

Special-Purpose Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

June 30, 2008 and 2007

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

Submitted by

THE AUDITOR STATE OF HAWAII

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Auditor State of Hawaii:

We have audited the accompanying special-purpose balance sheets of the Hawaii Convention Center as of June 30, 2008, and the related special-purpose statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended. These special-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Hawaii Convention Center's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these special-purpose financial statements based on our audit. The accompanying special-purpose financial statements of the Hawaii Convention Center as of June 30, 2007, were audited by other auditors whose report thereon dated September 5, 2007 expressed an opinion that those statements were fairly stated, in all material respects, on the basis of accounting described in note 2 to the special-purpose financial statements.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the special-purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hawaii Convention Center's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the special-purpose financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying special-purpose financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with the management agreement between the Hawaii Tourism Authority and SMG as described in note 2, and are not intended to be a presentation in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the 2008 special-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Hawaii Convention Center as of June 30, 2008, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended, on the basis of accounting described in note 2.

Management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 7 is not a required part of the special-purpose financial statements but is supplementary information required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit for the year ended June 30, 2008 was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the special-purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information included in schedules 1 and 2 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the special-purpose financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the special-purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the special-purpose financial statements taken as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2008.

The report of the other auditors referred to above, dated September 5, 2007, stated that the supplementary information for the year ended June 30, 2007, included in schedule 1, was subjected to auditing procedures applied in their audit of the 2007 special-purpose financial statements and, in their opinion, was fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the special-purpose financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2007 taken as a whole.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Auditor, State of Hawaii, the boards of directors and managements of the Hawaii Tourism Authority and SMG and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KPMG LIP

September 8, 2008

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2008 and 2007

As financial management of the Hawaii Convention Center (the Center), we offer readers of these special-purpose financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Center for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007. SMG, a private management company, is contracted by the State of Hawaii (the State) through the Hawaii Tourism Authority (the Authority), to operate the Center. This discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on the significant financial issues and activities and to identify any significant changes in financial position. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the special-purpose financial statements as a whole.

Overview of the Special-Purpose Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Center's special-purpose financial statements, which comprises the special-purpose financial statements and the notes to special-purpose financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information concerning the Center's changes in net assets and operating expenses.

Special-Purpose Financial Statements

The special-purpose financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Center's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The special-purpose financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the provisions of the management agreement between the Authority and SMG and are intended to present the financial position, changes in net assets, and cash flows of only that portion of the Authority that is attributable to the transactions of the Center based upon the accounting records maintained by SMG. The Center's operations are reported under a flow of economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. The accounting policies of the Center conform in all material respects with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, except that the property, building, furniture, and equipment used in the Center's operations, and related depreciation expense, as well as debt and the related interest expense, are not reflected on the accompanying special-purpose financial statements. Those assets, liabilities, and related expenses are reflected on the financial statements of the Authority.

The special-purpose balance sheets present information on the Center's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Center is improving or deteriorating. Net assets increase when revenues and contributions from the State exceed expenses and funds remitted to the State. Increases to assets without a corresponding increase to liabilities result in increased net assets, which indicates an improved financial position.

The special-purpose statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets present information showing how an entity's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event occurs, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in these statements for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The special-purpose statements of cash flows present the inflows and outflows of cash for the year and is summarized by operating, financing, and investing activities. The statements are prepared using the direct method of cash flows and, therefore, present gross rather than net amounts for the year's operating activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2008 and 2007

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the special-purpose financial statements.

Supplementary Information

In addition to the special-purpose financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information concerning the Center's changes in net assets and operating expenses.

Financial Analysis

Net assets may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of an entity's financial position. In the case of the Center, assets exceeded liabilities by \$5,988,582 at June 30, 2008, and net assets increased by \$2,448,295 or 69% from June 30, 2007, and decreased by \$321,632 or 8% from June 30, 2006 to June 30, 2007. The change in net assets is attributable to Convention Center operations and sales and marketing activities and the funding of future sales and marketing efforts and capital improvements. All net assets were unrestricted.

By far, the largest portion of the Center's assets at June 30, 2008 was cash of \$9,356,206. The cash is to be utilized to pay for liabilities at June 30, 2008, including accounts payable of \$907,042, revenues collected for the State of \$2,645,927, and accumulation of advance deposits received from clients for future events in the amount of \$672,128. The cash will also be used for future sales and marketing efforts and capital improvements.

