Financial Statements June 30, 2014 Together with Independent Auditor's Report

Submitted by

THE AUDITOR STATE OF HAWAII



A Hawaii Limited Liability Partnership

February 23, 2015

Mr. Hakim Ouansafi Executive Director Hawaii Public Housing Authority State of Hawaii

Dear Mr. Ouansafi:

This is our report on the financial audit of the Hawaii Public Housing Authority (Authority) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Our audit was performed in accordance with the terms of our contract with the State of Hawaii and with the requirements of the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Government Auditing Standards, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*.

OBJECTIVES OF THE AUDIT

The primary purpose of our audit was to form an opinion on the fairness of the presentation of the Authority's basic financial statements as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, and to comply with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. The objectives of the audit were as follows:

- 1. To provide a basis for an opinion on the fairness of the presentation of the Authority's basic financial statements.
- 2. To determine whether expenditures and other disbursements have been made and all revenues and other receipts to which the Authority is entitled have been collected and accounted for in accordance with the laws, rules and regulations, and policies and procedures of the State of Hawaii and the federal government.
- To determine whether the Authority has established sufficient internal controls to properly manage federal financial assistance programs and to comply with the applicable laws and regulations.
- 4. To determine whether the Authority has complied with the laws and regulations that may have a material effect on the basic financial statements and on its major federal financial assistance programs.

SCOPE OF THE AUDIT

Our audit was performed in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants; *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the provisions of OMB Circular A-133. The scope of our audit included an examination of the transactions and accounting records of the Authority as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

ORGANIZATION OF THE REPORT

This report is presented in five parts as follows:

- Part I The basic financial statements and related notes of the Authority as
 of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, and our opinion
 on the basic financial statements.
- Part II Our report on internal control over financial reporting and compliance.
- Part III Our report on compliance for each major program; internal control over compliance; and report on schedule of expenditures of federal awards.
- Part IV The schedule of findings and questioned costs and management responses
- Part V The summary schedule of prior audit findings.

We wish to express our sincere appreciation for the excellent cooperation and assistance extended by the officers and staff of the Authority.

Sincerely,

Wilcox Choy Partner

Wilcox Chay

Table of Contents

| Table of Contents | Page |
|---|-----------------|
| PART I FINANCIAL SECTION | |
| Independent Auditor's Report | 6-8 |
| Management's Discussion and Analysis | 9-20 |
| Basic Financial Statements: | |
| Government-wide Financial Statements: | |
| Statement of Net Position | 21-22 |
| Statement of Activities | 23 |
| Governmental Fund Financial Statements: | |
| Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds | 24 |
| Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to | |
| the Statement of Net Position | 25 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in | |
| Fund Balances - Governmental Funds | 26 |
| Reconciliation of the Change in Fund Balances to the Statement of | f Activities 27 |
| Proprietary Funds | |
| Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds | 28-29 |
| Reconciliation of the Proprietary Funds Net Position to | |
| the Statement of Net Position | 30 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in | |
| Net Position - Proprietary Funds | 31-32 |
| Reconciliation of the Change In Net Position of the | |
| Proprietary Funds to the Statement of Activities | 33 |
| Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds | 34-36 |
| Notes to the Basic Financial Statements | 37-64 |

Table of Contents (continued)

| | | Page |
|----------|--|--------|
| Requ | nired Supplementary Information Other Than Management's Discussion and | |
| Anal | | 65 |
| | dgetary Comparison Schedule – Major Governmental Funds | 66-67 |
| Bu | dgetary Comparison Schedule – Budget-to-GAAP Reconciliation | 68 |
| Supp | plementary Information | 69 |
| Scl | hedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards | 70-71 |
| | nancial Data Schedule | 72-78 |
| PART II | INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS | 79-81 |
| PART III | INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY | |
| | OMB CIRCULAR A-133 | 82-86 |
| PART IV | SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS AND | |
| | MANAGEMENT RESPONSES | 87-95 |
| PART V | SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS | 96-100 |

PART I

FINANCIAL SECTION



A Hawaii Limited Liability Partnership

Independent Auditor's Report

The Auditor State of Hawaii

Board of Directors Hawaii Public Housing Authority:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hawaii Public Housing Authority (Authority), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Authority as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the Authority are intended to present the financial position, changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, of only that portion of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate other fund information of the State of Hawaii that is attributable to the transactions of the Authority. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of Hawaii as of June 30, 2014, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Budgetary Comparison schedules on pages 9 through 20 and pages 66 to 68, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards on pages 70 through 71, as required by the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Financial Data Schedule on pages 72 through 77 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Federal Awards and the Financial Data Schedule are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Federal Awards and the Financial Data Schedule are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 23, 2015 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KMH LLP

KMH LLP

Honolulu, Hawaii February 23, 2015

Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014

The Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides the highlights of the Hawaii Public Housing Authority's (HPHA) financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The HPHA's MD&A is designed to: focus on significant financial issues; review the HPHA's financial activity; highlight changes in the HPHA's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges); and identify individual fund issues or concerns. Since the MD&A is designed to focus on the financial activities of the HPHA for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, readers should review this in conjunction with the financial statements that follow.

INTRODUCTION

The HPHA is a full service agency, administratively attached to the State's Department of Human Services, for administrative purposes only. The HPHA's Board of Directors consists of eleven members, of whom nine are public members appointed by the Governor. Public members are appointed from each of the counties of Honolulu, Hawaii, Maui, and Kauai. One public member must be an advocate for low-income or homeless persons. One public member must be a person with a disability or an advocate for persons with disabilities. As required by federal statutes, at least one public member shall be a person who is directly assisted by the authority under the federal low-rent public housing or federal section 8 tenant-based housing assistance payments program while serving on the board. The Director of the Department of Human Services and the Governor's designee are ex-officio voting members. All HPHA board actions are taken by the affirmative vote of at least six members.

During the audited period of July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014, the HPHA administered the following major programs:

- Federal public housing programs

 The HPHA administered over 5,300 federal public housing units in Hawaii with funds received from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).
- State public housing programs
 The HPHA administered over 860 state public housing units developed with State funds.
- Federal and State rent subsidy programs

 The HPHA administered two federally funded rental assistance programs Section 8 Housing
 Choice Voucher Program and Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing Program, and the State
 funded rental assistance program, subsidizing monthly rental payments to qualified households.

Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014

Federal rental assistance program
 HPHA manages a Special Allocation Program which administers a project based program under a
 contract with the federal government through a subcontract, Contract Management Services (a
 subsidiary of the Bremerton Housing Authority).

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- At the close of the fiscal year, the assets of the HPHA exceeded its liabilities by \$483.00 million (net Position). Of this amount, \$302.95 million was invested in capital assets, net of related debt. (As detailed on *Government-Wide Statement of Net Position, page 21*)
- The HPHA's government wide net position increased by \$30.79 million. The increase in net position is the offsetting activities in government activities and business-type activities as follows:
 - a. Governmental activities increase in net assets of \$26.02 million is primarily due to State allotted appropriations of \$49.63 million, net of lapsed funds of \$0.73 million and net transfers out of \$6.68 million (as detailed on *Government-Wide Statement of Activities, page 23*).
 - b. Business-type activities increase in net assets of \$4.76 million (as detailed on *Government-Wide Statement of Activities, page 23*) is primarily due to capital contributions of \$14.48 million; net transfers in of \$6.68 million from Governmental Activities and loss before transfers of \$16.40 million (*Proprietary Funds, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, page 32*).

The capital contribution is related to the Capital Project fund's current year capital outlay of \$14.63 million (as detailed on *Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, page 26*) expended for the benefit of business-type activities funds.

Similar to the prior year, the net operating transfers are related to rental housing shortfalls paid for by the General Fund and Capital Project Funds (as detailed on *Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, page 26*).

The loss before transfers of \$16.40 million is primarily due to higher personnel and repair and maintenance costs (as detailed on *Proprietary Funds*, *Statement of Revenues*, *Expenses and Changes in Net Position*, pages 31 and 32).

Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the HPHA's basic financial statements. The HPHA's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1) Government-wide financial statements;
- 2) Governmental fund financial statements; and
- 3) Proprietary fund financial statements.

This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. The report is a summary generated from over 500,000 transactions or approximately 2,000 transactions per day.

Government-wide Financial Statements: The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the HPHA's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The first two government-wide financial statements – *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* provide both long-term and short-term information about the HPHA's overall financial status

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the HPHA's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. The statement displays the financial position of the HPHA. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the HPHA's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* shows how the HPHA's net position changed as a result of the year's activities. The statement uses the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the accounting used by private-sector businesses. All of the revenues and expenses are reported regardless of the timing of when cash is received or paid. The statement identifies the extent each expenditure function draws from general and federal revenues of the HPHA or is financed through charges for services and intergovernmental aid (primarily federal programs and state appropriations).

The government-wide financial statements of the HPHA are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities. The activities in this section are primarily supported by State appropriations and by HUD contributions, and focus on money flow into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end. The governmental funds statements – the *Balance Sheet* and the *Statement of Revenues and Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances* – are reported using current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view to help determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources to finance the HPHA's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided to explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014

- **Business-type activities**. Business type activities (also referred to as "proprietary funds") are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where funding to recover costs of providing goods and services to the general public is derived through user charges. Business-type activities are reported using an accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus.

Fund Financial Statements: The HPHA uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate fiscal accountability. A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes (sometimes referred to as a "self-balancing" set of accounts). This means a fund's assets will equal the total of its liabilities and its fund balance (or net position), similar to the way financial statements are presented.

The financial activities of the HPHA are recorded in individual funds, each deemed to be a separate accounting entity. Funds are then either reported as a major or non-major fund. The criteria for determining "major" or "non-major" funds is based on Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34, Basic Financial Statements - Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments. Major funds are reported separately, while non-major funds are combined as a whole and separated as a column in the fund financial statements. Details for the non-major funds can be found in the *Supplementary Information* section.

Notes to the Financial Statements: Notes to the financial statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following table was derived from the government-wide statement of net position.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

HAWAII PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY Condensed Statements of Net Positions June 30, 2014 & June 30, 2013 (In thousands of dollars)

| | Governmental Business | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|------------|--------------------|----|----------------------------|----|----------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|----|-----------------------------|
| | Act | Activities | | | Activ | | Total | | | | |
| | 2014 | | 2013 | | 2014 | | 2013 | - 2 | 2014 | | 2013 |
| Current and other assets Capital assets Other assets | \$ 129,68 4,72 | | 3 104,158 4,541 | \$ | 68,316 298,227 8,716 | \$ | 66,188 294,068 8,131 | \$ | 198,005 302,947 8,716 | \$ | 170,346 298,609 8,131 |
| Total Assets | \$ 134,40 | 9 \$ | 5 108,699 | \$ | 375,259 | \$ | | | \$509,668 | | \$477,086 |
| Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities | \$ 3,17 8 | 9 | 3,473 104 | \$ | 6,788 16,611 | \$ | 7,472 13,820 | \$ | 9,966 16,700 | \$ | 10,945 13,924 |
| Total Liabilities | 3,26 | 7 | 3,577 | | 23,399 | | 21,292 | | 26,666 | | 24,869 |
| Net position: Invested in capital assets, net of | | | | | | | | | | | |
| related debt | 4,72 | 0 | 4,541 | | 298,226 | | 294,068 | | 302,946 | | 298,609 |
| Restricted | 2,27 | 6 | 3,851 | | - | | - | | 2,276 | | 3,851 |
| Unrestricted | 124,14 | 6 | 96,730 | | 53,634 | | 53,027 | | 177,780 | | 149,757 |
| Total net position | 131,14 | 2 | 105,122 | | 351,860 | | 347,095 | | 483,002 | | 452,217 |
| Total liabilities & net position | \$ 134,40 | 9 \$ | 108,699 | \$ | 375,259 | \$ | 368,387 | \$ | 509,668 | \$ | 477,086 |

Statement of net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the HPHA's financial position. At the close of the fiscal year, the HPHA's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$483.00 million. \$302.95 million of net position was invested in capital assets, net of related debt. As discussed in the financial highlights, net position increased by \$30.79 million during the fiscal period (as detailed on *Government-Wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, pages 22 and 23*).

Of the HPHA's total assets, \$302.95 million (or 59.4%) represents capital assets, net of related debt. Cash and Due from the State of Hawaii (as presented in the detailed *Government-Wide Statement of Net Position, page 21*) in the amount of \$193.43 million and comprises 37.9% of total assets. Amounts in "Due from the state of Hawaii" represent available State allotted appropriations primarily designated for capital improvement projects. Net position for the previous fiscal year had a similar composition with the majority of total net position represented by capital assets, net of related debt.

Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014

Accounts payable and accrued current expenses of \$7.86 million comprise 78.9% of the HPHA's total current liabilities (as detailed in the *Government-Wide Statement of Net Position*, page 22). Long term liabilities increased by \$2.78 million from the prior year. This is primarily due to the net increase in other post retirement employee benefits liability of \$2.73 million (as detailed in the *Notes to the Financial Statements*, #8, page 61.) The HPHA's obligations related to other post retirement employee benefits are based on reports provided by the State's Department of Accounting and General Services.

The following financial information was derived from the government-wide statement of activities.

HAWAII PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY Government-Wide Statements of Activities Years Ended June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013 (In thousands of dollars)

| | Govern | mental | Busi | ness | | | | |
|--|------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--|--|
| | Activ | ities | Activ | vities | То | tal | | |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 | | |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | |
| Program Revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 19,315 | \$ 18,015 | \$ 19,315 | \$ 18,015 | | |
| Operating grants and contributions | 52,662 | 50,910 | 20,358 | 21,511 | 73,020 | 72,421 | | |
| Capital grants and contributions | - | - | 13,869 | 12,466 | 13,869 | 12,466 | | |
| Other income | - | - | 47 | 2,311 | 47 | 2,311 | | |
| General Revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| State allotted appropriations, net of | | | | | | | | |
| lapsed funds | 49,630 | 93,063 | - | - | 49,630 | 93,063 | | |
| Total revenues | 102,292 | 143,973 | 53,589 | 54,303 | 155,881 | 198,276 | | |
| Expenses | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities | | | | | | | | |
| Rental housing assistance program | 69,590 | 60,771 | - | - | 69,590 | 60,771 | | |
| Business-type activities | | | | | | | | |
| Rental assistance program | - | - | 58,285 | 53,466 | 58,285 | 53,466 | | |
| Housing development program | - | - | 8,591 | 7,803 | 8,591 | 7,803 | | |
| Other | | | 3,109 | 3,810 | 3,109 | 3,810 | | |
| Total governmental-wide expenses | 69,590 | 60,771 | 69,985 | 65,079 | 139,575 | 125,850 | | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) | | | | | | | | |
| expenses | 32,702 | 83,202 | (16,396) | (10,776) | 16,306 | 72,426 | | |
| Capital contributions | - | - | 14,479 | 7,762 | 14,479 | 7,762 | | |
| Transfers | (6,682) | (6,810) | 6,682 | 6,810 | | | | |
| CHANGES IN NET POSITION | 26,020 | 76,392 | 4,765 | 3,796 | 30,785 | 80,188 | | |
| Total net position, beginning of year | 105,122 | 28,730 | 347,095 | 343,299 | 452,217 | 372,029 | | |
| Total net position, end of year | \$ 131,142 | \$105,122 | \$ 351,860 | \$ 347,095 | \$ 483,002 | \$ 452,217 | | |

Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014

Statement of Activities

Operating grants and contributions increased by \$0.60 million in the current year from \$72.42 million to \$73.02 million. Capital grants and contributions increased by \$1.40 million in the current year from \$12.47 million to \$13.87 million. HUD operating subsidies for federal public housing program decreased by \$1.15 million or 5.4%, from \$21.51 million in prior year to \$20.36 million. Contributing to the higher business-type activities operating loss of \$16.44 million for the year (as detailed in the *Government – Wide Statement of Activities, Page 23)*, was higher Rental assistance program losses due to higher management fees, personnel costs and utilities. Consequently, business-type activities recognized net loss, before capital contributions and transfers, of \$16.40 million.

Governmental activities net position increased by \$26.02 million from prior year's \$105.12 million to current year's \$131.14 million. This increase is primarily due to State allotted appropriations of \$49.63 million net of lapsed capital funds of \$0.73 million, and net transfers out of \$6.68 million (as detailed in *Government-Wide Statement of Activities, Page 23*).

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE HPHA'S FUNDS

Governmental funds

The focus of the HPHA's governmental fund is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the HPHA's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balances may serve as a useful measure of the HPHA's net resource available for spending at the end of the fiscal year (as detailed in *Governmental Funds*, *Statement of Revenues*, *Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance*, page 26).

- At the end of the fiscal year, combined fund balances amounted to \$126.51 million, of which \$121.76 million was reserved for capital projects, an increase of \$25.83 million, in comparison with the prior year's combined fund balance of \$100.68 million (as detailed in *Governmental Funds, Balance Sheet, page 24 and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, page 26*).
- Under the General Fund, excess of revenues over expense at the end of the fiscal year was \$3.94 million. However, \$4.27 million was transferred out of the General Fund to support the HPHA's business type activities (as detailed in *Governmental Funds, Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, page 26*).
- The Capital Project Fund balance increased by \$27.77 million, to \$121.76 million from prior year's \$93.99 million (as detailed on *Governmental Funds, Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, page 26*). The HPHA received allotted appropriations of \$44.60 million net of lapsed fund of \$0.40 million. Capital outlay was \$14.63 million, and net transfer out was \$2.20 million.

Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014

- The Housing Choice Voucher Program fund balance decreased by \$1.58 million, to \$2.28 million. This is mainly because the voucher payment of \$24.03 million is more than the HUD annual contribution of \$23.83 million, with the operating expenses paid by cash reserve from prior years, as required by HUD directives.
- The Section 8 Contract Administration fund balance decreased by \$0.04 million to \$1.81 million. Revenue exceeded expenses by \$0.17 million, offset by operating transfer out of \$0.21 million.

Proprietary funds

The HPHA's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

- With the implementation of HUD's Asset Management and Project Based Budgeting, the HPHA
 established the HUD-mandated Central Office Cost Center (COCC) fund to account for costs related
 to the general oversight of its housing projects and other indirect and administrative costs of the
 Authority. The COCC fund charges fees to the HPHA's various federal housing projects for
 administrative services and general oversight.
- Combined Proprietary Funds losses before transfers amounted to \$16.40 million (*Proprietary Funds, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, page 32*) compared with prior year loss of \$10.78 million. The change is a combination of an increase in Other Revenue of \$1.3 million, offset by increases in expenses such as Repair and Maintenance of \$0.54 million and Personnel expense by \$1.65 million in order to address the vacant units.
- The COCC finished the current year with a loss before transfers of approximately \$0.002 million (*Proprietary Funds, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, pages 31 and 32*), in comparison to prior year's loss of approximately \$2.04 million. This is primarily due to increase in Other Income of \$1.14 million, from prior year's \$0.54 million, offset by approximately \$1.37 million increase related to staff cost. As a result, the COCC's net position decreased by \$0.13 million from the prior year.
- Under the Federal Low Rent Program, net loss before transfers increased by \$4.58 million to \$10.63 million, compared to prior year net loss of \$6.05 million. The variance was mainly due to Repair and Maintenance Expenses increase of \$4.08 million. The Net Position of this program increased by \$6.24 million, mainly because Capital Contribution increased by \$5.97 million, from prior year's \$6.83 million (*Proprietary Funds, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, page 32*).
- The State family projects or Housing Revolving fund losses before transfers amounted to \$2.06 million. This is mainly because rental income received is not sufficient to support operational expenditures (*Proprietary Funds*, *Statement of Revenues*, *Expenses and Changes in Net Position*, page 32).

Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014

- Similarly, the State elderly and disabled or Housing for Elderly fund's rental income received is insufficient to support the fund's operational expenditures, resulting in loss before transfers amounting to \$2.65 million (*Proprietary Funds, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, page 32*).
- Other Enterprise Funds loss before transfers amounted to approximately \$1.03 million (*Proprietary Funds, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Positions, page 32*) compared with prior year income of \$0.11 million.

Ke Kumu Ekahi and the Kuhio Park Terrace Resource Center continue to operate at a deficit.

Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The HPHA's investment in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 is approximately \$302.95 million (*net of related debt*). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, equipment, furniture, and fixtures, and construction in progress (Detailed in *Notes to the Financial Statements*, #5, page 52 through 54).

