereby levied and shall be assessed and
2		collected, a tax equal to four per cent of the
3		gross income thereof. In addition, the rate
4		prescribed by this paragraph shall apply to a
5		business taxable under one or more of the
6		preceding paragraphs or other provisions of this
7		chapter, as to any gross income thereof not taxed
8		thereunder as gross income or gross proceeds of
9		sales or by taxing an equivalent value of
10		products, unless specifically exempted or subject
11		to tax under chapter 237A or chapter 237B.
12	SECTION 7.	Section 237-13.3 is repealed.
13	SECTION 8.	Section 237-13.5 is repealed.

- 12
- 13
- SECTION 9. Section 237-15 is repealed. 14
- SECTION 10. Section 237-18 is amended to read as follows: 15
- (a) Where a coin operated device produces gross income which is 16
- divided between the owner or operator of the device, on the one **17**
- hand, and the owner or operator of the premises where the device 18
- is located, on the other hand, the tax imposed by this chapter 19
- shall apply to each such person with respect to the person's 20
- portion of the proceeds, and no more. 21

- 1 (b) Where gate receipts or other admissions are divided between
- 2 the person furnishing or producing a play, concert, lecture,
- 3 athletic event, or similar spectacle (including any motion
- 4 picture showing) on the one hand, and a promoter (including any
- 5 proprietor or other operator of a motion picture house) offering
- 6 the spectacle to the public, on the other hand, the tax imposed
- 7 by this chapter, if the promoter is subject to the tax imposed
- 8 by this chapter, shall apply only to the promoter measured by
- 9 the whole of the proceeds, and the promoter shall be authorized
- 10 to deduct and withhold from the portion of the proceeds payable
- 11 to the person furnishing or producing the spectacle the amount
- 12 of the tax payable by the person upon such portion. No tax shall
- 13 apply to a promoter with respect to such portion of the proceeds
- 14 as is payable to a person furnishing or producing the spectacle,
- 15 who is exempted by section 237-23 from taxation upon such
- 16 activity.
- 17 (c) Where, through the activity of a person taxable under
- 18 section 237 13(6), a product has been milled, processed, or
- 19 otherwise manufactured upon the order of another taxpayer who is
- 20 a manufacturer taxable upon the value of the entire manufactured
- 21 products, which consists in part of the value of the services
- 22 taxable under section 237 13(6), so much gross income as is

- 1 derived from the rendering of the services shall be subjected to
- 2 tax on the person rendering the services at the rate of one half
- 3 of one per cent, and the value of the entire product shall be
- 4 included in the measure of the tax imposed on the other taxpayer
- 5 as elsewhere provided.
- 6 (d) Where, through the activity of a person taxable under
- 7 section 237-13(6), there have been rendered to a cane planter
- 8 services consisting in the harvesting or hauling of the cane, or
- 9 consisting in road maintenance, under a contract between the
- 10 person rendering the services and the cane planter, covering the
- 11 services and also the milling of the sugar, the services of
- 12 harvesting and hauling the cane and road maintenance shall be
- 13 treated the same as the service of milling the cane, as provided
- 14 by subsection (c), and the value of the entire product,
- 15 manufactured or sold for the cane planter under the contract,
- 16 shall be included in the measure of the tax imposed on the
- 17 persons elsewhere provided.
- 18 (e) Where [insurance agents, including general agents,
- 19 subagents, or solicitors, who are not employees and are licensed
- 20 pursuant to chapter 431, or real estate brokers or
- 21 salespersons, who are not employees and are licensed pursuant to
- 22 chapter 467, produce commissions which are divided between [such

- 1 general agents, subagents, or solicitors, or between] such real
- 2 estate brokers or salespersons, [as the case may be,] the tax
- 3 levied under section $237-13\frac{(6)}{(5)}$ (5) as to real estate brokers or
- 4 salespersons, [or under section 237 13(7) as to insurance
- 5 general agents, subagents, or solicitors | shall apply to each
- 6 such person with respect to the person's portion of the
- 7 commissions, and no more.
- 8 (f) Where tourism related services are furnished through
- 9 arrangements made by a travel agency or tour packager
- 10 and the gross income is divided between the provider of the
- 11 services and the travel agency or tour packager, the tax
- 12 imposed by this chapter shall apply to each such person with
- 13 respect to such person's respective portion of the proceeds,
- 14 and no more.
- 15 As used in this subsection "tourism related services" means
- 16 catamaran cruises, canoe rides, dinner cruises, lei greetings,
- 17 transportation included in a tour package, sightseeing tours not
- 18 subject to chapter 239, admissions to luaus, dinner shows,
- 19 extravaganzas, cultural and educational facilities, and other
- 20 services rendered directly to the customer or tourist, but only
- 21 if the providers of the services other than air transportation

- 1 are subject to a four per cent tax under this chapter or chapter
- **2** 239.
- 3 (q) Where transient accommodations are furnished through
- 4 arrangements made by a travel agency or tour packager at
- 5 noncommissioned negotiated contract rates and the gross income
- 6 is divided between the operator of transient accommodations on
- 7 the one hand and the travel agency or tour packager on the other
- 8 hand, the tax imposed by this chapter shall apply to each such
- 9 person with respect to such person's respective portion of the
- 10 proceeds, and no more. As used in this subsection, the words
- 11 "transient accommodations" and "operator" shall be defined in
- 12 the same manner as they are defined in section 237D-1.
- 13 (h) Where the transportation of passengers or property is
- 14 furnished through arrangements between motor carriers, and the
- 15 gross income is divided between the motor carriers, any tax
- 16 imposed by this chapter shall apply to each motor carrier with
- 17 respect to each motor carriers' respective portion of the
- 18 proceeds.
- 19 As used in this subsection:
- 20 "Carrier" means a person who engages in transportation, and does
- 21 not include a person such as a freight forwarder or tour
- 22 packager who provides transportation by contracting with others,

- 1 except to the extent that such person oneself engages in
- 2 transportation.
- 3 "Contract carrier" means a person other than a public utility as
- 4 defined under section 239-2 or taxicab, which under contracts or
- 5 agreements, engages in the transportation of persons or property
- 6 for compensation, by land, water, or air.
- 7 "Motor carrier" means a common carrier or contract carrier
- 8 transporting persons or property for compensation on the public
- 9 highways, other than a public utility as defined under section
- 10 239-2 or taxicab.
- 11 "Public highways" has the meaning defined by section 264-1
- 12 including both state and county highways, but operation upon
- 13 rails shall not be deemed transportation on the public highways.
- 14 SECTION 11. Section 237-21 is amended to read as follows:
- 15 If any person[, other than persons liable to the tax on
- 16 manufacturers as provided by section 237 13(1),] is engaged in
- 17 business both within and without the State or in selling goods
- 18 for delivery outside the State, and if under the Constitution or
- 19 laws of the United States or section 237-29.5 the entire gross
- 20 income of such person cannot be included in the measure of this
- 21 tax, there shall be apportioned to the State and included in the
- 22 measure of the tax that portion of the gross income which is

.B. NO.

- 1 derived from activities within the State, to the extent that the
- 2 apportionment is required by the Constitution or laws of the
- 3 United States or section 237-29.5. [In the case of a tax upon
- 4 the production of property in the State the apportionment shall
- 5 be determined as in the case of the tax on manufacturers.] In
- 6 other cases, if and to the extent that the apportionment cannot
- 7 be accurately made by separate accounting methods, there shall
- 8 be apportioned to the State and included in the measure of this
- 9 tax that proportion of the total gross income, so requiring
- 10 apportionment, which the cost of doing business within the
- 11 State, applicable to the gross income, bears to the cost of
- 12 doing business both within and without the State, applicable to
- 13 the gross income.
- 14 SECTION 12. Section 237-24 is amended to read as follows:
- 15 This chapter shall not apply to the following amounts:
- 16 (1) Amounts received under life insurance policies and contracts
- 17 paid by reason of the death of the insured;
- 18 (2) Amounts received (other than amounts paid by reason of death
- 19 of the insured) under life insurance,
- 20 endowment, or annuity contracts, either during the term or at
- 21 maturity or upon surrender of the contract;

- 1 (3) Amounts received under any accident insurance or health
- 2 insurance policy or contract or under workers' compensation acts
- 3 or employers' liability acts, as compensation for personal
- 4 injuries, death, or sickness, including also the amount of any
- 5 damages or other compensation received, whether as a result of
- 6 action or by private agreement between the parties on account of
- 7 the personal injuries, death, or sickness;
- 8 (4) The value of all property of every kind and sort acquired by
- 9 gift, bequest, or devise, and the value of all property acquired
- 10 by descent or inheritance;
- 11 (5) Amounts received by any person as compensatory damages for
- 12 any tort injury to the person, or to the person's character
- 13 reputation, or received as compensatory damages for any tort
- 14 injury to or destruction of property, whether as the result of
- 15 action or by private agreement between the parties (provided
- 16 that amounts received as punitive damages for tort injury or
- 17 breach of contract injury shall be included in gross income);
- 18 (6) Amounts received as salaries or wages for services rendered
- 19 by an employee to an employer;
- 20 (7) Amounts received as alimony and other similar payments and
- 21 settlements;