The largest portion of the Center's assets at June 30, 2007 was cash of \$6,117,202. The cash was to be utilized to pay for liabilities at June 30, 2007, including accounts payable of \$792,968, revenues collected for the State of \$1,563,198, and accumulation of advance deposits received from clients for future events in the amount of \$429,654. The cash will also be used for future sales and marketing efforts and capital improvements.

		Hawa	ii Convention Co	enter			
			Net Assets				
		June 30		2008 -	2007	2007 -	2006
	2008	2007	2006	Increase	% Change	Increase (decrease)	% Change
Total assets Total liabilities	\$ 10,772,375 4,783,793	6,894,864 3,354,577	6,637,033 2,775,114	3,877,511 1,429,216	56% \$ 43	257,831 579,463	4% 21
Unrestricted net assets	\$ 5,988,582	3,540,287	3,861,919	2,448,295	69% \$	(321,632)	(8)%

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2008 and 2007

Hawaii Convention Center

Changes in Net Assets

		June 30		2008 -	2007	2007 – 2006		
	2008	2007	2006	Increase (decrease)	% Change	Increase (decrease)	% Change	
Operating revenues: Food and beverage Rental income Events and other	5 8,650,384 3,401,374 1,728,210	6,709,286 2,377,308 1,464,188	7,737,940 2,611,400 1,663,213	1,941,098 1,024,066 264,022	29% \$ 43 18	(1,028,654) (234,092) (199,025)	(13)% (9) (12)	
Total operating revenues	13,779,968	10,550,782	12,012,553	3,229,186	31	(1,461,771)	(12)	
Cost of goods sold	4,929,999	3,914,323	4,390,615	1,015,676	26	(476,292)	(11)	
Gross profit	8,849,969	6,636,459	7,621,938	2,213,510	33	(985,479)	(13)	
Operating expenses: Convention center operations Sales and marketing	10,734,493 6,751,409	10,057,892 5,114,894	10,328,482 5,547,949	676,601 1,636,515	7 32	(270,590) (433,055)	(3) (8)	
Total operating expenses	17,485,902	15,172,786	15,876,431	2,313,116	15	(703,645)	(4)	
Operating loss	(8,635,933)	(8,536,327)	(8,254,493)	(99,606)	1	(281,834)	3	
Interest income	328,424	361,872	281,733	(33,448)	(9)	80,139	28	
Loss before contributions and remittance	(8,307,509)	(8,174,455)	(7,972,760)	(133,054)	2	(201,695)	3	
Contributions from the Hawaii Tourism Authority Remittance to the Hawaii	24,778,331	18,570,593	19,944,561	6,207,738	33	(1,373,968)	(7)	
Tourism Authority for completed events revenue	(14,022,527)	(10,717,770)	(12,097,178)	(3,304,757)	31	1,379,408	(11)	
Change in net assets	2,448,295	(321,632)	(125,377) \$	2,769,927	861% \$	(196,255)	157%	
Net assets at beginning of year	3,540,287	3,861,919	3,987,296					
Net assets at end of year	5,988,582	3,540,287	3,861,919					

Operating revenues include rental income, food and beverage, events, and other revenues. Operating revenues increased by \$3,229,186 or 31% to \$13,779,968 in fiscal year 2008, which represented a record high for the Center. Operating revenues decreased by \$1,461,771 or 12% in fiscal year 2007 to \$10,550,782.

The majority of operating revenues are generated from food and beverage operations. Food and beverage revenues increased by \$1,941,098 or 29% to \$8,650,384 in fiscal year 2008. Two corporate events alone generated approximately \$2.3 million in food and beverage revenues. Food and beverage revenues decreased by \$1,028,654 or 13% to \$6,709,286 in fiscal year 2007.

