# FINANCIAL AUDIT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

# STATE OF HAWAII

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

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# CHOO, OSADA & LEE, CPAs, INC.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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Ms. Marion Higa Office of the Auditor State of Hawaii

This is our report on the financial and compliance audit of the Department of Defense of the State of Hawaii (Department) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. Our audit was performed in accordance with the terms of our contract with the State of Hawaii and with the requirements of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.

## AUDIT OBJECTIVES

The primary purpose of our audit was to form an opinion on the fairness of the presentation of the Department's financial statements as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, and to comply with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133.

The specific objectives of the audit were:

1) To provide a basis for an opinion on the fairness of the presentation of the Department's financial statements.

2) To satisfy the audit requirements of OMB Circular A-133.

3) To determine whether expenditures have been made and all revenues and other receipts to which the Department is entitled have been collected and accounted for in accordance with the laws, rules and regulations, and policies and procedures of the State of Hawaii and, where applicable, the Federal government.

4) To evaluate the adequacy of the Department's system of internal accounting control in assuring that there is effective control over and proper accounting of revenues, expenditures, assets and liabilities.

5) To determine whether the Department has complied with the fiscal provisions of grant agreements and applicable Federal laws, regulations and circulars with regard to Federal grant activities.

# AUDIT SCOPE

Our audit was performed in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants; *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the provisions of Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. The scope of our audit included an examination of the transactions and accounting records of the Department for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008.

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We wish to express our sincere appreciation for the excellent cooperation and assistance extended to us by the officer and staff of the Department.

Choo, Osada 's Lee, CPAS, Inc.

Honolulu, Hawaii June 25, 2012

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

To the Auditor State of Hawaii

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Department of Defense of the State of Hawaii (Department) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the Department's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Department's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 2, the financial statements of the Department are intended to present the financial position and the changes in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Hawaii that are attributable to the transactions of the Department. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of Hawaii as of June 30, 2008 and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Department as of June 30, 2008 and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 25, 2012, on our consideration of the Department's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of the testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 10 and 29 through 30 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standard Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Department's basic financial statements as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Choo, Ozada ' Lee, CPAS. Inc.

Honolulu, Hawaii June 25, 2012

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following management's discussion and analysis offers readers of these basic financial statements a narrative overview of the financial activities of the Department for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. This discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader in the analysis of the Department's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions and conditions. We encourage the readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements.

# **Financial Highlights**

The assets of the Department exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2008 by \$96,196,889 (net assets). Of this amount, \$7,629,441 may be used to meet the Department's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Net assets of governmental activities decreased by \$5,194,577 from the prior fiscal year.

# **Fund Highlights**

At June 30, 2008, the Department's governmental funds reported a combined total of \$9,435,183, a decrease of \$5,298,910 from the prior fiscal year.

# Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Department's basic financial statements which consists of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

# Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Department's finances in a manner similar to private-sector companies. The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Department's assets or liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Department is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Department's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. Functional activities are highlighted in this statement, with functional expenses shown net of related program revenue. This statement shows the extent to which the various functions depend on state appropriations and to other nonprogram revenues for support. The activities of the Department are principally supported by appropriations made available by the State Legislature and intergovernmental revenues from the Federal government (governmental activities). The Department does not recover any portion of its costs through user fees or charges for services (business-type activities).

The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following this discussion and analysis.

# Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Department uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The fund financial statements of the Department include the following types of funds:

# **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Department's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented from governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Department's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The Department maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for each of the major funds.

The Department adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found immediately following the government-wide financial statements.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements can be found immediately following the governmental fund financial statements.

## **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

The following financial analysis focuses on the governmental activities of the Department. Net assets are a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the Department, total assets exceeded liabilities by \$96,196,889, and decreased \$5,194,577 or 5.1%, over the course of this fiscal year's operations.

# <u>Net Assets</u> June 30, 2008 and 2007 (Amounts in thousands)

			2008 -	2007
	2008	2007	Increase (decrease)	Percentage change
Current and other assets	\$ 21,943	\$ 22,654	(711)	-3.1%
Capital assets	88,567	88,709	(142)	-0.2%
Total assets	110,510	111,363	(853)	-0.8%
Long-term liabilities	1,217	1,380	(163)	-11.8%
Other liabilities	13,096	8,592	<u>4,504</u>	52.4%
Total liabilities	14,313	9,972	<u>4,341</u>	43.5%
Net assets: Invested in capital assets Unrestricted	88,567 7,630	88,709 12,682	(142) (5,052)	-0.2% -39.8%
Total net assets	<u>96,197</u>	<u>101,391</u>	(5,194) (853)	-5.1%
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 110,510	\$ 111,363		-0.8%

# **Analysis of Net Assets**

By far, the largest portion of the Department's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The Department uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

# Changes in Net Assets

The following financial information was derived from the government-wide statement of activities and reflects how the Department's net assets changed during the fiscal year.

The Department appropriation was reduced for non-recurring expenditures by \$1,150,000 in FY 2008. Additionally, Temporary Assistance to Needy Families funds was increased from the previous year. The Hawaii National Guard also transferred out federal funds and replaced contracted funds to in-kind assistance to the department which financially does not reflect as expenditures. FEMA funds were increased due to two major disaster projects which were approved for support – Kiholo Bay Earthquake and March 2006 Flood. Expenditures of \$5,070,166 were transferred to DLNR and DOA for reimbursement of Kiholo Bay Earthquake repairs. The Department was also mandated to return to the general fund 1% of the appropriated funds.

# <u>Changes in Net Assets</u> <u>For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007</u> (Amounts in thousands)

			2008 -	2007
	2008	2007	Increase (decrease)	Percentage change
Revenue				
Allotted appropriations, net of lapses	\$ 18,926	\$ 21,033	(2,107)	-10.0%
Intergovernmental revenues	57,807	50,217	7,590	15.1%
State provided fringe benefits	2,552	-	2,552	100.0%
Total revenues	79,285	71,250	8,035	11.3%
Expenditures				
Administration and support service	6,139	8,164	(2,025)	-24.8%
Air and army national guard service	25,161	22,294	2,867	12.9%
Civil defense	40,876	31,343	9,533	30.4%
Youth challenge program	3,379	3,007	372	12.4%
Service to veterans	3,854	2,274	1,580	69.5%
Total expenses	79,409	67,082	12,327	18.4%
Other Financing Uses				
Transfer out	5,070		5,070	100.0%
Increase in net assets	\$ (5,194)	<u>\$ 4,168</u>	(9,362)	-224.6%

The Department's net assets decreased by \$5,194,577 or 5.1%, during the year ended June 30, 2008. Approximately 27% of the Department's total revenues came from state allotments and state provided fringe benefits, while 73% came from federal grants. The Department's expenses cover a range of services. The largest expenses were for air and army national guard services and civil defense.

# **Governmental Activities**

Total of state allotted appropriations and state provided fringe benefits increased by approximately \$445,000 while grants and contracts from the federal government increased by approximately \$7,590,000, primarily due to salary adjustments in the general fund and additional Homeland Security Grants approved for State Civil Defense to manage.

A comparison of the cost of services by function of the Department's governmental activities is shown below, along with the revenues used to cover the net expenses of the governmental activities:

# Governmental Activities For The Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 (Amounts in thousands)

	Net Cost of Services				2008 -	-2007
		2008		2007	Increase (decrease)	Percentage change
Expenses, net of program revenues Administration and support service Air and army national guard service Civil defense Youth challenge program Service to veterans Total expenses	\$	(5,930) (4,003) (6,518) (1,339) (3,812) (21,602)	\$	(5,838) (2,592) (5,120) (1,041) (2,274) (16,865)	92 1,411 1,398 298 1,538 4,737	1.6% 54.4% 27.3% 28.6% 67.6% 28.1%
General revenue Allotted appropriations, net of lapses State provided fringe benefits Total revenues		18,926 2,552 21,478		21,033	(2,107) 2,552 (445)	-10.0% 100.0% 2.1%
Other financing uses Transfer out		(5,070)	<del></del>	_	(5,070)	100.0%
Increase in governmental activities net assets	\$	(5,194)	\$	4,168	(9,362)	-224.6%

Financial analysis of the Department's Individual Funds

As noted earlier, the Department uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

## Governmental Funds

The focus of the Department's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Department's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a Department's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Department's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$9,435,183, a decrease of \$5,298,910 in comparison with the prior fiscal year. There was a deficit of \$2,412,593 in the unreserved fund balance at June 30, 2008.