- 1 (8) Amounts collected by distributors as fuel taxes on "liquid
- 2 fuel" imposed by chapter 243, and the amounts collected by such
- 3 distributors as a fuel tax imposed by any Act of the Congress of
- 4 the United States;
- 5 (9) Taxes on liquor imposed by chapter 244D on dealers holding
- 6 permits under that chapter;
- 7 (10) The amounts of taxes on cigarettes and tobacco products
- 8 imposed by chapter 245 on wholesalers or dealers holding
- 9 licenses under that chapter and selling the products at
- 10 wholesale;]
- 11 (11) Federal excise taxes imposed on articles sold at retail and
- 12 collected from the purchasers thereof and paid to the federal
- 13 government by the retailer;
- 14 [(12) The amounts of federal taxes under chapter 37 of the
- 15 Internal Revenue Code, or similar federal taxes, imposed on
- 16 sugar manufactured in the State, paid by the manufacturer to the
- 17 <u>federal government;</u>
- 18 (13) An amount up to, but not in excess of, \$2,000 a year of
- 19 gross income Amounts received by any blind, deaf, or totally
- 20 disabled person engaging, or continuing, in any business, trade,
- 21 activity, occupation, or calling within the State; a corporation
- 22 all of whose outstanding shares are owned by an individual or

___.B. NO.

- 1 individuals who are blind, deaf, or totally disabled; a general,
- 2 limited, or limited liability partnership, all of whose partners
- 3 are blind, deaf, or totally disabled; or a limited liability
- 4 company, all of whose members are blind, deaf, or totally
- 5 disabled;
- 6 (14) Amounts received by a producer of sugarcane from the
- 7 manufacturer to whom the producer sells the sugarcane, where:
- 8 (A) The producer is an independent cane farmer, so classed by
- 9 the Secretary of Agriculture under the Sugar Act of 1948 (61
- 10 Stat. 922, Chapter 519) as the Act may be amended or
- 11 supplemented;
- 12 (B) The value or gross proceeds of sale of the sugar, and other
- 13 products manufactured from the sugarcane, is included in the
- 14 measure of the tax levied on the manufacturer under section 237
- 15 $\frac{13(1) \text{ or } (2)}{}$
- 16 (C) The producer's gross proceeds of sales are dependent upon
- 17 the actual value of the products manufactured therefrom or the
- 18 average value of all similar products manufactured by the
- 19 manufacturer, and;
- 20 (D) The producer's gross proceeds of sales are reduced by reason
- 21 of the tax on the value or sale of the manufactured products;]

- 1 (15) Money paid by the State or eleemosynary child-placing
- 2 organizations to foster parents for their care of children in
- 3 foster homes; and
- 4 (16) Amounts received by a cooperative housing corporation from
- 5 its shareholders in reimbursement of funds paid by such
- 6 corporation for lease rental, real property taxes, and other
- 7 expenses of operating and maintaining the cooperative land and
- 8 improvements; provided that such a cooperative corporation is a
- 9 corporation:
- 10 (A) Having one and only one class of stock outstanding;
- 11 (B) Each of the stockholders of which is entitled solely by
- 12 reason of the stockholder's ownership of stock in the
- 13 corporation, to occupy for dwelling purposes a house, or an
- 14 apartment in a building owned or leased by the corporation; and
- 15 (C) No stockholder of which is entitled (either conditionally or
- 16 unconditionally) to receive any distribution not out of earnings
- 17 and profits of the corporation except in a complete or partial
- 18 liquidation of the corporation.
- 19 SECTION 13. Section 237-24.3 is amended to read as
- 20 follows:

- 1 "237-24.3. Additional amounts not taxable. In addition to
- 2 the amounts not taxable under section 237-24, this chapter shall
- 3 not apply to:
- 4 (1) Amounts received from the loading, transportation, and
- 5 unloading of agricultural commodities shipped for a producer or
- 6 produce dealer on one island of this State to a person, firm, or
- 7 organization on another island of this State. The terms
- 8 "agricultural commodity", "producer", and "produce dealer" shall
- 9 be defined in the same manner as they are defined in section
- 10 147-1; provided that agricultural commodities need not have been
- 11 produced in the State;
- 12 (2) Amounts received from sales of:
- 13 (A) Intoxicating liquor as the term "liquor" is defined in
- 14 chapter 244D;
- 15 (B) Cigarettes and tobacco products as defined in chapter 245;
- **16** and
- 17 (C) Agricultural, meat, or fish products;
- 18 to any person or common carrier in interstate or foreign
- 19 commerce, or both, whether ocean-going or air, for consumption
- 20 out-of-state on the shipper's vessels or airplanes;
- 21 (3) Amounts received by the manager or board of directors of:

- 1 (A) An association of apartment owners of a condominium property
- 2 regime established in accordance with chapter 514A; or
- 3 (B) A nonprofit homeowners or community association incorporated
- 4 in accordance with chapter 414D or any predecessor thereto and
- 5 existing pursuant to covenants running with the land, in
- 6 reimbursement of sums paid for common expenses;
- 7 (4) Amounts received or accrued from:
- 8 (A) The loading or unloading of cargo from ships, barges,
- 9 vessels, or aircraft, whether or not the ships, barges, vessels,
- 10 or aircraft travel between the State and other states or
- 11 countries or between the islands of the State;
- 12 (B) Tugboat services including pilotage fees performed within
- 13 the State, and the towage of ships, barges, or vessels in and
- 14 out of state harbors, or from one pier to another; and
- 15 (C) The transportation of pilots or governmental officials to
- 16 ships, barges, or vessels offshore; rigging gear; checking
- 17 freight and similar services; standby charges; and use of
- 18 moorings and running mooring lines;
- 19 (5) Amounts received by an employee benefit plan by way of
- 20 contributions, dividends, interest, and other income; and
- 21 amounts received by a nonprofit organization or office, as
- 22 payments for costs and expenses incurred for the administration

- 1 of an employee benefit plan; provided that this exemption shall
- 2 not apply to any gross rental income or gross rental proceeds
- 3 received after June 30, 1994, as income from investments in real
- 4 property in this State; and provided further that gross rental
- 5 income or gross rental proceeds from investments in real
- 6 property received by an employee benefit plan after June 30,
- 7 1994, under written contracts executed prior to July 1, 1994,
- 8 shall not be taxed until the contracts are renegotiated,
- 9 renewed, or extended, or until after December 31, 1998,
- 10 whichever is earlier. For the purposes of this paragraph,
- 11 "employee benefit plan" means any plan as defined in section
- 12 1002(3) of title 29 of the United States Code, as amended;
- 13 (6) Amounts received for purchases made with United States
- 14 Department of Agriculture food coupons under the federal food
- 15 stamp program, and amounts received for purchases made with
- 16 United States Department of Agriculture food vouchers under the
- 17 Special Supplemental Foods Program for Women, Infants and
- 18 Children;
- 19 (7) Amounts received by a hospital, infirmary, medical clinic,
- 20 health care facility, pharmacy, or a practitioner licensed to
- 21 administer the drug to an individual for selling prescription
- 22 drugs or prosthetic devices to an individual; provided that this

- 1 paragraph shall not apply to any amounts received for services
- 2 provided in selling prescription drugs or prosthetic devices. As
- 3 used in this paragraph:
- 4 (A) "Prescription drugs" are those drugs defined under section
- 5 328-1 and dispensed by filling or refilling a written or oral
- 6 prescription by a practitioner licensed under law to administer
- 7 the drug and sold by a licensed pharmacist under section 328-16
- 8 or practitioners licensed to administer drugs; and
- 9 (B) "Prosthetic device" means a replacement, corrective, or
- 10 supportive device including repair and replacement parts for
- 11 same worn on or in the body to:
- 12 (1) artificially replace a missing portion of the body;
- 13 (2) prevent or correct physical deformity or malfunction; or
- 14 (3) support a weak or deformed portion of the body.
- 15 A prosthetic device does not include corrective eyeglasses,
- 16 contact lenses, hearing aids, and dental prothesis. [any
- 17 artificial device or appliance, instrument, apparatus, or
- 18 contrivance, including their components, parts, accessories,
- 19 and replacements thereof, used to replace a missing or
- 20 surgically removed part of the human body, which is prescribed
- 21 by a licensed practitioner of medicine, osteopathy, or
- 22 podiatry and which is sold by the practitioner or which is

___.B. NO. __

- 1 dispensed and sold by a dealer of prosthetic devices; provided
- 2 that "prosthetic device" shall not mean any auditory,
- 3 ophthalmic, dental, or ocular device or appliance, instrument,
- 4 apparatus, or contrivance];
- 5 (8) Taxes on transient accommodations imposed by chapter 237D
- 6 and passed on and collected by operators holding certificates of
- 7 registration under that chapter;
- 8 (9) Amounts received as dues by an unincorporated merchants
- 9 association from its membership for advertising media,
- 10 promotional, and advertising costs for the promotion of the
- 11 association for the benefit of its members as a whole and not
- 12 for the benefit of an individual member or group of members less
- 13 than the entire membership;
- 14 (10) Amounts received by a labor organization for real property
- 15 leased to:
- 16 (A) A labor organization; or
- 17 (B) A trust fund established by a labor organization for the
- 18 benefit of its members, families, and dependents for medical or
- 19 hospital care, pensions on retirement or death of employees,
- 20 apprenticeship and training, and other membership service
- 21 programs.

