FINANCIAL AUDIT OF THE OAHU METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION STATE OF HAWAII

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Submitted by The Auditor State of Hawaii





January 30, 2019

Mr. Leslie Kondo, State Auditor
Office of the Auditor
State of Hawaii
Policy Board
State of Hawaii, Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization

Dear Mr. Kondo and the Policy Board:

This is our report on the financial audit of Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization, State of Hawaii (OahuMPO) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Our audit was conducted in accordance with the terms of our contract with the Office of the Auditor, State of Hawaii and with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

OBJECTIVES OF THE AUDIT

The primary purpose of our audit was to form an opinion on the fairness of the presentation of OahuMPO's basic financial statements as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, and to comply with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance, which establishes audit requirements for state and local governments that receive federal financial assistance. More specifically, the objectives of the audit were as follows:

- 1. To provide a basis for opinions on the fairness of OahuMPO's basic financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.
- 2. To consider OahuMPO's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements.
- 3. To perform tests of OahuMPO's compliance with laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including applicable provisions of the Hawaii Public Procurement Code (Chapter 103D and 103F, Hawaii Revised Statutes), that could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts.
- 4. To consider OahuMPO's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance.

5. To provide an opinion on OahuMPO's compliance with applicable laws, regulations, contracts, and grants that could have a direct and material effect on each major program.

SCOPE OF THE AUDIT

Our audit was conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants; *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the Uniform Guidance. The scope of our audit included an examination of the transactions and accounting records of OahuMPO for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

ORGANIZATION OF THE REPORT

This report is presented in six parts as follows:

- Part I The basic financial statements and related notes of OahuMPO as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, and our opinions on the basic financial statements and supplementary information.
- Part II Our report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters.
- Part III Our report on compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major program and on internal control over compliance.
- Part IV The schedule of findings and questioned costs.
- Part V Corrective action plan as provided by OahuMPO.
- Part VI The summary schedule of prior audit findings.

We wish to express our sincere appreciation for the excellent cooperation and assistance extended by the officers and staff of OahuMPO.

Sincerely,

NOK CPAS, INC.

OAHU METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION STATE OF HAWAII

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OAHU METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION STATE OF HAWAII

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PART I FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Auditor State of Hawaii Policy Board Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the special revenue fund of Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization, State of Hawaii (OahuMPO), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the OahuMPO's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the special revenue fund of OahuMPO, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matters

Reporting Entity

As discussed in Note A, the financial statements of OahuMPO are intended to present the financial position and the changes in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities and the special revenue fund of the State of Hawaii that is attributable to the transactions of OahuMPO. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of Hawaii as of June 30, 2018, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Correction of Error

As discussed in Note P to the financial statements, a certain error resulting in overstatement of advances from other agencies was discovered during the current year. Accordingly, an adjustment was made to restricted fund balance and restricted net position as of June 30, 2017, to correct the errors. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 8 - 10 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

N&K CPAs, Inc.

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Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise OahuMPO's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures by agency and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures by agency and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures by agency and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 30, 2019 on our consideration of OahuMPO's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of OahuMPO's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering OahuMPO's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Honolulu, Hawaii

NOK CPAS. INC.

January 30, 2019

Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization State of Hawaii MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

This section of the annual financial report presents an analysis of OahuMPO's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements which follows this section.

Financial Highlights

Key government-wide financial highlights for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 compared to the prior fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 are as follows:

- OahuMPO's net position decreased by \$15,106.
- During the fiscal year, OahuMPO's revenues increased by \$713,932, and expenses increased by \$723,089.

This is reflective of the cycle of annual planning studies and activities with which OahuMPO is charged with overseeing, as the number of studies increase or decrease from fiscal year to fiscal year.

Introduction to Basic Financial Statements

The financial statements of OahuMPO present combined information about the organization as a whole and the activities of its special revenue fund. The financial statements begin with the presentation of fund financial statements, which explains how government activities were financed in the short-term, as well as what resources remain for future spending. These financial statements were prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which reports revenues, when both measurable and available, and expenditures/expenses, when the related liabilities are incurred. The fund financial statements were then adjusted to the accrual basis of accounting to present OahuMPO's activities as a whole. The accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies, recognizes revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet includes all of OahuMPO's assets and liabilities and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and the obligations of the organization to its creditors (liabilities). The Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance reports the organization's activities and the changes in its net position as a result of its activities.

Financial Analysis

Tables 1 and 2 present a comparative view of net position and changes in net position as of and for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization State of Hawaii MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Table 1
Condensed Statements of Net Position

			2017
	 2018	(as restated)
Assets			_
Current assets	\$ 1,778,743	\$	1,523,687
Capital assets	783		2,347
Total assets	1,779,526		1,526,034
Liabilities			
Current liabilities	1,204,099		947,719
Long-term liabilities	19,724		7,506
Total liabilities	1,223,823		955,225
Net position			
Invested in capital assets	783		2,347
Restricted	554,920		568,462
Total net position	\$ 555,703	\$	570,809

OahuMPO's net position decreased by \$15,106, or 2.65%, between June 30, 2018 and 2017. Restricted net position, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations, decreased \$13,542, or 2.38% between June 30, 2018 and 2017.

Table 2
Condensed Statements of Activities

	Governmental Activities				
			2017		
	2018	(as restated)		
Expenses					
Regional transportation monitoring and analysis	\$ 131,000	\$	144,452		
Regional transportation forecasting and long-range planning	376,199		254,642		
Short-range transportation system management (TSM)/					
transportation demand management (TDM) planning	102,949		185,357		
Emergency management	282,986				
Coordination of the planning program	1,235,512		821,106		
Total expenses	2,128,646		1,405,557		
Revenues					
Federal grant contribution	1,689,743		1,119,681		
State and City contributions	423,797		279,927		
Total revenues	2,113,540		1,399,608		
Change in net position	(15,106)		(5,949)		
Beginning net position	570,809		576,758		
Ending net position	\$ 555,703	\$	570,809		

Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization State of Hawaii MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

OahuMPO's total expenses increased by \$723,089, or 51.45% between the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. OahuMPO's revenues increased by \$713,932, or 51.01% between the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. The changes in revenues were attributed largely to the correlating increase in Federal grant and State and City contributions.

Financial Analysis of the Special Revenue Fund

Net change in fund balance was zero for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 as a reflection that all its activities are on a cost reimbursement arrangement. Revenues for the special revenue fund is the same amount as revenues on the government-wide financial statements.

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2018 and 2017, OahuMPO had capital assets net of accumulated depreciation of approximately \$800 and \$2,300, respectively. OahuMPO did not have any capital acquisitions or dispositions for both the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

Request for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of OahuMPO's finances for all interested parties. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Alvin Au, Executive Director, Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization, 707 Richards Street, Suite 200, Honolulu, HI 96813.

Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization State of Hawaii STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2018

ASSETS	Spo	Special Revenue Adjustments Fund (Note C)				•		tatement of let Position
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables from federal government Total current assets	\$	997,614 781,129 1,778,743	\$	 	\$	997,614 781,129 1,778,743		
NONCURRENT ASSETS Capital assets, net of depreciation Total noncurrent assets	-			783 783		783 783		
Total assets	\$	1,778,743	\$	783	\$	1,779,526		
LIABILITIES								
CURRENT LIABILITIES Vouchers payable Advances from other agencies Accrued liabilities Total current liabilities	\$	479,430 653,823 63,097 1,196,350	\$	7,749 7,749	\$	479,430 653,823 70,846 1,204,099		
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Accrued liabilities Total noncurrent liabillities		 		19,724 19,724		19,724 19,724		
Total liabilities	-	1,196,350		27,473		1,223,823		
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION								
Restricted fund balance	-	582,393		(582,393)				
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	1,778,743						
Net position Invested in capital assets Restricted				783 554,920		783 554,920		
Total net position			\$	555,703	\$	555,703		