# **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The General Fund's expenditure budget remained the same from the original to the final budget. The original budget consists of the appropriations contained in the General Appropriations Act of 2007. (Act 213, Session Laws of Hawaii 2007)

# CAPITAL ASSETS

The Department's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2008 amounted to \$88,567,448 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets included land and improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment, furniture and fixtures, and motor vehicles.

Additional information on the Department's capital assets can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

Actual state general fund tax collections increased by 1.6% in the first eleven months of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The State's General Fund tax growth rate are estimated at 2.0% in fiscal 2009 and 0.5% in fiscal 2010. Based on these projections, new programs have been suspended, and every effort to exercise prudence in controlling and reducing government expenditures is being made. Based on the revenue collections and projections, the Administration imposed a 1% expenditure restriction on all government expenditures and the department was directed to return the appropriations.

#### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Adjutant General, Department of Defense, 3949 Diamond Head Road, Honolulu, Hawaii 96816. General information about the Department can be found at the Department's website, <u>http://www.dod.state.hi.us.</u>

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and short-term cash investments Due from Federal Government Capital assets	\$ 18,293,238 3,648,881
Land, improvements, and construction in progress and other capital assets, net of depreciation	88,567,448
Total assets	\$110,509,567
LIABILITIES	
Voucher payable	\$ 6,471,602
Accrued liabilities	630,216
Due to State of Hawaii	302,246
Due to subrecipients Deferred revenues	4,082,930
Long-term liabilities	1,019,942
Due within one year	589,000
Due in more than one year	1,216,742
Total liabilities	14,312,678
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	88,567,448
Unrestricted	7,629,441
Total net assets	96,196,889
Total liabilities and net assets	\$110,509,567

# DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE STATE OF HAWAII STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		Program I	Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in in Net Assets
		Operating	Capital	
		Grants and	Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Contributions	<b>Contributions</b>	Activities
Governmental activities Administration and support service Air and army national guard service	\$    6,139,446 25,161,088	209,147 21,157,805	-	(5,930,299)
Civil defense	40,875,874	34,358,113	-	(4,003,283) (6,517,761)
Youth challenge program	3,379,289	2,040,667	~	(1,338,622)
Service to veterans	3,853,448	41,459	-	(3,811,989)
	\$ 79,409,145	57,807,191		(21,601,954)
General revenues State allotted appropriations, net of lap State provided fringe benefits Total general revenues	ses			18,925,931 2,551,612 21,477,543
Transfers				(5,070,166)
Change in net assets				(5,194,577)
Net assets – beginning				101,391,466
Net assets – ending				\$ 96,196,889

# DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE STATE OF HAWAII BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

30112 30, 2008	General Fund	Air & Army National Guard	Disaster Assistance	Domestic Preparedness & Homeland Security Grants	National Guard Civilian Youth Opportunity Programs	Veteran Center/ Cemetery	Regional Training Center	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 3,971,571	4,059,727	1,234,886	2,196,856	267,184	1,207,427	1,222,450	4,133,137	18,293,238
Due from Federal Government	-	-	754,034	2,894,847	-	-	-	-	3,648,881
Due from other Funds	310,305	6,000				-			316,305
Total assets	\$ 4,281,876	4,065,727	1,988,920	5,091,703	267,184	1,207,427	1,222,450	4,133,137	22,258,424
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities									
Vouchers payable	\$ 497,241	2,398,622	257,740	2,663,773	144,567	-	-	509,659	6,471,602
Accrued payroll	342,803	163,165	7,206	64,038	53,004	-	-	, -	630,216
Due to State of Hawaii	60,000	239,436	-	-	2,810	-	-	-	302,246
Due to other funds	-	297,256	-	6,000	13,049	-	-	-	316,305
Deferred revenues	-	966,184	-	-	53,754	4	-	_	1,019,942
Due to subreceipients	-	1,064	1,723,974	2,357,892	-	-	-	-	4,082,930
Total liabilities	900,044	4,065,727	1,988,920	5,091,703	267,184	4		509,659	12,823,241
Fund balances									
Reserved for encumbrances	769,602	3,255,941	1,148,654	1,767,343	40,356	178,948	22,450	2,399,763	9,583,057
Reserved for continuing appropriations	-	-	-	-	-	1,028,475	1,200,000	36,244	2,264,719
Unreserved (deficit)	2,612,230	(3,255,941)	(1,148,654)	(1,767,343)	(40,356)	-	-	1,187,471	(2,412,593)
Total fund balances	3,381,832	-				1,207,423	1,222,450	3,623,478	9,435,183
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 4,281,876	4,065,727	1,988,920	5,091,703	267,184	1,207,427	1,222,450	4,133,137	

Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds

Net assets of governmental activities

See accompanying notes.

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(1,805,742)

88,567,448

96,196,889

# DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE STATE OF HAWAII STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

TEAR LIDED JOINE 50, 2008	General Fund	Air & Army National Guard	Disaster Assistance	Domestic Preparedness & Homeland Security Grants	National Guard Civilian Youth Opportunity Programs	Veteran Center/ Cemetery	Regional Training Center	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			<u> </u>						
State allotted appropriations	\$ 16,629,396	-	-	1,266,835	-	1,050,000	-	(20,300)	18,925,931
Intergovernmental	-	21,157,805	10,915,064	20,941,015	2,040,667	41,459	-	2,711,181	57,807,191
State provided fringe benefits	2,551,612	-		~	-		-	-	2,551,612
Total revenues	19,181,008	21,157,805	10,915,064	22,207,850	2,040,667	1,091,459	-	2,690,881	79,284,734
EXPENDITURES									
Administration and support service	3,153,427	-	-	-	-	-	-	133,609	3,287,036
Air and army national guard service	4,495,526	20,398,161	-		-	-	-	-	24,893,687
Civil defense	5,423,943	-	10,915,064	21,906,398	-	-	-	2,442,942	40,688,347
Youth challenge program	1,324,137	-	-	-	2,039,111	-	-	-	3,363,248
Service to veterans	3,043,086	-	-	-	-	41,459	-	-	3,084,545
Capital outlay	124,179	1,012,600	-	50,052	-	2,820,542	-	189,242	4,196,615
Total expenditures	17,564,298	21,410,761	10,915,064	21,956,450	2,039,111	2,862,001		2,765,793	79,513,478
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,616,710	(252,956)	-	251,400	1,556	(1,770,542)	-	(74,912)	(228,744)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfer in	-	252,956	-	1,556	-	-	-	-	254,512
Transfer out	(5,070,166)	-	-	(252,956)	(1,556)		-		(5,324,678)
Total other financing sources and uses	(5,070,166)	252,956		(251,400)	(1,556)		-	-	(5,070,166)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(3,453,456)	-	-	-	-	(1,770,542)	-	(74,912)	(5,298,910)
Fund balances at July 1, 2007	6,835,289	<u> </u>		-	<u> </u>	2,977,965	1,222,450	3,698,389	14,734,093
Fund balances at June 30, 2008	\$ 3,381,833		-			1,207,423	1,222,450	3,623,477	9,435,183

# DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE STATE OF HAWAII RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds	\$	(5,298,910)
Compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds		245,860
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	<del></del>	(141,527)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	(5,194,577)

#### **NOTE 1 - NATURE OF ORGANIZATION**

The Department of Defense (Department) is a department of the State of Hawaii and provides for the safety, welfare, and defense of the people of Hawaii by maintaining readiness to respond in the event of war or disaster. Its divisions include the Hawaii Army and Air National Guard, State Civil Defense, and Office of Veterans Services.