__.B. NO.

- 1 As used in this paragraph, "labor organization" means a labor
- 2 organization exempt from federal income tax under section
- 3 501(c)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended;
- 4 (11) Amounts received from foreign diplomats and consular
- 5 officials who are holding cards issued or authorized by the
- 6 United States Department of State granting them an exemption
- 7 from state taxes; and
- 8 (12) Amounts received as rent for the rental or leasing of
- 9 aircraft or aircraft engines used by the lessees or renters for
- 10 interstate air transportation of passengers and goods. For
- 11 purposes of this paragraph, payments made pursuant to a lease
- 12 shall be considered rent regardless of whether the lease is an
- 13 operating lease or a financing lease. The definition of
- 14 "interstate air transportation" is the same as in 49 U.S.C.
- **15** 40102.
- SECTION 14. Section 237-29.55 is repealed.
- 17 SECTION 15. Section 237-34 is amended to read as follows:
- 18 ""\$237-34 Filing of returns; disclosure of returns unlawful,
- 19 penalty; destruction of returns. (a) All monthly and annual
- 20 returns shall be transmitted to the office of the taxation
- 21 district in which the privilege upon which the tax accrued is
- 22 exercised. Where the privilege is exercised in more than one

- 1 taxation district the returns shall be transmitted to the office
- 2 of the first district.
- 3 (b) All tax returns and return information required to be
- 4 filed under this chapter, and the report of any investigation of
- 5 the return or of the subject matter of the return, shall be
- 6 confidential. It shall be unlawful for any person or any
- 7 officer or employee of the State to intentionally make known
- 8 information imparted by any tax return or return information
- 9 filed pursuant to this chapter, or any report of any
- 10 investigation of the return or of the subject matter of the
- 11 return, or to wilfully permit any such return, return
- 12 information, or report so made, or any copy thereof, to be seen
- or examined by any person; provided that for tax purposes only
- 14 the taxpayer, the taxpayer's authorized agent, or persons with a
- 15 material interest in the return, return information, or report
- 16 may examine them. Unless otherwise provided by law, persons
- 17 with a material interest in the return, return information, or
- 18 report shall include:
- 19 (1) Trustees;
- 20 (2) Partners;
- 21 (3) Persons named in a board resolution or a one per cent
- shareholder in case of a corporate return;

___.B. NO. ___

1	(4)	The person authorized to act for a corporation in
2		dissolution;
3	(5)	The shareholder of an S corporation;
4	(6)	The personal representative, trustee, heir, or
5		beneficiary of an estate or trust in case of the
6		estate's or decedent's return;
7	(7)	The committee, trustee, or guardian of any person in
8		paragraphs (1) to (6) who is incompetent;
9	(8)	The trustee in bankruptcy or receiver, and the
10		attorney-in-fact of any person in paragraphs (1) to
11		(7);
12	(9)	Persons duly authorized by the State in connection
13		with their official duties;
14	(10)	Any duly accredited tax official of the United States
15		or of any state or territory;
16	(11)	The Multistate Tax Commission or its authorized
17		representative;
18	(12)	Members of a limited liability company; and
19	(13)	A person contractually obligated to pay the taxes
20		assessed against another when the latter person is
21		under audit by the department; and

.B. NO.

1 (14) The Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board, Inc. or its authorized representative. 2 Any violation of this subsection shall be a misdemeanor. 3 (c) The department may destroy the monthly returns filed 4 5 pursuant to section 237-30, or any of them, upon the expiration of three years after the end of the calendar year in which the 6 taxes so returned accrued." 7 SECTION 16. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by adding a 8 new chapter 237A to be appropriately designated, entitled Tax on 9 Wholesalers, Service Businesses, and Contractors, and to read as 10 11 follows: "§237A-1 Definitions. (a) The definitions contained in 12 sections 237-1, 237-2 and 237-3 shall be applicable for this 13 14 chapter. "Wholesaler", "Jobber" defined. (a) "Wholesaler" 15 §237A-2 or "jobber" applies only to a person making sales at wholesale. **16** Only the following are sales at wholesale: **17** Sales to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other 18 (1) licensed seller for purposes of resale; 19 (2) Sales to a licensed manufacturer of materials or 20 21 commodities that are to be incorporated by the

manufacturer into a finished or saleable product

(including the container or package in which the product is contained) during the course of its preservation, manufacture, or processing, including preparation for market, and that will remain in such finished or saleable product in such form as to be perceptible to the senses, which finished or saleable product is to be sold and not otherwise used by the manufacturer;

- (3) Sales to a licensed producer or cooperative association of materials or commodities that are to be incorporated by the producer or by the cooperative association into a finished or saleable product that is to be sold and not otherwise used by the producer or cooperative association, including specifically materials or commodities expended as essential to the planting, growth, nurturing, and production of commodities that are sold by the producer or by the cooperative association;
 - (4) Sales to a licensed contractor, of materials or commodities that are to be incorporated by the contractor into the finished work or project required by the contract and that will remain in such finished

work or project in such form as to be perceptible to
the senses;

(5) Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative 3 association described in section 237-23(a)(7) for sale 4 5 to a licensed producer, or to a licensed person operating a feed lot, of poultry or animal feed, 6 hatching eggs, semen, replacement stock, breeding 7 services for the purpose of raising or producing animal 8 or poultry products for disposition as described in 9 section 237-5 or for incorporation into a manufactured **10** product as described in paragraph (2) or for the 11 purpose of breeding, hatching, milking, or egg laying 12 other than for the customer's own consumption of the 13 meat, poultry, eggs, or milk so produced; provided that 14 in the case of a feed lot operator, only the segregated 15 cost of the feed furnished by the feed lot operator as 16 17 part of the feed lot operator's service to a licensed producer of poultry or animals to be butchered or to a 18 cooperative association described in section 237-19 23(a)(7) of such licensed producers shall be deemed to 20 21 be a sale at wholesale; and provided further that any amount derived from the furnishing of feed lot 22

services, other than the segregated cost of feed, shall
be deemed taxable at the service business rate. This

paragraph shall not apply to the sale of feed for

poultry or animals to be used for hauling,

transportation, or sports purposes;

- (6) Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative association described in section 237-23(a)(7) for sale to the producer, of seed or seedstock for producing agricultural and aquacultural products, or bait for catching fish (including the catching of bait for catching fish), which agricultural and aquacultural products or fish are to be disposed of as described in section 237-5 or to be incorporated in a manufactured product as described in paragraph (2);
- (7) Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative association described in section 237-23(a)(7) for sale to such producer; of polypropylene shade cloth; of polyfilm; of polyethylene film; of cartons and such other containers, wrappers, and sacks, and binders to be used for packaging eggs, vegetables, fruits, and other agricultural and aquacultural products; of seedlings and cuttings for producing nursery plants or

1		aquacultural products; or of chick containers; which
2		cartons and such other containers, wrappers, and sacks,
3		binders, seedlings, cuttings, and containers are to be
4		used as described in section 237-5, or to be
5		incorporated in a manufactured product as described in
6		<pre>paragraph (2);</pre>
7	(8)	Sales of tangible personal property:
8		(A) To a licensed seller engaged in a service business
9		or calling; provided that:
10		(i) The property is not consumed or incidental to
11		the performance of the services;
12		(ii) There is a resale of the article at the retail
13		rate of four per cent; and
14		(iii) The resale of the article is separately
15		charged or billed by the person rendering the
16		services;
17		(B) Where:
18		(i) Tangible personal property is sold upon the
19		order or request of a licensed seller for the
20		purpose of rendering a service in the course of
21		the person's service business or calling, or
22		upon the order or request of a person subject to

___.B. NO. ____

1	tax under section 237D-2 for the purpose of
2	furnishing transient accommodations;
3	(ii) The tangible personal property becomes or is
4	used as an identifiable element of the service
5	rendered; and
6	(iii) The cost of the tangible personal property
7	does not constitute overhead to the licensed
8	seller; the sale shall be subject to section
9	237-13.3; or
10	(C) Where the taxpayer is subject to both subparagraphs
11	(A) and (B), then the taxpayer shall be taxed under
12	subparagraph (A). Subparagraphs (A) and (C) shall
13	be repealed on January 1, 2006;
14	(9) Sales to a licensed leasing company of capital goods
15	that have a depreciable life, are purchased by the
16	leasing company for lease to its customers, and are
17	thereafter leased as a service to others;
18	(10) Sales of services to a licensed seller engaging in a
19	business or calling whenever:
20	(A) Either:
21	(i) In the context of a service-to-service
22	transaction, a service is rendered upon the