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization State of Hawaii OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Fund			Adjustments (Note D)		tatement of Activities
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES						
Regional transportation monitoring and analysis	\$	131,000	\$		\$	131,000
Regional transportation forecasting and						
long-range planning		376,199				376,199
Short-range transportation system management (TSM)/		100.040				102.040
transportation demand management (TDM) planning		102,949				102,949
Emergency management Coordination of the planning program		282,986 1,220,406		15,106		282,986 1,235,512
		2,113,540		15,106		2,128,646
Total expenditures		2,113,340		13,100		2,120,040
REVENUES						
Federal grant contributions		1,689,743				1,689,743
Local contributions		, , -				, , -
City and County of Honolulu		214,053				214,053
State of Hawaii		104,872				104,872
Honolulu Authority for Rapid Transportation (HART)		104,872				104,872
Total revenues		2,113,540				2,113,540
Excess of revenues over						
expenditures				(15,106)		(15,106)
Change in net position				(15,106)		(15,106)
Fund balances/net position						
Beginning of the fiscal year, as previously stated		82,393		(11,584)		70,809
Restatement adjustment		500,000				500,000
Fund balances/net position at June 30, 2017, as restated	b	582,393		(11,584)		570,809
End of the fiscal year	\$	582,393	\$	(26,690)	\$	555,703
End of the lisual year	Φ	302,333	Φ	(20,030)	Φ	333,703

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

NOTE A - FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization, State of Hawaii, (OahuMPO), was established by agreement between the Governor of the State of Hawaii and the Chairperson of the City Council of the City and County of Honolulu to serve as the decision making body responsible to carry out the continuing, comprehensive, and cooperative transportation planning and programming for the island of Oahu as required by federal law.

The financial statements of OahuMPO are intended to present the financial position and the changes in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities and the special revenue fund of the State of Hawaii that is attributable to the transactions of OahuMPO. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of Hawaii as of June 30, 2018, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). The State Comptroller maintains the central accounts for all State funds and publishes financial statements for the State of Hawaii (State) annually, which includes OahuMPO's financial activities.

NOTE B - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

OahuMPO's financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The significant accounting policies used by OahuMPO are described below.

(1) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, OahuMPO considers revenues other than federal grants and assistance awards to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year.

Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTE B - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(2) Fund Accounting - The financial transactions of the OahuMPO are recorded in a fund. A fund is considered a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate the legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

The OahuMPO has only one fund, the special revenue fund. The special revenue fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts) that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The special revenue funds were established to account for the contracts that the State entered into for OahuMPO with the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), Federal Transit Administration (FTA), and those between OahuMPO and FTA prior to enactment of the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991.

- (3) Use of Estimates The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
- (4) **Cash and Cash Equivalents** Cash and cash equivalents consists of petty cash and amounts held in State Treasury as discussed in Note G.
- (5) **Receivables from Federal Government** Revenues for all federal reimbursement-type grants are recorded as a receivable from federal government when costs are incurred.
- (6) Capital Assets Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported in the statement of net position and governmental fund balance sheet, at cost. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is reflected in income for the period. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance is expensed as incurred. Depreciation expense is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Furniture and equipment 7 years

NOTE B - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- (7) Compensated Absences OahuMPO permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since sick leave is not convertible to pay upon termination of employment. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the Government-Wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the Governmental Fund only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.
- (8) **Fund Balance** Fund balance is classified using a hierarchy based on the extent to which the OahuMPO is bound to follow constraints on how resources can be spent. Classifications include:

Nonspendable - Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Restricted fund balances are restricted to specific purposes which are usually imposed by external parties such as grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the State Legislature.

Assigned - Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the Policy Board or management for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned - This classification includes any negative residual balance when actual expenditures exceed available resources of the fund.

The OahuMPO has only a restricted fund balance.

(9) Risk Management - The Agency is exposed to various risks for losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; natural disasters; and injuries to employees. A liability for a claim for a risk of loss is established if information indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the basic financial statements and the amount of the loss is reasonably estimable.

NOTE C - EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

OahuMPO's financial statements include a combined government-wide and fund financial statement. The financial statements begin with the fund financial statements and include an adjustment column that reconciles amounts reported in the fund to an accrual basis of accounting under the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE C - EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued)

Reconciling items include the following:

(1) <u>Capital-related items</u>. When furniture and equipment that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased, the costs of those activities are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund. However, the statement of net position includes those capital assets among the assets of OahuMPO.

	_	Amount
Cost of equipment	\$	16,509
Less accumulated depreciation		15,726
·	\$	783

(2) <u>Long-term liabilities</u>. Long-term liabilities applicable to OahuMPO's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities (both current and long-term) are reported in the statement of net position. Long-term liabilities, which comprised of compensated absences payable, was \$27,473 at June 30, 2018.

NOTE D - EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND OPERATING STATEMENT AND THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

OahuMPO's financial statements include a combined government-wide and fund financial statement. The financial statements begin with the fund financial statements and include an adjustment column that reconciles amounts reported in the fund to an accrual basis of accounting under the government-wide financial statements.

Reconciling items include the following:

- (1) <u>Capital-related items</u>. When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. As a result, fund balance decreases by the amount of financial resources expended, whereas, net assets decreased by the amount of depreciation expense charged for the fiscal year. As of June 30, 2018, the Agency had \$783 invested in capital assets. There was a net decrease of \$1,564 from the end of the prior fiscal year. During the fiscal year, there were no capital outlays that met the requirements to be capitalized.
- (2) <u>Long-term liability transactions</u>. Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental fund. For the Agency, this difference is due to a net adjustment resulting from a net change in compensated absences of \$13,542.

NOTE E - FEDERAL GRANTS

Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Grants

The FHWA-PL grants represent apportionments under 23 USC Section 104(f) made to the OahuMPO through the State Department of Transportation Highways Division. The FHWA-PL grants reimburse 80% of allowable expenditures claimed by OahuMPO, and the remaining 20% is contributed by the participating State and County agencies. Allowable expenditures to the FHWA-PL grants include labor and non-labor expenditures incurred that are recorded based on the approved Overall Work Program (OWP).

OahuMPO has the following FHWA grants outstanding as of June 30, 2018: PL-0052(40) for the fiscal year 2018, PL-0052(39) for the fiscal year 2017, PL-0052(38) for the fiscal year 2016, PL-0052(36) for the fiscal year 2014.

Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Grants

The FTA apportions funds annually for Section 5303 Metropolitan Planning Program and for Section 5304 State Planning and Research Program. The apportionment is based on the State's urbanized area population as defined by the U.S. Census Bureau and is made to OahuMPO through the Statewide Transportation Planning Office Department of Transportation.

The FTA grants provide for the undertaking of (1) metropolitan planning activities pursuant to 49 USC Section 5303 (previously known as Section 8 of the Federal Transit Act), and (2) state planning and research activities pursuant to 49 USC Section 5304 (previously known as Section 5313(b) of the Federal Transit Act). Under Sections 5303 and 5304 grants, FTA participates in 80% of allowable costs claimed by the OahuMPO. The remaining 20% is contributed by the participating State and County agencies. Allowable expenditures to the FTA grants include labor and non-labor expenditures incurred that are recorded based on the approved Overall Work Program (OWP).

OahuMPO has the following FTA grant outstanding as of June 30, 2018: HI-2016-005 (fiscal year 2017).

NOTE F - BUDGETING AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

A budget, known as the Overall Work Program (OWP) is prepared by OahuMPO on an annual basis. The budget and any additions thereto, are approved by OahuMPO's Policy Board and subsequently and jointly by FHWA and the FTA. The OWP encompasses various projects (work elements), in which work performed is specifically for OahuMPO, the State, the City and County of Honolulu (C&C) or the Honolulu Authority for Rapid Transportation (HART), and are worked on over a multi-year period.

NOTE F - BUDGETING AND BUDGETARY CONTROL (Continued)

Amounts shown in the OWP include amounts budgeted for in prior fiscal years and for the current fiscal year. Because OahuMPO does not operate under a legally adopted budget, as defined by GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*, budgetary comparison information is not included in the accompanying financial statements.