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Reporting entity

The Department's financial statements present the financial position and the changes in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Hawaii (State) that is attributable to the transactions of the Department. The State Comptroller maintains the central accounts for all State funds and publishes a comprehensive annual financial report for the State which includes the Department's financial activities.

### Basis of presentation

The Departments' financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

#### Government-wide financial statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Department as a whole.

## Fund financial statements

Fund financial statements of the Department are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

#### Governmental funds

Governmental funds are those through which the acquisition, use and balances of the Department's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for. The measurement focus is on the flow of current financial resources. The following are the Department's governmental fund types:

General fund - The general fund is the general operating fund of the Department and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial activities except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund presented is a part of the State's general fund and is limited only to those appropriations and obligations of the Department.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Special revenue funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust funds) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital projects funds - Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

# Major funds

The following are the activities of the major funds accounted for in the fund financial statements:

General - See above for description.

Special revenue funds –

National Guard Military Operations & Maintenance - Accounts for revenues and expenditures of providing operations and maintenance projects for the National Guard.

Domestic Preparedness & Homeland Security - Accounts for revenues and expenditures of preventing threats and incidents of terrorism.

Disaster Assistance (FEMA) - Accounts for revenues and expenditures of providing emergency preparedness in the State.

National Guard Civilian Youth Opportunity - Accounts for revenues and expenditures of providing youth programs.

Capital projects funds -

Veteran Center Cemetery - Accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Regional Training Center - Accounts for the financial resources restricted for construction or acquisition of the structures at the training site for veterans.

#### Basis of accounting

The government-wide financial statements of the Department are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset is used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

## **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

The fund financial statements, which include governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, usually when the appropriations are allotted. The Department considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are generally recognized when the related liability is incurred, except for accumulated unpaid vacation and workers compensation benefits, which are recognized as an expenditure when payable from expendable available resources.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to federal grant revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. Under most of the Department's federal programs, funds must be expended for a specific purpose or project; therefore, revenue is recognized to the extent that expenditures are recognized.

### Cash and short-term cash investments

Cash and short-term cash investments reported in the statement of net assets and the governmental funds balance sheet consist primarily of cash and short-term cash investments in the State Treasury.

The State maintains a cash pool that is available for all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the statement of net assets and the governmental funds balance sheet within cash and short-term cash investments. Those funds are pooled with funds from other State agencies and departments and deposited in approved financial institutions by the State Director of Finance. Deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance are fully collateralized by government securities held in the name of the State by third party custodians. Interest income from this cash pool is allocated to the various departments and agencies based upon their average cash balance for the period.

The Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS) authorize the State Director of Finance to invest in obligations of or obligations guaranteed by, the U.S. Government, obligations of the State, federally-insured savings and checking accounts, time certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements with federally-insured financial institutions.

# Capital assets

Capital assets (primarily land, buildings, improvements, furniture and equipment) on the governmentwide financial statements are accounted for as capital assets. All capital assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual cost is unavailable. Depreciation on all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities and accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	30 years
Land improvements	15 years
Furniture and equipment	7 years
Motor vehicle	5 years

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Capital assets on the fund financial statements are recorded as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

Certain parcels of land have been transferred to the Department at no cost or at nominal cost.

#### Compensated absences

Vacation pay is accrued as earned by employees. Vacation pay can accumulate at the rate of one and three-quarters working days for each month of service up to 720 hours at calendar year-end, and is convertible to pay upon termination of employment. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide financial statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In fund financial statements, the amounts expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are accrued in the respective funds.

### Fund balances

Reserved amounts in fund balances represent amounts that are not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Portions of the fund balances are reserved for the following:

- Encumbrances for outstanding commitments which generally are liquidated in the subsequent fiscal year.
- Continuing appropriations for unencumbered allotment balances representing amounts that have been released and made available for encumbrance or expenditure and are legally segregated for a specific future use.

# Appropriations

Appropriations represent an authorization granted by the State Legislature permitting a State agency, within established fiscal and budgetary controls, to incur obligations and to make expenditures. Appropriations are allotted quarterly. The allotted appropriations lapse if not expended by or encumbered at the end of the fiscal year, except for allotted appropriations related to capital improvement projects.

#### Employee benefit expenditures

Employee benefit expenditurcs related to the Department's employees are paid by another state agency and are not reflected in the financial statements unless reimbursed under Federal contracts.

#### Intrafund and interfund transactions

Significant transfers of financial resources between activities included within the same fund are offset within that fund. Transfers of revenues from funds authorized to receive them to funds authorized to expend them have been recorded as operating transfers in the financial statements.

# NOTE 3 - BUDGETING AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

The budget of the Department is a detailed operating plan identifying estimated costs and results in relation to estimated revenues. The budget includes (1) the programs, services and activities to be provided during the fiscal year, (2) the estimated revenues available to finance the operating plan and (3) the estimated spending requirements of the operating plan. The budget represents a process through which policy decisions are made, implemented and controlled. Revenue estimates are provided to the State Legislature at the time of budget consideration and are revised and updated throughout the fiscal year. Amounts reflected as budgeted revenues are those estimates as compiled by the Department. Budgeted expenditures are derived primarily from a biennial general appropriations act as amended by any supplemental or other specific appropriations acts.

The Department follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

The Budget - Not less than 30 days before the State Legislature convenes in every odd-numbered year, the Governor submits to the State Legislature, and to each member thereof, a budget which contains the program and budget recommendations of the Governor for each succeeding biennium. The budget in general contains: the State program structure; statements of statewide objectives; financial requirements for the next biennium to carry out the recommended programs; a summary of State receipts and revenues in the last completed fiscal year; a revised estimate for the fiscal year in progress, and an estimate for the succeeding biennium.

Legislative Review - The State Legislature considers the Governor's proposed program and financial plan and budget, evaluates alternatives to the Governor's recommendations, adopts programs and determines the State budget. It may, from time to time, request the Department of Budget and Finance and any agency to conduct such analyses of programs and finances as would assist in determining the State's program and financial plan and budget.

Program Execution - Except as limited by policy decisions of the Governor, appropriations by the State Legislature, and other provisions of law, the agencies responsible for the programs administer the programs and are responsible for their proper management. The appropriations by the State Legislature for a biennium are allocated between the two fiscal years of the biennium in the manner provided in the budget or appropriations act and as further prescribed by the Director of Finance. No appropriation transfers or changes between programs or agencies can be made without legislative authorization. Authorized transfers or changes, when made, should be reported to the State Legislature.

All expenditures of these appropriated funds are made pursuant to the appropriation in the biennial budget as amended by subsequent supplemental appropriations. The final legally adopted budget represents the original appropriations, supplemental appropriations, transfers and other legally authorized legislative and executive changes.

Budgetary control is maintained at the appropriation line item as established in the appropriation acts. The Governor is authorized to transfer appropriations within a State agency; however, transfers of appropriations between State agencies generally require legislative authorization. Records and reports reflecting the detail level of control are maintained by and are available at the Department.

# NOTE 3 - BUDGETING AND BUDGETARY CONTROL - continued

To the extent not expended or encumbered, general fund appropriations generally lapse at the end of the fiscal year for which appropriations were made. The State Legislature specifies the lapse date and any other particular conditions relating to terminating the authorization for other appropriations.