HPHA Capital Assets Years ended June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013 (In thousands of dollars)

| | Governi | nental | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | Activ | ities | Activ | ities | Tot | al |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Land Buildings and improvements | \$ 2,373 15,325 | \$ 2,373 15,041 | \$ 22,966 573,984 | \$ 22,966 554.858 | \$ 25,339 589,309 | \$ 25,339 569,899 |
| Equipment | 1,292 | 1,198 | 7,836 | 7,750 | 9,128 | 8,948 |
| Construction in progress | 23 | | 28,954 | 27,423 | 28,977 | 27,423 |
| Total | 19,013 | 18,612 | 633,740 | 612,997 | 652,753 | 631,609 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | (14,293) | (14,071) | (335,514) | (318,929) | (349,807) | (333,000) |
| Total Capital Assets Net | \$ 4,720 | \$ 4,541 | \$ 298,226 | \$ 294,068 | \$ 302,946 | \$ 298,609 |

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Major Projects Outstanding FY2014 (construction in progress) at the end of the year

- AMP 30 Puuwai Momi, Electrical System Repairs, \$2.70 million
- AMP 30 Salt Lake Apartment, Upgrade Electrical Power, \$0.39 million
- AMP 31 Kalihi Valley Homes, Site & Dwelling Improvements, \$0.73 million
- AMP 31 Hauiki Homes, Upgrade Electrical Distribution System, \$0.40 million
- AMP 34 Makua Alii, Reroofing and Structural Repairs, \$2.99 million
- AMP 34 Kalakaua Homes, Reroofing, Exterior Repairs, Site Improvement and ADA Accessibility, \$0.63 million
- AMP 37 Lanakila Homes I, Physical Improvements, \$0.94 million
- AMP 38 Hale Nana Kai O Kea, Site and Dwelling Improvements, \$2.65 million
- AMP 42 Hale Po'ai, Building Improvements, \$2.22 million
- AMP 45 Koolau Village, ADA Compliance, \$0.49 million
- AMP 45 Hookipa Kahaluu, ADA Compliance, \$0.41 million
- AMP 49 Wahiawa Terrace, Renovation of Vacant Units Statewide Group B, \$0.69 million

Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014

• AMP 50 Palolo Valley Homes, Homes Modernization & Physical Improvements, \$9.52 million

Debt Activity

As of June 30, 2014, HPHA has no Mortgage and Notes Payable debt outstanding. The two loans for the Banyan Street Manor development were paid in full during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, approximately \$291,605 was paid as part of the planned amortization and the sale of Banyan Street Manor development. No additional debt was incurred during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

CURRENTLY KNOWN FACTS, DECISIONS OR CONDITIONS

During 2009 legislative session, S.B. bill No. 910 was enacted and requires the transfer of the functions and duties of the homeless programs branch of the Authority to the Department of Human Services effectively July 1, 2010. The impact of the transfer to the Authority's net assets was approximately \$22,000,000 and is included in intergovernmental transfers under governmental activities in the governmental-wide statement of activities. The HPHA, however, continues to hold title to the State owned shelter facilities.

In February 2010, HHA Wilikina Apartment Project, Inc. a corporate agent of HPHA entered in an agreement for the sale of Wilikina Apartments Projects to VB Wilikina Limited Partnership, a Washington Limited Partnership for an agreed price of \$10 million. The sale was consummated on April 23, 2012. The buyer agrees to maintain and operate the Wilikina Apartments Project as an affordable rental and to continue the affordability requirement of the Wilikina Apartments Project throughout the term of the Ground Lease.

In May 2009, the Board of Directors authorized the sale of the Banyan Street Manor Apartments at 1122 Banyan Street, Honolulu, Hawaii. In January 2010, the HPHA entered into a Purchase Agreement with Banyan Housing Limited Partnership (LP) and issued escrow instructions for the sale. The sale was structured as a purchase of the improvements by Banyan Housing LP and the assumption of the ground lease issued by the City and County of Honolulu to the HPHA by Banyan Housing LP. On May 30, 2011 the sale of Banyan Street Manor closed and the HPHA received sale proceeds in the amount of \$6.6 million.

On August 20, 2009, the HPHA Board of Directors approved the selection of the Michaels Development Company to undertake a mixed finance redevelopment project at the Kuhio Park Terrace and Kuhio Homes (KPT/KH). On May 12, 2011 the sale of Kuhio Park Terrace closed and the HPHA received sale proceeds in the amount of \$3.1 million. HPHA may continue to redevelop the remaining parcel at Kuhio Park Terrace/Kuhio Homes in accordance with its Master Development Agreement.

During the 2012 Legislative session, the Hawaii State Legislature appropriated an unprecedented \$91.0 million in Capital Improvement Program Funds to the HPHA for capital repairs. The majority of these funds will be expended on capital assets of various activities over the next several fiscal periods.

Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014

On April 21, 2011, the plaintiffs Fetu Kolio, et al., filed two lawsuits in federal and state courts naming the State of Hawaii, et al., as defendant. The plaintiffs are residents of Mayor Wright Homes, a 364 public housing project built in 1953 and financed by HUD. In the federal action, the plaintiffs seek declaratory and injunctive relief and damages for alleged violations of the ADA, the Rehabilitation Act, and the Fair Housing Amendments. The plaintiffs' state court complaint alleges lack of hot water, vermin infestation, inadequate security. The plaintiffs seek class action status in both actions as well as statutory attorneys' fees. Plaintiffs were denied Class Action Certification in both the State and Federal cases in September, 2012. The parties have actively engaged in several mediation sessions with Keith Hunter of Alternative Dispute Resolution Hawaii (ADR) since these lawsuits were filed. At this point, the parties have settled both of the lawsuits.

In August 2009, Iris Rodrigues-Kaikana was murdered by Corbit Ahn at the Kamehameha Homes ("KH") in Kalihi. KH is operated by the Hawaii Public Housing Authority. Neither Iris, who was 18 years old, or Ahn were residents at KH and may have visited residents of KH on the evening of the murder, although this has not been confirmed. The complaint alleges, among other things, that the State: failed to secure, properly monitor and light the premises; "encouraged hoodlums like Defendant Ahn to enter the premises"; removed gates to keep "gangsters" out; "allowed sexual predators onto the premises"; and refused to enforce a curfew for hoodlums. Defendant Ahn was criminally convicted of murder in July 2012. He is appealing his conviction and he file a Motion to Stay, this civil action until his criminal appeal is resolved. His Motion to Stay, this civil action pending his criminal appeal was granted in October, 2012. The State intends to vigorously defend this case and plans to file dispositive motions once Defendant Ahn's criminal appeal is decided.

On July 9, 2013, the property known as KE KUMU Ekahi in the City of Waikoloa, County of Hawaii, consisting of 48 unit low income rental housing project terminated its ground lease and the property reverted to HPHA. In consideration HPHA released KE KUMU LIMITED PARTNERSHIP from a mortgage loan of \$426,100 and the mortgagee and Mortgagor forever discharge each other from any liabilities that may exist.

On July 11, 2014, Governor Neil Abercrombie and the HPHA announced the redevelopment project of Mayor Wright Homes. Subsequently, the HPHA issued a Request for Qualification to pursue a public/private partnership for the redevelopment, which will be a mixed used, mixed income, mixed financing model that will allow the State to preserve existing public housing and increase low income rental housing stock. The project will revitalize the Kalihi-Palama neighborhood. Negotiation with the top-ranked bidder has started.

CONTACT INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the HPHA's finances for all those with an interest in the HPHA's finances. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Office of the Executive Director, Hawaii Public Housing Authority 1002 North School Street, Honolulu, HI 96817.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2014

| | Governmental Activities | Business-Type Activities | Total |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| Current Assets: | | | |
| Cash | \$ 3,329,003 | \$ 61,657,917 | \$ 64,986,920 |
| Restricted cash | 886,078 | 2,432,164 | 3,318,242 |
| Due from State of Hawaii | 125,128,276 | - | 125,128,276 |
| Receivables: | | | |
| Accrued interest | - | 1,083 | 1,083 |
| Tenant receivables, less allowance for doubtful receivables of \$1,731,398 | - | 421,742 | 421,742 |
| Other | 26,345 | 45,513 | 71,858 |
| | 26,345 | 468,338 | 494,683 |
| Internal balances | (1,846,758) | 1,846,758 | - |
| Due from other state agencies | - | 173,227 | 173,227 |
| Due from HUD | 95,745 | 1,131,690 | 1,227,435 |
| Inventories | - | 563,600 | 563,600 |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets | 2,070,131 | 10,244 | 2,080,375 |
| Deposits held in trust | - | 32,202 | 32,202 |
| Total current assets | 129,688,820 | 68,316,140 | 198,004,960 |
| Notes Receivable | - | 8,716,630 | 8,716,630 |
| Capital Assets, less accumulated depreciation | 4,719,959 | 298,226,549 | 302,946,508 |
| Total assets | \$ 134,408,779 | \$ 375,259,319 | \$ 509,668,098 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (continued)

| | Governmental Activities | Business-Type Activities | Total |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION | | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 2,742,143 | \$ 2,602,996 | \$ 5,345,139 |
| Accrued expenses | 435,798 | 2,081,596 | 2,517,394 |
| Due to State of Hawaii | - | 571,402 | 571,402 |
| Security deposits | - | 829,617 | 829,617 |
| Deferred income | - | 702,040 | 702,040 |
| Total current liabilities | 3,177,941 | 6,787,651 | 9,965,592 |
| Accrued Expenses | 88,821 | 16,611,211 | 16,700,032 |
| Commitments and Contingencies | | | |
| Net Position: | | | |
| Invested in capital assets, net of related debt | 4,719,959 | 298,226,549 | 302,946,508 |
| Restricted by legislation and contractual agreements | 2,275,523 | - | 2,275,523 |
| Unrestricted | 124,146,535 | 53,633,908 | 177,780,443 |
| Total net position | 131,142,017 | 351,860,457 | 483,002,474 |
| Total liabilities and net position | \$ 134,408,779 | \$ 375,259,319 | \$ 509,668,098 |

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

| | | | Program Revenues | | Net (expense) revenue and changes in net assets | | | | |
|--|----------------|---|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | Expenses | Charges for services and other revenues | Operating grants and contributions | Capital grants and contributions | Governmental activities | Business-type activities | Total | | |
| Functions/Programs: | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activity | | | | | | | | | |
| Rental Housing and Assistance Program | \$ 69,590,016 | \$ - | \$ 52,661,878 | \$ - | \$ (16,928,138) | \$ - | \$ (16,928,138) | | |
| Total governmental activities | 69,590,016 | | 52,661,878 | | (16,928,138) | | (16,928,138) | | |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | | |
| Rental assistance program | 58,284,924 | 13,426,776 | 20,358,082 | 13,868,576 | - | (10,631,490) | (10,631,490) | | |
| Rental housing program | 8,590,735 | 3,668,423 | - | - | - | (4,922,312) | (4,922,312) | | |
| Others | 3,108,774 | 2,220,454 | | | | (888,320) | (888,320) | | |
| Total business-type activities | 69,984,433 | 19,315,653 | 20,358,082 | 13,868,576 | | (16,442,122) | (16,442,122) | | |
| Total government-wide | \$ 139,574,449 | \$ 19,315,653 | \$ 73,019,960 | \$ 13,868,576 | (16,928,138) | (16,442,122) | (33,370,260) | | |
| State Allotted Appropriations, net of lapsed funds of \$ | 729,459 | | | | 49,629,893 | - | 49,629,893 | | |
| Other Non-Program Revenue | | | | | - | 47,068 | 47,068 | | |
| Capital Contributions | | | | | - | 14,478,767 | 14,478,767 | | |
| Net Transfers | | | | | (6,682,061) | 6,682,061 | | | |
| Total general revenues and transfers | | | | | 42,947,832 | 21,207,896 | 64,155,728 | | |
| Change in net position | | | | | 26,019,694 | 4,765,774 | 30,785,468 | | |
| Net Position at July 1, 2013 | | | | | 105,122,323 | 347,094,683 | 452,217,006 | | |
| Net Position at June 30, 2014 | | | | | \$ 131,142,017 | \$ 351,860,457 | \$ 483,002,474 | | |

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2014

| ASSETS | ASSETS Capital General Projects | | = | Housing Choice Voucher | | Section 8 Contract ministration | | Total Governmental Funds | |
|--|---------------------------------|-----------|----|------------------------|----|---------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Current Assets: | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 1,363,845 | \$ 1,965,158 | \$ | 3,329,003 |
| Restricted cash | | - | | - | | 886,078 | - | | 886,078 |
| Due from State of Hawaii | | 1,240,182 | | 123,888,094 | | - | - | | 125,128,276 |
| Other receivables | | - | | - | | 26,345 | - | | 26,345 |
| Due from other funds | | 487,463 | | - | | 705,539 | 126,337 | | 1,319,339 |
| Due from HUD | | - | | - | | - | 95,745 | | 95,745 |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets | | 35,217 | | | | 2,034,914 | | | 2,070,131 |
| Total assets | \$ | 1,762,862 | \$ | 123,888,094 | \$ | 5,016,721 | \$ 2,187,240 | \$ | 132,854,917 |
| LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 545,633 | \$ | 2,125,264 | \$ | 65,718 | \$ 5,528 | \$ | 2,742,143 |
| Accrued expenses | | 6,599 | | - | | 210,139 | 219,060 | | 435,798 |
| Due to other funds | | 475,268 | | | | 2,159,399 | 156,391 | | 2,791,058 |
| Total current liabilities | | 1,027,500 | | 2,125,264 | | 2,435,256 | 380,979 | | 5,968,999 |
| Due to other funds | | 69,097 | | - | | 305,942 | - | | 375,039 |
| Fund Balances: | | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted by legislation and contractual agreements | | - | | - | | 2,275,523 | - | | 2,275,523 |
| Committed | | - | | 22,137,718 | | - | - | | 22,137,718 |
| Assigned | | 666,265 | | 99,625,112 | | <u> </u> | 1,806,261 | - | 102,097,638 |
| Total fund balances | | 666,265 | | 121,762,830 | | 2,275,523 | 1,806,261 | | 126,510,879 |
| Total liabilities and fund balances | \$ | 1,762,862 | \$ | 123,888,094 | \$ | 5,016,721 | \$ 2,187,240 | \$ | 132,854,917 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

| Total fund balance - governmental funds | | \$ 126,510,879 |
|--|-----------|-------------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in | | |
| the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities | | |
| are not financial resources and therefore | | |
| not reported in the funds | 4,719,959 | |
| Long-term compensated absences are not due | | |
| and payable in the current period and therefore | | |
| are not reported in the funds | (88,821) | 4,631,138 |
| | | |
| Net position of governmental activities | | \$ 131,142,017 |

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

| | General | | Capital General Projects | | Housing Choice Voucher | | Section 8 Contract Administration | | Total Governmental Funds |
|---|---------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental – HUD annual contributions and others | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 23,832,638 | \$ | 28,800,635 | \$ 52,633,273 |
| State allotted appropriations, net of lapsed funds of \$729,459 | | 5,031,490 | | 44,598,403 | | - | | - | 49,629,893 |
| Other | | - | | - | | 28,414 | | 191 | 28,605 |
| Total revenues | | 5,031,490 | | 44,598,403 | | 23,861,052 | | 28,800,826 | 102,291,771 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | | |
| Housing assistance payments | | 456,380 | | - | | 24,034,950 | | 27,645,657 | 52,136,987 |
| Personnel services | | 395,484 | | - | | 624,061 | | 60,066 | 1,079,611 |
| Administration | | 163,190 | | - | | 683,248 | | 886,673 | 1,733,111 |
| Professional services | | 32,531 | | - | | 29,512 | | 39,988 | 102,031 |
| Security | | 235 | | - | | - | | - | 235 |
| Repairs and maintenance | | 279 | | - | | - | | - | 279 |
| Capital outlays | | 10,662 | | 14,626,430 | | - | | - | 14,637,092 |
| Other | | 29,629 | | - | | 64,345 | | - | 93,974 |
| Total expenditures | | 1,088,390 | | 14,626,430 | | 25,436,116 | | 28,632,384 | 69,783,320 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures | | 3,943,100 | | 29,971,973 | | (1,575,064) | | 168,442 | 32,508,451 |
| Other Financing Uses - Transfers Out | | (4,270,521) | | (2,201,929) | | | | (209,611) | (6,682,061) |
| Net change in fund balances | | (327,421) | | 27,770,044 | | (1,575,064) | | (41,169) | 25,826,390 |
| Fund Balances at July 1, 2013 | | 993,686 | | 93,992,786 | | 3,850,587 | | 1,847,430 | 100,684,489 |
| Fund Balances at June 30, 2014 | \$ | 666,265 | \$ | 121,762,830 | \$ | 2,275,523 | \$ | 1,806,261 | \$ 126,510,879 |

RECONCILIATION OF THE CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

| Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds | \$ 25,826,390 |
|--|------------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the | |
| statement of activities are different because: | |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as | |
| expenditures. In the statement of activities, the | |
| cost of those governmental activities assets, | |
| net of \$14,478,767 of capital contribution outlays, | |
| is allocated over their estimated useful lives and | |
| reported as depreciation expense. | |
| Expenditures for capital assets 401,393 | |
| Less current year depreciation expense (222,817) | 178,576 |
| Long-term compensated absences reported in the | |
| statement of activities do not require the use of | |
| current financial resources and therefore are not | |
| reported as expenditures in governmental funds | 14,728 |
| Change in net assets of governmental activities | \$ 26,019,694 |

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

| ASSETS | Federal Low Rent Program | Housing Revolving Fund | Housing for Elders Revolving Fund | Central Office Cost Center Fund | Other Enterprise Funds | Total Enterprise Funds | Internal Service Funds |
|---|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Current Assets: | | | | | | | |
| Cash | \$ 21,388,991 | \$ 534,257 | \$ 3,062,582 | \$ 31,960,728 | \$ 3,712,788 | \$ 60,659,346 | \$ 998,571 |
| Restricted cash | | | | 2,432,164 | | 2,432,164 | |
| | 21,388,991 | 534,257 | 3,062,582 | 34,392,892 | 3,712,788 | 63,091,510 | 998,571 |
| Receivables: | | | | | | | |
| Accrued interest | - | 117 | 687 | - | - | 804 | 279 |
| Tenant receivables, less allowance for doubtful | | | | | | | |
| accounts of \$1,731,398 | 383,791 | 32,368 | 875 | - | 4,708 | 421,742 | - |
| Other | - | 7,061 | 431 | - | 38,021 | 45,513 | - |
| | 383,791 | 39,546 | 1,993 | | 42,729 | 468,059 | 279 |
| Due from other funds | 2,406,037 | 480,414 | 174,479 | 4,035,457 | 2,094,659 | 9,191,046 | 7,041 |
| Due from other state agencies | -,, | - | | 33,375 | 139,852 | 173,227 | - |
| Due from HUD | 1,131,690 | _ | _ | - | - | 1,131,690 | _ |
| Inventories | 458,425 | 21,004 | 50,957 | 33,214 | _ | 563,600 | - |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets | - | - | - | 10,244 | _ | 10,244 | - |
| Deposits held in trust | | | | | 32,202 | 32,202 | |
| Total current assets | 25,768,934 | 1,075,221 | 3,290,011 | 38,505,182 | 6,022,230 | 74,661,578 | 1,005,891 |
| Notes Receivable | 8,716,630 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 8,716,630 | _ |
| Due from Other Funds | -,,000 | - | - | 2,178,555 | _ | 2,178,555 | _ |
| Capital Assets, less accumulated depreciation | 227,816,686 | 21,418,294 | 36,101,300 | 120,555 | 12,445,871 | 297,902,706 | 323,843 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Total assets | \$ 262,302,250 | \$ 22,493,515 | \$ 39,391,311 | \$ 40,804,292 | \$ 18,468,101 | \$ 383,459,469 | \$ 1,329,734 |

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (continued)

| LIADH ITIES AND NET DOSITION | | ederal Low | Housing Revolving Fund | | Housing for Elders | Central Office Cost enter Fund | | Other Enterprise | Total Enterprise | Internal Service |
|---|----|-------------|------------------------------|----|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|----|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION | Re | nt Program | Fund | Ke | volving Fund | enter Fund | | Funds | Funds | Funds |
| Current Liabilities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 2,129,955 | \$ 38,062 | \$ | 112,578 | \$ 221,908 | \$ | 100,493 | \$ 2,602,996 | \$ - |
| Accrued expenses | | 1,128,505 | 50,858 | | 22,884 | 769,578 | | 109,771 | 2,081,596 | - |
| Due to other funds | | 580,262 | 1,015,516 | | 640,763 | 606,453 | | 4,883,374 | 7,726,368 | - |
| Due to State of Hawaii | | - | - | | - | - | | 571,402 | 571,402 | - |
| Security deposits | | 602,464 | 36,211 | | 146,933 | - | | 44,009 | 829,617 | - |
| Deferred income | | 667,910 | 24,607 | | - | 9,523 | | | 702,040 | |
| Total current liabilities | | 5,109,096 | 1,165,254 | | 923,158 | 1,607,462 | _ | 5,709,049 | 14,514,019 | |
| Accrued Expenses | | 744,111 | 63,469 | | - | 15,803,631 | | - | 16,611,211 | _ |
| Due to Other Funds | | 1,197,862 | 605,654 | | | - | | | 1,803,516 | - |
| Total liabilities | | 7,051,069 | 1,834,377 | | 923,158 | 17,411,093 | | 5,709,049 | 32,928,746 | |
| Commitments and Contingencies | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net Position: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Invested in capital assets, net of related debt | | 227,816,686 | 21.418.294 | | 36,101,300 | 120,555 | | 12,445,871 | 297,902,706 | 323,843 |
| Unrestricted | | 27,434,495 | (759,156) | | 2,366,853 | 23,272,644 | | 313,181 | 52,628,017 | 1,005,891 |
| Cincstricted | | 27,434,473 | (737,130) | | 2,300,033 | 23,272,044 | | 313,101 | 32,020,017 | 1,003,071 |
| Total net position | | 255,251,181 | 20,659,138 | | 38,468,153 | 23,393,199 | | 12,759,052 | 350,530,723 | 1,329,734 |
| Total liabilities and net position | \$ | 262,302,250 | \$ 22,493,515 | \$ | 39,391,311 | \$ 40,804,292 | \$ | 18,468,101 | \$ 383,459,469 | \$ 1,329,734 |