The portion of OahuMPO's budget representing work elements to be fully or partially funded by FHWA is financed by current and prior fiscal years' FHWA apportionments, which were obligated by the State as a pass-through agency to and for the OahuMPO. An obligation is a commitment - the federal government's promise to pay the State for the federal share of a project's eligible cost. This commitment occurs when the project is approved and the project agreement is executed. Unobligated FHWA apportionments are available for reprogramming for a period of three years following the federal fiscal year for which it is apportioned.

The amount of unexpended FHWA obligated funds amounted to approximately \$4,084,000, \$1,300,000, \$154,000, and \$29,000 related to the fiscal years 2018, 2017, 2016, and 2015, respectively, for a total amount of approximately \$5,567,000 as of June 30, 2018.

The portion of OahuMPO's budget representing amounts allowable under specific FTA grants are financed by current and prior fiscal years' annual grant agreements which were approved, executed, and obligated to OahuMPO through the State Department of Transportation. At the end of each fiscal year, the unexpended portion of these obligated funds are carried forward to the following fiscal year.

The amount of unexpended FTA funds amounted to approximately \$263,000 as of June 30, 2018.

NOTE G - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Substantially all of OahuMPO's cash is held in the State Treasury.

The State Director of Finance is responsible for the safekeeping of cash in the State Treasury in accordance with State laws. The Director of Finance may invest any monies of the State which, in the Director's judgment, are in excess of the amounts necessary for meeting the immediate requirements of the State. Cash is pooled with funds from other State agencies and departments and deposited into approved financial institutions or in the State Treasury Investment Pool System. Funds in the investment pool accrue interest based on the average weighted cash balances of each account.

The State requires that depository banks pledge as collateral, government securities held in the name of the State for deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance.

NOTE G - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 40, Deposit and Invest Risk Disclosures, requires disclosures over common deposit and investment risks related to credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk. Investments can be categorized by type, maturity and custodian to determine the level of interest rate, credit and custodial risk assumed by OahuMPO. However, as all of the OahuMPO's monies are held in the State cash pool, OahuMPO does not manage its own investments and the types of investments and related interest rate, credit and custodial risks are not determinable at the organization level. The risk disclosures of the State's cash pool are included in the CAFR which may be obtained from the State Department of Accounting and General Services' website: http://ags.hawaii.gov/accounting/annual-financial-reports/.

OahuMPO also maintains cash in bank which is held separately from cash in the State Treasury. As of June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of total bank balance was approximately \$400, which is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

NOTE H - CAPITAL ASSETS

The changes in capital assets were as follows:

		Balance				Balance
	J	luly 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Ju	ne 30, 2018
Governmental activities						
Furniture and equipment, at cost	\$	16,509	\$ 	\$ 	\$	16,509
Less accumulated depreciation		14,162	1,564			15,726
Governmental Activities						
capital assets, net	\$	2,347	\$ (1,564)	\$ 	\$	783

Depreciation expense of \$1,564 was charged to coordination of the planning program function.

NOTE I - LONG-TERM LIABILITY

The only long-term liability for governmental activities is compensated absences. Long-term liability activity during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

		Amount
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$	13,931
Additions		34,650
Deductions	_	(21,108)
Balance at June 30, 2018		27,473
Less: current portion	_	7,749
Noncurrent portion	\$ _	19,724

NOTE J - RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

Generally, all full-time employees of the State and counties are required to be members of the State Employees' Retirement System (ERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that administers the State's pension benefits program. Benefits, eligibility, and contribution requirements are governed by HRS Chapter 88 and can be amended through legislation. The ERS issues publicly available annual financial reports that can be obtained at ERS' website: http://www.ers.ehawaii.gov.

Benefits Provided

The ERS Pension Trust is comprised of three pension classes for membership purposes and considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes since all assets of the ERS may legally be used to pay the benefits of any of the ERS members or beneficiaries. The ERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits with three membership classes known as the noncontributory, contributory and hybrid retirement classes. The three classes provide a monthly retirement allowance equal to the benefit multiplier (generally 1.25% or 2%) multiplied by the average final compensation multiplied by years of credited service. Average final compensation for members hired prior to July 1, 2012 is an average of the highest salaries during any three years of credited service, excluding any salary paid in lieu of vacation for members hired January 1, 1971 or later and the average of the highest salaries during any five years of credited service including any salary paid in lieu of vacation for members hired prior to January 1, 1971. For members hired after June 30, 2012, average final compensation is an average of the highest salaries during any five years of credited service excluding any salary paid in lieu of vacation.

Each retiree's original retirement allowance is increased on each July 1 beginning the calendar year after retirement. Retirees first hired as members prior to July 1, 2012 receive a 2.5% increase each year of their original retirement allowance without a ceiling. Retirees first hired as members after June 30, 2012 receive a 1.5% increase each year of their original retirement allowance without a ceiling. The annual increase is not compounded.

The following summarizes the provisions relevant to the largest employee groups of the respective membership class. Retirement benefits for certain groups, such as police officers, firefighters, some investigators, sewer workers, judges, and elected officials, vary from general employees.

Noncontributory Class

Retirement Benefits:

General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 1.25% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. Employees with ten years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 62. Employees with 30 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55.

NOTE J - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Disability Benefits:

Members are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service and receive a lifetime pension of 35% of their average final compensation. Ten years of credited service is required for ordinary disability. Ordinary disability benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately, without an actuarial reduction, and at a minimum of 12.5% of average final compensation.

Death Benefits:

For service-connected deaths, the surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary receives a monthly benefit of 30% of the average final compensation until remarriage or re-entry into a new reciprocal beneficiary relationship. Additional benefits are payable to surviving dependent children up to age 18. If there is no spouse/reciprocal beneficiary or dependent children, no benefit is payable.

Ordinary death benefits are available to employees who were active at time of death with at least ten years of credited service. The surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary (until remarriage/re-entry into a new reciprocal beneficiary relationship) and dependent children (up to age 18) receive a benefit equal to a percentage of the member's accrued maximum allowance unreduced for age or, if the member was eligible for retirement at the time of death, the surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary receives 100% joint and survivor lifetime pension and the dependent children receive a percentage of the member's accrued maximum allowance unreduced for age.

Contributory Class for Members Hired prior to July 1, 2012

Retirement Benefits:

General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 2% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. General employees with five years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55.

Police officers and firefighters' retirement benefits are determined using the benefit multiplier of 2.5% for qualified service, up to a maximum of 80% of average final compensation. Police officers and firefighters with five years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55. Police officers and firefighters with 25 years of credited service are eligible to retire at any age, provided the last five years is service credited in these occupations.

Disability Benefits:

Members are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service and receive a one-time payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a lifetime pension of 50% of their average final compensation. Ten years of credited service is required for ordinary disability. Ordinary disability benefits are determined as 1.75% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service but are payable immediately, without an actuarial reduction, and at a minimum of 30% of average final compensation.

NOTE J - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Death Benefits:

For service-connected deaths, the surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary receives a lump sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a monthly benefit of 50% of the average final compensation until remarriage or re-entry into a new reciprocal beneficiary relationship. If there is no surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary, surviving children (up to age 18) or dependent parents are eligible for the monthly benefit. If there is no spouse/reciprocal beneficiary or dependent children/parents, the ordinary death benefit is payable to the designated beneficiary.

Ordinary death benefits are available to employees who were active at time of death with at least one year of service. Ordinary death benefits consist of a lump-sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a percentage of the salary earned in the 12 months preceding death, or 50% Joint and Survivor lifetime pension if the member was not eligible for retirement at the time of death but was credited with at least ten years of service and designated one beneficiary, or 100% Joint and Survivor lifetime pension if the member was eligible for retirement at the time of death and designated one beneficiary.

Contributory Class for Members Hired After June 30, 2012

Retirement Benefits:

General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 1.75% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. General employees with ten years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 60.

Police officers and firefighters' retirement benefits are determined using the benefit multiplier of 2.25% for qualified service, up to a maximum of 80% of average final compensation. Police officers and firefighters with ten years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 60. Police officers and firefighters with 25 years of credited service are eligible to retire at any age, provided the last five years is service credited in these occupations.

