January 7, 2015 meeting handouts

- Black's Law Dictionary - definition of public service
- About State Government - Department of Budget and Finance
- Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports - State and counties (excerpts only)
- 2013 Population Estimate Series - Department of Business, Economic Development and Tourism (DBEDT) (excerpts only)
- State Constitution - Article VIII, Local Government - Creation; Powers of Political Subdivisions
- Hawaiii Revised Statutes :
- Title 4. State Organization and Administration, Generally
- Chapter 26, HRS, Executive and Administrative Departments
- Chapter 27, HRS, State Functions and Responsibilities (excerpts only)
- 2013 State of Hawai'i Data Book - DBEDT (excerpts only)
- Visitor statistics - provided by Member Ed Case
- Department of Taxation's Annual Report 2013-2014 (excerpts only)

Other handouts (electronic files) are posted to our website: http://auditor.hawaii.gov/task-forceworking-group/, Task/Forces/Working Groups, State-County Functions Working Group (TAT).

## The Law Dictionary

Featuring Black's Law Dictionary Free Online Legal Dictionary 2nd Ed.

## Naygation ${ }^{2}$

$\square$

## What is PUBLIC SERVICE?

A service that is provided by and or supported by a government or its agencies. An agency that provides a publice service for the government or on behalf of the government.

## US Process Servers

process servers across the country and Canada as well.


## More On This Topic

1. Best Way To Search For A Federal Tax ID Number
2. How To Hide From A Process Server
3. What is a Public Trust Security Clearance?
4. How To Check Immigration Status Online With An Alien Number
5. How to Get a Job in Public Safety
6. What Does A Tax Write-Off Mean?
7. If I Owe Money to a Company that is Going Bankrupt, Do I Still Have to Pay Them?
8. Applying For A California Assistance Dog Tag
9. Finding Selective Service Registration Number Online
10. How Do I Find Out My Medicaid Application Status?

## Related Legal Terms

PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY, PUBLIC SERVICE ANNOUNCEMENT, PUBLIC-SERVICE CORPORATIONS, PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, MOODY'S INVESTORS SERVICE, SOVEREIGN PUBLIC BUYER, MERCHANDISING SERVICE, SERVICE LEVEL AGREEMENT, SERVICE, SERVICE-GOOD MIX
(http://budget.hawaii.gov)


State of Hawaiti
Department of Budget and Finance
(http://budget.hawaii.gov)

Home (http://budget.hawaii.gov/)» Budget (http://budget.hawaii.gov/budget/) » About State Government

## ABOUT STATE GOVERNMENT

## GENERAL

The State was admitted into the Union on August 21, 1959, as the fiftieth state. It is an archipelago of eight major islands, seven of which are inhabited, plus 124 named islets, totaling 6,425 square miles in land area, located in the Pacific Ocean in the Northern Hemisphere, mostly below the Tropic of Cancer, about 2,400 statute miles from San Francisco. The State is slightly larger than the combined area of the States of Connecticut and Rhode Island and ranks forty-seventh of the fifty states in land area, being also larger in area than the State of Delaware. The island of Hawai'i is the largest island, with 4,028 square miles in area. The other inhabited islands, in order of size, are Maui, O'ahu, Kauai, Moloka'i, Lāna'i and Niihau. According to the U.S. Census, the total population of the State was 422,770 in 1940, 499,794 in 1950, 632,772 in 1960, 769,913 in 1970, 964,691 in 1980, 1,115,274 in 1990, 1,211,537 in 2000, and 1,360,301 in 2010, making the State the 40 th most populous state in the Union as of 2010. The City and County of Honolulu consists of the island of O'ahu (plus some minor islets) with a land area of 599.8 square miles. The capital of the State and the principal port are located on O'ahu. According to the 2010 U.S. Census, about 70.1 percent of the population of the State lives on O'ahu. Hawai'i's population exhibits greater ethnic diversity than other states because it is descended from immigrants from Asia well as from Europe and the mainland United States. Based on the 2010 U.S. Census, approximately 38.6 percent of the State's population is of Asian descent and about 24.7 percent of the State's population is Caucasian. Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders constitute 10.0 percent of the population. The balance consists of people of mixed races and other races, such as African Americans and American Indians.

## STATE GOVERNMENT

The Constitution of the State provides for three separate branches of government: the legislative branch, the executive branch and the judicial branch. The legislative power is vested in a bicameral Legislature consisting of a Senate of twenty-five members elected for four year terms and a House of Representatives of fifty-one
members elècted for two year terms. The Legislature convenes annually. The executive power is vested in a Governor elected for a four year term. In the event of the absence of the Governor from the State, or his or her inability to exercise and discharge the powers and duties of his or her office, the Lieutenant Governor, also elected for a four year term, serves as the chief executive. Under the Constitution, the judicial power is vested in a Supreme Court, one intermediate appellate court, circuit courts, district courts, and such other courts as the Legislature may from time to time establish. Pursuant to statute, the Legislature has established four circuit courts, four district courts and an intermediate appellate court. The executive and administrative offices are limited to not more than twenty principal departments under the supervision of the Governor. The executive functions have in fact been grouped into eighteen departments. The heads of the departments are appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, and hold office for a term to expire with the term of the Governor. The Department of Budget and Finance is one of the principal departments permitted by the Constitution of the State, with the head of said department being designated as the Director of Finance. Under the general direction of the Governor, the Department of Budget and Finance administers the State's proposed six year program and financial plan, the State budget, and financial management programs of the State.

Further information can be found on this link to the Constitution of the State of Hawaiii - http://hawaii.gov/lrb/con/ (http://hawaii.gov/lrb/con/).

## THE COUNTIES AND THEIR RELATIONSHIP TO THE STATE

There are four counties in the State: the City and County of Honolulu, the County of Maui, the County of Hawai'i and the County of Kaua'i (and one quasi county, Kalawao). Each of the counties has a separate charter for its government, each of which provides for an elected mayor and an elected council. The mayor is the chief executive and the council is the legislative body. There are no independent or separate cities or other municipalities, school districts or townships. The State government of Hawaii has total responsibility for many functions that are performed by or shared by local governments in most other parts of the United States. For example, the State pays all costs in connection with the public school system, libraries, public welfare, and judiciary. The greatest expenditures by the State in past years have been in the areas of education and public welfare. The counties' major areas of responsibility and expenditure are in police and fire protection, waste disposal, water and sewer facilities, and secondary streets and highways.

## EDUCATION SYSTEM

Unlike most other states, the State operates a statewide public school system for elementary, intermediate, and high schools. In addition, the States operates a statewide public community college and university system. The public education

# STATE OF HAWAII COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT 

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013


DEAN H. SEKI
COMPTROLLER

## STATE OF HAWAII

## Management's Discussion and Analysis ("Unaudited")

June 30, 2013
services provided $16.1 \%$ of the total revenues. The State's expenses cover a range of services. The largest expenses were for higher and lower education, welfare, health, general government, and highways.

The following financial information was derived from the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and reflects how the State's net position changed during the fiscal year.

## Summary Schedule of Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2013 and 2012

(Amounts in thousands)


## STATE OF HAWAll

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013
(Amounts in thousands)

FUNCTIONSIPROGRAMS
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:
Governmental activities:
Govermmental setivities
Gencral governmen
Public safety
Public safety
Highways
Conservation of natural resources
Health
Welfare
Lower eductation
Higher education
Higher educalion
Other edueation
Culture and recreation
Economic developmend housing
Economic development and assistenco
neresl expense
Total governmental activitics
Business-lype aetivilies
Aipports
Harbors
Harbors
Unemployment compensation
Total business-type activities
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT
COMPONENT UNITS:
University of Hawaii
Hawaii Housing Finance and
Haveiii Public Housing Authority
Hawaii Hcalth Systems Corporation
Hawaii Tourism Authority
Hawaii Community Development
Authority
Havaii Hum
Total component units
GENERAL REVENUES:
Taxes:
Gencral excisc tax
Nen income tax - comporations
rand individuals
Publie service companies lax
Transient accommodations tax
Tobacco and liquor taxes
Liquid fuel tax
Tax on premiums of insurance
companies
Vand weight and registration tax
Rental motar/our vehicto surcharge tax
Franchise tax
Other tax
Interest and investment income
Payments from the State - iet
Ofher
Total general revenucs
CHANGE IN NET POSITION
NET POSITION - Beginning of year
NET POSITION — End of year
Sec accompanying notos to basic financial statements.

| Expenses | Program Revenues |  |  | Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Charges for Services | Operating Grants and Contributlons | Capltal Grants and Contrlbutions | Primary Government |  |  | Component Unils |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Governimental } \\ \text { Actlvilles } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Buslness-Type } \\ \text { Activities } \end{gathered}$ | Total |  |
| § 531,839 | \$ 267,081 | S 246,001 | \$ | S (18,757) | \$ | 5 (18,757) |  |
| 451,946 | 40,090 | 4,673 | - | (407,183) | - | (407,183) |  |
| 490,091 | 7,856 | 72,525 | 96,184 | $(313,526)$ | - | $(313,526)$ |  |
| 52,208 | 29,411 | 39,766 | - | 16,969 | - | 16,969 |  |
| 813,190 | 56,963 | 173,951 | - | $(582,276)$ | - | $(582,276)$ |  |
| 2,798,053 | 40,670 | 1,659,846 | - | (1,097,537) | - | $(1,097,537)$ |  |
| 2,592,125 | 42,606 | 346,469 | - | ( $2,203,050$ ) | - | (2,203,050) |  |
| 654,611 | . | - | - | (654,611) | - | (654,611) |  |
| 20,086 | - | - | - | $(20,086)$ | - | (20,086) |  |
| 94,679 | $\stackrel{-}{ }$ | 3,249 | - | (91,430) | - | (91,430) |  |
| 173,677 | 4,559 | 27,535 | - | $(141,583)$ | - | $(141,583)$ |  |
| 172,602 | 5,411 | 15,522 | - | $(151,669)$ | - | $(151,669)$ |  |
| 241,677 | , | 15 | . | (241,677) | - | (241,677) |  |
| 9,086,784 | 494,647 | 2,589,537 | 96,184 | $(5,905,416)$ | - | (5,906,416) |  |
| 366,918 | 431,708 | - | 30,619 | - | 95,409 | 95,409 |  |
| 90,548 | 112,060 | - | 4,115 | - | 25,627 | 25,627 |  |
| 336,931 | 507,096 | - |  | - | 170,165 | 170,165 |  |
| 66,119 | 103.183 | - | 29,579 | - | 66,643 | 66,643 |  |
| 860,516 | 1,154,047 | - | 64,313 | . | 357,844 | 357,844 |  |
| \$ 9,947,300 | \$1,648,694 | \$ $\mathbf{2 , 5 8 9 , 5 3 7}$ | \$ 160,497 | $(3,006,416)$ | 357,844 | (5,548,572) |  |
| \$ 1,648,158 | 5 384,387 | \$ 482,619 | s |  |  |  | \$ (781,152) |
| 52,770 | 49.985 | 12,570 |  |  |  |  | 9,785 |
| 125,850 | 18,014 | 72,422 | 12.466 |  |  |  | $(22,948)$ |
| 713,924 | 550,004 | 3,055 | 31,498 |  |  |  | (129,367) |
| 105,672 | 9,462 | - | , |  |  |  | $(96,210)$ |
| 32,272 | 3,369 | - | - |  |  |  | $(28,903)$ |
| \$ 2,678,651 | \$ 1,015,221 | \$ 570,666 | \$ 43,964 |  |  |  | (1,048,800) |
|  |  |  |  | 2,991,792 | - | 2,991,792 | - |
|  |  |  |  | 1,795,683 | - | 1,795,683 | - |
|  |  |  |  | 163,930 | - | 163,930 | - |
|  |  |  |  | 186,377 | - | 186,377 | 104,000 |
|  |  |  |  | 161,066 87,645 | - | 161,066 87,645 | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 133,585 | - | 133,585 | - |
|  |  |  |  | 121,605 | - | 121,605 | - |
|  |  |  |  | 52.112 | - | 52,112 | - |
|  |  |  |  | 22,673 | - | 22.673 | - |
|  |  |  |  | 80,081 | - | 80,081 | $\stackrel{-}{ }$ |
|  |  |  |  | 25,502 | 14,633 | 40,135 | 34,154 |
|  |  |  |  | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | 874,541 |
|  |  |  |  | - | 19,000 | 19,000 | 39,421 |
|  |  |  |  | 5,822,05: | 33,633 | 5,855,684 | 1,052,116 |
|  |  |  |  | $(84,365)$ | 391,477 | 307,112 | 3,316 |
|  |  |  |  | 1,329,901 | 3,175,892 | 4,505,793 | 3,180,800 |
|  |  |  |  | \$ 1,245,536 | \$3,567,369 | \$ 4,812,905 | \$ 3,284,116 |



## CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013
The following is a summary of the Statements of Activities for fiscal years 2013 and 2012:

## Summary Statements of Activities

 (Amounts in Millions)|  | Governmental Activities |  |  |  | Business-type Activities |  |  |  | Total <br> Primary Government |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2013 |  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2012 |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Program revenues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Charges for services | \$ | 264.9 | \$ | 263.1 | \$ | 564.1 | \$ | 564.6 | \$ | 829.0 | \$ | 827.7 |
| Operating grants and contributions |  | 116.4 |  | 122.1 |  | 27.3 |  | 21:0 |  | 143.7 |  | 143.1 |
| Capital grants and contributions |  | 54.2 |  | 55.4 |  | 26.9 |  | 58.7 |  | 81.1 |  | 114.1 |
| General revenues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Property taxes |  | 825.5 |  | 799.2 |  | - |  | - |  | 825.5 |  | 799.2 |
| Other taxes |  | 163.8 |  | 157.5 |  | - |  | - |  | 163.8 |  | 157.5 |
| Other |  | 48.7 |  | 47.7 |  | 1.6 |  | 1.2 |  | 50.3 |  | 48.9 |
| Total revenues |  | 1,473.5 |  | 1,445.0 |  | 619.9 |  | 645.5 |  | 2,093.4 |  | 2,090.5 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General government |  | 468.3 |  | 497.3 |  | - |  | - |  | 468.3 |  | 497.3 |
| Public safety |  | 393.2 |  | 407.3 |  | - |  | - |  | 393.2 |  | 407.3 |
| Highways and streets |  | 38.7 |  | 100.9 |  | - |  | - |  | 38.7 |  | 100.9 |
| Sanitation |  | 4.3 |  | 4.5 |  | - |  | - |  | 4.3 |  | 4.5 |
| Human services |  | 82.8 |  | 94.2 |  | - |  | - |  | 82.8 |  | 94.2 |
| Culture and recreation |  | 106.5 |  | 124.9 |  | - |  | - |  | 106.5 |  | 124.9 |
| Utilities or other enterprises |  | 84.8 |  | 38.8 |  | - |  | - |  | 84.8 |  | 38.8 |
| Interest |  | 76.9 |  | 93.1 |  | - |  | - |  | 76.9 |  | 93.1 |
| Housing |  | - |  | - |  | 11.7 |  | 12.2 |  | 11.7 |  | 12.2 |
| Sewer |  | - |  | - |  | 260.8 |  | 237.7 |  | 260.8 |  | 237.7 |
| Solid waste |  | - |  | - |  | 166.2 |  | 166.1 |  | 166.2 |  | 166.1 |
| Public transportation |  | - |  | - |  | 239.3 |  | 226.6 |  | 239.3 |  | 226.6 |
| Total expenses |  | 1,255.5 |  | 1,361.0 |  | 678.0 |  | 642.6 |  | 1,933.5 |  | 2,003.6 |
| Increase (decrease) before contributions and transfers: |  | 218.0 |  | 84.0 |  | (58.1) |  | 2.9 |  | 159.9 |  | 86.9 |
| Special Item: Contribution to Component Unit |  | - |  | (749.3) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | (749.3) |
| Transfers |  | (159.2) |  | (198.3) |  | 159.2 |  | 198.3 |  | - |  | - |
| Change in net position |  | 58.8 |  | (863.6) |  | 101.1 |  | 201.2 |  | 159.9 |  | (662.4) |
| Net position - beginning |  | 187.9 |  | 1,051.5 |  | 1,494.0 |  | 1,292.8 |  | 1,681.9 |  | 2,344.3 |
| Net position - ending | \$ | 246.7 | \$ | 187.9 | \$ | 1,595.1 | \$ | 1,494.0 | \$ | 1,841.8 | \$ | 1,681.9 |

## CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

(Amounts in thousands)
(Page 1 of 2)


The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## COUNTY OF MAUI

## STATE OF HAWAII



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

# FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED 

JUNE 30, 2013

Prepared by:
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE
Danilo F. Agsalog, Director of Finance

## COUNTY OF MAUI

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

## June 30, 2013

CHANGES IN NET POSITION
For the Years Ended June 30, 2013 and 2012
(Dollars in Thousands)

|  | Governmental Activities |  | Business-Type Activities |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | FY2013 | FY2012 | FY2013 | FY2012 | FY2013 | FY2012 |
| Revenues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Program Revenues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Charges for services | \$ 99,155 | \$ 96,496 | \$ 55,718 | \$ 52,625 | \$154,873 | \$149,121 |
| Operating grants and contributions | 34,447 | 34,017 | - | - - | 34,447 | 34,017 |
| Capital grants and contributions | 11,332 | 12,530 | 5,552 | 2,541 | 16,884 | 15,071 |
| General Revenues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Property taxes | 214,244 | 208,645 | - | - | 214,244 | 208,645 |
| Other taxes | 52,303 | 53,394 | - | - | 52,303 | 53,394 |
| Interest and investment earnings, net | 908 | 1,283 | 135 | 165 | 1,043 | 1,448 |
| Other revenues | 857 | (3) | 154 | 270 | 1,011 | 267 |
| Total Revenues | 413,246 | 406,362 | 61,559 | 55,601 | 474,805 | 461,963 |
| Expenses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Governmental Activities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General government | 107,566 | 134,647 | - | - | 107,566 | 134,647 |
| Public safety | 85,261 | 84,585 | - | - | 85,261 | 84,585 |
| Highway and streets | 45,106 | 46,329 | - | - | 45,106 | 46,329 |
| Sanitation | 65,402 | 62,793 | - | - | 65,402 | 62,793 |
| Social welfare | 46,866 | 42,989 | - | - | 46,866 | 42,989 |
| Culture and recreation | 33,018 | 34,396 | - | - | 33,018 | 34,396 |
| Legislative | 5,539 | 5,251 | - | - | 5,539 | 5,251 |
| Interest on long-term debt | 8,960 | 8,926 | - | - | 8,960 | 8,926 |
| Business-Type Activities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water Supply | - | - | 53,624 | 54,013 | 53,624 | 54,013 |
| Housing | - | - | 207 | 268 | 207 | 268 |
| Golf Course | - | - | 2,235 | 2,096 | 2,235 | 2,096 |
| Total Expenses | 397,718 | 419,916 | 56,066 | 56,377 | 453,784 | 476,293 |
| Increase (Decrease) in Net Position |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Before Transfers | 15,528 | $(13,554)$ | 5,493 | (776) | 21,021 | (14,330) |
| Transfers | (948) | $(2,388)$ | 948 | 2,388 | - | - |
| Change in Net Position | 14,580 | $(15,942)$ | 6,441 | 1,612 | 21,021 | $(14,330)$ |
| Net Position - Beginning of Year | 519,231 | 535,173 | 333,218 | 331,606 | 852,449 | 866,779 |
| Net Position - End of Year | \$533,811 | \$519,231 | \$339,659 | \$333,218 | \$873,470 | \$852,449 |


| Functions/Programs | Expenses | COUNTY OF MAUI <br> Statement of Activities <br> For the Year Ended June 30, 2013 |  |  |  |  | Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Program Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Charges for Services |  | Operating Grants and Contributions |  | pital Grants and ntributions | Governmental Activities | Business-Type Activities | Total |
| Primary Government: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Governmental Activities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General government | \$ 107,565,593 | \$ 12,843,390 | \$ | 4,284,023 | \$ | 181,590 | \$ $(90,256,590)$ | \$ | \$ (90,256,590) |
| Public safety | 85,260,731 | 458,247 |  | 7,119,415 |  | - | $(77,683,069)$ | - | $(77,683,069)$ |
| Highway and streets | 45,105,834 | 21,272,213 |  | 89,481 |  | 6,946,266 | $(16,797,874)$ | - | $(16,797,874)$ |
| Sanitation | 65,401,638 | 61,559,388 |  | 294,868 |  | 4,198,513 | 651,131 | - | 651,131 |
| Social welfare | 46,866,029 | 2,402,750 |  | 21,649,901 |  | - | $(22,813,378)$ | - | $(22,813,378)$ |
| Culture and recreation | 33,018,488 | 617,301 |  | 1,009,561 |  | 5,267 | $(31,386,359)$ | - | $(31,386,359)$ |
| Legislative | 5,539,042 | 1,425 |  | - |  | - | $(5,537,617)$ | - | $(5,537,617)$ |
| Interest on long-term debt | 8,960,111 | - |  | - |  | - | $(8,960,111)$ | - | $(8,960,111)$ |
| Total Governmental Activities | 397,717,466 | 99,154, 714 |  | 34,447,249 |  | 11,331,636 | (252,783,867) | - | $(252,783,867)$ |
| Business-Type Activities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Department of Water Supply | 53,624,590 | 54,438,890 |  | - |  | 5,551,828 | - | 6,366,128 | 6,366,128 |
| Housing, Interim Financing, and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Buy-Back Revolving Fund | 207,210 | 163,291 |  | - |  | - | - | $(43,919)$ | $(43,919)$ |
| Municipal Golf Course | 2,235,318 | 1,116,056 |  | - |  | - - | - | (1,119,262) | (1,119,262) |
| Total Business-Type Activities | 56,067,118 | 55,718,237 |  | - |  | 5,551,828 | - | 5,202,947 | 5,202,947 |
| Total Primary Government | \$ 453,784,584 | \$ 154,872,951 | \$ | 34,447,249 | \$ | 16,883,464 | $(252,783,867)$ | 5,202,947 | (247,580,920) |
|  | General Revenues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Taxes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Property taxesTransient accommodation tax |  |  |  |  |  | 214,243,623 | - | 214,243,623 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21,204,000 | - | 21,204,000 |
|  | Public service company tax |  |  |  |  |  | 9,767,322 | - | 9,767,322 |
|  | Franchise tax |  |  |  |  |  | 10,714,153 | - | 10,714,153 |
|  | Fuel tax |  |  |  |  |  | 10,617,406 | - | 10,617,406 |
|  | Interest and investment earnings, net (Note 2) |  |  |  |  |  | 907,950 | 135,406 | 1,043,356 |
|  | Other |  |  |  |  |  | 857,240 | 153,931 | 1,011,171 |
|  | Transfers (Note 4) |  |  |  |  |  | $(947,689)$ | 947,689 | - |
|  | Total General Revenues and Transfers |  |  |  |  |  | 267,364,005 | 1,237,026 | 268,601,031 |
|  | Change in Net Position |  |  |  |  |  | 14,580,138 | 6,439,973 | 21,020,111 |
|  | Net Position, Beginning of Year |  |  |  |  |  | 519,231,326 | 333,218,597 | 852,449,923 |
|  | Net Position, End of Year |  |  |  |  |  | \$ $533,811,464$ | \$ 339,658,570 | \$873,470,034 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT 

## Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



# COUNTY OF HAWAII Hilo, Hawaii 

William P. Kenoi<br>Mayor<br>Walter Lau<br>Managing Director

Prepared by
The Department of Finance
Nancy E. Crawford
Director of Finance

## Condensed Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2013 and 2012

|  | Primary Government |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Governmental Activities |  | Business-type Activities |  |  |  | Total |  |
|  | 2013 | 2012 | 2013 |  | 2012 |  | 2013 | 2012 |
| Reveniues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Program revenues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Charges for services | \$ 34,930,495 | \$ 34,875,798 | \$ | 432,057 | \$ | 393,464 | \$ 35,362,552 | \$ 35,269,262 |
| Operating grants and contributions | 44,410,353 | 45,767,655 |  | 123,800 |  | 131,227 | 44,534,153 | 45,898,882 |
| Capital grants and contributions | 107,584,670 | 86,754,033 |  | . - |  | - | 107,584,670 | 86,754,033 |
| General revenues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Property taxes | 200,775,779 | 209,894,427 |  | - |  | - | 200,775,779 | 209,894,427 |
| Other taxes | 28,206,334 | 29,255,027 |  | - |  | - | 28,206,334 | 29,255,027 |
| Grants and contributions, unrestricted | 17,750,132 | 19,074,105 |  | - |  | - | 17,750,132 | 19,074,105 |
| Investment earnings (loss) | $(81,020)$ | 230,804 |  | 1,416 |  | 5,64I | $(79,604)$ | 236,445 |
| Other | 2,320,838 | 1,773,258 |  | 342,275 |  | - | 2,663,113 | 1,773,258 |
| Total revenues | 435,897,581 | 427,625,107 |  | 899,548 |  | 530,332 | 436,797,129 | 428,155,439 |
| Expenses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General government | 55,616,102 | 56,115,599 |  | - |  | - | 55,616,102 | 56,115,599 |
| Public safety | 151,975,049 | 152,288,979 |  | - |  | - | 151,975,049 | 152,288,979 |
| Highways and streets | 42,219,903 | 42,462,299 |  | - |  | - | 42,219,903 | 42,462,299 |
| Health, education and welfare | 28,001,020 | 28,127,691 |  | 496,017 |  | 517,052 | 28,497,037 | 28,644,743 |
| Culture and recreation | 22,121,336 | 23,412,948 |  | - |  | - | 22,121,336 | 23,412,948 |
| Sanitation | 38,505,086 | 35,049,546 |  | - |  | - | 38,505,086 | 35,049,546 |
| Interest on long-term debt | 13,885,003 | 14,519,382 |  | $\square$ |  | - | 13,885,003 | 14,519,382 |
| Total expenses | 352,323,499 | 351,976,444 |  | 496,017 |  | 517,052 | 352,819,516 | 352,493,496 |
| Increase in net position | 83,574,082 | 75,648,663 |  | 403,531 |  | 13,280 | 83,977,613 | 75,661,943 |
| Net position at beginning of year | 682,085,644 | 606,436,981 |  | 956,914 |  | 943,634 | 683,042,558 | 607,380,615 |
| Net position at end of year | \$765,659,726 | \$682,085,644 | \$ | 1,360,445 | \$ | 956,914 | \$767,020,171 | \$683,042,558 |

## Analysis of Changes in Net Position

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the County's net position by $\$ 83.6$ million or basically all of the total growth in net position of the County.

Total revenues increased by $\$ 8.3$ million ( 2 percent). The combined total revenues for both the Operating and Capital grants and contributions also increased by approximately $\$ 19.5$ million, which related mostly to increases in highways and streets projects being netted with decreases in sanitation. This overall increase in grants and contributions revenue was offset by decreases in the other revenue sources. The most significant decrease of $\$ 9.1$ million was in real property taxes, which was due to a slight decline in the value of net taxable real property as evidenced in the accompanying statistical tables but is an improvement as compared to the decrease of $\$ 15.2$ million experienced in the prior year.

Total expenses increased by only $\$ 347,055$ (less than 0.5 percent).

## COUNTY OF HAWAII

## Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

| Functions/Programs | Expenses | Program Revenues |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Charges for Services | Operating <br> Grants and <br> Contributions | Capital Grants and Contributions |
| Primary government: |  |  |  |  |
| Governmental activities: |  |  |  |  |
| General government | \$ 55,616,102 | \$ 1,695,152 | \$ 1,983,060 | \$ 5,217,111 |
| Public safety | 151,975,049 | 5,117,102 | 19,664,648 | 25 |
| Highways and streets | 42,219,903 | 10,159,443 | 2,073,483 | 97,316,020 |
| Health, education and welfare | 28,001,020 | 570,312 | 19,562,429 | 3,194,290 |
| Culture and recreation | 22,121,336 | 1,794,553 | 59,213 | 640,400 |
| Sanitation | 38,505,086 | 15,593,933 | 1,067,520 | 1,216,824 |
| Interest on long-term debt | 13,885,003 | - | - | - |
| Total governmental activities | 352,323,499 | 34,930,495 | 44,410,353 | 107,584,670 |
| Business-type activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Health, education and welfare | 496,017 | 432,057 | 123,800 | - |
| Total primary government | \$ 352,819,516 | \$ 35,362,552 | \$ 44,534,153 | \$107,584,670 |
| Component unit: |  |  |  |  |
| Water (note 14) | \$ 51,575,668 | \$ 48,406,240 | \$ - | \$ 15,226,253 |
|  | General revenues: |  |  |  |
|  | Taxes: |  |  |  |
|  | Property taxes, levied for general purposes |  |  |  |
|  | Public service company taxes |  |  |  |
|  | Public utility franchise taxes |  |  |  |
|  | Fuel taxes |  |  |  |
|  | Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs |  |  |  |
|  | Investment earnings (loss) |  |  |  |
|  | Other |  |  |  |
|  | Total general revenues |  |  |  |
|  | . Change in net position |  |  |  |
|  | Net position, beginning of year |  |  |  |
|  | Net position, end of year |  |  |  |

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.


## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL

 FINANCIAL REPORT of theCounty of Kaua'i, Hawai'i


For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

## COUNTY OF KAUA'I, HAWAI'I MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

The following is a summary of the Statement of Activities for the fiscal years ended June 30 , 2013 and 2012:

|  | GovernmentalActivities |  |  |  | Business-typeActivities |  |  |  | Total Primary Government |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2013 |  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2012 |  |
| Revenues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Program revenues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Charges for services | \$ | 19.49 | \$ | 16.94 | \$ | 11.78 | \$ | 10.03 | \$ | 31.27 | \$ | 26.97 |
| Operating grants and contributions |  | 19.89 |  | 22.72 |  | -- |  | -- |  | 19.89 |  | 22.72 |
| Capital grants and contributions |  | 13.94 |  | 9.32 |  | 5.71 |  | 6.50 |  | 19.65 |  | 15.82 |
| General revenues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Property taxes |  | 82.01 |  | 80.87 |  | -- |  | - |  | 82.01 |  | 80.87 |
| Other taxes |  | 12.92 |  | 12.77 |  | -- |  | -- |  | 12.92 |  | 12.77 |
| Other |  | 15.78 |  | 16.58 |  | 0.01 |  | 0.05 |  | 15.79 |  | 16.63 |
| Total Revenues |  | 164.03 |  | 159.20 |  | 17.50 |  | 16.58 |  | 181.53 |  | $\underline{175.78}$ |
| Expenses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General government |  | 36.91 |  | 32.78 |  | -- |  | -- |  | 36.91 |  | 32.78 |
| Public safety |  | 52.16 |  | 50.62 |  | -- |  | -- |  | 52.16 |  | 50.62 |
| Public works |  | 12.01 |  | 12.34 |  | -- |  | - |  | 12.01 |  | 12.34 |
| Highways and streets |  | 20.00 |  | 17.91 |  | -- |  | -- |  | 20.00 |  | 17.91 |
| Sanitation |  | 25.68 |  | 22.20 |  | -- |  | -- |  | 25.68 |  | 22.20 |
| Culture and recreation |  | 10.79 |  | 10.43 |  | -- |  | -- |  | 10.79 |  | 10.43 |
| Public welfare |  | 22.62 |  | 20.39 |  | -- |  | -- |  | 22.62 |  | 20.39 |
| Interest on long-term debt |  | 5.24 |  | 5.03 |  | - |  | - |  | 5.24 |  | 5.03 |
| Housing programs |  | -- |  | -- |  | 2.35 |  | 2.18 |  | 2.35 |  | 2.18 |
| Sewer |  | -- |  | -- |  | 13.45 |  | 8.25 |  | 13.45 |  | 8.25 |
| Golf |  |  |  | -- |  | 2.26 |  | 2.22 |  | 2.26 |  | 2.22 |
| Total Expenses |  | 185.41 |  | 171.70 |  | 18.06 |  | 12.65 |  | $\underline{203.47}$ |  | 184.35 |
| Increase (Decrease) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transfers |  | (0.62) |  | (4.06) |  | 0.62 |  | 4.06 |  | - - |  | - |
| Change in Net Position |  | (22.00) |  | (16.56) |  | 0.06 |  | 7.99 |  | (21.94) |  | (8.57) |
| Net Position - Beginning |  | 516.77 |  | 533.33 |  | 70.76 |  | 62.77 |  | $\underline{587.53}$ |  | $\underline{596.10}$ |
| Net Position - Ending |  | 494.77 | \$ | 516.77 | \$ | 70.82 | \$ | 70.76 | \$ | $\underline{565.59}$ |  | $\underline{587.53}$ |

## COUNTY OF KAUA'I, HAWAI! <br> STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Functions/Programs
Governmental Activities:
General government
Public safety
Public safety
Public works
Highways and streets
Highways
Sanitation
Culture and recreation
Public welfare
Interest on long-term debt, unallocated Total Governmental Activities

Business-lype Activities
Housing programs
Sewe
Total Business-type Activities Total Primary Government

Component Unit:
Department of Water

| Expenses | Program Revenues |  |  | Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Charges for Services | Operating Grants and Contributions | Capital Grants and Contributions | Primary Government |  |  |  |  |  | Component Unit |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities |  | Total |  | Department of Water |  |
| 36,906,688 | \$ 3,768,037 | \$ 2,428,667 | \$ 52,896 | \$ | $(30,657,088)$ | \$ | - | \$ | (30,657,088) | \$ | -- |
| 52,156,486 | 1,036,661 | 4,460,450 | - - |  | $(46,659,375)$ |  | - |  | $(46,659,375)$ |  | - |
| 12,011,341 | 1,410,220 | 597 | 528,324 |  | $(10,072,200)$ |  | - |  | $(10,072,200)$ |  | - |
| 19,996,535 | 4,613,966 | 500,288 | 12,855,835 |  | $(2,026,446)$ |  | - |  | $(2,026,446)$ |  | - |
| 25,685,902 | 6,563,506 | 339,504 | - |  | $(18,782,892)$ |  | - |  | $(18,782,892)$ |  |  |
| 10,791,475 | 672,755 | 20,664 | 500,000 |  | $(9,598,056)$ |  | - |  | $(9,598,056)$ |  | - |
| 22,624,202 | 1,427,164 | 12,142,664 | - |  | $(9,054,374)$ |  | - |  | $(9,054,374)$ |  | - |
| 5,240,755 | - | - | - |  | $(5,240,755)$ |  | -- |  | $(5,240,755)$ |  |  |
| 185,413,384 | 19,492,309 | 19,892,834 | 13,937,055 |  | $(132,091,186)$ |  | - |  | (132,091,186) |  | - |
| 2,352,640 | 1,749,444 | - | 2,431,223 |  | - |  | 1,828,027 |  | 1,828,027 |  | - |
| 13,447,969 | 8,854,282 | -- | 3,280,686 |  | - |  | $(1,313,001)$ |  | $(1,313,001)$ |  | - |
| 2,262,578 | 1,171,155 | - | - |  | -- |  | $(1,091,423)$ |  | $(1,091,423)$ |  | - |
| 18,063,187 | 11,774,881 | -- | 5,711,909 |  | - |  | $(576,397)$ |  | $(576,397)$ |  | - |
| \$ 203,476,571 | \$ 31,267,190 | \$ 19,892,834 | \$ 19,648,964 | \$ | $(132,091,186)$ | \$ | $(576,397)$ | \$ | (132,667,583) | \$ | -- |
| \$ 24,819,547 | \$ 28,357,143 | \$ | \$ 3,483,083 |  | -- |  | -- |  | -- |  | 7,020,679 |
| General Revenues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Property taxes |  |  |  |  | 82,008,842 |  | - |  | 82,008,842 |  | - |
| Public service co | mpany tax |  |  |  | 4,247,316 |  | - |  | 4,247,316 |  | - |
| Franchise tax |  |  |  |  | 4,746,998 |  | - |  | 4,746,998 |  | - |
| Fuel taxes |  |  |  |  | 3,929,570 |  | - |  | 3,929,570 |  | - |
| Grants and contr | ributions not restric | ted to specific pros | grams |  | 14,661,865 |  | - |  | 14,661,865 |  | - |
| Unrestricted inve | stment earnings |  |  |  | 1,115,555 |  | 14,402 |  | 1,129,957 |  | - |
| Transfers |  |  |  |  | (619,797) |  | 619,797 |  | -- |  | - |
| Total General R | Revenues and Tran | sfers |  |  | 110,090,349 |  | 634,199 |  | 110,724,548 |  | - |
| Change in Net | Position |  |  |  | $(22,000,837)$ |  | 57,802 |  | (21,943,035) |  | 7,020,679 |
| Net Position - Begin | inning of Year July | 1,2012 |  |  | 516,764,276 |  | 70,764,377 |  | 587,528,653 |  | 170,346,557 |
| Net Position - End | of Year June 30, 2 |  |  | \$ | 494,763,439 | \$ | 70,822,179 | \$ | 565,585,618 | \$ | 177,367,236 |

Home » Home » Latest Population Estimate Data

## LATEST POPULATION ESTIMATE DATA

The Latest Population Estimates contain the most up-to-date Hawaii population estimates. Data for July 1st of each year are available for total population; demographic components of change such as births, deaths, net migration; and characteristics such as age, sex, race ( 5 major race groups) and Hispanic origin. In addition to the above, housing unit data are also released annually. For Hawaii, total population estimates may be obtained for the state, 5 counties, 2 metropolitan areas, 2 micropolitan areas, and for only 1 census designated place (Honolulu CDP).