RECONCILIATION OF THE PROPRIETARY FUNDS NET POSITION TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

| Total net position of enterprise funds | \$ 350,530,723 |
|---|-------------------|
| Amounts reported for business-type activities in the | |
| statement of net position are different because | |
| internal service fund assets and liabilities are included | |
| with business-type activities | 1,329,734 |
| | _ |
| Net position of business-type activities | \$ 351,860,457 |

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

| | Federal Low Rent Program | Housing Revolving Fund | Housing for Elders Revolving Fund | Central Office Cost Center Fund | Other Enterprise Funds | Eliminating Entries | Total Enterprise Funds | Internal Service Funds |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Operating Revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Rental | \$ 13,196,836 | \$ 1,074,857 | \$ 2,025,704 | \$ - | \$ 873,273 | \$ - | \$ 17,170,670 | \$ 37,070 |
| Fee-for-service | - | - | - | 9,485,882 | - | (9,485,882) | - | - |
| Other | 229,940 | 14,855 | 162,835 | 1,683,852 | 16,431 | | 2,107,913 | |
| Total operating revenues | 13,426,776 | 1,089,712 | 2,188,539 | 11,169,734 | 889,704 | (9,485,882) | 19,278,583 | 37,070 |
| Operating Expenses: | | | | | | | | |
| Project | 6,856,278 | - | - | - | - | - | 6,856,278 | - |
| Personnel services | 9,282,140 | 666,727 | - | 9,979,593 | - | - | 19,928,460 | - |
| Depreciation | 13,646,647 | 869,693 | 1,419,756 | 21,526 | 560,322 | - | 16,517,944 | 67,339 |
| Administration | 4,508,515 | 363,684 | 1,532,901 | 247,818 | 729,503 | (5,047,470) | 2,334,951 | - |
| Provision for (recovery of) losses | 223,252 | 51,264 | 1,624 | 53,371 | (20,187) | - | 309,324 | - |
| Professional services | 233,626 | 33,526 | 14,923 | 383,296 | 4,333 | - | 669,704 | 2,990 |
| Security | 1,878,049 | - | 516 | 13,092 | - | - | 1,891,657 | - |
| Insurance | 594,220 | 31,605 | 125,445 | 20,233 | 2,232 | - | 773,735 | - |
| Repairs and maintenance | 9,282,660 | 294,310 | 368,142 | 239,966 | 247,413 | (4,438,412) | 5,994,079 | - |
| Utilities | 11,731,389 | 842,882 | 1,381,069 | 114,154 | 394,620 | - | 14,464,114 | - |
| Payments in lieu of taxes | 48,148 | - | - | 717 | - | - | 48,865 | - |
| Capital expenditures | | | | 124,993 | | | 124,993 | |
| Total operating expenses | 58,284,924 | 3,153,691 | 4,844,376 | 11,198,759 | 1,918,236 | (9,485,882) | 69,914,104 | 70,329 |
| Operating loss carried forward | (44,858,148) | (2,063,979) | (2,655,837) | (29,025) | (1,028,532) | | (50,635,521) | (33,259) |

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (continued)

| | Federal Low Rent Program | Housing Revolving Fund | Housing for Elders Revolving Fund | Central Office Cost Center Fund | Other Enterprise Funds | Eliminating Entries | Total Enterprise Funds | Internal Service Funds |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Operating loss brought forward | (44,858,148) | (2,063,979) | (2,655,837) | (29,025) | (1,028,532) | | (50,635,521) | (33,259) |
| Nonoperating Revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| HUD operating subsidies | 20,358,082 | - | - | - | - | - | 20,358,082 | - |
| HUD capital fund subsidies | 13,868,576 | - | - | - | - | - | 13,868,576 | - |
| Other revenues | 4,088 | 1,662 | 6,626 | 27,022 | 849 | | 40,247 | 6,821 |
| Net nonoperating revenues | 34,230,746 | 1,662 | 6,626 | 27,022 | 849 | | 34,266,905 | 6,821 |
| Loss before transfers | (10,627,402) | (2,062,317) | (2,649,211) | (2,003) | (1,027,683) | - | (16,368,616) | (26,438) |
| Capital Contributions Net Transfers | 12,797,748 4,071,521 | 1,561,671 909,910 | 119,348 1,338,761 | (125,059) | 486,928 | <u>-</u> | 14,478,767 6,682,061 | - |
| Change in net position | 6,241,867 | 409,264 | (1,191,102) | (127,062) | (540,755) | - | 4,792,212 | (26,438) |
| Net Position at July 1, 2013 | 249,009,314 | 20,249,874 | 39,659,255 | 23,520,261 | 13,299,807 | | 345,738,511 | 1,356,172 |
| Net Position at June 30, 2014 | \$ 255,251,181 | \$ 20,659,138 | \$ 38,468,153 | \$ 23,393,199 | \$ 12,759,052 | \$ - | \$ 350,530,723 | \$ 1,329,734 |

RECONCILIATION OF THE CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF PROPRIETARY FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

| Change in net position - total enterprise funds | \$ 4,792,212 |
|--|-----------------|
| Change in net position - internal service funds | (26,438) |
| Change in net position of business-type activities | \$ 4,765,774 |

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

| | Federal Low Rent Program | Housing Revolving Fund | Housing for Elders Revolving Fund | Central Office Cost Center Fund | Other Enterprise Funds | Total Enterprise Funds | Internal Service Funds |
|---|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: | | | | | | | |
| Cash received from renters | \$ 13,139,154 | \$ 1,069,219 | \$ 2,025,546 | \$ - | \$ 894,234 | \$ 17,128,153 | \$ - |
| Cash payments to employees | (9,282,140) | (660,235) | - | (7,219,141) | - | (17,161,516) | - |
| Cash payments to suppliers | (35,669,863) | (1,565,624) | (3,386,518) | (1,157,836) | (1,379,622) | (43,159,463) | - |
| Cash (payments to) receipts from other funds | (4,306,495) | 1,187,329 | 1,594,249 | 20,501,411 | (4,649,049) | 14,327,445 | 39,315 |
| Other cash receipts (payments) | 991,937 | 14,750 | 369,404 | 1,684,925 | (26,756) | 3,034,260 | (1,918) |
| Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities | (35,127,407) | 45,439 | 602,681 | 13,809,359 | (5,161,193) | (25,831,121) | 37,397 |
| Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activity | | | | | | | |
| HUD operating subsidy received | 20,358,083 | | | | | 20,358,083 | |
| Net cash provided by | | | | | | | |
| noncapital financing activities | 20,358,083 | | - | | | 20,358,083 | |
| Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: | | | | | | | |
| HUD capital subsidy received | 15,047,841 | - | - | - | - | 15,047,841 | - |
| Payments for acquisition of property and equipment | (6,199,462) | (172,498) | (76,830) | - | - | (6,448,790) | (23,037) |
| Issuance of note receivable | (585,645) | - | - | - | - | (585,645) | - |
| Other | 4,088 | | | | | 4,088 | 3,805 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) capital and | | | | | | | |
| related financing activities | 8,266,822 | (172,498) | (76,830) | | | 8,017,494 | (19,232) |
| Subtotal carried forward | (6,502,502) | (127,059) | 525,851 | 13,809,359 | (5,161,193) | 2,544,456 | 18,165 |

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

| | Federal Low Rent Program | Housing Revolving Fund | Housing for Elders Revolving Fund | Central Office Cost Center Fund | Other Enterprise Funds | Total Enterprise Funds | Internal Service Funds |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Subtotal brought forward | (6,502,502) | (127,059) | 525,851 | 13,809,359 | (5,161,193) | 2,544,456 | 18,165 |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activity Receipts of Interest | | 1,633 | 8,083 | 27,022 | | 36,738 | 2,992 |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | | 1,633 | 8,083 | 27,022 | | 36,738 | 2,992 |
| Net (decrease) increase in cash | (6,502,502) | (125,426) | 533,934 | 13,836,381 | (5,161,193) | 2,581,194 | 21,157 |
| Cash at July 1, 2013 | 27,891,493 | 659,683 | 2,528,648 | 20,556,511 | 8,873,981 | 60,510,316 | 977,414 |
| Cash at June 30, 2014 | \$ 21,388,991 | \$ 534,257 | \$ 3,062,582 | \$ 34,392,892 | \$ 3,712,788 | \$ 63,091,510 | \$ 998,571 |

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

| | Federal Low Rent Program | Housing Revolving Fund | Housing for Elders Revolving Fund | Central Office Cost Center Fund | Other Enterprise Funds | Total Enterprise Funds | Internal Service Funds |
|---|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: | | | | | | | |
| Reconciliation of operating (loss) income to net cash | | | | | | | |
| (used in) provided by operating activities: | | | | | | | |
| Operating (loss) income | \$ (44,858,148) | \$ (2,063,979) | \$ (2,655,837) | \$ (29,025) | \$ (1,028,532) | \$ (50,635,521) | \$ (33,259) |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) income | | | | | | | |
| to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities: | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation | 13,646,647 | 869,693 | 1,419,756 | 21,526 | 560,322 | 16,517,944 | 67,339 |
| Provision for (recovery of) losses | 223,252 | 51,264 | 1,624 | 53,371 | (20,187) | 309,324 | - |
| Loss on capital asset write off | - | - | 206,569 | 563 | - | 207,132 | - |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: | | | | | | | |
| Tenant receivables | (230,182) | 2,054 | (158) | - | 19,651 | (208,635) | - |
| Other receivables | 761,997 | (105) | (431) | - | (14,201) | 747,260 | 1,072 |
| Due from other funds | 3,653,859 | 429,496 | 1,164,282 | 10,438,226 | (1,388,970) | 14,296,893 | 2,245 |
| Due from other state agency | - | - | - | 510 | (108,109) | (107,599) | - |
| Inventories | 371,671 | 7,023 | 39,143 | (8,163) | - | 409,674 | - |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets | - | - | - | (1,401) | - | (1,401) | - |
| Deposits held in trust | - | - | - | - | (4,706) | (4,706) | - |
| Accounts payable | (451,770) | (4,124) | (17,054) | 180,542 | 76,126 | (216,280) | - |
| Accrued expenses | (456,879) | 3,976 | 14,842 | 2,575,907 | 13,662 | 2,151,508 | - |
| Due to other funds | (7,960,354) | 757,833 | 429,967 | 577,303 | (3,272,265) | (9,467,516) | - |
| Security deposits | (52,553) | (4,288) | (22) | - | 6,016 | (50,847) | - |
| Deferred income | 225,053 | (3,404) | | | | 221,649 | |
| Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities | \$ (35,127,407) | \$ 45,439 | \$ 602,681 | \$ 13,809,359 | \$ (5,161,193) | \$ (25,831,121) | \$ 37,397 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

a. General

Act 196, SLH 2005, as amended by Act 180, SLH 2006, created the Hawaii Public Housing Authority (the Authority).

The Authority's mission is to provide safe, decent and sanitary dwelling for low and moderate income residents of Hawaii and to operate its housing program in accordance with federal and state of Hawaii laws and regulations.

For financial reporting purposes, the Authority includes all funds that are controlled by or dependent on the Authority's Board of Directors. Control by or dependence on the Authority was determined on the basis of statutory authority and monies flowing through the Authority to each fund. The Authority is a component unit of the State of Hawaii.

The financial statements of the Authority are intended to present the financial position, changes in financial position, and cash flows where applicable, of only that portion of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Hawaii that is attributable to the transactions of the Authority. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of Hawaii as of June 30, 2014, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The State Comptroller maintains the central accounts for all State funds and publishes financial statements for the State annually, which include the Authority's financial activities.

b. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, the statement of net position and the statement of activities, report information of all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Authority. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by State allotments and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

b. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Indirect expenses are allocated to a specific function in accordance with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development requirements. Program revenues include charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function.

Program revenues also include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. State allotments and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Resources that are dedicated internally are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues.

Net positions are restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Internally imposed designations of resources are not presented as restricted net position. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are summarized into a single column.

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

i. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

ii. Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Authority considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year end. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the provider should recognize liabilities and expenses and the recipient should recognize receivables and revenues when applicable requirements, including timing requirements are met.

Principal revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include federal grants and rental income. Some revenue items that are considered measurable and available to finance operations during the year from an accounting perspective are not available for expenditure due to the State's present appropriation system. These revenues have been accrued in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles since they have been earned and are expected to be collected within sixty days of the end of the period. Other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Authority.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Modifications to the accrual basis of accounting include employees' vested vacation and other post-retirement benefits, which are recorded as expenditures when utilized or paid. The amount of indebtedness related to accumulated vacation and other post-retirement benefits at June 30, 2014 has been reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

iii. Proprietary Funds

The financial statements of proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the government-wide statements described above.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services or goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of the Authority's enterprise funds is rental income. Federal grants are reported as nonoperating income.

d. Fund Accounting

The financial activities of the Authority are recorded in individual funds, each of which is deemed to be a separate accounting entity. The Authority uses fund accounting to report on its financial position and results of operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate the legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

The financial activities of the Authority that are reported in the accompanying fund financial statements have been classified into the following major and non-major governmental and proprietary funds. The non-major funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements and detailed in the combining section.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

d. Fund Accounting (continued)

i. Governmental Funds

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund is the general operating fund of the Authority. It is used to account for all financial activities except those required to be accounted for in another fund. This fund includes the Rent Housing and Assistance Program. The annual operating budget as authorized by the State Legislature provides the basic framework within which the resources and obligations of the general fund are accounted.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These funds include Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program and Contract Administration.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary fund type).

The Authority reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund
- Capital Projects Fund
- Housing Choice Voucher Program accounts for federal contributions for housing assistance payments under the Housing Choice Voucher Program.
- Section 8 Contract Administration accounts for federal contributions primarily for housing payments under the Project-Based Section 8 Program.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

d. Fund Accounting (continued)

ii. Proprietary Funds

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – These funds account for those activities for which the intent of management is to recover, primarily through user charges, the cost of providing goods or services to customers, or where sound financial management dictates that periodic determinations of results of operations are appropriate.

The enterprise funds include the Federal Low Rent Program, Housing Revolving Fund, Housing for Elders Revolving Fund, Central Office Cost Center Fund and other funds. The other funds include the Banyan Street Manor Project, Wilikina Apartments Project, Kekumu at Waikoloa Project, Disbursing Fund and Kuhio Park Terrace (KPT) Resource Center.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> – These funds account for those activities, which provide goods or services primarily to the Authority, rather than to external parties. In the government-wide statements, internal service funds are included with business-type activities. These funds include the Equipment Rental Fund and Vehicle Rental Fund.

The Authority reports the following as major proprietary funds:

<u>Federal Low-Rent Program</u> accounts for the proceeds from federal contributions for the development of rental property and rental income and federal operating subsidies from such properties.

<u>Housing Revolving Fund</u> accounts for various state multifamily housing projects located throughout the State of Hawaii.

<u>Housing for Elders Revolving Fund</u> accounts for various state elderly housing projects located throughout the State of Hawaii.

<u>Central Office Cost Center Fund</u> was established to account for costs related to the general oversight of its housing projects and other indirect and administrative costs of the Authority. The fund charges fees to the Authority's various housing projects for such services. In addition to the fee income to operate the public housing programs, the Authority also earns fees from its other federal and state programs. The fee income earned by the fund is considered to be de-federalized.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

e. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Subsidized Programs

The Federal Low-Rent Program Fund operates under HUD's Annual Contribution Contract and consists of the operations of low-rent housing properties. The purpose of the program is to provide decent and affordable housing to low-income families at reduced rents. The properties are owned, maintained and managed by the Authority. The properties are acquired, developed and modernized under HUD's comprehensive grant programs. Funding for the properties is provided by federal operating subsidies and tenant rentals (determined as a percentage of family income, adjusted for family composition).

The Section 8 Programs consists of the Housing Choice Voucher Program Fund and the Section 8 Contract Administration Fund. The Housing Choice Voucher Program Fund provides rental housing assistance subsidies to qualified participants. The purpose of the program is to assist low-income families, the elderly and the disabled to afford decent, safe and sanitary housing in the private market. Federal housing assistance is provided on behalf of the family or individuals and is paid directly to the landlord directly by the Authority. The family or individual is responsible for finding a suitable housing unit in which the landlord agrees to rent under the program. The Section 8 Contract Administration Fund administers non-Authority owned housing units used for low-income housing. HUD provides a contracted dollar amount to the Authority, which is used to provide rental payment assistance to landlords.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

f. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Authority as land and those assets with estimated useful lives greater than one year and with an acquisition cost greater than:

| Land improvements | \$ 100,000 |
|------------------------------------|---------------|
| Building and building improvements | \$ 100,000 |
| Equipment | \$ 5,000 |

Purchased and constructed capital assets are valued at cost. Donated assets are recorded at their fair market value at the date of donation.

Capital assets utilized in the governmental funds are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements.

Depreciation expense is recorded in the government-wide financial statements, as well as the proprietary funds financial statements. The Authority utilizes the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful life. No depreciation is recorded for land and land improvements. Generally, the useful lives are as follows:

| | Governmental | Proprietary Fund and |
|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|
| | Activities | Business-Type Activities |
| | | |
| Building and building improvements | 25 years | 10-40 years |
| Equipment | 7 years | 1-10 years |

g. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows – proprietary funds, include all cash and investments with original purchased maturities of three months or less.

h. Inventories

Materials and supplies inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market, with cost being determined principally using the first-in, first-out method. The cost of inventories is recorded as an expenditure when consumed.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

i. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and service type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position.

j. HUD Annual Contributions

The Authority receives annual contributions and subsidies from HUD for operating the Authority's housing assistance payment programs and the development and operation of low-income housing projects. The Authority also receives annual subsidies from HUD for housing assistance payments and operating deficits incurred in the operation of the programs. Annual subsidies recorded in the proprietary fund types are recognized as nonoperating revenue when realized and earned and are accounted for in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position – proprietary funds as HUD operating subsidy.

k. Vacation

Employees are credited with vacation at a rate of 168 hours per calendar year. Accumulation of such vacation credits is limited to 720 hours at calendar year end and is convertible to pay upon termination of employment. Liabilities for accumulated unpaid vacation are accrued at the end of each accounting period utilizing current salary rates. Such vacation credits are recorded as accrued wages and employee benefits payable in the government-wide and the enterprise funds financial statements at the balance sheet date. Accumulated unpaid vacation estimated to be used or paid during the next year is approximately \$677,000.

The change in accumulated unpaid vacation during the year is approximately as follows:

| Balance at | | | Balance at |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| July 1, 2013 | Additions | Reductions | June 30, 2014 |
| | | | |
| \$2,138,000 | \$1,164,000 | \$1,140,000 | \$2,162,000 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

k. Vacation (continued)

As of June 30, 2014, approximately \$124,000 and \$2,038,000 of the unpaid vacation balance was for government-wide activities and business-type activities, respectively, and is included in accrued expenses in the accompanying statement of net position.

1. Restrictions of Net Positions and Fund Balances

Net positions are restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Internally imposed designations of resources are not presented as restricted net position. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is generally the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The Authority classifies fund balances into specifically defined classifications for governmental fund types. Classifications include the following:

Restricted. Balances that are restricted for specific purposes by external parties such as creditors, grantors or other governments.

Committed. Balances that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the state legislature. Committed fund balances also include contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned. Balances that are constrained by management to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The general and capital projects fund balances are assigned for continuing appropriations, which are comprised of encumbrances and unencumbered allotment balances. Encumbrances represent outstanding commitments, which generally are liquidated in the subsequent fiscal year. Unencumbered allotment balances represent amounts that have been released and made available for encumbrance or expenditure and are legally segregated for a specific future use.