Disability and Death Benefits:

Members are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service and receive a lifetime pension of 50% of their average final compensation plus refund of contributions and accrued interest. Ten years of credited service is required for ordinary disability. Ordinary disability benefits are 3% of average final compensation for each year of service for judges and elected officers and 1.75% of average final compensation for each year of service for police officers and firefighters and are payable immediately, without an actuarial reduction, at a minimum of 30% of average final compensation.

Death benefits for contributory members hired after June 30, 2012 are generally the same as those for contributory members hired June 30, 2012 and prior.

NOTE J - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Hybrid Class for Members Hired Prior to July 1, 2012

Retirement Benefits:

General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 2% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. General employees with five years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 62. General employees with 30 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55.

Disability Benefits:

Members are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service and receive a lifetime pension of 35% of their average final compensation plus refund of their contributions and accrued interest. Ten years of credited service is required for ordinary disability. Ordinary disability benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately, without an actuarial reduction, and at a minimum of 25% of average final compensation.

Death Benefits:

For service-connected deaths, the designated surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary receives a lump sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a monthly benefit of 50% of the average final compensation until remarriage or re-entry into a new reciprocal beneficiary relationship. If there is no surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary, surviving dependent children (up to age 18) or dependent parents are eligible for the monthly benefit. If there is no spouse/reciprocal beneficiary or dependent children/parents, the ordinary death benefit is payable to the designated beneficiary.

Ordinary death benefits are available to employees who were active at time of death with at least five years of service. Ordinary death benefits consist of a lump sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a percentage multiplied by 150%, or 50% Joint and Survivor lifetime pension if the member was not eligible for retirement at the time of death but was credited with at least ten years of service and designated one beneficiary, or 100% Joint and Survivor lifetime pension if the member was eligible for retirement at the time of death and designated one beneficiary.

Hybrid Class for Members Hired After June 30, 2012

Retirement Benefits:

General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 1.75% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. General employees with ten years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 65. Employees with 30 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 60. Sewer workers, water safety officers, and emergency medical technicians may retire with 25 years of credited service at age 55.

NOTE J - RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Disability and Death Benefits:

Provisions for disability and death benefits generally remain the same except for ordinary death benefits. Ordinary death benefits are available to employees who were active at time of death with at least ten years of service. Ordinary death benefits consist of a lump sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest, or 50% Joint and Survivor lifetime pension if the member was not eligible for retirement at the time of death but was credited with at least ten years of service and designated one beneficiary, or 100% Joint and Survivor lifetime pension if the member was eligible for retirement at the time of death and designated one beneficiary.

Contributions

Contributions are governed by HRS Chapter 88 and may be amended through legislation. The employer rate is set by statute based on the recommendations of the ERS actuary resulting from an experience study conducted every five years. Since July 1, 2005, the employer contribution rate is a fixed June 30, 2018 percentage of compensation, including the normal cost plus amounts required to pay for the unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities. The contribution rates for fiscal year 2017 were 25.00% for police officers and firefighters and 17.00% for all other employees. The OahuMPO's contribution requirement as of June 30, 2018 was approximately \$68,200.

The employer is required to make all contributions for noncontributory members. Contributory members hired prior to July 1, 2012 are required to contribute 7.8% of their salary, except for police officers and firefighters who are required to contribute 12.2% of their salary. Contributory members hired after June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 9.8% of their salary, except for police officers and firefighters who are required to contribute 14.2% of their salary. Hybrid members hired prior to July 1, 2012 are required to contribute 6.0% of their salary. Hybrid members hired after June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 8.0% of their salary.

Measurement of the actuarial valuation is made for the State as a whole and is not separately computed for the individual state departments and agencies such as the OahuMPO. It is the State's policy to recognize the proportionate share of the pension liability, pension expense, deferred inflows related to pensions, and deferred outflows related to pension for only component units and proprietary funds that are reported separately in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). Therefore, the share of the pension liability, pension expense, deferred inflows related to pensions, and deferred outflows related to pension for the OahuMPO are not included in the financial statements. The State's CAFR includes the note disclosures and required supplementary information on the State's pension plans.

Pension expenditures included in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the OahuMPO's special revenue fund totaled approximately \$68,200 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

NOTE K - POST-RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

The State provides certain health care and life insurance benefits to all qualified employees. Pursuant to Act 88, SLH 2001, the State contributes to the Employer-Union Health Benefits Trust Fund (EUTF), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan that replaced the Hawaii Public Employees Health Fund effective July 1, 2003. The EUTF was established to provide a single delivery system of health benefits for state and county workers, retirees and their dependents. The EUTF issues an annual financial report that is available to the public. The report may be obtained by writing to the EUTF at P.O. Box 2121, Honolulu, Hawaii 96805-2121.

For employees hired before July 1, 1996, the State pays the entire base monthly contribution for employees retiring with ten years or more of credited service, and 50% of the base monthly contribution for employees retiring with fewer than ten years of credited service. A retiree can elect a family plan to cover dependents.

For employees hired after June 30, 1996 but before July 1, 2001, and who retire with less than ten years of service, the State makes no contributions. For those retiring with at least 10 years but fewer than 15 years of service, the State pays 50% of the base monthly contribution. For employees retiring with at least 15 years but fewer than 25 years of service, the State pays 75% of the base monthly contribution. For employees retiring with at least 25 years of service, the State pays 100% of the base monthly contribution. Retirees in this category can elect a family plan to cover dependents.

For employees hired on or after July 1, 2001, and who retire with less than ten years of service, the State makes no contributions. For those retiring with at least 10 years but fewer than 15 years of service, the State pays 50% of the base monthly contribution. For those retiring with at least 15 years but fewer than 25 years of service, the State pays 75% of the base monthly contribution. For employees retiring with at least 25 years of service, the State pays 100% of the base monthly contribution. Only single plan coverage is provided for retirees in this category. Retirees can elect family coverage but must pay the difference.

The State is required to contribute the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount that is actuarially determined. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Measurement of the actuarial valuation and the ARC are made for the State as a whole and are not separately computed for the individual state departments and agencies such as the OahuMPO. The State has only computed the allocation of the other postemployment benefit (OPEB) costs to component units and proprietary funds that are reported separately in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). Therefore, the OPEB costs for the OahuMPO was not available and are not included in the financial statements. The State's CAFR includes the note disclosures and required supplementary information on the State's OPEB plans.

The OahuMPO's contributions made to the plan were approximately \$34,800 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

NOTE L - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The State offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all State employees, permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or an unforeseeable emergency.

All plan assets are held in a trust fund to protect them from claims of general creditors. The State has no responsibility for loss due to the investment or failure of investments of funds and assets in the plan, but has the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor.

NOTE M - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Encumbrances

Encumbrances totaled approximately \$1,748,200 as of June 30, 2018.

Accumulated Sick Leave

Sick leave accumulates at the rate of one and three-quarters working days for each month of service without limit, but can be taken only in the event of illness and is not convertible to pay upon termination of employment. However, an OahuMPO employee who retires or leaves government service in good standing with sixty days or more of unused sick leave is entitled to additional service credit in the ERS. Accumulated sick leave as of June 30, 2018 approximated \$36.500.

Leases

OahuMPO's is leasing its office space situated at The Block-Richards Building, 707 Richards Street, Suite 200, Honolulu, Hawaii under a lease agreement entered into in January 2016, which expires on January 31, 2021. Under the terms and conditions of the lease agreement, OahuMPO is responsible for the monthly base rent and a share of operating costs.

OahuMPO is also leasing copier equipment under a 3-year operating lease agreement that expires on October 5, 2018. In addition to the base rent, OahuMPO is responsible for all operating costs related to the use of this equipment.