These data are released by the Population Estimates Program, which is a part of the U.S. Census Bureau. They are considered the official estimates of population and housing between decennial censuses. The estimates are based on the last decennial census figures and updated during the decade using administrative records data.

The latest state and county population counts for the State of Hawaii are the most frequently requested data. A good general way to start your data search is by using the " 2013 Population Estimates Summary" table and map which are linked below. They contain key data for July 1, 2013, the period 2012 to 2013, and the period 2010 to 2013 . More information may be found in the sections below the summary data

## 2013 POPULATION ESTIMATES SERIES

## 2013 Population Estimates Summary

2013 Population Estimates Summary - Table
Excel

2013 Population Estimates Summary - Interactive Map (by the DBEDT Office of Planning - Hawaii State
 GIS Program)

## 2013 State Population Estimates

Table 1: Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions and States, and for Puerto Rico: ■ Excel

April 1， 2010 to July 1， 2013

Estimates of the Components of Resident Population Change for April 1， 2010 to July 1， 2013 and for July 1， 2012 to July 1， 2013

Annual Population Estimates，Estimated Components of Resident Population Change，and Rates of the Components of Resident Population Change for the United States，States，and Puerto Rico：April 1， 2010 to July 1，2013

Annual Estimates of Resident Population Change for the United States，States，and Puerto Rico and State Rankings：April 1， 2010 to July 1，2013

Estimates of the Total Resident Population and Resident Population Age 18 Years and Older for the United States，States，and Puerto Rico：July 1，2013

Daily Estimated Population Averages for the State of Hawaii： 2012 to 2013

Vintage 2013 Population Estimates Release Notes（U．S．Census Bureau）

## 2013 State Characteristics

Hawaii Population Characteristics： 2013 （DBEDT analysis released June 26，2014）

Census Bureau Press Release

Annual Estimates of the Resident Population by Selected Age Groups for Hawaii：April 1， 2010 to July 1， 2013

Annual Estimates of the Resident Population by Sex，Age，Race，and Hispanic Origin for Hawaii：April 1， 2010 and July 1， 2013

Annual Estimates of the Resident Population by Sex，Age，Race Alone or in Combination，and Hispanic Origin for Hawaii：April 1， 2010 and July 1， 2013

Resident Population Estimates by Single Years of Age for the State of Hawaii： 2010 to 2013

Resident Population Estimates by Single Years of Age for the United States： 2010 to 2013
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## 2013 County Population Estimates

U．S．Census Bureau Press Release
$\checkmark$ County Population Facts（DBEDT analysis）

Table: Annual Estimates of the Resident Population: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2013

Table: Estimates of Resident Population Change and Rankings: July 1, 2012 to July 1, 2013

Table: Cumulative Estimates of Resident Population Change and Rankings: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2013

Table: Estimates of the Components of Population Change: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2013

Table: Resident Population Estimates of the 100 Fastest Growing U.S. Counties With 10,000 or More
Population in 2010: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2013

Table: Resident Population Estimates of the 100 Fastest Growing U.S. Counties With 10,000 or More Population in 2012: July 1, 2012 to July 1, 2013

Annual Resident Population Estimates, Estimated Components of Resident Population Change, and Rates of the Components of Resident Population Change for States and Counties: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2013 (all counties in the United States time series as well as Hawaii only portion)(CO-EST2013-alldata)

Hawaii County Rankings Among All U.S. Counties for Resident Population (table with Hawaii county rankings)

Hawaii County Rankings Among All U.S. Counties for Resident Population (all counties in the U.S. listed)

Excel

## 2013 County Characteristics

Hawaii Population Characteristics: 2013 (DBEDT analysis released June 26, 2014)

## Census Bureau Press Release

Annual Estimates of the Population by Selected Age Groups and Sex for the State of Hawaii and Its Counties: July 1, 2013

Annual Estimates of the Population by Sex, Race and Hispanic Origin for the State of Hawaii and Its Counties: April 1, 2010 and July 1, 2013

Annual Estimates of the Population by Sex, Race Alone or in Combination, and Hispanic Origin for the State of Hawaii and Its Counties: April 1, 2010 and July 1, 2013

## 2013 Metropolitan and Micropolitan Areas Population Estimates

U．S．Census Bureau Press Release

Table：Annual Estimates of the Resident Population：April 1， 2010 to July 1， 2013 －Metropolitan and Micropolitan Statistical Area

Table：Annual Estimates of the Resident Population：April 1， 2010 to July 1， 2013 －Metropolitan Statistical Area

Table：Annual Estimates of the Resident Population：April 1， 2010 to July 1， 2013 －Micropolitan Statistical Area

Table：Annual Estimates of the Resident Population：April 1， 2010 to July 1， 2013 －Combined Statistical Area

Table：Cumulative Estimates of Resident Population Change and Rankings：April 1， 2010 to July 1， 2013 － Metropolitan Statistical Area

Table：Cumulative Estimates of Resident Population Change and Rankings：April 1， 2010 to July 1， 2013 － Micropolitan Statistical Area

Table：Cumulative Estimates of Resident Population Change and Rankings：April 1， 2010 to July 1， 2013 － Combined Statistical Area

Table：Estimates of the Components of Resident Population Change：April 1， 2010 to July 1， 2013 － Metropolitan and Micropolitan Statistical Area

Table：Estimates of the Components of Resident Population Change：April 1， 2010 to July 1， 2013 － Metropolitan Statistical Area

Table：Estimates of the Components of Resident Population Change：April 1， 2010 to July 1， 2013 － Micropolitan Statistical Area

Table：Estimates of the Components of Resident Population Change：April 1， 2010 to July 1， 2013 － Combined Statistical Area

Annual Resident Population Estimates and Estimated Components of Resident Population Change for

Annual Resident Population Estimates and Estimated Components of Change for Combined Statistical

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Excel Areas and Their Geographic Components：April 1， 2010 to July 1， 2013

## 2013 Subcounty Population Estimates

## U．S．Census Bureau Press Release

Hawaii Subcounty Population Facts for July 1， 2013 （DBEDT analysis released May 22，2014）

Annual Estimates of the Resident Population for Incorporated Places of 50,000 or More，Ranked by July 1，回 Excel 2013 Population：April 1， 2010 to July 1， 2013 －United States－Places Over 50，000 Population

Cumulative Estimates of the Resident Population Change for Incorporated Places of 50，000 or More in
回 Excel 2010，Ranked by Percent Change：April 1， 2010 to July 1， 2013 －United States－Places Over 50，000 Population

Annual Estimates of the Resident Population：April 1， 2010 to July 1， 2013 （Hawaii）

Map of Urban Honolulu Census Designated Place（CDP）（by Office of Planning GIS Program）

Map of East Honolulu Census Designated Place（CDP）（by Office of Planning GIS Program）

## 2013 Housing Unit Estimates

## U．S．Census Bureau Press Release

Hawaii Housing Facts for July 1， 2013 （DBEDT analysis released May 22，2014）

Annual Estimates of Housing Units for the United States and States：April 1， 2010 to July 1， 2013

Annual Estimates of Housing Units for Counties in the State of Hawaii：April 1， 2010 to July 1， 2013

Estimates of Housing Unit Change for the United States and States，and State Rankings：July 1， 2012 to July 1， 2013

Cumulative Estimates of Housing Unit Change for the United States and States，and State Rankings：April 1， 2010 to July 1， 2013

Housing Unit Estimates for the 100 Fastest Growing Counties With 5，000 or More Housing Units：July 1， 2012 to July 1， 2013

Housing Unit Estimates for the 100 Fastest Growing Counties With 5，000 or More Housing Units：April 1， 2010 to July 1， 2013

## HISTORICAL POPULATION ESTIMATES DATA

## Intercensal Population Estimates：2000－2010（does not include revisions／additions released on 10／9／12）

Table．Intercensal Estimates of the Resident Population for the United States and the State of Hawaii：April 回 Excel 1， 2000 to July 1， 2010

Table 1. Intercensal Estimates of the Resident Population for the United States, Regions, States, and Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2010

Table 2. Intercensal Estimates of the Resident Population by Sex and Age for Hawaii: April 1, 2000 to July
Excel 1, 2010

Table 3. Intercensal Estimates of the Resident Population by Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin for Hawaii:
Excel April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2010

Table 1. Intercensal Estimates of the Resident Population for Counties of Hawaii: April 1, 2000 to July 1, Excel 2010

## State and County Intercensal Population Estimates: 1990 to 2000 (Revised April 2002)

| Numerical and Percent Change | Excel |
| :---: | :---: |
| Time Series of Hawaii Resident Population Estimates | Excel |
| Original Census Counties Including Kalawao County, State and County Intercensal Population Estimates | Excel |
| Time Series of Intercensal State Population Estimates (includes United States and all states) | Excel |
| Difference in Unrevised and Revised Figures for State and County Intercensal Population Estimates (includes charts) | Excel |
| State Age Estimates |  |
| Resident Population of Hawaii 1985-1990 by Single Year of Age (to 85+) and Sex | Excel |
| Resident Population of Hawaii 1980-1984 by Single Year of Age (to 85+) and Sex | Excel |
| Resident Population of Hawaii: 1970-1980 by Selected Age Groupings (to 65+) | Excel |

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## County Population Facts for the State of Hawaii

The U.S. Census Bureau released population estimates at the county level on March 27, 2014. The release contained population data from 2010 to 2013.

The data include total county population and the components of population changes, but no details by age, sex, and race are available at this time.

The following are some interesting facts about Hawaii's population from 2010 onward:

- Annual growth rates. Between July 1, 2010 and July 1, 2013, statewide population grew at a 1.0 percent annual rate. Growth rates for all the counties were similar with Maui and Kauai counties growing at 1.1 percent per year, Hawaii County at 1.0 percent, and Honolulu County at 0.9 percent. The growth of the resident population between July 1, 2010 and July 1, 2013 was mainly due to natural increase (birth less death) and international migration.
- Components of change. The average number of births in the state was 18,999 a year and the average number of deaths was 10,846 per year, resulting in an average natural increase of 8,153 persons per year between 2010 and 2013. There was an average of 7,277 net in-migrants a year from foreign countries. With a net loss of 1,892 people a year to the U.S. mainland, the result was a net gain of 5,385 people a year for the state from migration during the same time period.
- County's share of the state population. The population share among the counties in 2013 remained fairly stable since 2010 . Honolulu County's share, however, decreased very slightly from 70.1 to 70.0 over the period 2012 to 2013. Correspondingly, Kauai County with the smallest county population increased their share of the state population slightly from 4.9 to 5.0 during the same time period. Hawaii County remained at 13.6 percent of the state's population and Maui County at 11.4 percent during the 3 -year period.
- Births. Honolulu County accounted for 71.9 percent of the total births in the state between April 1, 2010 and July 1, 2013. Hawaii County had 12.9 percent, Maui County had 10.6 percent and Kauai County had 4.6 percent of the state total births during the same time period.
- Deaths. Honolulu County had 69.3 percent of the total deaths in the state, Hawaii County had 14.8 percent, Maui County had 10.5 percent, and Kauai County had 5.5 percent of the state's total deaths between April 1, 2010 and July 1, 2013.
- Domestic migration. All counties experienced larger domestic outmigration during the July 1, 2011 to July 1, 2013 period than the July 1, 2010 to July 1, 2011 period. A net of about 3,500 people moved from Oahu to the mainland each year from July 1, 2011 to July 1, 2013, about 2.7 folds of the 1,287 people who left the islands between July 1, 2010 and July 1, 2011.
- Net migration. Oahu had a net outmigration of 2,789 people to the mainland, which was offset by a net of 5,867 people moving in from foreign countries, leaving a net gain of 3,078 people a year during the July 1,2010 to July 1,2013 period.

Table 1-- RESIDENT POPULATION, BY COUNTY: 2000 TO 2013
[Based on place of usual residence, regardless of physical location on the estimate or census date. Includes military personnel stationed or homeported in Hawaii and residents temporarily absent; excludes visitors present]

|  | State <br> total | City and <br> County of <br> Honolulu | Hawaii <br> County | Kauai <br> County | Maui <br> County 1/ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2000: April 1 2/ | $1,211,537$ | 876,156 | 148,677 | 58,463 | 128,241 |
| July 1 | $1,213,519$ | 876,629 | 149,244 | 58,568 | 129,078 |
| 2001: July 1 | $1,225,948$ | 882,755 | 151,690 | 59,075 | 132,428 |
| 2002: July 1 | $1,239,613$ | 890,473 | 154,576 | 59,981 | 134,583 |
| 2003: July 1 | $1,251,154$ | 894,311 | 158,442 | 60,805 | 137,596 |
| 200:: July 1 | $1,273,569$ | 907,997 | 16,852 | 62,095 | 140,625 |
| 2005: July 1 | $1,292,729$ | 918,181 | 168,237 | 62,863 | 14,448 |
| 2006: July 1 | $1,309,731$ | 926,954 | 173,536 | 63,465 | 145,776 |
| 2007: July 1 | $1,315,675$ | 925,335 | 177,733 | 64,490 | 148,117 |
| 2008: July 1 | $1,332,213$ | 933,680 | 181,506 | 65,603 | 151,424 |
| 2009: July 1 | $1,346,717$ | 943,177 | 183,629 | 66,518 | 153,393 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2010: April 1 2/ | $1,360,301$ | 953,207 | 185,079 | 67,090 | 154,925 |
| July 1 | $1,363,731$ | 956,166 | 185,307 | 67,206 | 155,052 |
| 2011: July 1 | $1,376,897$ | 965,629 | 18,886 | 67,731 | 156,651 |
| 2012: July 1 | $1,390,090$ | 974,990 | 18,575 | 68,395 | 158,130 |
| 2013: July 1 | $1,404,054$ | 983,429 | 190,821 | 69,512 | 160,292 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

1/ Including Kalawao County (Kalaupapa Settlement). Kalawao had 147 in 2000, 90 in 2010 and 90 in 2013.

2/ April 1 resident total population estimates base.
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division.

Table 2-- GROWTH RATE OF RESIDENT POPULATION, BY COUNTY: 2000 TO 2013

|  | State total | City and <br> County of <br> Honolulu | Hawaii <br> County | Kauai <br> County | Maui <br> County 1/ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Percentage growth <br> from July of previous year |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 0.3 | -0.3 | 1.5 | 0.5 | 2.3 |
| 2002 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 1.6 | 0.9 | 2.6 |
| 2003 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.6 |
| 2004 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 2.2 |
| 2005 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 2.2 |
| 2006 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 3.3 | 1.2 | 2.0 |
| 2007 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 3.1 | 1.0 | 1.6 |
| 2008 | 0.5 | -0.2 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| 2009 | 1.3 | 0.9 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 2.2 |
| 2010 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.3 |
| 2011 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.1 |
| 2012 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 1.0 |
| 2013 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 0.9 |
| Annual average | 1.0 | 0.9 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 1.4 |
| growth rate (July 1) |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1990-1995$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1995-2000$ | 1.5 | 1.0 | 2.9 | 2.0 | 3.0 |
| $2000-2005$ | 0.3 | -0.1 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 1.8 |
| $2005-2010$ | 1.3 | 0.9 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 2.1 |
| $1990-2000$ | 1.1 | 0.8 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 1.6 |
| $2000-2010$ | 0.9 | 0.4 | 2.1 | 1.3 | 2.4 |
| $2010-2013$ | 1.2 | 0.9 | 2.2 | 1.4 | 1.9 |

1/ Including Kalawao County (Kalaupapa Settlement).
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division; calculations by the Hawaii State Department of Business, Economic Development \& Tourism.

Table 3-- PERCENTAGE SHARE OF RESIDENT POPULATION BY COUNTY: 2000 TO 2013
[Percentage of state totals)

| Date | City and <br> County of <br> Honolulu | Hawaii <br> County | Kauai <br> County | Maui <br> County 1/ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2000: April 1 2/ | 72.3 | 12.3 | 4.8 |  |
| July 1 | 72.2 | 12.3 | 4.8 | 10.6 |
| 2001: July 1 | 72.0 | 12.4 | 4.8 | 10.6 |
| 2002: July 1 | 71.8 | 12.5 | 4.8 | 10.8 |
| 2003: July 1 | 71.5 | 12.7 | 4.9 | 10.9 |
| 2004: July 1 | 71.3 | 12.8 | 4.9 | 11.0 |
| 2005: July 1 | 71.0 | 13.0 | 4.9 | 11.0 |
| 2006: July 1 | 70.8 | 13.2 | 4.8 | 11.1 |
| 2007: July 1 | 70.3 | 13.5 | 4.9 | 11.1 |
| 2008: July 1 | 70.1 | 13.6 | 4.9 | 11.3 |
| 2009: July 1 | 70.0 | 13.6 | 4.9 | 11.4 |
| 2010: April 1 2/ | 70.1 | 13.6 | 4.9 | 11.4 |
| July 1 | 70.1 | 13.6 | 4.9 | 11.4 |
| 2011: July 1 | 70.1 | 13.6 | 4.9 | 11.4 |
| 2012: July 1 | 70.1 | 13.6 | 4.9 | 11.4 |
| 2013: July 1 | 70.0 | 13.6 | 5.0 | 11.4 |

1/ Including Kalawao County (Kalaupapa Settlement).
2/ April 1 resident total population estimates base.
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division; calculations by the Hawaii State Department of Business, Economic Development \& Tourism.

Table 4-- COMPONENTS OF POPULATION CHANGE, BY COUNTY: 2010 TO 2013
(From July 1 to June 30)

| Component of population change | State total | City and County of Honolulu | Hawaii <br> County | Kauai <br> County | Maui County 1/ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Births |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2010 to 2011 | 19,155 | 13,778 | 2,454 | 891 | 2,032 |
| 2011 to 2012 | 18,825 | 13,497 | 2,436 | 873 | 2,019 |
| 2012 to 2013 | 19,016 | 13,663 | 2,474 | 896 | 1,983 |
| 2010-2013 Average | 18,999 | 13,646 | 2,455 | 887 | 2,011 |
| Deaths |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2010 to 2011 | 10,044 | 6,989 | 1,434 | 562 | 1,059 |
| 2011 to 2012 | 11,060 | 7,689 | 1,666 | 572 | 1,133 |
| 2012 to 2013 | 11,433 | 7,861 | 1,737 | 618 | 1,217 |
| 2010-2013 Average | 10,846 | 7,513 | 1,612 | 584 | 1,136 |
| Net international migration |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2010 to 2011 | 5,724 | 4,369 | 559 | 324 | 472 |
| 2011 to 2012 | 8,648 | 7,227 | 579 | 345 | 497 |
| 2012 to 2013 | 7,459 | 6,005 | 589 | 350 | 515 |
| 2010-2013 Average | 7,277 | 5,867 | 576 | 340 | 495 |
| Net domestic migration |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2010 to 2011 | -1,115 | -1,287 | 36 | -86 | 222 |
| 2011 to 2012 | -3,103 | -3,589 | 352 | 25 | 109 |
| 2012 to 2013 | -1,457 | -3,490 | 784 | 475 | 774 |
| 2010-2013 Average | -1,892 | -2,789 | 391 | 138 | 368 |

1/ Including Kalawao County (Kalaupapa Settlement).
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division; calculations by the Hawaii State Department of Business, Economic Development \& Tourism.

## Table 5-- Cumulative Estimates of the Components of Population Change for Counties of Hawaii: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2013

| State/County | Total population change $1 /$ | Natural increase |  |  | Net migration |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Births | Deaths | Total | Net international migration | Net domestic migration |
| Numeric change |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State of Hawaii | 43,753 | 26,544 | 61,617 | 35,073 | 17,517 | 23,621 | -6,104 |
| Honolulu | 30,222 | 19,989 | 44,288 | 24,299 | 10,608 | 19,032 | -8,424 |
| Hawaii | 5,742 | 2,755 | 7,947 | 5,192 | 2,912 | 1,872 | 1,040 |
| Kauai | 2,422 | 947 | 2,860 | 1,913 | 1,514 | 1,100 | 414 |
| Maui 2/ | 5,367 | 2,853 | 6,522 | 3,669 | 2,483 | 1,617 | 866 |
| Estimated average annual changes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State of Hawaii | 13,462 | 8,167 | 18,959 | 10,792 | 5,390 | 7,268 | -1,878 |
| Honolulu | 9,299 | 6,150 | 13,627 | 7,477 | 3,264 | 5,856 | -2,592 |
| Hawaii | 1,767 | 848 | 2,445 | 1,598 | 896 | 576 | 320 |
| Kauai | 745 | 291 | 880 | 589 | 466 | 338 | 127 |
| Maui 2/ | 1,651 | 878 | 2,007 | 1,129 | 764 | 498 | 266 |

Note: April 1 figure used was the resident population estimates base figure.
1/ Totals do not add up due to residuals caused in balancing all state populations to the national total.
2/ Maui County includes Kalawao County.
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division; calculations by the Hawaii State Department of Business,

## ARTICLE VIII

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

## Note

This article was renumbered from Article VII to be Article VIII by Const Con 1978 and election Nov 7, 1978. The former Article VIII now appears as Article IX.

## CREATION; POWERS OF POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS

Section 1. The legislature shall create counties, and may create other political subdivisions within the State, and provide for the government thereof. Each political subdivision shall have and exercise such powers as shall be conferred under general laws. [Ren and am Const Con 1978 and election Nov 7, 1978]

## Attorney General Opinions

Discussion of general laws. Att. Gen. Op. 61-36.
Law specifically repealing statute pertaining to single county is void as special law. Att. Gen. Op. 62-11.

Pari-mutuel law for a single county would be invalid as special law. Att. Gen. Op. 63-10.
Law conferring power on only certain specified counties is a special law. Att. Gen. Op. 63-22.
Section has prospective effect only, does not affect special laws enacted prior to statehood. Att. Gen. Op. 63-22.

Utilization of classification based upon population for legislation affecting political subdivisions of the State not violative of Constitution. Att. Gen. Op. 65-9.

Law that would confer on city and county power not conferred on other counties is a special law. Att. Gen. Op. 65-20.

A local option law is a general law if it applies to all counties and every county is given the same option. Att. Gen. Op. 67-5.

Repeal of special or local laws and replacing them with grants of general powers having uniform operation in all counties, does not violate Constitution. Att. Gen. Op. 87-1.

## Case Notes

In broadest sense, to be a "general law" must operate in all counties, but a law may apply to less than all counties and still be "general law" if it applies uniformly to a class of counties. 50 H .51 , 430 P.2d 321.

This provision not violated by Act 47, L 1967, providing for filling vacancy in office of county chairperson. 50 H. 51, 430 P.2d 32 I .

Subject to this provision requiring "general laws", the legislature is free to enact any legislation affecting the powers of political subdivisions, including amendment of charter provisions adopted pursuant to $\S 2$ of this article. $50 \mathrm{H} .277,439 \mathrm{P} .2 \mathrm{~d} 206$.

Generally on functions of statewide interest, if counties are not given specific authority, they cannot thwart the State. 56 H. 582, 545 P.2d 684.

Cited: 57 H. 390, 557 P.2d 1334.

## LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT; CHARTER

Section 2. Each political subdivision shall have the power to frame and adopt a charter for its own self-government within such limits and under such procedures as may be provided by general law. Such procedures, however, shall not require the approval of a charter by a legislative body.

Charter provisions with respect to a political subdivision's executive, legislative and administrative structure and organization shall be superior to statutory provisions, subject to the authority of the legislature to enact general laws allocating and reallocating powers and functions.

A law may qualify as a general law even though it is inapplicable to one or more counties by reason of the provisions of this section. [Am Const Con 1968 and election Nov 5, 1968; ren and am Const Con 1978 and election Nov 7, 1978]

General powers, see §46-1.5.

## Attorney General Opinions

Until section takes effect on January 1, 1972, legislature may by general law amend county charter. Att. Gen. Op. 70-6.

Legislature may not require those running for county office to resign from present public office. Att. Gen. Op. 75-22.

Counties may provide for nonpartisan election of prosecutor. Att. Gen. Op. 85-7.
Civil service systems defined in $\$ \S 76-77$ and 46-33 are not substantively so different as to represent special, rather than general laws for purposes of this section and article VIII, $\S 6$ of state constitution. Att. Gen. Op. 97-6.

## Law Journals and Reviews

Kaiser Hawaii Kai Development Company v. City and County of Honolulu: Zoning by Initiative in Hawaii. 12 UH L. Rev. 181.
Marsland v. First Hawaiian Bank: Home Rule and the Scope of the County Prosecutor's Power. 12 UH L. Rev. 261.

## Case Notes

A charter framed and adopted as authorized by this section may be amended by the legislature by general law. 50 H. 277, 439 P.2d 206.

Provisions in charter must be limited to self-government of political subdivisions and within limits of general law. 56 H. 582, 545 P.2d 684.

Counties not authorized to include charter provisions repugnant to statutes in areas of civil service and compensation. 59 H. 65, 576 P.2d 1029.

Provisions of Maui Charter on the departments of water supply, police and liquor control relate to executive and administrative structure and organization and are superior to statutory provisions. 59 H. 65, 576 P. 2 d 1029.

Power of legislature to enact laws of statewide concern not limited by this section; §§46-21.5 and 78-18.3 not unconstitutional under this section as provisions intended to allow for integrated, equitable, and reasonable salaries among top-level officers of all jurisdictions was a matter of statewide concern and thus was a matter within the powers of the legislature. $67 \mathrm{H} .412,689 \mathrm{P} .2 \mathrm{~d} 757$.

County charter which permitted zoning by initiative was not superior to state statute. 70 H .480 , 777 P.2d 244.

Challenge to election results regarding proposed amendments to county charter barred by doctrine of laches. $72 \mathrm{H} .499,823$ P.2d 738.

Ordinance in conflict with express provision in county charter was invalid. $72 \mathrm{H} .513,823$ P.2d 742.

## TAXATION AND FINANCE

Section 3. The taxing power shall be reserved to the State, except so much thereof as may be delegated by the legislature to the political subdivisions, and except that all functions, powers and duties relating to the taxation of real property shall be exercised exclusively by the counties, with the exception of the county of Kalawao. The legislature shall have the power to apportion state revenues among the several political subdivisions. [Ren and am Const Con 1978 and election Nov 7, 1978]

## Attorney General Opinions

As section authorizes delegation of taxing power to political subdivisions, $\S 248-2$, authorizing counties to set real property tax rate, is not in violation of article VI, §1. Att. Gen. Op. 68-25.

Law Journals and Reviews
Real Property Tax Litigation in Hawaii. III HBJ No. 13, at pg. 57.

## Case Notes

Where city ordinance did not require that funds generated by a "convicted persons" charge be used to defray the city's investigative and prosecutorial costs associated with the individual payor's case, leaving open the possibility that the charge could be used for general revenue raising purposes, ordinance was not a "service fee" under §46-1.5(8), but a tax, which the State did not empower the city to impose; thus ordinance was invalid. $89 \mathrm{H} .361,973$ P. 2 d 736.

Because this section and §246A-2 cover the whole subject of the counties' real property taxation power and embrace the entire law on the matter, $\S 248-2$, by limiting Maui county's real property taxation powers, is in conflict and is repealed by implication. 90 H. 334, 978 P.2d 772.

Waiahole Ditch water use permittees being required to fund subsequent stream studies and monitoring activities was not an illegal "tax" where the studies directly benefited permittees by helping them prove as required under $\S 174 \mathrm{C}$ 49 that their uses were "reasonable-beneficial" and "consistent with the public interest" and by also allowing them exclusive use of public resources in the interim, despite the present absence of such proof. 94 H. 97, 9 P.3d 409.

The constitutional rule of tax immunity did not operate to immunize the State from the contractual obligations it voluntarily assumed through its leases to pay the real property taxes of its lessors. $99 \mathrm{H} .508,57 \mathrm{P} .3 \mathrm{~d} 433$.
"The counties", as referred to in this section, means county or local governments, i.e., county
councils. 115 H. 15, 165 P.3d 916.
Where charter amendment usurped the county government's/county council's "functions, powers and duties relating to the taxation of real property", the charter amendment was unconstitutional pursuant to this section. 115 H .15 , 165 P.3d 916.

Amounts assessed against insurers for payment into the insurance regulation fund under $\$ 431: 2-215$ was a regulatory fee and not an unconstitutional tax where (1) the charges were assessed by the commissioner; (2) the assessments were placed into a special fund intended to reimburse the division for insurance industry regulating costs; and (3) moneys from the fund to pay for services provided by the departments of commerce and consumer affairs and budget and finance, and to buttress the division's reserve fund were "used for the regulation or benefit of the parties upon whom the assessment was imposed". 120 H. 51,201 P.3d 564.

Where regulatory fees assessed against insurers by the insurance commissioner, an officer of the executive branch, for payment into the insurance regulation fund under $\S 431: 2-215$ were transferred by the legislature via transfer bills from the insurance division into the general fund, and the regulatory fees became available for general purposes as if derived from general tax revenues, the transfers violated the separation of powers doctrine under this section and §26-10(b). 120 H. 51, 201 P.3d 564.

Cited: 73 H. 449, 834 P.2d 1302.

## MANDATES; ACCRUED CLAIMS

Section 4. No law shall be passed mandating any political subdivision to pay any previously accrued claim. [Ren Const Con 1978 and election Nov 7, 1978]

Case Notes
Cited: 50 H. 277, 439 P.2d 206.

## TRANSFER OF MANDATED PROGRAMS

Section 5. If any new program or increase in the level of service under an existing program shall be mandated to any of the political subdivisions by the legislature, it shall provide that the State share in the cost. [Add Const Con 1978 and election Nov 7, 1978]

## Cross References

Interpretation of county functions under state water code, see §174C-4.

## Attorney General Opinions

State not required to share cost of maintaining public highways. Att. Gen. Op. 86-15.
If extending survey and reporting requirements to new enterprise zone (EZ) created by the legislature would result in an increase in the level of service under city and county's existing program, then, unless department was willing to share in the cost, city and county was not required to submit initial survey or annual report on new EZ. Att. Gen. Op. 98-1.

## STATEWIDE LAWS

Section 6. This article shall not limit the power of the legislature to enact laws of statewide concern. [Ren and am Const Con 1978 and election Nov 7, 1978]

## Attorney General Opinions

Civil service systems defined in $\S \S 76-77$ and $46-33$ are not substantively so different as to represent special, rather than general laws for purposes of this section and article VIII, $\S 2$ of state constitution. Att. Gen. Op. 97-6.

Law Journals and Reviews
Marsland v. First Hawaiian Bank: Home Rule and the Scope of the County Prosecutor's Power. 12 UH L. Rev. 261.

## Case Notes

Did not preempt ordinance relating to residential condominium leasehold conversion. 76 H .46 , 868 P.2d 1193.
The power to set exemptions from real property taxation is not a matter of statewide concern reserved to the legislature under this section. $99 \mathrm{H} .508,57$ P.3d 433.

## ARTICLE IX

PUBLIC HEALTH AND WELFARE

Note
This article was renumbered from Article VIII to be Article IX by Const Con 1978 and election Nov 7, 1978. The former Article IX now appears as Article X.

## Law Journals and Reviews

Environmental Protection Based on State Constitutional Law: A Call for Reinterpretation. 12 UH L. Rev. 123.

PUBLIC HEALTH
Section 1. The State shall provide for the protection and promotion of the public health. [Ren Const Con 1978 and election Nov 7, 1978]

## Attorney General Opinions

Enumeration of certain powers by this section was not intended to restrict the legislature. Att. Gen. Op. 68-17.

## CARE OF HANDICAPPED PERSONS

Section 2. The State shall have the power to provide for the treatment and rehabilitation of handicapped persons. [Ren and am Const Con 1978 and election Nov 7, 1978]

## PUBLIC ASSISTANCE

Section 3. The State shall have the power to provide financial assistance, medical assistance and social services for persons who are found to be in need of and are eligible for such assistance and services as provided by law. [Ren and am Const Con 1978 and election Nov 7, 1978]

# HAWAII REVISED STATUTES 

COMPRISING THE STATUTES<br>OF THE STATE OF HAWAII, CONSOLIDATED, REVISED, AND ANNOTATED

## VOLUME 1

2009 REPLACEMENT
(Including Acts of the 2009 Regular and Special Sessions)

TITLES 1-5, CHAPTERS 1-42F


# 4. STATE ORGANIZATION AND ADMINISTRATION, GENERALLY 

Chapter<br>26 Executive and Administrative Departments<br>26H Hawaii Regulatory Licensing Reform Act<br>27 State Functions and Responsibilities<br>27C State Information Service<br>27G Access Hawail Committee<br>28 Attorney General<br>29 Federal Aid<br>30 Gubernatorial Transition<br>\section*{CHAPTER 26 EXECUTIVE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DEPARTMENTS}

[^0]26-36 Acting members of boards
26-37 SUBSTITUTES FOR OFFICIALS CALLED INTO ACTIVE SERVICE
26-38 POWERS AND DUTIES OF HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS
26-39 DEPARTMENT STAFFS
26-40 Repealed
26-41 Temporary boards and commissions

Part III. Salaries, Certain State Officers
26-51 Governor; lieutenant governor
26-52 Department heads and executive officers
26-53 Deputies or assistants to department heads
26-54 Administrative director of the State
26-55 Repealed
26-56 Commission on salaries

## Cross References

Access Hawaii committee (management of State's internet portal), see chapter 27G. Uniform electronic transactions act, see chapter 489E.

## PART I. ORGANIZATION, GENERALLY

§26-1 Office of the lieutenant governor. (a) Except as otherwise provided by law, the lieutenant governor is designated the secretary of state for intergovernmental relations and shall perform the duties and functions heretofore exercised by the secretary of Hawaii. The duties and functions shall include, but not be limited to, recordation of all legislative and gubernatorial acts, certification of state documents, and maintenance of an official file of rules adopted by state departments as provided in chapter 91. The lieutenant governor may employ staff as necessary without regard to chapter 76.
(b) The lieutenant governor, with the approval of the governor, may designate some other officer of the government of the State to authenticate documents on behalf of the lieutenant governor during the lieutenant governor's temporary absence outside the State or during the lieutenant governor's illness whenever the documents require the signature of the lieutenant governor. The person shall affix the person's own signature to the document with the words, "for the lieutenant governor" following and the signature shall be deemed to satisfy the requirement of the lieutenant governor's signature on the document. The designation and approval shall be in writing and shall be filed in the office of the governor and a copy thereof, certified by the governor, shall be filed with the public archives. The person so designated shall serve without additional compensation and the lieutenant governor shall be responsible and liable on the lieutenant governor's official bond for all acts done by the person so designated in the performance of the duties on behalf of the lieutenant governor.
(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the person to exercise and discharge the powers and duties of the office of the governor as provided by the first paragraph of Article V, section 4, of the Constitution of the State. The person shall not be authorized to exercise any powers whenever a successor to the lieutenant governor assumes the duties of the lieutenant governor pursuant to Article V, section 4, of the Constitution.
(d) In addition to the functions and duties provided by law, the lieutenant governor shall assume administrative responsibility for the office of information practices.
(e) The governor shall identify and direct other duties as necessary to the lieutenant governor. [L Sp 1959 2d, c 1, §9; am L 1963, c 30, §1; am L. 1965, c 96,
§10; Supp, §14A-8; HRS §26-1; am L 1981, c 82, §5; gen ch 1985; am L 1987, c 213, §1; am L 1995, c 151, §2; am L Sp 1995, c 27, §§9, 15; am L 1998, c 137, §3; am L 1999, c 141, §3; am L 2000, c 253, §150; am L 2005, c 147, §1]
§26-2 Order of succession to offices of governor and lieutenant governor. (a) When the office of lieutenant governor is vacant by reason of the lieutenant governor's becoming governor, or the lieutenant governor's failure to qualify, or the lieutenant governor's removal from office, death, resignation, or otherwise, the powers and duties of the office of lieutenant governor shall devolve upon the president of the senate; or, if there is none or upon the president's failure to resign promptly from all legislative offices held by the president, then upon the speaker of the house of representatives; or if there is none or upon the speaker's failure to resign promptly from all legislative offices held by the speaker, then upon the attorney general, the director of finance, the comptroller, the director of taxation, and the director of human resources development in the order named; provided that any officer upon whom the powers and duties of the office of lieutenant governor devolve may decline the powers and duties without the officer's resignation from the office by virtue of the holding of which the officer qualifies to act as lieutenant governor, in which event the powers and duties will devolve upon the next officer listed in the order of succession.
(b) When the lieutenant governor is temporarily absent from the State or is temporarily disabled, the powers and duties of the office of the lieutenant governor shall devolve upon the foregoing officers, other than the president of the senate and the speaker of the house, in the order named.
(c) The powers and duties of any officer acting as lieutenant governor under this section shall include the powers and duties of the office of governor when that office is vacant, or when the governor is absent from the State or is unable to exercise and discharge the powers and duties of the governor's office, in addition to the other powers and duties of the lieutenant governor.