Budgets adopted by the State Legislature for the general and major special revenue funds are presented in the budgetary comparison schedule. The Department's annual budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting with several differences, principally related to the encumbrances of purchase order and contract obligations as expenditures for budgetary purpose. These differences represent departures from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). A reconciliation between non-GAAP budgetary actual and GAAP actual is as follows:

	General Fund
Sources/inflows of resources:	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) from the budgetary schedule	\$12,806,836
Differences - budget to GAAP: Lapsed appropriations	(536,757)
Allotment of prior year appropriations	4,359,317
State provided fringe benefits	2,551,612
Total revenues (net of lapses) as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - governmental funds	\$19,181,008
Use/outflows of resources:	
Actual amounts (budgetary comparison schedule from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$12,499,665
Differences - budget to GAAP:	
Expenditures for prior fiscal years' encumbrances	3,214,190
Reserved for encumbrances at fiscal year-end	(769,602)
Expenditures accruals for the year not recognized for budgetary purposes, net of prior year accruals	68,433
of prior year accruais	
State provided fringe benefits	2,551,612
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes	
in fund balance - governmental funds	\$17,564,298

# NOTE 3 - BUDGETING AND BUDGETARY CONTROL - continued

	Air & Army National Guard	Disaster Assistance	Domestic Preparedness & Homeland Security Grants	National Guard Civilian Youth Opportunity Programs
Sources/inflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) from the budgetary schedule	\$ 22,529,755	9,943,568	18,421,915	1,929,700
Differences - budget to GAAP: Revenue accruals for the year not recognized for	. , ,	.,,	10, 11, 10, 10	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
budgetary purposes, net of prior year accruals	(1,371,950)	971,496	2,519,100	110,967
Allotment of prior year appropriations		<u> </u>	1,266,835	
Total revenues (net of lapses) as reported on the statement of revenues expenditures, and changes in fund balance - governmental funds	<u>\$ 21,157,805</u>	10,915,064	22,207,850	2,040,667
Use/outflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 20,929,150	9,964,751	15,763,023	2,042,116
Differences - budget to GAAP: Expenditures for prior fiscal years' encumbrances	3,345,665	379,693	5,633,941	74,226
Reversed for encumbrances at fiscal year-end	(3,255,941)	(1,148,654)	(1,767,343)	(40,356)
Expenditures accruals for the year not recognized for budgetary purposes, net of prior year accrual	391,887	1,719,274	2,326,829	(36,875)
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 21,410,761	10,915,064	21,956,450	2,039,111

## NOTE 4 - CASH AND SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

Cash and short-term cash investments includes monies in the State Treasury. The State Treasury maintains an investment pool for all State monies. Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS) authorize the State Director of Finance to invest any monies of the State which in the Director's judgment are in excess of amounts necessary for meeting the immediate requirements of the State. Legally authorized investments include obligations of or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, obligations of the State, federally-insured savings and checking accounts, time certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements with federally-insured financial institutions.

The State maintains approximately 20 bank accounts for various purposes throughout the State and the nation. Bank accounts are under the custody of the Director of Finance. For financial statement reporting purposes, cash and short-term investments consist of cash, time certificates of deposit, money market accounts, repurchase agreements, and U.S. government securities.

Information relating to the bank balance, insurance and collateral of cash deposits is determined on a statewide basis and not for individual departments or divisions. Most of the bank balances are covered by federal deposit insurance or by collateral by either the State Treasury or by the State's fiscal agents in the name of the State. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the State's deposits may not be returned to it. For demand or checking accounts and time certificates of deposit, the State requires that the depository banks pledge collateral based on the daily available bank balances to limit its exposure to custodial credit risk. The use of daily available bank balances to determine collateral requirements results in the available balances being undercollateralized at various times during the fiscal year. The State also requires that no more than 60% of the State's total funds available for deposit and on deposit in the State Treasury may be deposited in any one financial institution.

At June 30, 2008, the carrying amount, which approximates the bank balance, of the Department's cash and short-term cash investments was \$18,293,238.

# NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2008 was as follows:

Governmental activities	Balance July 1, 2007	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2008
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 125,590	-	30,744	94,846
Land improvements	-	670,256	-	670,256
Works of art	163,089	-	-	163,089
Construction in progress	5,525,629	2,884,711		8,410,340
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated	5,814,308	<u>3,554,967</u>	30,744	<u>9,338,531</u>
Other capital assets				
Buildings	161,039,594	224,601	5,420,800	155,843,395
Infrastructure	23,726,971	165,774	-	23,892,745
Vehicles	941,221	64,531	169,329	836,423
Equipment	8,757,060	503,733	187,219	9,073,574
Total other capital assets	<u>194,464,846</u>	958,639	5,777,348	189,646,137
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	89,729,328	3,596,032	5,420,800	87,904,560
Infrastructure	13,673,265	540,455	-	14,213,720
Vehicles	767,941	76,929	165,129	679,741
Equipment	7,399,645	369,875	150,321	7,619,199
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>111,570,179</u>	4,583,291	5,736,250	<u>110,417,220</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>88,708,975</u>	( <u>69,685</u> )	71,842	88,567,448

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2008 was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Administration and support service	\$ 3,282,942
Army and Air National Guard service	305,453
Civil defense	203,953
Youth challenge program	16,040
Service to veterans	774,903
	\$ <u>4,583,291</u>

# NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2008, was as follows:

Governmental activities	Balance July 1, 2007	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2008
Compensated absences	\$ <u>2,051,602</u>	<u>946,090</u>	<u>1,191,950</u>	\$ <u>1,805,742</u>

At June 30, 2008, the amount due within one year was \$589,000.

# NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLAN

All eligible employees of the State and counties are required by HRS Chapter 88 to become members of the ERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. The ERS provides retirement benefits, as well as death and disability benefits. The ERS is governed by a Board of Trustees. All contributions, benefits, and eligibility requirements are established by HRS Chapter 88 and can be amended by legislative action. The ERS issues a comprehensive annual financial report that is available to the public. That report may be obtained by writing to the ERS at 201 Merchant Street, Suite 1400, Honolulu, Hawaii 96813.

Prior to June 30, 1984, the plan consisted of only a contributory plan. In 1984, legislation was enacted to add a new noncontributory plan for members of the ERS who are also covered under Social Security. Police officers, firefighters, judges, elected officials, and persons employed in positions not covered by Social Security are precluded from the noncontributory option. The noncontributory option provides for reduced benefits and covers most eligible employees hired after June 30, 1984. Employees hired before that date were allowed to continue under the contributory option or to elect the new noncontributory option and receive a refund of employee contributions. All benefits vest after five and ten years of credited service for the contributory and noncontributory options, respectively.

Both plans provide a monthly retirement allowance based on the employee's age, years of credited services, and average final compensation (AFC). The AFC is the average salary earned during the five highest paid years of service, including the vacation payment, if the employee became a member prior to January 1, 1971. The AFC for members hired on or after that date is based on the three highest paid years of service, excluding the vacation payment.

On July 1, 2006, a new hybrid contributory plan became effective pursuant to Act 179, SLH of 2004. Members in the hybrid plan are eligible for retirement at age 62 with 5 years of credited service or age 55 and 30 years of credited service. Members will receive a benefit multiplier of 2% for each year of credited service in the hybrid plan. The benefit payment options are similar to the current contributory plan. Most of the new members hired from July 1, 2006 are required to join the hybrid plan.

# **NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLAN - continued**

Most covered employees of the contributory option are required to contribute 7.8% of their salary. Police officers, firefighters, investigators of the departments of the County Prosecuting Attorney and the Attorney General, narcotics enforcement investigators, and public safety investigators are required to contribute 12.2% of their salary. The funding method used to calculate the total employer contribution requirement is the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method. Effective July 1, 2005, employer contribution rates are a fixed percentage of compensation, including the normal cost plus amounts required to pay for the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

For the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006, the actuarially determined contribution requirements for the ERS were as follows:

For year ended June 30,	
2008	\$ 377,475,000
2007	341,896,000
2006	318,144,000

The State contributed 100% of its required contributions for those years, respectively. Covered payroll for the year ended June 30, 2008 was approximately \$2,657,906,000.

# NOTE 8 - POST-RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

In addition to providing pension benefits, the State, pursuant to HRS Chapter 87, provides certain health care and life insurance benefits to all qualified employees.

For employees hired before July 1, 1996, the State pays the entire monthly contribution for employees retiring with 10 or more years of credited service, and 50% of the monthly contribution for employees retiring with fewer than 10 years of credited service. A retiree can elect family plan to cover dependants.