At June 30, 2018, future minimum lease payments, not including common area fees or operating expenses were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 Amount		
2019	\$ 36,000		
2020	36,100		
2021	21,300		
Total	\$ 93,400		

NOTE M - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

The total rental expenditures incurred on the office space lease, including common area fees and on the equipment lease, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	 Amount
Minimum rentals under noncancelable operating leases	\$ 38,860
Common area fees and other	37,654
	\$ 76,514

NOTE N - RISK MANAGEMENT

Insurance Coverage

Insurance coverage is maintained at the State level. The State records a liability for risk financing and insurance related losses if it is determined that a loss has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. The State retains various risks and insures certain excess layers with commercial insurance companies. The excess layers insured with commercial insurance companies are consistent with the prior fiscal year. Settled claims have not exceeded the coverage provided by commercial insurance companies in any of the past ten fiscal years. A summary of the State's underwriting risks is as follows:

Property Insurance

The State has an insurance policy with a variety of insurers in a variety of layers for property coverage. The deductible for coverage is 3% of loss subject to a \$1,000,000 per occurrence minimum. This policy includes windstorm, earthquake, flood damage, terrorism, and boiler and machinery coverage. The limit of loss per occurrence is \$200,000,000, except for terrorism, which is \$50,000,000 per occurrence and a \$10,000 deductible.

Crime Insurance

The State also has a crime insurance policy for various types of coverages with a limit of loss of \$10,000,000 per occurrence with a \$500,000 deductible per occurrence, except for claims expense coverage, which has a \$100,000 limit per occurrence and a \$1,000 deductible. Losses under the deductible amount are paid by the Risk Management Office of the Department of Accounting and General Services and losses not covered by insurance are paid from legislative appropriations of the State's General Fund.

General Liability (Including Torts)

Liability claims up to \$10,000 and automobile claims up to \$15,000 are handled by the Risk Management Office. All other claims are handled by the Department of the Attorney General. The State has personal injury and property damage liability, including automobile and public errors and omissions, insurance policy in force with a \$4,000,000 self-insured retention per occurrence. The annual aggregate per occurrence is \$9,000,000 and for crime loss, \$10,000,000 with no aggregate limit.

Losses under the deductible amount or over the aggregate limit are paid from legislative appropriations of the State's General Fund.

NOTE N - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Self-Insured Risks

The State generally self-insures its automobile no-fault and workers' compensation losses. Automobile losses below \$15,000 are administered by the Risk Management Office. The State administers its workers' compensation losses.

The OahuMPO is covered by the State's self-insured workers' compensation program for medical expenses of its insured employees. However, temporary wage loss replacement benefits are paid to those employees by the OahuMPO. There were no benefits paid by the OahuMPO for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

NOTE O - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

OahuMPO uses the State Department of Transportation, for staff support, accounting, information technology, human resources, and other services as per an Administrative Agreement between OahuMPO and HDOT. The Code of Federal Regulations requires that there be an agreement between the State, the transit operator, and OahuMPO specifying the cooperative procedures for carrying out transportation planning. A Comprehensive Agreement between the State, the C&C, the Honolulu Authority for Rapid Transportation (HART), and OahuMPO was executed on July 20, 2015.

The State, the C&C, and HART each contribute \$125,000 as dues to fund OahuMPO's operations. Any balance of unencumbered local funds and dues budgeted and provided by the State, Operator, and City for that year's OWP shall be used towards the following year's OWP dues. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the State, the C&C, and HART each contributed \$71,009 to OahuMPO for those projects.

As discussed in Note F, the Overall Work Program includes projects for the State, the C&C and HART. OahuMPO serves as the fiscal agent in processing the federal reimbursements to the State and the C&C. In these instances, the entity requesting the project pays for the entire cost of the project and is reimbursed 80% through federal grant monies. The remaining 20% is the local match as established in Federal regulations for these projects.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the amount of local share contributed by the State, the C&C, and HART was approximately \$104,900, \$214,100 and \$104,900, respectively.

OahuMPO processed approximately \$436,700 of federal reimbursement claims for C&C consultant contract costs incurred on projects included in the approved OWP for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

As of June 30, 2018, OahuMPO had a payable of approximately \$294,900 to the C&C for federal grant monies to be received by OahuMPO, which will be paid to the C&C.

NOTE P - RESTATEMENT ADJUSTMENT

OahuMPO erroneously classified receipts of funding approved by Act 132 SLH 2015 as advances from other agencies in previous years due to a misunderstanding of the nature of the funding. The funds received should have originally been classified as a transfer in. This resulted in an overstatement in advances from other agencies by \$500,000. Restricted net position and restricted fund balance as of June 30, 2017 increased by \$500,000 as a result of correcting the error.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization State of Hawaii SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BY AGENCY Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

			CITY	OMPO		_	TOTAL	
Regional Transportation Monitoring and Analysis:	201							
Traffic Signal Priority Method Study	201.01	\$	44	\$		\$	44	
OahuMPO Participation Plan Evaluation	201.02	·		·	44,648	·	44,648	
Title IV & Environmental Justice	201.04				41,622		41,622	
2000 Census Data	201.05				1,221		1,221	
Comprehensive Data Management & Sharing	201.16			-	43,465	_	43,465	
			44		130,956		131,000	
Regional Transportation Forecasting and Long-Range Planning:	202							
Central Oahu Transportation Study	202.02				215,678		215,678	
Transportation Revenue Forecast & Alternative Revenue Exploration	202.03				270		270	
Farrington Highway Realignment Study	202.04				276		276	
Transportation Improvement Plan	202.07		159,975	-		_	159,975	
			159,975		216,224	-	376,199	
Short-range TSM/TDM Planning:	203							
PM Peak Period Tow Away Zone Time Modifications	203.03		100,000				100,000	
Complete Streets Implementation Study	203.05		749				749	
Separate Left-Turn Phase Alternatives Study	203.82		2,200	-		_	2,200	
			102,949				102,949	
Emergency Management	206							
Oahu Coastal Communities Evacuation Planning	206.02		282,986				282,986	
· ·			282,986				282,986	

Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization State of Hawaii SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BY AGENCY (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	<u>W.E.</u>	CITY	OMPO	TOTAL
Coordination of the Planning Program:	301/302			
Program Support & Administration	301.01	\$	\$ 362,840	\$ 362,840
General Technical Assistance & Support	301.02		8,475	8,475
Overall Work Program	301.03		33,850	33,850
Support for Citizen Advisory Committee	301.04		30,993	30,993
Single Audit	301.05		169,761	169,761
Public Participation Plan	301.06		15,413	15,413
Professional Development	301.09		3,658	3,658
Computer Network Maintenance	301.10		7,580	7,580
Subrecipient Monitoring	301.11		31,556	31,556
Census and Other Data	301.13		21,094	21,094
Federal Planning Requirements	301.14		37,331	37,331
Computer Model Operations & Support	301.15		270,248	270,248
Oahu Regional Transportation Plan	301.16		52,231	52,231
Transportation Improvement Program	301.17		69,360	69,360
Transportation Alternatives Program	301.18		6,796	6,796
OahuMPO Staff Support of Consultant Projects	301.19		1,386	1,386
Overhead (Indirect Costs)	302.01		97,834	97,834
			1,220,406	1,220,406
Total Expenditures by Agency		\$ 545,954	\$ 1,567,586	\$ 2,113,540

Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization State of Hawaii SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Amount Provided to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Passed Through State Department of Transportation				
Highway Planning and Construction OahuMPO Work Program	20.205	PL-0052(36)	\$ 2,319	
OahuMPO Work Program OahuMPO Work Program	20.205	PL-0052(38) PL-0052(39)	251,380 385,921	121,740
OahuMPO Work Program OahuMPO Work Program	20.205 20.205	PL-0052(40) PL-0052(41)	604,905 312,483 1,557,008	232,629
Federal Transit Technical Studies Grant FTA, Section 5303	20.505	HI-2016-005	132,735 132,735	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 1,689,743	\$ 436,728

Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization State of Hawaii NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization, State of Hawaii, (OahuMPO).

The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the OahuMPO, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the OahuMPO.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following as applicable, either the cost principles in the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-87 Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribe Governments, or the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3 - INDIRECT COST RATE

The OahuMPO has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4 - LOCAL SHARE

The FHWA and FTA grants reimburse 80% of the allowable expenditures claims by OahuMPO and the remaining 20% is contributed by the State, City and County of Honolulu, and the Honolulu Authority for Rapid Transportation. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 the amounts contributed by the State, City and County of Honolulu, and the Honolulu Authority for Rapid Transportation were approximately \$104,900, \$214,100, and \$104,900, respectively.