Typically larger off-shore convention type events generate more revenue for the Center as opposed to meetings and other smaller events. There were 184 events in the Center in the fiscal year 2008, of which 18 were convention type events, as compared to 196 events in the fiscal year 2007, of which 15 were convention type events and 190 events in the fiscal year 2006, of which 19 were convention type events.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2008 and 2007

Convention Center Operations

Total expenses (cost of goods sold and operating expenses) for convention center operations were \$15,664,492 and \$13,972,215, in fiscal year 2008 and 2007, respectively. This represents an increase of \$1,692,277 or 12% and decrease of \$746,882 or 5% from fiscal years 2007 and 2006, respectively. A breakdown of changes in individual expense categories is as follows:

		2008 -	· 2007	2007 - 2006			
	_	Increase (decrease)	% Change	Increase (decrease)	% Change		
Cost of goods sold	\$	1,015,676	26% \$	(476,292)	(11)%		
Salaries, wages, payroll taxes, and							
benefits		308,401	6	(34,300)	(1)		
Contract labor		168,132	16	(58,942)	(5)		
General excise tax		(508,528)	(95)	(19,781)	(4)		
Repairs and maintenance		13,075	2	132,057	30		
Building operations		75,223	14	(40,435)	(7)		
Utilities		322,661	20	(78,385)	(5)		
Other	_	297,637	35	(170,804)	(17)		
	\$_	1,692,277	\$_	(746,882)			

The increase in the cost of goods sold of \$1,015,676 or 26% in fiscal year 2008 from fiscal year 2007 is directly related to the increase in the number of convention type events held in the Center as well as the increase in the food and beverage revenues. There were three more convention type events in fiscal year 2008 than in fiscal year 2007. The increase in salaries, wages, payroll taxes, and benefits of \$308,401 or 6% is primarily due to merit increases as well as the addition of new positions during the fiscal year 2008. Certain contract labor rates increased during fiscal year 2008, but overall contract labor increased by \$168,132 or 16%, as a result of the increase in the number of convention type events in the Center from fiscal year 2007. Larger events are typically more complex in their programs and needs. Effective June 13, 2007, Act 173 was passed, which exempts from the general excise tax, amounts received by SMG for reimbursement of costs or advances made pursuant under the management agreements. General excise tax was paid on reimbursements of expenditures incurred in fiscal year 2007. Utilities increased by \$322,661 or 20% as a result of the rising cost of oil plus higher electricity usage related to the increase in convention type events from fiscal year 2007. Other expenses increased by \$297,637 or 35% due to more furniture, fixtures, and equipment purchases, an increase in insurance expenses, and other in comparison to fiscal year 2007.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2008 and 2007

The decrease in the cost of goods sold of \$476,292 or 11% in fiscal year 2007 from fiscal year 2006 is directly related to the decrease in the number of convention type events held in the Center as well as the decrease in the food and beverage revenues. There were four fewer convention type events in fiscal year 2007 than in fiscal year 2006. The increase in repairs and maintenance of \$132,057 or 30% is a result of necessary planned and unplanned expenditures to the HVAC system, machinery and equipment, and the Center in general. Other expenses decreased by \$170,804 or 17% due to less furniture, fixtures and equipment purchases, a reduction in insurance expenses, and other and less costly training programs were offered in comparison to fiscal year 2006.

Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expenses increased by \$1,636,515 or 32% to \$6,751,409 in fiscal year 2008. The expenses decreased by \$433,055 or 8% from fiscal year 2006 to 2007.

The major expenses for the fiscal year 2008 are in salaries and wages and advertising and promotion with \$1,728,950 and \$3,236,153, respectively. The Center continues to position itself in the market with a sales force locally as well as a sales team and offices on the mainland in three key markets, the West, Mid West, and East coasts. Of the \$3,236,153 used for advertising and promotion, \$2,237,477 was used from the Marketing Flexibility Fund. The uses of the fund were for rent incentives and destination support for groups whose events were held in fiscal year 2008, including National Association of Federal Credit Union, National Medical Association, Chartered Property and Casualty Underwriters Society, Toyota Motor Sales, USA, Inc., American Medical Association, Society for Critical Care Medicine, Cisco Systems, Inc., and Society for Pediatric Research. Other uses of the fund were for promotional support for groups whose events will be held at the Center in the future such as the American Podiatric Medical Association, Best Western International, American Society for Human Genetics, and Council for College and Military Educators. The increase in sales and marketing expenses from fiscal year 2007 to fiscal year 2008 of \$1,636,515 is primarily due to increases in salaries and wages, advertising and promotion, and travel and entertainment, offset by a decrease in general excise tax.