For employees hired after June 30, 1996 but before July 1, 2001, and who retire with less than 10 years of service, the State makes no contributions. For those retiring with at least 10 years but fewer than 15 years of service, the State pays 50% of the base monthly contribution. For those retiring with at least 15 years but fewer than 25 years of service, the State pays 75% of the base monthly contribution. For those employees retiring with at least 25 years of service, the State pays 100% of the base monthly contribution. Retirees in this category can elect a family plan to cover dependents.

For employees hired on or after July 1, 2001, and who retire with less than 10 years of service, the State makes no contributions. For those retiring with at least 10 years but fewer than 15 years of service, the State pays 50% of the base monthly contribution. For those retiring with at least 15 years but fewer than 25 years of service, the State pays 75% of the base monthly contribution. For those employees retiring with at least 25 years of service, the State pays 100% of the base monthly contribution. Only single plan coverage is provided for retirees in this category. Retirees can elect family coverage but must pay the difference.

# NOTE 8 - POST-RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS - continued

The State is required to contribute the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount that is actuarially determined. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Measurement of the actuarial valuation and the ARC are made for the State as a whole and are not separately computed for the individual state departments and agencies such as the Department. The State has only computed the allocation of the other postemployment benefit (OPEB) costs to component units and proprietary funds that are reported separately in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). Therefore, the OPEB costs for the Department was not available and are not included in the financial statements. The State's CAFR includes the note disclosures and required supplementary information on the State's OPEB plans.

# NOTE 9 - ACCUMULATED SICK LEAVE

Sick leave accumulates at the rate of one and three-quarters working days for each month of service without limit. It can be taken only in the event of illness and is not convertible to pay upon termination of employment. However, a State employee who retires or leaves government service in good standing with sixty days or more of unused sick leave shall be entitled to additional service credit in the Employee's Retirement System. Accumulated sick leave at June 30, 2008, was approximately \$4,933,000.

#### **NOTE 10 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN**

The State has established a deferred compensation plan pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 457 which enables State employees to defer a portion of their compensation. The State Department of Human Resources Development, has the fiduciary responsibility for administering the plan. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are (until paid or made available to the employees or other beneficiary) solely the property and rights of the State (without being restricted to the provisions of benefits under the plan), subject to the claims of the State is general creditors. Participants' rights under the plan are equal to those of the general creditors of the State in an amount equal to the fair market value of the deferred account for each participant. The assets of the plan and the deferred compensation payable are recorded in the State's Employee Benefits Agency Fund.

# NOTE 11 - NONIMPOSED EMPLOYEE FRINGE BENEFITS

Payroll fringe benefit costs of employees of the Department funded by state appropriations (General Fund) are assumed by the State and are not charged to the Department's operating funds. These costs, totaling \$2,551,612 for the year ended June 30, 2008, have been reported as revenues and expenditures within the Department's general fund.

Payroll fringe benefit costs related to federally-funded salaries are not assumed by the State and are recorded as expenditures in the Department's special revenue funds.

# NOTE 12 - FUND BALANCE DEFICITS

The following special revenue funds of the Department have deficits in the unreserved fund balances at June 30, 2008 as shown below.

	Deficit Balance
	at June 30, 2008
Air & Army National Guard	\$ 3,225,941
Disaster Assistance	1,148,654
Domestic Preparedness & Homeland Security Grants	1,767,343
National Guard Civilian Youth Opportunity Programs	40,356

Those deficits resulted primarily from expenditures being recorded on the accrual basis when incurred, and revenues being recognized only when corresponding funds are measurable and available.

# NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Department is involved in various actions, the outcome of which, in the opinion of management, will not have a material adverse effect on the Department's financial position. Losses, if any, are either covered by insurance or will be paid from legislative appropriations of the State's general fund.

The State maintains certain insurance coverages to satisfy bond indenture agreements as well as for other purposes, but is substantially self-insured for all other perils including workers' compensation. The State follows GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues" which establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for risk financing and insurance related activities of state governmental entities and requires the recordation of a risk liability for financing and insurance related losses, including those incurred but not reported, if it is determined that a loss has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. Previously, these losses were recorded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The State retains various risks and insures certain excess layers with commercial insurance companies. The Department's share of workers' compensation losses are appropriated annually in the general fund. Workers compensation expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2008, amounted to approximately \$94,000.

# DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE STATE OF HAWAII STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (BUDGET AND ACTUAL) - GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Basis	Positive (Negative)
Budgetary fund balance at July 1, 2007 Revenues	\$-	-	-	-
State allotted appropriations	12,806,836	12,806,836	12,806,836	
Expenditures Amelioration of physical disasters Hawaii National Guard youth challenge academy	9,490,839 1,349,934	9,640,839 1,349,934	9,640,146 1,044,060	693 305,874
Service to veterans	1,966,063	1,816,063	1,815,459	604
	12,806,836	12,806,836	12,499,665	307,171
Excess of revenues over expenditures	-	-	307,171	307,171
Lapsed appropriations			(307,171)	(307,171)
Budgetary fund balance at June 30, 2008	<u>\$</u>		- -	-

# DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE STATE OF HAWAII STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (BUDGET AND ACTUAL) - MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

				Actual Amounts	Variance with
	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>			Budgetary	Final Budget
		Original	Final	Basis	Positive (Negative)
Air & Army National Guard Revenues					
Intergovernmental revenues	¢.	25,483,166	29,624,252	22,529,755	(7.004.407)
Expenditures	ф.	23,465,100	29,024,232	22,529,755	(7,094,497)
Air and army national guard service		25,483,166	29,624,252	20,929,150	8,695,102
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$	-		1,600,605	1,600,605
	<u> </u>				
Disaster Assistance					
Revenues					
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	25,334,000	24,584,000	9,943,568	(14,640,432)
Expenditures		05 224 000	24 594 000	0.064.751	14 (10 040
Civil defense	-	25,334,000	24,584,000	9,964,751	14,619,249
Excess of expenditures over revenues				(21,183)	(21,183)
Domestic Preparedness & Homeland Security Gra	ants				
Revenues					
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	35,130,458	35,880,458	18,421,915	(17,458,543)
Expenditures					
Civil defense		35,130,458	35,880,458	15,763,023	20,117,435
Excess of revenues over expenditures			-	2,658,892	2,658,892
National Guard Civilian Youth Opportunity Prog	rame				
Revenues	1 41110				
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	2,054,016	2,054,016	1,929,700	(124,316)
Expenditures	¥	_,,	,00.,010	_,, _,	( ,,,,,,))
Youth challenge program		2,054,016	2,054,016	2,042,116	11,900
Excess of expenditures over revenues	\$	-		(112,416)	(112,416)
Å					

# DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE STATE OF HAWAII SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

<u>Federal Grantor/Pass-through</u> <u>Grantor/Program Title</u>	Federal CFDA Number	Grant Number	Federal Expenditures	
<u>Department of Defense</u> Army National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance Projects				
Real Property	12.401	W912J6-08-2-1001 W912J6-07-2-1001 W912J6-06-2-1001	\$ 2,200,766 4,072,063 362,388	
Environmental Resources Management	12.401	W912J6-08-2-1002 W912J6-07-2-1002 W912J6-06-2-1002 W912J6-05-2-1002	708,289 700,115 274,599 12,148	
Security Guard Activities	12.401	W912J6-08-2-1003 W912J6-07-2-1003 W912J6-06-2-1003	508,157 340,380 29,111	
Electronic Surveillance	12.401	W912J6-08-2-1004 W912J6-07-2-1004	122,177 149,356	
Telecommunications	12.401	W912J6-08-2-1005 W912J6-07-2-1005	81,573 49,417	
Integrated Training Area Management	12.401	W912J6-08-2-1007 W912J6-07-2-1007 W912J6-06-2-1007	48,158 198,744 14,528	
Anti-Terrorism Program Management	12.401	W912J6-08-2-1010 W912J6-07-2-1010	59,887 89,670	
Distance Learning	12.401	W912J6-08-2-1040 W912J6-07-2-1040 W912J6-06-2-1040	812 101,968 5,067 10,129,373	
National Guard Civilian Youth Opportunities	12.404	W912J6-08-2-4002 W912J6-07-2-4002 W912J6-06-2-4002	33,223 1,803,115 215,609 2,051,947	