Unassigned. Residual balances that are not contained in the other classifications.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

m. Risk Management

Liabilities related to certain types of losses (including torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets, errors or omissions, natural disasters and injuries to employees) are reported when it is probable that the losses have occurred and the amount of those losses can be reasonably estimated.

n. Management's Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Significant estimates and assumptions include the valuation for accounts receivable and the liability of other post employee benefits. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

o. Recently Adopted/Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In March 2012, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. This Statement reclassifies, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as revenues and expenses, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. The provisions of this statement were adopted on July 1, 2013. The adoption of this statement did not result in a material effect on the financial statements.

In June 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 68 (GASB 68), Accounting and Reporting for Pensions (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27). GASB 68 amends the accounting guidance related to employers' accounting for pension plans administered through trusts or similar arrangements and requires the recognition of a liability for the employers' accumulated obligation for pension benefits. GASB 68 also provides additional guidance regarding the recognition of annual costs of pension benefits and revises the disclosure requirements for the notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. GASB 68 will be effective for the Authority's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2015. Management is currently assessing the impact of this Statement on its financial position and results of operations and has not determined if the adoption will have a material effect on its financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

o. Recently Adopted/Issued Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

In April 2013, the GASB issued Statement No. 70, Accounting and Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees. This Statement requires a government that extends a nonexchange financial guarantee to recognize a liability when qualitative factors and historical data, if any, indicate that it is more likely than not that the government will be required to make a payment on the guarantee. This Statement requires a government that has issued an obligation guaranteed in a nonexchange transaction to recognize revenue to the extent of the reduction in its guaranteed liabilities. This Statement also requires a government that is required to repay a guarantor for making a payment on a guaranteed obligation or legally assuming the guaranteed obligation to continue to recognize a liability until legally released as an obligor. The provisions of this statement were adopted on July 1, 2013. The adoption of this statement did not result in a material effect on the financial statements.

In May 2014, the GASB approved an exposure draft for issuance which will significantly revise the existing GASB standards contained in GASB Statement No. 45 (GASB 45), Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. If adopted as exposed, the revised accounting for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) will mirror the accounting and reporting framework used in GASB 68 described above. The exposure draft as issued will be effective for the Authority's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018.

2. Budgeting and Budgetary Control

The budget of the Authority is a detailed operating plan identifying estimated costs and results in relation to estimated revenues. The budget includes (1) the programs, services and activities to be provided during the fiscal year, (2) the estimated revenues available to finance the operating plan, and (3) the estimated spending requirements of the operating plan. The budget represents a process through which financial policy decisions are made, implemented and controlled. Revenue estimates are provided to the State Legislature at the time of budget consideration and are revised and updated throughout the fiscal year. Amounts reflected as budgeted revenues in the accompanying required supplementary information – budgetary comparison schedule are estimates as compiled by the Authority and reviewed by the Department of Budget and Finance. Budgeted expenditures are derived primarily from acts of the State Legislature and from other authorizations contained in the State Constitution, the Hawaii Revised Statutes and other specific appropriation acts in various Session Laws of Hawaii.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

2. Budgeting and Budgetary Control (continued)

Expenditures of these appropriated funds are made pursuant to the appropriations in the biennial budget as amended by subsequent supplemental appropriations. Budgetary control is maintained at the departmental level. Budget revisions and interdepartmental transfers may be affected with certain executive and legislative branch approvals.

The general fund and certain special revenue funds have legally appropriated annual budgets. The final legally adopted budget in the accompanying required supplementary information – budgetary comparison schedules represent the original appropriations, transfers and other legally authorized legislative and executive changes.

To the extent not expended or encumbered, general fund and special revenue funds appropriations generally lapse at the end of the fiscal year or grant period for which the appropriations were made. The State Legislature or federal government specifies the lapse dates and any other contingencies that may terminate the authorization for other appropriations. Known lapses occurring in the year of appropriation, if any, are included in the amended budgets, and are netted against revenues in the accompanying required supplementary information – budgetary comparison schedule.

A comparison of both the original budget and the final budget to the actual revenues and expenditures of the general and certain special revenue funds are presented in the accompanying required supplementary information – budgetary comparison schedule. Differences between revenues and expenditures reported on the budgetary basis and those reported in accordance with GAAP are mainly due to revenues and expenditures of unbudgeted funds and the different methods used to recognize resource uses. For budgeting purposes, resource uses are recognized when cash disbursements are made or funds are encumbered.

For financial statements presented in accordance with GAAP, expenditures are recognized when incurred and encumbrances are not reported as resources used.

A summation of the differences between revenues and expenditures reported on the budgetary basis and those reported in accordance with GAAP for the general and certain special revenue funds for the year ended June 30, 2014 is set forth in the required supplementary information.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

3. Cash

The State maintains a cash pool that is available to all funds. The Director of Finance is responsible for the safekeeping of all monies paid into the State Treasury. The Director of Finance may invest any monies of the State, which in the Director's judgment are in excess of the amounts necessary for meeting the immediate requirements of the State. Cash is pooled with funds from other State agencies and departments and deposited with approved financial institutions or invested in the State Treasury Investment Pool. Cash accounts that participate in the investment pool accrue interest based on the average weighted cash balances of each account.

The State requires that the depository banks pledge, as collateral, government securities held in the name of the State for deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance.

At June 30, 2014, total cash, including restricted cash and deposits, reported in the statement of net position is \$68,337,364 which consisted of the following:

| | Governmental | Business-Type | Total |
|-----------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| State pool and petty cash | \$ - | \$ 7,270,113 | \$ 7,270,113 |
| Cash in bank (book balance) | 4,215,085 | 56,819,964 | 61,035,049 |
| | 4,215,085 | 64,090,077 | 68,305,162 |
| Deposits held in trust | | 32,202 | 32,202 |
| Total Cash | \$ 4,215,085 | \$ 64,122,279 | \$ 68,337,364 |

Bank balance of cash in bank was approximately \$64,595,000, of which \$750,000 was covered by federal depositary insurance and \$63,845,000 by collateral held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Authority.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

4. Notes Receivable for Sale of Kuhio Park Terrace Towers – Federal Low Rent Program

On May 1, 2011, the Authority entered into an Acquisitions Financing Agreement (Agreement) to sell, transfer and convey unto a third party the buildings, structures, equipment, machinery, apparatus, fixtures and fittings (Improvements) of the two high rise buildings known as Kuhio Park Terrace Towers (Project), and for the execution of a ground lease for the land underlying the Improvements (Property), as defined in the Agreement. The ground lease annual rent is one dollar (\$1) and expires on May 11, 2076, with an option for an additional ten (10) years. The buyer, as defined in the Agreement, is required to redevelop the Project to include 555 units, 347 of which will be operated as public housing. In order to assist the buyer in financing the rehabilitation of the Project, the State of Hawaii, Hawaii Housing and Finance Development Corporation issued revenue bonds in the amount of \$66,000,000 for which the proceeds were used to make a mortgage loan to the buyer.

The buyer, pursuant to the Agreement, agreed to pay the Authority an acquisition fee of \$4,665,000 in consideration for acquiring the leasehold interest in the Property and \$45,000,000 for the Improvements, such that the total purchase price was \$49,665,000. Of the total purchase price, \$3,162,943 was paid in cash and the remaining balance of \$46,502,057 is being financed pursuant to the Agreement by a note. The note, which is secured by a leasehold mortgage and security agreement, matures in May 2051 and accrues interest at the greater of 4.19 percent per annum or the long term annually compounding applicable federal rate. The note is payable from cash flows from the Property in the amounts and priority set forth in the note, provided that the payments due shall not exceed seventy-five percent (75%) of the borrower's surplus cash, as defined in the note. Additionally, the note is subordinate to the rights of certain financing agreements related to the issuance of revenue bonds for the redevelopment of the Project. Any remaining unpaid principal and accrued interest balance is due and payable on the maturity date of the note.

The sale of the Project is being accounted for under the cost recovery method. Under this method, the gain on sale is deferred until the total payments made by the buyer exceed the cost of the Project. However, a portion of the deferred gain is recognized as income to the extent that the deferred gain exceeds the note receivable from the buyer plus the maximum contingent liability to the Authority for other debt on the Project.

As of June 30, 2014, the net note receivable, inclusive of all principal, accrued interest and deferred gain related to the Project, is as follows and reflected under the Federal Low Rent Program statement of net position:

Principal and accrued interest \$ 53,835,931

Deferred gain (49,019,301)

Net note receivable \$ 4,816,630

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

4. Notes Receivable for Sale of Kuhio Park Terrace Towers – Federal Low Rent Program (continued)

Additionally, prior to the execution of the ground lease and sale of the Improvements, several planned capital improvements related to the Project had not been completed. As both the Authority and the buyer agreed that the work is necessary, the buyer agreed to complete the work and the Authority agreed to provide the financing. Accordingly, the Authority agreed to loan the buyer up to \$3,900,000 from Public Housing Capital Funds and State of Hawaii Capital Improvement Projects Funds. Payment of principal is deferred until the maturity date, whereupon all principal is due, subject to the availability of surplus cash, as defined in the note agreement. The note does not bear interest unless the borrower defaults upon the maturity date of May 2051. As of June 30, 2014, the Authority loaned the full \$3,900,000 to the buyer, which is included in the accompanying statement of net position under the Federal Low Rent Program.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

| | July 1, 2013 Increases | | Decreases | June 30, 2014 |
|--|------------------------|------------|-----------|---------------|
| Governmental Activities Capital assets, not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 2,373,410 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 2,373,410 |
| Construction in progress | | 22,543 | | 22,543 |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated | 2,373,410 | 22,543 | | 2,395,953 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | | | | |
| Building and improvements | 15,040,694 | 284,750 | - | 15,325,444 |
| Equipment | 1,197,769 | 94,100 | | 1,291,869 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated | 16,238,463 | 378,850 | | 16,617,313 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | |
| Building and improvements | 12,878,554 | 212,759 | - | 13,091,313 |
| Equipment | 1,191,936 | 10,058 | | 1,201,994 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | 14,070,490 | 222,817 | | 14,293,307 |
| Governmental activities, net | \$ 4,541,383 | \$ 178,576 | \$ - | \$ 4,719,959 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

5. Capital Assets (continued)

| | July 1, 2013 | Increases | Decreases | June 30, 2014 |
|--|----------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Business-Type Activities | | | | |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: | ¢ 22.066.200 | ¢. | ¢ | ¢ 22.066.200 |
| Land | \$ 22,966,200 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 22,966,200 |
| Construction in progress | 27,423,049 | 20,886,474 | (19,355,520) | 28,954,003 |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated | 50,389,249 | 20,886,474 | (19,355,520) | 51,920,203 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | |
| Building and improvements | 554,857,753 | 19,126,591 | - | 573,984,344 |
| Equipment | 7,750,365 | 85,918 | | 7,836,283 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated | 562,608,118 | 19,212,509 | | 581,820,627 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | |
| Building and improvements | 311,777,852 | 16,458,478 | - | 328,236,330 |
| Equipment | 7,151,146 | 126,805 | | 7,277,951 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | 318,928,998 | 16,585,283 | | 335,514,281 |
| Business-type activities capital assets, net | \$ 294,068,369 | \$ 23,513,700 | \$ (19,355,520) | \$ 298,226,549 |

Current-period depreciation expense was charged to function as follows:

| Governmental Activity - | | |
|---|------|-----------|
| Rental Housing and Assistance Program | \$ | 222,817 |
| | | |
| Business-Type Activities: | | |
| Federal Low Rent Program | 1 | 3,646,647 |
| Housing Revolving Fund | | 869,693 |
| Housing for Elders Revolving Fund | | 1,419,756 |
| Central Office Cost Center Fund | | 21,526 |
| Internal Services | | 67,339 |
| Others | | 560,322 |
| Total depreciation expense – business-type activities | 1 | 6,585,283 |
| Total depreciation expense | \$ 1 | 6,808,100 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

5. Capital Assets (continued)

At June 30, 2014, capital assets for the proprietary funds consisted of the following:

| | Enterprise Funds | | | | | | | |
|------------------|------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|------------|---------------|
| | Federal | Housing | Housing | Central | Other | Total | Internal | |
| | Low Rent | Revolving | for Elders | Office | Enterprise | Enterprise | Service | |
| | Program | Fund | Revolving Fund | Cost Center | Funds | Funds | Funds | Total |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ 13,093,629 | \$ 2,252,881 | \$ 6,104,817 | \$ - | \$ 1,514,873 | \$ 22,966,200 | \$ - | \$ 22,966,200 |
| Buildings and | | | | | | | | |
| improvements | 471,748,936 | 31,207,636 | 56,014,907 | 42,857 | 14,970,008 | 573,984,344 | - | 573,984,344 |
| Equipment, | | | | | | | | |
| Furniture | | | | | | | | |
| and fixtures | 5,106,840 | 252,521 | 214,676 | 150,524 | - | 5,724,561 | 2,111,722 | 7,836,283 |
| Construction in | | | | | | | | |
| Progress | 25,761,782 | 929,072 | 2,263,149 | - | _ | 28,954,003 | - | 28,954,003 |
| Ü | , , | , | | | | • • | | |
| Less accumulated | | | | | | | | |
| depreciation | 287,894,501 | 13,223,816 | 28,496,249 | 72,826 | 4,039,010 | 333,726,402 | 1,787,879 | 335,514,281 |
| 1 | | | | | | | | |
| Net property and | | | | | | | | |
| Equipment | \$ 227,816,686 | \$21,418,294 | \$ 36,101,300 | \$ 120,555 | \$12,445,871 | \$297,902,706 | \$ 323,843 | \$298,226,549 |

6. Commitments and Contingencies

a. Lease Commitments

The Authority leases from the City and County of Honolulu the land upon which its former Banyan Street Manor Project building is situated on, and subleases it to the Project's new owner. The lease is for a term of 55 years beginning May 27, 2011. Lease rent in the amount of \$75 was prepaid by the new owner for the entire term of the lease. As part of the sales price of the Project building, reserves and operating funds on May 27, 2011, \$75 was allocated for the ground lease interest and other property, as defined in the agreement.

The Authority leases the land upon which its former Wilikina Apartments Project building is situated on to its new owner. The lease is for a term of 65 years beginning May 22, 2012. Lease rent in the amount of \$1 was prepaid by the new owner for the entire term of the lease.

b. Construction Contracts

At June 30, 2014, the Federal Low Rent Program fund and the Capital Projects fund had outstanding construction contract commitments to expend approximately \$8,017,000 and \$22,138,000, respectively, for the construction and renovation of housing projects.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

6. Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

c. Consulting Agreement

In conjunction with the sale of Kuhio Park Terrace Towers (see Note 4), the Authority entered into a consulting agreement with the developer to provide the developer with certain consulting services related to the rehabilitation of the Project. The consulting fee is 19.7 percent of the total development fee charged to the buyer by the developer, or \$3,176,488. As part of the initial sale agreement, the buyer is to receive state tax credits which are expected to be paid/released by May 2016. If the buyer, in accordance with terms defined in the sale agreement, determines that unpaid state tax credits should be released, the Authority would be obligated to pay the buyer for these state tax credits up to its portion of the consulting fees earned and received. The Authority would be able to recover amounts paid to the buyer upon payment/release of the previously unpaid tax credits by the State.

In accordance with the consulting agreement, the amount paid to the Authority shall be held in an interest bearing escrow account by an escrow agent mutually agreed upon by the Authority and the buyer until the state tax credit release date, which is estimated to be May 2016. Approximately \$2,432,000 of restricted cash recorded under the Central Office Cost Center as of June 30, 2014 is held in an approved escrow account.

d. Torts

The Authority is involved in various actions, the outcome of which, in the opinion of management and the Attorney General, will not have a material adverse effect on the Authority's financial position except for the OHA lawsuit described below. Losses, if any, are either covered by insurance or will be a liability against the State of Hawaii.

e. Workers' Compensation Policy

The State is self-insured for workers' compensation. Accordingly, the Authority is liable for workers' compensation claims filed by its employees. Liabilities for workers' compensation claims are established if information indicates that it is probable that liabilities have been incurred and the amount of those claims can be reasonably estimated. The basis for estimating the liabilities for unpaid claims include the effects of specific incremental claim adjustment expenses, salvage and subrogation, and other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. These liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. As of June 30, 2014, the Authority has determined there is not a significant liability for workers' compensation claims.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

6. Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

f. Accumulated Sick Leave Pay

Sick leave accumulates at the rate of one and three-quarters working days for each month of service without limitation. It may be taken only in the event of illness and is not convertible to pay upon termination of employment; accordingly, sick leave is not accrued in the accompanying statement of net position. However, a State employee who retires or leaves government service in good standing with 60 days or more of unused sick leave is entitled to additional service credit in the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Hawaii (ERS). Accumulated sick leave at June 30, 2014 amounted to approximately \$4,834,000.

g. Deferred Compensation Plan

In 1984, the State established a deferred compensation plan, which enables State employees to defer a portion of their compensation. The State Department of Human Resources Development has the fiduciary responsibility of administering the plan. Deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

h. Litigation

OHA v. HHA et al., Civil No. 95-2682-07 (First Circuit)

The lands transferred to the United States by the Republic of Hawaii at Hawaii's annexation to the United States in 1898 are commonly referred to as the ceded lands. Upon Hawaii's admission to the Union in 1959, title to ceded lands still held by the United States and to lands, which the United States acquired, by exchange for ceded lands after 1898 was conveyed by the United States to the State of Hawaii. Section 5 of the Admission Act expressly provided that those lands were to be held by the State as a public trust. Certain rental housing projects of the Authority are situated on parcels of land, which are to be held by the State as a public trust under Section 5.

In 1979, the State legislature (the "Legislature") adopted HRS Chapter 10 ("Chapter 10"), which, as amended in 1980, specified, among other things, that OHA expend 20 percent of all funds derived by the State from the Ceded Lands for the betterment of Native Hawaiians.

In 1987, in Trustees of the Office of Hawaiian Affairs v. Yamasaki, 69 Haw. 154 (1987) ("Yamasaki"), the Hawaii Supreme Court concluded that Chapter 10 was insufficiently clear regarding the amount of monies OHA was entitled to receive from the public trust lands.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

6. Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

h. Litigation (continued)

OHA v. HHA et al., Civil No. 95-2682-07 (First Circuit) (continued)

In 1990, in response to Yamasaki, the Legislature adopted Act 304, Session Laws of Hawaii 1990, which (i) defined "public land trust" and "revenue," (ii) reiterated that 20 percent of the now defined "revenue" derived from the "public land trust" was to be expended by OHA for the betterment of native Hawaiians, and (iii) established a process for OHA and the Director of Finance of the State jointly to determine the amount of monies which the State would pay OHA to retroactively settle all of OHA's claims for the period June 16, 1980 through June 30, 1991. Since fiscal year 1992 and until the first quarter of fiscal year 2002, the State, through its departments and agencies paid 20 percent of "revenues" to OHA on a quarterly basis.

In 1995, OHA filed suit against the State to secure additional compensation and an itemized accounting of the sums previously paid to OHA for five specifically identified parcels of Ceded Lands which were transferred to the Hawaii Housing Authority for its use to develop, construct and manage additional affordable public rental housing units under HRS Chapter 201G. On January 11, 2000, all proceedings in this suit were stayed pending the Hawaii Supreme Court's decision in the State's appeal in OHA I. OHA disagrees that the repeal and revival of the pre-Yamasaki law by the Hawaii Supreme Court's September 12, 2001, decision in OHA I should also require dismissal of the claims OHA makes in *OHA v. HHA*, and the case remains pending.

The State intends to defend vigorously against all of OHA's claims. It is currently unable to predict with reasonable certainty the magnitude of its potential liability, if any, for such claims. Resolution of all of OHA's claims in OHA's favor could have a material adverse effect on the State's financial condition.

Act 015, Session Law Hawaii 2012 signed into law on April 11, 2012, conveyed about 25 acres of lands controlled and managed by the Hawaii Community Development Authority to the Office of Hawaiian Affairs, to settle OHA's past ceded land claims. The law took effect on July 1, 2012.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

6. Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

h. Litigation (continued)

Fetu Kolio, et al. v. State of Hawaii, et al., Civil No. 11-00266 LEK-RLP (USDC) & Civil No. 11-1-0795-04 GWBC (1st Cir.)

On April 21, 2011, the plaintiffs filed two lawsuits in federal and state courts. The plaintiffs are residents of the Mayor Wright Homes, a 364 public housing project built in 1953 and financed by HUD. In the federal action, the plaintiffs seek declaratory and injunctive relief and damages for alleged violations of the ADA, the Rehabilitation Act, and the Fair Housing Amendments. The plaintiffs' state court complaint alleges causes of action for breach of implied warranty of habitability and breach of lease, and alleges lack of hot water, vermin infestation, and inadequate security. The plaintiffs were denied Class Action Certification in both the State and Federal cases in September 2012.