No person other than the elected governor or lieutenant governor shall become governor, provision being made by this section only for an acting governor.
(d) An officer succeeding to the powers and duties of the lieutenant governor, under subsection (b) of this section, may designate an officer in the office of the lieutenant governor to perform any or all functions other than those pertaining to the office of governor.
(e) During the period that any officer, under this section is exercising the powers and performing the duties of the office of governor or lieutenant governor by reason of a permanent vacancy therein, and not otherwise, the officer shall receive the compensation and perquisites of the governor or lieutenant governor, as the case may be.
(f) In a case covered by subsection (a), the taking of the oath of office by an officer, other than a legislative officer required to resign under subsection (a), shall be held to constitute the officer's resignation from the office by virtue of the holding of which the officer qualifies to act as lieutenant governor.
(g) No officer shall act as governor or lieutenant governor under subsection (a) or (b) of this section, unless the officer is eligible to the office of governor under the constitution. No officer other than a legislative officer shall act as governor or lieutenant governor under this section unless the officer has been appointed and confirmed prior to the time the powers and duties of the office of governor or of lieutenant governor devolve upon the officer. No officer shall act as governor or lieutenant governor under this section if the officer is under
impeachment at the time the powers and duties of the office of governor or lieutenant governor devolve upon the officer. [L 1965, c 262, §1; Supp, §14A-8.5; HRS §26-2; gen ch 1985; am L 1994, c 56, §21]

## Case Notes

Section provides order of succession that applies only after respective officers have properly been elected to public office; it does not relieve prospective candidate from compliance with Hawai constitution, article V, $\S 2$ during the qualification and nomination process. $81 \mathrm{H} .230,915$ P. 2 d 704.
§26-3 Position of administrative director created. The governor shall appoint, and may remove, an administrative director, without regard to chapter 76. The administrative director shall be experienced in the operations of government. The administrative director shall assist the governor by gathering and collating information concerning the functioning of the state government, by establishing and maintaining liaison among the several departments, by preparing the agenda for cabinet meetings, by administering management improvement programs, and in such other manner as the governor may direct.

The administrative director shall be a member of the state employees' retirement system and shall be included under the operations of the federal social security program or any other state or federal employee benefit program generally applicable to officers and employees of the State. [L 1959, c 273, §§1, 2; am L 1962, c 28, §24; am L 1965, c 223, §8(a); Supp, §14A-7; HRS §26-3; gen ch 1985; am L 2000, c 253, §150]
§26-4 Structure of government. Under the supervision of the governor, all executive and administrative offices, departments, and instrumentalities of the state government and their respective functions, powers, and duties shall be allocated among and within the following principal departments that are hereby established:
(1) Department of human resources development (Section 26-5)
(2) Department of accounting and general services (Section 26-6)
(3) Department of the attorney general (Section 26-7)
(4) Department of budget and finance (Section 26-8)
(5) Department of commerce and consumer affairs (Section 26-9)
(6) Department of taxation (Section 26-10)
(7) University of Hawaii (Section 26-11)
(8) Department of education (Section 26-12)
(9) Department of health (Section 26-13)
(10) Department of human services (Section 26-14)
(11) Department of land and natural resources (Section 26-15)
(12) Department of agriculture (Section 26-16)
(13) Department of Hawaiian home lands (Section 26-17)
(14) Department of business, economic development, and tourism (Section 26-18)
(15) Department of transportation (Section 26-19)
(16) Department of labor and industrial relations (Section 26-20)
(17) Department of defense (Section 26-21)
(18) Department of public safety (Section 26-14.6). [L Sp 1959 2d, c 1, §3; am L 1961, c 132, §1(a); am L 1963, c 2, §1 and c 114, §§2, 4; Supp, §14A-1; HRS §26-4; am L 1970, c 105, §4; am L 1982, c 204, §8; am L 1987, c 336, §3(1), c 338, §1(2), and c 339, §2(1); am L 1989, c 211, §§3, 4; am L 1990, c 293, §8; am L 1991, c 293, §§1, 5; am L 1994, c 56, §1]

Cross References

Hawaii health authority, see chapter 322 H .

## Attorney General Opinions


#### Abstract

The office of the governor is a constitutional office established by $\S 1$ of article $V$ of the state constitution and is not a principal department of the state executive branch listed in this section; thus, any agency that is not temporary and for special purposes cannot be validly placed within the office of the governor. Att. Gen Op. 96-1.


## Case Notes

Administrative agency is not a "person" under Civil Rights Act, 42 USCA §̧1983. 396 F. Supp. 375.

Presumption of constitutionality applies to policies set by state agencies. 56 H. 601,546 P.2d 1005.
§26-5 Department of human resources development. (a) The department of human resources development shall be headed by a single executive to be known as the director of human resources development.
(b) The department shall administer the state human resources program, including human resources development and training, and central human resources services such as recruitment, examination, classification, pay administration, and payment of any claims as required under chapter 386.
(c) There shall be within the department of human resources development a board to be known as the merit appeals board which shall sit as an appellate body on matters set forth in section 76-14. The board shall consist of three members. All members shall have knowledge of public employment laws and prior experience with public employment; provided that at least one member's experience was with an employee organization as a member or an employee of that organization and at least one member's experience was with management. The governor shall consider the names of qualified individuals submitted by employee organizations or management before appointing the members of the board. The chairperson of the board shall be designated as specified in the rules of the board.
(d) The provisions of section 26-34 shall not apply and the board members shall be appointed by the governor for four-year terms and may be re-appointed without limitation; provided that the initial appointments shall be for staggered terms, as determined by the governor. The governor shall fill any vacancy by appointing a new member for a four-year term. The governor may remove for cause any member after due notice and public hearing.
(e) Nothing in this section shall be construed as in any manner affecting the civil service laws applicable to the several counties, the judiciary, or the Hawaii health systems corporation or its regional system boards, which shall remain the same as if this chapter had not been enacted.
(f) There is established in the state treasury the human resources development special fund, to be administered by the department of human resources development, which shall consist of: all revenues received by the department as a result of entrepreneurial efforts in securing new sources of funds not provided for in the department's budget for services rendered by the department, all revenues received by the department from the charging of participant fees for in-service training that are in addition to general fund appropriations in the department's budget for developing and operating in-service training programs, appropriations made by the legislature to the fund, and moneys directed to the department from any other source, including gifts, grants, and awards.

Moneys in the human resources development special fund shall be used for the following purposes:
(1) Supporting the department's entrepreneurial initiatives, training activities, and programs;
(2) Administrative costs of the department's entrepreneurial initiatives, training activities, and programs; and
(3) Any other purpose deemed necessary by the director for the purpose of facilitating the department's entrepreneurial initiatives, training activities, and programs.
(g) The department of human resources development shall submit, no later than twenty days prior to the convening of each regular session [of the legislature] beginning with the regular session of 2007 , a report of the number of exempt positions that were converted to civil service positions during the previous twelve months. The report shall include but not be limited to:
(1) When the position was established;
(2) The purpose of the position;
(3) Rationale for the conversion; and
(4) How many exempt positions remain in each state department after the conversions. [L Sp 1959 2d, c 1, §11; am L 1965, c 206, §1; Supp, §14A10; HRS §26-5; am L 1969, c 41, §1; gen ch 1985; am L 1994, c 56, §2; am L 2000, c 253, §2; am L 2001, c 123, §9; am L 2006, c 300, §21; am L 2007, c 290, §3]

## Revision Note

Subsection (g) is codified to this section pursuant to $\S 23 \mathrm{G}-15$.

## Cross References

Commission on salaries, see §26-56.
§26-6 Department of accounting and general services. (a) The department of accounting and general services shall be headed by a single executive to be known as the comptroller.
(b) The department shall:
(1) Preaudit and conduct after-the-fact audits of the financial accounts of all state departments to determine the legality of expenditures and the accuracy of accounts;
(2) Report to the governor and to each regular session of the legislature as to the finances of each department of the State;
(3) Administer the state risk management program;
(4) Establish and manage motor pools;
(5) Manage the preservation and disposal of all records of the State;
(6) Undertake the program of centralized engineering and office leasing services, including operation and maintenance of public buildings, for departments of the State;
(7) Undertake the functions of the state surveyor;
(8) Establish accounting and internal control systems;
(9) Provide centralized computer information management and processing services, coordination in the use of all information processing equipment, software, facilities, and services in the executive branch of the State, and consultation and support services in the use of information processing and management technologies to improve the effi-
ciency, effectiveness, and productivity of state government programs; and
(10) Establish, coordinate, and manage a program to provide a means for public access to public information and develop and operate an information network in conjunction with its overall plans for establishing a communication backbone for state government.
(c) The state communication system shall be established to:
(1) Facilitate implementation of the State's distributed information processing and information resource management plans;
(2) Improve data, voice, and video communications in state government;
(3) Provide a means for connectivity among the state, university, and county computer systems; and
(4) Provide a long-term means for public access to public information.
(d) The department may adopt rules as may be necessary or desirable for the operation and maintenance of public buildings, and for the operation and implementation of a program to provide a means for public access to the State's information network system and public information. The rules shall be adopted pursuant to chapter 91.
(e) The King Kamehameha celebration commission shall be placed within the department of accounting and general services for administrative purposes. The functions, duties, and powers, subject to the administrative control of the comptroller, and the composition of the commission shall be as heretofore provided by law.
(f) The functions and authority heretofore exercised by the comptroller, board of commissioners of public archives, the archivist, the disposal committee, and the insurance management, surplus property management, and central purchasing functions of the bureau of the budget and the nonhighway functions of the department of public works as heretofore constituted are transferred to the department of accounting and general services established by this chapter. [L Sp 1959 2d, c 1, §12; am L 1963, c 77, §2; Supp, §14A-11; HRS §26-6; am L 1970, c 19, §1; am L 1981, c 82, §6; am L 1994, c 45, §1 and c 186, §2; am L 1995, c 126, §1; am L 2005, c 22, §1]

## Cross References

Access Hawaii committee (management of State's internet portal), see chapter 27G.
§26-7 Department of the attorney general. The department of the attorney general shall be headed by a single executive to be known as the attorney general.

The department shall administer and render state legal services, including furnishing of written legal opinions to the governor, legislature, and such state departments and officers as the governor may direct; represent the State in all civil actions in which the State is a party; approve as to legality and form all documents relating to the acquisition of any land or interest in lands by the State; and, unless otherwise provided by law, prosecute cases involving violations of state laws and cases involving agreements, uniform laws, or other matters which are enforceable in the courts of the State. The attorney general shall be charged with such other duties and have such authority as heretofore provided by common law or statute.

There shall be within the department of the attorney general a commission to be known as the commission to promote uniform legislation which shall sit in an advisory capacity to the attorney general and to the legislature on matters
relating to the promotion of uniform legislation. The composition of the commission shall be as heretofore provided for the commission to promote uniform legislation existing immediately prior to November 25,1959 . The members of the commission shall be nominated, and by and with the advice and consent of the senate, appointed by the governor for terms of four years each, provided that each member shall hold office until the member's successor is appointed and qualified; and provided also that the provisions of section $26-34$, limiting the appointment of members of boards and commissions to two terms and the duration of membership to not more than eight consecutive years shall not be applicable.

The functions and authority heretofore exercised by the attorney general, high sheriff, and the commission to promote uniform legislation as heretofore constituted are transferred to the department of the attorney general established by this chapter. [L Sp 1959 2d, c 1, §13; am L 1965, c 127, §1; Supp, §14A-12; HRS §26-7; am L 1969, c 123, §1 and c 175, §12; am L 1975, c 20, §1; gen ch 1985; am L 1989, c 211, §10; am L 1990, c 281, §11]

## Case Notes

Compromise agreement resolving legal claim against board of land and natural resources was not binding on State without attorney general's approval. 57 H. 259, 554 P.2d 761.
Attorney general may represent a state employee in a civil action while prosecuting the same employee in a criminal matter. $71 \mathrm{H} .598,801$ P.2d 548

Without express authorization of employees' retirement system board, attorney general lacked power to file appeal on board's behalf from circuit court's final order; where attorney general perceived conflict of interest with board, attorney general was ethically obligated to recommend retention of other counsel to represent board and take other appropriate action. $87 \mathrm{H} .152,952$ P.2d 1215.
§26-8 Department of budget and finance. (a) The department of budget and finance shall be headed by a single executive to be known as the director of finance.
(b) The department shall:
(1) Undertake the preparation and execution of the executive budget of the state government;
(2) Conduct a systematic and continuous review of the finances, organization, and methods of each department of the State to assist each department in achieving the most effective expenditure of all public funds and to determine that such expenditures are in accordance with the budget laws and controls in force;
(3) Have custody of state funds and be responsible for the safekeeping, management, investment, and disbursement thereof; and
(4) Administer state debts.
(c) The functions and authority heretofore exercised by the bureau of the budget (except for insurance management, surplus property management, and central purchasing transferred to the department of accounting and general services) and the funds custody, cash management, debt management, and administering of veterans loan functions of the treasurer as heretofore constituted are transferred to the department of budget and finance established by this chapter.
(d) The employees retirement system as constituted by chapter 88 is placed within the department of budget and finance for administrative purposes. The functions, duties, and powers, subject to the administrative control of the director of finance, and the composition of the board of trustees of the employees retirement system shall be as heretofore provided by law.

The public utilities commission is placed within the department of budget and finance for administrative purposes only. [L Sp 1959 2d, c 1, §14; am L 1963, c 114, §2; Supp, §14A-13; HRS §26-8; am L 1971, c 107, §4; am L 1976, c 165, §7; am L Sp 1988, c 1, §4; am L 1989, c 26, §1; am L 1992, c 308, §3; am L 1995, c 126, §2; am L 1997, c 350, §3]

## Case Notes

Budget expenditures of the department of education, discussed. 70 H. 253, 768 P. 2 d 1279.
§26-9 Department of commerce and consumer affairs. (a) The department of commerce and consumer affairs shall be headed by a single executive to be known as the director of commerce and consumer affairs.
(b) The department shall protect the interests of consumers, depositors, and investors throughout the State. It shall set standards and enforce all laws and rules governing the licensing and operation of, and register and supervise the conduct of, trades, businesses, and professions, including banks, insurance companies, brokerage firms, and other financial institutions.
(c) The board of acupuncture, board of public accountancy, board of barbering and cosmetology, boxing commission, board of chiropractic examiners, contractors license board, board of dental examiners, board of electricians and plumbers, elevator mechanics licensing board, board of professional engineers, architects, surveyors, and landscape architects, board of massage therapy, Hawaii medical board, motor vehicle industry licensing board, motor vehicle repair industry board, board of naturopathic medicine, board of nursing, board of examiners in optometry, pest control board, board of pharmacy, board of physical therapy, board of psychology, board of private detectives and guards, real estate commission, board of veterinary examiners, board of speech pathology and audiology, and any board, commission, program, or entity created pursuant to or specified by statute in furtherance of the purpose of this section including but not limited to section $26 \mathrm{H}-4$, or chapters $484,514 \mathrm{~A}, 514 \mathrm{~B}$, and 514 E shall be placed within the department of commerce and consumer affairs for administrative purposes.
(d) Except as otherwise provided by this chapter, the functions, duties, and powers, subject to the administrative control of the director of commerce and consumer affairs, and the composition of each board and commission shall be as provided by law.
(e) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, the employment, appointment, promotion, transfer, demotion, discharge, and job descriptions of all officers and employees under the administrative control of this department shall be determined by the director of commerce and consumer affairs subject only to applicable personnel laws.
(f) The director of commerce and consumer affairs may appoint a hearings officer or officers not subject to chapter 76 to hear and decide any case or controversy regarding licenses and the application and enforcement of rules involving any of the boards, commissions, or regulatory programs within the department of commerce and consumer affairs. The hearings officer or officers shall have power to issue subpoenas, administer oaths, hear testimony, find facts, and make conclusions of law and a recommended decision; provided that the conclusions and decisions shall be subject to review and redetermination by the officer, board, or commission which would have heard the case in the first instance in the absence of a hearings officer. The review shall be conducted in accordance with chapter 91.
(g) The director of commerce and consumer affairs may appoint an information officer not subject to chapter 76 who shall ensure the prompt and efficient handling of consumer inquiries and the development of a strong consumer education program.
(h) The director may appoint a complaints and enforcement officer not subject to chapter 76 who shall facilitate the receipt, arbitration, investigation, prosecution, and hearing of complaints regarding any person who furnishes commodities, services, or real estate for which a license, registration, or certificate is required from the department or any board, commission, or regulatory program thereunder. In representing the State in bringing any action to enjoin unlicensed, unregistered, or uncertified activities, the department of commerce and consumer affairs' attorneys shall be empowered to exercise all authority granted to the attorney general and to the director of the office of consumer protection under sections 487-12, 487-14, 480-3.1, 480-15, 480-15.1, 480-20(c), and $480-22$, as these sections now exist and as they subsequently may be amended. The attorneys also shall be empowered to exercise all authority granted to the attorney general and to the responsible attorneys of the various counties under section $92 \mathrm{~F}-13$ in all cases involving documents and records within the custody or control of the regulated industries complaints office.
(i) The functions and authority previously exercised by the treasurer (except funds custody, cash management, debt management, and administering of veterans loans transferred to the department of budget and finance) as constituted are transferred to the department of commerce and consumer affairs established by this chapter.
(j) In the course of an investigation of matters affecting the interest of consumers, depositors, or investors, or of any other matter within the jurisdiction of the department, the director shall have the power to subpoena witnesses, examine witnesses under oath, and require the production of books, papers, documents, or objects that the director deems relevant or material to the inquiry. Upon application by the director, obedience to the subpoena may be enforced by the circuit court in the county in which the person subpoenaed resides or is found in the same manner as a subpoena issued by the clerk of a circuit court.

The director shall appoint and commission one or more investigators as the exigencies of the public service may require. Persons appointed and commissioned under this section may serve subpoenas and serve process and orders pursuant to section 634-21. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to entitle persons appointed and commissioned by the director to retirement benefits applicable to police officers under chapter 88.
(k) The director may adopt, amend, or repeal rules pursuant to chapter 91 to effectuate the purposes of all laws within the jurisdiction of the department of commerce and consumer affairs. The director's authority to adopt rules shall not modify, impair, or otherwise affect the power of boards and commissions placed within the department of commerce and consumer affairs for administrative purposes from adopting, amending, or repealing rules, except as provided for in subsection (1).
(1) Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, the director of commerce and consumer affairs may:
(1) Establish, increase, decrease, or repeal fees relating to any aspect of the registration, certification, licensure, or any other administrative process for all laws within the jurisdiction of the department. Amendments to fee assessments shall be made pursuant to chapter 91 ;
(2) Assess fees for copies in any form of media of the computerized re-
cords of the business registration division or for electronic access to the computerized information on a one-time or on-going basis. The fees charged for the copies or access may include billing service fees, network usage fees, and computer consultant fees. In adopting these fees, the director shall take into account the intent to make the division self-supporting. To this end, the fees may reflect the commercial value of the service or information provided. In the case of requests for records by a nonprofit organization, the director may reduce or waive the fees. This paragraph shall control in any instance where there is a conflict between this paragraph and any other statute; and
(3) Assess fees for copies of consumer and business educational publications prepared or issued by the department. Fees collected under this paragraph shall be deposited into the compliance resolution fund under subsection ( 0 ). In the case of requests for copies by a nonprofit organization, the director may reduce or waive the fees. For purposes of this paragraph, "consumer and business educational publications" does not include copies of statutes or administrative rules.
The fees collected by the professional and vocational licensing division and the business registration division shall be deposited into the compliance resolution fund under subsection (o).

The director may appoint program specialists, not subject to chapter 76 , to assist with the activities of the professional and vocational licensing division.
(m) Notwithstanding section 92-17 or any other law to the contrary, all boards, commissions, and regulatory programs placed within the department of commerce and consumer affairs for administrative purposes shall delegate their authority to receive, arbitrate, investigate, and prosecute complaints to the department.
(n) Each board and commission, as well as the director, by written order, may delegate to the executive secretary or other personnel of the department any of its powers or duties as it deems reasonable and proper for the administration of the licensing laws that are within the jurisdiction of the department of commerce and consumer affairs. The delegated powers and duties may be exercised by the executive secretary or other personnel of the department in the name of the board, commission, or the director. However, neither a board, a commission, nor the director shall delegate the authority to adopt, amend, or repeal rules or take final disciplinary action against a licensee.
(o) Every person licensed under any chapter within the jurisdiction of the department of commerce and consumer affairs and every person licensed subject to chapter 485A or registered under chapter 467B shall pay upon issuance of a license, permit, certificate, or registration a fee and a subsequent annual fee to be determined by the director and adjusted from time to time to ensure that the proceeds, together with all other fines, income, and penalties collected under this section, do not surpass the annual operating costs of conducting compliance resolution activities required under this section. The fees may be collected biennially or pursuant to rules adopted under chapter 91, and shall be deposited into the special fund established under this subsection. Every filing pursuant to chapter 514E or section 485A-202(a)(26) shall be assessed, upon initial filing and at each renewal period in which a renewal is required, a fee that shall be prescribed by rules adopted under chapter 91 , and that shall be deposited into the special fund established under this subsection. Any unpaid fee shall be paid by the licensed person, upon application for renewal, restoration, reactivation, or reinstatement of a license, and by the person responsible for the renewal,

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restoration, reactivation, or reinstatement of a license, upon the application for renewal, restoration, reactivation, or reinstatement of the license. If the fees are not paid, the director may deny renewal, restoration, reactivation, or reinstatement of the license. The director may establish, increase, decrease, or repeal the fees when necessary pursuant to rules adopted under chapter 91 . The director may also increase or decrease the fees pursuant to section 92-28.

There is created in the state treasury a special fund to be known as the compliance resolution fund to be expended by the director's designated representatives as provided by this subsection. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, all revenues, fees, and fines collected by the department shall be deposited into the compliance resolution fund. Unencumbered balances existing on June 30, 1999, in the cable television fund under chapter 440G, the division of consumer advocacy fund under chapter 269 , the financial institution examiners' revolving fund, section 412:2-109, the special handling fund, section 414-13, and unencumbered balances existing on June 30,2002 , in the insurance regulation fund, section 431:2-215, shall be deposited into the compliance resolution fund. This provision shall not apply to the drivers education fund underwriters fee, sections 431:10C-115 and 431:10G-107, insurance premium taxes and revenues, revenues of the workers' compensation special compensation fund, section 386-151, the captive insurance administrative fund, section 431:19-101.8, the insurance commissioner's education and training fund, section 431:2-214, the medical malpractice patients' compensation fund as administered under section 5 of Act 232, Session Laws of Hawaii 1984, and fees collected for deposit in the office of consumer protection restitution fund, section 487-14, the real estate appraisers fund, section $466 \mathrm{~K}-1$, the real estate recovery fund, section 467-16, the real estate education fund, section $467-19$, the contractors recovery fund, section 444-26, the contractors education fund, section 444-29, and the condominium education trust fund, section 514B-71. Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, the director may use the moneys in the fund to employ, without regard to chapter 76, hearings officers and attorneys. All other employees may be employed in accordance with chapter 76. Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, the moneys in the fund shall be used to fund the operations of the department. The moneys in the fund may be used to train personnel as the director deems necessary and for any other activity related to compliance resolution.

As used in this subsection, unless otherwise required by the context, "compliance resolution" means a determination of whether:
(1) Any licensee or applicant under any chapter subject to the jurisdiction of the department of commerce and consumer affairs has complied with that chapter;
(2) Any person subject to chapter 485A has complied with that chapter;
(3) Any person submitting any filing required by chapter 514 E or section 485A-202(a)(26) has complied with chapter 514 E or section 485 A 202(a)(26);
(4) Any person has complied with the prohibitions against unfair and deceptive acts or practices in trade or commerce; or
(5) Any person subject to chapter 467B has complied with that chapter; and includes work involved in or supporting the above functions, licensing, or registration of individuals or companies regulated by the department, consumer protection, and other activities of the department.

The director shall prepare and submit an annual report to the governor and the legislature on the use of the compliance resolution fund. The report shall describe expenditures made from the fund including non-payroll operating

## expenses.

(p) Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, the department of commerce and consumer affairs, or any board or commission placed within it for administrative purposes, may contract with professional testing services to prepare, administer, and grade examinations and tests for license applicants. For these purposes, the department may require applicants to pay the examination fee directly to the testing agency.
(q) Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, when any type of bond or insurance required to be maintained by any licensee under a regulatory program of the department of commerce and consumer affairs, or of any board or commission assigned to the department of commerce and consumer affairs, cannot reasonably be secured, the department, board, or commission may provide by rule for alternative forms of security to the consumer so long as that alternate security is no less than that provided by the type of bond or insurance initially required.
(r) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the department of commerce and consumer affairs, or any board or commission placed within it for administrative purposes, may change any license renewal date by rules adopted in accordance with chapter 91.
(s) The director of commerce and consumer affairs may establish advisory committees, the members of which shall serve as consultants to the boards and to the director in their review of licensees referred for possible disciplinary action and as experts to the department for investigations and professional vocational licensing matters. Each advisory committee shall be appointed by the director from a list of licensees submitted annually by the board or by referral from the regulated industry for which an advisory committee is appointed. Each member of the committee shall serve until a new committee is established or until the particular case for which the member was designated a consultant or expert has been concluded.

All members of the advisory committee shall serve voluntarily and without compensation, but shall be paid reasonable allowances for travel and expenses that may be incurred as a result of performance of their duties on the committee. The costs shall be paid by the department.

Any member of the advisory committee shall be immune from civil liability for any act done in connection with this subsection. [L Sp 1959 2d, c 1, pt of $\S 15$; am L 1963, c 21, §1, c 111, §2, c 114, §4, and c 136, §1; Supp, §14A-14; HRS §26-9; am L 1970, c 63, §2; am L 1976, c 18, §1 and c 165, §8; am L 1980, c 92 , $\S 1$; am L 1981, c 75, §1, c 82, §7, and c 136, §1; am L 1982, c 60, §1, c 203, §1, and c 204, §1; am L 1983, c $54, \S 1$, c 124, §2, c 153, §5, and c 224, §2; am L 1984, c 45, §2, c 97 , §1, and c 213 , $\S 7$; am L 1985, c 58 , $\S 1$, c 68 , §1, c 115, $\S 1$, and c 276 , $\S 2$; am L 1986, c 140, §1; am L 1988, c 101, §2, c 126, §1, and c 141, §4; am L 1989, c 211, §10; am L 1990, c 166, §3, c 281, §11, and c 285, §3; am L 1991, c 47, §1; am L 1993, c 173 , §1, c 280 , $\S 24$, and c 322 , §1; am L 1994, c 279, $£ 2$; am L 1995, c 198, §2; am L 1997, c $87, \S 1$ c c 88 , §1, c 223 , §1, c 225, §1, c 231, §1, c 235, §1, and c 301, $\S 2$; am L 1999, c 129, §1 and c 248, §2; am L 2000, c 253, §150; am L 2002, c 16, §2, c 39 , $\S 1$, and c 40 , $\S 1$; am L 2004, c 116, $\S 1$ and c $164, \S \$ 4,5$; am L 2005, c 22, $\S 2$; am L 2006, c 229, $\S 2$ and c 300, $\S 3$; am L 2008, c 9, $\S 3$ and c 28, $\S 3$; am L 2009, c 77, §1 and c 129, §2; am L Sp 2009, c 22, §11(1)]

## Cross References

Uniform professional and vocational licensing act, see chapter 436B.

Director of regulatory agencies as protector of consumer's interest is party to proceeding before PUC. 54 H. 663, 513 P.2d 1376.
§26-10 Department of taxation. (a) The department of taxation shall be headed by a single executive to be known as the director of taxation.
(b) The department shall administer and enforce the tax revenue laws of the State and collect all taxes and other payments payable thereunder.
(c) The director of taxation shall visit low-income communities to assist taxpayers in the preparation of tax filings. The qualification of and the visitation to specific low-income communities shall be at the discretion of the director; provided that the visitation shall be on an annual basis and statewide.
(d) There shall be within the department of taxation a board of review for each taxation district and a tax appeal court. The composition of each board of review and the tax appeal court and its respective functions, duties, and powers shall be as heretofore provided by law for the boards of review and tax appeal court existing immediately prior to November 25, 1959.
(e) The functions and authority heretofore exercised by the office of tax commissioner as heretofore constituted are transferred to the department of taxation established by this chapter. [L Sp 1959 2d, c 1, §16; Supp, §14A-15; am L 1967, c 37, §1(1); HRS §26-10; am L 2008, c 202, §3]

## Case Notes

Where regulatory fees assessed against insurers by the insurance commissioner, an officer of the executive branch, for payment into the insurance regulation fund under §431:2-215 were transferred by the legislature via transfer bills from the insurance division into the general fund, and the regulatory fees became available for general purposes as if derived from general tax revenues, the transfers violated the separation of powers doctrine under the Hawaii constitution, article VIII, $\S 3$, and subsection (b). 120 H. 51, 201 P.3d 564.
§26-11 University of Hawaii. (a) The University of Hawaii shall be headed by an executive board to be known as the board of regents.

The board shall consist of fifteen members. At least one member shall be a University of Hawaii student at the time of the initial appointment. This member may be reappointed for one additional term even though the member may no longer be a student at the time of reappointment. The governor shall reduce the terms of those initially appointed to each seat on the board of regents to provide, as far as practicable, for the expiration of three terms each year; provided that the term of the student member shall not be reduced.

At least twelve members, except for the student member, shall represent and reside in the specified geographic areas as follows:
(1) Two members from the county of Hawaii;
(2) Two members from the county of Maui;
(3) One member from the county of Kauai; and
(4) Seven members from the city and county of Honolulu.

The board shall have the power, in accordance with the Hawaii constitution and with law, to formulate policy and to exercise control over the university through its executive officer, the president of the university. The board shall have exclusive jurisdiction over the internal organization and management of the university.
(b) The board of regents shall appoint and may remove an executive officer to be known as the president of the University of Hawaii.

The University of Hawaii as heretofore constituted as a body corporate is
continued as the University of Hawaii established by this chapter. [L Sp 1959 2d, c 1, §17; am imp HB 253 (1964) and election Nov 3, 1964; Supp, §14A-16; HRS §26-11; am L 1971, c 143, §1; am L 1979, c 86, §3; am L 1996, c 266, §1; am L 1997, c 342, §1; am L 2007, c 56, §3; am L Sp 2008, c 9, §2]

## Attorney General Opinions

The university is a constitutionally independent corporation and not an administrative or executive agency; the president need not satisfy the three-year residence requirement. Att. Gen. Op. 61-84.

Cited regarding regents' authority to delegate limited investment authority to external investment managers. Att. Gen. Op. 78-1.
§26-12 Department of education. The department of education shall be headed by an executive board to be known as the board of education.

Under policies established by the board, the superintendent shall administer programs of education and public instruction throughout the State, including education at the preschool, primary, and secondary school levels, adult education, school library services, health education and instruction (not including dental health treatment transferred to the department of health), and such other programs as may be established by law. The state librarian, under policies established by the board of education, shall be responsible for the administration of programs relating to public library services and transcribing services for the blind.

The functions and authority heretofore exercised by the department of education (except dental health treatment transferred to the department of health), library of Hawaii, Hawaii county library, Maui county library, and the transcribing services program of the bureau of sight conservation and work with the blind, as heretofore constituted are transferred to the public library system established by this chapter.

The management contract between the board of supervisors of the county of Kauai and the Kauai public library association shall be terminated at the earliest time after November 25, 1959, permissible under the terms of the contract and the provisions of this paragraph shall constitute notice of termination, and the functions and authority heretofore exercised by the Kauai county library as heretofore constituted and the Kauai public library association over the public libraries in the county of Kauai shall thereupon be transferred to the public library system established by this chapter.

The management contracts between the trustees of the library of Hawaii and the Friends of the Library of Hawaii, and between the library of Hawaii and the Hilo library and reading room association, shall be terminated at the earliest time after November 25, 1959, permissible under the terms of the contracts, and the provisions of this paragraph shall constitute notice of termination.

Upon the termination of the contracts, the State or the counties shall not enter into any library management contracts with any private association; provided that in providing library services the board of education may enter into contracts approved by the governor for the use of lands, buildings, equipment, and facilities owned by any private association.

Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the board of education may establish, specify the membership number and quorum requirements for, appoint members to, and disestablish a commission in each county to be known as the library advisory commission, which shall in each case sit in an advisory capacity to the board of education on matters relating to public library services in their respective county. [L Sp 1959 2d, c 1, §18; am L 1965, c 175, §41(a); Supp,
§14A-17; HRS §26-12; am L 1970, c 59, §1; am L 1981, c 150, §1; am L 1997, c 202, §1]

## Attorney General Opinions

The three-year residence requirement of Constitution is not applicable to the superintendent of education. Att. Gen. Op. 66-27.

## Case Notes

Duty of supervision of students. 56 H. 337, 536 P.2d 1195.
Budget expenditures of the department of education, discussed. 70 H. 253, 768 P.2d 1279.
§26-13 Department of health. (a) The department of health shall be headed by a single executive to be known as the director of health.

There shall be, within the department of health, an advisory board to be known as the board of health, which shall advise the director of health on matters within the jurisdiction of the department of health. The board of health shall consist of eleven voting members appointed by the governor as provided in section 26-34 and shall include the director of [human services] as an ex officio nonvoting member. The appointed members shall include at least one resident of each of the major counties including the county of Kalawao. The appointed members shall serve without compensation but shall be reimbursed for expenses, including travel expenses, necessary for the performance of their duties.

The department shall administer programs designed to protect, preserve, care for, and improve the physical and mental health of the people of the State. Without limit to the generality of the foregoing, the programs shall include the administration and enforcement of matters and laws of public health of the State, including the state hospital, but excluding assistance and care for the indigent and the medically indigent.
(b) The functions and authority heretofore exercised by the board of health (excluding assistance and care for the indigent and the medically indigent) and the department of institutions with respect to the state hospital and the dental health treatment function of the department of public instruction as heretofore constituted are transferred to the department of health established by this chapter.