The decrease from fiscal year 2006 to fiscal year 2007 of \$433,055 is primarily due to decreases in advertising and promotion, professional services and rent. Of the \$2.0 million used for advertising and promotion, \$1.2 million was used from the Marketing Flexibility Fund. The uses of the fund were for rent incentives and destination support for groups whose events were held in fiscal year 2007 such as National Association of College & University Business Officers, American Veterinary Medical Association, American Bar Association, American Dietetic Association, World Buddhist's Women's Convention, AFLAC, and IEEE Microwave Theory and Techniques Society. Other uses of the fund were for promotional support for other groups whose events were held in fiscal year 2008 and some to be held in the future, including the National Association of Federal Credit Unions, Alzheimer's Association, National Medical Association, American Association of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgeons, and Society for Pediatric Research.

Special-Purpose Balance Sheets

June 30, 2008 and 2007

Assets	_	2008	2007
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents (notes 3 and 7) Accounts receivable Due from the Hawaii Tourism Authority (note 2) Inventories Prepaid expenses	\$	9,356,206 250,266 655,828 217,908 280,888	6,117,202 371,615 13,198 129,882 222,204
Deposits and other	_	11,279	40,763
Total assets	\$	10,772,375	6,894,864
Liabilities and Net Assets			
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Due to the Hawaii Tourism Authority (note 2) Accrued compensation Advance deposits (note 5) Other	\$	907,042 2,645,927 556,228 620,724 2,468	792,968 1,563,198 459,741 423,654 109,016
Total current liabilities		4,732,389	3,348,577
Advance deposits (note 5)		51,404	6,000
Total liabilities		4,783,793	3,354,577
Commitments and contingencies (notes 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10) Unrestricted net assets Total liabilities and net assets		5,988,582 10,772,375	3,540,287 6,894,864
Total hadilities and net assets	Ψ	10,112,313	0,074,004

See accompanying notes to special-purpose financial statements.

Special-Purpose Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

Years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

	2008	2007
Operating revenues, net (note 2):		
Food and beverage \$	8,650,384	6,709,286
Rental income	3,401,374	2,377,308
Events	1,528,700	1,325,320
Other	199,510	138,868
Total operating revenues	13,779,968	10,550,782
Operating expenses (note 2):		
Cost of goods sold:	2,032,007	1 477 202
Food and beverage		1,477,303
Direct	2,897,992	2,437,020
Total cost of goods sold	4,929,999	3,914,323
Other operating expenses (notes 6 and 8):		
Salaries and wages	5,823,923	5,339,041
Advertising and promotion	3,283,183	2,078,049
Utilities	1,975,569	1,647,369
Contract labor	1,494,406	1,245,159
Payroll taxes and benefits (note 10)	1,421,148	1,340,750
Travel and entertainment	870,835	606,413
Building operations	614,650	539,427
Repairs and maintenance	595,108	606,912
Management fee (note 4)	426,213	409,820
Insurance	168,258	76,001
Professional fees	112,393	62,347
Community relations	105,754	107,772
Printing and stationery	45,999	52,714
Office supplies	38,971	36,375
Dues and subscriptions	34,456	37,196
Computer	33,179	49,006
Employee training	30,799	44,063
General excise tax	28,753	748,484
Postage	28,429	28,612
Miscellaneous	353,876	117,276
Total other operating expenses	17,485,902	15,172,786
Total operating expenses	22,415,901	19,087,109
Operating loss	(8,635,933)	(8,536,327)
Nonoperating revenues: Interest income	328,424	361,872
Loss before contributions and funds remitted	(8,307,509)	(8,174,455)
Contributions from the Hawaii Tourism Authority (notes 2, 6, and 7) Remittance to the Hawaii Tourism Authority for completed events	24,778,331	18,570,593
revenue (note 2)	(14,022,527)	(10,717,770)
Change in net assets	2,448,295	(321,632)
Net assets at beginning of year	3,540,287	3,861,919
Net assets at end of year \$	5,988,582	3,540,287

See accompanying notes to special-purpose financial statements.