See accompanying notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

## DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE STATE OF HAWAII SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - continued YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant Number	Federal Expenditures	
<u>Department of Defense</u> - continued Air National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance Projects				
Facilities Activities	12.401	W912J6-08-2-1021 W912J6-07-2-1021	\$ 1,221,176	
		WJ12J0-07-2-1021	1,092,424	
Security Guard Activities	12.401	W912J6-08-2-1023	80,303	
		W912J6-07-2-1023	36,193	
			2,430,096	
Department of Homeland Security -				
Federal Emergency Management Agency				
Cooperative Agreement				
Emergency Operations Center Grants	83.563	EMF-2003-GR-0383	133,074	
Pre-Disaster Mitigation	97.017	EMF-2005-PC-0004	503,342	
Emorganov Propagadages Management Grants	97.042	2006-EM-E6-0010	115 505	
Emergency Preparedness Management Grants	97.042	2000-EM-E0-0010 2007-EM-E7-0012	415,585 1,694,851	
		2007-EM-E7-0012 2007-EM-E7-0062	51,411	
			2,161,847	
Disaster Programs	07.022	EEMA 1664 DD III	0.82,000	
Crisis Counseling - Kiholo Bay Earthquake	97.032	FEMA-1664-DR-HI	283,090	
Public Assistance Grants				
Nov 2000 Flood	97.036	FEMA-1348-DR-HI	331,851	
Oct 2004 Flood		FEMA-1575-DR-HI	556,582	
Mar 2006 Flood		FEMA-1640-DR-HI	2,954,058	
Kiholo Bay Earthquake		FEMA-1664-DR-HI	3,443,737	
Dec 2007 Storm Damages		FEMA-1743-DR-HI	653,585	
			7,939,813	
Haroud Mitigation Grants				
Hazard Mitigation Grants Oahu 2004 Flood	97.039	FEMA-1575-DR-HI	51,858	
Mar 2006 Flood	27.0022	FEMA-1640-DR-HI	9,167	
Mai 2000 1 1000			61,025	
Eiro Monocoment Create	97.046	FEMA-2573-2701	654,122	
Fire Management Grants	27.040		0J7,144	

Sce accompanying notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

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# DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE STATE OF HAWAII SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - continued YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant Number	Federal Expenditures	
Department of Homeland Security				
FY2003 State Homeland Security Grant	97.004	2003-TE-TX-0192	\$ 194,375	
FY2003 State Homeland Security				
Grant – Part II		2003-MU-T3-0043	727,549	
FY2004 Homeland Security		2005-GE-T4-0042	6,582,761	
			7,504,685	
FY2005 Office of State and Local				
Government Coordination	97.067	2005-GE-T5-0034	5,413,080	
FY2006 Office of State and Local				
Government Coordination		2006-GE-T6-0033	868,651	
FY2007 Office of State and Local				
Government Coordination		2007-GE-T7-0013	290,066	
			6,571,797	
FY2005 Transit Security Grant	97.075	2005-GB-T5-0007	9,718	
FY2005 Buffer Zone Protection	97.078	2005-GE-T5-0069	19,576	
Department of Health				
Enforcing Underage Drinking Law				
(HPUD)	16.727	ASO Log No. 07-183	65,163	
Enforcing Underage Drinking Laws				
Discretionary (DRED)		ASO Log No. 07-210	14,393	
			79,556	
Department of Human Services	07 550	DUC OF DESCD 4070	1 777 510	
About Face Family of Programs (TANF/JUMP)	93.558	DHS-05-BESSD-4079	1,773,518	
		DHS-07-BESSD-2233 DHS-06-BESSD-3127	3,513,046	
Forward March Program (FMAR)		DHS-06-BESSD-3127 DHS-05-BESSD-2203	1,218,005	
Healthy Lifestyles in Our Community (LIFE)		DU2-03-DE220-2203	2,564,515	
			9,069,084	

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Scc accompanying notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

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# DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE STATE OF HAWAII SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - continued YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

<u>Federal Grantor/Pass-through</u> <u>Grantor/Program Title</u>	Federal CFDA Number	Grant Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Transportation HMEP Assistance	20.703	HME HI 6004140	\$ 63,674
Department of Transportation	None	MOA	500,000
Department of Commerce	Not available	None	484,909
Department of Labor and Industrial Relations Youth Program - Workforce Investment Act	17.259	WIA-07-YP-K WIA-06-YP-K	298,509 189,363 487,872
<u>Department of Veterans Affairs</u> State Cemetery Grants	64.203	HI-02-11	41,459 \$ 51,180,059

See accompanying notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

#### **NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Department and is presented on the cash basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A - 133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

### NOTE 2 - SUBRECIPIENTS

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, the Department of Defense provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

-	Federal			
	CFDA	Grant	Federal	
Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures	
Federal Emergency Management Agency				
Emergency Operation Center Grants	83.563	EMF-2003-GR-0383	133,074	
Pre-Disaster Mitigation	97.017	EMF-2005-PC-0004	428,355	
Crisis Counseling - Kiholo Bay Earthquake	97.032	FEMA-1664-DR-HI	283,090	
Public Assistance Grants				
Nov 2000 Flood	97.036	FEMA-1348-DR-HI	331,851	
October 2004 Flood	97.036	FEMA-1575-DR-HI	260,847	
March 2006 Flood	97.036	FEMA-1640-DR-HI	2,838,188	
Kiholo Bay Earthquake	97.036	FEMA-1664-DR-HI	3,227,000	
Dec 2007 Storm Damages	97.036	FEMA-1743-DR-HI	366,681	
Fire Management Grants	97.046	FEMA-2573-2701	533,832	
-				
Department of Homeland Security				
FY2003 State Homeland Security - Part II	97.004	2003-MU-T3-0043	14,971	
FY2004 Homeland Security	97.004	2004-GE-T4-0042	3,623,790	
FY2005 Office of State and Local				
Government Coordination	97.067	2005-GE-T5-0034	4,069,797	
FY2006 Office of State and Local				
Government Coordination	97.067	2006-GE-T6-0033	866,367	
FY2005 Transit Security Grant	97.075	2005-GB-T5-0007	9,718	
FY2005 Buffer Zone Protection	97.078	2005-GB-T5-0069	19,576	

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

1136 12TH AVENUE SUITE 240 HONOLULU, HAWAII 96816

## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Auditor State of Hawaii

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Department of Defense of the State of Hawaii (Department), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Department's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Department's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified a deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as an item 08-1 to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Department's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, including applicable provisions of the Hawaii Procurement Code (Chapter 103D of the Hawaii Revised Statutes) and procurement rules, directives and circulars, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 08-11.

We also noted certain matters that we reported to management of the Department in a separate letter dated June 25, 2012.

The Department's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the Department's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management of the State of Hawaii Department of Defense, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Chao, arada : Le. CPAS. Anc.

Honolulu, Hawaii June 25, 2012 1136 12TH AVENUE SUITE 240 HONOLULU, HAWAII 96816

TELEPHONE (808) 734-1921

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Auditor State of Hawaii

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Department of Defense State of Hawaii (Department) with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. The Department's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the Department's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Department's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Department's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Department's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Department complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. However, the results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance with those requirements, which are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 08-2 to 08-4.

## Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Department is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Department's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses and other deficiencies that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance the deficiencies in internal control over compliance to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 08-7 to 08-10 to be significant deficiencies.

The Department's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the Department's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management of the State of Hawaii Department of Defense, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Choo, Osada & Lu, CPAS. Onc.