As of June 30, 2014, the USDC case has been settled with the plaintiffs for \$20,000. The settlement was requested from general funds from the 2014 Hawaii State Legislature. The State case has been settled with the plaintiffs for \$350,000. The settlement will be requested from general funds from the 2015 Hawaii State Legislature.

Steven Rodrigues v. Corbit Ahn, et al., Civil No 10-1-1411-06 (1st Cir.)

In August 2009, Iris Rodrigues-Kaikana was murdered by Corbit Ahn at the Kamehameha Homes in Kalihi. Kamehameha Homes ("KH") is operated by the Authority (which is administratively attached to DHS). Neither Iris, who was 18 years old, or Ahn were residents at KH. Both may have visited residents of KH on the evening of the murder, although this has not been confirmed. The Complaint alleges, among other things, that the State: failed to secure, to properly monitor and light the premises; "encouraged hoodlums like Defendant Ahn to enter the premises"; removed gates to keep "gangsters" out; "allowed sexual predators onto the premises"; and refused to enforce a curfew for hoodlums.

Defendant Ahn was criminally convicted of murder in July 2012. He is appealing his conviction, and he was granted a Motion to Stay his civil action in October 2012 until his criminal appeal is resolved.

The State intends to vigorously defend this case and plans to file a dispositive motion after discovery has been completed.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

7. Retirement Plan

a. Plan Description

All eligible employees of the State and Counties are required by Chapter 88 of the Hawaii Revised Statutes to become members of the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Hawaii (ERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. The ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The ERS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for ERS. That report may be obtained from ERS.

The ERS consists of a contributory plan and a noncontributory plan. Employees covered by Social Security on June 30, 1984 were given the option of joining the noncontributory plan or remaining in the contributory plan. All new employees hired after June 30, 1984, who are covered by Social Security, are generally required to join the noncontributory plan. Both plans provide a monthly retirement allowance based on the employee's age, years of credited service, and average final compensation (AFC). The AFC is the average salary earned during the five highest paid years of service, including the vacation payment, if the employee became a member prior to January 1, 1971. The AFC for members hired on or after this date is based on the three highest paid years of service excluding the vacation payment. All benefits vest after five and ten years of credited service for the contributory and noncontributory plans, respectively. All contributions, benefits and eligibility requirements are governed by Chapter 88.

On July 1, 2006, a new hybrid contributory plan became effective pursuant to Act 179, SLH of 2004. Members in the hybrid plan are eligible for retirement at age 62 with 5 years of credited services or age 55 and 30 years of credit service. Members will receive a benefit multiplier of 2% for each year of credited service in the hybrid plan. The benefit payment options are similar to the current contributory plan. Almost 58,000 current members, all members of the noncontributory plan and certain members of the contributory plan are eligible to join the new hybrid plan. Most of the new employees hired from July 1, 2006 are required to join the new hybrid plan.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

7. Retirement Plan (continued)

b. Funding Policy

Covered employees of the contributory plan who became members as of June 30, 2012 or after June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 7.8% or 9.8% of their salary, respectively. Police officers, firefighters, investigators or the departments of the country prosecuting attorney and the attorney general, narcotics enforcement investigators and public safety investigators who became members as of June 30, 2012 or after June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 12.2% or 14.2% of their salary, respectively. Covered employees of the hybrid plan who became members as of June 30, 2012 or after June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 6% or 8% of their salary, respectively. The funding method used to calculate the total employer contribution requirement is the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Effective July 1, 2005, employer contribution rates are a fixed percentage of compensation, including the normal cost plus amounts required to pay for the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

The Authority's contributions requirements as of June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were approximately \$1,965,000, \$1,789,000, and \$1,571,000, respectively.

8. Other Post Retirement Employee Benefits

The Authority contributes to the Employers Union Trust Fund (EUTF), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan that replaced the Hawaii Public Employees Health Fund effective July 1, 2003, pursuant to Act 88, SLH of 2001. The EUTF was established to provide a single delivery system of health benefits for state and county workers, retirees, and their dependents. The eligibility requirements for retiree health benefits are as follows:

For employees hired before July 1, 1996, the Authority pays the entire base monthly contribution for employees retiring with 10 years or more of credited service, and 50% of the base monthly contribution for employees retiring with fewer than ten years of credited service. A retiree can elect family plan to cover dependents.

For employees hired after June 30, 1996 but before July 1, 2001, and who retire with less than 10 years of service, the Authority makes no contributions. For those retiring with at least 10 years but fewer than 15 years of service, the Authority pays 50% of the base monthly contribution. For those retiring with at least 15 years but fewer than 25 years of service, the Authority pays 75% of the base monthly contribution. For those employees retiring with at least 25 years of service, the Authority pays 100% of the base monthly contribution. Retirees in this category can elect family plan to cover dependents.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

8. Other Post Retirement Employee Benefits (continued)

For employees hired on or after July 1, 2001, and who retire with less than 10 years of service, the Authority makes no contributions. For those retiring with at least 10 years but fewer than 15 years of service, the Authority pays 50% of the base monthly contribution. For those retiring with at least 15 years but fewer than 25 years of service the Authority pays 75% of the base monthly contribution. For those employees retiring with at least 25 years of service, the Authority pays 100% of the base monthly contribution. Only single plan coverage is provided for retirees in this category. Retirees can elect family coverage but must pay the difference.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

It is the State's policy that measurement of the actuarial valuation and the annual required contribution (ARC) for postretirement healthcare and life are made for the state as a whole and are not separately computed for the individual state departments and agencies such as the Authority. The state allocates the ARC to the various departments and agencies based upon a systematic methodology. The Authority's contribution for the year ended June 30, 2014, was approximately \$1,273,000, which represented 32% of the Authority's share of the ARC for postretirement healthcare and life insurance benefits of approximately \$4,004,000. The Authority's contribution for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 were approximately \$1,176,000 and \$834,000, respectively.

The following is a summary of changes in postretirement liability during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014:

| Balance at June 30, 2013 | \$ 12,414,720 |
|--------------------------|------------------|
| Additions | 4,003,919 |
| Deletions | (1,272,924) |
| Balance at June 30, 2014 | \$ 15,145,715 |

As of June 30, 2014, the postretirement liability balance was included in long-term accrued expenses under the Central Office Cost Center Fund.

The State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report includes the required footnote disclosure and required supplementary information on the State's OPEB benefit plans.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

9. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Central Office Cost Center

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2014 is as follows:

| | | Housing | Section 8 | Housing | Housing for Elders | Federal | Central Office | Internal | |
|---------------------|------------|----------------------|----------------|------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|--------------|
| Current | General | Choice | Contract | Revolving | Revolving | Low-Rent | Cost Center | Services | Non-major |
| Due from | Fund | Voucher | Admin | Fund | Fund | Program | Fund | Fund | Enterprise |
| General Fund | \$ - | \$ 475,268 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Housing Choice | | | | | | | | | |
| Voucher | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,061,612 | - | 97,787 |
| Section 8 Contract | | | | | | | | | |
| Admin | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 156,391 |
| Federal Low Rent | | | | | | | | | |
| Program | - | 52,133 | - | 3,095 | - | - | - | 93 | 524,941 |
| Housing Revolving | | | | | | | | | |
| Fund | - | - | - | - | 43,812 | - | - | - | 971,704 |
| Housing for Elders | | | | | | | | | |
| Revolving Fund | - | - | - | - | - | - | 412,541 | - | 228,222 |
| Central Office Cost | | | | | | | | | |
| Center | 1,329 | - | - | 299,087 | - | 304,210 | - | 1,827 | - |
| Nonmajor – | | | | | | | | | |
| Enterprise | 486,134 | 178,138 | 126,337 | 178,232 | 130,667 | 2,101,827 | 1,561,304 | 5,121 | 115,614 |
| Total | \$ 487,463 | \$ 705,539 | \$ 126,337 | \$ 480,414 | \$ 174,479 | \$ 2,406,037 | \$ 4,035,457 | \$ 7,041 | \$ 2,094,659 |
| | | Nonc u Duc | urrent e to | General | Housing Choice Voucher | Federal Low-Rent Program | Housing Revolving Fund | | |

The current interfund receivable and payable balances are due to interfund services provided or reimbursable expenditures and payments between funds. The non-current balance represents the respective fund's share of the Authority's OPEB liability recorded under the Central Office Cost Center Fund as of year-end.

\$ 305,942

\$ 1,197,862

\$ 605,654

\$ 69,097

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

10. Net Transfers

The composition of net transfer balances reflected in the financial statements as of June 30, 2014 is as follows:

| | | | Housing | Central | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|-------------|------------|
| | Federal | Housing | For Elders | Office | Non-Major |
| | Low Rent | Revolving | Revolving | Cost Center | Enterprise |
| Transfer From | Program | Fund | Fund | Fund | Funds |
| General Fund | \$ 1,504,534 | \$ 769,376 | \$ 1,521,262 | \$ 198,032 | \$ 277,317 |
| Capital Projects | 2,047,290 | 110,196 | 44,443 | - | - |
| Section 8 Contract | | | | | |
| Administration | - | - | - | - | 209,611 |
| Federal Low Rent Program | - | 2,564 | - | - | - |
| Housing Elders Revolving Fund | - | - | - | 226,944 | - |
| Central Office Cost Center | 522,261 | 27,774 | | | |
| Total | \$ 4,074,085 | \$ 909,910 | \$ 1,565,705 | \$ 424,976 | \$ 486,928 |

The following describes the transfers noted above:

<u>General Fund:</u> The General Fund expended approximately \$4,271,000 from the current year annual State of Hawaii appropriations to pay for rental housing service shortfalls under certain enterprise funds.

<u>Section 8 Contract</u>: The Section 8 Contract expended approximately \$210,000 to pay for Non-Major Enterprise service shortfalls.

<u>Capital Projects:</u> The Capital Projects Fund expended approximately \$2,202,000 from the current year annual State of Hawaii appropriations to primarily pay for capital improvement administrative expenses and rental housing service repairs and maintenance under certain enterprise funds.

<u>Federal Low Rent Program:</u> The Federal Low Rent Program expended approximately \$2,600 to pay for repairs and maintenance for certain enterprise funds.

<u>Central Office Cost Center:</u> The Central Office Cost Center expended approximately \$550,000 to pay for repairs and maintenance for certain enterprise funds.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

10. Net Transfers (continued)

<u>Housing for Elders Revolving Fund:</u> The Housing for Elders Revolving Fund expended approximately \$227,000 to pay for administrative expenses under the Central Office Cost Center fund.

11. Capital Contributions

During 2014, the Capital Projects Fund expended approximately \$14,479,000 from the current year annual State of Hawaii appropriations to pay for capital outlays that were contributed to enterprise funds. The composition of capital contribution balances reflected in the financial statements as of June 30, 2014 is as follows:

| | | | Housing | |
|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|---------------|
| | Federal | Housing | For Elders | |
| | Low Rent | Revolving | Revolving | |
| Contributed From | Program | Fund | Fund | Total |
| Capital Projects Fund | \$12,797,748 | \$ 1,561,671 | \$ 119,348 | \$ 14,478,767 |

Required Supplementary Information Other Than Management's Discussion and Analysis

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

| | | General Fund | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------|----|-----------------|-----|----------------|
| | Orig | ginal Budget | | Final Budget | Bud | lgetary Actual |
| Revenues - State allotted appropriations | \$ | 5,359,352 | \$ | 5,359,352 | \$ | 5,359,352 |
| Expenditures - Rental housing and assistance program | | 5,359,352 | | 5,359,352 | | 5,031,490 |
| EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES | \$ | | \$ | <u>-</u> | \$ | 327,862 |
| | Housing Choice Voucher Program | | | | | |
| | Orig | ginal Budget | | Final Budget | Bud | Igetary Actual |
| Revenues - HUD contributions | \$ | 23,361,461 | \$ | 23,361,461 | \$ | 23,361,461 |
| Expenditures - Rental housing and assistance program | | 23,361,461 | | 23,361,461 | | 25,435,899 |
| DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | (2,074,438) |

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (continued)

| | | Section 8 Contract Administration | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|------------------|--|
| | Original Budget | | Final Budget | | Budgetary Actual | | |
| | - 01 | iginai Budget | | Dudget | Duc | igetary / tetuar | |
| Revenues - | | | | | | | |
| HUD contributions | \$ | 28,800,635 | \$ | 28,800,635 | \$ | 28,800,635 | |
| Expenditures - Rental housing and assistance program | | 28,800,635 | | 28,800,635 | | 28,592,374 | |
| EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES | \$ | | \$ | - | \$ | 208,261 | |

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGET-TO-GAAP RECONCILIATION

| | | | Housing Choice Voucher | | Section 8 Contract | |
|--|--------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| | General Fund | | Program | | Administration | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures and other sources and uses - actual on budgetary basis | \$ | 327,862 | \$ | (2,074,438) | \$ | 208,261 |
| seems of congress, cons | , | , | • | (=,011,100) | , | |
| Reserve for encumbrance at year end* | | 1,240,182 | | - | | - |
| Expenditures for liquidation of prior year's encumbrances | | (1,025,534) | | - | | - |
| Reversion of prior year's allotments | | (327,862) | | - | | - |
| Accrual adjustments, operating transfers and other | | (542,069) | | 499,374 | · | (249,430) |
| DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES - US GAAP BASIS | \$ | (327,421) | \$ | (1,575,064) | \$ | (41,169) |

^{*} Amount reflects the encumbrance balance included in continuing appropriation.

Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

| Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title | Federal CFDA Number | Federal Expenditures | | |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development: | | | | |
| Section 8 Project-Based Cluster Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments - Special Allocations | 14.195 | \$ 28,841,995 | | |
| Public and Indian Housing | 14.850 | 20,358,082 | | |
| Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers | 14.871 | 25,436,116 | | |
| Public Housing Capital Fund | 14.872 | 13,868,576 | | |
| Total federal expenditures | | \$ 88,504,769 | | |

Note to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year ended June 30, 2014

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of Hawaii Public Housing Authority (the Authority) and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting and in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in the Schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the Authority, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Authority.

| ŕ | | Fadaval | Section 8 | Section 8 | | | | | | |
|------------|---|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------|----------------|--------------|----------------------|
| L'ara Rasa | | Federal | Housing Assistance | Housing Choice | | Description | lata a al | 0 | | |
| Line Item | | Low Rent | Payments | Voucher Program | 0 | Business | Internal | Central Office | =0.1.0 | |
| Number | Description | Program | 14.195 | 14.871 | State/Local | Activities | Service | Cost Center | Elimination | Total |
| 111 | Cash - Unrestricted | 20,786,527 | 1,965,158 | 1,363,845 | - | 7,114,155 | 998,571 | 31,960,728 | - | 64,188,984 |
| 113 | Cash - Other Restricted | - | - | 886,078 | - | - 007.074 | - | 2,432,164 | - | 3,318,242 |
| 114 | Cash - Tenant Security Deposits | 602,464 | 4 005 450 | - 0.040.000 | - | 227,674 | - | - | - | 830,138 |
| 100 | Total Cash Accounts Receivable - PHA Projects | 21,388,991 | 1,965,158 | 2,249,923 | - | 7,341,829 | 998,571 | 34,392,892 | - | 68,337,364 |
| 121 | , | 4 424 600 | - 05 745 | 20,686 | - | - | - | - | - | 20,686 |
| 122 | Accounts Receivable - HUD Other Projects Accounts Receivable - Other Government | 1,131,690 | 95,745 | - | - 405 400 076 | 420.052 | - | - | - | 1,227,435 |
| 124 | Accounts Receivable - Other Government Accounts Receivable - Miscellaneous | - | - | - F 050 | 125,128,276 | 139,852 | - | 33,374 | - | 125,301,502 |
| 125 126 | Accounts Receivable - Iniscellaneous Accounts Receivable - Tenants | - 072 165 | - | 5,659 - | - | 45,513 872,205 | - | - | - | 51,172 1,845,370 |
| 126.1 | Allowance for Doubtful Accounts -Tenants | 973,165 (589,374) | - | - | - | (834,254) | - | - | - | |
| 120.1 | Accrued Interest Receivable | (309,374) | - | - | - | (834,234) 804 | - 279 | - | - | (1,423,628) 1,083 |
| 129 | Total Receivables, Net of Allowances for Doubtful Accounts | 1,515,481 | 95,745 | 26,345 | 125,128,276 | 224,120 | 279 | 33,374 | | 127,023,620 |
| 142 | Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets | 1,313,401 | 35,745 | 2,034,914 | 35,217 | - | - | 10,244 | _ | 2,080,375 |
| 143 | Inventories | 508,853 | _ | 2,054,914 | 55,217 | 71,961 | _ | 33,214 | _ | 614,028 |
| 143.1 | .1 Allowance for Obsolete Inventories | (50,428) | | _ | | 71,301 | _ | - | _ | (50,428) |
| 144 | Inter Program Due From | 2,406,037 | 126,337 | 705,539 | 487,463 | 2,749,552 | 7,041 | 6,214,013 | (12,695,982) | (30,420) |
| 1-1-1 | Total Other Current Assets | 2,864,462 | 126,337 | 2,740,453 | 522,680 | 2,821,513 | 7,041 | 6,257,471 | (12,695,982) | 2,643,975 |
| 150 | Total Current Assets | 25,768,934 | 2,187,240 | 5,016,721 | 125,650,956 | 10,387,462 | 1,005,891 | 40,683,737 | (12,695,982) | 198,004,959 |
| 161 | Land | 13,093,629 | -,:::,=:: | - | 2,373,410 | 9,872,571 | - | - | - | 25,339,610 |
| 162 | Buildings | 471,748,936 | - | - | 15,325,444 | 102,192,540 | _ | 42,857 | _ | 589,309,777 |
| 163 | Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings | 3,329,340 | - | - | - | 99,089 | _ | - | _ | 3,428,429 |
| 164 | Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Administration | 1,777,500 | - | _ | 1,291,869 | 368,106 | 2,111,723 | 150,524 | _ | 5,699,722 |
| 166 | Accumulated Depreciation | (287,894,501) | - | _ | (14,293,307) | (45,759,063) | (1,787,880) | (72,826) | _ | (349,807,577) |
| 167 | Construction in Progress | 25,761,782 | - | - | 22,543 | 3,192,222 | - | - | _ | 28,976,547 |
| 160 | Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation | 227,816,686 | - | - | 4,719,959 | 69,965,465 | 323,843 | 120,555 | - | 302,946,508 |
| 171 | Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current | 8,716,630 | - | - | - | - | - | · - | - | 8,716,630 |
| | Total Other Non-Current Assets | 8,716,630 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 8,716,630 |
| 180 | Total Non-Current Assets | 236,533,316 | - | - | 4,719,959 | 69,965,465 | 323,843 | 120,555 | - | 311,663,138 |
| 190 | Total Assets | 262,302,250 | 2,187,240 | 5,016,721 | 130,370,915 | 80,352,927 | 1,329,734 | 40,804,292 | (12,695,982) | 509,668,097 |
| 312 | Accounts Payable <= 90 Days | 1,376,658 | 5,506 | 65,703 | 528,732 | 130,645 | - | 221,908 | - | 2,329,152 |
| 313 | Accounts Payable >90 Days Past Due | - | - | - | - | 37,136 | _ | - | _ | 37,136 |
| 321 | Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable | 336,138 | 3,060 | 37,736 | 2,055 | 25,970 | - | 361,103 | - | 766,062 |
| 322 | Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion | 291,553 | - | 30,279 | 4,532 | 24,890 | - | 254,275 | - | 605,529 |
| 331 | Accounts Payable - HUD PHA Programs | - | 22 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 22 |
| 333 | Accounts Payable - Other Government | 48,148 | - | 527 | - | 571,402 | - | - | - | 620,077 |
| 341 | Tenant Security Deposits | 602,464 | - | - | - | 227,674 | - | - | - | 830,138 |
| 342 | Deferred Revenues | 667,910 | - | - | - | 47,491 | - | 9,523 | - | 724,924 |
| 345 | Other Current Liabilities | 753,491 | - | 39,723 | 894,733 | - | - | 154,206 | - | 1,842,153 |
| 346 | Accrued Liabilities - Other | 452,466 | 216,000 | 36,000 | 1,247,444 | 180,413 | - | - | - | 2,132,323 |
| 347 | Inter Program - Due To | 1,778,130 | 156,391 | 2,159,399 | 475,268 | 6,539,653 | - | 606,447 | (11,715,288) | - |
| 310 | | 6,306,958 | 380,979 | 2,369,367 | 3,152,764 | 7,785,274 | - | 1,607,462 | (11,715,288) | 9,887,516 |
| 353 | Non-current Liabilities - Other | - | - | 65,889 | - | 12,189 | - | - | - | 78,078 |
| 354 | Accrued Compensated Absences - Non Current | 744,111 | - | - | 88,821 | 63,467 | - | 658,515 | - | 1,554,914 |
| 357 | Accrued Pension and OPEB Liabilities | - | - | 305,942 | 69,097 | 605,654 | - | 15,145,116 | (980,694) | 15,145,115 |
| 350 | Total Non-Current Liabilities | 744,111 | - | 371,831 | 157,918 | 681,310 | - | 15,803,631 | (980,694) | 16,778,107 |
| 300 | Total Liabilities | 7,051,069 | 380,979 | 2,741,198 | 3,310,682 | 8,466,584 | - | 17,411,093 | (12,695,982) | 26,665,623 |
| 508.1 | Invested in capital assets, net of related debt | 227,816,686 | - | - | 4,719,959 | 69,965,465 | 323,843 | 120,555 | - | 302,946,508 |
| 511.1 | Restricted Fund Balance | | - | 2,275,523 | | - | - | - | - | 2,275,523 |
| 512.1 | Unrestricted Net Assets | 27,434,495 | 1,806,261 | - | 122,340,274 | 1,920,878 | 1,005,891 | 23,272,644 | - | 177,780,443 |
| 513 | Total Equity/Net Assets | 255,251,181 | 1,806,261 | 2,275,523 | 127,060,233 | 71,886,343 | 1,329,734 | 23,393,199 | - | 483,002,474 |
| 600 | Total Liabilities and Equity/Net Assets | 262,302,250 | 2,187,240 | 5,016,721 | 130,370,915 | 80,352,927 | 1,329,734 | 40,804,292 | (12,695,982) | 509,668,097 |