The governor shall define and differentiate dental health treatment from dental health instruction and shall provide for the gradual transfer of any personnel within the definition of dental health treatment to the department of health. This section shall not be construed to require the transfer from the department of education to the department of health of any dental hygienist having a teacher's certificate and employed by the department of public instruction immediately prior to November 25, 1959 . [L Sp 1959 2d, c 1, §19; Supp, §14A-18; HRS §26-13; am L 1974, c 252, §1; am L 1983, c 260, §1; am L 1995, c 189, §§1, 26; am L 1998, c 133, §5]

## Cross References

Waimano ridge; approval and authorization for new or expanded uses, see §171-64.5.
§26-14 Department of human services. (a) The department of human services shall be headed by a single executive to be known as the director of human services.
(b) The department shall administer programs designed to improve the social well-being and productivity of the people of the State. Without limit to
the generality of the foregoing, the department shall concern itself with problems of human behavior, adjustment, and daily living through the administration of programs of family, child and adult welfare, economic assistance, health care assistance, rehabilitation toward self-care and support, public housing, and other related programs provided by law.
(c) The functions and authority heretofore exercised by the department of public welfare, the bureau of sight conservation and work with the blind (except for the transcription services program transferred to the department of education), the council on veterans' affairs, and any other agency of the state or county governments with respect to the assistance and care of the indigent and medically indigent as heretofore constituted are transferred to the department of human services established by this chapter.
(d) The Hawaii public housing authority and the Hawaii state commission on the status of women are placed within the department of human services for administrative purposes only. [L Sp 1959 2d, c 1, §20; am L 1961, c 128, §4; am L 1963, c 193, §4; am L 1965, c 175, §41(b); Supp, §14A-19; am L 1967, c 274, §2; HRS §26-14; am L 1969, c 42, §1; am L 1970, c 105, §5; am L 1975, с 79, §1; am L 1976, c 92, §§6, 8; am L 1980, c 10, §1; am L 1983, c 74, §1; gen ch 1985; am L 1987, c 338, §1(3) superseded by c 339, §2(2); am L 1993, c 197, §2; am L 1996, c 186, §1; am L 1997, c 350, §4; am L 2003, c 92, §2; am L 2005, c 147, §2; am L 2007, c 249, §41]

## Cross References

State rehabilitation council, see §348-8.

## Attorney General Opinions

Qualifications of director construed. Att. Gen. Op. 62-18.
§26-14.5 REPEALED. L 1989, c 211, §11.
§26-14.6 Department of public safety. (a) The department of public safety shall be headed by a single executive to be known as the director of public safety.
(b) The department of public safety shall be responsible for the formulation and implementation of state policies and objectives for correctional, security, law enforcement, and public safety programs and functions, for the administration and maintenance of all public or private correctional facilities and services, for the service of process, and for the security of state buildings.
(c) Effective July 1, 1990, the Hawaii paroling authority and the crime victim compensation commission are placed within the department of public safety for administrative purposes only.
(d) Effective July 1, 1990, the functions and authority heretofore exercised by:
(1) The department of corrections relating to adult corrections and the intake service centers;
(2) The judiciary relating to the sheriff's office and judiciary security personnel; and
(3) The department of the attorney general relating to state law enforcement officers and narcotics enforcement investigators with the narcotics enforcement division,
shall be transferred to the department of public safety.
(e) Effective July 1, 1990, the functions and authority heretofore exercised by the department of health pursuant to chapters 329 and 329 C , with the exception of sections 329-2, 329-3, and 329-4(3) to (8), shall be transferred to the department of public safety.
(f) Effective July 1, 1990, the functions, authority, and obligations, together with the limitations imposed thereon and the privileges and immunities conferred thereby, exercised by a "sheriff", "sheriffs", a "sheriff's deputy", "sheriff's deputies", a "deputy sheriff", "deputy sheriffs", or a "deputy", under sections 21-8, 47-18, 105-4, 134-51, 183D-11, 187A-14, 231-25, 281-108, 281-111, $286-52,286-52.5,321-1,322-6,325-9,353-11,356 \mathrm{D}-54,356 \mathrm{D}-94,383-71,438-5$, 445-37, 482E-4, 485A-202, 501-42, 501-171, 501-218, 521-78, 578-4, 584-6, 587-$33,603-29,604-6.2,606-14,607-2,607-4,607-8,633-8,634-11,634-12,634-21$, $634-22,651-33,651-37,651-51,654-2,655-2,657-13,660-16,666-11,666-21$, $803-23,803-34,803-35,804-14,804-18,804-41,805-1,806-71$, and $832-23$ shall be exercised to the same extent by the department of public safety.
(g) Effective January 1, 1993, the functions and authority heretofore exercised by the attorney general and the department of the attorney general relating to the executive security officers shall be transferred to the department of public safety.
(h) Effective July 1, 1999, the functions and authority heretofore exercised by the director of public safety and the department of public safety relating to after hours security contracts at department of education facilities, except for the security functions being performed by employees of the public library system as well as the contractual security services for the libraries, shall be transferred to the department of education.
(i) Effective January 1, 1993, the functions and authority heretofore exercised by the director of health and the department of health relating to uniformed security employees and security contracts at various state hospitals throughout the State shall be transferred to the department of public safety. Effective July 1, 2005, the functions, authority, and employee positions of the department of public safety relating to uniformed security employees and security contracts at health facilities that are under the operation, management, and control of the Hawaii health systems corporation shall be transferred to the Hawaii health systems corporation.
(j) Effective January 1, 1993, the functions and authority heretofore exercised by the director of human services and the department of human services relating to contractual security guard services shall be transferred to the department of public safety.
(k) Effective July 1, 1994, the functions and authority heretofore exercised by the adjutant general relating to security for national guard and state civil defense facilities in the Diamond Head complex, for after work hours, shall be transferred to the department of public safety.
(1) Effective July 1, 2002, the functions and authority heretofore exercised by the director of public safety and the department of public safety relating to after hours security contracts at department of education facilities, including all security functions being performed by employees of the public library system, as well as the contractual security services for the libraries, shall be transferred to the department of education and the public library system as appropriate. [L 1989, c 211, §2; am L 1990, c 281, §2; am L 1991, c 114, §1; am L 1992, c 146, §3; am L 1993, c 6, §4; am L 1994, c 154, §2; am L 1995, c 58, §1; am L 1996, c 128, §2; am L 1998, c 11, §1, c 227, §3, and c 240, §6; am L 1999, c 134, §1; am L 2002, c 44, §2; am L 2004, c 44, §§26, 33; am L 2005, c 61, §2; am L 2006, c 229, §3; am

L 2007, c 249, §§3, 4]
§26-15 Department of land and natural resources. (a) The department of land and natural resources shall be headed by an executive board to be known as the board of land and natural resources, except for matters relating to the state water code where the commission on water resource management shall have exclusive jurisdiction and final authority.

The board shall consist of seven members, one from each land district and three at large. The appointment, tenure, and removal of the members and the filling of vacancies on the board shall be as provided in section 26-34. At least one member of the board shall have a background in conservation and natural resources, as provided in section 171-4.

The governor shall appoint the chairperson of the board from among the members thereof.

The board may delegate to the chairperson such duties, powers, and authority, or so much thereof, as may be lawful or proper for the performance of the functions vested in the board.

The chairperson of the board shall serve in a full-time capacity. The chairperson, in that capacity, shall perform those duties, and exercise those powers and authority, or so much thereof, as may be delegated by the board.
(b) The department shall manage and administer the public lands of the State and minerals thereon and all water and coastal areas of the State except the commercial harbor areas of the State, including the soil conservation function, the forests and forest reserves, aquatic life, wildlife resources, state parks, including historic sites, and all activities thereon and therein including, but not limited to, boating, ocean recreation, and coastal areas programs.
(c) The functions and authority heretofore exercised by the commissioner and board of public lands (including the hydrography division and the bureau of conveyances), the Hawaii water authority, the commission on ground water resources, the Hawaii land development authority, the soil conservation committee, and the commission on historical sites and the function of managing the state parks and the function of promoting the conservation, development and utilization of forests, including the regulatory powers over the forest reserve, aquatic life and wildlife resources of the State heretofore exercised by the board of commissioners of agriculture and forestry as heretofore constituted are transferred to the department of land and natural resources established by this chapter. [L Sp 1959 2d, c 1, §21; am L 1961, c 132, §1(b) to (e); am L 1963, c 10, §1; am L 1965, c 223, §8(b); Supp, §14A-20; am L 1967, c 145, §1; HRS §26-15; am L 1983, c 15, §1; am L 1987, c 45, §3; am L 1991, c 272, §3; am L 1999, c 6, §1; am L 2002, c 16, §3; am L 2005, c 9, §1]
§26-16 Department of agriculture. (a) The department of agriculture shall be headed by an executive board to be known as the board of agriculture. The board shall consist of ten members:
(1) One who shall be a resident of the county of Hawaii;
(2) One who shall be a resident of the county of Maui;
(3) One who shall be a resident of the county of Kauai;
(4) Four at large;
(5) The chairperson of the board of land and natural resources, who shall serve as an ex officio voting member;
(6) The director of business, economic development, and tourism, who shall serve as an ex officio voting member; and
(7) The dean of the University of Hawaii college of tropical agriculture and human resources, who shall serve as an ex officio voting member.
The majority of the members of the board shall be from the agricultural community or the agricultural support sector. The appointment, tenure, and removal of the members and the filling of vacancies on the board shall be as provided in section 26-34. The governor shall appoint a chairperson of the board from the members.
(b) The board may delegate to the chairperson such duties, powers, and authority, or so much thereof, as may be lawful or proper for the performance of the functions vested in the board.

The chairperson of the board shall serve in a full-time capacity. The chairperson shall, in that capacity:
(1) Perform such duties and exercise such powers and authority, or so much thereof, as may be delegated to the chairperson by the board; and
(2) Identify problems related to agriculture and the appropriate state agencies and departments needed to solve the problem. With the approval of the governor, the designated agencies shall provide any necessary assistance to the chairperson until the problem is resolved.
(c) The department shall:
(1) Promote the conservation, development, and utilization of agricultural resources in the State;
(2) Assist the farmers of the State and any others engaged in agriculture by research projects, dissemination of information, crop and livestock reporting service, market news service, and any other means of improving the well-being of those engaged in agriculture and increasing the productivity of the lands;
(3) Administer the programs of the State relating to animal husbandry, entomology, farm credit, development and promotion of agricultural products and markets, and the establishment and enforcement of the rules on the grading and labeling of agricultural products; and
(4) Administer the aquaculture program under section 141-2.5.
(d) The functions and authority heretofore exercised by the board of commissioners of agriculture and forestry (except the management of state parks and the conservation, development, and utilization of forest resources, including regulatory powers over the forest reserve provided in Act 234, section 2, Session Laws of Hawaii 1957, and of fish and game resources transferred to the department of land and natural resources), by the farm loan board as heretofore constituted, and by the University of Hawaii with respect to the crop and livestock reporting service and market news service, are transferred to the department of agriculture established by this chapter. [LSp 1959 2d, c 1, §22; am L 1961, c 132, §1(f); am L 1963, c 206, §1; am L 1965, c 214, §1 and c 223, §8(c); Supp, §14A-21; am L 1967, c 145, §2; HRS §26-16; am L 1969, c 4, §1; am L 1973, c 15, §1; am L 1982, c 147, §1; am L 1983, c 12, §1 and c 141, §1; am L 1991, c 135, §1; am L 1995, c 69, §1; am L 1996, c 166, §2; am L 1998, c 176, §4]
§26-17 Department of Hawaiian home lands. The department of Hawaiian home lands shall be headed by an executive board to be known as the Hawaiian homes commission.

The commission shall be composed of nine members. The appointment, tenure, and removal of the members and the filling of vacancies on the commission shall be in accordance with section 26-34 and section 202(a) of the Hawaiian

Homes Commission Act of 1920, as amended. The governor shall appoint the chairperson of the commission from among the members thereof.

The commission may delegate to the chairperson such duties, powers, and authority, or so much thereof as may be lawful or proper, for the performance of the functions vested in the commission.

The chairperson of the board shall serve in a full-time capacity and shall perform such duties, and exercise such powers and authority, or so much thereof as may be delegated to the chairperson by the board.

The department shall administer the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920 as set forth in the Constitution of the State and by law.

The functions and authority heretofore exercised by the Hawaiian homes commission as heretofore constituted are transferred to the department of Hawaiian home lands established by this chapter. [L Sp 1959 2d, c l, §24; am L 1963, c 207, §6; am L 1965, c 223, §8(d); Supp, §14A-23; HRS §26-17; am L 1982, c 147, §2 superseded by c 273, §2; gen ch 1985; am L 1989, c 265, §3; gen ch 1993]

## Law Journals and Reviews

Native Hawaiian Homestead Water Reservation Rights: Providing Good Living Conditions for Native Hawaiian Homesteaders. 25 UH L. Rev. 85.
§26-18 Department of business, economic development, and tourism. (a) The department of business, economic development, and tourism shall be headed by a single executive to be known as the director of business, economic development, and tourism.

The department shall undertake statewide business and economic development activities, undertake energy development and management, provide economic research and analysis, plan for the use of Hawaii's ocean resources, and encourage the development and promotion of industry and international commerce through programs established by law.
(b) The following are placed in the department of business, economic development, and tourism for administrative purposes as defined by section 2635: Aloha Tower development corporation, Hawaii community development authority, Hawaii housing finance and development corporation, high technology development corporation, land use commission, natural energy laboratory of Hawaii authority, and any other boards and commissions as shall be provided by law.

The department of business, economic development, and tourism shall be empowered to establish, modify, or abolish statistical boundaries for cities, towns, or villages in the State and shall publish, as expeditiously as possible, an up-to-date list of cities, towns, and villages after changes to statistical boundaries have been made. [L Sp 1959 2d, c 1, §25; am L 1961, c 132, §1(h), (i); am L 1963, c 2, §1 and c 25, §2; Supp, §14A-24; HRS §26-18; am L 1981, c 98, §2; am L 1983, c 239, §2; am L 1987, c 336, §3(2) and c 337, §2; am L 1988, c 79, §1; am L 1989, c 26, §2; am L 1990, c 293, §8; am L 1991, c 3, §1; am L 1997, c 350, §5; am L 2003, c 92, §3; am L 2007, c 249, §42]
§26-19 Department of transportation. The department of transportation shall be headed by a single executive to be known as the director of transportation.

The department shall establish, maintain, and operate transportation facilities of the State, including highways, airports, harbors, and such other transportation facilities and activities as may be authorized by law.

The department shall plan, develop, promote, and coordinate various transportation systems management programs that shall include, but not be limited to, alternate work and school hours programs, bicycling programs, and ridesharing programs.

The department shall develop and promote ridesharing programs which shall include but not be limited to, carpool and vanpool programs, and may assist organizations interested in promoting similar programs, arrange for contracts with private organizations to manage and operate these programs, and assist in the formulation of ridesharing arrangements. Ridesharing programs include informal arrangements in which two or more persons ride together in a motor vehicle.

The functions and authority heretofore exercised by the department of public works with respect to highways are transferred to the department of transportation established by this chapter.

On July 1, 1961, the Hawaii aeronautics commission, the board of harbor commissioners and the highway commission shall be abolished and their remaining functions, duties, and powers shall be transferred to the department of transportation.

Upon the abolishment of the Hawaii aeronautics commission, the board of harbor commissioners, and the highway commission, there shall be established within the department of transportation a commission to be known as the commission on transportation which shall sit in an advisory capacity to the director of transportation on matters within the jurisdiction of the department of transportation. The commission on transportation shall consist of not more than eleven members, with the number of members from each county insofar as practicable being approximately proportional to the population of the respective counties to the population of the State; provided that each of the four counties shall be represented by at least one member. [L Sp 1959 2d, c 1, §26; Supp, §14A25; HRS §26-19; am L 1980, c 220, §§1, 2; am L 1981, c 140, §1; am L 1983, c 43, §1; am L 1984, c 233, §1; am L 1989, c 31, §2; am L 1993, c 224, §§2, 6; am L 1995, c 25, §1; am L 1997, c 309, §4]
§26-20 Department of labor and industrial relations. The department of labor and industrial relations shall be headed by a single executive to be known as the director of labor and industrial relations.

The department shall administer programs designed to increase the economic security, physical and economic well-being, and productivity of workers, and to achieve good labor-management relations, including the administration of workers' compensation, employment security, apprenticeship training, wage and hour, and industrial relations laws. The department shall also have the function of developing, preparing, and disseminating information on employment, unemployment, and general labor market conditions.

The labor and industrial relations appeals board provided for in chapters 371 and 386 is placed within the department of labor and industrial relations for administrative purposes. The respective functions, duties, and powers, subject to the administrative control of the director of labor and industrial relations, and the composition of the board shall be as heretofore provided by law.

There shall be within the department of labor and industrial relations a board to be known as the Hawaii labor relations board as provided for in section $89-5$, which shall exercise powers and duties in accordance with chapters 89 , 377, and 396. The director shall have general administrative supervision over the board, but shall not have the power to supervise or control the board in the
exercise of its powers or duties.
The functions of mediation heretofore exercised by the commission of labor and industrial relations existing immediately prior to November 25, 1959, as provided in section 371-10, shall be exercised by the governor or the governor's designated agent.

The director may establish within the department of labor and industrial relations a committee to be known as the apprenticeship council which shall sit in an advisory capacity to the director of labor and industrial relations on matters within the jurisdiction of the department of labor and industrial relations relating to apprenticeship programs. The membership and organization of the council shall be determined by the director. [L Sp 1959 2d, c 1, §27; am L 1963, c 27, §1; Supp, §14A-26; HRS §26-20; am L 1975, c 41, §1; am L 1985, c 251, §1; gen ch 1985, 1993; am L 1998, c 205, §1; am L 2002, c 104, §1]
§26-21 Department of defense. (a) The department of defense shall be headed by a single executive to be known as the adjutant general. The adjutant general shall also be the director of civil defense.

There shall be a full-time vice director of civil defense who shall be appointed and may be removed by the director.

The department shall be responsible for the defense of the State and its people from mass violence, originating from either human or natural causes.

The devolution of command of the military forces in the absence of the adjutant general shall be within the military establishment. The devolution of command of the civil defense agency in the absence of the director of civil defense shall be within the civil defense agency.
(b) There shall be within the department of defense a commission to be known as the civil defense advisory council which shall sit in an advisory capacity to the director of civil defense on matters pertaining to civil defense. The composition of the commission shall be as heretofore provided by law for the civil defense advisory council existing immediately prior to November 25, 1959.
(c) The functions and authority heretofore exercised by the military department and the civil defense agency as heretofore constituted are transferred to the department of defense established by this chapter.

The office of veterans' services and the advisory board on veterans' services as constituted by chapter 363 are placed within the department of defense for administrative purposes. [L Sp 1959 2d, c 1, §28; Supp, §14A-27; HRS §26-21; am L 1969, c 122, §1; am L 1981, c 82, §2 and c 135, §4; am L 1988, c 115, §2]
§26-22 Transfer of functions. Whenever the functions of a previously existing department, office, or other agency are transferred to any department established by this chapter, the newly established department shall succeed to all of the rights and powers exercised, and all of the duties and obligations incurred by the previously existing department, office, or agency in the exercise of the functions transferred, whether the powers, duties, and obligations are mentioned in or granted by any law, contract, or other document. All references in any such law, contract, or document to the previously existing department, office, or agency in connection with the functions transferred shall apply to the newly established department as if the latter were specifically named in the law, contract, or document in place of the previously existing department, office, or agency. [L Sp 1959 2d, c 1, §31; Supp, §14A-30; HRS §26-22]
§26-23 Assignment of functions. Any executive or administrative function
of the state government that may not have been allocated to a principal department by this chapter shall be assigned by the governor to that department which the governor deems can most appropriately and effectively perform the function. [L Sp 1959 2d, c 1, §37; Supp, §14A-33; HRS §26-23; gen ch 1985]
§26-24 Agencies and offices abolished. The following agencies and offices and their respective boards and commissions as heretofore constituted are abolished: board of commissioners of agriculture and forestry, bureau of the budget, commission on children and youth, economic planning and coordination authority, board of commissioners of public archives, territorial planning office, Hawaii development council, department of public works, territorial highway department, treasury department, office of the tax commissioner, tax appeal court, boards of (tax) review, comptroller, high sheriff, territorial loyalty board, board of health, department of institutions, advisory boards on institutions, territorial hospital and Waimano home appeal commission, bureau of sight conservation and work with the blind, department of public welfare, public welfare board, council on veterans' affairs, library of Hawaii, Hawaii county library managing board, Maui county libraries managing board, board of public lands, commissioner of public lands, territorial surveyor, bureau of conveyances, hydrographer, board of appraisers, territorial commission on historical sites, Hawaii water authority, Hawaii soil conservation committee, farm loan board of Hawaii, airport zoning board, commission of labor and industrial relations, department of labor and industrial relations, Hawaii employment relations board, apprenticeship council, military department, civil defense agency, civil defense advisory council, board of prison inspectors, dental health advisory committee, territorial advisory committee for hospitals and medical care, fishery advisory committees, voting machine board, disposal committee, board of disposal, commission on ground water resources, Hawaii land development authority, department of attorney general, commission to promote uniform legislation, department of civil service, civil service commission, department of public instruction, board of commissioners of public instruction, university of Hawaii, board of regents of the university of Hawaii, and Hawaiian homes commission.

The following agencies and offices and their respective boards and commissions shall expire at such time provided in this Act: Kauai county libraries managing board, Hawaii aeronautics commission, board of harbor commissioners, and fair commission of Hawaii. [L Sp 1959 2d, c 1, §38; Supp, §14A-34; HRS §26-24; am L 1989, c 211, §10; am L 1990, c 281, §11]

## Note

This "Act" refers to LSp 1959 2d, c 1.
[§26-25] Services to the judiciary and legislature. Any executive department may provide services to the judiciary and the legislature, but nothing in this part and this chapter shall be construed as granting any authority to the governor or any department to exercise control over the organization, programs, functions, operations, and expenditures of the judiciary and the legislature. [L 1974, c 159, §2]

## PART II. OTHER GENERAL PROVISIONS

## §26-31 Selection and terms of single executives as heads of departments.

repealed or amended and such action shall not affect other provisions or applications of this chapter. [L 1977, c 70, pt of §2]
§26H-8 REPEALED. L 1994, c 279, §8.

## CHAPTER 27 STATE FUNCTIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

## Part I. General Provisions

Section
27-1 Functions of statewide concern
27-2 Assignment of functions by governor; report
27-3 Rights and powers transferred; bond obligations
27-4 Offenses and penalties not affected; suits and actions
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27-6 EXTENDED STATE INFORMATION AND SERVICES PROVIDED

## Part II. Schools

27-11 Planning, construction, and improvements of public school facilities and GROUNDS; CUSTODIAL AND JANITORIAL SERVICES FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS; TRANSPORTATION OF SCHOOL CHILDREN
27-12, 13 Repealed
27-14 Transfer of real property
27-15 Repealed
Part III. Health
27-21, 21.1, 21.2, 21.3 Repealed
27-21.4 Transfer of real property
27-21.5 Repealed
27-21.6 Functions reassigned to the counties
27-22, 22.5, 22.7, 23, 24 Repealed
Part IV. Junior Police
27-26 JUNior police officer training programs
Part V. Highways; Parks; Historical Sites
27-31 Maintenance of state highways
27-32 Maintenance of state parks
Part VI. Review
27-36 Repealed
Part Vil. Technology
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27-42 Repealed
Part VIII. Hawail Performance Partnerships Board
27-51 Hawail performance partnerships board; establishment
27-52 Duties of the board
27-53 Annual report
27-54 Data collection relating to the well-being of Hawail's children and families
Cross References
Uniform electronic transactions act, see chapter 489 E .

## PART I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

§27-1 Functions of statewide concern. The purpose of the chapter is to
fix responsibility for certain functions, which are of statewide concern, in the state government. These functions which are declared to be state functions are as follows:
(1) Planning, construction, improvement and maintenance of public school facilities and grounds and the transportation of school children; provided that nothing in this paragraph shall preclude the several counties from expending their own funds to supplement state funds;
(2) Burial of indigents;
(3) Planning, construction, improvement, maintenance, and operation of public hospitals and other public health and medical facilities;
(4) Rendering of medical treatment and hospitalization services to state and county pensioners;
(5) Administration and operation of district courts; and
(6) Providing information and services to the public through joint cooperation with the several counties. [L 1965, c 97, §2; Supp, §14B-1; HRS §27-1; am L 1968, c 38, §2; am L 1975, c 150, §2]

## Case Notes

Cited re allowing counties to supplement education funds. 411 U.S. 1.
Paragraph (1) is unconstitutional to extent it authorizes appropriations for transportation of nonpublic school children. 51 H. 1, 449 P.2d 130.

Cited: 56 H. 582, 545 P.2d 684.
§27-2 Assignment of functions by governor; report. The governor may assign the functions in section 27-1, except the administration and operation of district courts, to such respective department or departments as can most appropriately and effectively perform the functions. [L 1965, c 97, §2; Supp, §14B-2; HRS §27-2]

## Cross References

Transfer of district courts to the judiciary branch, see L 1965, c 97 , $\S 21$.
§27-3 Rights and powers transferred; bond obligations. The state department to which functions have been assigned by the governor shall succeed to all the rights and powers exercised, and all of the duties and obligations incurred by the counties in the exercise of the functions transferred, whether the powers, duties, and obligations are mentioned in or granted by any law, contract, or other document; provided that the counties shall not be relieved of their obligation of paying the interest and principal on bonds which have been issued for improvements related to the functions set forth above. Except as provided herein, all references to a county, in any law, contract, or document in connection with the functions assigned to the State by this chapter shall apply to the state government or respective state department as the case may be as if it were specifically named in the law, contract, or document in place of the county or any agency thereof. [L 1965, c 97, §4; Supp, §14B-4; HRS §27-3]
§27-4 Offenses and penalties not affected; suits and actions. No offense committed and no penalty or forfeiture incurred under the laws of the State or any county ordinance or rule or regulation shall be affected by the assignment of functions to the State by this chapter; provided that whenever any punishment, penalty, or forfeiture is mitigated by any provision of this chapter, such provi-
sion may be extended and applied to any judgment pronounced after May 29, 1965. No suit or prosecution, pending at the time this chapter takes effect, shall be affected by this chapter. The right of any administrative officer of the county to institute proceedings for prosecution for an offense or any action to recover a penalty or forfeiture shall henceforth be vested in the head of the state department to which the function has been assigned by the governor or some person designated by the head of the department or the governor or as may be otherwise directed by law.

The right of appeal from administrative actions or determinations as provided by law shall not be impaired by this chapter.

Whenever a right of appeal from administrative actions or determinations is provided by law to any county for functions which are assigned to the State, the right of appeal shall lie to or from the state department to which the assignment of function has been made. The right of appeal shall exist to the same extent and in accordance with the procedure as immediately prior to July $1,1965$. [L 1965, c 97, §6; Supp, §14B-5; HRS §27-4]
§27-5 Modification to preserve federal aid or bond obligations. The governor may, only to the extent necessary to preserve the receipt of any federal aid and not to impair the obligation of the State or counties to the holders of any bonds issued by the State or counties, modify the strict provisions of this chapter and shall promptly report any such modification with the governor's reasons therefor to the succeeding legislature for review. [L 1965, c 97, §7; Supp, §14B-6; HRS §27-5; gen ch 1985]
[§27-6] Extended state information and services provided. The office of the governor shall receive and review requests from state agencies for providing information and services to the public. Upon determination of needed extension services, the office shall solicit the aid and cooperation of the counties. Joint efforts will be made to use existing state and county facilities, and to create new facilities if necessary. [L 1975, c 150, §3]

## PART II. SCHOOLS

## Cross References

Department of education generally, see chapter 302A.
§27-11 Planning, construction, and improvements of public school facilities and grounds; custodial and janitorial services for public schools; transportation of school children. The following functions and services, heretofore performed by the several counties under contractual arrangements with the State, shall be directly administered and performed by the department or departments, or divisions of government designated by the governor:
(1) Planning, construction, and improvements of public school facilities and grounds; provided that the department of education shall add to its list of considerations in the planning and development of schools the role of the Hawaii public housing authority in developing housing projects and the resulting educational needs of those housing projects; and provided further that nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the Hawaii public housing authority from planning educational facilities and related infrastructure as a necessary and integral part of its housing projects;
(2) Repair, maintenance, custodial, and janitorial services for public school facilities; and
(3) Transportation of school children. [L 1967, c 203, §2; HRS §27-11; am L 1995, c 210, §2; am L 1997, c 350, §14; am L 2005, c 196, §26(a); am L 2006, c 180, §16]
§§27-12, 13 REPEALED. L 1988, c 244, §§2, 3.
§27-14 Transfer of real property. No real property or improvements thereon belonging to the several counties and used in the performance of the functions and services covered in this part shall be required to be conveyed to the State; provided that any real property and improvements related and necessary to the performance of the duties covered in section 27-11 shall be reported to the next succeeding legislature by the appropriate department which shall include in the report thereof recommendations for the disposition of the real property and improvements. [L 1967, c 203, §5; HRS §27-14]
§27-15 REPEALED. L 1988, c 244, §4.

## PART III. HEALTH

§27-21 REPEALED. L 1989, c 327, §3.
§27-21.1 REPEALED. L 1989, c 327, §4.
$\S \S 27-21.2,21.3$ REPEALED. L 1988, c 244, §§5, 6.
§27-21.4 Transfer of real property. The several counties shall convey to the State all of their respective interests in and to any real property and the improvements used in the functional areas covered by section 27-21.1 and which are directly related to and necessary for the operation and maintenance thereof. The conveyances shall be without cost to the State or reimbursement to the county, and without compliance with disposal procedures or requirements, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

If within a period of ten years after January 1, 1970, any of the real property so transferred is abandoned or ceases to be used for purpose stated in the preceding paragraph, the board of land and natural resources shall by resolution declaring such abandonment or cessation as to any of the real property conveyed hereunder or any portion thereof, reconvey such realty or portion to the county from which it had originally been transferred. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to state lands that had been set aside for use by the county, or to real property where the major portion of the cost of the land or improvements was financed by state funds. [L 1969, c 265, §4]

## Note

Section 27-21.1 referred to in text is repealed.

## Revision Note

"January 1, 1970" substituted for "the effective date of this Act".
§27-21.5 REPEALED. L 1988, c 244, §7.
§27-21.6 Functions reassigned to the counties. The following functions are hereby reassigned to the several counties:
(1) The medical care of inmates of county jails;
(2) The rendering of medical investigatory services requested by the police;
(3) Physical examinations of employees to the extent that such functions had been performed immediately prior to the adoption of Act 97, Session Laws of Hawaii 1965;
(4) The care and treatment of county workers' compensation cases to the extent that such functions had been performed immediately prior to the adoption of Act 97, Session Laws of Hawaii 1965; and
(5) The regulation of the design, construction, and operation of individual wastewater systems and private wastewater treatment works, provided that the transfer of this function to each county shall take place on the date that the expenditure of start-up funds is made by the State to such county for this purpose. [L 1969, c 265, §6; am L 1975, c 41, §1; am L 1978, c 148, §3; am L 1985, c 282, §1]
§§27-22, 22.5, 22.7, 23, 24 REPEALED. L 1989, с 327, §§5 to 9.

## PART IV. JUNIOR POLICE

§27-26 Junior police officer training programs. The State shall appropriate funds to facilitate the training programs of the several junior police organizations, and shall make adequate provisions by procuring insurance and assuming liability on the part of the State therefor, for the medical care and hospitalization of children who may be injured, for the defrayment of funeral expenses and for the death of children dying from injuries received, and for the protection against public liability, while performing duty as junior police officers and in all other activities certified as proper junior police functions by the police departments of the several counties, as follows:

The cost of medical care and hospitalization of any child so injured will be met in a sum not to exceed $\$ 20,000$ and the funeral expenses of any child dying from injuries received while performing such duty will be met in a sum not to exceed $\$ 1,500$. A death benefit in the principal sum of $\$ 5,000$ shall be awarded to the legal guardian, parents, or designated beneficiary or beneficiaries of the child whose death was caused by reason of participation in junior police activities.

The State shall procure insurance to protect any child participating in the junior police program from claims for damages arising or resulting from the child's activities as a junior officer in an amount not to exceed $\$ 100,000$ for each claim or cause of action. This protection for legal liability shall inure to the benefit of the legal guardian or parents of the child in the event they are named as parties to the action.

The right of the child or of any other person lawfully claiming damages by reason of injuries to, or death of the child, shall in nowise be affected by this section. [L 1967, c 203, §9; HRS §27-26; am L 1973, c 151, §1; gen ch 1985]

## Cross References

Police departments, generally, see chapter 52D.

## Attorney General Opinions

Coverage is limited to JPO's in public schools; to extend coverage to nonpublic schools would violate state constitution. Att. Gen. Op. 73-15.

PART V. HIGHWAYS; PARKS; HISTORICAL SITES
§27-31 Maintenance of state highways. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the governor may enter into contracts with the several counties for their services in the repair and maintenance of state highways, which may include roadway maintenance, structures maintenance, streetlights, street sweeping, landscaping, and cantoneering. In addition thereto, the governor may transfer functions covered herein, or any portion thereof, to the several counties; provided that any transfer of functions made under their authorization shall be temporary and shall be subject to the express approval of the next succeeding legislature. [L 1967, c 203, §10; HRS §27-31]

Cross References
Highways generally, see chapter 264.
§27-32 Maintenance of state parks. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the governor may enter into contracts with the several counties for their services in the repair, maintenance, and operation of the buildings and grounds of state parks and historical sites. In addition thereto, the governor may transfer functions covered herein, or any portion thereof, to the several counties; provided that any transfer of functions made under this authorization shall be temporary and shall be subject to the express approval of the next succeeding legislature. [L 1967, c 203, §11; HRS §27-32]

## Cross References

Historical sites, see chapter 6E.
Parks, see chapter 184.

## PART VI. REVIEW

§27-36 REPEALED. L 1988, с 244, §8.

## [PART VII. TECHNOLOGY]

[§27-41] Special advisor for technology development. (a) There is established within the office of the governor a special advisor for technology development to be appointed by the governor as provided in section 26-34.
(b) The duties of the special advisor shall include but not be limited to:
(1) Developing, coordinating, and implementing short- and long-range state policies and directions to enhance the development of high technology industries in Hawaii;
(2) Coordinating all state high technology agencies while developing a plan for reorganization or consolidation of these agencies in the interests of greater efficiency and cost effectiveness;
(3) Advising the private sector in the development of high technology activities and resources and providing technical or other assistance to private industry upon request;
(4) Creating, disseminating, and updating a listing of all high technology

## STATE FUNCTIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

assistance programs in the State and where they can be reached;
(5) Pursuing appropriate public-private sector business partnerships;
(6) Coordinating the State's promotion and marketing of the high technology industry, including a review of current marketing efforts;
(7) Arranging for the conduct of research through contractual seryices with the University of Hawaii or any agency or other qualified persons;
(8) Encouraging the development of educational, training, and career programs in high technology industries; and
(9) Performing other necessary or desirable functions to facilitate the intent of this section.
(c) In carrying out the duties of this section, the special advisor for technology development may utilize the services of the State's high technology agencies, including those of the University of Hawaii, as appropriate.
(d) In carrying out the duties of this section, the special advisor for technology development shall seek and utilize any available funding sources, including grant moneys. [L 1999, c 178, pt of §3]
§27-42 REPEALED. L 2007, c 9, §20.

## [PART VIII. HAWAII PERFORMANCE PARTNERSHIPS BOARD]

[§27-51] Hawaii performance partnerships board; establishment. (a) There is established within the office of the governor, on a special and temporary basis, the Hawaii performance partnerships board.
(b) The board shall consist of the following nine members who shall be appointed by the governor in accordance with section 26-34:
(1) Three members representing business;
(2) Three members representing philanthropy; and
(3) Three members representing government.
(c) Members shall serve for five-year terms, except for appointed state officials, who shall serve for the length of their appointments.
(d) The members of the board shall serve without compensation and without reimbursement for expenses, including travel expenses.
(e) The governor shall designate a chairperson from among the members of the board. [L 1999, c 160, §13]
[§27-52] Duties of the board. The board shall:
(1) Propose key community outcomes of well-being for the residents of the State to the legislature, and report to the legislature and the citizens of Hawaii on progress in attaining the outcomes adopted by the legislature;
(2) Execute an agreement between the federal government, the state executive branch, and representatives of philanthropy and community service organizations to encourage intergovernmental partnerships with federal agencies and state, county, and community organizations for the purpose of measuring results in exchange for fiscal and regulatory flexibility in achieved shared goals;
(3) Increase the use of performance measurement initiatives in each state agency through the governor's cabinet; and
(4) Increase the number of performance partnerships between federal, state, county, and community-based agencies through the governor's cabinet. [L 1999, c 160, §14]


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## Section 1

## POPULATION

This section presents statistics on the growth, geographic distribution, and composition of the population of Hawaii, and on the number and characteristics of migrants moving to and from the state.