PART II

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Auditor State of Hawaii Policy Board Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the special revenue fund of Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization, State of Hawaii (OahuMPO), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise OahuMPO's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 30, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered OahuMPO's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of OahuMPO's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of OahuMPO's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2018-001 to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2018-002 through 2018-005 to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether OahuMPO's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

OahuMPO's Response to Findings

OahuMPO's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying response of Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization. OahuMPO's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of our testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

NOK CPAS, INC.

Honolulu, Hawaii January 30, 2019

PART III

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Auditor State of Hawaii Policy Board Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization, State of Hawaii (OahuMPO)'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have direct and material effect on OahuMPO's major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. OahuMPO's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for OahuMPO's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about OahuMPO's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our qualified opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of OahuMPO's compliance.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Highway Planning and Construction

As described finding 2018-007 in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, OahuMPO did not comply with requirements regarding CFDA 20.205 Highway Planning and Construction for subrecipient monitoring. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for OahuMPO to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

Qualified Opinion on Highway Planning and Construction

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, OahuMPO complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on CFDA 20.205 Highway Planning and Construction for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed other instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2018-006. Our opinion on the major federal program is not modified with respect to this matter.

OahuMPO's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying response of Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization. OahuMPO's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of OahuMPO, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered OahuMPO's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the OahuMPO's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2018-007 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2018-006 to be a significant deficiency.

OahuMPO's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying response of Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization. OahuMPO's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Langlele Haces

NOK CPAS, INC.

Honolulu, Hawaii January 30, 2019

PART IV SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	✓ yes no ✓ yes none reported
Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?	yes <u>✓</u> no
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major federal programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	<pre> yes no yes none reported </pre>
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Qualified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	<u>√</u> yes no
Identification of major programs:	
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
20.205	Highway Planning and Construction
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	yes _ <u>√</u> no

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Ref. No. Internal Control Findings

2018-001 Strengthen Financial Statement Review

Criteria: Government Accounting Standards Board concepts no. 4 defines liabilities as obligations to sacrifice resources that the government has little or no discretion to avoid.

Condition: Act 132 SLH 2015 states that \$500,000 is appropriated out of the state highway fund for the fiscal year 2015-2016 to be deposited into the Oahu transportation management area metropolitan planning revolving fund administered by the Department of Transportation. The Act is silent on whether OahuMPO must repay the funds and OahuMPO has no written agreement to repay the funds. In addition, the journal voucher approved by the Department of Transportation and the State comptroller classified the funds as a residual equity transfer. Residual equity transfers are nonrecurring or nonroutine transfers of equity between funds. The nature of the funding does not meet the definition of liability.

The fiscal agent erroneously classified \$500,000 in receipts of funding approved by the Act as advances from other agencies, a liability, instead of transfer in for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Cause: The fiscal agent classified the receipts in the same account as for a past transaction received through the same party rather than based on all the facts pertaining to the funding. OahuMPO did not detect the error due to inadequate review of the financial statements.

Effect: As a result of the misclassification, advances from other agencies was overstated. OahuMPO adjusted its financial statements to correct the error.

Identification as a Repeat Finding, if applicable:

Not a repeat finding.

Recommendation:

OahuMPO should strengthen the review of its financial statements to ensure accuracy and completeness in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Views of Responsible Official(s) and Planned Corrective Action:

Management agrees with the finding and recommendation. See Corrective Action Plan on page 54.

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

Ref. No. Internal Control Findings (Continued)

2018-002 Formalize Risk Assessment Procedures

Criteria: OahuMPO's risk assessment process is a key component of internal controls to determine the risks associated with accounting, grants management, and financial reporting areas, particularly with respect to federal reporting and compliance requirements.

Condition: During our audit, we noted that management stated that it considered the risk associated with the accounting, grants management, and financial reporting areas, but did not formalize procedures to assess the risk associated with each area, including the documentation of the results of its risk assessments.

Cause: OahuMPO did not develop formalized procedures to assess the risks associated with each area and to document results of its risk assessments. There appears to be weak internal controls regarding OahuMPO's ability to assess and document the risks associated with each area.

Effect: The effect of the above condition is a weak risk assessment process, which will reduce the effectiveness of the other components of OahuMPO's system of internal controls over these areas. Weak internal controls over this area could result in incomplete and inaccurate financial reporting and noncompliance with laws, regulations, grant agreements, and other contractual arrangements.

Identification as a Repeat Finding, if applicable:

See finding 2017-001 included in the Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings.

Recommendation:

OahuMPO should formalize procedures to identify and document its objectives for the accounting, grants management, and financial reporting areas and the related risks associated with achieving those objectives, so that OahuMPO can generate the accurate and reliable financial information and comply with laws, regulations, grant agreements, and other contractual arrangements.

Proper identification of these objectives and related risks will provide critical information that can be used to design the appropriate policies and procedures related to these areas. When designing internal controls, management should consider where material misstatements could occur in the financial statements and areas where non-compliance may occur, and design appropriate policies and procedures to prevent or detect these errors on a timely basis.

Views of Responsible Official(s) and Planned Corrective Action:

Management agrees with the finding and recommendation. See Corrective Action Plan on page 55.

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

Ref. No. Internal Control Findings (Continued)

2018-003 Prepare Financial Accounting Policies and Procedures Manual

Criteria: OahuMPO's control activities over accounting, grants management, and financial reporting are key components of internal controls. Current written policies and procedures and adherence to those policies and procedures are required to ensure that material misstatements are identified on a timely basis, grants are properly managed, grants are in compliance with applicable regulations and grant agreements, assets are properly safeguarded, compliance with State regulations, and to provide a basis to evaluate the effectiveness of those internal controls over these areas.

Condition: During our audit, we noted that OahuMPO's accounting, grants management, and financial reporting policies and procedures were not specific or undocumented related to these areas. Some of the decisions on how to handle accounting and grants management issues were not documented. OahuMPO is currently working with a consultant to prepare a Financial Accounting Policies and Procedures manual.

Cause: There is a lack of written policies and procedures over the accounting, grants management, and financial reporting areas. There is also a lack of adequate evaluation and monitoring of these policies and procedures on a timely basis.

Effect: The effect of the above condition is a weak component of internal controls, regarding OahuMPO's control activities. Weak internal controls over the accounting, grants management, and financial reporting areas will result in inaccurate financial statements and may result in noncompliance with laws, regulations, grant agreements, and other contractual arrangements.

Identification as a Repeat Finding, if applicable:

See finding 2017-002 included in the Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings.

Recommendation:

OahuMPO should continue to prepare a Financial Accounting Policies and Procedures manual to ensure its written policies and procedures over accounting, grants management and financial report are current and complete.

Views of Responsible Official(s) and Planned Corrective Action:

Management agrees with the finding and recommendation. See Corrective Action Plan on page 55.

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

Ref. No. Internal Control Findings (Continued)

2018-004 Document and Test Key Cost Allocation Summary Worksheet

Criteria: OahuMPO's control activities over accounting, grants management, and financial reporting are key components of internal controls. Current written policies and procedures and adherence to those policies and procedures are required to ensure that material misstatements are identified on a timely basis, grants are properly managed, grants are in compliance with applicable regulations and grant agreements, assets are properly safeguarded, compliance with State regulations, and to provide a basis to evaluate the effectiveness of those internal controls over these areas.

Condition: During our audit, we noted that the Accountant maintains a spreadsheet that is used to allocate and summarize costs charged to specific grants. At the beginning of each fiscal year, the Accountant modifies the spreadsheet to add new grants and to remove expired grants. However, the Accountant does not maintain documentation on how to utilize the spreadsheet to allocate and summarize costs, how to modify the spreadsheet to add new grants and to remove expired grants, and how to test the spreadsheet, including the extent of the testing required to ensure that the modifications were properly done and that the spreadsheet is properly allocating and summarizing cost.

During our testing of major program expenditures, we did not note any material discrepancies related to the allocation of expenditures on the allocation worksheets.