__.B. NO. ____

1	order or request of a licensed seller for the
2	purpose of rendering another service in the
3	course of the seller's service business or
4	calling;
5	(ii) In the context of a service-to-tangible
6	personal property transaction, a service is
7	rendered upon the order or request of a
8	licensed seller for the purpose of
9	manufacturing, producing, or preparing tangible
10	personal property to be sold;
11	(iii) In the context of a services-to-contracting
12	transaction, a service is rendered upon the
13	order or request of a licensed contractor as
14	defined in section 237-6 for the purpose of
15	assisting that licensed contractor; or
16	(iv) In the context of a services-to-transient
17	accommodations rental transaction, a service is
18	rendered upon the order or request of a person
19	subject to tax under section 237D-2 for the
20	purpose of furnishing transient accommodations;
21	(B) The benefit of the service passes to the customer of
22	the licensed seller, licensed contractor, or person

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

1	furnishing transient accommodations as an identifiable
2	element of the other service or property to be sold, the
3	contracting, or the furnishing of transient
4	accommodations:

- (C) The cost of the service does not constitute overhead to the licensed seller, licensed contractor, or person furnishing transient accommodations;
- (D) The gross income of the licensed seller is not divided between the licensed seller and another licensed seller, contractor, or person furnishing transient accommodations for imposition of the tax under this chapter;
 - (E) The gross income of the licensed seller is not subject to a deduction under this chapter or chapter 237D; and
 - (F) The resale of the service, tangible personal property, contracting, or transient accommodations is subject to the tax imposed under this chapter at the highest tax rate. Sales subject to this paragraph shall be subject to section 237-13.3.
- 20 (11) Sales to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
 21 licensed seller of bulk condiments or prepackaged
 22 single-serving packets of condiments that are provided

1	to customers by the licensed retail merchant, jobber,
2	or other licensed seller;
3	(12) Sales to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
4	licensed seller of tangible personal property that will
5	be incorporated or processed by the licensed retail
6	merchant, jobber, or other licensed seller into a
7	finished or saleable product during the course of its
8	preparation for market (including disposable,
9	nonreturnable containers, packages, or wrappers, in
10	which the product is contained and that are generally
11	known and most commonly used to contain food or
12	beverage for transfer or delivery), and which finished
13	or saleable product is to be sold and not otherwise
14	used by the licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
15	licensed seller;
16	(13) Sales of amusements subject to taxation under section
17	237-13(4) to a licensed seller engaging in a business
18	or calling whenever:
19	(A) Either:
20	(i) In the context of an amusement-to-service
21	transaction, an amusement is rendered upon the
22	order or request of a licensed seller for the

___.B. NO. ___

1	purpose of rendering another service in the
2	course of the seller's service business or
3	calling;
4	(ii) In the context of an amusement-to-tangible
5	personal property transaction, an amusement is
6	rendered upon the order or request of a licensed
7	seller for the purpose of selling tangible
8	personal property; or
9	(iii) In the context of an amusement-to-amusement
10	transaction, an amusement is rendered upon the
11	order or request of a licensed seller for the
12	purpose of rendering another amusement in the
13	course of the person's amusement business;
14	(B) The benefit of the amusement passes to the customer
15	of the licensed seller as an identifiable element
16	of the other service, tangible personal property to
17	be sold, or amusement;
18	(C) The cost of the amusement does not constitute
19	overhead to the licensed seller;
20	(D) The gross income of the licensed seller is not
21	divided between the licensed seller and another
22	licensed seller, person furnishing transient

1	accommodations, or person rendering an amusement for
2	imposition of the tax under chapter 237;
3	(E) The gross income of the licensed seller is not
4	subject to a deduction under this chapter; and
5	(F) The resale of the service, tangible personal
6	property, or amusement is subject to the tax imposed
7	under this chapter at the highest rate. As used in
8	this paragraph, "amusement" means entertainment
9	provided as part of a show for which there is an
10	admission charge. Sales subject to this paragraph
11	shall be subject to section 237-13.3; and
12	(14) Sales by a printer to a publisher of magazines or
13	similar printed materials containing advertisements,
14	when the publisher is under contract with the
15	advertisers to distribute a minimum number of
16	magazines or similar printed materials to the public
17	or defined segment of the public, whether or not there
18	is a charge to the persons who actually receive the
19	magazines or similar printed materials.
20	(b) If the use tax law is finally held by a court of
21	competent jurisdiction to be unconstitutional or invalid

insofar as it purports to tax the use or consumption of

1 tangible personal property imported into the State in interstate or foreign commerce or both, wholesalers and 2 jobbers shall be taxed thereafter under this chapter in 3 accordance with the following definition (which shall 4 5 supersede the preceding paragraph otherwise defining "wholesaler" or "jobber"): "Wholesaler" or "jobber" means a 6 person, or a definitely organized division thereof, 7 definitely organized to render and rendering a general 8 9 distribution service that buys and maintains at the person's place of business a stock or lines of merchandise **10** that the person distributes; and that the person, through 11 salespersons, advertising, or sales promotion devices, 12 sells to licensed retailers, to institutional or licensed 13 commercial or industrial users, in wholesale quantities and 14 at wholesale rates. A corporation deemed not to be carrying 15 on a trade or business in this State under section 235-6 16 17 shall nevertheless be deemed to be a wholesaler and shall be subject to the tax imposed by this chapter. 18 §237A-3 "Producer" defined. "Producer" means any person 19 engaged in the business of raising and producing agricultural 20 21 products in their natural state, or in producing natural resource products, or engaged in the business of fishing or 22

- 1 aquaculture, for sale, or for shipment or transportation out of
- 2 the State, of the agricultural or aquaculture products in their
- 3 natural or processed state, or butchered and dressed, or the
- 4 natural resource products, or fish.
- 5 As used in this section "agricultural products" include
- 6 floricultural, horticultural, viticultural, forestry, nut,
- 7 coffee, dairy, livestock, poultry, bee, animal, and any other
- 8 farm, agronomic, or plantation products.
- 9 "§237A-4 Definitions. The definitions contained in
- 10 sections 237-6 and 237-7 shall be applicable for this chapter.
- 11 "237A-5 Administrative Provisions. Sections 237-8, 237-
- 12 9, 237-9.5, 237-11, and 237-12 shall be applicable for this
- 13 chapter
- 14 §237A-6 Imposition of tax. There is hereby levied and shall
- 15 be assessed and collected annually privilege taxes against
- 16 persons on account of their business and other activities in the
- 17 State measured by the application of rates against values of
- 18 products, gross proceeds of sales, or gross income, whichever is
- 19 specified, as follows:
- 20 (1) Tax on manufacturers.

16

17

18

19

20

21

(A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within the State in the business of manufacturing, including compounding, canning, preserving, packing, printing, publishing, milling, processing, refining, or preparing for sale, profit, or commercial use, either directly or through the activity of others, in whole or in part, any article or articles, substance or substances, commodity or commodities, the amount of the tax to be equal to the value of the articles, substances, or commodities, manufactured, compounded, canned, preserved, packed, printed, milled, processed, refined, or prepared for sale, as shown by the gross proceeds derived from the sale thereof by the manufacturer or person compounding, preparing, or printing them, multiplied by one-half of one per cent.

(B) The measure of the tax on manufacturers is the value of the entire product for sale, regardless of the place of sale or the fact that deliveries may be made to points outside the State.

20

21

22

1	(C)	If any person liable for the tax on manufacturers
2		ships or transports the person's product, or any
3		part thereof, out of the State, whether in a
4		finished or unfinished condition, or sells the same
5		for delivery to points outside the State (for
6		example, consigned to a mainland purchaser via
7		common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), the value of the
8		products in the condition or form in which they
9		exist immediately before entering interstate or
10		foreign commerce, determined as hereinafter
11		provided, shall be the basis for the assessment of
12		the tax imposed by this paragraph. This tax shall
13		be due and payable as of the date of entry of the
14		products into interstate or foreign commerce,
15		whether the products are then sold or not. The
16		department shall determine the basis for
17		assessment, as provided by this paragraph, as
18		follows:

(i) If the products at the time of their entry into interstate or foreign commerce already have been sold, the gross proceeds of sale, less the transportation expenses, if any, incurred in

realizing the gross proceeds for transportation from the time of entry of the products into interstate or foreign commerce, including insurance and storage in transit, shall be the measure of the value of the products;

7 8 9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

4

5

6

(ii) If the products have not been sold at the time of their entry into interstate or foreign commerce, and in cases governed by clause (i) in which the products are sold under circumstances such that the gross proceeds of sale are not indicative of the true value of the products, the value of the products constituting the basis for assessment shall correspond as nearly as possible to the gross proceeds of sales for delivery outside the State, adjusted as provided in clause (i), or if sufficient data are not available, sales in the State, of similar products of like quality and character and in similar quantities, made by the taxpayer (unless not indicative of the true value) or by others. Sales outside the State, adjusted as provided in clause (i), may

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

be considered when they constitute the best

available data. The department shall prescribe

uniform and equitable rules for ascertaining

the values;

- (iii) At the election of the taxpayer and with the approval of the department, the taxpayer may make the taxpayer's returns under clause (i) even though the products have not been sold at the time of their entry into interstate or foreign commerce; and
- (iv) In all cases in which products leave the State in an unfinished condition, the basis for assessment shall be adjusted so as to deduct the portion of the value as is attributable to the finishing of the goods outside the State.
- (2) Tax on Producers.
- 17 (A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within
 18 this State in the business of a producer, the tax
 19 shall be equal to one-half of one per cent of the
 20 gross proceeds of sales of the business, or the
 21 value of the products, for sale, if sold for

delivery outside the State or shipped or

transported out of the State, and the value of

the products shall be determined in the same

manner as the value of manufactured products

covered in the cases under paragraph (1)(C).