The principal sources for these data are the decennial population censuses and the annual American Community Survey conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau; the estimates developed annually by the Federal-State Cooperative Program for Population Estimates; the Hawaii Health Survey conducted regularly since 1969 by the Hawaii State Department of Health; the ongoing series on visitors present and residents absent currently provided by the Hawaii Tourism Authority's Tourism Research; and the Office of Immigration Statistics tabulations on immigration and naturalization. Earlier figures on population and migration are given in Historical Statistics of Hawaii, Sections 1 and 3. Comparable national statistics on population and migration appear in Section 1 of the Statistical Abstract of the United States: 2012.

## Table 1.01-- POPULATION OF COUNTIES: 1831 TO 2010

[Population counts from missionary censuses of 1831-1832 and 1835-1836, censuses conducted by the Hawaiian government from 1850 to 1896, and censuses by the U.S. Bureau of the Census beginning in 1900. Data for 1831-1896 are on a de facto or unspecified basis; data for 1900 and later years are resident totals, including armed forces stationed in Hawaii. Based on county boundaries established in 1905 and 1909]

| Census date | Total population |  | City \& County of Honolulu | Hawaii County | Kauai County | Maui <br> County $2 /$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Percent change 1/ |  |  |  |  |
| 1831-32 3/ | 130,313 | ( X ) | 29,755 | 45,792 | 12,024 | 42,742 |
| 1835-36 4/ | 108,579 | -4.6 | 27,809 | 39,364 | 9,927 | 31,479 |
| 1850: January | 84,165 | -1.8 | 25,440 | 25,864 | 7,670 | 25,191 |
| 1853: Dec. 26 | 73,138 | -3.5 | 19,126 | 24,450 | 7,781 | 21,781 |
| 1860: Dec. 24 | 69,800 | -0.7 | 21,275 | 21,481 | 7,134 | 19,910 |
| 1866: Dec. 7 | 62,959 | -1.7 | 19,799 | 19,808 | 6,624 | 16,728 |
| 1872: Dec. 27 | 56,897 | -1.7 | 20,671 | 16,001 | 5,194 | 15,031 |
| 1878: Dec. 27 | 57,985 | 0.3 | 20,236 | 17,034 | 5,811 | 14,904 |
| 1884: Dec. 27 | 80,578 | 5.5 | 28,068 | 24,991 | 8,935 | 18,584 |
| 1890: Dec. 28 | 89,990 | 1.8 | 31,194 | 26,754 | 11,859 | 20,183 |
| 1896: Sept. 27 | 109,020 | 3.3 | 40,205 | 33,285 | 15,392 | 20,138 |
| 1900: June 1 | 154,001 | 9.4 | 58,504 | 46,843 | 20,734 | 27,920 |
| 1910: April 15 | 191,874 | 2.2 | 81,993 | 55,382 | 23,952 | 30,547 |
| 1920: January 1 | 255,881 | 3.0 | 123,496 | 64,895 | 29,438 | 38,052 |
| 1930: April 1 | 368,300 | 3.6 | 202,887 | 73,325 | 35,942 | 56,146 |
| 1940: April 1 | 422,770 | 1.4 | 257,696 | 73,276 | 35,818 | 55,980 |
| 1950: April 1 | 499,794 | 1.7 | 353,020 | 68,350 | 29,905 | 48,519 |
| 1960: April 1 | 632,772 | 2.4 | 500,409 | 61,332 | 28,176 | 42,855 |
| 1970: April 1 | 769,913 | 2.0 | 630,528 | 63,468 | 29,761 | 46,156 |
| 1980: April 1 | 964,691 | 2.3 | 762,565 | 92,053 | 39,082 | 70,991 |
| 1990: April 1 | 1,108,229 | 1.4 | 836,231 | 120,317 | 51,177 | 100,504 |
| 2000: April 1 | 1,211,537 | 0.9 | 876,156 | 148,677 | 58,463 | 128,241 |
| 2010: April 1 | 1,360,301 | 1.2 | 953,207 | 185,079 | 67,091 | 154,924 |

X Not applicable.
1/ Annual rate since the preceding census, based on the formula for continuous compounding.
2/ Maui County including Kalawao County.
3/ Total population also reported as 129,814 .
4/ Total population also reported as 108,393 and 108,568.
Source: Robert C. Schmitt, Historical Statistics of Hawaii (University Press of Hawaii, 1977), pp. 11-14; U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1980 Census of Population, PC80-1-A13 (October 1981), table 2; U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1990 Census of Population and Housing, 1990 CPH-1-13 (August 1991), table 2; U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000 Redistricting Data (P.L. 94-171) Summary File (March 19, 2001); and U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2010 Census Redistricting Data (Public Law 94-171) Summary File (February 2011).

# Table 1.02-- CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION: 1831 TO 2010 

[See headnote to table 1.01]

| Year | Percent urban | Males per 100 females | Percent under 15 years old | Percent white 1/ | Percent born in Hawaii | Persons per household 2/ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1831-32 | 10.3 | 105.3 | 26.1 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| 1835-36 | 12.0 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| 1850 | 17.2 | 110.1 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| 1853 | 15.7 | 113.1 | (NA) | 2.3 | 97.5 | (NA) |
| 1860 | 20.5 | 116.1 | (NA) | 2.7 | (NA) | (NA) |
| 1866 | 21.5 | 120.4 | 26.5 | 3.8 | (NA) | (NA) |
| 1872 | 26.1 | 125.4 | 27.8 | 5.2 | 92.1 | (NA) |
| 1878 | 24.3 | 142.8 | 28.1 | 6.5 | 83.6 | (NA) |
| 1884 | 25.4 | 177.5 | 28.0 | 20.6 | 57.4 | (NA) |
| 1890 | 25.5 | 187.7 | 26.1 | 21.0 | 53.5 | (NA) |
| 1896 | 27.4 | 198.7 | 27.7 | 20.6 | 48.8 | (NA) |
| 1900 | 25.5 | 223.3 | 22.6 | 17.3 | 38.3 | 3.71 |
| 1910 | 30.7 | 178.9 | 29.5 | 20.4 | 45.1 | (NA) |
| 1920 | 36.1 | 144.3 | 35.5 | 19.2 | 53.3 | (NA) |
| 1930 | 53.7 | 152.8 | 36.2 | 20.0 | 58.2 | (NA) |
| 1940 | 62.5 | 137.6 | 30.9 | 24.5 | 65.8 | 4.46 |
| 1950 | 69.0 | 121.2 | 31.2 | 23.0 | 71.1 | 4.14 |
| 1960 | 76.5 | 114.8 | 34.4 | 32.0 | 66.6 | 3.87 |
| 1970 | 83.5 | 108.1 | 30.0 | 39.2 | 59.2 | 3.59 |
| 1980 | 86.5 | 105.2 | 23.4 | 34.4 | 57.8 | 3.15 |
| 1990 | 89.0 | 103.6 | 21.5 | 33.4 | 56.1 | 3.01 |
| 2000 | 91.6 | 101.0 | 20.3 | 3/39.3 | 56.9 | 2.92 |
| 2010 | (NA) | 100.3 | 18.5 | 3/41.5 | (NA) | 2.89 |

NA Not available.
1/ Includes Portuguese and most Puerto Ricans. Data from 1970 onward also include some persons of mixed race.

2/ Based on population in households. Partly estimated for 1940.
3/ The Census 2000 onward allowed respondents to select one or more races. Data include persons selecting white race alone or in combination with one or more of the other four major race groups, which are Black or African American, American Indian and Alaska Native, Asian, Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander as well as the residual category of some other race.

Source: Robert C. Schmitt, Historical Statistics of Hawaii (University Press of Hawaii, 1977), pp. 8, 20, 25, 33, and 90; U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1980 Census of Population, General Population Characteristics, Hawaii, PC80-1-B13 (July 1982), tables 14, 17, and 20, and General Social and Economic Characteristics, Hawaii, PC80-1-C13 (June 1983), table 61; U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1990 Census of Population and Housing, Summary Population and Housing Characteristics, Hawaii, 1990 CPH-1-13 (August 1991), tables 3 and 5, and Population and Housing Unit Counts, Hawaii, 1990 CPH-2-13 (March 1993), table 1; U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1990 Census of Population, General Population Characteristics, Hawaii, 1990 CP-1-13 (June 1992), table 17, and Social and Economic Characteristics, Hawaii, 1990 CP-2-13 (September 1993), table 23; U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Summary File 1 Hawaii (July 25, 2001), Census 2000 Summary File 3 Hawaii (September 25, 2002) and 2010 Census Summary File 1 Hawaii (June 16, 2011) [http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml](http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml) accessed June 23, 2011, calculations by the Hawaii State Department of Business, Economic Development \& Tourism.

## Table 1.03-- RESIDENT POPULATION, BY MILITARY STATUS: 2000 TO 2013

[Based on place of usual residence, regardless of physical location on the estimate or census date. Includes military personnel stationed or homeported in Hawaii and residents temporarily absent; excludes visitors present]

| Date | Total resident population 1/ | Armed forces $2 /$ | Civilian population |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | All civilians $1 /$ | Military dependents $3 /$ | Not military dependents $1 /$ |
| 2000: April 1 | 1,211,537 | 43,496 | 1,168,041 | 42,450 | 1,125,591 |
| July 1 | 1,213,519 | 44,448 | 1,169,071 | 44,541 | 1,124,530 |
| 2001: July 1 | 1,225,948 | 43,802 | 1,182,146 | 52,906 | 1,129,240 |
| 2002: July 1 | 1,239,613 | 44,512 | 1,195,101 | 49,044 | 1,146,057 |
| 2003: July 1 | 1,251,154 | 43,938 | 1,207,216 | 49,771 | 1,157,445 |
| 2004: July 1 | 1,273,569 | 34,370 | 1,239,199 | 48,883 | 1,190,316 |
| 2005: July 1 | 1,292,729 | 40,371 | 1,252,358 | 48,286 | 1,204,072 |
| 2006: July 1 | 1,309,731 | 41,757 | 1,267,974 | 54,447 | 1,213,527 |
| 2007: July 1 | 1,315,675 | 34,891 | 1,280,784 | 57,717 | 1,223,067 |
| 2008: July 1 | 1,332,213 | 37,522 | 1,294,691 | 61,835 | 1,232,856 |
| 2009: July 1 | 1,346,717 | 37,527 | 1,309,190 | 57,595 | 1,251,595 |
| 2010: April $14 /$ | 1,360,301 | 42,626 | 1,317,675 | 5/ 65,063 | 1,252,612 |
| July 1 | 1,363,731 | 41,101 | 1,322,630 | 62,322 | 1,260,308 |
| 2011: July 1 | 1,376,897 | 41,384 | 1,335,513 | 59,849 | 1,275,664 |
| 2012: July 1 | 1,390,090 | 43,893 | 1,346,197 | 60,271 | 1,285,926 |
| 2013: July 1 | 1,404,054 | 47,114 | 1,356,940 | 60,490 | 1,296,450 |

1/ The resident population is defined as the number of persons whose usual place of residence is in an area, regardless of physical location on the estimate or census date. It includes military personnel stationed or homeported in the area and residents temporarily absent, but excludes visitors present. Population estimates for 2000 through 2009 were based upon the April 1, 2010 figures released on September 28, 2011. Figures for "all civilians" and for "civilian population - not military dependent" may also differ from earlier figures as a result of these population revisions.

2/ These figures are the estimates developed by the U.S. Census Bureau. The figures in this table for July 1, 2000 to July 1, 2009 were based on the Census 2000 data. Figures for April 1, 2010 onward were based on the 2010 Census data. They may differ somewhat from corresponding figures from the previous year's Data Book or from other sources.

3/ Dependents living in Hawaii, regardless of location of family head.
4/ The April 1, 2010 Population Estimate base was used for the April 1 figures. They reflects changes to the April 1, 2010 population due to the Count Resolution Program and the geographic program revisions.

5/ DBEDT estimate for the number of military dependents on April 1,2010. The "not military dependents" figure on April 1, 2010 is the residual of this DBEDT estimated "military dependents" figure subtracted from the "all civilians" figure.

Continued on next page.

## Table 1.03-- RESIDENT POPULATION, BY MILITARY STATUS: 2000 to 2013 -- Con.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, "Table 1. Intercensal Estimates of the Resident Population for the United States, Regions, States, and Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2010" (ST-EST00INT-01) (September 28, 2011) [http://www.census.gov/popest/data/intercensal/state/state2010.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/data/intercensal/state/state2010.html) accessed September 28, 2011, "Table1. Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, States, and Puerto Rico: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2013" (NST-EST2013-01) (Dec. 30, 2013)
[http://www.census.gov/popest/data/state/totals/2013/index.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/data/state/totals/2013/index.html) accessed January 2, 2014, records and decennial censuses; U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, "Annual Estimates of the Resident Population by Single Year of Age and Sex for the United States, States, and Puerto Rico Commonwealth: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2013" (June 26, 2014) [http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml](http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml) accessed June 26, 2014 and"Annual Estimates of the Civilian Population by Single Year of Age and Sex for the United States and States: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2013" (SC-EST2013-AGESEX-CIV) (June 26, 2014)
[http://www.census.gov/popest/data/state/asrh/2013/index.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/data/state/asrh/2013/index.html) (June 26, 2014) accessed June 26, 2014; Hawaii State Department of Business, Economic Development \& Tourism, annual survey of local commanding officers and calculations.

# Table 1.04-- RESIDENT AND DE FACTO POPULATION, BY RESIDENCE STATUS: 2000 TO 2013 

| Date | Resident population 1/ |  | De facto population 2/ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Temporarily <br> absent 3/ | Total | Visitors <br> present 4/ | De facto- <br> resident ratio 2/ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2000: April 1 | $1,211,537$ | 42,021 | $1,337,991$ | 168,475 | 1.104 |
| July 1 | $\mathbf{1 , 2 1 3 , 5 1 9}$ | 46,151 | $1,336,005$ | 168,637 | 1.101 |
| 2001: July 1 | $1,225,948$ | 46,566 | $1,337,629$ | 158,247 | 1.091 |
| 2002: July 1 | $1,239,613$ | 46,757 | $1,353,051$ | 160,195 | 1.092 |
| 2003: July 1 | $\mathbf{1 , 2 5 1 , 1 5 4}$ | 53,447 | $1,358,755$ | 161,048 | 1.086 |
| 2004: July 1 | $1,273,569$ | 57,481 | $1,387,569$ | 171,481 | 1.090 |
| 2005: July 1 | $1,292,729$ | 65,674 | $1,412,500$ | 185,445 | 1.093 |
| 2006: July 1 | $1,309,731$ | 68,656 | $1,430,516$ | 189,441 | 1.092 |
| 2007: July 1 | $1,315,675$ | 71,626 | $1,433,461$ | 189,412 | 1.090 |
| 2008: July 1 | $1,332,213$ | 72,080 | $1,432,620$ | 172,487 | 1.075 |
| 2009: July 1 | $1,346,717$ | 69,243 | $1,442,556$ | 165,082 | 1.071 |
| 2010: July 1 | $1,363,731$ | 73,217 | $1,468,463$ | 177,949 | 1.077 |
| 2011: July 1 | $1,376,897$ | 73,863 | $1,488,858$ | 185,824 | 1.081 |
| 2012: July 1 | $1,390,090$ | 75,985 | $1,515,372$ | 201,267 | 1.090 |
| 2013: July 1 | $1,404,054$ | 68,946 | $1,537,984$ | 202,876 | 1.095 |

1/ The resident population is defined as the number of persons whose usual place of residence is in an area, regardless of physical location on the estimate or census date. It includes military personnel stationed or homeported in the area and residents temporarily absent, but excludes visitors present. Population estimates for 2000 through 2009 were revised based upon the April 1, 2010 figures. These revisions were released on September 28, 2011. Population estimates after 2009 were based on data released December 30, 2013 and may differ somewhat from earlier figures cited in other tables.

2/ The de facto population is defined as the number of persons physically present in an area, regardless of military status or usual place of residence. It includes visitors present but excludes residents temporarily absent, both calculated as an average daily census. De facto population estimates after July 2000 may differ somewhat from earlier figures cited in other tables due to revised population estimates released during the year. As a result of revisions to the resident and de facto population figures, the de facto-resident ratio may also differ from earlier figures cited in other tables.

3/ Figures reflect changes in research methodology by the Hawaii State Department of Business, Economic Development \& Tourism in November 2000.

4/ Average daily census. Figures reflect changes in research methodology by the Hawaii State Department of Business, Economic Development \& Tourism in November 2000.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, "Intercensal Estimates of the Resident Population for the United States, Regions, States, and Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2010" (ST-EST00INT-01) (September 28, 2011) [http://www.census.gov/popest/data/intercensal/](http://www.census.gov/popest/data/intercensal/) accessed October 4, 2011 and "Table 1. Annual Estimates of the Population for the United States, Regions, States, and Puerto Rico: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2013" (NST-EST2013-01) (December 30, 2013) [http://www.census.gov/popest/data/state/totals/2013/tables/NST-EST2013-01.xls](http://www.census.gov/popest/data/state/totals/2013/tables/NST-EST2013-01.xls) accessed January 2, 2014; Hawaii State Department of Business, Economic Development \& Tourism, Tourism Research Branch; Hawaii Tourism Authority, Tourism Research; and calculations by the Hawaii State Department of Business, Economic Development \& Tourism.

Table 1.05-- RESIDENT POPULATION OF ISLANDS: 1960 TO 2010
[Based on place of usual residence, regardless of physical location on the estimate or census date. Includes military personnel stationed or homeported in Hawaii and residents temporarily absent; excludes visitors present]

| Island | 1960 | 1970 | 1980 | 1990 | 2000 | 2010 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State of Hawaii | 632,772 | 769,913 | 964,691 | 1,108,229 | 1,211,537 | 1,360,301 |
| Hawaii | 61,332 | 63,468 | 92,053 | 120,317 | 148,677 | 185,079 |
| Kahoolawe | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Maui 1/ | 35,717 | 38,691 | 62,823 | 91,361 | 117,644 | 144,444 |
| Lanai | 2,115 | 2,204 | 2,119 | 2,426 | 3,193 | 3,135 |
| Molokai | 5,023 | 5,261 | 6,049 | 6,717 | 7,404 | 7,345 |
| Oahu 2/ | 500,394 | 630,497 | 762,534 | 836,231 | 876,151 | 953,207 |
| Kauai | 27,922 | 29,524 | 38,856 | 50,947 | 58,303 | 66,921 |
| Niihau 3/ | 254 | 237 | 226 | 230 | 160 | 170 |
| Northwestern Hawaiian Islands | 15 | 31 | 31 | (4/) | 5 | - |
| Necker Island | (NA) | (NA) | - | - | 5 |  |
| French Frigate Shoals | (NA) | (NA) | 4 | - | - |  |
| Laysan Island | (NA) | (NA) | 5 | - | - |  |
| Kure Atoll | (NA) | (NA) | 22 | (4/) | - |  |
| Other islands 5/ | (NA) | (NA) | - | - | - |  |
| Other Islands <br> (Not legally part of the state) | 2,512 | 3,227 | 780 | 186 | (NA) | (NA) |
| Midway Islands | 2,356 | 2,220 | 453 | 13 | (NA) | (NA) |
| Baker Island | - | - | - | - | (NA) | (NA) |
| Howland Island | - | - | - | - | (NA) | (NA) |
| Jarvis Island | - | - | - | - | (NA) | (NA) |
| Johnston Atoll | 156 | 1,007 | 327 | 173 | (NA) | (NA) |
| Kingman Reef | - | - | - | - | (NA) | (NA) |
| Palmyra Atoll | - | - | - | - | (NA) | (NA) |

NA Not available.
1/ Including Molokini (uninhabited) and Kalawao County.
2/ Including Sand Island (56 in 1970, 60 in 1980, 25 in 1990), Mokauea Island (12 in 1970, 11 in 1980, uninhabited in 1990), Ford Island (798 in 1970, 522 in 1980, 233 in 1990), and Moku o Loe (uninhabited in 1970, 16 in 1980, 6 in 1990). The combined total for Sand Island and Mokauea Island in 1960 was 36. These offshore islands were not reported separately in other years.

3/ Including Lehua and Kaula, uninhabited.
4/ Reported as uninhabited by the 1990 Census but with 24 by the U.S. Coast Guard.
5/ Nihoa, Gardner Pinnacles, Maro Reef, Lisianski Island, and Pearl and Hermes Atoll.
Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, decennial census bulletins on number of inhabitants, census tracts, and block statistics, 1940-1990, and 1990 census printouts and tapes; U.S. Coast Guard, records (for Kure Atoll in 1990); and U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Redistricting Data (Public Law 94-171) Summary File (March 19, 2001) and 2010 Census Redistricting Data (Public Law 94-171) Summary File (February 24, 2011).

Table 1.06-- RESIDENT POPULATION, BY COUNTY: 2000 TO 2013
[Based on place of usual residence, regardless of physical location on the estimate or census date. Includes military personnel stationed or homeported in Hawaii and residents temporarily absent; excludes visitors present]

| Date | State <br> total | City and <br> County of <br> Honolulu | Hawai <br> County | Kauai <br> County | Maui <br> County 1/ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2000: April 1 2/ | $1,211,537$ | 876,156 | 148,677 | 58,463 | 128,241 |
| July 1 3/ | $1,213,519$ | 876,629 | 149,244 | 58,568 | 129,078 |
| 2001: July 1 3/ | $1,225,948$ | 882,755 | 151,690 | 59,075 | 132,428 |
| 2002: July 1 3/ | $1,239,613$ | 890,473 | 154,576 | 59,981 | 134,583 |
| 2003: July 1 3/ | $1,251,154$ | 894,311 | 158,442 | 60,805 | 137,596 |
| 2004: July 1 3/ | $1,273,569$ | 907,997 | 162,852 | 62,095 | 140,625 |
| 2005: July 1 3/ | $1,292,729$ | 918,181 | 168,237 | 62,863 | 143,448 |
| 2006: July 1 3/ | $1,309,731$ | 926,954 | 173,536 | 63,465 | 145,776 |
| 2007: July 1 3/ | $1,315,675$ | 925,335 | 177,733 | 64,490 | 148,117 |
| 2008: July 1 3/ | $1,332,213$ | 933,680 | 181,506 | 65,603 | 151,424 |
| 2009: July 1 3/ | $1,346,717$ | 943,177 | 183,629 | 66,518 | 153,393 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2010: April 1 2/ | $1,360,301$ | 953,207 | 185,079 | 67,091 | 154,924 |
| July 1 3/ | $1,363,731$ | 956,166 | 185,307 | 67,206 | 155,052 |
| 2011: July 1 3/ | $1,376,897$ | 965,629 | 186,886 | 67,731 | 156,651 |
| 2012: July 1 3/ | $1,390,090$ | 974,990 | 188,575 | 68,395 | 158,130 |
| 2013: July 1 3/ | $1,404,054$ | 983,429 | 190,821 | 69,512 | 160,292 |

1/ Including Kalawao County (Kalaupapa Settlement). Kalawao had 147 in 2000, 90 in 2010 and 90 in 2013.

2/Decennial census figure.
3/ Population estimates for 2000 through 2009 were revised based upon the April 1, 2010 figures which were released September 28, 2011. Population estimates after April 1, 2010 were based on revisions released in March 2014 and may differ somewhat from earlier figures cited in other tables.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Federal-State Cooperative Program for Population Estimates, "Table 1. Intercensal Estimates of the Resident Population for Counties of Hawaii: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2010" (CO-EST00INT-01-15)
[http://www.census.gov/popest/data/intercensal/county/tables/CO-EST00INT-01/CO-EST00INT-01-15.xls](http://www.census.gov/popest/data/intercensal/county/tables/CO-EST00INT-01/CO-EST00INT-01-15.xls) accessed September 28, 2011 and "Annual Estimates of the Resident Population: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2013" (PEPANNRES) (released March 27, 2014)
[http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml](http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml) accessed March 27, 2014.

## Table 1.07 -- PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN RESIDENT POPULATION, BY COUNTY: 2000 TO 2013

[July 1 population. Based on place of usual residence, regardless of physical location on the estimate or census date. Includes military personnel stationed or homeported in Hawaii and residents temporarily absent; excludes visitors present]

| Date | State total | City and County of Honolulu | Hawaii County | Kauai County | Maui County $1 /$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Growth from previous year: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 200021 | 0.3 | -0.3 | 1.5 | 0.5 | 2.3 |
| $20012 /$ | 1.0 | 0.7 | 1.6 | 0.9 | 2.6 |
| 2002 2/ | 1.1 | 0.9 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.6 |
| 2003 2/ | 0.9 | 0.4 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 2.2 |
| 200421 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 2.2 |
| 2005 2/ | 1.5 | 1.1 | 3.3 | 1.2 | 2.0 |
| 200621 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 3.1 | 1.0 | 1.6 |
| 2007 2/ | 0.5 | -0.2 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| 2008 2/ | 1.3 | 0.9 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 2.2 |
| 2009 2/ | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.3 |
| 2010 2/ | 1.3 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.1 |
| 2011 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 1.0 |
| 2012 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 0.9 |
| 2013 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 1.4 |
| Annual growth rate: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1990-2000 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 2.1 | 1.3 | 2.4 |
| 2000-2010 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 2.2 | 1.4 | 1.9 |
| 2010-2013 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 |

[^1]
## Table 1.08 -- COUNTY POPULATION AS A SHARE OF THE STATE TOTAL: 2000 TO 2013

[In percent; based on place of usual residence, regardless of physical location on the estimate or census date. Includes military personnel stationed or homeported in Hawaii and residents temporarily absent; excludes visitors present]

| Date | City and County of Honolulu | Hawaii County | Kauai County | Maui County 1/ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2000: April $12 /$ | 72.3 | 12.3 | 4.8 | 10.6 |
| July 1 3/ | 72.2 | 12.3 | 4.8 | 10.6 |
| 2001: July 1 3/ | 72.0 | 12.4 | 4.8 | 10.8 |
| 2002: July 1 3/ | 71.8 | 12.5 | 4.8 | 10.9 |
| 2003: July 1 3/ | 71.5 | 12.7 | 4.9 | 11.0 |
| 2004: July 1 3/ | 71.3 | 12.8 | 4.9 | 11.0 |
| 2005: July 1 3/ | 71.0 | 13.0 | 4.9 | 11.1 |
| 2006: July 1 3/ | 70.8 | 13.2 | 4.8 | 11.1 |
| 2007: July 1 3/ | 70.3 | 13.5 | 4.9 | 11.3 |
| 2008: July 1 3/ | 70.1 | 13.6 | 4.9 | 11.4 |
| 2009: July 1 3/ | 70.0 | 13.6 | 4.9 | 11.4 |
| 2010: April $12 /$ | 70.1 | 13.6 | 4.9 | 11.4 |
| July $13 /$ | 70.1 | 13.6 | 4.9 | 11.4 |
| 2011: July 1 3/ | 70.1 | 13.6 | 4.9 | 11.4 |
| 2012: July 1 3/ | 70.1 | 13.6 | 4.9 | 11.4 |
| 2013: July 1 3/ | 70.0 | 13.6 | 5.0 | 11.4 |

1/ Maui County includes Kalawao County.
2/ Decennial census figure.
3/ Population estimates for 2000 through 2009 were revised based upon the April 1, 2010 figures which were released September 28, 2011. Population estimates after April 1, 2010 were based on revisions released in March 2014 and may differ somewhat from earlier figures cited in other tables.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau of the Census, Federal-State Cooperative Program for Population Estimates, "Table 1. Intercensal Estimates of the Resident Population for Counties of Hawaii: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2010" (CO-EST00INT-01-15)
[http://www.census.gov/popest/data/intercensal/county/tables/CO-EST00INT-01/CO-EST00INT-01-15.xls](http://www.census.gov/popest/data/intercensal/county/tables/CO-EST00INT-01/CO-EST00INT-01-15.xls) accessed September 28, 2011 and "Annual Estimates of the Resident Population: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2013" (PEPANNRES) (released March 27, 2014) [http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml](http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml) accessed March 27, 2014.

## Table 1.09-- DE FACTO POPULATION, BY COUNTY: 1990 TO 2013

[Includes all persons physically present in an area, regardless of military status or usual place of residence. Includes visitors present but excludes residents temporarily absent, both calculated as an average daily census. Revised figures for July 1, 2010 through July 1, 2013]

| Date | State <br> total | City and County of Honolulu | Hawaii <br> County | Kauai County | Maui County $1 /$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1990: April 1 | 1,230,731 | 896,260 | 133,202 | 66,699 | 134,569 |
| July 1 | 1,257,319 | 913,268 | 137,103 | 68,558 | 138,390 |
| 1991: July 1 | 1,252,265 | 901,717 | 141,240 | 69,605 | 139,703 |
| 1992: July 1 | 1,271,662 | 912,514 | 146,421 | 66,076 | 146,651 |
| 1993: July 1 | 1,267,849 | 909,506 | 148,014 | 61,262 | 149,067 |
| 1994: July 1 | 1,289,804 | 919,898 | 150,311 | 67,161 | 152,434 |
| 1995: July 1 | 1,298,096 | 921,626 | 152,482 | 68,844 | 155,144 |
| 1996: July 1 | 1,303,915 | 921,609 | 154,364 | 70,474 | 157,468 |
| 1997: July 1 | 1,327,930 | 932,931 | 161,225 | 71,763 | 162,011 |
| 1998: July 1 | 1,334,125 | 931,439 | 165,205 | 73,920 | 163,562 |
| 1999: July 1 | 1,332,442 | 927,689 | 164,570 | 74,441 | 165,743 |
| 2000: April 1 | 1,337,991 | 927,174 | 167,073 | 75,200 | 168,544 |
| July 1 | 1,336,005 | 926,192 | 166,429 | 74,734 | 168,650 |
| 2001: July 1 | 1,337,629 | 926,713 | 168,131 | 73,940 | 168,845 |
| 2002: July 1 | 1,353,051 | 934,070 | 171,784 | 74,895 | 172,302 |
| 2003: July 1 | 1,358,755 | 931,880 | 174,683 | 76,148 | 176,044 |
| 2004: July 1 | 1,387,569 | 949,262 | 180,107 | 78,167 | 180,033 |
| 2005: July 1 | 1,412,500 | 959,340 | 188,612 | 79,561 | 184,987 |
| 2006: July 1 | 1,430,516 | 967,400 | 194,008 | 80,887 | 188,221 |
| 2007: July 1 | 1,433,461 | 963,577 | 196,723 | 83,286 | 189,875 |
| 2008: July 1 | 1,432,620 | 962,908 | 198,413 | 81,968 | 189,331 |
| 2009: July 1 | 1,442,556 | 972,202 | 199,047 | 82,101 | 189,206 |
| 2010: July 1 | 1,468,463 | 987,936 | 202,650 | 83,513 | 194,364 |
| 2011: July 1 | 1,488,858 | 999,803 | 205,523 | 85,040 | 198,492 |
| 2012: July 1 | 1,515,372 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 1,017,774 | 208,909 | 87,005 | 201,684 |
| 2013: July 1 | 1,537,984 | 1,029,798 | 212,047 | 89,454 | 206,685 |

1/ Maui County including Kalawao County. The 2013 de facto population of Kalawao County, which is the Kalaupapa Settlement on Molokai, was 90.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, "'Table 1. Intercensal Estimates of the Resident Population for Counties of Hawaii: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2010" (CO-EST00INT-01-15) (September 28, 2011) [http://www.census.gov/popest/intercensal/county/CO-EST00INT-01.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/intercensal/county/CO-EST00INT-01.html) accessed October 4, 2011; "Table 1. Annual Estimates of the Resident Population for Counties of Hawaii: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2013" (PEPANNRES) (March 2014) [http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml](http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml) accessed March 27, 2014; Hawaii State Department of Business, Economic Development \& Tourism, Tourism Research Branch; Hawaii Tourism Authority, Tourism Research, records; and calculations by the Hawaii State Department of Business, Economic Development \& Tourism.

Table 1.10- RESIDENT AND DE FACTO POPULATION, BY COUNTY AND
ISLAND: 1990 AND 2000

| County and island | Resident population 1/ |  |  | De facto population $2 /$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April 1, 1990 | April 1, 2000 | Percent change | April 1, <br> 1990 | April 1, 2000 | Percent change |
| State total | 1,108,229 | 1,211,537 | 9.3 | 1,248,360 | 1,337,991 | 7.2 |
| County |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hawaii | 120,317 | 148,677 | 23.6 | 135,080 | 167,073 | 23.7 |
| Maui 3/ | 100,504 | 128,241 | 27.6 | 137,298 | 168,544 | 22.8 |
| Honolulu | 836,231 | 876,156 | 4.8 | 908,019 | 927,173 | 2.1 |
| Kauai | 51,177 | 58,463 | 14.2 | 67,963 | 75,200 | 10.6 |
| Island |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hawaii | 120,317 | 148,677 | 23.6 | 135,080 | 167,073 | 23.7 |
| Maui | 91,361 | 117,644 | 28.8 | 126,992 | 156,170 | 23.0 |
| Kahoolawe | - | - | (X) | - | - | (X) |
| Lanai | 2,426 | 3,193 | 31.6 | 2,629 | 4,243 | 61.4 |
| Molokai | 6,717 | 7,404 | 10.2 | 7,677 | 8,131 | 5.9 |
| Oahu 4/ | 836,231 | 876,156 | 4.8 | 908,019 | 927,173 | 2.1 |
| Kauai | 50,947 | 58,303 | 14.4 | 67,737 | 75,040 | 10.8 |
| Niihau | 230 | 160 | -30.4 | 226 | 160 | -29.2 |

X Not applicable.
1/ The resident population is defined as the number of persons whose usual place of residence is in an area, regardless of physical location on the estimate or census date. It includes military personnel stationed or homeported in the area and residents temporarily absent, but excludes visitors present.
$2 /$ The de facto population is defined as the number of persons physically present in an area, regardless of military status or usual place of residence. It includes visitors present but excludes residents temporarily absent, both calculated as an average daily census.

3/ Maui County includes Kalawao County.
4/ Includes the Northwestern Hawaiian Islands, from Nihoa to Kure Atoll, except Midway
( 24 people in 1990 who were not counted in the official census and 5 in 2000 who were counted in the official census).

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1990 Public Law 94-171 counts; U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Redistricting Data (P.L. 94-171) Summary File (March 19, 2001); Hawaii State Department of Business, Economic Development \& Tourism, Tourism Research Branch, records.

## Table 1.11-- LAND AREA AND POPULATION DENSITY, BY COUNTY AND ISLAND: 2010

| County and island | Resident population 1 / | Land area |  | Resident population density |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Square km. | Square miles 2/ | Per square km. | Per square mile |
| State total | 1,360,301 | 16,634.53 | 6,422.63 | 81.8 | 211.8 |
| County |  |  |  |  |  |
| Honolulu | 953,207 | 1,555.92 | 600.74 | 612.6 | 1,586.7 |
| Hawaii | 185,079 | 10,433.55 | 4,028.42 | 17.7 | 45.9 |
| Maui 3/ | 154,924 | 3,039.38 | 1,173.51 | 51.0 | 132.0 |
| Kauai | 67,091 | 1,605.68 | 619.96 | 41.8 | 108.2 |
| Island |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oahu | 953,207 | 1,547.88 | 597.64 | 615.8 | 1,594.9 |
| Hawaii | 185,079 | 10,433.55 | 4,028.42 | 17.7 | 45.9 |
| Maui | 144,444 | 1,999.45 | 771.99 | 72.2 | 187.1 |
| Lanai | 3,135 | 365.36 | 141.07 | 8.6 | 22.2 |
| Molokai | 7,345 | 674.58 | 260.46 | 10.9 | 28.2 |
| Kauai | 66,921 | 1,430.59 | 552.35 | 46.8 | 121.2 |
| Niihau | 170 | 175.09 | 67.60 | 1.0 | 2.5 |
| Northwestern Hawaiian Islands 4/ | - | 8.03 | 3.10 | - | - |

1/ The resident population is defined as the number of persons whose usual place of residence is in an area, regardless of physical location on the estimate or census date. It includes military personnel stationed or homeported in the area and residents temporarily absent, but excludes visitors present.

2/ Square kilometers converted to square miles by dividing by 2.589988 .
3/ Maui County includes Kalawao County.
4/ Includes the Northwestern Hawaiian Islands, from Nihoa to Kure Atoll, except Midway.
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 Census Redistricting Data (Public Law 94-171) Summary File (February 2011); calculations by the Hawaii State Department of Business, Economic Development \& Tourism, Hawaii State Data Center.