Hawaii Public Housing Authority Financial Data Schedule Entity-Wide Revenue and Expense Summary June 30, 2014

| | | | Section 8 | Section 8 | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------|----------------|----------|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| | | Federal | Housing Assistance | Housing Choice | | | | | | |
| Line Item | | Low Rent | Payments | Voucher Program | | Business | Internal | Central Office | | |
| Number | Description | Program | 14.195 | 14.871 | State/Local | Activities | Service | Cost Center | Elimination | Total |
| 70300 | Net Tenant Rental Revenue | 12,972,435 | - | | | 3,935,241 | _ | | _ | 16,907,676 |
| 70400 | Tenant Revenue - Other | 224,401 | - | - | - | 38,593 | - | - | - | 262,994 |
| 70500 | Total Tenant Revenue | 13,196,836 | - | - | - | 3,973,834 | _ | - | - | 17,170,670 |
| 70600 | HUD PHA Operating Grants | 31,195,200 | 28,800,635 | 23,423,962 | - | , , , <u>-</u> | - | - | - | 83,419,797 |
| 70610 | Capital Grants | 5,118,416 | - | , , , <u>-</u> | - | - | - | - | - | 5,118,416 |
| 70710 | Management Fee | , , , <u>-</u> | - | - | - | - | - | 3,684,774 | (3,684,774) | , , , - |
| 70720 | Asset Management Fee | - | - | - | - | - | - | 315,480 | (315,480) | - |
| 70730 | Book Keeping Fee | - | - | - | - | - | - | 660,226 | (660,226) | - |
| 70740 | Front Line Service Fee | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4,825,402 | (4,825,402) | - |
| 70750 | Other Fees | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,683,853 | - | 1,683,853 |
| 70700 | Total Fee Revenue | 36,313,616 | 28,800,635 | 23,423,962 | - | - | - | 11,169,735 | (9,485,882) | 90,222,066 |
| 70800 | Other Government Grants | · - | - | - | 49,629,893 | - | - | - | - | 49,629,893 |
| 71100 | Investment Income - Unrestricted | 4,088 | 191 | 217 | - | 8,288 | 3,016 | 27,020 | - | 42,820 |
| 71400 | Fraud Recovery | · - | - | 12,928 | - | - | - | - | - | 12,928 |
| 71500 | Other Revenue | 229,940 | - | 423,945 | - | 194,121 | 40,875 | - | - | 888,881 |
| | Total Other Revenue | 234,028 | 191 | 437,090 | 49,629,893 | 202,409 | 43,891 | 27,020 | - | 50,574,522 |
| 70000 | Total Revenue | 49,744,480 | 28,800,826 | 23,861,052 | 49,629,893 | 4,176,243 | 43,891 | 11,196,755 | (9,485,882) | 157,967,258 |
| 91100 | Administrative Salaries | 3,066,323 | 39,652 | 485,112 | 300,088 | 253,273 | - | 5,752,038 | - | 9,896,486 |
| 91200 | Auditing Fees | 118,035 | 24,084 | 29,267 | 32,412 | 36,723 | 2,990 | 100,935 | - | 344,446 |
| 91300 | Management Fee | 3,008,433 | - | 274,092 | 6,810 | 395,439 | - | - | (3,684,774) | - |
| 91310 | Book-keeping Fee | 409,536 | - | 171,308 | 4,268 | 75,114 | - | - | (660,226) | - |
| 91400 | Advertising and Marketing | 5,421 | - | - | - | - | - | 14,256 | - | 19,677 |
| 91500 | Employee Benefit contributions - Administration | 730,414 | 20,414 | 121,134 | 75,858 | 66,350 | - | 1,821,034 | - | 2,835,204 |
| 91600 | Office Expenses | 462,551 | 15,360 | 35,587 | 23,682 | 63,058 | - | 428,839 | - | 1,029,077 |
| 91700 | Legal Expense | 103,526 | 544 | 245 | 119 | 14,934 | - | 258,472 | - | 377,840 |
| 91800 | Travel | 25,635 | - | 910 | 490 | 960 | - | 82,331 | - | 110,326 |
| 91900 | Other | 1,452,538 | 884,119 | 8,955 | 16,114 | 723,091 | - | 29,143 | - | 3,113,960 |
| 91000 | Total Operating - Administrative | 9,382,412 | 984,173 | 1,126,610 | 459,841 | 1,628,942 | 2,990 | 8,487,048 | (4,345,000) | 17,727,016 |
| 92000 | Asset Management Fee | 315,480 | - | - | - | - | - | - | (315,480) | - |
| 92200 | Relocation Costs | 19,515 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 19,515 |
| 92400 | Tenant Services - Other | 100,005 | - | 142,782 | 85,498 | - | - | 1,025 | - | 329,310 |
| 92500 | Total Tenant Services | 119,520 | - | 142,782 | 85,498 | - | - | 1,025 | - | 348,825 |
| 93100 | Water | 2,539,616 | - | 813 | 626 | 294,527 | - | 3,199 | - | 2,838,781 |
| 93200 | Electricity | 3,600,712 | - | 26,225 | 19,733 | 1,425,105 | - | 98,312 | - | 5,170,087 |
| 93300 | Gas | 1,914,273 | - | - | - | 187,691 | - | - | - | 2,101,964 |
| 93400 | Fuel | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,451 | - | 1,451 |
| 93600 | Sewer | 3,676,377 | - | 1,344 | 835 | 710,965 | - | 11,192 | - | 4,400,713 |
| 93800 | Other Utilities Expense | 411 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 411 |
| 93000 | Total Utilities | 11,731,389 | - | 28,382 | 21,194 | 2,618,288 | - | 114,154 | - | 14,513,407 |

Hawaii Public Housing Authority Financial Data Schedule Entity-Wide Revenue and Expense Summary June 30, 2014

| | | Federal | Section 8 Housing Assistance | Section 8 Housing Choice | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|-------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| Line Item | | Low Rent | Payments | Voucher Program | | Business | Internal | Central Office | | |
| Number | Description | Program | 14.195 | 14.871 | State/Local | Activities | Service | Cost Center | Elimination | Total |
| 94100 | Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor | 3,655,302 | - | - | - | 368,311 | - | 1,366,740 | - | 5,390,353 |
| 94200 | Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other | 3,039,381 | - | 251 | 118 | 294,556 | - | 114,261 | - | 3,448,567 |
| 94300 | Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts | 9,979,095 | - | 21,369 | 11,217 | 1,594,136 | - | 182,173 | (4,825,402) | 6,962,588 |
| 94500 | Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance | 1,609,176 | - | - | - | 125,073 | - | 692,603 | - | 2,426,852 |
| 94000 | Total Maintenance | 18,282,954 | - | 21,620 | 11,335 | 2,382,076 | - | 2,355,777 | (4,825,402) | 18,228,360 |
| 95200 | Protective Services - Other Contract Costs | 2,169,107 | - | - | - | 206,748 | - | 3,970 | - | 2,379,825 |
| 95300 | Protective Services - Other | 1,925 | - | 437 | 235 | 516 | - | 9,122 | - | 12,235 |
| 95000 | Total Protective Services | 2,171,032 | - | 437 | 235 | 207,264 | - | 13,092 | - | 2,392,060 |
| 96110 | Property Insurance | 510,423 | - | 276 | 269 | 113,825 | - | 5,822 | - | 630,615 |
| 96120 | Liability Insurance | 49,711 | - | 1,413 | 859 | 33,411 | - | 8,675 | - | 94,069 |
| 96130 | Workmen's Compensation | 161,995 | - | 2,827 | 1,522 | 3,225 | - | 22,231 | - | 191,800 |
| 96140 | All Other Insurance | 34,086 | - | 1,212 | 652 | 44,445 | - | 5,788 | - | 86,183 |
| 96100 | Total insurance Premiums | 756,215 | - | 5,728 | 3,302 | 194,906 | - | 42,516 | - | 1,002,667 |
| 96200 | Other General Expenses | 3,596,317 | 2,554 | 57,785 | 31,067 | 31 | - | 69,234 | - | 3,756,988 |
| 96300 | Payments in Lieu of Taxes | 48,148 | - | - | - | - | - | 717 | - | 48,865 |
| 96400 | Bad debt - Tenant Rents | 223,252 | - | - | - | 32,701 | - | 53,371 | - | 309,324 |
| 96800 | Severance Expense | 58,719 | - | 17,822 | 4,810 | 236 | - | 40,298 | - | 121,885 |
| 96000 | Total Other General Expenses | 3,926,436 | 2,554 | 75,607 | 35,877 | 32,968 | - | 163,620 | - | 4,237,062 |
| 96900 | Total Operating Expenses | 46,369,958 | 986,727 | 1,401,166 | 617,282 | 7,064,444 | 2,990 | 11,177,232 | (9,170,402) | 58,449,397 |
| 97000 | Excess of Operating Revenue over Operating Expenses | 3,374,522 | 27,814,099 | 22,459,886 | 49,012,611 | (2,888,201) | 40,901 | 19,523 | (315,480) | 99,517,861 |
| 97100 | Extraordinary Maintenance | 22,989 | - | - | - | 1,239 | - | - | - | 24,228 |
| 97300 | Housing Assistance Payments | 16,809 | 27,645,657 | 23,635,995 | 456,380 | - | - | - | - | 51,754,841 |
| 97350 | HAP Portability-In | - | - | 398,955 | - | - | - | - | - | 398,955 |
| 97400 | Depreciation Expense | 13,646,646 | - | - | 222,818 | 2,849,771 | 67,339 | 21,526 | - | 16,808,100 |
| | Subtotal | 13,686,444 | 27,645,657 | 24,034,950 | 679,198 | 2,851,010 | 67,339 | 21,526 | - | 68,986,124 |
| 90000 | Total Expenses | 60,056,402 | 28,632,384 | 25,436,116 | 1,296,480 | 9,915,454 | 70,329 | 11,198,758 | (9,170,402) | 127,435,521 |
| 10010 | Operating Transfer In | 4,071,521 | - | - | 52,619 | 2,735,848 | - | 424,976 | (7,284,964) | - |
| 10020 | Operating transfer Out | - | (209,611) | - | (6,525,069) | (249) | - | (550,035) | 7,284,964 | - |
| 10030 | Operating Transfers from/to Primary Government | - | - | - | 401,394 | - | - | - | - | 401,394 |
| 10091 | Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer In | 3,700,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3,700,000 |
| 10092 | Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer Out | (3,700,000) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (3,700,000) |
| 10100 | Total Other financing Sources (Uses) | 4,071,521 | (209,611) | - | (6,071,056) | 2,735,599 | - | (125,059) | - | 401,394 |
| 10000 | Excess (deficiency) of total revenue over (under) total expenses | (6,240,401) | (41,169) | (1,575,064) | 42,262,357 | (3,003,612) | (26,438) | (127,062) | (315,480) | 30,933,131 |
| 11030 | Beginning Equity | 249,009,314 | 1,847,430 | 3,850,587 | 99,424,306 | 73,208,936 | 1,356,172 | 23,520,261 | - | 452,217,006 |
| 1040-070 | Equity transfer of capital contributions from capital projects fund | 12,797,748 | - | - | (14,626,430) | 1,681,019 | - | - | - | (147,663) |
| | Ending Equity | 255,566,661 | 1,806,261 | 2,275,523 | 127,060,233 | 71,886,343 | 1,329,734 | 23,393,199 | (315,480) | 483,002,474 |

Line Item

| Number Description | HI001000030 | HI001000031 | HI001000032 | HI001000033 | HI001000034 | HI001000035 | HI001000037 | HI001000038 | HI001000039 | HI001000040 | HI001000043 | HI001000044 | HI001000045 | HI001000046 | HI001000049 | HI001000050 | HI001000052 | Project |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| 111 Cash - Unrestricted | 1,956,924 | 1,399,100 | 2,601,732 | 1,299,877 | 2,012,810 | 1,949,290 | 1,031,638 | 1,098,958 | 799,063 | 821,882 | 870,533 | 1,103,218 | 1,759,355 | 322,122 | 553,634 | 1,206,391 | - | 20,786,527 |
| 114 Cash - Tenant Security Deposits | 46,620 | 52,065 | 51,164 | 49,945 | 74,159 | 79,811 | 35,000 | 36,121 | 23,766 | 23,218 | 25,867 | 30,573 | 31,169 | 13,160 | 17,880 | 11,946 | - | 602,464 |
| 100 Total Cash | 2,003,544 | 1,451,165 | 2,652,896 | 1,349,822 | 2,086,969 | 2,029,101 | 1,066,638 | 1,135,079 | 822,829 | 845,100 | 896,400 | 1,133,791 | 1,790,524 | 335,282 | 571,514 | 1,218,337 | - | 21,388,991 |
| 122 Accounts Receivable - HUD Other Projects | 121,966 | 282 | 4,134 | 564 | 24,671 | 5,957 | 460,800 | 83,550 | 1,692 | 564 | 1,410 | 65,118 | 2,652 | 68,285 | 13,795 | 276,250 | - | 1,131,690 |
| 126 Accounts Receivable - Tenants | 104,256 | 92,275 | 28,153 | 27,323 | 73,029 | 54,887 | 5,936 | 141,340 | 145,749 | 33,430 | 54,022 | 123,736 | 23,791 | 33,818 | 22,867 | 8,553 | - | 973,165 |
| 126.1 .1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts -Tenants | (96,762) | (48,277) | (14,338) | (9,719) | (46,173) | (42,525) | (2,133) | (62,569) | (89,809) | (17,110) | (32,413) | (75,773) | (14,493) | (18,420) | (13,992) | (4,868) | - | (589,374) |
| 120 Total Receivables, Net of Allowances for Doubtful Accounts | 129,460 | 44,280 | 17,949 | 18,168 | 51,527 | 18,319 | 464,603 | 162,321 | 57,632 | 16,884 | 23,019 | 113,081 | 11,950 | 83,683 | 22,670 | 279,935 | - | 1,515,481 |
| 143 Inventories | 45,987 | 61,162 | 10,542 | 7,242 | 77,013 | 60,864 | 3,802 | 59,404 | 10,371 | 35,075 | 12,971 | 25,213 | 56,458 | 9,523 | 9,034 | 24,192 | - | 508,853 |
| 143.1 .1 Allowance for Obsolete Inventories | (4,557) | (6,061) | (1,045) | (718) | (7,632) | (6,032) | (377) | (5,887) | (1,028) | (3,476) | (1,285) | (2,499) | (5,595) | (944) | (895) | (2,397) | - | (50,428) |
| 144 Inter Program Due From | 171,636 | 156,331 | 153,966 | 158,198 | 239,758 | 242,745 | 155,615 | 134,100 | 89,968 | 354,774 | 104,130 | 110,697 | 101,620 | 66,954 | 84,613 | 80,932 | - | 2,406,037 |
| Total Other Current Assets | 213,066 | 211,432 | 163,463 | 164,722 | 309,139 | 297,577 | 159,040 | 187,617 | 99,311 | 386,373 | 115,816 | 133,411 | 152,483 | 75,533 | 92,752 | 102,727 | | 2,864,462 |
| 150 Total Current Assets | 2,346,070 | 1,706,877 | 2,834,308 | 1,532,712 | 2,447,635 | 2,344,997 | 1,690,281 | 1,485,017 | 979,772 | 1,248,357 | 1,035,235 | 1,380,283 | 1,954,957 | 494,498 | 686,936 | 1,600,999 | - | 25,768,934 |
| 161 Land | 2,534,474 | 550,848 | 207,679 | 319,507 | 297,702 | 1,953,866 | 1,707,058 | 548,446 | 512,658 | 419,374 | 955,313 | 815,673 | 125,890 | 192,885 | 1,639,118 | 313,138 | - | 13,093,629 |
| 162 Buildings | 36,281,260 | 53,531,406 | 21,519,494 | 37,991,570 | 30,811,264 | 30,558,905 | 59,247,704 | 31,613,064 | 26,296,902 | 10,654,323 | 33,052,574 | 33,647,137 | 29,242,371 | 16,644,977 | 16,719,579 | 3,936,406 | - | 471,748,936 |
| 163 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings | 72,608 | 105,792 | 1,211,821 | 338,439 | 234,607 | 262,283 | 276,575 | 154,490 | 116,727 | 42,624 | 55,005 | 159,476 | 103,545 | 89,639 | 34,187 | 71,522 | - | 3,329,340 |
| 164 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Administration | 397,847 | 157,071 | 187,717 | 98,483 | 91,492 | 131,120 | 232,946 | 164,450 | 79,008 | 69,064 | 19,048 | 40,821 | 13,654 | 7,734 | 5,989 | 81,056 | - | 1,777,500 |
| 166 Accumulated Depreciation | (30,218,850) | (26,850,196) | (16,804,679) | (21,796,301) | (19,586,708) | (17,628,480) | (26,788,529) | (20,642,811) | (14,082,771) | (10,291,786) | (16,272,912) | (21,484,089) | (23,147,250) | (6,494,062) | (12,174,718) | (3,630,359) | - | (287,894,501) |
| 167 Construction in Progress | 3,544,527 | 807,907 | 297,669 | 304,108 | 3,641,713 | 23,267 | 1,380,114 | 3,154,805 | 458,177 | 202,877 | - | 191,181 | 1,322,037 | 225,158 | 685,241 | 9,523,001 | - | 25,761,782 |
| 160 Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation | 12,611,866 | 28,302,828 | 6,619,701 | 17,255,806 | 15,490,070 | 15,300,961 | 36,055,868 | 14,992,444 | 13,380,701 | 1,096,476 | 17,809,028 | 13,370,199 | 7,660,247 | 10,666,331 | 6,909,396 | 10,294,764 | - | 227,816,686 |
| 171 Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 8,716,630 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 8,716,630 |
| Total Other Non-Current Assets | | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 8,716,630 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 8,716,630 |
| 180 Total Non-Current Assets | 12,611,866 | 28,302,828 | 6,619,701 | 17,255,806 | 15,490,070 | 15,300,961 | 36,055,868 | 14,992,444 | 13,380,701 | 9,813,106 | 17,809,028 | 13,370,199 | 7,660,247 | 10,666,331 | 6,909,396 | 10,294,764 | - | 236,533,316 |
| 190 Total Assets | 14,957,936 | 30,009,705 | 9,454,009 | 18,788,518 | 17,937,705 | 17,645,958 | 37,746,149 | 16,477,461 | 14,360,473 | 11,061,463 | 18,844,263 | 14,750,482 | 9,615,204 | 11,160,829 | 7,596,332 | 11,895,763 | - | 262,302,250 |
| 312 Accounts Payable <= 90 Days | 75,138 | 62,113 | 37,177 | 24,338 | 21,380 | 11,413 | 480,457 | 89,159 | 37,540 | 64,083 | 96,570 | 73,510 | 203,580 | 35,792 | 30,268 | 34,140 | - | 1,376,658 |
| 321 Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable | 53,561 | 34,978 | 28,165 | 28,861 | 49,912 | 47,434 | 35,970 | 32,325 | 24,932 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 336,138 |
| 322 Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion | 46,387 | 38,442 | 23,166 | 24,112 | 42,392 | 41,444 | 28,119 | 24,492 | 22,999 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 291,553 |
| 333 Accounts Payable - Other Government | - | - | - | - | - | - | 30,873 | 7,453 | 6,765 | - | - | - | - | 3,057 | - | - | - | 48,148 |
| 341 Tenant Security Deposits | 46,620 | 52,065 | 51,164 | 49,945 | 74,159 | 79,811 | 35,000 | 36,121 | 23,766 | 23,218 | 25,867 | 30,573 | 31,169 | 13,160 | 17,880 | 11,946 | - | 602,464 |
| 342 Deferred Revenues | 15,764 | 47,823 | 13,891 | 27,288 | 99,936 | 24,148 | 9,670 | 75,369 | 79,824 | 116,797 | 24,398 | 88,081 | 19,045 | 4,635 | 8,486 | 12,755 | - | 667,910 |
| 345 Other Current Liabilities | 139,970 | 7,732 | 6,056 | 6,857 | 25,952 | 6,454 | 7,478 | 89,271 | 6,455 | 7,163 | 7,469 | 67,918 | 9,466 | 71,666 | 16,100 | 277,484 | - | 753,491 |
| 346 Accrued Liabilities - Other | 55,828 | 32,264 | 39,066 | 24,929 | 17,118 | 43,423 | 25,712 | 49,509 | 11,674 | 46,756 | 19,296 | 45,875 | 7,867 | 10,847 | 13,638 | 8,664 | - | 452,466 |
| 347 Inter Program - Due To | 184,396 | 143,813 | 373,135 | 144,530 | 340,601 | 207,087 | 144,633 | 127,188 | 112,747 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,778,130 |
| 310 Total Current Liabilities | 617,664 | 419,230 | 571,820 | 330,860 | 671,450 | 461,214 | 797,912 | 530,887 | 326,702 | 258,017 | 173,600 | 305,957 | 271,127 | 139,157 | 86,372 | 344,989 | - | 6,306,958 |
| 354 Accrued Compensated Absences - Non Current | 118,305 | 98,034 | 59,097 | 61,508 | 108,160 | 105,727 | 71,734 | 62,664 | 58,882 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 744,111 |
| 350 Total Non-Current Liabilities | 118,305 | 98,034 | 59,097 | 61,508 | 108,160 | 105,727 | 71,734 | 62,664 | 58,882 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 744,111 |
| 300 Total Liabilities | 735,969 | 517,264 | 630,917 | 392,368 | 779,610 | 566,941 | 869,646 | 593,551 | 385,584 | 258,017 | 173,600 | 305,957 | 271,127 | 139,157 | 86,372 | 344,989 | - | 7,051,069 |
| 508.1 Invested in capital assets, net of related debt | 12,611,866 | 28,302,828 | 6,619,701 | 17,255,806 | 15,490,070 | 15,300,961 | 36,055,868 | 14,992,444 | 13,380,701 | 1,096,476 | 17,809,028 | 13,370,199 | 7,660,247 | 10,666,331 | 6,909,396 | 10,294,764 | - | 227,816,686 |
| 512.1 Unrestricted Net Assets | 1,610,101 | 1,189,613 | 2,203,391 | 1,140,344 | 1,668,025 | 1,778,056 | 820,635 | 891,466 | 594,188 | 9,706,970 | 861,635 | 1,074,326 | 1,683,830 | 355,341 | 600,564 | 1,256,010 | - | 27,434,495 |
| 513 Total Equity/Net Assets | 14,221,967 | 29,492,441 | 8,823,092 | 18,396,150 | 17,158,095 | 17,079,017 | 36,876,503 | 15,883,910 | 13,974,889 | 10,803,446 | 18,670,663 | 14,444,525 | 9,344,077 | 11,021,672 | 7,509,960 | 11,550,774 | - | 255,251,181 |
| 600 Total Liabilities and Equity/Net Assets | 14,957,936 | 30,009,705 | 9,454,009 | 18,788,518 | 17,937,705 | 17,645,958 | 37,746,149 | 16,477,461 | 14,360,473 | 11,061,463 | 18,844,263 | 14,750,482 | 9,615,204 | 11,160,829 | 7,596,332 | 11,895,763 | - | 262,302,250 |