- in the State and selling the manufacturer's or producer's products for delivery outside of the State (for example, consigned to a mainland purchaser via common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), shall be required to pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the privilege of so selling the products, and the value or gross proceeds of sales of the products shall be included only in determining the measure of the tax imposed upon the manufacturer or producer.
- (4) Tax upon theaters, amusements, radio broadcasting stations, etc. Upon every person engaging or continuing within the State in the business of operating a theater, opera house, moving picture show, vaudeville, amusement park, dance hall, skating rink, radio broadcasting station, or any other place at

5

7

8

9

10

1	which	${\tt amusements}$	are	offered	to	the	public,	at
2	wholes	sale;						

- (5) Tax on service business.
 - (A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within the State in any service business or calling including professional services not otherwise specifically taxed under this chapter, as a wholesaler described in section 237A-2, the tax shall be equal to one-half of one per cent of the gross income of the business.
- (6) Tax on Sales by Wholesalers.
- (A) Upon every person who is engaged in the business 12 of a wholesaler or jobber as described in section 13 237A-2 of selling any tangible personal property 14 whatsoever (not including, however, bonds or other 15 evidences of indebtedness, or stocks), there is 16 17 hereby levied, and shall be assessed and collected, a tax equivalent to one-half of one per 18 cent of the gross proceeds of sales of the 19 business as a wholesaler or jobber as defined in 20 21 section 237A-2.

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

1 (B) Gross proceeds of sales of tangible property in interstate and foreign commerce shall constitute a 2 part of the measure of the tax imposed on persons 3 in the business of selling tangible personal 4 5 property as a wholesaler, to the extent, under the conditions, and in accordance with the provisions 6 of the Constitution of the United States and the 7 8 Acts of Congress of the United States which may be now in force or may be hereafter adopted, and 9 whenever there occurs in the State an activity to **10** which, under the Constitution and Acts of 11 Congress, there may be attributed gross proceeds 12 of sales, the gross proceeds shall be so 13 attributed. 14

(C) When a manufacturer or producer, as defined in section_237A-00, engaged in such business in the State, also is engaged in selling the manufacturer's or producer's products in the State at wholesale, taxed under this chapter, retail, or in any other manner, the tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling the products in the State shall apply to the manufacturer or producer as well as the tax for the privilege of manufacturing or producing in the State, and the manufacturer or

- 1 producer shall make the returns of the gross proceeds of the
- 2 wholesale, retail, or other sales required for the privilege of
- 3 selling in the State, as well as making the returns of the value
- 4 or gross proceeds of sales of the products required for the
- 5 privilege of manufacturing or producing in the State. The
- 6 manufacturer or producer shall pay the tax imposed in this
- 7 chapter for the privilege of selling its products in the State,
- 8 and the value or gross proceeds of sales of the products, thus
- 9 subjected to tax, may be deducted insofar as duplicated as to
- 10 the same products by the measure of the tax upon the
- 11 manufacturer or producer for the privilege of manufacturing or
- 12 producing in the State under Chapter 237A; provided that no
- 13 producer of agricultural products who sells the products to a
- 14 purchaser who will process the products outside the State shall
- 15 be required to pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the
- 16 privilege of producing or selling those products.
- 17 "§ 237A-7 Resale Certificates. (A) The department, by
- 18 rule, may require that a seller take from the purchaser of
- 19 tangible personal property a certificate, in a form prescribed by
- 20 the department, certifying that the sale is a sale at wholesale;
- 21 provided that:

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

1	(i) Any purchaser who furnishes a certificate shall
2	be obligated to pay to the seller, upon demand,
3	the amount of the additional tax that is imposed
4	upon the seller whenever the sale in fact is not
5	at wholesale; and

- (ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall give rise to the presumption that the sale is not at wholesale unless the sales of the business are exclusively at wholesale.
- (B) The department may require that the person rendering an amusement at wholesale take from the licensed seller a certificate, in a form prescribed by the department, certifying that the sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
 - (i) Any licensed seller who furnishes a certificate shall be obligated to pay to the person rendering the amusement, upon demand, the amount of additional tax that is imposed upon the seller whenever the sale is not at wholesale; and

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

1	(ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
2	give rise to the presumption that the sale is
3	not at wholesale unless the person rendering the
4	sale is exclusively rendering the amusement at
5	wholesale.

- (C) The department may require that the person rendering a service at wholesale take from the licensed seller a certificate, in a form prescribed by the department, certifying that the sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
 - (i) Any licensed seller who furnishes a certificate shall be obligated to pay to the person rendering the service, upon demand, the amount of additional tax that is imposed upon the seller whenever the sale is not at wholesale; and
 - (ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall give rise to the presumption that the sale is not at wholesale unless the person rendering the sale is exclusively rendering services at wholesale.

1 "237A-8 Tax on receipts of sugar benefit payments. Upon the amounts received from the United States government 2 by any producer of sugar (or the producer's legal 3 representative or heirs), as defined under and by virtue 4 5 of the Sugar Act of 1948, as amended, or other Acts of the Congress of the United States relating thereto, 6 there is hereby levied a tax of one-half of one per cent 7 of the gross amount received; provided that the tax 8 9 levied hereunder on any amount so received and actually disbursed to another by a producer in the form of a **10** benefit payment shall be paid by the person or persons 11 to whom the amount is actually disbursed, and the 12 producer actually making a benefit payment to another 13 shall be entitled to claim on the producer's return a 14 deduction from the gross amount taxable hereunder in the 15 sum of the amount so disbursed. The amounts taxed under 16 this paragraph shall not be taxable under any other 17 paragraph, subsection, or section of this chapter. 18 19 §237A-9 Segregation of gross income, etc., on records and in returns. The imposition of taxes and the application of tax 20 rates do not depend upon the business in which the taxpayer is 21

primarily engaged. One business may be subject to two or more

- 1 tax rates. If a business is within the purview of two or more of
- 2 the paragraphs of section 237-13 or other provisions of this
- 3 chapter all of them apply, each provision being applicable to
- 4 the appropriate item of gross income, gross proceeds of sales,
- 5 or value of products. However, any person engaging or continuing
- 6 in a business having gross income, gross proceeds of sales, and
- 7 value of products, or any of these as the case may be, taxable
- 8 at different rates, shall be subject to taxation upon the
- 9 aggregate amount of the gross income, gross proceeds of sales,
- 10 and value of products of the business at the highest rate
- 11 applicable to any part of the aggregate, unless the person shall
- 12 segregate the parts taxable at different rates upon the person's
- 13 records and in the person's returns, and shall sustain the
- 14 burden of proving that the segregation was correctly made.
- 15 §237A-10 Assessment on generated electricity. Any other
- 16 provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding, the levy and
- 17 assessment of tax on the gross proceeds from the sale of
- 18 electric power to a public utility company for resale to the
- 19 public, shall be made only as a tax on business of a producer,
- 20 at the rate assessed producers, under section 237A-6(2)

1 §237A-11 Technicians. When technicians supply dentists or physicians with dentures, orthodontic devices, braces, and 2 similar items which have been prepared by the technician in 3 accordance with specifications furnished by the dentist or 4 physician, and such items are to be used by the dentist or 5 physician in the dentist's or physician's professional practice 6 for a particular patient who is to pay the dentist or physician 7 for the same as a part of the dentist's or physician's 8 professional services, the technician shall be taxed as though the technician were a manufacturer selling a product to a **10** licensed retailer, rather than pursuant to chapter 237 at the 11 rate of four per cent which is generally applied to professions 12 and services. 13 §237A-11.5 Activity Ordered by Others. (a) Where, 14 through the activity of a person taxable under section 237-15 13(5), a product has been milled, processed, or otherwise 16 manufactured upon the order of another taxpayer who is a 17 manufacturer taxable upon the value of the entire manufactured 18 products, which consists in part of the value of the services 19 taxable under section 237-13(5), so much gross income as is 20 derived from the rendering of the services shall be subjected to 21

tax on the person rendering the services at the rate of one-half

- 1 of one per cent, and the value of the entire product shall be
- 2 included in the measure of the tax imposed on the other taxpayer
- 3 as elsewhere provided.
- 4 (b) Where, through the activity of a person taxable under
- 5 section 237-13(5), there have been rendered to a cane planter
- 6 services consisting in the harvesting or hauling of the cane, or
- 7 consisting in road maintenance, under a contract between the
- 8 person rendering the services and the cane planter, covering the
- 9 services and also the milling of the sugar, the services of
- 10 harvesting and hauling the cane and road maintenance shall be
- 11 treated the same as the service of milling the cane, as provided
- 12 by subsection (a), and the value of the entire product,
- 13 manufactured or sold for the cane planter under the contract,
- 14 shall be included in the measure of the tax imposed on the
- 15 persons elsewhere provided.
- 16 §237A-12 Apportionment. In the case of a tax upon the
- 17 production of property in the State the apportionment shall be
- 18 determined as in the case of the tax on manufacturers provided
- 19 in section 237A-5.
- 20 "§237A-13 Conformity to Constitution. Section 237-22 shall
- 21 be applicable for this chapter.