Honolulu, Hawaii June 25, 2012

# Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

## **Financial Statements**

Type of auditor's report issued:		unqualified				
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified? Significant internal control deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?		X	_yes _yes	X	_no _no	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?			_yes	X	_no	
Federal Awards						
Internal control over major programs: Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?		X	_yes_ _yes_		_no _no	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:		unqualifi	ied			
Any audit findings disclosed that are recordence with Circula Section .510(a)?		X	_yes_		_no	
Identification of major programs:						
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program	or Cluster				
12.404	Department of Defense National Guard Civilian Youth Opportunities Program					
97.004	Department of Homeland Security State Homeland Security Grant Program					
93.558	Department of Human Services About Face Family of Programs Forward March Program Healthy Lifestyles in Our Community					

## Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results - continued

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:

## \$ <u>1,535,402</u>

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

<u>X</u> yes no

## Section II - Financial Statement Findings

Finding No. 08-1 Significant deficiency

#### **Condition**

Total expenditures reported in the Department's financials were overstated by \$50,000 because an expenditure was recorded twice. However, there was no effect on the Department's cash balance because the corresponding credit was recorded to revenues.

## Recommendation

The Department should consider reconciling its cash receipts and disbursement records to the Department's Status of Appropriation Account Balances (MBP430-B) reports on a monthly basis.

## Response of Department

The State DOD ASO and the grant program manager will reconcile on a monthly basis and also on the final report to determine that all expenditures and disbursements are in accordance with the Memorandum of Agreements. All new staff will be trained to address the level of understanding deficiencies and findings to prevent erroneous transactions. Once trained, supervisory or independent reviews will be strengthened to ensure that staffs are responsible in processing and administering Federal grant expenditures.

### Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding No. 08-2 Questioned Costs: None

## Background

The Department was required, as part of an audit performed in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, to submit to its auditors a schedule of federal awards summarizing its expenditures under federally funded programs.

## **Condition**

In the schedule of federal awards submitted by the Department, there were discrepancies between expenditures reported for several federal programs, and the related amounts in the Department's accounting records. This finding was also noted in the prior year.

#### Recommendation

The Department should review procedures related to the preparation of the schedule of federal awards so that there is an adequate reconciliation to supporting departmental accounting records.

#### Response of Department

In preparation of participating in the State of Hawaii single audit report, the appropriate departmental staff has been trained to prepare the State Expenditure of Federal Awards (SEFA). Inter-departmental procedures will be prepared to ensure that the reconciliation to FAMIS and Data Mart will support departmental accounting records.

#### Finding No. 08-3 Questioned Costs: None

#### Condition

The Department's Single Audit was not completed within nine months of the end of the fiscal year as specified by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133. This finding was also noted in the prior year.

#### Recommendation

The Department should make staffing and contracting arrangements for the completion of the audit within the specified deadline; if the audit cannot be completed within that time frame, the Department should request an extension of time to submit the audit report package to its federal oversight agency.

#### Response of Department

The Department did not have adequate funding to contract for the preparation of the financial statement for the Department. This requirement has been completed and the reports for FY 2008, 2009, and 2010 has been completed. The department has opted to participant in the State of Hawaii's combined Single Audit report beginning from FY 2010. With the additional staff services from the Department of Accounting and General Services and the execution of a contract to perform the Statewide Single Audit, timely completion of the Single Audit reports should be resolved.

# Finding No. 08-4 State Homeland Security Grant Program; CFDA NO.: 97.004 and 97.067 Questioned Costs: None

#### **Condition**

The Department was required to submit a final report of expenditures to the federal awarding agency 90 days after the expiration or the termination of the grant. The grant was extended to May 2009. However, the Department prepared and submitted the final report on July 2008. Total expenditures reported to the federal awarding agency included estimated expenditures instead of actual expenditures, and excluded an unobligated balance of federal funds of approximately \$38,000. Furthermore, the Department did not submit an amended report to the federal awarding agency.

We also noted that for other financial reports submitted by the Department, total unliquidated obligations were overstated by approximately \$170,000 on one report and \$619,000 on another report. The Department was not able to provide support for the amount of unliquidated obligations reported.

We also noted that there was no documentation for review by an appropriate level of management for the financial reports prepared by a grant administrator prior to the submission.

#### Recommendation

The Department should consider if modifications are necessary to ensure that reporting requirements are followed. The expenditures reported to the federal awarding agencies should be based on actual expenditures and supporting documentation for the reported expenditures should be maintained. Additionally, financial reports should be reviewed prior to submission and such reviews should be documented.

#### Response of Department

The Department has received authorization to hire a program analyst type of employee and an additional accountant that will both report to the Business Management Officer (BMO). All future grants received by the Department will be monitored by these individuals to ensure that requirements of grants are being met. There will also be developed within the ASO a log system of all due outs by grant requirements.

The State DOD ASO and the grant program manager will determine the Federal grant program and ASO staffs' level of understanding with regard to the grant compliance requirements and final expenditure reporting. Based on the recommendation of this finding, training will be conducted to address the level of understanding deficiencies. Once trained, supervisory or independent reviews will be strengthened to ensure that staffs are responsible in processing and administering Federal grant expenditures and compliance requirements.

#### Finding No. 08-5 State Homeland Security Grant Program; CFDA NO.: 97.067 Questioned Costs: None Material weakness

#### Background

Expenditure reporting utilizes reports generated using the State's accounting software (FAMIS) and reports generated using the Department's accounting software (Foxpro). The Department's financial statements and schedule of federal awards are generated from FAMIS reports, while financial status reports submitted to federal awarding agencies are generated from Foxpro reports.

#### **Finding**

The activity code changes which were reflected to change expenditures on the schedule of expenditures of federal award were made to the Foxpro database, but these revisions were not documented on the original documents such as the requisition and purchase order form (Form C-3).

#### Recommendation

The Department should consider reminding individuals responsible for reviewing expenditure activity codes that revisions should be consistently made in both accounting systems as well as documented on the related purchase orders. Management should also consider the feasibility of applying the changes to activity codes after the close of the fiscal year by utilizing journal vouchers to document the changes.

#### Response of Department

The Department has received authorization to hire a program analyst type of employce and an additional accountant that will both report to the BMO. All future grants received by the Department will be monitored by these individuals to ensure that requirements of grants are being met. If there are any changes required by the grants, instructions will be initiated by the ASO. The instructions will include the type of documentation that should be generated to ensure an audit trail.

The State DOD ASO and the grant program manager will determine the Federal grant program and ASO staffs' level of understanding with regard to the grant compliance requirements and final expenditure reporting. Based on the recommendation of this finding, training will be conducted to address the level of understanding deficiencies. Once trained, supervisory or independent reviews will be strengthened to ensure that staffs are responsible in processing and administering Federal grant expenditures and compliance requirements.

#### Finding No. 08-6 State Homeland Security Grant Program; CFDA NO.: 97.004 and 97.067 Questioned Costs: \$282,331 Material weakness

#### Finding

We noted that an activity code change that was not made in one of the Department's two financial reporting systems resulted in the overstatement of a federal grant award expenditure and the understatement of another federal grant award expenditure by \$282,331.

#### Recommendation

The Department should establish policies and procedures for assignment of expenditure activity codes to ensure the accuracy of data in both the Status of Appropriation Account Balances and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

#### Response of Department

The Department has received authorization to hire a program analyst type of employee and an additional accountant that will both report to the BMO. All future grants received by the Department will be monitored by these individuals to ensure that requirements of grants are being met. If there are any changes required by the grants, instructions will be initiated by the ASO. The instructions will include the type of documentation that should be generated to ensure an audit trail.

The State DOD ASO and the grant program manager will determine the Federal grant program and ASO staffs' level of understanding with regard to the grant compliance requirements and final expenditure reporting. Based on the recommendation of this finding, training will be conducted to address the level of understanding deficiencies. Once trained, supervisory or independent reviews will be strengthened to ensure that staffs are responsible in processing and administering Federal grant expenditures and compliance requirements.