Total

| ne Item Number | Description | ⊔I001000020 | LI001000034 | HI001000032 | LI004000033 | JI004000034 | LI004000025 | LI001000037 | JI004000020 I | 1100400000 i | JI004000040 | LI001000042 I | JI004000044 I | ⊔I00100004 <i>E</i> ! | LI00400040 | LI004000040 | LI00100050 | LI001000050 | Total Project |
|---|--|----------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------|--------------|---------------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|------------|---------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|
| 70300 Net Tenant Rent | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 12,972,4 |
| 70300 Net Tenant Rent 70400 Tenant Revenue | | 1,554,448 | 904,993 | 1,124,698 10,081 | 822,230 | 1,549,387 | 1,806,988 16.613 | 678,819 | 910,002 | 653,453 5.695 | 690,096 23,280 | 389,672 20.660 | 553,214 | 485,376 | 205,056 | 426,427 75 | 217,576 4,681 | - | 224.40 |
| | | 29,739 | 58,404 | , | 4,091 | 11,443 | - , | 8,011 | 2,341 | -, | | - , | 10,925 | 4,841 | 13,521 | | | <u>-</u> | |
| 70500 Total Tenant Re | | 1,584,187 | 963,397 | 1,134,779 | 826,321 | 1,560,830 | 1,823,601 | 686,830 | 912,343 | 659,148 | 713,376 | 410,332 | 564,139 | 490,217 955,009 | 218,577 | 426,502 | 222,257 | 2.000.050 | 13,196,83 |
| 70600 HUD PHA Opera | iting Grants | 3,091,711 | 2,127,762 158,354 | 2,201,601 | 1,786,009 | 2,697,977 | 2,744,195 | 2,056,760 467.620 | 1,727,025 2.358.742 | 2,241,483 | 1,845,948 559.679 | 1,642,032 | 1,418,632 746.090 | , | 975,563 | 788,477 | 808,058 | 2,086,958 | 31,195,20 |
| 70610 Capital Grants | | 390,379 | , | - | 4 700 000 | - | | - , | , , | - | , | - | -, | 129,697 | 54,596 | 144,161 | 109,098 | - | 5,118,41 |
| 70700 Total Fee Rever | | 3,482,090 | 2,286,116 | 2,201,601 | 1,786,009 | 2,697,977 | 2,744,195 | 2,524,380 | 4,085,767 | 2,241,483 | 2,405,627 | 1,642,032 | 2,164,722 | 1,084,706 | 1,030,159 | 932,638 | 917,156 | 2,086,958 | 36,313,61 |
| 71100 Investment Incor | ne - Unrestricted | 287 | 287 | 864 | 486 | 179 | 435 | 78 | 287 | 76 | 121 | 146 | 197 | 320 | 29 | 125 | 171 | - | 4,08 |
| 71500 Other Revenue | | 6,700 | 911 | 14 | - | 47,511 | 49,414 | 17,999 | 13,938 | 4,819 | 402 | 26,957 | 22,334 | 11,040 | 17,085 | 10,816 | - | - | 229,94 |
| Total Other Rev | enue | 6,987 | 1,198 | 878 | 486 | 47,690 | 49,849 | 18,077 | 14,225 | 4,895 | 523 | 27,103 | 22,531 | 11,360 | 17,114 | 10,941 | 171 | | 234,02 |
| 70000 Total Revenue | | 5,073,264 | 3,250,711 | 3,337,258 | 2,612,816 | 4,306,497 | 4,617,645 | 3,229,287 | 5,012,335 | 2,905,526 | 3,119,526 | 2,079,467 | 2,751,392 | 1,586,283 | 1,265,850 | 1,370,081 | 1,139,584 | 2,086,958 | 49,744,48 |
| 91100 Administrative Sa | alaries | 461,156 | 272,181 | 237,803 | 243,664 | 457,825 | 415,814 | 431,046 | 287,150 | 259,684 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3,066,32 |
| 91200 Auditing Fees | | 7,377 | 7,377 | 7,377 | 7,377 | 7,377 | 7,378 | 7,376 | 7,378 | 7,377 | 7,378 | 7,378 | 7,377 | 7,376 | 7,135 | 7,620 | 7,377 | - | 118,03 |
| 91300 Management Fe | | 255,854 | 275,107 | 269,793 | 277,295 | 433,632 | 438,258 | 223,162 | 232,099 | 133,334 | 68,894 | 75,741 | 106,174 | 106,559 | 29,510 | 46,928 | 36,093 | - | 3,008,43 |
| 91310 Book-keeping Fe | | 30,699 | 33,008 | 32,370 | 33,271 | 52,028 | 52,584 | 26,778 | 27,852 | 15,999 | 15,031 | 17,814 | 22,426 | 20,229 | 9,114 | 11,948 | 8,385 | - | 409,53 |
| 91400 Advertising and I | Marketing | - | 5,256 | - | - | - | - | 165 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5,42 |
| | t contributions - Administration | 117,596 | 66,285 | 46,550 | 47,577 | 93,492 | 67,931 | 123,364 | 82,213 | 85,406 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 730,4 |
| 91600 Office Expenses | | 33,483 | 25,663 | 47,000 | 16,558 | 44,669 | 27,743 | 38,636 | 38,718 | 31,899 | 21,313 | 46,195 | 20,177 | 10,469 | 16,754 | 35,299 | 7,975 | - | 462,55 |
| 91700 Legal Expense | | 82 | 1,125 | 80,288 | 1,203 | 140 | 8,180 | 428 | 82 | 83 | 6,950 | 82 | 83 | 4,554 | 83 | 81 | 82 | - | 103,52 |
| 91800 Travel | | 349 | - | - | - | - | - | 7,643 | 5,406 | 11,272 | - | 965 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 25,63 |
| 91900 Other | | 36,552 | 33,292 | 26,579 | 27,359 | 36,685 | 66,958 | (29,561) | 12,105 | 19,301 | 153,770 | 170,920 | 194,461 | 305,925 | 137,013 | 131,772 | 129,407 | - | 1,452,53 |
| 91000 Total Operating | - Administrative | 943,148 | 719,294 | 747,760 | 654,304 | 1,125,848 | 1,084,846 | 829,037 | 693,003 | 564,355 | 273,336 | 319,095 | 350,698 | 455,112 | 199,609 | 233,648 | 189,319 | - | 9,382,41 |
| 92000 Asset Managem | ent Fee | (87,120) | 44,760 | 43,680 | 44,760 | 69,960 | 70,440 | - | 38,520 | - | - | - | 31,200 | 27,120 | - | 18,000 | 14,160 | - | 315,48 |
| 92200 Relocation Costs | i | 10,712 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 8,803 | - | 19,51 |
| 92400 Tenant Services | - Other | 37,005 | 12,962 | 3,919 | 7,060 | 7,173 | 135 | 1,952 | - | - | 3,935 | - | 2,661 | 15,389 | - | 3,935 | 3,879 | - | 100,00 |
| 92500 Total Tenant Se | rvices | 47,717 | 12,962 | 3,919 | 7,060 | 7,173 | 135 | 1,952 | - | - | 3,935 | - | 2,661 | 15,389 | - | 3,935 | 12,682 | - | 119,52 |
| 93100 Water | | 163,892 | 264,692 | 261,646 | 169,638 | 160,414 | 151,683 | 113,042 | 299,331 | 115,087 | 219,622 | 124,573 | 154,752 | 157,298 | 45,245 | 68,250 | 70,451 | - | 2,539,61 |
| 93200 Electricity | | 1,026,429 | 76,538 | 97,877 | 54,987 | 509,618 | 590,589 | 140,464 | 172,020 | 271,996 | 138,670 | 159,883 | 62,331 | 44,018 | 55,987 | 178,622 | 20,683 | - | 3,600,71 |
| 93300 Gas | | 20,938 | · - | 395,516 | 154,108 | 143,823 | 252,421 | 38,688 | 232,824 | 75,162 | 253,981 | 130,221 | 47,999 | 34,685 | 38,011 | 65,114 | 30,782 | - | 1,914,27 |
| 93600 Sewer | | 324,681 | 342,008 | 364,109 | 352,317 | 431,808 | 466,723 | 60,394 | 127,797 | 123,553 | 249,027 | 45,395 | 277,899 | 252,614 | 35,241 | 103,853 | 118,958 | - | 3,676,37 |
| 93800 Other Utilities Ex | pense | , | - | - | - | - | - | 21 | - | 390 | | - | - | , | - | - | - | _ | 41 |
| 93000 Total Utilities | F | 1,535,940 | 683,238 | 1,119,148 | 731,050 | 1,245,663 | 1,461,416 | 352,609 | 831,972 | 586,188 | 861,300 | 460,072 | 542,981 | 488,615 | 174,484 | 415,839 | 240,874 | - | 11,731,38 |
| | nance and Operations - Labor | 539,142 | 361,412 | 350,336 | 358,999 | 582,638 | 551,821 | 321,290 | 362,479 | 227,185 | - | - | - | - | - | - | | _ | 3,655,30 |
| | nance and Operations - Materials & Other | 277,094 | 245,848 | 588,355 | 434,412 | 199,735 | 109,220 | 115,921 | 101,400 | 80,181 | 141,167 | 238,277 | 210,965 | 139,376 | 35,562 | 88,368 | 33,500 | _ | 3,039,38 |
| | nance and Operations Contracts | 569,437 | 306,843 | 1,185,778 | 786,802 | 649,486 | 87,076 | 410,626 | 494,783 | 451,370 | 758,794 | 786,286 | 1,335,162 | 678,612 | 341,445 | 582,676 | 553,919 | _ | 9,979,09 |
| | t Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance | 229,323 | 156,146 | 158,844 | 162,772 | 246,422 | 253,244 | 134,274 | 161,128 | 107,023 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | _ | 1,609,17 |
| 94000 Total Maintenar | , | 1,614,996 | 1,070,249 | 2,283,313 | 1,742,985 | 1,678,281 | 1,001,361 | 982,111 | 1,119,790 | 865,759 | 899,961 | 1,024,563 | 1,546,127 | 817,988 | 377,007 | 671,044 | 587,419 | | 18,282,95 |
| | es - Other Contract Costs | 287,050 | 543,743 | 574,650 | 138,432 | 89,366 | 258,974 | - | - | - | 276,892 | 1,024,303 | 1,340,127 | 017,300 | - | 071,044 | 307,413 | _ | 2,169,10 |
| 95300 Protective Service | | 201,000 | 119 | - | 100,402 | - | 478 | 1,328 | - | - | 270,032 | _ | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | | 1.92 |
| 95000 Flotective Service | | 287.050 | 543,862 | 574,650 | 138,432 | 89,366 | 259,452 | 1,328 | | | 276,892 | | <u> </u> | | | | | <u> </u> | 2,171,03 |
| 96110 Property Insuran | | 33,496 | 35,452 | 34,608 | 35,459 | 55,504 | 55,855 | 37,700 | 30,472 | 18,596 | 71,729 | 9,684 | 34,618 | 21,672 | 9,878 | 14,385 | - 11,315 | | 510,42 |
| 96120 Liability Insurance | | 7,321 | 2,067 | 1,464 | 1,524 | 1,967 | 2,137 | 1,352 | 1,526 | 1,004 | 1,729 | 9,069 | 1,800 | 3,645 | 3,936 | 9,399 | 11,313 | - | 49.7 |
| 96120 Liability Insurance | | 7,321 4.592 | 2,067 4.436 | 3,670 | 1,524 3,820 | 4.833 | 2,137 5,558 | , | 2,235 | 2,233 | 34.093 | • | 56.397 | , | | • | - 14.979 | | 49,7° 161.99 |
| 96130 Workmen's Com | | 4,592 1,544 | 4,436 2,400 | 3,670 977 | 3,820 496 | 4,833 487 | 5,558 730 | 3,819 1,619 | 2,235 742 | 2,233 853 | 34,093 4.772 | - | 56,397 11.837 | 21,330 4.565 | - 124 | - | 2,940 | - | - , |
| | L E | 1.544 | 2.400 | 977 | 490 | 487 | 730 | 1.019 | 142 | გეკ | 4.//2 | - | 11.837 | 4.၁၈၁ | 124 | - | 2.940 | - | 34,08 |

| Line Item | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | lotal |
|-----------|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|
| Number | Description | HI001000030 | HI001000031 | HI001000032 | HI001000033 | HI001000034 | HI001000035 | HI001000037 | HI001000038 | HI001000039 | HI001000040 | HI001000043 | HI001000044 | HI001000045 | HI001000046 | HI001000049 I | HI001000050 I | HI001000052 | Project |
| 96200 | Other General Expenses | 104,611 | 50,065 | 26,774 | 41,843 | 62,766 | 111,437 | 233,143 | 209,223 | 125,534 | 41,841 | 104,607 | 104,609 | 125,531 | 83,682 | 62,771 | 20,922 | 2,086,958 | 3,596,317 |
| 96300 | Payments in Lieu of Taxes | - | - | - | - | - | - | 30,873 | 7,453 | 6,765 | - | - | - | - | 3,057 | - | - | - | 48,148 |
| 96400 | Bad debt - Tenant Rents | 58,642 | 39,656 | (10,788) | (49,159) | 10,385 | 16,799 | (1,603) | 28,252 | 48,693 | 309 | 19,679 | 46,562 | 10,492 | 6,074 | (2,611) | 1,870 | - | 223,252 |
| 96800 | Severance Expense | 1,075 | 9,821 | - | - | 23,925 | 17,759 | - | - | 6,139 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 58,719 |
| 96000 | Total Other General Expenses | 164,328 | 99,542 | 15,986 | (7,316) | 97,076 | 145,995 | 262,413 | 244,928 | 187,131 | 42,150 | 124,286 | 151,171 | 136,023 | 92,813 | 60,160 | 22,792 | 2,086,958 | 3,926,436 |
| 96900 | Total Operating Expenses | 4,553,012 | 3,218,262 | 4,829,175 | 3,352,574 | 4,376,158 | 4,087,925 | 2,473,940 | 2,963,188 | 2,226,119 | 2,469,668 | 1,946,769 | 2,729,490 | 1,991,459 | 857,851 | 1,426,410 | 1,096,480 | 2,086,958 | 46,685,438 |
| | Excess of Operating Revenue over | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 97000 | Operating Expenses | 520,252 | 32,449 | (1,491,917) | (739,758) | (69,661) | 529,720 | 755,347 | 2,049,147 | 679,407 | 649,858 | 132,698 | 21,902 | (405,176) | 407,999 | (56,329) | 43,104 | - | 3,059,042 |
| 97100 | Extraordinary Maintenance | - | - | 4,354 | 4,532 | - | - | - | 14,103 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 22,989 |
| 97300 | Housing Assistance Payments | 12,006 | - | - | 2,097 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,592 | - | 770 | 344 | - | 16,809 |
| 97400 | Depreciation Expense | 1,123,889 | 2,554,973 | 308,096 | 746,925 | 756,091 | 876,410 | 2,034,726 | 575,636 | 693,366 | 29,976 | 894,648 | 1,119,075 | 772,558 | 522,882 | 605,460 | 31,935 | - | 13,646,646 |
| | Subtotal | 1,135,895 | 2,554,973 | 312,450 | 753,554 | 756,091 | 876,410 | 2,034,726 | 589,739 | 693,366 | 29,976 | 894,648 | 1,119,075 | 774,150 | 522,882 | 606,230 | 32,279 | - | 13,686,444 |
| 90000 | Total Expenses | 5,688,907 | 5,773,235 | 5,141,625 | 4,106,128 | 5,132,249 | 4,964,335 | 4,508,666 | 3,552,927 | 2,919,485 | 2,499,644 | 2,841,417 | 3,848,565 | 2,765,609 | 1,380,733 | 2,032,640 | 1,128,759 | 2,086,958 | 60,371,882 |
| 10010 | Operating Transfer In | 507,706 | 361,077 | 510,280 | 206,901 | 487,453 | 416,674 | 183,065 | 431,203 | 40,055 | 203,493 | 119,785 | 352,400 | 164,372 | - | 78,800 | 8,257 | - | 4,071,521 |
| 10091 | Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer In | 1,600,000 | - | - | - | - | - | 550,000 | - | 150,000 | 600,000 | 500,000 | - | - | 150,000 | 150,000 | - | - | 3,700,000 |
| 10092 | Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer Out | - | (300,000) | - | - | (750,000) | (950,000) | - | (500,000) | - | - | - | (500,000) | (700,000) | - | - | - | - | (3,700,000) |
| 10100 | Total Other financing Sources (Uses) | 2,107,706 | 61,077 | 510,280 | 206,901 | (262,547) | (533,326) | 733,065 | (68,797) | 190,055 | 803,493 | 619,785 | (147,600) | (535,628) | 150,000 | 228,800 | 8,257 | - | 4,071,521 |
| | Excess (deficiency) of total revenue | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10000 | over (under) total expenses | 1,492,063 | (2,461,447) | (1,294,087) | (1,286,411) | (1,088,299) | (880,016) | (546,314) | 1,390,611 | 176,096 | 1,423,375 | (142,165) | (1,244,773) | (1,714,954) | 35,117 | (433,759) | 19,082 | = | (6,555,881) |
| 11030 | Beginning Equity | 11,792,751 | 31,371,612 | 9,706,528 | 19,216,459 | 17,893,549 | 17,211,642 | 36,665,097 | 11,679,978 | 13,520,575 | 9,261,500 | 18,811,121 | 15,565,994 | 9,841,457 | 9,353,062 | 7,463,763 | 9,654,226 | - | 249,009,314 |
| 10000 | Excess (deficiency) of total revenue | 1,492,063 | (2,461,447) | (1,294,087) | (1,286,411) | (1,088,299) | (880,016) | (546,314) | 1,390,611 | 176,096 | 1,423,375 | (142,165) | (1,244,773) | (1,714,954) | 35,117 | (433,759) | 19,082 | - | (6,555,881) |
| 11040-070 | Equity transfer of capital contributions | 937,153 | 582,276 | 410,651 | 466,102 | 352,845 | 747,391 | 757,720 | 2,813,321 | 278,218 | 118,571 | 1,707 | 123,304 | 1,217,574 | 1,633,493 | 479,956 | 1,877,466 | - | 12,797,748 |
| | Ending Equity | 14,221,967 | 29,492,441 | 8,823,092 | 18,396,150 | 17,158,095 | 17,079,017 | 36,876,503 | 15,883,910 | 13,974,889 | 10,803,446 | 18,670,663 | 14,444,525 | 9,344,077 | 11,021,672 | 7,509,960 | 11,550,774 | - | 255,251,181 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Hawaii Public Housing Authority Financial Data Schedule GASBS NO. 54 Supplemental Reporting Schedule June 30, 2014

| FDS Line Item | FDS Line Item Name | _ | OA No. 14.871 using Choice Voucher Program | - | OA No. 14.195 Section 8 Contract Iministration | State/Local | Total |
|---------------|---------------------------------|----|---|----|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| 513 | Total Equity as Reported in FDS | \$ | 2,275,523 | \$ | 1,806,261 | \$ 127,060,232 | \$ 131,142,016 |
| 508.3 | Nonspendable Fund Balance | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ 4,719,958 | \$ 4,719,958 |
| 509.3 | Restricted Fund Balance | | 2,275,523 | | - | - | 2,275,523 |
| 510.3 | Committed Fund Balance | | - | | - | 22,137,718 | 22,137,718 |
| 511.3 | Assigned Fund Balance | | - | | 1,806,261 | 100,202,556 | 102,008,817 |
| 512.3 | Unassigned Fund Balance | | <u>-</u> | - | | | - |
| | Total Equity as Calculated | \$ | 2,275,523 | \$ | 1,806,261 | \$ 127,060,232 | \$ 131,142,016 |

PART II

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



A Hawaii Limited Liability Partnership

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Directors Hawaii Public Housing Authority

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hawaii Public Housing Authority (the HPHA), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the HPHA's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 23, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the HPHA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the HPHA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the HPHA's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal

control, described in the accompany *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*, item 2014-01, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the HPHA's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, including applicable provisions of the Hawaii Public Procurement Code (Chapter 103D of the Hawaii Revised Statutes) and procurement rules, directives and circulars, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned* Costs as items 2014-02 and 2014-03.