Table 1.12-- RESIDENT POPULATION OF COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS: 1990, 2000, AND 2010

| County and district (see maps) | April 1, 1990 | April 1, <br> 2000 | April 1,$2010$ | Percent change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1990 \text { to } \\ 2000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2000 \text { to } \\ 2010 \end{gathered}$ |
| State total | 1,108,229 | 1,211,537 | 1,360,301 | 9.3 | 12.3 |
| Hawaii County | 120,317 | 148,677 | 185,079 | 23.6 | 24.5 |
| Puna | 20,781 | 31,335 | 45,326 | 50.8 | 44.6 |
| South Hilo | 44,639 | 47,386 | 50,927 | 6.2 | 7.5 |
| North Hilo | 1,541 | 1,720 | 2,041 | 11.6 | 18.7 |
| Hamakua | 5,545 | 6,108 | 6,513 | 10.2 | 6.6 |
| North Kohala | 4,291 | 6,038 | 6,322 | 40.7 | 4.7 |
| South Kohala | 9,140 | 13,131 | 17,627 | 43.7 | 34.2 |
| North Kona | 22,284 | 28,543 | 37,875 | 28.1 | 32.7 |
| South Kona | 7,658 | 8,589 | 9,997 | 12.2 | 16.4 |
| Ka'u | 4,438 | 5,827 | 8,451 | 31.3 | 45.0 |
| Maui County $1 /$ | 100,504 | 128,241 | 154,924 | 27.6 | 20.8 |
| Hana | 1,895 | 1,855 | 2,291 | -2.1 | 23.5 |
| Makawao | 29,207 | 36,476 | 41,887 | 24.9 | 14.8 |
| Wailuku | 45,685 | 61,346 | 78,110 | 34.3 | 27.3 |
| Lahaina | 14,574 | 17,967 | 22,156 | 23.3 | 23.3 |
| Lanai | 2,426 | 3,193 | 3,135 | 31.6 | -1.8 |
| Molokai | 6,587 | 7,257 | 7,255 | 10.2 | 0.0 |
| Kalawao | 130 | 147 | 90 | 13.1 | -38.8 |
| City \& Co. of Honolulu | 836,231 | 876,156 | 953,207 | 4.8 | 8.8 |
| Honolulu | 377,059 | 372,279 | 390,738 | -1.3 | 5.0 |
| Koolaupoko | 117,694 | 117,994 | 115,164 | 0.3 | -2.4 |
| Koolauloa | 18,443 | 18,899 | 21,406 | 2.5 | 13.3 |
| Waialua | 11,549 | 14,027 | 13,046 | 21.5 | -7.0 |
| Wahiawa | 43,886 | 38,370 | 41,216 | -12.6 | 7.4 |
| Waianae | 37,411 | 42,259 | 48,519 | 13.0 | 14.8 |
| Ewa | 230,189 | 272,328 | 323,118 | 18.3 | 18.7 |
| Kauai County | 51,177 | 58,463 | 67,091 | 14.2 | 14.8 |
| Hanalei | 4,631 | 6,348 | 7,828 | 37.1 | 23.3 |
| Kawaihau | 15,627 | 18,525 | 20,992 | 18.5 | 13.3 |
| Lihue | 10,663 | 12,022 | 14,683 | 12.7 | 22.1 |
| Koloa | 11,368 | 12,845 | 14,086 | 13.0 | 9.7 |
| Waimea | 8,888 | 8,723 | 9,502 | -1.9 | 8.9 |

1/ Including Kalawao County.
Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1990 Census of Population and Housing, Population and
Housing Unit Counts, Hawaii, 1990 CPH-2-13 (March 1993), table 8; U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000
Redistricting Data (Public Law 94-171) Summary File (March 19, 2001) and 2010 Census Redistricting Data (Public Law 94-171) Summary File (February 24, 2011)
[http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml](http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml) accessed June 3, 2011.

## Table 1.13-- RESIDENT POPULATION OF ISLANDS AND CENSUS DESIGNATED PLACES: 2010

[This table presents data for the 151 "census designated places" defined by the Hawaii State Department of Business, Economic Development \& Tourism, in cooperation with the U.S. Census Bureau and the county planning departments, for the 2010 decennial census, under authority granted by Sec. 26-18, 'Hawaii Revised Statutes. Although described in the legislation as "cities, towns, and villages," none of these places is an independent municipality with separate government and taxing powers; the boundaries determined for these places are statistical rather than political]

| Island and 2010 place | Population | Households | Average household size | Families | Average family size |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hawaii | 185,079 | 67,096 | 2.70 | 44,407 | 3.22 |
| Ainaloa | 2,965 | 1,005 | 2.95 | 708 | 3.43 |
| Captain Cook | 3,429 | 1,258 | 2.73 | 859 | 3.20 |
| Discovery Harbour | 949 | 406 | 2.34 | 256 | 2.80 |
| Eden Roc | 942 | 394 | 2.39 | 207 | 3.21 |
| Fern Acres | 1,504 | 594 | 2.53 | 366 | 3.17 |
| Fern Forest | 931 | 399 | 2.33 | 194 | 3.24 |
| Halaula | 469 | 155 | 3.03 | 109 | 3.46 |
| Hawaiian Acres | 2,700 | 1,119 | 2.41 | 637 | 3.09 |
| Hawaiian Beaches | 4,280 | 1,471 | 2.91 | 1,025 | 3.40 |
| Hawaiian Ocean View | 4,437 | 1,759 | 2.52 | 989 | 3.30 |
| Hawaiian Paradise Park | 11,404 | 3,892 | 2.93 | 2,743 | 3.39 |
| Hawi | 1,081 | 337 | 3.21 | 263 | 3.50 |
| Hilo | 43,263 | 15,483 | 2.69 | 10,287 | 3.20 |
| Holualoa | 8,538 | 3,433 | 2.49 | 2,131 | 2.95 |
| Honalo | 2,423 | 800 | 2.98 | 551 | 3.38 |
| Honaunau-Napoopoo | 2,567 | 932 | 2.75 | 613 | 3.25 |
| Honokaa | 2,258 | 751 | 2.91 | 529 | 3.46 |
| Honomu | 509 | 198 | 2.57 | 125 | 3.21 |
| Kahaluu-Keauhou | 3,549 | 1,456 | 2.37 | 957 | 2.75 |
| Kailua | 11,975 | 4,196 | 2.74 | 2,720 | 3.29 |
| Kalaoa | 9,644 | 3,434 | 2.80 | 2,353 | 3.18 |
| Kapaau | 1,734 | 584 | 2.93 | 412 | 3.49 |
| Keaau | 2,253 | 701 | 3.20 | 522 | 3.68 |
| Kealakekua | 2,019 | 749 | 2.66 | 468 | 3.25 |
| Kukuihaele | 336 | 108 | 3.11 | 76 | 3.57 |
| Kurtistown | 1,298 | 476 | 2.73 | 335 | 3.25 |
| Laupahoehoe | 581 | 214 | 2.71 | 154 | 3.10 |
| Leilani Estates | 1,560 | 696 | 2.24 | 379 | 2.82 |
| Mountain View | 3,924 | 1,318 | 2.98 | 966 | 3.42 |
| Naalehu | 866 | 251 | 3.45 | 192 | 3.91 |
| Nanawale Estates | 1,426 | 520 | 2.74 | 307 | 3.51 |

Continued on next page.

## Table 1.13-- RESIDENT POPULATION OF ISLANDS AND CENSUS DESIGNATED PLACES: 2010 -- Con.

| Island and 2010 place |  |  | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Average } \\ \text { House- } \\ \text { holds }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { household } \\ \text { size }\end{array}$ | Families |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | \(\left.\begin{array}{c}family <br>

size\end{array}\right]\)

Continued on next page.

## Table 1.13-- RESIDENT POPULATION OF ISLANDS AND CENSUS DESIGNATED PLACES: 2010 -- Con.

| Island and 2010 place | Population | Households | Average household size | Families | Average family size |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lanai | 3,135 | 1,158 | 2.71 | 788 | 3.30 |
| Lanai City | 3,102 | 1,140 | 2.72 | 776 | 3.32 |
| Manele | 29 | 16 | 1.81 | 11 | 2.18 |
| Molokai | 7,345 | 2,582 | 2.84 | 1,782 | 3.42 |
| Kaunakakai | 3,425 | 1,254 | 2.73 | 850 | 3.32 |
| Kualapuu | 2,027 | 583 | 3.44 | 465 | 3.84 |
| Maunaloa | 376 | 111 | 3.39 | 92 | 3.65 |
| Ualapu'e | 425 | 157 | 2.71 | 103 | 3.39 |
| Oahu | 953,207 | 311,047 | 2.95 | 217,842 | 3.48 |
| Ahuimanu | 8,810 | 2,745 | 3.19 | 2,246 | 3.44 |
| Alea | 9,338 | 2,786 | 3.34 | 2,220 | 3.63 |
| East Honolulu | 49,914 | 17,684 | 2.81 | 13,854 | 3.11 |
| Ewa Beach | 14,955 | 3,298 | 4.50 | 2,891 | 4.56 |
| Ewa Gentry | 22,690 | 6,871 | 3.30 | 5,477 | 3.66 |
| Ewa Villages | 6,108 | 1,411 | 4.32 | 1,209 | 4.59 |
| Halawa | 14,014 | 4,217 | 3.26 | 3,204 | 3.66 |
| Haleiwa | 3,970 | 1,191 | 3.29 | 866 | 3.72 |
| Hauula | 4,148 | 946 | 4.08 | 784 | 4.39 |
| Heeia | 4,963 | 1,557 | 3.18 | 1,300 | 3.40 |
| Hickam Housing | 6,920 | 1,918 | 3.38 | 1,722 | 3.62 |
| Iroquois Point | 3,374 | 1,064 | 3.17 | 834 | 3.46 |
| Kaaawa | 1,379 | 455 | 3.03 | 339 | 3.46 |
| Kahaluu | 4,738 | 1,392 | 3.39 | 1,092 | 3.68 |
| Kahuku | 2,614 | 622 | 4.20 | 495 | 4.74 |
| Kailua | 38,635 | 12,921 | 2.98 | 9,653 | 3.31 |
| Kalaeloa | 48 | 10 | 4.80 | 8 | 5.50 |
| Kaneohe | 34,597 | 11,138 | 3.05 | 8,490 | 3.43 |
| Kaneohe Station | 9,517 | 2,115 | 3.09 | 2,019 | 3.17 |
| Kapolei | 15,186 | 4,150 | 3.63 | 3,589 | 3.86 |
| Kawela Bay | 330 | 153 | 2.16 | 83 | 2.90 |
| Ko Olina | 1,799 | 803 | 2.24 | 538 | 2.63 |
| Laie | 6,138 | 965 | 4.43 | 790 | 4.57 |
| Maili | 9,488 | 2,254 | 3.97 | 1,867 | 4.24 |
| Makaha | 8,278 | 2,528 | 3.21 | 1,686 | 3.89 |
| Makaha Valley | 1,341 | 528 | 2.54 | 337 | 3.02 |
| Makakilo | 18,248 | 5,449 | 3.35 | 4,470 | 3.59 |
| Maunawili | 2,040 | 684 | 2.98 | 572 | 3.15 |
| Mililani Mauka | 21,039 | 7,193 | 2.92 | 5,631 | 3.33 |

Continued on next page.

Table 1.13-- RESIDENT POPULATION OF ISLANDS AND CENSUS DESIGNATED PLACES: 2010 -- Con.

| Island and 2010 place | Population | Households | Average household $\qquad$ size | Families | Average family size |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oahu (con.) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mililani Town | 27,629 | 9,038 | 3.06 | 7,433 | 3.33 |
| Mokuleia | 1,811 | 755 | 2.40 | 435 | 2.96 |
| Nanakuli | 12,666 | 2,666 | 4.71 | 2,281 | 4.95 |
| Ocean Pointe | 8,361 | 2,658 | 3.14 | 2,194 | 3.40 |
| Pearl City | 47,698 | 14,268 | 3.08 | 11,347 | 3.42 |
| Punaluu | 1,164 | 435 | 2.55 | 266 | 3.24 |
| Pupukea | 4,551 | 1,580 | 2.88 | 1,011 | 3.21 |
| Royal Kunia | 14,525 | 3,995 | 3.64 | 3,403 | 3.84 |
| Schofield Barracks | 16,370 | 3,602 | 3.55 | 3,362 | 3.69 |
| Urban Honolulu | 337,256 | 129,408 | 2.51 | 74,688 | 3.24 |
| Wahiawa | 17,821 | 5,734 | 3.08 | 4,076 | 3.62 |
| Waialua | 3,860 | 1,165 | 3.31 | 885 | 3.65 |
| Waianae | 13,177 | 2,980 | 4.25 | 2,523 | 4.47 |
| Waikane | 778 | 208 | 3.74 | 168 | 4.11 |
| Waikele | 7,479 | 2,842 | 2.63 | 2,020 | 3.09 |
| Waimalu | 13,730 | 5,587 | 2.45 | 3,376 | 3.10 |
| Waimanalo | 5,451 | 1,341 | 4.05 | 1,130 | 4.24 |
| Waimanalo Beach | 4,481 | 1,062 | 4.17 | 828 | 4.71 |
| Waipahu | 38,216 | 8,383 | 4.45 | 6,934 | 4.60 |
| Waipio | 11,674 | 3,941 | 2.95 | 2,848 | 3.38 |
| Waipio Acres | 5,236 | 1,822 | 2.87 | 1,232 | 3.47 |
| West Loch Estate | 5,485 | 1,600 | 3.43 | 1,308 | 3.77 |
| Wheeler AFB | 1,634 | 554 | 2.90 | 498 | 3.07 |
| Whitmore Village | 4,499 | 1,006 | 4.44 | 888 | 4.49 |
| Kauai | 66,921 | 23,213 | 2.88 | 16,121 | 3.30 |
| Anahola | 2,223 | 659 | 3.36 | 478 | 3.86 |
| Eleele | 2,390 | 740 | 3.23 | 583 | 3.60 |
| Haena | 431 | 166 | 2.60 | 100 | 3.18 |
| Hanalei | 450 | 186 | 2.42 | 115 | 2.87 |
| Hanamaulu | 3,835 | 1,055 | 3.62 | 831 | 4.00 |
| Hanapepe | 2,638 | 868 | 3.04 | 643 | 3.49 |
| Kalaheo | 4,595 | 1,670 | 2.75 | 1,203 | 3.16 |
| Kalihiwai | 428 | 156 | 2.52 | 102 | 2.91 |
| Kapaa | 10,699 | 3,653 | 2.89 | 2,506 | 3.36 |
| Kaumakani | 749 | 203 | 3.69 | 162 | 4.05 |
| Kekaha | 3,537 | 1,165 | 3.03 | 821 | 3.60 |
| Kilauea | 2,803 | 958 | 2.93 | 672 | 3.28 |
| Koloa | 2,144 | 730 | 2.93 | 512 | 3.41 |

Continued on next page.

## Table 1.13-- RESIDENT POPULATION OF ISLANDS AND CENSUS DESIGNATED PLACES: 2010 -- Con.

| Island and 2010 place | Population | House- <br> holds | Average <br> household <br> size | Families | Average <br> family <br> size |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Kauai (con.) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lawai | 2,363 | 872 | 2.71 | 633 | 3.07 |
| Lihue | 6,455 | 2,333 | 2.70 | 1,521 | 3.29 |
| Omao | 1,301 | 453 | 2.69 | 305 | 3.11 |
| Pakala Village | 294 | 106 | 2.77 | 73 | 3.29 |
| Poipu | 979 | 447 | 2.19 | 287 | 2.64 |
| Princeville | 2,158 | 933 | 2.22 | 568 | 2.61 |
| Puhi | 2,906 | 932 | 3.10 | 661 | 3.63 |
| Wailua | 2,254 | 885 | 2.55 | 556 | 3.11 |
| Wailua Homesteads | 5,188 | 1,930 | 2.67 | 1,355 | 3.03 |
| Waimea | 1,855 | 655 | 2.73 | 459 | 3.22 |
| Wainiha | 318 | 110 | 2.89 | 69 | 3.25 |
| Niihau |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 Census Summary File 1 (June 16, 2011)
[http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml](http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml) accessed June 20, 2011; calculations by the Hawaii State Department of Business, Economic Development \& Tourism, Hawaii State Data Center.

## Table 1.14-- POPULATION AND PERCENTAGE CHANGE RȦNKINGS: 2010 AND 2013

[Based on population as of July 1 unless otherwise specified]

| Comparison 1/ | Resident <br> population, 2013 | Ranking |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Population $2 /$ |  | Percent change, 20102013 3/ |
|  |  | 2010 | 2013 |  |
| State of Hawaii |  |  |  |  |
| Among the 50 States and D.C. | 1,404,054 | 40 | 40 | 4/ 14 |
| Among the 50 States | 1,404,054 | 40 | 40 | 15 |
| Urban Honolulu MSA 5/ Among all MSAs $6 /$ | 983,429 | 54 | 54 | 109 |
| Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina MSA 7/ Among all MSAs $6 /$ | 160,292 | 257 | 255 | 95 |
| City and County of Honolulu $8 /$ Among all counties | 983,429 | 43 | 45 | 4/432 |
| Among all incorporated places 9/ | 983,429 | 10 | 11 | 10/319 |
| Urban Honolulu CDP 11/ Among incorporated places $9 /$ | 347,884 | 53 | 54 | 10/319 |
| Hawaii County 12/ | 190,821 | 334 | 336 | 13/446 |
| Kalawao County 12/ | 90 | 14/ 3,142 | 14/3,143 | 15/1,490 |
| Kauai County 12/ | 69,512 | 781 | 767 | 16/365 |
| Maui County $12 /$ | 160,202 | 402 | 397 | 17/384 |
| Hilo Micropolitan 18/ | 190,821 | 3 | 2 | 41 |
| Kapaa Micropolitan 18/ | 69,512 | 109 | 101 | 33 |

Continued on next page.

# Table 1.14-- POPULATION AND PERCENTAGE CHANGE RANKINGS: 2010 AND 2013 -- Con. 

1/ MSA, Metropolitan Statistical Area; CDP, Census Designated Place, that is, an unincorporated urban place.

2/ Largest number ranking 1. Rankings for 2010 are based on the 2010 Census and reflect changes to the April 1, 2010 population due to the Count Question Resolution program and geographic program revisions.

3/ Ranking of the area in regard to 2010-2013 population percent change, greatest percent change ranking 1 .

4/ Tied with 2 others.
5/ The Urban Honolulu MSA consists of the City and County of Honolulu, comprising Oahu and the Northwestern Hawaiian Islands (except Midway). It was previously known as Honolulu MSA.

6/ Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs) contains a core urban area of 50,000 or more population. There were 381 metropolitan statistical areas in 2013.
$7 /$ The Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina MSA consists of Maui County (excluding Kalawao County).
8/ The City and County of Honolulu consists of Oahu and the Northwestern Hawaiian Islands (except Midway). There are 3,143 U.S. counties in 2010 and 2013.

9/ Among all 745 incorporated places with over 50,000 population in 2013.
10/ Tied with 11 others.
11/ The Honolulu CDP used to consist of Honolulu District, comprising the area between Red Hill and Makapuu Point, south and southwest of the crest of the Koolau Mountains, and the Northwestern Hawaiian Islands (except Midway). In 2010, this CDP was split into three separate CDPs - Urban Honolulu, East Honolulu, and Hickam (a portion of the new CDP).

12/ Among all 3,143 U.S. counties.
13/ Tied with 1 other.
14/ In 2010, Kalawao County had the second lowest county population in the United States. The county with the lowest population was Loving, Texas with a population of 82. In 2013, Kalawao County had the lowest county population in the United States.

15/ Tied with 3 others.
16/ Tied with 6 others.
17/ Tied with 4 others.
18/ Micropolitan statistical areas contains an urban core of at least 10,000 (but less than 50,000 ) population. Hilo Micropolitan consists of Hawaii County and Kapaa Micropolitan consists of Kauai County. There were 536 micropolitan statistical areas in 2013.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division [http://www.census.gov/popest/data/index.html](http://www.census.gov/popest/data/index.html) accessed through May 30, 2014.

## Table 1.15-- RESIDENT POPULATION FOR OAHU NEIGHBORHOODS: 2000 AND 2010

| Neighborhood Area 1/ (see maps) | 200021 | 2010 3/ | Percent change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oahu total | 876,156 | 911,841 | 4.1 |
| 1 Hawaii Kai | 27,657 | 29,814 | 7.8 |
| 2 Kuliouou-Kalani lki | 16,105 | 15,786 | -2.0 |
| 3 Waialae-Kahala | 9,497 | 9,854 | 3.8 |
| 4 Kaimuki | 18,996 | 18,491 | -2.7 |
| 5 Diamond Head/Kapahulu/St. Louis Heights | 18,138 | 17,598 | -3.0 |
| 6 Palolo | 12,331 | 12,039 | -2.4 |
| 7 Manoa | 21,625 | 21,114 | -2.4 |
| 8 McCully/Moiliili | 26,122 | 25,734 | -1.5 |
| 9 Waikiki | 19,720 | 20,095 | 1.9 |
| 10 Makiki/Lower Punchbowl/Tantalus | 29,713 | 29,733 | 0.1 |
| 11 Ala Moana/Kakaako | 14,186 | 19,014 | 34.0 |
| 12 Nuuanu/Punchbowl | 16,693 | 16,303 | -2.3 |
| 13 Downtown | 14,570 | 15,620 | 7.2 |
| 14 Liliha/Kapalama | 20,310 | 19,766 | -2.7 |
| 15 Kalihi-Palama | 37,987 | 38,113 | 0.3 |
| 16 Kalihi Valley | 17,937 | 17,412 | -2.9 |
| 17 Moanalua | 10,566 | 10,245 | -3.0 |
| 18 Aliamanu/Salt Lake/Foster Village | 36,572 | 35,969 | -1.6 |
| 19 Airport Area | 21,246 | 20,626 | -2.9 |
| 20 Aiea | 29,320 | 29,104 | -0.7 |
| 21 Pearl City | 49,345 | 47,879 | -3.0 |
| 22 Waipahu | 59,284 | 61,879 | 4.4 |
| 23 Ewa | 43,794 | 59,877 | 36.7 |
| 24 Waianae Coast | 41,242 | 43,420 | 5.3 |
| 25 Mililani/Waipio/Melemanu | 36,805 | 37,419 | 1.7 |
| 26 Wahiawa | 38,929 | 38,690 | -0.6 |
| 27 North Shore | 18,380 | 17,724 | -3.6 |
| 28 Koolauloa | 14,546 | 14,156 | -2.7 |
| 29 Kahaluu | 14,391 | 13,891 | -3.5 |
| 30 Kaneohe | 34,829 | 33,788 | -3.0 |
| 31 Kailua | 45,718 | 43,876 | -4.0 |
| 32 Waimanalo | 11,234 | 11,141 | -0.8 |
| 33 Mokapu | 11,827 | 11,513 | -2.7 |
| 34 Makakilo/Kapolei/Honokai Hale | 25,919 | 35,697 | 37.7 |
| 35 Mililani Mauka-Launani Valley | 10,622 | 18,461 | 73.8 |

1/ Data in this table pertain to neighborhood areas whose boundaries are very close but do not match exactly to the neighborhood board boundaries. Neighborhood Board numbers are displayed next to the Neighborhood Board names.

2/ As of April 1, 2000. Year 2000 census data aggregated by traffic zone data. This may differ from data aggregated by census blocks which are shown in Table 1.16.

3/ As of June 30. Estimated population based on traffic zone data.
Source: City and County of Honolulu Planning and Permitting Department, Planning Division, records.

Table 1.16-- POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS OF OAHU NEIGHBORHOODS: 2000

| Neighborhood Area (see maps) $1 /$ | Resident population $2 /$ | Median age | Households | Average household size | Average family size |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oahu total | 876,156 | 35.7 | 286,450 | 2.95 | 3.46 |
| 1 Hawaii Kai | 27,657 | 42.1 | 9,666 | 2.86 | 3.21 |
| 2 Kuliouou-Kalani Iki | 16,220 | 44.7 | 5,466 | 2.95 | 3.31 |
| 3 Waialae-Kahala | 9,382 | 46.8 | 3,538 | 2.65 | 3.09 |
| 4 Kaimuki | 18,063 | 45.4 | 6,362 | 2.78 | 3.34 |
| 5 Diamond Head/Kapahulu/ St. Louis Heights | 19,541 | 42.7 | 7,858 | 2.44 | 3.18 |
| 6 Palolo | 12,474 | 41.6 | 4,141 | 2.99 | 3.54 |
| 7 Manoa | 21,184 | 39.3 | 7,051 | 2.59 | 3.13 |
| 8 McCully/Moiliili | 26,122 | 38.9 | 12,670 | 2.04 | 2.92 |
| 9 Waikiki | 19,720 | 42.2 | 11,397 | 1.72 | 2.59 |
| 10 Makiki/Lower Punchbowl/ Tantalus | 29,639 | 41.1 | 14,767 | 1.97 | 2.84 |
| 11 Ala Moana/Kakaako | 14,186 | 42.9 | 7,797 | 1.78 | 2.65 |
| 12 Nuuanu/Punchbowl | 17,000 | 43.3 | 6,411 | 2.61 | 3.31 |
| 13 Downtown | 14,570 | 40.9 | 6,817 | 1.87 | 2.78 |
| 14 Liliha/Kapalama | 19,905 | 44.4 | 6,495 | 2.93 | 3.58 |
| 15 Kalihi-Palama | 37,987 | 36.3 | 10,258 | 3.57 | 4.34 |
| 16 Kalihi Valley | 17,937 | 36.5 | 3,941 | 4.42 | 4.93 |
| 17 Moanalua | 10,566 | 36.1 | 3,219 | 3.08 | 3.36 |
| 18 Aliamanu/Salt Lake/ Foster Village | 36,572 | 33.4 | 11,732 | 3.09 | 3.67 |
| 19 Airport | 18,163 | 25.7 | 5,001 | 3.32 | 3.37 |
| 20 Aiea | 32,403 | 37.4 | 10,580 | 2.89 | 3.52 |
| 21 Pearl City | 46,777 | 37.9 | 14,010 | 3.14 | 3.53 |
| 22 Waipahu | 64,030 | 34.1 | 17,473 | 3.58 | 4.10 |
| 23 Ewa | 43,571 | 31.2 | 11,710 | 3.69 | 4.13 |
| 24 Waianae Coast | 42,266 | 28.5 | 10,536 | 3.97 | 4.47 |
| 25 Mililani/Waipio/Melemanu | 33,981 | 35.5 | 10,861 | 3.13 | 3.49 |
| 26 Wahiawa | 39,553 | 26.2 | 10,603 | 3.30 | 3.68 |
| 27 North Shore | 18,380 | 31.3 | 5,893 | 3.05 | 3.60 |
| 28 Koolauloa | 14,546 | 27.6 | 3,682 | 3.75 | 4.40 |
| 29 Kahaluu | 14,391 | 36.3 | 4,384 | 3.28 | 3.67 |
| 30 Kaneohe | 40,790 | 38.5 | 12,800 | 3.14 | 3.57 |
| 31 Kailua | 40,830 | 39.3 | 13,484 | 3.00 | 3.46 |
| 32 Waimanalo | 10,161 | 32.4 | 2,442 | 4.07 | 4.53 |
| 33 Mokapu | 11,827 | 22.0 | 2,332 | 3.21 | 3.25 |
| 34 Makakilo/Kapolei/ Honokai Hale | 25,140 | 31.2 | 7,221 | 3.47 | 3.81 |
| Valley | 10,622 | 32.8 | 3,852 | 2.76 | 3.23 |

Continued on next page.

## Table 1.16-- POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS OF OAHU NEIGHBORHOODS: 2000 -- Con.

1/ Data in this table pertain to neighborhood areas whose boundaries are very close but do not match exactly to the neighborhood board boundaries. Neighborhood area boundaries for 2000 may not be the same as boundaries for 1990.

2/ Year 2000 census data aggregated by census blocks. This may differ from data aggregated by traffic zones which are shown in Table 1.15.

Source: City and County of Honolulu Planning and Permitting Department, Planning Division, Community Profiles for Neighborhood Areas
[http://honoluludpp.org/planning/demographics2/2000/NA/general.pdf](http://honoluludpp.org/planning/demographics2/2000/NA/general.pdf) accessed July 3, 2007.

Table 1.17-- RESIDENT POPULATION AND HOUSEHOLDS, BY ISLAND AND CENSUS TRACT: 2010

| Island and 2010 census tract | Name | Resident population | Households |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State total |  | 1,360,301 | 455,338 |
| Oahu |  | 953,207 | 311,047 |
| 1.06 | Hahaione-Mariners Ridge | 7,704 | 3,106 |
| 1.07 | Kuapa Isle | 2,818 | 956 |
| 1.08 | Hawaii Kai Marina | 3,264 | 1,278 |
| 1.10 | Kalama Valley | 4,288 | 1,457 |
| 1.11 | Lunalilo Park Subdivision | 5,035 | 1,572 |
| 1.12 | Koko Marina | 5,555 | 2,017 |
| 1.14 | Portlock | 1,594 | 554 |
| 2 | Kuliouou | 5,742 | 1,879 |
| 3.01 | Aina Haina-Hawaii Loa Ridge | 3,307 | 1,134 |
| 3.02 | Wailupe | 2,990 | 1,022 |
| 4.01 | Waialae Nui Ridge-Ainakoa | 2,893 | 1,029 |
| 4.02 | Waialae Iki | 3,999 | 1,404 |
| 5 | Waialae-Kahala | 3,807 | 1,380 |
| 6 | Diamond Head | 1,218 | 480 |
| 7 | Kaimuki: 22nd Avenue | 2,966 | 1,002 |
| 8 | Kaimuki: Kapiolani Community College | 3,771 | 1,266 |
| 9.01 | Waialae Nui Valley | 2,736 | 1,283 |
| 9.02 | Maunalani Heights | 4,088 | 1,482 |
| 9.03 | Lower Wilhelmina | 2,858 | 1,058 |
| 10 | Upper Palolo | 3,096 | 1,040 |
| 11 | Central Palolo | 3,862 | 1,116 |
| 12.01 | Waialae Avenue-Pukele Avenue | 2,924 | 1,070 |
| 12.02 | Lower Palolo | 3,030 | 1,018 |
| 13 | Kaimuki: 6th Avenue | 4,207 | 1,511 |
| 14 | Kapaolono Field | 2,550 | 890 |
| 15 | Upper Kapahulu | 3,527 | 1,267 |
| 16 | Lower Kapahulu | 3,783 | 1,339 |
| 17 | Kapiolani Park | 2,437 | 1,270 |
| 18.01 | Koa Avenue | 1,717 | 928 |
| 18.03 | Tusitala Street | 3,360 | 1,925 |
| 18.04 | Jefferson School | 1,849 | 1,021 |
| 19.01 | Waikiki Beach | 837 | 523 |
| 19.03 | Ena Road | 2,770 | 1,623 |
| 19.04 | Hobron Lane | 3,912 | 2,303 |
| 20.03 | Seaside Avenue | 2,477 | 1,226 |
| 20.04 | International Market Place | 1,398 | 813 |
| 20.05 | Ala Wai-Niu Street | 2,389 | 1,364 |
| 20.06 | Ala Wai-Olohana Street | 2,364 | 1,276 |
| 21 | Olokele Avenue | 3,864 | 1,655 |

Continued on next page.

Table 1.17-- RESIDENT POPULATION AND HOUSEHOLDS, BY ISLAND AND CENSUS TRACT: 2010 -- Con.

| Island and 2010 census tract | Name | Resident population | Households |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oahu (con.) |  |  |  |
| 22.01 | Kamoku Street-lolani School | 3,684 | 1,660 |
| 22.02 | Ala Wai Park-Lauiki Street | 3,400 | 1,677 |
| 23 | Moiliili | 5,523 | 2,591 |
| 24.01 | Lower McCully | 3,096 | 1,381 |
| 24.02 | Upper McCully | 3,228 | 1,601 |
| 25 | Lower Pawaa | 3,915 | 1,986 |
| 26 | Bingham Tract | 4,249 | 1,933 |
| 27.01 | UH Manoa Campus | 5,093 | 676 |
| 27.02 | Punahou School | 5,057 | 2,083 |
| 28 | St. Louis Heights | 3,678 | 1,415 |
| 29 | East Manoa | 2,415 | 870 |
| 30 | Judd Hillside-Lowrey Avenue | 4,321 | 1,572 |
| 31.01 | Woodlawn | 3,687 | 1,335 |
| 31.02 | Upper Manoa | 3,335 | 1,157 |
| 32 | Round Top-Tantalus | 833 | 314 |
| 33 | Makiki Heights | 1,132 | 384 |
| 34.03 | Thurston Street | 5,530 | 2,874 |
| 34.04 | Makiki Fire Station | 4,716 | 2,259 |
| 34.05 | Poki Street | 3,250 | 1,798 |
| 34.06 | Lower Makiki | 5,777 | 2,807 |
| 34.07 | Maryknoll School | 913 | 491 |
| 35.01 | Academy of Arts | 2,282 | 1,238 |
| 35.02 | Upper Pawaa | 3,876 | 2,006 |
| 36.01 | Sheridan Street | 4,109 | 1,951 |
| 36.03 | Ahana Street | 2,807 | 1,673 |
| 36.04 | Kaheka Street-Makaloa Street | 2,519 | 1,460 |
| 37 | Ala Moana | 5,579 | 2,817 |
| 38 | Kakaako | 3,970 | 2,113 |
| 39 | Civic Center | 655 | 234 |
| 40 | Financial District | 1,552 | 837 |
| 41 | Queen's Hospital | 4,504 | 2,274 |
| 42 | Queen Emma Gardens | 3,432 | 1,873 |
| 43 | Punchbowl | 5,591 | 2,330 |
| 44 | Pauoa | 5,165 | 1,570 |
| 45 | Dowsett Highlands | 5,145 | 2,143 |
| 46 | Puunui-Waokanaka Street | 3,735 | 1,211 |
| 47 | Alewa-Kawananakoa | 4,553 | 1,553 |
| 48 | Kamehameha Heights | 6,707 | 1,651 |
| 49 | Lanakila | 3,198 | 964 |
| 50 | Kuakini | 4,049 | 1,549 |
| 51 | Foster Botanical Garden | 3,090 | 1,535 |

Continued on next page.

Table 1.17-- RESIDENT POPULATION AND HOUSEHOLDS, BY ISLAND AND CENSUS TRACT: 2010 -- Con.

| Island and 2010 census tract | Name | Resident population | Households |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oahu (con.) |  |  |  |
| 52 | Chinatown | 3,293 | 1,473 |
| 53 | Aala | 3,636 | 1,413 |
| 54 | Mayor Wright Housing | 1,637 | 396 |
| 55 | Palama | 2,078 | 587 |
| 56 | Kapalama | 6,749 | 1,862 |
| 57 | Iwilei-Anuenue | 2,148 | 868 |
| 58 | Waiakamilo Road | 3,440 | 1,022 |
| 59 | Mokauea Street | 3,353 | 609 |
| 60 | Umi Street | 5,421 | 1,281 |
| 61 | Kalihi Waena | 4,175 | 840 |
| 62.01 | Kam IV Road | 6,047 | 1,467 |
| 62.02 | Linapuni Street | 1,701 | 383 |
| 63.01 | Kalihi Valley Park | 3,773 | 871 |
| 63.02 | Kalena Drive | 2,720 | 556 |
| 64.01 | Gulick Avenue-Likelike | 2,059 | 400 |
| 64.02 | Kamanaiki Street | 6,387 | 1,422 |
| 65 | Upper Kalihi Valley | 4,541 | 1,038 |
| 66 | Kahauiki Street | 374 | 59 |
| 67.01 | Tripler-Moanalua | 5,830 | 1,854 |
| 67.02 | Red Hill | 1,989 | 848 |
| 68.02 | Aliamanu | 6,842 | 1,495 |
| 68.04 | Aliamanu Crater | 2,835 | 729 |
| 68.05 | Salt Lake Country Club | 6,167 | 2,546 |
| 68.06 | Ala Lilikoi | 1,704 | 552 |
| 68.08 | Ala llima Mauka | 4,423 | 1,974 |
| 68.09 | Ala llima Makai | 5,040 | 1,905 |
| 69 | Arizona Road | 3,823 | 978 |
| 70 | Navy Marine Golf Course | 4,041 | 1,331 |
| 71 | Nimitz Elementary School | 2,713 | 680 |
| 73.02 | Hangar Avenue-Vickers Avenue | 3,866 | 1,237 |
| 73.03 | Hickam Air Force Base | 341 | 1 |
| 74 | Ford Island | 3,981 | 840 |
| 75.02 | Halawa Valley | 1,376 | 87 |
| 75.03 | Halawa Heights | 5,160 | 1,605 |
| 75.04 | Aloha Stadium | 3,171 | 829 |
| 75.05 | Foster Village | 5,338 | 1,710 |
| 75.06 | Red Hill Military Housing | 933 | 265 |
| 77.01 | Lower Aiea | 4,240 | 1,144 |
| 77.02 | Aiea Heights | 5,098 | 1,642 |
| 78.04 | Lower Pearl City | 1,907 | 596 |
| 78.05 | Waiau Townhouses | 5,136 | 1,685 |

Continued on next page.