- 1 "237A-14 Exemptions. The exemptions provided in section
- 2 237-23, 237-26, 237-27.5, 237-29, 237-29.5, and 237-29.53 shall
- 3 be applicable for this chapter.
- §237A-15 Amounts not taxable. This chapter shall not apply to the following amounts:
- (1) The amounts of taxes on cigarettes and tobacco products
 imposed by chapter 245 on wholesalers or dealers
 holding licenses under that chapter and selling the
 products at wholesale;
- 10 (2) The amounts of federal taxes under chapter 37 of the

 11 Internal Revenue Code, or similar federal taxes,

 12 imposed on sugar manufactured in the State, paid by

 13 the manufacturer to the federal government;
- Gross income received by any blind, deaf, or totally 14 (3) disabled person engaging, or continuing, in any 15 16 business, trade, activity, occupation, or calling within the State; a corporation all of whose 17 outstanding shares are owned by an individual or 18 individuals who are blind, deaf, or totally disabled; 19 20 a general, limited or limited liability partnership, all of whose partners are blind, deaf, or totally 21

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

1	disabled	; or	а	limited	liabi	ility	company,	all	of	whose
2	members	are :	bli	nd, deaf	, or	total	ly disab	led;		

- (4) Amounts received by a producer of sugarcane from the manufacturer to whom the producer sells the sugarcane, where:
 - (A) The producer is an independent cane farmer, so classed by the Secretary of Agriculture under the Sugar Act of 1948 (61 Stat. 922, Chapter 519) as the Act may be amended or supplemented;
 - (B) The value or gross proceeds of sale of the sugar, and other products manufactured from the sugarcane, is included in the measure of the tax levied on the manufacturer under section 237-13(1) or (2);
 - (C) The producer's gross proceeds of sales are dependent upon the actual value of the products manufactured therefrom or the average value of all similar products manufactured by the manufacturer; and

- 1 (D) The producer's gross proceeds of sales are reduced
 2 by reason of the tax on the value or sale of the
 3 manufactured products;
- 4 "237A-18 Exemption for sale of tangible personal
- 5 property for resale at wholesale. (a) There shall be exempted
- 6 from, and excluded from the measure of, the taxes imposed by
- 7 this chapter all of the gross proceeds or gross income arising
- 8 from the sale of tangible personal property imported to Hawaii
- 9 from a foreign or domestic source to a licensed taxpayer for
- 10 subsequent resale for the purpose of wholesale as denied under
- 11 section 237A-2.
- 12 (b) The department, by rule, may provide that a seller
- 13 may take from the purchaser of imported tangible personal
- 14 property, a certificate, in a form that the department shall
- 15 prescribe, certifying that the purchaser of the imported
- 16 tangible personal property shall resell the imported tangible
- 17 personal property at wholesale as defined under section 237A-2.
- 18 Any purchaser who furnishes a certificate shall be obligated to
- 19 pay to the seller, upon demand, if the sale in fact is not a
- 20 sale for the purpose of resale at wholesale, the amount of the
- 21 additional tax which by reason thereof is imposed upon the

- 1 seller. The absence of a certificate, unless the sales of the
- 2 business are exclusively a sale for the purpose of resale at
- 3 wholesale, in itself, shall give rise to the presumption that
- 4 the sale is not a sale for the purpose of resale at wholesale."
- 5 "237A-19 Administrative provisions. Sections 237-20,
- 6 237-21, 237-27, 237-30, 237-31, 237-32, 237-33, 237-33.5, 237-
- **7** 34, 237-35, 237-36, 237-37, 237-38, 237-39, 237-40, 237-41, 237-
- 8 42, 237-43, 237-46, 237-47, and 237-49 shall be applicable for
- 9 this chapter."
- 10 SECTION 17. Section 238-2 is amended to read as follows:
- 11 "§ 238-2 Imposition of tax on tangible personal property;
- 12 exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax on the use in
- 13 this State of tangible personal property which is imported by a
- 14 taxpayer in this State whether owned, purchased from an
- 15 unlicensed seller, or however acquired for use in this State,
- 16 unless subject to tax or exempt from tax under Chapter 238A.
- 17 The tax imposed by this chapter shall accrue when the property
- 18 is acquired by the importer or purchaser and becomes subject to
- 19 the taxing jurisdiction of the State. The rate [s] of tax hereby
- 20 imposed is [and the exemption thereof are as follows:
- 21 (1) If the importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter
- 22 237 and is:

___.B. NO. ____

1	(A)	A wholesaler or jobber importing or
2		purchasing for purposes of sale or resale;
3		Or
4	(B)	A manufacturer importing or purchasing
5		material or commodities which are to be
6		incorporated by the manufacturer into a
7		finished or saleable product (including the
8		container or package in which the product
9		is contained) wherein it will remain in
10		such form as to be perceptible to the
11		senses, and which finished or saleable
12		product is to be sold in such manner as to
13		result in a further tax on the activity of
14		the manufacturer as the manufacturer or as
15		a wholesaler, and not as a retailer, there
16		shall be no tax; provided that if the
17		wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer is also
18		engaged in business as a retailer (so
19		classed under chapter 237), paragraph (2)
20		shall apply to the wholesaler, jobber or
21		manufacturer, but the director of taxation
22		shall refund to the wholesaler, jobber, or
23		manufacturer, in the manner provided under
24		section 231 23(c) such amount of tax as the
25		wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer shall,

1	to the satisfaction of the director,
2	establish to have been paid by the
3	wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer to the
4	director with respect to the property which
5	has been used by the wholesaler, jobber, or
6	manufacturer for the purposes stated in
7	this paragraph;
8	(2) If the importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter
9	237 and is:
10	(A) A retailer or person importing or
11	purchasing for purposes of sale or resale,
12	not exempted by paragraph (1);
13	(B) A manufacturer importing or purchasing
14	material or commodities which are to be
15	incorporated by the manufacturer into a
16	finished or saleable product (including the
17	container or package in which the product
18	is contained) wherein it will remain in
19	such form as to be perceptible to the
20	senses, and which finished or saleable
21	product is to be sold at retail in this
22	State, in such manner as to result in a
23	further tax on the activity of the
24	manufacturer in selling such product at
25	retail;

1	(C) A contractor importing or purchasing
2	material or commodities which are to be
3	incorporated by the contractor into the
4	finished work or project required by the
5	contract and which will remain in such
6	finished work or project in such form as to
7	be perceptible to the senses;
8	(D) A person engaged in a service business
9	or calling as defined in section 237 7, or a
10	person furnishing transient accommodations
11	subject to the tax imposed by section 237D 2,
12	in which the import or purchase of tangible
13	personal property would have qualified as
14	sale at wholesale as defined in section 237
15	4(a)(8) had the seller of the property been
16	subject to the tax in chapter 237; or
17	(E) A publisher of magazines or similar
18	printed materials containing advertisements,
19	when the publisher is under contract with the
20	advertisers to distribute a minimum number of
21	magazines or similar printed materials to the
22	public or defined segment of the public,
23	whether or not there is a charge to the
24	persons who actually receive the magazines or
25	similar printed materials.

1 the tax shall be one-half of one per cent of the purchase price of the property, if the purchase and sale are 2 consummated in Hawaii; or, if there is no purchase price 3 applicable thereto, or if the purchase or sale is 4 consummated outside of Hawaii, then one-half of one per cent 5 of the value of such property; and 6 7 In all other cases,] four per cent of the value of the 8 property. 9 For purposes of this section, tangible personal property is property that is imported by the taxpayer for use in this **10** State, notwithstanding the fact that title to the property, 11 or the risk of loss to the property, passes to the 12 purchaser of the property at a location outside this State. 13 SECTION 18. Section 238-2.3 is amended to read as follows: 14 §238-2.3 Imposition of tax on imported services or 15 contracting; exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise 16 tax on the value of services or contracting as defined in 17 section 237-6 that are performed by an unlicensed seller at 18 a point outside the State and imported or purchased for use 19 in this State, unless subject to tax or exempt from tax 20 under Chapter 238A. The tax imposed by this chapter shall 21 22 accrue when the service or contracting as defined in section 237-6 is received by the importer or purchaser and 23 24 becomes subject to the taxing jurisdiction of the State.