#### Finding No. 08-7 State Homeland Security Grant Program; CFDA NO.: 97.004 Questioned Costs: None Significant deficiency

#### **Condition**

Expenditure and payroll records related to the Homeland Security grant award were deleted in April 2008. Records from March 2006 to April 2008 were backed up onto tapes, but recovery of the data was not successful. The Department provided alternative records of support to substantiate the reconciliation of the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

#### Recommendation

The Department should review and monitor internal controls related to the backup and recovery system.

#### Response of Department

The Department has received authorization to hire a program analyst type of employee and an additional accountant that will both report to the BMO. The program analyst will conduct a review of the internal controls, develop instructions and policies as required.

The State DOD ASO and the grant program manager will determine the Federal grant program and ASO staffs' level of understanding with regard to the internal controls requirements. Based on the recommendation of this finding, training will be conducted to address the level of understanding this deficiency. Once trained, supervisory or independent reviews will be strengthened to ensure that staffs are responsible in processing and administering Federal grant expenditures and compliance requirements.

#### Finding No. 08-8 About Face Family of Programs: CFDA NO.: 93.558 Questioned Costs: \$12,819 Significant deficiency

#### **Condition**

Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, require the Department to properly record expenditures as allowed for by the laws, regulations, and the provisions of contract or grant agreements. We noted that expenditures of \$12,819 related to the National Guard Civilian Youth Opportunities program were miscoded to the About Face Family of Programs.

#### Recommendation

The Department should consider if modifications are necessary to its procedures to ensure that expenditures are charged to the appropriate programs.

#### Response of Department

The State DOD ASO and the grant program manager will reconcile on a monthly basis and also on the final report to determine that all expenditures and disbursements are in accordance with the Memorandum of Agreements. All new staff will be trained to address the level of understanding deficiencies and findings to prevent erroneous transactions. Once trained, supervisory or independent reviews will be strengthened to ensure that staffs are responsible in processing and administering Federal grant expenditures. Program managers will be tasked to review final closeouts and make the necessary adjustments.

Finding No. 08-9 About Face Family of Programs: CFDA NO.: 93.558 Questioned Costs: Unknown Significant deficiency

#### **Condition**

The Department entered into an agreement with a vendor related to a federal grant passed through from the State Department of Human Services (DHS). Under the terms of the contract, all equipment, furniture and supplies purchased belonged to the DHS. Additionally, the vendor was responsible for providing an inventory listing of all items purchased within the period covered. A complete inventory listing of such items purchased during the current year was not provided by the vendor. Furthermore, the Department did not provide a list of capital assets purchased during the year to DHS.

#### Recommendation

The Department should review procedures related to the monitoring of contracts to help ensure that a proper accounting of capital asset purchases is provided to the DHS.

#### Response of Department

The State DOD ASO and the grant program manager will reconcile equipment purchases on a monthly basis and also on the final report to determine that all equipment and disbursements are in accordance with the Memorandum of Agreements. Subrecipients records will be monitored quarterly and discrepancies or variances to instructions (instructions were given to lease all equipment) discovered will be immediately transmitted to DOD ASO for appropriate action. All new staff will be trained to address the level of understanding deficiencies and findings to prevent future deficiency transactions. Once trained, supervisory or independent reviews will be strengthened to ensure that staffs are responsible in processing and administering Federal grant expenditures.

#### Finding No. 08-10 About Face Family of Programs: CFDA NO.: 93.558 Questioned Costs: \$6,266 Significant deficiency

#### **Condition**

The Department was a subrecipient of a federal grant through the State Department of Human Services (DHS). The program accountant prepared a schedule of payroll expenses allocated to six separate programs of the grant, which was then used to prepare a monthly report to the DHS. We noted that the sum of the allocation reported was \$6,266 less than the total payroll expense recorded to that grant for that period.

#### Recommendation

The allocation reports prepared by the program accountant should be reconciled to the Department's books on a regular basis.

#### Response of Department

The State DOD ASO and the grant program manager will reconcile on a monthly basis and also on the final report to determine that all expenditures and disbursements are in accordance with the Memorandum of Agreements. All new staff will be trained to address the level of understanding deficiencies and findings to prevent erroneous transactions. Once trained, supervisory or independent reviews will be strengthened to ensure that staffs are responsible in processing and administering Federal grant expenditures.

#### Finding No. 08-11 National Guard Civilian Youth Opportunities Program: CFDA NO.: 12.404 Questioned Costs: \$20,064

#### **Condition**

State of Hawaii procurement procedures required that goods or services of contracts meeting small purchase requests criteria to be awarded utilizing the Hawaii Electronic Procurement System (HePS). We found that although one contract met these criteria, it was not awarded through HePS.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the Department review its procurement procedures to help ensure that purchases comply with the State procurement requirements. All exceptions to Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS) 103D-305 and applicable Hawaii Administrative Rules (HAR) Chapter 3-122, Subchapter 8 should be clearly noted on the purchase orders.

#### Response of Department

The State DOD ASO and the purchasing supervisor will review all transactions and bring to the attention of the BMO any transaction that do not adhere to 103D-305 and HAR Chapter 3-122, Subchapter 8 prior to approval. If the transaction is approved, adequate documentation should be included to reflect the appropriate approving authority's waiver or section used to justify the approval.

All appropriate staff will be trained to address the level of understanding of this findings as well as other procurement deficiencies to prevent future questionable transactions. Once trained, supervisory or independent reviews will be strengthened to ensure that staffs are responsible in processing and administering Federal grant expenditures.

#### **Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

#### Section II - Financial Statement Findings

#### Finding No. 07-1

#### Condition

The Department's accounting staff may not have the specific training, competencies or experience to prepare of the Department's financial statements and related footnote disclosures in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, as promulgated by the Government Accounting Standards Board. Accordingly, the Department may not have adequate internal controls in place to detect and prevent misstatements in its financial statements.

#### Recommendation

The Department should review internal controls over financial reporting, including the year-end financial statements, and evaluate the costs and benefits of improving internal control in this area through hiring, training, or the use of outside accountants.

#### Status

Although the department has concurred with the finding, no progress has been made to implement the recommended changes because additional resources could not be requested due to the dire financial situation of the State of Hawaii was facing.

#### Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

#### Finding No. 07-2

#### Background

The Department is required, as part of an audit performed in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, to submit to its auditors a schedule of federal awards summarizing its expenditures under federally funded programs.

#### Condition

In the schedule of federal awards submitted by the Department, there were discrepancies between expenditures reported for several federal programs, and the related amounts in the Department's accounting records.

#### Recommendation

The Department should review procedures related to the preparation of the schedule of federal awards so that there is an adequate reconciliation to supporting departmental accounting records.

#### Status

The department is in the process of implementing a plan to reorganize the ASO Fiscal Services section with the addition of two positions that were approved by the 2011 Legislature.

#### Finding No. 07-3

#### Condition

The Department's Single Audit was not completed within nine months of the end of the fiscal year as specified by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133.

#### Recommendation

The Department should make staffing and contracting arrangements for the completion of the audit within the specified deadline; if the audit cannot be completed within that time frame, the Department should request an extension of time to submit the audit report package to its federal oversight agency.

#### Status

In FY 2010, a contract was awarded to an accounting firm to prepare financial reports for the department. In addition, the Department of Accounting and General Services assumed the responsibility to prepare the Single audit requirement for the Executive Departments to meet the requirements as specified by the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133.

#### Finding No. 07-4 Homeland Security Grant Program; CFDA NO.: 97.004

#### Condition

In the audit of a subrecipient for the year ended June 30, 2007, it was reported that quarterly financial reports for each quarter of the fiscal year had not been submitted to the Department. The Department has not received those quarterly reports to date.

#### Recommendation

The Department should review its procedures for the monitoring of subrecipients to ensure that required reports are received on a timely basis.

#### Status

In 2011, the Legislature approved a position that will be tasked to monitor State Civil Defense adherence to Grant requirements such as monitoring at sub recipients. This position has been tasked to (1) notify the division or section responsible of grant requirements shortfalls (2) recommend corrective actions and (3) follow up with the sections.