Cause: There is a lack of written policies and procedures over the accounting, grants management, and financial reporting areas. There is also a lack of adequate evaluation and monitoring of these policies and procedures on a timely basis.

Effect: The effect of the above condition is a weak component of internal controls, regarding OahuMPO's control activities. Weak internal controls over the accounting, grants management, and financial reporting areas will result in inaccurate financial statements and may result in noncompliance with laws, regulations, grant agreements, and other contractual arrangements.

Identification as a Repeat Finding, if applicable:

See finding 2017-003 included in the Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings.

Recommendation:

OahuMPO should prepare documentation of the process for a key spreadsheet used to summarize the allocation of costs to the appropriate grants.

Views of Responsible Official(s) and Planned Corrective Action:

Management agrees with the finding and recommendation. See Corrective Action Plan on page 56.

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

Ref. No. Internal Control Findings (Continued)

2018-005 Improve Monitoring of Internal Controls over the Accounting, Grants Management, and Financial Reporting Areas

Criteria: OahuMPO's monitoring efforts is a key component of internal controls. Proper monitoring of internal controls over accounting, grants management, and financial reporting will evaluate whether controls established for these areas are operating as designed and identify internal control deficiencies and to correct the deficiencies on a timely basis.

Condition: During our audit, we noted that OahuMPO's policies and procedures for the accounting, grants management, and financial reporting were not formally established or reviewed and updated on a periodic basis for changes in the respective area's processes and procedures. OahuMPO also lacked a process to appropriately monitor the internal controls over these areas.

Cause: There is a lack of written policies and procedures over the monitoring of internal controls over the accounting, grants management, and financial reporting areas.

Effect: The effect of the above condition is a weak component of internal controls. Weak internal controls over the accounting, grants management, and financial reporting areas may result in inaccurate financial statements and may result in noncompliance with laws, regulations, grant agreements, and other contractual arrangements.

Identification as a Repeat Finding, if applicable:

See finding 2017-004 included in the Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings.

Recommendation:

OahuMPO should establish a process to evaluate the design and implementation of the OahuMPO's internal controls over the accounting, grants management, and financial reporting areas, so that deficiencies in the current or new processes can be identified and corrected on a timely basis. The process should include the staff, management, and the Policy Board. The Executive Director should keep the Policy Board informed of the changes in policies and procedures in these areas. Lastly, if deficiencies in internal controls exist, the management should notify the Policy Board of the situation and the corrective action that will be taken to address the situation noted.

Views of Responsible Official(s) and Planned Corrective Action:

Management agrees with the finding and recommendation. See Corrective Action Plan on page 56.

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDING AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Ref. No. Compliance and Internal Control Finding Costs

2018-006 Establish Written Policies and Procedures as Required by 2 CFR 200

Federal agency: U.S. Department of Transportation

CFDA No.: 25.205

Program: Highway Planning and Construction

Federal award no.: PL-0052(36), PL-0052(38), PL-0052(39), PL-

0052(40), PL-0052(41)

Criteria: 2 CFR 200 requires written policies and procedures in various matters such as cash management, personnel compensation, and determination of allowability of costs in accordance with cost principles and terms of the federal awards, not all inclusive.

Condition: The OahuMPO is aware of the need for written policies and procedures over accounting, grants management, and financial reporting areas to ensure compliance with federal laws, regulations and grant agreements. The OahuMPO is currently drafting its Financial Accounting Policies and Procedures manual with the assistance of a consultant. Until the manual is completed and approved, the need for written policies and procedures that meets the requirement of 2 CFR 200 remains.

Cause: The OahuMPO is in the process of drafting its Financial Accounting Policies and Procedures manual and expects compliance with the existence of written policies and procedures as required by 2 CFR 200 upon completion and approval of the manual.

Effect: Without the written policies and procedures required by 2 CFR 200, OahuMPO has insufficient internal controls over compliance with federal laws, regulations and grant agreements related to the federal awards it receives and expends.

Identification as a Repeat Finding, if applicable:

See finding 2017-006 included in the Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings.

Recommendation: The OahuMPO should continue to work with its consultant in completing its Financial Accounting Policies and Procedures to, at minimum, address the requirements of 2 CFR 200 for written policies and procedures.

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SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDING AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued)

Ref. No.	Compliance and Internal Control Finding (Continued)	Questioned Costs
2018-006	Establish Written Policies and Procedures as Required by 2 CFR 200 (Continued)	
	Views of Responsible Official(s) and Planned Corrective Action: Management agrees with the finding and recommendation. See Corrective Action Plan on page 57.	

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDING AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued)

Ref. No. Compliance and Internal Control Finding (Continued)

Questioned Costs

2018-007 Perform and Document Subrecipient Monitoring

Federal agency: U.S. Department of Transportation

CFDA No.: 25.205

Program: Highway Planning and Construction

Federal award no.: PL-0052(38), PL-0052(39), PL-0052(40), PL-

0052(41)

Criteria: 2 CFR 200.331 states the requirements that pass-through entities must comply with including the following:

- 1. Ensure every subaward is clearly identified to the subrecipient as a subaward and includes certain information detailed in 2 CFR 200.331(1)(a).
- 2. Evaluate each subrecipient's risk of noncompliance with federal statues, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the subaward.
- 3. Consider imposing specific subaward conditions on a subrecipient if appropriate as described in 2 CFR 200.207.
- 4. Monitor activities of the subrecipient as necessary to ensure that the subaward is used for authorized purposes, in compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the subaward; and that subaward goals are achieved.
- 5. Verify that every subrecipient is audited as required by Subpart F of the 2 CFR 200.
- 6. Consider whether the results of the subrecipient's audits, on-site reviews, or other monitoring indicate conditions that necessitate adjustments to the pass-through entity's own records.
- 7. Consider taking enforcement action against noncompliant subrecipients as described in 2 CFR 200.338.

Condition: The OahuMPO has one subrecipient. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 reported approximately \$436,700 expended to the subrecipient. We were informed that no subrecipient monitoring was performed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDING AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued)

Ref. No. Compliance and Internal Control Finding (Continued)

Costs

2018-007 Perform and Document Subrecipient Monitoring (Continued)

Cause: We were informed that the subrecipient monitoring procedures were not performed due to significant personnel turnover and absences during the fiscal year. Two out of eight positions were vacant within the fiscal year including the Program Manager who terminated on March 30, 2018.

Effect: By not monitoring the subrecipient in a timely manner, the OahuMPO cannot be assured in a timely manner that subawards were used for authorized purposes, in compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the subaward; that subaward goals are achieved; that the subrecipient was audited as required by Subpart F of the 2 CFR 200; and that OahuMPO's records did not require adjustments as a result of its subrecipient's audits or from discoveries had monitoring procedures been performed. Continued noncompliance may result in the following actions taken by the grantor on OahuMPO: additional conditions imposed on OahuMPO by the grantor; temporary withholding of cash payments pending correction of the deficiency; questioned costs that may lead to return of funds by OahuMPO; wholly or partly suspension or termination of federal award; withhold further federal awards; or initiation of debarment or suspension proceedings.

Identification as a Repeat Finding, if applicable:

See finding 2017-008 included in the Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings.

Recommendation:

The OahuMPO should perform and document its performance of the subrecipient monitoring procedures required by 2 CFR 200.331. This may be in the form of sign-offs with dates on standardized checklists with comments to demonstrate appropriate procedures were performed in a timely manner.

Views of Responsible Official(s) and Planned Corrective Action: Management agrees with the finding and recommendation. See Corrective Action Plan on page 57. 6

PART V

RESPONSE OF OAHU METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION

(Provided by Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization)



OAHU METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION STATE OF HAWAII CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Financial Statement Findings 2018-001 Strengthen Financial Statement Review

Contact person

Alvin Au, Executive Director

View of Responsible Officials

Management agrees with the finding and recommendation.

Corrective action plan

OahuMPO will review its financial statements for accuracy. We will work closely with our fiscal agent regarding any discovered irregularities for timely corrections.