Special-Purpose Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

	_	2008	2007
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers of goods and services Cash payments to employees	\$	14,143,791 (15,280,530) (7,148,584)	10,568,446 (12,355,661) (6,661,842)
Net cash used in operating activities	_	(8,285,323)	(8,449,057)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Contributions received from the Hawaii Tourism Authority Funds remitted to the Hawaii Tourism Authority	_	24,135,701 (12,939,798)	18,557,395 (10,166,846)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	_	11,195,903	8,390,549
Cash flows provided by investing activity: Interest income	_	328,424	361,872
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		3,239,004	303,364
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	_	6,117,202	5,813,838
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	9,356,206	6,117,202
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities: Operating loss	\$	(8,635,933)	(8,536,327)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities: Decrease (increase) in assets:	-		
Accounts receivable Inventories Prepaid expenses Deposits and other assets Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		121,349 (88,026) (58,684) 29,484	24,353 31,374 38,162 (35,158)
Accounts payable Accrued compensation Advance deposits Other liabilities	_	114,074 96,487 242,474 (106,548)	29,639 17,949 (6,689) (12,360)
Total adjustments	_	350,610	87,270
Net cash used in operating activities	\$_	(8,285,323)	(8,449,057)

See accompanying notes to special-purpose financial statements.

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements

June 30, 2008 and 2007

(1) Organization

The Hawaii Convention Center (the Center), which opened to the general public in June 1998, is used for a variety of events, including conventions and trade shows, public shows, and spectator events. The Center offers approximately 350,000 square feet of rentable space, including 51 meeting rooms.

Effective July 1, 2000, the Hawaii Tourism Authority, State of Hawaii (the Authority), is responsible for the operation, management, and maintenance of the Center. The Authority is a discretely presented component unit of the State of Hawaii. The Center is reported as a special revenue fund of the Authority.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

This summary of significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the special-purpose financial statements. These policies are considered essential and should be read in conjunction with the special-purpose financial statements.

(a) Financial Statement Presentation and Basis of Accounting

The special-purpose financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the provisions of the management agreement between the Authority and SMG (note 4) and are intended to present the financial position, changes in net assets and cash flows of only that portion of the Authority that is attributable to the transactions of the Center based upon the accounting records maintained by SMG. The Center's operations are reported on a flow of economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

These special-purpose financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, except that the property, building, furniture, and equipment used in the Center's operations, and related depreciation expense, as well as debt used to finance such capital assets and the related interest expense, are not reflected on the accompanying special-purpose financial statements. Those assets, liabilities, and related expenses are reflected on the financial statements of the Authority.

The Center has elected not to apply any Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

(b) Operating Revenues and Expenses

The Center distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the principal ongoing operations, management, and maintenance of the Center. Operating revenues include charges for services. Operating expenses include costs of services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements

June 30, 2008 and 2007

(c) Classification of Current and Noncurrent Assets and Liabilities

The Center considers assets to be current that can reasonably be expected, as part of its normal business operations, to be converted to cash and be available for liquidation of current liabilities within 12 months of the special-purpose balance sheet date. Liabilities that reasonably can be expected, as part of normal Center business operations, to be liquidated within 12 months of the special-purpose balance sheet date are considered to be current. All other assets and liabilities are considered to be noncurrent.

(d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Center considers currency on hand, savings, demand deposits, and certificates of deposits purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

(e) Due from/to the Hawaii Tourism Authority

Due from the Hawaii Tourism Authority represents expenses to be reimbursed by the Authority. Due to the Hawaii Tourism Authority represents revenues on completed events and contributions that are required to be remitted to the Authority. These amounts are required to be accounted for separately and are not netted together for financial statement reporting purposes.

(f) Revenue Recognition

Operating revenues include charges for services, which are recognized when services are provided. The Center's accounts receivable are due from companies in various industries. Credit is extended based on evaluation of the customer's financial condition and collateral is not required. Accounts receivable are due within 30 days and are at stated amounts due from customers. The allowance for doubtful accounts is the Center's best estimate of the amount of probable losses in the Center's existing accounts receivable. Management determines the allowance based on a review of each specific customer accounts receivable balance. Accounts outstanding longer than 90 days are considered past due and delinquency letters are sent. The Center writes off accounts receivable when it determines they are uncollectible.

(g) Inventory

Inventory held by the Center comprises of food and beverage items. Inventory is valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market.

(h) Net Assets

All net assets are classified as unrestricted.

(i) Discounts

Operating revenues are net of sales discounts amounting to \$397,684 and \$614,310 for the years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements

June 30, 2008 and 2007

(j) Advertising Expenses

The Center expenses costs of advertising as incurred.