The HPHA's Response to Findings

The HPHA's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying *Schedule* of *Findings and Questioned Costs*. The HPHA's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KMH LLP

KMH LLP

Honolulu, Hawaii February 23, 2015

PART III

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133



A Hawaii Limited Liability Partnership

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; And Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required By OMB Circular A-133

Board of Directors Hawaii Public Housing Authority

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Hawaii Public Housing Authority's (the HPHA) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the HPHA's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The HPHA's major federal programs are identified in the summary of the auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the HPHA's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the HPHA's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the HPHA's compliance.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers and Public and Indian Housing

As described in items 2014-02 and 2014-03 in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*, the HPHA did not comply with requirements regarding the following:

| FDA | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| <u>imber</u> Program Name | Compliance R | equirement |
| | | - |
| 4.871 Section 8 Housing | Choice Vouchers Eligibility, Re | porting, Special Tests and |
| | Provisions | |
| 1950 Dublic and Indian I | Housing Eligibility | |
| | 1.871 Section 8 Housing | H.871 Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers Eligibility, Re |

Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the HPHA to comply with requirements applicable to those programs.

Qualified Opinion on Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers and Public and Indian Housing

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the HPHA complied, in all material respects, with the types compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers and Public and Indian Housing for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Unmodified on Public Housing Capital Fund

In our opinion, the HPHA complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its Public Housing Capital Fund for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Other Matters

The HPHA's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*. The HPHA's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on this response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the HPHA is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the HPHA's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in

accordance with OMB circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the HPHA's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2014-02 and 2014-03 to be material weaknesses.

The HPHA's responses to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompany *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*. The HPHA's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on these responses.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB Circular A-133

We have audited the financial statements of the HPHA as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and have issued our report thereon dated February 23, 2015, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB A-133 and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The

information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

KMH LLP

KMH LLP

Honolulu, Hawaii February 23, 2015

PART IV SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2014

| | Section I – Summary of Auditor's | Results | |
|---|--|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| Financial Statement | ts | | |
| Type of auditor's re | port issued: Unqualified | | |
| Internal control over | r financial reporting: | | |
| Material weakne | ess(es) identified? | Yes | $\sqrt{}$ None reported |
| Significant defice to be material w | ciency(ies) identified that are not considered reaknesses? | √ Yes | None reported |
| Noncompliance mat | erial to financial statements noted? | $\sqrt{\text{Yes}}$ | No |
| Federal Awards | | | |
| Internal control over | r major programs: | | |
| Material weakne | ess(es) identified? | $\sqrt{\text{Yes}}$ | No |
| Significant defice to be material w | ciency(ies) identified that are not considered reakness(es)? | _ Yes | $\sqrt{}$ None reported |
| Type of auditor's re | port issued on compliance for major programs: | Qualified | |
| • | lisclosed that are required to be reported in tion 510(a) of Circular A-133? | √ Yes | No |
| Identification of ma | jor programs: | | |
| CFDA Number(s) | Name of Federal Pro | ogram | |
| 14.871 | Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers | - | |
| 14.872 | Public Housing Capital Fund | | |
| 14.850 | Public and Indian Housing | | |
| Dollar threshold use programs: | ed to distinguish between type A and type B | \$2,655,143 expended) | (3% of federal award |
| Auditee qualified as | low-risk auditee? | Yes | √ No |

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

Finding No.: 2014-01 Non-reconciliations of General Ledger Accounts – Significant Deficiency

Criteria: Sound internal control procedures and Federal regulations require that the books and records of account should be maintained on a regular monthly basis for all programs. Such records should be reconciled to supporting documents to ensure accurate and reliable reporting.

Condition, cause & context: During the 2014 audit, we noted significant improvements in the performance of timely reconciliations for a number of funds, including the reconciliation of fixed assets for the Federal Low Rent Program and Housing for Elders Revolving Fund. With the exception of the interfund balances (capital contributions, operating transfers, receivables and payables) for various funds, the fund accountants were able to prepare and reconcile many of the other funds' accounts. Unfortunately, the accounting of interfund balances continues to have challenges in the accounting and reporting of transactions due to the lack of timely account reconciliations. Consequently, the interfund balances were not reconciled until late into the audit.

Due to the nature and high volume of transactions for the funds noted in the preceding paragraph, the development of reliable financial statements may be compromised. Financial statement preparation must involve processes to ensure that the information presented is accurate, complete and properly recorded in accordance with Government Accounting Standards.

Questioned costs: None

Effect: Failure to adequately record all related financial activities on a timely basis can lead to misstatement of financial results and noncompliance.

Recommendation: Month-end "closing" procedures should be adhered to for the agency's interfund balances.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section II – Financial Statement Findings (continued)

PHA Reply (Corrective Action Plan):

To strengthen the internal control mechanism and promote operational effectiveness and efficiency, HPHA has been focusing on three areas:

- 1) Standard operating procedures: the responsible office has been in the process of reviewing, analysis and streamlining the operating processes and procedures to maximize operational effectiveness and efficiency. In the process, critical systems and schedules have been developed to facilitate execution of the functions and responsibilities of the office, while the knowledge and expertise gained are to be passed onto staff.
- 2) Staffing and training: The HPHA has recruited qualified professional accountants to fill vacant positions. HPHA continues to train its staff on accounting principles, operating procedures, enterprise software, and Excel skills, through general training sessions, case studies, one-to-one tutoring, and follow-up on detected errors.
- 3) Institutionalization of sound organizational structure through office re-organization incorporating adequate division of duties, check and balances, accountability of staff assigned with fund accounting, proper and timely review, correction and control by supervisors, in pursuing an environment of professional development.

Contact Person: Chong Gu, Chief Financial Management Advisor, 808-832-4485

Target Date: Effective immediately, with ongoing review and monitoring.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers CFDA No. 14.871

Finding No.: 2014-02 Eligibility, Reporting, Special Tests and Provisions (Reasonable Rent, Housing Assistance Payments, HQS Inspections & HQS Enforcement) – Material Weakness

Criteria: 24 CFR sections 5.230, 5.609 and 982.516 require the HPHA to gather information on income and assets, family size, housing conditions for both new and continuing participants on an annual basis. Based on the information gathered, the HPHA housing specialists assess whether or not applicants are eligible to participate in the program based on Federal eligibility guidelines.

24 CFR section 908.10 requires the HPHA to electronically submit the HUD-50058 Family Report, including the Family Self Sufficiency Addendum. Certain key line items contain information deemed critical by HUD.

24 CFR section 982.507 requires the HPHA to determine that the initial rent to owner is a reasonable rent in accordance with its administrative plan and maintain respective documentation.

24 CFR section 982.505(b) requires the HPHA to pay a monthly housing assistance payment to the landlord on behalf of the family that is calculated in accordance with Federal guidelines.

24 CFR section 982.405(a) requires the HPHA to inspect the unit leased to a family prior to the initial term of the least, at least annually during assisted occupancy, and at other times as needed, to determine if the unit meets the HQS.

24 CFR section 982.405(b) requires the HPHA to conduct supervisory quality control HQS inspections.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)

Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers CFDA No. 14.871 (continued)

Finding No.: 2014-02 Eligibility, Reporting, Special Tests and Provisions (Reasonable Rent, Housing Assistance Payments, HQS Inspections & HQS Enforcement) – Material Weakness (continued)

Condition, cause, and context: During our testing of participant files, we noted the following:

- 1) For 1 out of 60 tenant files tested, we noted that an annual re-examination was not performed within the most recent 12 months.
- 2) For 2 out of 60 tenant files tested, we noted no HQS inspection report.
- 3) For 2 out of 60 tenant files tested, we noted that the adjusted gross income was incorrectly calculated.
- 4) For 6 out of 60 tenant files tested, we noted that the assets and/or exempt income per the Form 50058 did not agree to the support in the file or the incorrect payment standard was used on the Form 50058.
- 5) For 1 out of 60 tenant files tested, we noted no income verification for one of the adult family members.

During our review of supervisory quality control HQS inspections, we noted the following:

- For 4 out of 40 HQS enforcement samples tested, we noted that the re-inspection date and correction of the failed portion of the HQS inspection was not completed within the designated time frame.
- 2) For 4 out of 40 HQS enforcement samples tested, we noted that Housing Assistance Payments were not stopped in a timely manner upon HQS inspection failure.
- 3) For 1 out of 40 HQS enforcement samples tested, we noted no supporting documents for reinspection.

Effect: Failure to properly monitor eligibility determination, HUD 50058 reporting requirements, reasonable rent, HQS inspections, HQS enforcement and housing assistance payments can lead to noncompliance with program requirements and potential disallowed costs.

Questioned costs: None

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Ouestioned Costs (continued)

Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers CFDA No. 14.871 (continued)

Finding No.: 2014-02 Eligibility, Reporting, Special Tests and Provisions (Reasonable Rent, Housing Assistance Payments, HQS Inspections & HQS Enforcement) – Material Weakness (continued)

Recommendation: We recommend that the HPHA enforce proper implementation of its eligibility policy and procedures and complete regular quality control review of HQS inspections.

PHA Reply (Corrective Action Plan):

The HPHA will take the following actions.

- 1) Conduct an annual review of existing policies and procedures with staff to evaluate whether existing processes are hampering HPHA from becoming fully compliant, including conducting follow up training on existing procedures that may not be followed.
- 2) Continue personnel recruitment for currently vacant positions and implement the Section 8 annual training plan and quality control checks over a reasonable sample of files.
- 3) Improve documentation of activities. For example, the HQS staff will keep a log of all calls and document when the landlord or tenant reported that the repair was completed an extension will be granted if a re-inspection can't be done before the 30 day remedy period.

The HPHA will continue to provide and support training opportunities for staff that require refresher training, and to keep abreast of changes in the federal rules.

Contact Person: Stephanie Fo, Section 8 Subsidy Programs Branch, 808-832-5933

Target Date: Monitoring and quality control reviews will occur on a regular ongoing basis.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)

Public and Indian Housing CFDA No. 14.850

Finding No.: 2014-03 Eligibility – Material Weakness

Criteria: 24 CFR section 5.601 and 24 CFR sections 960.253, 960.255 and 960.259 require the HPHA to gather information on income, family size and housing conditions for both new and continuing participants on an annual basis. Based on the information gathered, the HPHA housing specialist assess whether or not applicants are eligible to participate in the program based on Federal eligibility guidelines.

To ensure such guidelines are complied with, the HPHA initially performs a review of 10% of all annual re-exams and new placements. The monthly reviews are performed by the project managers and are submitted to the Property Management and Maintenance Service Branch (PMMSB). PMMSB conducts an error analysis, tracking the number and type of errors for each review. From the result of the analysis, program management performs a second follow up quality review.

Condition, cause, and context: During our testing of participant files, we noted the following:

- 1) For 4 out of 60 tenant files tested, we noted that income after exclusions was miscalculated, incorrectly input into the Form 50058 or not properly verified.
- 2) For 4 out of 60 tenant files tested, we noted no verification of social security numbers, disability certificate or citizenship declaration form.
- 3) For 1 out of 60 tenant files tested, we noted that the annual re-examination was not performed in a timely basis.
- 4) For 2 out of 60 tenant files tested, we noted no supporting documents for childcare costs or medical expenses or income and/or assets.
- 5) For 3 out 60 tenant files tested, we noted that the assets reported on the Form 50058 did not agree to the supporting documents.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Ouestioned Costs (continued)

Public and Indian Housing CFDA No. 14.850 (continued)

Finding No.: 2014-03 Eligibility – Material Weakness (continued)

Effect: Noncompliance. Failure to properly monitor eligibility determination and failure to adequately determine eligibility can lead to future noncompliance with program requirements and potential disallowed costs.

Questioned costs: None

Recommendation: We recommend that the HPHA enforce proper implementation of its eligibility policy and procedures.

PHA Reply (Corrective Action Plan):

PMMSB and the Compliance Office completed the revamping of the monthly monitoring form which the agency has been utilizing during the 10% quality review of all annual recertification and placement tenant files. To eliminate further errors and missing documentations, PMMSB updated the Uniformity of Tenant File Checklist as a check and balance for the specialist staff. PMMSB has continued to provide guidance; training and adoption of rules from HUD published PIH Notices that has helped streamline the eligibility process.

The HPHA will continue to have one-on-one discussions with the specialist staff on the Supervisor's Discussion Notes (SDN) in accordance with the performance appraisal system to improve performance. For the contracted properties, the monthly review is being used to enforce the contract provisions relating to performance.

The HPHA will continue to provide and support training opportunities for staff who require refresher training, and to keep abreast of changes in the federal rules.

Contact Person: Joanna Renken, Public Housing, 808-832-4675

Target Completion Date: Monitoring and quality control reviews will occur on a regular ongoing basis.

PART V

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Summary Schedule of Prior-Year Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers Program CFDA No. 14.871

<u>Finding No.: 2013-03 Eligibility, Reporting, Special Tests and Provisions (Reasonable Rent and Housing Assistance Payments) – Material Weakness</u>

Condition, cause, and context: During our audit and in our discussions with management, we noted that not all of the required supervisory quality control reviews were completed during the year.

During our testing of participant files, we noted the following:

- 1) For 1 out of 80 tenant files tested, we noted that the tenant file could not be located
- 2) For 3 out of 80 tenant files tested, we noted that a declaration of citizenship or privacy form was missing and/or the Family Annual/Update Report form, used to facilitate the annual re-examination was not signed by the tenant
- 3) For 1 out 80 tenant files tested, we noted that the incorrect date of birth was indicated on the HUD 50058 form
- 4) For 1 out of 80 tenant files tested, we noted that the adjusted gross income was incorrectly calculated.
- 5) For 6 out of 80 tenant files tested, we noted that the Family Annual/Update Report form was signed by the Housing Specialist

Recommendation: We recommend that the HPHA enforce proper implementation of its eligibility policy and procedures and complete regular quality control review of participant files by program management.

Status: The comment is still applicable. See finding 2014-02.

Summary Schedule of Prior-Year Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2014

Public Housing Capital Fund CFDA No. 14.872

Finding No.: 2013-04 Equipment and Real Property – Material Weakness

Condition, cause and context: The HPHA continues to have challenges in maintaining appropriate accounting records of its equipment and construction in progress (CIP) balances. Amounts were not properly monitored and tracked during the fiscal year. The HPHA hired a third party consultant to assist in reconciling the detailed fixed assets and CIP schedules to the general ledger and provide detailed additions and deletion listings. During the audit, we noted errors in the reconciliation of the detailed fixed assets and CIP schedules to the general ledger, which resulted in significant reclassifications between CIP assets and property and equipment, and a respective adjustment to depreciation expense.

Additionally, although the HPHA performed an inventory of all equipment during the year, the inventory was not reconciled to the fixed asset register.

Recommendation: We recommend that the HPHA maintain monthly detailed fixed assets and CIP records and reconcile these records to the general ledger on a monthly basis to ensure accurate accounting for these assets. Complete information on all assets provides excellent control for the safeguarding of these assets.

We also recommend that the status of CIP are monitored monthly to ensure that projects that are completed are properly transferred from CIP to fixed assets and depreciated accordingly.

Status: The comment is no longer applicable.

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Summary Schedule of Prior-Year Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2014

Public and Indian Housing CFDA No. 14.850

Finding No.: 2013-05 Eligibility – Material Weakness

Condition, cause, and context: During our testing of participant files, we noted the following:

- 1) For 8 out of 60 tenant files tested, we noted on annual re-examination was performed
- 2) For 10 out of 60 tenant files tested, we noted that assets and/or income were either miscalculated, not verified or not reported on the Form 50058
- 3) For 2 out of 60 tenant files tested, we noted that the annual re-examination was not performed on a timely basis
- 4) For 1 out of 60 tenant files tested, we noted unreimbursed medical expenses were either miscalculated or missing supporting documentation
- 5) For 2 out of 60 tenant files tested, we noted that social security numbers, disability certifications or citizenship declaration forms were missing for household members
- 6) For 1 out of 60 tenant files tested, we noted income was miscalculated, resulting in an error to total tenant payment
- 7) For 6 out of 60 tenant files tested, we noted that the Family Annual/Update Report form, used to facilitate the annual re-examination, was not signed by the Housing Specialist
- 8) For 2 out of 60 tenant files tested, we noted that the incorrect date of birth was indicated on the HUD 50058

Additionally, during our review of the HPHA's controls over eligibility, we were informed by program management that not all of the quality reviews of tenant files were performed due to the lack of available personnel resources at each of the projects.

Recommendation: We recommend that HPHA enforce proper implementation of its eligibility policy and procedures and establish a regular quality control review of tenant files by program management.

This review and its results should be documented for monitoring at the HPHA management level. Such a quality control review could identify areas requiring more attention by management and ultimately reduce the number of errors.

Status: The comment is still applicable. See finding 2014-03.

Summary Schedule of Prior-Year Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2014

Public and Indian Housing CFDA No. 14.850 (continued)

Finding No.: 2013-06 Allowable Costs/Cost Principles – Material Weakness

Condition, cause, and context: During our audit, we noted that work performed and charged to the AMPs by the Central Maintenance Services Section (CMSS) could not be traced back to the respective work orders. In addition, we noted that the work order report for CMSS was not properly reviewed prior to being recorded to the general ledger. As a result, an adjustment was made to reverse all CMSS charges to AMPs during the year. Additionally, for Special Teams work orders, we noted no approval from the respective AMP managers to indicate that the work was performed.

During our audit, we noted that supervisory personnel salary was improperly excluded from the front-line allocation calculation. As such, an adjustment was made to properly reflect all eligible costs in the allocation calculation.

Recommendation: We recommend that the HPHA implement policies and procedures to establish a review and approval process of supporting schedules for the charges aforementioned, as well as work orders. This review and its results should be documented for monitoring at the HPHA management level. Such a quality control review could identify areas requiring more attention by management and ultimately reduce the number of errors.

Status: The comment is no longer applicable.