Anticipated completion date

February 2019

Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization State Of Hawaii CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

2018-002 Formalize Risk Assessment Procedures

Contact person

Alvin Au, Executive Director

View of Responsible Officials

Management agrees with the finding and recommendation.

Corrective action plan

The OahuMPO Policy Board budgeted resources in the fiscal year 2017 Overall Work Program (OWP) to evaluate the applicability of the Committee of Sponsoring Organization of the Treadway Commission (COSO) Internal Control Framework document, dated May 2013, and to evaluate the five components of internal control, which are 1) control environment, 2) risk assessment, 3) control activities, 4) information and communication, and 5) monitoring activities and the seventeen principles associated with the five components of internal control and determine which ones are applicable to OahuMPO. OahuMPO will evaluate the framework, and make recommendations for improvement, including making specific recommendations about processes, policies, and procedures.

OahuMPO engaged Spire Hawaii LLP to provide consulting services necessary to satisfy both the outstanding audit findings from our FY2015 and FY2016 single audit as well as provide additional resources so that OahuMPO can meet the requirements of the 2014 Federal Certification Review.

Anticipated completion date

The accounting policies and procedure manual is scheduled for finalization in March 2019.

2018-003 Prepare Financial Accounting Policies and Procedures Manual

Contact person

Alvin Au, Executive Director

View of Responsible Officials

Management agrees with the finding and recommendation.

Corrective action plan

OahuMPO is working with Spire Hawaii LLP to develop the Financial Accounting Policies and Procedures Manual.

Anticipated completion date

The policies and procedures manual is scheduled for completion in March 2019.

Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization State Of Hawaii CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

2018-004 Document and Test Key Cost Allocation Summary Worksheet

Contact person

Alvin Au, Executive Director

View of Responsible Officials

Management agrees with the finding and recommendation.

Corrective action plan

The work done by the Fiscal Agent and OahuMPO is being developed by Spire Hawaii LLP. Spire is preparing documentation for the Key Cost Allocation Worksheet. This portion is still being developed and will be added to the accounting policies and procedures.

Anticipated completion date

March 2019.

2018-005 Improve Monitoring of Internal Controls over the Accounting, Grants Management and Financial Reporting Areas

Contact person

Alvin Au, Executive Director

View of Responsible Officials

Management agrees with the finding and recommendation.

Corrective action plan

OahuMPO staff will use the COSO Internal Control Framework document dated May 2013 to evaluate and design the internal controls over the accounting, grants management, and financial reporting areas and to develop a process to monitor the effectiveness of the internal controls implemented. OahuMPO anticipates the need to rely on outside accounting and/or auditing expertise to assist OahuMPO staff to accomplish this task. The Policy Board will be kept informed of any deficiencies found and any policies or procedures that result from this effort.

The firm hired to assist OahuMPO in this regard is Spire Hawaii LLP. OahuMPO and its consultant will consult closely with its Fiscal Agent to ensure that there is a clear understanding of both the roles and responsibilities of each along with requisite responsibility for associated internal controls.

Anticipated completion date

Monitoring controls are included in the accounting policies and procedures manual that is scheduled for completion in March 2019.

Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization State Of Hawaii CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

2018-006 Establish Written Policies and Procedures as Required by 2 CFR 200

Contact person

Alvin Au, Executive Director

View of Responsible Officials

Management agrees with the finding and recommendation.

Corrective action plan

OahuMPO is working with Spire Hawaii LLP to develop the requisite procedures. OahuMPO will further make it a priority to meet the requirements of 2 CFR 200.

Anticipated completion date

The policies and procedures are included in the accounting policies and procedures manual that is scheduled for completion in March 2019.

2018-007 Perform and Document Subrecipient Monitoring

Contact person

Alvin Au, Executive Director

View of Responsible Officials

Management agrees with the finding and recommendation.

Corrective action plan

OahuMPO will perform and document its performance of the subrecipient monitoring procedures required by 2 CFR 200.331. This will be by way of sign-offs with dates on standardized checklists with comments to demonstrate appropriate procedures are performed in a timely manner. It is currently being worked on by our Planning Program Manager.

Anticipated completion date

December 31, 2019

PART VI SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization State of Hawaii STATUS REPORT Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

This section contains the current status of the prior audit recommendations. The recommendations are referenced to the page of the prior audit report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, dated March 28, 2018.

Reco	ommendation	s	CFDA Number	Status
SECTION II - FINANCIA	AL STATEME	NT FINDINGS		
2017-001 Formalize Procedures	Risk (page 44)	Assessment		
identify and the account financial reprisks associatives, generate financial in laws, regular	I document it ing, grants moorting areas ciated with a so that (the accurate formation and	d comply with agreements, and		Not accomplished. OahuMPO has contracted with a consultant to assist in the preparation of written policies and procedures to formalize its risk assessment procedures. Refer to Finding 2018-002.
2017-002 Prepare Finance and Proces	nancial Acco Iures Manual			
Financial Procedures policies and grants man	Accounting manual to ell procedures	ue to prepare a Policies and nsure its written over accounting, financial reports		Not accomplished. OahuMPO has contracted with a consultant to assist in the preparation of its Financial Accounting Policies and Procedures manual. Refer to Finding 2018-003.
2017-003 Document a Summary V	and Test Key lorksheet (pag			
of the proce	ss for a key some the solution is the allocation	e documentation preadsheet used on of costs to the		Not accomplished. OahuMPO has contracted with a consultant to assist in documenting the preparation of and check controls in the cost allocation summary worksheet. Refer to Fiinding 2018-004.

Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization State of Hawaii STATUS REPORT (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Recommendations	CFDA Number	Status
SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)		
2017-004 Improve Monitoring of Internal Controls Over the Accounting, Grants Management, and Financial Reporting Areas (page 47)		
OahuMPO should establish a process to evaluate the design and implementation of the OahuMPO's internal controls over the accounting, grants management, and financial reporting areas, so that deficiencies in the current or new processes can be identified and corrected on a timely basis. The process should include the staff, management, and the Policy Board. The Executive Director should keep the Policy Board informed of the changes in policies and procedures in these areas. Lastly, if deficiencies in internal controls exist, the management should notify the Policy Board of the situation and the corrective action that will be taken to address the situation noted.		Not accomplished. OahuMPO has contracted with a consultant to establish a monitoring process of its internal controls over accounting, grants management and financial reporting. Refer to Finding 2018-005.
2017-005 Improve Recordkeeping to Maintain Accounts on Accrual Basis of Accounting (page 48)		
OahuMPO should improve its coordination with its fiscal agent in its recordkeeping by reviewing and reconciling its accounts in a timely manner to identify unrecorded transactions to be recorded and resolve accounting errors. Accounting records should be maintained on an accrual basis to provide complete and accurate financial information that will enable the fiscal agent to prepare financial statements on an accrual basis and modified accrual basis of accounting appropriate for		Accomplished.

governmental entities.

Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization State of Hawaii STATUS REPORT (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Recommendations	CFDA Number	Status				
SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS						
2017-006 Establish Written Policies and Procedures as Required by 2 CFR 200 (page 49)	20.205					
The OahuMPO should continue to work with its consultant in completing its Financial Accounting Policies and Procedures to, at minimum, address the requirements of 2 CFR 200 for written policies and procedures.		Not accomplished. OahuMPO has contracted with a consultant to assist in the preparation of written policies and procedures as required by 2 CFR 200. Refer to Finding 2018-006.				
2017-007 Strengthen Controls to Ensure Timely Submission of the Single Audit to the Federal Audit Clearinghouse (page 50)	20.205					
The OahuMPO should strengthen its monitoring and communication controls to ensure that the data collection form and Single Audit reporting package is electronically submitted to the Federal Audit Clearinghouse in a timely manner.		Accomplished.				
2017-008 Perform and Document Subrecipient Monitoring (pages 51-52)	20.205					
The OahuMPO should perform and document its performance of the subrecipient monitoring procedures required by 2 CFR 200.331. This may be in the form of sign-offs with dates on standardized checklists with comments to demonstrate appropriate procedures were performed in a timely manner.		Not Accomplished. Refer to Finding 2018-007.				