Table 1.17-- RESIDENT POPULATION AND HOUSEHOLDS, BY ISLAND AND CENSUS TRACT: 2010 -- Con.

| Island and 2010 census tract | Name | Resident population | Households |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oahu (con.) |  |  |  |
| 78.07 | Pearl Ridge High Rise | 5,405 | 2,744 |
| 78.08 | Pearlridge Center | 3,346 | 1,053 |
| 78.09 | Newtown | 3,377 | 1,144 |
| 78.10 | Royal Summit | 5,450 | 1,930 |
| 78.11 | Pearl Country Club | 4,990 | 1,795 |
| 80.01 | Hale Mohalu Hospital | 2,005 | 659 |
| 80.02 | Lower Waiau | 2,837 | 815 |
| 80.03 | Manana | 4,668 | 1,697 |
| 80.05 | Pacific Palisades | 6,864 | 2,028 |
| 80.06 | Pearl City | 4,858 | 1,469 |
| 80.07 | Pearl City Highlands | 5,306 | 1,631 |
| 83.01 | Iroquois Point | 4,661 | 1,388 |
| 83.02 | Campbell High School | 6,749 | 1,369 |
| 84.02 | Ewa Beach | 8,206 | 1,929 |
| 84.05 | Holomua School | 4,664 | 1,196 |
| 84.06 | Hawaii Prince Golf Course | 5,997 | 1,584 |
| 84.07 | Ocean Pointe | 3,325 | 1,067 |
| 84.08 | Hoakalei Country Club | 4,728 | 1,508 |
| 84.10 | Coral Creek Golf Course | 2,346 | 682 |
| 84.11 | Geiger Road | 3,448 | 1,133 |
| 84.12 | Ewa Gentry | 6,543 | 2,359 |
| 85.02 | Kalaeloa | 2,136 | 498 |
| 86.06 | Kapolei Golf Course | 9,693 | 2,736 |
| 86.09 | Ko Olina-Honokai Hale | 2,066 | 646 |
| 86.10 | Ko Olina Resort | 1,051 | 459 |
| 86.11 | Kahe | 84 | 29 |
| 86.12 | Upper Makakilo | 6,017 | 1,902 |
| 86.13 | Makakilo: Wainohia Street | 904 | 241 |
| 86.14 | Kunia West | 8,232 | 2,518 |
| 86.17 | Ewa Villages | 9,364 | 2,421 |
| 86.22 | Lower Makakilo | 4,068 | 1,024 |
| 87.01 | Leeward Community College | 8,787 | 1,858 |
| 87.02 | St. Joseph School | 5,593 | 1,487 |
| 87.03 | West Loch | 6,837 | 1,643 |
| 88 | Managers Drive | 8,054 | 1,666 |
| 89.06 | Mililani Golf Course | 3,771 | 1,334 |
| 89.07 | Mililani High School | 4,232 | 1,293 |
| 89.08 | Mililani Marketplace | 5,837 | 1,859 |
| 89.09 | Mililani District Park | 3,806 | 1,271 |
| 89.12 | August Ahrens School | 2,570 | 491 |
| 89.13 | Robinson Heights | 4,116 | 836 |

Continued on next page.

Table 1.17-- RESIDENT POPULATION AND HOUSEHOLDS, BY ISLAND AND CENSUS TRACT: 2010 -- Con.

| Island and 2010 census tract | Name | Resident population | Households |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oahu (con.) |  |  |  |
| 89.14 | Honowai School | 5,098 | 1,203 |
| 89.15 | Waipio Acres | 5,236 | 1,822 |
| 89.17 | Mililani Town Center | 4,554 | 1,526 |
| 89.18 | Mililani: Nob Hill | 5,429 | 1,755 |
| 89.20 | Waipio Gentry | 4,296 | 1,572 |
| 89.21 | Waipio | 2,668 | 580 |
| 89.22 | Waikele | 7,479 | 2,842 |
| 89.23 | Seaview | 4,737 | 1,800 |
| 89.24 | Royal Kunia | 7,623 | 2,039 |
| 89.25 | Village Park | 6,902 | 1,956 |
| 89.26 | Laulani Valley-Mililani Technology Park | 1,572 | 678 |
| 89.27 | Koolani Drive | 5,180 | 1,746 |
| 89.28 | Mililani Mauka Middle School | 3,884 | 1,142 |
| 89.29 | Mililani Mauka-Meheula Parkway | 4,836 | 1,970 |
| 89.30 | Mililani: Ainamakua Drive | 2,560 | 836 |
| 89.31 | Waiawa Prison | 3,310 | 828 |
| 90 | Wheeler-East Range | 1,634 | 554 |
| 91 | Kaukonahua Road | 5,332 | 1,190 |
| 92 | Wahiawa Mauka | 7,963 | 2,457 |
| 93 | Wahiawa Waena | 4,762 | 1,532 |
| 94 | Wahiawa Makai | 5,155 | 1,760 |
| 95.01 | Kolekole Avenue | 4,893 | 1,276 |
| 95.02 | Menoher Street | 4,243 | 1,140 |
| 95.03 | Foote Avenue | 3,403 | 233 |
| 95.04 | Leilehua Avenue | 1,271 | 377 |
| 95.07 | Schofield: McCarthy Field | 2,560 | 576 |
| 96.03 | Maili | 10,289 | 2,443 |
| 96.08 | Lualualei Transmitter | 5,682 | 1,286 |
| 97.01 | Waianae Kai | 6,635 | 1,703 |
| 97.03 | Lualualei-Camp Waianae | 6,227 | 1,422 |
| 97.04 | Lualualei: Halona Road | 3,066 | 690 |
| 98.01 | Makua Valley | 2,834 | 1,127 |
| 98.02 | Makaha | 6,386 | 1,592 |
| 99.02 | Haleiwa | 3,740 | 1,112 |
| 99.04 | Kaena Point | 5,986 | 1,917 |
| 100 | Kawailoa | 3,320 | 1,163 |
| 101 | Waimea-Kahuku | 7,881 | 2,457 |
| 102.01 | Hauula-Kaaawa | 5,882 | 1,684 |
| 102.02 | Laie | 7,643 | 1,342 |
| 103.03 | Kahaluu-Waikane | 4,766 | 1,368 |
| 103.05 | Ahuimanu | 5,063 | 1,468 |

Continued on next page.

Table 1.17-- RESIDENT POPULATION AND HOUSEHOLDS, BY ISLAND AND CENSUS TRACT: 2010 -- Con.

| Island and 2010 census tract | Name | Resident population | Households |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oahu (con.) |  |  |  |
| 103.06 | Haiku | 6,369 | 2,122 |
| 103.08 | Kapunahala | 3,319 | 1,023 |
| 105.03 | Kaneohe District Park | 1,980 | 546 |
| 105.04 | Waikalua Road | 5,115 | 1,416 |
| 105.05 | Heeia Kea | 3,531 | 1,084 |
| 105.07 | Kahuhipa Street | 5,421 | 1,820 |
| 105.08 | Lilipuna Road | 2,569 | 1,069 |
| 106.01 | Puohala | 3,422 | 1,080 |
| 106.02 | Castle High School-Halekou Road | 5,449 | 1,644 |
| 107.01 | Kokokahi | 3,661 | 1,343 |
| 107.02 | Mokulele Drive | 3,666 | 1,198 |
| 108.01 | Mokapu West | 2,969 | 566 |
| 108.02 | Mokapu East | 6,548 | 1,549 |
| 109.01 | Kalaheo Hillside | 3,140 | 1,004 |
| 109.03 | Oneawa Street-Kawainui | 4,133 | 1,349 |
| 109.04 | Maluniu Avenue | 3,570 | 1,084 |
| 109.05 | Ulupaina Street | 2,513 | 894 |
| 110 | Maunawili | 4,151 | 1,162 |
| 111.03 | Olomana | 3,796 | 1,199 |
| 111.04 | Enchanted Lakes | 4,860 | 1,515 |
| 111.05 | Kailua Town | 3,205 | 1,387 |
| 111.06 | Keolu | 5,924 | 1,863 |
| 112.01 | Kalaheo Avenue | 4,380 | 1,527 |
| 112.02 | Lanikai | 1,609 | 622 |
| 113 | Waimanalo | 5,451 | 1,341 |
| 114 | Waipio Peninsula | 5,372 | 630 |
| 115 | Kapolei | 5,493 | 1,414 |
| 9400.01 | Waimanalo Beach-Homesteads | 4,551 | 1,063 |
| 9400.02 | Nanakuli | 7,400 | 1,483 |
| 9800 | Hanauma Bay | 5 | 1 |
| 9802 | Honolulu International Airport | 704 | - |
| 9803 | Campbell Industrial Park | - | - |
| 9806 | Schofield Forest Reserve | - | - |
| 9807 | Schofield Barracks East Range | - | - |
| 9808 | Hoomaluhia Botanical Garden | 1 | 1 |
| 9810 | Kawainui Marsh | 13 | 3 |
| 9811 | Bellows Air Force Base | 19 | 5 |
| 9813 | Mapunapuna Industrial | 8 | 3 |
| 9814 | Nimitz-Airport Commercial | 97 | 18 |

Continued on next page.

Table 1.17-- RESIDENT POPULATION AND HOUSEHOLDS, BY ISLAND AND CENSUS TRACT: 2010 -- Con.

| Island and 2010 census tract | Name | Resident population | Households |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Northwestern |  |  |  |
| Hawaiian Islands |  |  |  |
| 9812 | Northwestern Hawaiian Islands | - | - |
| Hawaii |  | 185,079 | 67,096 |
| 201 | Pauka'a-Wailea | 5,213 | 1,911 |
| 202.02 | Hilo: Upper Waiakea Forest Reserve | 2,568 | 640 |
| 203 | Hilo: Pu'u'eo-Downtown | 3,934 | 1,623 |
| 204 | Hilo: Villa Franca-Kaiko'o | 3,294 | 1,278 |
| 205 | Hilo: University-Houselots | 5,924 | 2,131 |
| 206 | Hilo: Keaukaha-Pana'ewa | 5,391 | 1,729 |
| 207.01 | Hilo: Puainako | 4,507 | 1,745 |
| 207.02 | Hilo: Kawailani | 4,861 | 1,712 |
| 208.01 | Hilo: Kahuku-Kaumana | 4,310 | 1,381 |
| 208.02 | Hilo: Piihonua-Kaumana | 6,196 | 2,204 |
| 209 | Hilo: Haihai | 4,729 | 1,633 |
| 210.03 | Orchidland-Ainaloa | 6,391 | 2,182 |
| 210.05 | Hawaiian Paradise Park | 11,012 | 3,786 |
| 210.10 | Upper Puna (Puna Mauka) | 7,884 | 3,297 |
| 210.11 | Volcano-Mt. View | 4,009 | 1,476 |
| 210.13 | Kea'au | 4,970 | 1,665 |
| 211.01 | Kalapana-Kapoho | 3,531 | 1,644 |
| 211.06 | Pahoa | 7,529 | 2,723 |
| 212.02 | Ka'u | 8,451 | 3,154 |
| 213 | South Kona | 5,972 | 2,246 |
| 214.02 | Konawaena | 4,025 | 1,468 |
| 215.02 | Hualalai | 4,844 | 1,816 |
| 215.04 | Kealakehe | 3,965 | 1,169 |
| 215.07 | Kalaoa | 8,503 | 3,012 |
| 215.09 | Kaumalumalu-Keahou | 5,154 | 1,992 |
| 216.01 | Kailua | 7,822 | 2,940 |
| 216.04 | Holualoa | 7,587 | 3,037 |
| 217.02 | Waimea-Pu'u Anahulu | 9,540 | 3,273 |
| 217.04 | Kawaihae-Waikoloa | 8,087 | 3,062 |
| 218 | North Kohala | 6,322 | 2,242 |
| 219.02 | Honoka'a-Kukuihaele | 3,925 | 1,317 |
| 220 | Pa'auhau-Pa'auilo | 2,588 | 883 |
| 221.02 | North Hilo | 2,041 | 725 |

Continued on next page.

Table 1.17-- RESIDENT POPULATION AND HOUSEHOLDS, BY ISLAND AND CENSUS TRACT: 2010 -- Con.

| Island and 2010 census tract | Name | Resident population | Households |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maui |  | 144,444 | 50,215 |
| 301 | Hana | 2,291 | 823 |
| 302.01 | Huelo | 2,453 | 1,013 |
| 302.02 | Ha'iku | 7,635 | 2,908 |
| 303.01 | Kula | 8,013 | 3,189 |
| 303.03 | Wailea | 3,567 | 1,684 |
| 304.02 | Pukalani | 8,652 | 3,064 |
| 304.03 | Makawao | 3,269 | 1,225 |
| 304.04 | Hali'imaile | 5,609 | 1,918 |
| 305.01 | Pa'ia | 2,689 | 938 |
| 307.05 | Kihei Mauka | 3,791 | 1,111 |
| 307.06 | Kealia | 2,448 | 963 |
| 307.07 | Waipuilani | 8,009 | 3,094 |
| 307.08 | Halama | 2,909 | 1,086 |
| 307.09 | Kamaole | 3,727 | 1,842 |
| 307.10 | Keawakapu | 2,441 | 1,109 |
| 308 | Waihee-Waikapu | 6,907 | 2,089 |
| 309.01 | West Central Wailuku | 2,617 | 1,013 |
| 309.02 | East Central Wailuku | 3,205 | 1,135 |
| 309.03 | North Wailuku | 6,481 | 1,633 |
| 310 | South Wailuku | 8,426 | 3,137 |
| 311.01 | West Kahului | 8,167 | 2,091 |
| 311.02 | Central Kahului | 5,426 | 1,600 |
| 311.03 | Southeast Kahului | 7,580 | 1,998 |
| 314.02 | Kahoma | 3,003 | 844 |
| 314.04 | Lahaina | 3,250 | 1,352 |
| 314.05 | Lahainaluna | 5,491 | 1,355 |
| 315.01 | Kapalua | 2,368 | 799 |
| 315.02 | Honokahua | 5,036 | 2,128 |
| 315.03 | Honokowai | 2,366 | 1,042 |
| 319 | Spreckelsville | 5,624 | 1,597 |
| 320 | Launiupoko | 994 | 435 |
| 9800 | Kaho'olawe | - | - |
| Lanai |  | 3,135 | 1,158 |
| 316.01 | Lana'i | 3,135 | 1,158 |
| Molokai |  | 7,345 | 2,582 |
| 317 | East Moloka'i | 4,503 | 1,671 |
| 318.01 | West Moloka'i | 2,752 | 842 |
| 319 | Kalawao | 90 | 69 |

Continued on next page.

Table 1.17-- RESIDENT POPULATION AND HOUSEHOLDS, BY ISLAND AND CENSUS TRACT: 2010 -- Con.

| Island and 2010 <br> census tract | Name | Resident <br> population | Households |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| Kauai | Princeville-Kilauea | 66,921 | 23,213 |
| 401.03 | Ha'ena-Hanalei | 6,484 | 2,495 |
| 401.04 | Wailua Houselots | 1,344 | 512 |
| 402.04 | Wailua Homesteads | 5,047 | 1,877 |
| 402.05 | Kapa'a | 3,845 | 1,477 |
| 403 | Puhi-Hanama'ulu | 8,385 | 2,783 |
| 404 | Lihu'e | 8,740 | 2,564 |
| 405 | Koloa-Po'ipu | 5,943 | 2,164 |
| 406.03 | Omao-Kukui'ula | 2,544 | 935 |
| 406.04 | Eleele-Kalaheo | 3,139 | 1,166 |
| 407 | Kaumakani-Hanapepe | 8,403 | 2,930 |
| 408 | Kekaha-Waimea | 3,771 | 1,189 |
| 409 | Anahola | 5,561 | 1,884 |
| 9400 |  | 3,715 | 1,237 |
| Niihau and Kaula |  |  | 170 |
| 412 | Ni'ihau-Kaula | 170 | 27 |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 Census Summary File 1 (June 16, 2011)
[http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml](http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml) accessed June 20, 2011.

Table 1.18-- RESIDENT POPULATION OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS, BY ISLAND: 2010

| Island and Hawaiian Home Lands | Total | Island and Hawaiian Home Lands | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State of Hawaii | 30,855 | Maui (con.) |  |
|  |  | Waiku-Hana | - |
| Hawaii | 5,832 | Waiohuli (Residential) | 904 |
| Homuula-Upper Piihonua | 3 |  |  |
| Honokaia | - | Kahoolawe | - |
| Honomu | 6 |  |  |
| Kamaoa-Puueo | 14 | Lanai | 85 |
| Kamoku-Kapulena | 46 | Lanai City | 85 |
| Kaohe-Olaa | - |  |  |
| Kaumana | 111 | Molokai | 1,910 |
| Kawaihae | 407 | Hoolehua-Palaaau | 1,292 |
| Keahuolu | - | Kalamaula | 300 |
| Kealakehe | 759 | Kalaupapa | 90 |
| Keaukaha | 1,584 | Kamiloloa-Makakupaia | 85 |
| Keoniki | - | Kapaakea | 141 |
| Kolaoa | - | Ualapue | 2 |
| Lalamilo | 64 |  |  |
| Makuu | 113 | Oahu | 17,250 |
| Nienie | - | East Kapolei | - |
| Panaewa (Agricultural) | 664 | Haiku | - |
| Panaewa (Residential) | 1,091 | Honolulu Makai | 13 |
| Pauahi | - | Kakaina-Kumuhau | - |
| Piihonua | 46 | Kalaeloa | 10 |
| Ponohawaii | 21 | Kalawahine | 319 |
| Puukapu | 898 | Kanehili | - |
| Upolu | - | Kapolei | - |
| Waiakea | - | Kaupea | 1,387 |
| Wailau | - | Kewalo | 261 |
| Waimanu | 2 | Lualualei | 58 |
| Waiohinu | 6 | Maili | 323 |
|  |  | Makaha Valley | 4 |
| Maui | 3,424 | Maluohai | 1,178 |
| Honokowai | - | Nanakuli | 5,370 |
| Kahikinui | 3 | Papakolea | 1,215 |
| Keanae-Wailua | 17 | Pearl City | 99 |
| Keokea (Agricultural) | 24 | Princess Kahanu Estates | 1,128 |
| Leialii | 328 | Waiahole | 27 |
| Paukukalo | 818 | Waianae | 2,201 |
| Pulehunui | - | Waianae Kai | 609 |
| South Maui | - | Waimanalo | 3,048 |
| Waiehu | 1,330 |  |  |

[^2]Table 1.18-- RESIDENT POPULATION OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS, BY ISLAND: 2010 -- Con.

| Island and Hawaiian <br> Home Lands | Total | Island and Hawaiian <br> Home Lands | Total |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Kauai | 2,354 | Kauai (con.) |  |
| Anahola (Agricultural) | 257 | Kekaha | 483 |
| Anahola (Residential) | 1,566 | Moloaa | 6 |
| Hanapepe | 25 | Wailua | 17 |
| Kapaa | - | Waimea | - |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 Census Redistricting Data (Public Law 94-171) Summary File (February 24, 2011) [http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml](http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml) accessed June 5, 2011.

## Table 1.19-- RESIDENT POPULATION, BY ISLAND AND ZIP CODE TABULATION AREA: 2010

[ZIP Code Tabulation Areas (ZCTAs) are approximate area representations of the U.S. Postal Service five-digit ZIP Code service areas that the Census Bureau created using whole blocks to present statistical data from censuses and surveys]

| Zip code tabulation area | Name 1/ | Resident population | Zip code tabulation area | Name 1/ | Resident population |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State total |  | 1,360,301 | Maui (con.) |  |  |
|  |  |  | 96753 | Kihei | 26,892 |
| Hawaii |  |  | 96761 | Lahaina |  |
| 96704 | Captain Cook | 6,505 |  | Main Office | 22,156 |
| 96710 | Hakalau | 613 | 96768 | Makawao | 17,668 |
| 96719 | Hawi | 1,692 | 96779 | Paia | 3,088 |
| 96720 | Hilo (Main Office) | 46,165 | 96790 | Kula | 8,065 |
| 96725 | Holualoa | 3,592 | 96793 | Wailuku | 29,549 |
| 96726 | Honaunau | 661 |  |  |  |
| 96727 | Honokaa | 4,878 | Lanai |  |  |
| 96728 | Honomu | 610 | 96763 | Lanai City | 3,135 |
| 96737 | Ocean View | 4,552 |  |  |  |
| 96738 | Waikoloa | 6,609 | Molokai |  |  |
| 96740 | Kailua-Kona | 33,321 | 96729 | Hoolehua | 1,303 |
| 96743 | Kamuela | 12,160 | 96742 | Kalaupapa | 90 |
| 96749 | Keaau | 17,047 | 96748 | Kaunakakai | 4,503 |
| 96750 | Kealakekua | 3,793 | 96757 | Kualapuu | 758 |
| 96755 | Kapaau | 3,575 | 96770 | Maunaloa | 691 |
| 96760 | Kurtistown | 3,001 |  |  |  |
| 96764 | Laupahoehoe | 799 | Oahu |  |  |
| 96771 | Mountain View | 8,339 | 96701 | Aiea | 40,281 |
| 96772 | Naalehu | 2,304 | 96706 | Ewa Beach | 62,730 |
| 96773 | Ninole | 210 | 96707 | Kapolei | 38,817 |
| 96774 | Ookala | 342 | 96712 | Haleiwa | 7,352 |
| 96776 | Paauilo | 1,490 | 96717 | Hauula | 5,555 |
| 96777 | Pahala | 1,479 | 96730 | Kaawa | 1,541 |
| 96778 | Pahoa | 14,409 | 96731 | Kahuku | 3,292 |
| 96780 | Papaaloa | 557 | 96734 | Kailua | 50,746 |
| 96781 | Papaikou | 1,670 | 96744 | Kaneohe | 54,247 |
| 96783 | Pepeekeo | 2,060 | 96759 | Kunia | 457 |
| 96785 | Volcano | 2,646 | 96762 | Laie | 6,419 |
|  |  |  | 96782 | Pearl City | 40,496 |
| Maui |  |  | 96786 | Wahiawa | 40,859 |
| 96708 | Haiku | 10,220 | 96789 | Mililani | 54,129 |
| 96713 | Hana | 1,990 | 96791 | Waialua | 8,014 |
| 96732 | Kahului | 24,816 | 96792 | Waianae | 48,519 |

Continued on next page.

## Table 1.19-- RESIDENT POPULATION, BY ISLAND AND ZIP CODE TABULATION AREA: 2010 -- Con.

| Zip code tabulation area | Name 1/ | Resident population | Zip code tabulation area | Name 1/ | Resident population |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oahu (con.) |  |  | Oahu (con.) |  |  |
| 96795 | Waimanalo | 10,034 | 96863 | MCBH K Bay $2 /$ | 52 |
| 96797 | Waipahu | 72,289 |  |  |  |
| 96813 | Downtown | 22,881 | Kauai |  |  |
| 96814 | Downtown | 18,721 | 96703 | Anahola | 2,368 |
| 96815 | Waikiki | 31,470 | 96705 | Eleele | 2,319 |
| 96816 | Waialae Kahala | 49,368 | 96714 | Hanalei | 1,390 |
| 96817 | Kapalama | 54,628 | 96716 | Hanapepe | 2,823 |
| 96818 | Main Office | 50,586 | 96722 | Princeville | 2,484 |
| 96819 | Sand Island | 49,492 | 96741 | Kalaheo | 5,929 |
| 96821 | Hawaii Kai | 19,856 | 96746 | Kapaa | 18,319 |
| 96822 | Makiki | 45,007 | 96747 | Kaumakani | 749 |
| 96825 | Hawaii Kai | 30,263 | 96751 | Kealia | 175 |
| 96826 | Makiki | 30,842 | 96752 | Kekaha | 3,680 |
| 96850 | Honolulu | - | 96754 | Kilauea | 4,084 |
| 96853 | Hickam Air |  | 96756 | Koloa | 5,190 |
|  | Force Base | 462 | 96765 | Lawai | 553 |
| 96857 | Schofield Barracks | 2,522 | 96766 | Lihue | 14,683 |
| 96859 | Tripler Army |  | 96769 | Makaweli | 464 |
|  | Medical Center | 156 | 96796 | Waimea | 1,881 |
| 96860 | Pearl Harbor | 1,124 |  |  |  |

1/ From The Official Hawaiian Telcom White Pages 2011 Oahu. There may be more than one name for a zip code area.

2/ Marine Corp Base Hawaii Kaneohe Bay.
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 Census Summary File 1 Hawaii (June 20, 2011);
[http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml](http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml) accessed June 23, 2011;
Hawaiian Telcom, The Official Hawaiian Telcom White Pages 2011 Oahu and
United States Postal Service, Zip Code Lookup [http://zip4.usps.com/zip4/citytown_zip.jsp](http://zip4.usps.com/zip4/citytown_zip.jsp) accessed June 27, 2011.

# Table 1.20-- RESIDENT AND DE FACTO POPULATION AND EMPLOYED PERSONS, FOR WAIKIKI: 1970 TO 2010 

[For earlier years, 1920-1970, see Data Book 1987 and 1988, table 14. Waikiki is bounded by the Ala Wai Canal, Kapahulu Avenue, and the Pacific Ocean]

| Subject | 1970 | 1980 | 1990 | 2000 | 2010 | Density $1 /$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1990 | 2000 | 2010 |
| Resident population 21 | 13,124 | 17,384 | 19,768 | 19,720 | 23,073 | 25,254.9 | 25,193.6 | 29,814.5 |
| Temporarily absent 3/ | 176 | 174 | 327 | 763 | 1,242 | 417.8 | 974.8 | 1,604.7 |
| De facto population 4/ | 34,874 | 63,710 | 95,979 | (NA) | 96,859 | 122,619.6 | (NA) | 125,159.6 |
| Visitors present $3 /$ | 21,926 | 46,500 | 76,538 | 73,751 | 75,028 | 97,782.4 | 94,221.8 | 96,949.8 |
| Employed persons 5/ Living in Waikiki | 7866 | 9,593 | 11.065 | 9898 | 6/ 12,466 | $14,136.3$ | 12,645,4 | 16,108 3 |
| Working in Waikiki | (NA) | 30,011 | (NA) | (NA) | 26,085 | (NA) | (NA) | 33,706.5 |

NA Not available.
1/ Per square mile. Based on land area of 0.77 square miles ( 2.00 square kilometers) for $2010 ; 0.78$ square miles ( 2.03 square kilometers) for earlier years.

2/ The resident population is defined as the number of persons whose usual place of residence is in an area, regardless of physical location on the estimate or census date. It includes military personnel stationed or homeported in the area and residents temporarily absent, but excludes visitors present.

3/ Annual averages. Estimated.
4/ The de facto population is defined as the number of persons physically present in an area, regardless of military status or usual place of residence. It includes visitors present but excludes residents temporarily absent, both calculated as an average daily census.

5/ Includes armed forces.
6/ Includes armed forces. Average value over the five year period of 2007 to 2011, obtained from the American Community Survey.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, census tract bulletins, 1970-1980, and 1990 Census tapes, U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Redistricting Data (P.L. 94-171) Summary File (March 19, 2001), Census 2000 Summary File 3 (September 25, 2002), 2010 Census Summary File 1 (June 16, 2011), and the 2007-2011 American Community Survey 5-year Estimates (December 6, 2012); Hawaii Visitors Bureau; Hawaii State Department of Business, Economic Development \& Tourism, Tourism Research Branch; Hawaii Tourism Authority, Tourism Research; Data Book 1987, table 380; and calculations from the Hawaii State Department of Business, Economic Development \& Tourism.

Table 1.21-- URBAN AND RURAL AREAS, BY COUNTY: 2010
[Based on the 2010 Census "urban" and "rural" area criteria]

| Geography and subject 1/ | State <br> total | Honolulu | Hawaii | Kauai | Maui 2/ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total land area |  |  |  |  |  |
| Square kilometers | 16,634.5 | 1,555.9 | 10,433.6 | 1,605.7 | 3,039.4 |
| Square miles 3/ | 6,422.6 | 600.7 | 4,028.4 | 620.0 | 1,173.5 |
| Urban |  |  |  |  |  |
| Square kilometers | 1,018.2 | 566.1 | 224.7 | 92.7 | 134.7 |
| Square miles 3/ | 393.1 | 218.6 | 86.7 | 35.8 | 52.0 |
| Percent 4/ | 6.1 | 36.4 | 2.2 | 5.8 | 4.5 |
| Urbanized area |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sq. km. | 585.0 | 541.8 | - | - | 43.2 |
| Sq. mi. 3/ | 225.9 | 209.2 | - | - | 16.7 |
| Percent 4/ | 3.5 | 34.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.4 |
| Urban cluster |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sq. km. | 433.2 | 24.3 | 224.7 | 92.7 | 91.5 |
| Sq. mi. 3/ | 167.3 | 9.4 | 86.7 | 35.8 | 35.3 |
| Percent 4/ | 2.6 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 5.8 | 3.0 |
| Rural |  |  |  |  |  |
| Square kilometers | 15,616.3 | 989.8 | 10,208.9 | 1,513.0 | 2,904.7 |
| Square miles 3/ | 6,029.5 | 382.2 | 3,941.7 | 584.2 | 1,121.5 |
| Percent 4/ | 93.9 | 63.6 | 97.9 | 94.2 | 95.6 |
| Resident population | 1,360,301 | 953,207 | 185,079 | 67,091 | 154,924 |
| Density/sq. mi. | 211.8 | 1,586.7 | 45.9 | 108.2 | 132.0 |
| Urban area | 1,250,489 | 944,982 | 114,766 | 58,463 | 132,278 |
| Percent 5/ | 91.9 | 99.1 | 62.0 | 87.1 | 85.4 |
| Density/sq. mi. | 3,180.8 | 4,323.3 | 1,323.1 | 1,633.1 | 2,543.0 |
| Urbanized area | 972,075 | 916,141 | - | - | 55,934 |
| Percent 5/ | 71.5 | 96.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 36.1 |
| Density/sq. mi. | 4,303.4 | 4,379.1 | (X) | (X) | 3,353.9 |
| Urban cluster | 278,414 | 28,841 | 114,766 | 58,463 | 76,344 |
| Percent 5/ | 20.5 | 3.0 | 62.0 | 87.1 | 49.3 |
| Density/sq. mi. | 1,664.7 | 3,076.7 | 1,323.1 | 1,633.1 | 2,160.3 |
| Rural | 109,812 | 8,225 | 70,313 | 8,628 | 22,646 |
| Percent 5/ | 8.1 | 0.9 | 38.0 | 12.9 | 14.6 |
| Density/sq. mi. | 18.2 | 21.5 | 17.8 | 14.8 | 20.2 |

Continued on next page.

## Table 1.21-- URBAN AND RURAL AREAS, BY COUNTY: 2010 -- Con.

X Not applicable.
1/ For the 2010 Census, an urban area will comprise a densely settled core of census tracts and/or census blocks that meet minimum population density requirements, along with adjacent territory containing non-residential urban land uses as well as territory with low population density incouded to link outlying densely settled territory with the densely settled core. To qualify as an urban area, the territory identified according to criteria must encompass at least 2,500 people, at least 1,500 of which reside outside institutional group quarters. The Census Bureau identifies two types of urban areas (1) Urbanized Areas (UAs) of 50,000 or more people and (2) Urban Clusters (UCs) of at least 2,500 and less than 50,000 people. "Rural" encompasses all population, housing and territory not included within an urban area.

2/ Maui County includes Kalawao County. Kalawao County had a total resident population of 90; land area of 31.1 square kilometers which was 12.0 square miles; 2010 rural population of 90 ; \% population that was rural population was $100 \%$; land area of the rural areas was 31.1 square kilometers which was 12.0 square miles; \% land area in rural area was $100 \%$; and population density of rural area was 7.5 persons per square mile.

3/ To convert from square kilometer to square mile, divide by 2.58999 .
4/ Percent of state land area for "state total" column; percent of county land area for all other columns.
5/ Percent of state population for "state total" column; percent of county population for all other columns.
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "2010 Percent Urban and Rural by County" <http://www.census.gov/geo/ reference/ua/urban-rural-2010.html> accessed May 31, 2013, "2010 Census Urban and Rural Classification and Urban Area Criteria" <http://www.census.gov/geo/reference/ua/urban-rural-2010.htmI accessed May 31, 2013 and "Census 2000 Geographic Definitions" <http://www.census.gov/geo/www/ geo_defn.html\#AreaMeasurement> accessed May 31, 2013; and calculations by the Hawaii State Department of Business, Economic Development \& Tourism.

## Table 1.22-- CENTERS OF POPULATION, BY COUNTY: 1990 TO 2010

[The "center of population" is determined as the place where an imaginary, flat, weightless, and rigid map of the geographic area would balance perfectly if all of its residents were of identical weight]

| County | North latitude (degrees) | West longitude (degrees) | Approximate location |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1990 |  |  |  |
| State of Hawaii | 21.1756 | 157.5708 | Kaiwi Channel |
| Hawaii County | 19.6898 | 155.4060 | 20 mi . W of Hilo |
| Maui County 1/ | 20.8722 | 156.4547 | 0.6 mi. SW of Wailuku Post Office |
| Honolulu County | 21.3748 | 157.8993 | 0.2 mi . NE of Red Hill Elementary School |
| Kauai County | 22.0144 | 159.4509 | 4.4 mi. N of Knudsen Gap |
| 2000 |  |  |  |
| State of Hawaii | 21.146768 | 157.52445 | Kaiwi Channel |
| Hawaii County | 19.690126 | 155.41573 | 21.5 mi . W of Hilo |
| Maui County | 20.868419 | 156.50023 | 1.3 mi. SE of Wailuku Post Office |
| Kalawao County | 21.192297 | 156.98023 | Kalaupapa |
| Honolulu County | 21.376294 | 157.90885 | 0.8 mi. NW of Red Hill Elementary School |
| Kauai County | 22.021112 | 159.44751 | 5 mi . N of Knudsen Gap |
| 2010 |  |  |  |
| State of Hawaii | 21.115289 | 157.484404 | Kaiwi Channel |
| Hawaii County | 19.672837 | 155.421895 | 22.1 mi. W of Hilo |
| Maui County | 20.863747 | 156.493816 | 1.7 mi . SE of Wailuku Post Office |
| Kalawao County | 21.188495 | 156.979972 | Kalaupapa |
| Honolulu County | 21.372464 | 157.913673 | 0.9 mi . NW of Red Hill Elementary School |
| Kauai County | 22.021022 | 159.442112 | 5.1 mi. NE of Knudsen Gap |

1/ Maui County includes Kalawao County.
Source: Hawaii State Department of Business, Economic Development \& Tourism, estimated from block group data in U.S. Bureau of Census, 1990 STF-1A and the Office of Planning GIS Program, 2000 and 2010 approximate location; U.S. Census Bureau, Commerce News " 2000 U.S. Population Centered in Phelps County, Mo.", CB01-CN.66, (April 2, 2001) <http://www.census.gov/Press-Release/www/releases/archives/ census_2000/000717.html> accessed July 18, 2001, "County Population Centroids for Hawaii" <http://www.census.gov/geo/www/cenpop/county/coucntrl 5.html> accessed Nov. 11, 2003, "Centers of Population for the 2010 Census" <http://www.census.gov/geo/www/2010census/centerpop2010/ centerpop2010.html> accessed July 8, 2011.