(k) Use of Estimates

The preparation of the special-purpose financial statements, in accordance with the terms of the management agreement, requires management of the Center to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the special-purpose financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(3) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Center maintains cash at a financial institution located in Hawaii and in an investment sweep account with the same financial institution. At June 30, 2008 and 2007, the carrying amount of the Center's deposits was \$9,356,206 and \$6,117,202, respectively, and the bank balance was \$9,757,425 and \$7,114,668, respectively. Of the bank balance at June 30, 2008 and 2007, \$100,000 was insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and \$9,657,425 and \$7,014,668, respectively, was uninsured and uncollateralized. Accordingly, these deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Center's deposits may not be returned to it.

(4) Management Agreement

The Center is managed and operated by SMG under a management agreement dated June 28, 1996, as amended. The term of the original agreement was from June 28, 1996 to June 30, 2001 with two two-year option periods through June 30, 2005. In 2001, the first two-year option period was exercised by the Authority. Effective January 1, 2003, the Authority and SMG renegotiated the terms of the management agreement and extended the term of the agreement through June 30, 2006 with two five-year option periods through June 30, 2016. In June 2005, the Authority approved SMG's option to extend the term of the agreement through June 30, 2011.

The management fee for the years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 amounted to \$426,213 and \$409,820, respectively. The management fee for future years is based on the preceding years' management fee with escalation at the rate of either 4% or the rate of change in the Consumer Price Index [all Urban Consumers] (base year 1982 - 84 = 100) for Honolulu as published by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, whichever is lower.

SMG is on a cost-reimbursement contract whereby they are reimbursed by the Authority for costs incurred in operating the Center.

(5) License and Food and Beverage Agreements

At June 30, 2008 and 2007, various clients have contracts with the Center to reserve space for future conventions and events to be held at the Center. These clients signed license agreements with the Center, which require rental payments in advance. In addition, clients may be required to make payments for food and beverage in advance. At June 30, 2008 and 2007, the Center estimates approximately \$3,021,000 and \$3,140,000, respectively, in future revenues, of which \$672,128 and \$429,654, respectively, were collected in advance and recorded as advance deposits on the special-purpose balance sheets.

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements

June 30, 2008 and 2007

(6) Sales and Marketing

In accordance with Act 253 of the 2002 Session Laws of Hawaii, the Center assumed responsibility for the advertisement and promotion of the Center effective January 1, 2003. In an effort to increase its sales and marketing efforts, the Center entered into an agreement with the Authority whereby the Authority agreed to provide additional funding to the Center. The term on the agreement is from January 1, 2003 through June 30, 2006 with two five-year option periods through June 30, 2016. In June 2005, the Authority approved the Center's option to extend the terms of the agreement through June 2011. During the year ended June 30, 2008, the Center received \$24,778,331 from the Authority, of which approximately \$5,500,000 was required to be spent on sales and marketing. As of June 30, 2008, the Center had commitments for additional funding for sales and marketing efforts from the Authority of \$1,000,000. During the year ended June 30, 2007, the Center received \$18,570,593 from the Authority, of which approximately \$4,500,000 was required to be spent on sales and marketing. During the years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, the Center's sales and marketing expenses were \$6,751,409 and \$5,114,894, respectively. In accordance with the agreement between the Authority and the Center, the Center is not required to remit the unspent funds back to the Authority provided that the unspent funds be used for sales and marketing in subsequent years and approved by the Authority's board of directors. These sales and marketing costs are included as operating expenses in the Center's special-purpose statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets for the years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007.

(7) Capital Improvements

Expenditures for property, building and equipment are recorded as a reduction of contributions from the State since such capital assets are not recorded on the Center's special-purpose balance sheets (note 2). Expenditures for property, building, and equipment were \$985,802 and \$988,229 as of June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

In 2008 and 2007, the Center received \$3,000,000 and \$1,000,000, respectively, from the Authority to be used for emergency capital improvements, repair or maintenance purchases, and on various capital improvement projects. The Center is not required to remit unspent funds back to the Authority provided that the unspent funds be used for capital improvements. The Center had \$4,868,792 in unspent funds at June 30, 2008. As of June 30, 2008, the Center had remaining commitments relating to the acquisition of capital assets of \$1,250,000. As of June 30, 2008, the Center had commitments for additional funding for capital improvements from the Authority of \$3,000,000.