__.B. NO. ____

1	The rate[s] of the tax hereby imposed is [and the
2	exemptions from the tax are as follows:
3	(1) If the importer or purchaser is licensed under
4	chapter 237 and is:
5	(A) Engaged in a service business or calling in
6	which the imported or purchased services or
7	contracting become identifiable elements,
8	excluding overhead, of the services rendered by
9	the importer or purchaser, and the gross income
10	of the importer or purchaser is subject to the
11	tax imposed under chapter 237A on services at the
12	rate of one half of one per cent; or
13	B) A manufacturer importing or purchasing
14	services or contracting that become identifiable
15	elements, excluding overhead, of a finished or
16	saleable product (including the container or
17	package in which the product is contained) and
18	the finished or saleable product is to be sold in
19	a manner that results in a further tax on the
20	manufacturer as a wholesaler, and not a retailer;
21	there shall be no tax imposed on the value of the
22	imported or purchased services or contracting;
23	provided that if the manufacturer is also engaged
24	in business as a retailer as classified under
25	chapter 237, paragraph (2) shall apply to the
26	manufacturer, but the director of taxation shall
27	refund to the manufacturer, in the manner
28	provided under section 231-23(c), that amount of

1	tax that the manufacturer, to the satisfaction of
2	the director, shall establish to have been paid
3	by the manufacturer to the director with respect
4	to services that have been used by the
5	manufacturer for the purposes stated in this
6	paragraph.
7	(2) If the importer or purchaser is a person licensed
8	under chapter 237 and is:
o	under enapter 237 and 18:
9	A) Engaged in a service business or calling in
10	which the imported or purchased services or
11	contracting become identifiable elements,
12	excluding overhead, of the services rendered by
13	the importer or purchaser, and the gross income
14	from those services when sold by the importer or
15	purchaser is subject to the tax imposed under
16	chapter 237;
17	B) A manufacturer importing or purchasing
18	services or contracting that become identifiable
19	elements, excluding overhead, of the finished or
20	saleable manufactured product (including the
21	container or package in which the product is
22	contained) and the finished or saleable product
23	is to be sold in a manner that results in a
24	further tax under chapter 237 on the activity of
25	the manufacturer as a retailer; or
26	
26	C) A contractor importing or purchasing services
27	or contracting that become identifiable elements,

__.B. NO. ____

1	excluding overhead, of the finished work or
2	project required, under the contract, and where
3	the gross proceeds derived by the contractor are
4	subject to the tax under section 237 13(3) as a
5	contractor, the tax shall be one-half of one per
6	cent of the value of the imported or purchased
7	services or contracting, and
8	(4) In all other cases, the importer or purchaser is
9	subject to the tax at the rate of] four percent on the
10	value of the imported or purchased services or
11	contracting.
12	SECTION 19. Section 238-4 is repealed.
13	SECTION 20. A new chapter 238A to be appropriately
14	designated is added entitled Tax on Imports of Goods, Services
14	
15	and Contracting for Resale and to read as follows:
16	"§238A-1 Definitions. Definitions contained in section
17	238-1 shall be applicable for this chapter.
18	§238A-2 Imposition of tax on tangible personal property;
19	exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax on the use in
20	this State of tangible personal property which is imported by a
21	taxpayer in this State whether owned, purchased from an
22	unlicensed seller, or however acquired for use in this State.
23	The tax imposed by this chapter shall accrue when the property
24	is acquired by the importer or purchaser and becomes subject to

___.B. NO. ____

1	the taxing jurisdiction of the State. The rates of the tax
2	hereby imposed and the exemptions thereof are as follows:
3	(1) If the importer or purchaser is licensed under
4	chapter 237A and is:
_	
5	(A) A wholesaler or jobber importing or
6	purchasing for purposes of sale or resale; or
7	(B) A manufacturer importing or purchasing
8	material or commodities which are to be
9	incorporated by the manufacturer into a finished
10	or saleable product (including the container or
11	package in which the product is contained)
12	wherein it will remain in such form as to be
13	perceptible to the senses, and which finished or
14	saleable product is to be sold in such manner as
15	to result in a further tax on the activity of the
16	manufacturer as the manufacturer or as a
17	wholesaler, and not as a retailer,
18	there shall be no tax; provided that if the wholesaler, jobber,
19	or manufacturer is also engaged in business as a retailer (so
20	classed under chapter 237), paragraph (2) shall apply to the
21	wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer, but the director of
22	taxation shall refund to the wholesaler, jobber, or
23	manufacturer, in the manner provided under section 231-23(c)
24	such amount of tax as the wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer
25	shall, to the satisfaction of the director, establish to have
26	been paid by the wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer to the
27	director with respect to property which has been used by the

1	wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer for the purposes stated in
2	this paragraph;
3	(2) If the importer or purchaser is licensed under
4	
4	chapter 237 and is:
5	(A) A retailer or other person importing or
6	purchasing for purposes of sale or resale, not
7	exempted by paragraph (1);
8	(B) A manufacturer importing or purchasing
9	material or commodities which are to be
10	incorporated by the manufacturer into a finished
11	or saleable product (including the container or
12	package in which the product is contained)
13	wherein it will remain in such form as to be
14	perceptible to the senses, and which finished or
15	saleable product is to be sold at retail in this
16	State, in such manner as to result in a further
17	tax on the activity of the manufacturer in
18	selling such products at retail;
19	(C) A contractor importing or purchasing material
20	or commodities which are to be incorporated by
21	the contractor into the finished work or project
22	required by the contract and which will remain in
23	such finished work or project in such form as to
24	be perceptible to the senses;
25	(D) A person engaged in a service business or
26	calling as defined in section 237-7, or a person
27	furnishing transient accommodations subject to

the tax imposed by section 237D-2, in which the import or purchase of tangible personal property would have qualified as a sale at wholesale as defined in section 237-4(a)(8) had the seller of the property been subject to the tax in chapter 237; or

(E) A publisher of magazines or similar printed materials containing advertisements, when the publisher is under contract with the advertisers to distribute a minimum number of magazines or similar printed materials to the public or defined segment of the public, whether or not there is a charge to the persons who actually receive the magazines or similar printed materials,

the tax shall be one-half of one per cent of the purchase price of the property, if the purchase and sale are consummated in Hawaii; or, if there is no purchase price applicable thereto, or if the purchase or sale is consummated outside of Hawaii, then one-half of one per cent of the value of such property.

\$238A-3 Imposition of tax on imported services or contracting; exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax on the value of services or contracting as defined in section 237-6 that are performed by an unlicensed seller at a point outside the State and imported or purchased for use in this State. The tax imposed by this chapter shall accrue when the service or contracting as defined in section 237-6 is received by the importer or purchaser and becomes subject to the taxing

1	jurisdi	ction	of the	Stat	e. The	rates	s of	the	tax	hereby	imposed
2	and the	exemp	otions	from	the ta	x are	as	follo	ows:		

- (1) If the importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter 237 and is:
 - (A) Engaged in a service business or calling in which the imported or purchased services or contracting become identifiable elements, excluding overhead, of the services rendered by the importer or purchaser, and the gross income of the importer or purchaser is subject to the tax imposed under chapter 237A on services at the rate of one-half of one per cent; or
 - B) A manufacturer importing or purchasing services or contracting that become identifiable elements, excluding overhead, of a finished or saleable product (including the container or package in which the product is contained) and the finished or saleable product is to be sold in a manner that results in a further tax on the manufacturer as a wholesaler, and not a retailer;

there shall be no tax imposed on the value of the imported or purchased services or contracting; provided that if the manufacturer is also engaged in business as a retailer as classified under chapter 237, paragraph (2) shall apply to the manufacturer, but the director of taxation shall refund to the manufacturer, in the manner provided under section

1	231-23(c), that amount of tax that the manufacturer,
2	to the satisfaction of the director, shall establish
3	to have been paid by the manufacturer to the director
4	with respect to services that have been used by the
5	manufacturer for the purposes stated in this
6	paragraph.
7	(2) If the importer or purchaser is a person licensed
8	under chapter 237 and is:
9	A) Engaged in a service business or calling in
10	which the imported or purchased services or
11	contracting become identifiable elements,
12	excluding overhead, of the services rendered by
13	the importer or purchaser, and the gross income
14	from those services when sold by the importer or
15	purchaser is subject to the tax imposed under
16	chapter 237;
17	B) A manufacturer importing or purchasing
18	services or contracting that become identifiable

- services or contracting that become identifiable elements, excluding overhead, of the finished or saleable manufactured product (including the container or package in which the product is contained) and the finished or saleable product is to be sold in a manner that results in a further tax under chapter 237 on the activity of the manufacturer as a retailer; or
- C) A contractor importing or purchasing services or contracting that become identifiable elements,

.B. NO.

```
1
                   excluding overhead, of the finished work or
                   project required, under the contract, and where
2
                   the gross proceeds derived by the contractor are
3
                   subject to the tax under section 237-13(3) as a
4
                   contractor,
5
              the tax shall be one-half of one per cent of the value
6
7
              of the imported or purchased services or contracting.
    §238A-4 Application of Tax, etc. Section 238-3 shall be
8
9
    applicable for this chapter.
    §238A-5 Certain property used by producers. If a licensed
10
   producer, or a cooperative association acting under the
11
    authority of chapter 421 or 422, in order to sell to such
12
    producer, or a licensed person, imports into the State or
13
    acquires in the State commodities, materials, items, services,
14
    or living things enumerated in section 237-4(3) and (5) to (7),
15
    then section 237-4 shall apply. If section 237-4 applies and the
16
   producer is engaged in the sale of the producer's products at
17
    retail or in any manner other than at wholesale, then the tax
18
    upon use of property in the State imposed by section 238-2 shall
19
    apply the same as in the case of a purchaser who is a licensed
20
    retailer. In other such cases no tax shall be imposed under this
21
22
    chapter.
23
         §238A-6
                   Administration. (a) Sections 238-5, 238-6, 238-
    7, 238-8, 238-9, 238-9.5, 238-10, 238-11, 238-13, 238-14 and
24
    238-16 shall be applicable for this chapter."
25
```

___.B. NO. ____

1	SECTION	N 21. Chapter 255D, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is					
2	amended by a	adding a new section to be appropriately designated					
3	and to read	as follows:					
4	"§ <u>255</u> I	0-00 RELIEF FROM CERTAIN LIABILITY. All sellers					
5	and certifie	ed service providers (CSPs) as defined in section					
6	255D-2 using databases pursuant to section 255D-00(f) and (g)						
7	shall be relieved from liability to the state and local						
8	jurisdiction	ns for having charged and collected the incorrect					
9	amount of ge	eneral excise or use tax resulting from the seller or					
10	certified service provider relying on erroneous data provided by						
11	the state or	n tax rates, boundaries, or taxing jurisdiction					
12	assignments	<u>-</u>					
13		255D-00 ROUNDING RULE. The department of taxation					
14	adopts a rou	anding algorithm for general excise and use taxes					
15	with the fo	llowing criteria:					
16	(a)	Tax computation must be carried to the third					
17		decimal place, and					
18	(b)	The tax must be rounded to a whole cent using a					
19		method that rounds up to the next cent whenever					
20		the third decimal place is greater than four.					

- 1 Sellers may elect to compute the tax due on a transaction on an
- 2 item or an invoice basis, and shall allow the rounding rule to
- 3 be applied to the aggregated state and local taxes.
- 4 "255D-00 Amnesty for registration under Section 255D. (a)
- 5 Amnesty for uncollected or unpaid general excise under chapter
- 6 237 or use tax under chapter 238, including any county
- 7 surcharge, to a seller who registers to pay or to collect and
- 8 remit applicable general excise or use tax on sales made to
- 9 purchasers in the state in accordance with the terms of the
- 10 Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement ("Agreement"), provided
- 11 that the seller was not so registered in the state in the
- 12 twelve-month period preceding the effective date of the state's
- 13 participation in the Agreement.
- 14 (b) The amnesty will preclude assessment for uncollected or
- 15 unpaid general excise tax under chapter 237 or use tax under
- 16 chapter 238 together with penalty or interest for sales made
- 17 during the period the seller was not registered in the state,
- 18 provided registration occurs within twelve months of the
- 19 effective date of the state's participation in the Agreement.
- 20 (c) The amnesty is not available to a seller with respect to any
- 21 matter or matters for which the seller received notice of the
- 22 commencement of an audit and which audit is not yet finally

.B. NO.

- 1 resolved including any related administrative and judicial
- 2 processes.
- 3 (d) The amnesty is not available for general excise or use
- 4 taxes already paid or remitted to the state or to taxes
- 5 collected by the seller.
- 6 (e) The amnesty is fully effective, absent the seller's fraud or
- 7 intentional misrepresentation of a material fact, as long as the
- 8 seller continues registration and continues payment or
- 9 collection and remittance of applicable general excise or use
- 10 taxes for a period of at least thirty-six months. The statute of
- 11 limitations is tolled with respect to asserting a tax liability
- 12 during this thirty-six month period.
- 13 (f) The amnesty is applicable only to general excise or use
- 14 taxes due from a seller in its capacity as a seller and not to
- 15 sales or use taxes due from a seller in its capacity as a buyer.
- 16 "255D-000 LOCAL RATE AND BOUNDARY CHANGES.
- 17 (a) Any rate changes by a county will be effective only on
- the first day of a calendar quarter after a minimum of
- 19 sixty days' notice to sellers.
- 20 (b) Any county tax rate changes to purchases from printed
- 21 catalogs wherein the purchaser computed the tax based upon
- 22 county tax rates published in the catalog only on the first

___.B. NO. ____

1	day of a calendar quarter after a minimum of one hundred
2	twenty days' notice to sellers.
3	(c) For general excise and use tax purposes only, local
4	jurisdiction boundary changes apply only on the first day
5	of a calendar quarter after a minimum of sixty days' notice
6	to sellers.
7	(d) The department of taxation will provide and maintain a
8	database that describes boundary changes for all taxing
9	jurisdictions. This database shall include a description of
10	the change and the effective date of the change for general
11	excise tax under chapter 237 and use tax under chapter 238
12	purposes.
13	(e) The department of taxation will provide and maintain a
14	database of all general excise tax rates under chapter 237
15	and use tax rates under chapter 238 for all of the
16	jurisdictions levying taxes within the state. For the
17	identification of states, counties, and cities, codes
18	corresponding to the rates must be provided according to
19	Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) as
20	developed by the National Institute of Standards and
21	Technology. For the identification of all other
22	jurisdictions, codes corresponding to the rates must be in

1 the format determined by the Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board. 2 The department of taxation will provide and maintain 3 (f) a database that assigns each five digit and nine digit zip code 4 5 within the state to the proper tax rates and jurisdictions. The department of taxation will apply the lowest combined tax rate 6 7 imposed in the zip code area if the area includes more than one tax rate in any level of taxing jurisdictions. If a nine digit 8 9 zip code designation is not available for a street address or if **10** a seller or CSP is unable to determine the nine digit zip code designation of a purchaser after exercising due diligence to 11 determine the designation, the seller or CSP may apply the rate 12 for the five digit zip code area. For the purposes of this 13 section, there is a rebuttable presumption that a seller or CSP 14 has exercised due diligence if the seller has attempted to 15 determine the nine digit zip code designation by utilizing 16 **17** software approved by the Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board that makes this designation from the street address and the five 18 digit zip code of the purchaser. 19 The state will participate with other states in the development 20 21 of an address-based system for assigning taxing jurisdictions.

The system must meet the requirements developed pursuant to the

- 1 federal Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act (4 U.S.C. Sec.
- 2 119(a)). If any state develops an address-based assignment
- 3 system pursuant to the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, a
- 4 seller may use that system in place of the system provided for
- 5 in subsection (e) of this section.
- 6 SECTION 22. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
- 7 adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated, entitled
- 8 "Insurance Producer's Tax" and to read as follows:
- 9 "§237B-1 Definitions. The definitions contained in
- 10 sections 237-1, 237-2 and 237-3 shall be applicable for this
- 11 chapter.
- 12 §237B-2 Tax on insurance producers. Upon every person
- 13 engaged as a licensed producer pursuant to chapter 431, there is
- 14 hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected a tax equal to
- 15 0.15 per cent of the commissions due to that activity.
- 16 §237B-3 Apportionment. Where insurance agents, including
- 17 general agents, subagents, or solicitors, who are not employees
- 18 and are licensed pursuant to chapter 431, produce commissions
- 19 which are divided between such general agents, subagents, or
- 20 solicitors, as the case may be, the tax levied under section
- 21 237B-2 as to insurance general agents, subagents, or

BY REQUEST

1 solicitors shall apply to each such person with respect to the person's portion of the commissions, and no more. 2 3 §237B-4 Administrative provisions. Sections 237-8, 237-9, 237-9.5, 237-11, 237-12, 237-30, 237-31, 237-33, 237-33.5, 4 237-34, 237-35, 237-36, 237-37, 237-38, 237-39, 237-40, 237-41, 5 6 237-42, 237-43, and 237-46 shall be applicable for this chapter." 7 SECTION 23. There is appropriated out of the general 8 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$, or so 9 much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2006-2007 to **10** carry out the purposes of this Act, including the hiring of 11 necessary staff. The sum appropriated shall be expended by the 12 department of taxation. 13 SECTION 24. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed 14 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored. 15 SECTION 25. This Act shall take effect on 16 17 18 19 INTRODUCED BY:____