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements

June 30, 2008 and 2007

(8) Commitments

The Center entered into various contractual agreements relating to public relations support, digital phone services, and the maintenance of the facility. As of June 30, 2008, the Center had remaining commitments under these contracts as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2009	\$ 425,300
2010	100,500
2011	100,500
Total remaining commitments under contractual	
agreements	\$ 626,300

The Center conducts a portion of its operations utilizing leased facilities for sales offices under noncancelable operating leases expiring in 2010. Rent expense for all operating leases for the years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 was \$69,256 and \$58,304, respectively. Future minimum rental payments required for all noncancelable operating leases at June 30, 2008 are as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2009	\$ 20,400
2010	 3,400
Total remaining lease	
commitments	\$ 23,800

(9) Contingencies

The Center is involved in various other claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Center's assets and liabilities, results of operations, or liquidity.

(10) Pension Plan

The Center has a defined contribution pension plan for all employees meeting service, age, and employment status requirements. The Center contributes an amount equal to 66²/₃% on up to the first 5% of employee's contributions and may make discretionary matching contributions of a percentage, if any, to be determined annually based on a percentage of a participating employee's annual salary at the end of each calendar year. Contributions to the plan amounted to \$166,492 and \$159,463 during the years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule 1

HAWAII CONVENTION CENTER

Schedule of Changes in Net Assets

Years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

]	Contributions from the Hawaii Tourism Authority	Accumulated deficit	Total
Balance at July 1, 2006	\$	52,602,759	(48,740,840)	3,861,919
Loss before contributions and funds remitted Contributions from the Hawaii Tourism			(8,174,455)	(8,174,455)
Authority Remittance to the Hawaii Tourism Authority		18,570,593		18,570,593
for completed events revenue	-	(10,717,770)		(10,717,770)
Balance at June 30, 2007		60,455,582	(56,915,295)	3,540,287
Loss before contributions and funds remitted Contributions from the Hawaii Tourism			(8,307,509)	(8,307,509)
Authority Remittance to the Hawaii Tourism Authority		24,778,331	—	24,778,331
for completed events revenue	-	(14,022,527)		(14,022,527)
Balance at June 30, 2008	\$	71,211,386	(65,222,804)	5,988,582

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

Year ended June 30, 2008

	_	Convention Center operations	Sales and marketing	Total
Operating revenues, net:				
Food and beverage	\$	8,650,384	_	8,650,384
Rental income		3,401,374	_	3,401,374
Events		1,528,700	_	1,528,700
Other	_	189,710	9,800	199,510
Total operating revenues		13,770,168	9,800	13,779,968
Cost of goods sold:				
Food and beverage		2,032,007		2,032,007
Direct		2,897,992	_	2,897,992
Total cost of goods sold	-	4,929,999		4,929,999
Gross profit	-	8,840,169	9,800	8,849,969
Other operating expenses:	-			
Salaries and wages		4,094,973	1,728,950	5,823,923
Advertising and promotion		47,030	3,236,153	3,283,183
Utilities		1,931,093	44,476	1,975,569
Contract labor		1,209,384	285,022	1,494,406
Payroll taxes and benefits		1,119,697	301,451	1,421,148
Travel and entertainment		45,782	825,053	870,835
Building operations		614,650	025,055	614,650
Repairs and maintenance		581,827	13,281	595,108
Management fee		426,213		426,213
Insurance		168,258		168,258
Professional fees		32,930	79,463	112,393
Community relations		52,579	53,175	105,754
Printing and stationery		9,080	36,919	45,999
Office supplies		26,629	12,342	38,971
Dues and subscriptions		19,198	15,258	34,456
Computer		30,797	2,382	33,179
Employee training		27,208	3,591	30,799
General excise tax		28,651	102	28,753
Postage		6,310	22,119	28,429
Miscellaneous	-	262,204	91,672	353,876
Total other operating expenses	-	10,734,493	6,751,409	17,485,902
Operating loss		(1,894,324)	(6,741,609)	(8,635,933)
Nonoperating revenues:				
Interest income	-	266,973	61,451	328,424
Loss before contributions and funds remitted		(1 6 27 251)	(6 600 150)	(8 207 500)
		(1,627,351)	(6,680,158) 6 002 542	(8,307,509)
Contributions from the Hawaii Tourism Authority Remittance to the Hawaii Tourism Authority for completed		17,784,788	6,993,543	24,778,331
events revenue	-	(14,022,527)		(14,022,527)
Change in net assets	\$	2,134,910	313,385	2,448,295

See accompanying independent auditors' report.