Table 1.23-- POPULATION BY MILITARY STATUS: 1950 TO 2000

| Year | Total resident population | Armed <br> Forces | Civilians |  |  | Armed Forces and dependents |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | All civilians | Military dependents | Other civilians |  |
| 1950 | 499,794 | 22,856 | 476,938 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| 1960 | 632,772 | 47,267 | 585,505 | 56,576 | 528,929 | 103,843 |
| 1970 | 768,559 | 49,953 | 718,606 | 61,261 | 657,345 | 111,214 |
| 1980 | 964,691 | 58,443 | 906,248 | 61,974 | 844,274 | 120,417 |
| 1990 | 1,108,229 | 54,001 | 1,054,228 | 63,215 | 991,013 | 117,216 |
| 2000 1/ | 1,211,535 | 39,035 | 1,172,500 | 43,090 | 1,129,410 | 82,125 |

NA Not available.
1/ Figures for Armed Forces, military dependents and other civilians were obtained from a special tabulation of the census data. As a result, they are subject to rounding rules used in all special tabulations from the Census Bureau. The rounding rules sometimes cause figures from the special tabulations to differ from those obtained from the regular Census 2000 datasets. The figure for total resident population from the Census 2000 Summary File 1 was $1,211,537$ and the Armed Forces population from the Census 2000 Summary File 3 was 39,036 . Both of these figures differ from the numbers obtained in the special tabulation. Figures for 2000 in this table were obtained from the special tabulation so data for total resident population, Armed Forces, and all civilians differ from the figures presented in last year's Data Book.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, decennial censuses special tabulations.

## STATE - COUNTY FUNCTIONS WORK GROUP (TAT)

ASSORTED DATA 12/14

## \#1: VISITOR ARRIVALS

|  | STATEWIDE | HAWAI'I <br> ISLAND | KAUA'I | MAUI <br> COUNTY | O'AHU |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 9 1 2 , 0 9 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 2 8 1 , 1 5 6}$ | $1,020,921$ | $2,207,826$ | $4,464,551$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 4 1 6 , 5 7 4}$ | $1,521,537$ | $1,090,147$ | $2,346,480$ | $4,731,843$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 5 2 8 , 1 0 6}$ | $1,614,408$ | $1,204,132$ | $2,498,234$ | $4,688,117$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 4 9 6 , 8 2 0}$ | $1,622,359$ | $1,299,045$ | $2,522,043$ | $4,694,750$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 7 1 3 , 4 3 6}$ | $1,321,277$ | $1,030,647$ | $2,129,042$ | $4,193,685$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 4 2 0 , 4 4 8}$ | $1,215,256$ | 928,112 | $1,932,357$ | $4,024,888$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 9 8 2 , 4 2 5}$ | $1,290,859$ | 964,724 | $2,134,902$ | $4,328,849$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 1 7 4 , 3 9 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 3 1 8 , 3 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 0 1 1 , 5 0 0}$ | $2,211,413$ | $4,401,624$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 8 6 7 , 1 4 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 4 3 3 , 2 8 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 0 8 4 , 6 8 1}$ | $2,353,329$ | $4,904,045$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 0 0 3 , 4 7 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 4 3 5 , 2 4 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 1 1 4 , 3 5 4}$ | $2,401,733$ | $5,044,276$ |

(Total of County arrivals exceeds total Statewide arrivals reflecting Statewide visitors visiting more than one County.)

## \#2: TOTAL VISITOR DAYS

|  | STATEWIDE | HAWAI'I <br> ISLAND | KAUA'I | MAUI <br> COUNTY | O'AHU |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{6 2 , 7 6 1 , 9 8 9}$ | $8,555,752$ | $6,906,206$ | $16,659,327$ | $30,640,704$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{6 7 , 6 8 7 , 4 7 9}$ | $10,135,366$ | $7,181,290$ | $17,671,183$ | $32,699,641$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{6 9 , 1 4 5 , 8 5 4}$ | $10,342,683$ | $7,629,733$ | $18,627,456$ | $32,545,981$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{6 9 , 1 3 5 , 3 1 0}$ | $10,180,354$ | $8,105,509$ | $18,696,047$ | $32,153,400$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{6 3 , 1 3 0 , 1 3 3}$ | $9,092,338$ | $7,266,911$ | $16,850,011$ | $29,920,873$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{6 0 , 2 5 5 , 0 6 1}$ | $8,469,606$ | $6,821,901$ | $15,645,203$ | $29,318,351$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 4 , 8 5 1 , 4 3 4}$ | $9,042,257$ | $7,135,082$ | $17,308,593$ | $31,465,500$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{6 7 , 8 2 5 , 8 7 1}$ | $9,690,668$ | $7,597,107$ | $18,060,711$ | $32,477,385$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{7 3 , 6 6 3 , 9 0 3}$ | $10,452,516$ | $8,168,533$ | $19,178,762$ | $35,864,092$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{7 4 , 0 4 9 , 7 7 2}$ | $10,678,171$ | $8,516,938$ | $19,795,040$ | $35,059,623$ |

## \#3: AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY

|  | STATEWIDE | HAWAI'I <br> ISLAND | KAUA'I | MAUI <br> COUNTY | O'AHU |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{7 . 0}$ | 6.7 | 6.8 | 7.5 | 6.9 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{7 . 0}$ | 6.7 | 6.6 | 7.5 | 6.9 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{6 . 9}$ | 6.4 | 6.3 | 7.5 | 6.9 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{6 . 8}$ | 6.3 | 6.2 | 7.4 | 6.8 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 . 3}$ | 6.9 | 7.1 | 7.9 | 7.1 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{7 . 4}$ | 7.0 | 7.4 | 8.1 | 7.3 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{7 . 4}$ | 7.0 | 7.4 | 8.1 | 7.3 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{7 . 6}$ | 7.4 | 7.5 | 8.2 | 7.4 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{7 . 5}$ | 7.3 | 7.5 | 8.1 | 7.3 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{7 . 4}$ | 7.4 | 7.6 | 8.2 | 7.0 |

## \#4: TOTAL VISITOR SPEND

|  | STATEWIDE | HAWAI'I <br> ISLAND | KAUA'I | MAUI <br> COUNTY | O'AHU |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 0 , 6 4 8} \mathbf{~ M i l}$ | $\$ 1,292 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 1,088 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 2,883 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 5,384 \mathrm{Mil}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 1 , 6 5 0} \mathbf{~ M i l}$ | $\$ 1,626 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 1,139 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 3,242 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 5,643 \mathrm{Mil}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 2 , 2 4 3} \mathbf{~ M i l}$ | $\$ 1,634 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 1,227 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 3,491 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 5,892 \mathrm{Mil}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 2 , 5 7 8} \mathbf{~ M i l}$ | $\$ 1,690 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 1,351 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 3,560 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 5,978 \mathrm{Mil}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 1 , 1 8 2} \mathbf{~ M i l}$ | $\$ 1,409 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 1,144 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 2,984 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 5,644 \mathrm{Mil}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 9}, \mathbf{7 9 4} \mathbf{~ M i l}$ | $\$ 1,214 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 999 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 2,570 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 5,011 \mathrm{Mil}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 0 , 9 6 7} \mathbf{~ M i l}$ | $\$ 1,366 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 1,124 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 2,904 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 5,572 \mathrm{Mil}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 2 , 0 4 7} \mathbf{~ M i l}$ | $\$ 1,460 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 1,175 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 3,154 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 6,258 \mathrm{Mil}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 4 , 1 9 3} \mathbf{~ M i l}$ | $\$ 1,661 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 1,290 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 3,569 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 7,672 \mathrm{Mil}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 4 , 3 5 2} \mathbf{~ M i l}$ | $\$ 1,825 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 1,391 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 3,778 \mathrm{Mil}$ | $\$ 7,359 \mathrm{Mil}$ |

\#5: PROPORTIONAL TOTAL VISITOR SPEND

|  | STATEWIDE | HAWAI'I ISLAND | KAUA'I | $\begin{gathered} \text { MAUI } \\ \text { COUNTY } \end{gathered}$ | O'AHU |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2004 | 100\% | 12\% | 10\% | 27\% | 51\% |
| 2005 | 100\% | 14\% | 10\% | 28\% | 48\% |
| 2006 | 100\% | 13\% | 10\% | 29\% | 48\% |
| 2007 | 100\% | 13\% | 11\% | 28\% | 48\% |
| 2008 | 100\% | 13\% | 10\% | 27\% | 50\% |
| 2009 | 100\% | 12\% | 10\% | 26\% | 51\% |
| 2010 | 100\% | 12\% | 10\% | 26\% | 51\% |
| 2011 | 100\% | 12\% | 10\% | 26\% | 52\% |
| 2012 | 100\% | 12\% | 9\% | 25\% | 54\% |
| 2013 | 100\% | 13\% | 10\% | 26\% | 51\% |

## \#6: TOTAL VISITOR SPEND BY DAY

|  | STATEWIDE | HAWAI'I <br> ISLAND | KAUA'I | MAUI <br> COUNTY | O'AHU |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\$ 170$ | $\$ 151$ | $\$ 158$ | $\$ 173$ | $\$ 176$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\$ 172$ | $\$ 160$ | $\$ 159$ | $\$ 183$ | $\$ 173$ |
| 2006 | $\$ 177$ | $\$ 158$ | $\$ 161$ | $\$ 187$ | $\$ 181$ |
| 2007 | $\$ 182$ | $\$ 166$ | $\$ 167$ | $\$ 190$ | $\$ 186$ |
| 2008 | $\$ 177$ | $\$ 155$ | $\$ 157$ | $\$ 177$ | $\$ 189$ |
| 2009 | $\$ 163$ | $\$ 143$ | $\$ 146$ | $\$ 164$ | $\$ 171$ |
| 2010 | $\$ 169$ | $\$ 151$ | $\$ 158$ | $\$ 168$ | $\$ 177$ |
| 2011 | $\$ 178$ | $\$ 151$ | $\$ 155$ | $\$ 175$ | $\$ 193$ |
| 2012 | $\$ 193$ | $\$ 159$ | $\$ 158$ | $\$ 186$ | $\$ 214$ |
| 2013 | $\$ 194$ | $\$ 171$ | $\$ 163$ | $\$ 191$ | $\$ 210$ |

(Not inflation adjusted)

## \#7: TOTAL VISITOR SPEND PER VISIT

|  | STATEWIDE | HAWAI'I <br> ISLAND | KAUA'I | MAUI <br> COUNTY | O'AHU |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 1 8 6}$ | $\$ 1,009$ | $\$ 1,066$ | $\$ 1,306$ | $\$ 1,206$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\$ 1,202$ | $\$ 1,069$ | $\$ 1,045$ | $\$ 1,382$ | $\$ 1,193$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 2 2 4}$ | $\$ 1,012$ | $\$ 1,019$ | $\$ 1,397$ | $\$ 1,257$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 2 4 1}$ | $\$ 1,041$ | $\$ 1,040$ | $\$ 1,411$ | $\$ 1,273$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 2 8 9}$ | $\$ 1,067$ | $\$ 1,110$ | $\$ 1,402$ | $\$ 1,346$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 2 0 9}$ | $\$ 999$ | $\$ 1,077$ | $\$ 1,330$ | $\$ 1,245$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 2 5 8}$ | $\$ 1,058$ | $\$ 1,165$ | $\$ 1,360$ | $\$ 1,287$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 3 4 7}$ | $\$ 1,108$ | $\$ 1,161$ | $\$ 1,426$ | $\$ 1,422$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\$ 1,452$ | $\$ 1,159$ | $\$ 1,190$ | $\$ 1,517$ | $\$ 1,565$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 4 3 6}$ | $\$ 1,272$ | $\$ 1,248$ | $\$ 1,573$ | $\$ 1,459$ |

(Not inflation adjusted)

## \#8: RevPAR

|  | STATEWIDE |  | HAWAI'I <br> ISLAND | KAUA'I | MAUI <br> COUNTY |  | O'AHU |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :---: | ---: | :---: | ---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\$$ | $\mathbf{1 1 8 . 2 1}$ | $\$$ | 117.26 | $\$$ | 138.76 | $\$$ | 151.68 | $\$$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\$$ | $\mathbf{1 3 4 . 6 9}$ | $\$$ | 127.54 | $\$$ | 135.39 | $\$$ | 170.65 | $\$$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ | $\$$ | $\mathbf{1 4 8 . 7 6}$ | $\$$ | 135.97 | $\$$ | 142.83 | $\$$ | 196.62 | $\$$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7}$ | $\$$ | $\mathbf{1 5 0 . 4 9}$ | $\$$ | 136.78 | $\$$ | 155.66 | $\$$ | 200.61 | $\$$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 8}$ | $\$$ | $\mathbf{1 4 2 . 3 0}$ | $\$$ | 121.57 | $\$$ | 145.48 | $\$$ | 184.27 | $\$$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ | $\$$ | $\mathbf{1 1 7 . 3 5}$ | $\$$ | 100.67 | $\$$ | 112.10 | $\$$ | 144.41 | $\$$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\$$ | $\mathbf{1 2 3 . 6 1}$ | $\$$ | 103.40 | $\$$ | 110.39 | $\$$ | 154.04 | $\$$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\$$ | $\mathbf{1 3 8 . 9 6}$ | $\$$ | 108.46 | $\$$ | 129.95 | $\$$ | 173.32 | $\$$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\$$ | $\mathbf{1 5 7 . 5 9}$ | $\$$ | 119.41 | $\$$ | 145.35 | $\$$ | 189.32 | $\$$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\$$ | $\mathbf{1 7 3 . 0 3}$ | $\$$ | 130.18 | $\$$ | 155.38 | $\$$ | 199.88 | $\$$ |

RevPAR: Revenue per available room, derived by dividing total room revenue by the total available room count for the applicable period (here calendar year); best utilized as a comparative measure among time periods, properties, locales, etc.

Source: Smith Travel Research (STR); aggregates hotel industry data

## \#9: RevPAR TREND



Source: STR
\#10 TAT DISTRIBUTIONS FY 2005-2014


Source: http://files.hawaii.gov/tax/stats/stats/annual/14annrpt.pdf

## \#11 COUNTIES' SHARE

## ALLOCATION BY COUNTY*

|  | Counties' Total <br> Share | HAWAI'I <br> ISLAND | KAUA'I | MAUI <br> COUNTY | O'AHU |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\$ 89$ | $\$ 17$ | $\$ 13$ | $\$ 20$ | $\$ 39$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ | $\$ 97$ | $\$ 18$ | $\$ 14$ | $\$ 22$ | $\$ 43$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7}$ | $\$ 101$ | $\$ 19$ | $\$ 15$ | $\$ 23$ | $\$ 45$ |
| 2008 | $\$ 103$ | $\$ 19$ | $\$ 15$ | $\$ 23$ | $\$ 45$ |
| 2009 | $\$ 94$ | $\$ 17$ | $\$ 14$ | $\$ 21$ | $\$ 41$ |
| 2010 | $\$ 91$ | $\$ 17$ | $\$ 13$ | $\$ 21$ | $\$ 40$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\$ 103$ | $\$ 19$ | $\$ 15$ | $\$ 23$ | $\$ 45$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\$ 93$ | $\$ 17$ | $\$ 13$ | $\$ 21$ | $\$ 41$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\$ 93$ | $\$ 17$ | $\$ 13$ | $\$ 21$ | $\$ 41$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\$ 93$ | $\$ 17$ | $\$ 13$ | $\$ 21$ | $\$ 41$ |

*Page 3 Act 174, SLH 2014
SOURCE: HB1671 CDI LRB 14-2554.doc

## \#12 ALLOCATION TO TOTAL VISITOR SPEND VARIANCE

|  | HAWAI'I <br> ISLAND | KAUA'I | MAUI <br> COUNTY | O'AHU |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2004 | $6 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $-4 \%$ | $-6 \%$ |
| 2005 | $5 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $-5 \%$ | $-4 \%$ |
| 2006 | $5 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $-6 \%$ | $-4 \%$ |
| 2007 | $5 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $-6 \%$ | $-3 \%$ |
| 2008 | $6 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $-4 \%$ | $-6 \%$ |
| 2009 | $6 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $-3 \%$ | $-7 \%$ |
| 2010 | $6 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $-4 \%$ | $-7 \%$ |
| 2011 | $6 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $-3 \%$ | $-8 \%$ |
| 2012 | $7 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $-2 \%$ | $-10 \%$ |
| 2013 | $6 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $-4 \%$ | $-7 \%$ |

Source: Derived from comparing relative County TAT share (Slide \#11) against relative County Visitor Spend (Slides \#4 \& \#5); positive variance means County gets more TAT per visitor spend relative to Counties overall.

## \#13 ALLOCATION TO TOTAL VISITOR SPEND BY COUNTY



## DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION STATE OF HAWAII



## ANNUAL REPORT <br> 2013-2014

TABLE 1.3 - TAXES PAID BY CORPORATIONS
(In Thousands of Dollars)

|  | FY 2014 |  | FY 2013 |  | Difference |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Amount | \% Change |
| Declaration of Estimated Taxes | \$ | 162,041 |  |  | \$ | 138,349 | \$ | 23,692 | 17.1 |
| Payment with Return |  | 27,480 |  | 20,586 |  | 6,894 | 33.5 |
| Subtotal | \$ | 189,521 | \$ | 158,934 | \$ | 30,587 | 19.2 |
| Refunds |  | 102,500 |  | 57,947 |  | 44,553 | 76.9 |
| NET | \$ | 87,021 | \$ | 100,988 | \$ | $(13,967)$ | (13.8) |

NOTE: Due to rounding, details may not add to totals.

### 1.5 TRANSIENT ACCOMMODATIONS TAX

### 1.5.1 Overview

The Transient Accommodations Tax (TAT) is levied on the furnishing of a room, apartment, suite, or the like, which is customarily occupied by the transient for less than 180 consecutive days. The rate for the TAT has been $9.25 \%$ since July 1, 2010. The registration fee for transient accommodations operators is a one-time fee of $\$ 5$ for each registration consisting of 1 to 5 units and $\$ 15$ for each registration of 6 or more units. Plan managers of time share units pay TAT at the rate of $7.25 \%$ on the fair market rental value of the units.

### 1.5.2 Revenue

TAT collections totaled $\$ 395.2$ million for FY 2014, an increase of $7.2 \%$ from the $\$ 368.6$ million collected in FY 2013. In FY 2014, collections from the TAT were distributed as follows: $\$ 93.0$ million went to the counties; $\$ 33.0$ million went to the Convention Center Enterprise Special Fund; $\$ 82.0$ million went to the Tourism Special Fund; and the remainder (\$187.2 million) went to the General Fund. Chart 1.7 shows collections of the TAT for FY's 2005 through 2014. Chart 1.8 shows the allocations of the tax among the various funds. Table 1.4 shows TAT collections and allocations in FY's 2013 and 2014.

### 1.5.3 Recent Legislation

Act 161, SLH 2013, makes permanent the TAT rate of $9.25 \%$ and makes permanent the caps on allocations of the TAT for each fiscal year as follows: $\$ 82$ million to the Tourism Special Fund, $\$ 93$ million to the counties, and $\$ 33$ million to the Convention Center Enterprise Fund. (The TAT rate was scheduled to return to $7.25 \%$ on July 1, 2015 and the caps on allocations of the TAT to the counties and to the Tourism Special Fund were scheduled to expire on June 30, 2015. The previous caps were the same as those in Act 161, except that the cap on the Tourism Special Fund was $\$ 71$ million.) Act 161 also eliminated the $\$ 10$ daily TAT on each transient accommodation furnished on a complimentary basis that was imposed by Act 103, SLH 2011. Act 161 took effect July 1, 2013.

Act 81, SLH 2014 reduces allocations of the TAT to the Convention Center Special Fund from $\$ 33$ million to $\$ 26.5$ million annually and allocates $\$ 3$ million to the Turtle Bay Easement Special Fund. However, the new allocations mandated by the Act are not being made, owing to the "pending status" of the turtle Bay purchase.

Act 174, SLH 2014 increases allocations of the TAT to the counties from $\$ 93$ million to $\$ 103$ million per year for fiscal years 2015 and 2016.



TABLE 1.4 - TRANSIENT ACCOMMODATIONS TAX
(In Thousands of Dollars)

|  | FY 2014 |  | FY 2013 |  | Difference |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Amount | \% Change |
| Collection |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trans. Accom./Time Share Occ. Tax | \$ | 395,229 |  |  | \$ | 368,556 | \$ | 26,673 | 7.2 |
| Trans. Accom./Time Share Occ. Fees |  | 13 |  | 20 |  | (8) | (37.0) |
| Total | \$ | 395,242 | \$ | 368,576 | \$ | 26,665 | 7.2 |
| Distribution* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Counties Share | \$ | 93,000 | \$ | 93,000 | \$ | - | 0.0 |
| Convention Center Fund |  | 33,000 |  | 33,000 |  | - | 0.0 |
| Tourism Special Fund |  | 82,000 |  | 71,000 |  | 11,000 | 15.5 |
| General Fund |  | 187,242 |  | 171,576 |  | 15,665 | 9.1 |
| Total | \$ | 395,242 | \$ | 368,576 | \$ | 26,665 | 7.2 |

*For detailed percentages of distribution see section 237D-6.5, HRS.
NOTE: Due to rounding, details may not add to totals.

### 1.17 TOTAL TAX COLLECTIONS

Total tax collections in FY 2014 amounted to $\$ 6.58$ billion, up just slightly from the $\$ 6.54$ billion collected in FY 2013. The Department collected the great majority of the total taxes ( $\$ 6.24$ billion), but the counties collected $\$ 125.9$ million in State motor vehicle weight taxes and registration fees, the Insurance Commissioner (in the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs) collected $\$ 137.2$ million in insurance premium taxes, and the Bureau of Conveyances (in the Department of Land and Natural Resources) collected $\$ 75.8$ million in Conveyance Tax. The total collections are shown in Table 1.8.

TABLE 1.8 - TAX COLLECTIONS
(In Thousands of Dollars )

| SOURCE OF REVENUE | FY 2014 |  |  | FY 2013 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Amount <br> ollected | \% of <br> Total |  | Amount <br> ollected | \% of <br> Total |
| Banks - Financial Corps. | \$ | 38,983 | 0.59 | \$ | 22,673 | 0.35 |
| Conveyance |  | 75,831 | 1.15 |  | 54,686 | 0.84 |
| Employment Security Contributions |  | 264,178 | 4.01 |  | 262,290 | 4.01 |
| Fuel |  | 193,550 | 2.94 |  | 193,949 | 2.96 |
| General Excise \& Use |  | 2,880,541 | 43.77 |  | 2,944,487 | 45.01 |
| Honolulu County Surcharge |  | 242,657 | 3.69 |  | 193,136 | 2.95 |
| Income - Corporations |  | 87,021 | 1.32 |  | 100,988 | 1.54 |
| Income - Individuals |  | 1,745,810 | 26.53 |  | 1,736,007 | 26.54 |
| Inheritance and Estate |  | 14,789 | 0.22 |  | 14,886 | 0.23 |
| Insurance Premiums |  | 137,179 | 2.08 |  | 131,906 | 2.02 |
| Liquor \& Permits |  | 48,305 | 0.73 |  | 48,962 | 0.75 |
| Motor Vehicle Tax * |  | 168,726 | 2.56 |  | 176,295 | 2.70 |
| Public Service Companies |  | 166,179 | 2.52 |  | 163,930 | 2.51 |
| Tobacco \& Licenses |  | 121,742 | 1.85 |  | 127,881 | 1.95 |
| Trans. Accom. Fees |  | 13 | 0.00 |  | 20 | 0.00 |
| Trans. Accom. Tax |  | 395,229 | 6.01 |  | 368,556 | 5.63 |
| All Others ** |  | 692 | 0.01 |  | 648 | 0.01 |
| TOTAL | \$ | 6,581,424 | 100.00 | \$ | 6,541,300 | 100.00 |

* Includes motor vehicle weight tax, registration fees, commercial driver's license, periodic motor vehicle inspection fees, rental motor vehicle and tour vehicle registration fees, and rental motor vehicle and tour vehicle surcharge tax.
** Includes fuel retail dealer permits, fuel penalty and interest, permitted transfers tax, and general excise fees.
NOTE: Due to rounding, details may not add to totals.


### 1.18 DISTRIBUTION OF TAXES

Of the $\$ 6.58$ billion in total tax collections in FY 2014, $\$ 5.37$ billion or $81.6 \%$ was deposited into the State's General Fund. The four counties received $\$ 167.0$ million or $2.5 \%$ of the tax collections, which came from county fuel taxes and the TAT. In addition, $\$ 242.7$ million of County Surcharge was collected for the City and County of Honolulu (before deducting the $10 \%$ administrative fee imposed by the State). The remaining tax revenues not deposited into the General Fund or
transferred to the counties were distributed among several State special funds. The State Highway Fund received the largest portion, $\$ 255.8$ million. All of the Unemployment Insurance Tax (the Employment Security Contributions) went into the Unemployment Trust Fund for unemployment benefits. Portions of the TAT went to the next two largest special funds: $\$ 82.0$ million went to the Tourism Special Fund and $\$ 33.0$ million went to the Convention Center Fund.

Table 1.9 shows allocations of taxes to the State's General Fund in FY's 2013 and 2014. The distributions of the total tax collections among all funds in FY's 2013 and 2014 are shown in Table 1.10.

TABLE 1.9 - STATE GENERAL FUND
(In Thousands of Dollars)

| SOURCE OF REVENUE | FY 2014 |  |  | FY 2013 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Amount Collected | \% of <br> Total |  | Amount Collected | \% of <br> Total |
| Banks - Financial Corps. | \$ | 36,983 | 0.69 | \$ | 20,673 | 0.38 |
| Conveyance |  | 26,508 | 0.49 |  | 19,132 | 0.35 |
| General Excise \& Use |  | 2,825,041 | 52.61 |  | 2,944,487 | 53.86 |
| Income - Corporations |  | 87,021 | 1.62 |  | 100,988 | 1.85 |
| Income - Individuals |  | 1,745,312 | 32.50 |  | 1,735,499 | 31.75 |
| Inheritance and Estate |  | 14,789 | 0.28 |  | 14,886 | 0.27 |
| Insurance Premiums |  | 137,179 | 2.55 |  | 131,906 | 2.41 |
| Liquor \& Permits |  | 48,305 | 0.90 |  | 48,962 | 0.90 |
| Public Service Companies |  | 166,179 | 3.09 |  | 163,930 | 3.00 |
| Tobacco \& Licenses |  | 77,659 | 1.45 |  | 94,180 | 1.72 |
| Trans. Accom. Tax |  | 187,229 | 3.49 |  | 171,556 | 3.14 |
| Environmental Tax |  | 17,356 | 0.32 |  | 15,537 | 0.28 |
| Rental Vehicle Tax |  | - | 0.00 |  | 4,516 | 0.08 |
| All Others * |  | 707 | 0.01 |  | 672 | 0.01 |
| TOTAL | \$ | 5,370,268 | 100.00 | \$ | 5,466,923 | 100.00 |

* Includes fuel retail dealer permits, fuel penalty and interest, permitted transfers tax, general excise fees, trans accom fees and rental vehicle NOTE: Due to rounding, details may not add to totals.

TABLE 1.10 - DISTRIBUTION OF COLLECTIONS
(In Thousands of Dollars)

|  | FY 2014 |  |  | FY 2013 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amount Distributed |  | \% of <br> Total | Amount Distributed |  | \% of <br> Total |
| STATE FUND |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State General | \$ | 5,370,268 | 81.60 | \$ | 5,466,923 | 83.58 |
| State Highway |  | 255,805 | 3.89 |  | 257,801 | 3.94 |
| State Airport |  | 4,809 | 0.07 |  | 4,707 | 0.07 |
| Boating Special Fund |  | 1,627 | 0.02 |  | 1,621 | 0.02 |
| Environmental Fund |  | 1,240 | 0.02 |  | 1,295 | 0.02 |
| Cigarette Stamp Admin/Enf. Fund |  | 1,911 | 0.03 |  | 2,148 | 0.03 |
| Compliance Resolution Fund |  | 2,000 | 0.03 |  | 2,000 | 0.03 |
| Unemployment Trust Fund |  | 264,178 | 4.01 |  | 262,290 | 4.01 |
| Election Campaign Fund |  | 190.19 | 0.00 |  | 219 | 0.00 |
| Tourism Special Fund |  | 82,000 | 1.25 |  | 71,000 | 1.09 |
| Rental Housing Fund |  | 22,765 | 0.35 |  | 16,409 | 0.25 |
| Natural Area Reserve Fund |  | 18,970 | 0.29 |  | 13,675 | 0.21 |
| Convention Center Fund |  | 33,000 | 0.50 |  | 33,000 | 0.50 |
| Public Libraries Fund |  | 72 | 0.00 |  | 68 | 0.00 |
| School Repairs \& Maintenance Fund |  | 77 | 0.00 |  | 74 | 0.00 |
| Land Conservation Fund |  | 7,588 | 0.12 |  | 5,470 | 0.08 |
| Domestic ViolencelChild Abuse Neglect Fund |  | 158 | 0.00 |  | 147 | 0.00 |
| Cancer Research Fund |  | 14,058 | 0.21 |  | 15,777 | 0.24 |
| Trauma System Fund |  | 10,540 | 0.16 |  | 5,919 | 0.09 |
| Emergency Medical Service Fund |  | 8,787 | 0.13 |  | 3,938 | 0.06 |
| Community Health Centers Fund |  | 8,787 | 0.13 |  | 5,919 | 0.09 |
| Energy Security Fund |  | 3,719 | 0.06 |  | 3,884 | 0.06 |
| Energy Systems Development Fund |  | - | - |  | 2,590 | 0.04 |
| Agricultural Development \& Food Security Fund |  | 3,719 | 0.06 |  | 3,884 | 0.06 |
| Hurricane Relief Fund |  | 55,500 | 0.84 |  | - | - |
| Subtotal - State | \$ | 6,171,769 | 93.78 | \$ | 6,180,758 | 94.49 |
| HONOLULU COUNTY SURCHARGE | \$ | 242,657 | 3.69 | \$ | 193,136 | 2.95 |
| REVENUES TRANSFERRED TO COUNTIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other County Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fuel Tax | \$ | 73,999 | 1.12 | \$ | 74,407 | 1.14 |
| Trans. Accom. Tax |  | 93,000 | 1.41 |  | 93,000 | 1.42 |
| Subtotal - Counties | \$ | 166,999 | 2.54 | \$ | 167,407 | 2.56 |
| TOTAL | \$ | 6,581,424 | 100.00 | \$ | 6,541,300 | 100.00 |

NOTE: Due to rounding, details may not add to totals.

## TABLE 1.11 - HISTORICAL COLLECTIONS FOR SELECTED TAXES (In Thousands of Dollars)

| SOURCE OF REVENUE | Fiscal Year |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ |
| General Excise and Use | $\$ 2,136,603$ | $\$ 2,355,316$ | $\$ 2,555,762$ | $\$ 2,618,787$ | $\$ 2,417,580$ |
| Income - Individuals | $1,381,480$ | $1,550,596$ | $1,560,286$ | $1,544,835$ | $1,339,056$ |
| Transient Accom. Tax \& Fees | 198,784 | 217,008 | 224,942 | 229,388 | 210,622 |
| Unemployment Insurance | 134,459 | 149,388 | 134,612 | 92,279 | 49,071 |
| Motor Vehicle Tax 1/ | 100,278 | 107,527 | 112,412 | 112,448 | 101,991 |
| Fuel | 162,873 | 166,138 | 169,712 | 169,927 | 165,717 |
| Public Service Companies | 108,686 | 120,679 | 124,017 | 127,481 | 126,069 |
| Tobacco and Licenses | 85,245 | 88,261 | 94,387 | 104,624 | 108,164 |
| Insurance Premiums 2/ | 83,077 | 88,068 | 92,196 | 95,742 | 93,720 |
| Income - Corporations | 85,605 | 130,010 | 81,834 | 85,081 | 53,522 |
| Liquor and Permits | 43,737 | 45,955 | 46,034 | 45,620 | 47,242 |
| Conveyance | 24,583 | 59,201 | 46,887 | 43,421 | 23,772 |
| Banks-Financial Corporations | 38,520 | 18,324 | 18,599 | 20,212 | 28,075 |
| Total Collections 3/ | $\$ 4,597,415$ | $\$ 5,101,011$ | $\$ 5,316,593$ | $\$ 5,478,491$ | $\$ 4,944,133$ |


| SOURCE OF REVENUE | Fiscal Year |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ |
| General Excise and Use | $\$ 2,316,434$ | $\$ 2,495,807$ | $\$ 2,697,951$ | $\$ 2,944,487$ | $\$ 2,880,541$ |
| Income - Individuals | $1,528,110$ | $1,247,153$ | $1,541,051$ | $1,736,007$ | $1,745,810$ |
| Transient Accom. Tax \& Fees | 224,252 | 284,472 | 323,951 | 368,576 | 395,242 |
| Unemployment Insurance | 82,017 | 190,511 | 231,669 | 262,290 | 264,178 |
| Motor Vehicle Tax 1/ | 102,319 | 106,166 | 211,742 | 176,295 | 168,726 |
| Fuel | 155,703 | 195,336 | 193,101 | 193,949 | 193,550 |
| Public Service Companies | 157,661 | 117,940 | 150,528 | 163,930 | 166,179 |
| Tobacco and Licenses | 123,489 | 143,293 | 138,798 | 127,881 | 121,742 |
| Insurance Premiums 2/ | 104,721 | 140,456 | 117,617 | 131,906 | 137,179 |
| Income - Corporations | 59,186 | 34,573 | 73,026 | 100,988 | 87,021 |
| Liquor and Permits | 44,074 | 48,054 | 48,854 | 48,962 | 48,305 |
| Conveyance | 40,634 | 47,906 | 42,106 | 54,686 | 75,831 |
| Banks-Financial Corporations | 20,666 | 33,677 | 7,229 | 22,673 | 38,983 |
| Total Collections 3/ | $\$ 5,134,807$ | $\$ 5,292,193$ | $\$ 6,004,268$ | $\$ 6,541,300$ | $\$ 6,581,424$ |

[^3]
[^0]:    Part I. Organization, Generally
    Section
    26-1 Office of the lieutenant governor
    26-2 Order of succession to offices of governor and lieutenant governor
    26-3 Position of administrative director created
    26-4 Structure of government
    26-5 Department of human resources development
    26-6 Department of accounting and general services
    26-7 Department of the attorney general
    26-8 Department of budget and finance
    26-9 Department of commerce and consumer affairs
    26-10 Department of taxation
    26-11 University of Hawail
    26-12 Department of education
    26-13 Department of health
    26-14 Department of human services
    26-14.5 Repealed
    26-14.6 Department of public safety
    26-15 Department of land and natural resources
    26-16 Department of agriculture
    26-17 Department of Hawailan home lands
    26-18 DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, AND TOURISM
    26-19 Department of transportation
    26-20 Department of Labor and industrial relations
    26-21 Department of defense
    26-22 Transfer of functions
    26-23 Assignment of functions
    26-24 Agencies and offices abolished
    26-25 Services to the judiciary and legislature
    Part II. Other General Provisions
    26-31 Selection and terms of single executives as heads of departments
    26-32 Acting heads of departments; appointment of; responsibility for acts of
    26-33 Performance of duties of vacant office
    26-34 Selection and terms of members of boards and commissions
    26-35 ADMINISTRATIVE SUPERVISION OF BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS
    26-35.5 MEMBERS OF BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS; IMMUNITY FROM OR INDEMNIFICATION FOR CIVIL LIABILITY; DEFENSE OF MEMBERS

[^1]:    1/ Maui County includes Kalawao County.
    2/ Population estimates for 2000 through 2009 were revised based upon the April 1, 2010 figures which were released September 28, 2011. Population estimates after April 1, 2010 were based on revisions released in March 2014 and may differ somewhat from earlier figures cited in other tables.

    Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Federal-State Cooperative Program for Population Estimates, "Table 1. Intercensal Estimates of the Resident Population for Counties of Hawaii: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2010" (CO-EST00INT-01-15)
    [http://www.census.gov/popest/data/intercensal/county/tables/CO-EST00INT-01/CO-EST001NT-01-15.xls](http://www.census.gov/popest/data/intercensal/county/tables/CO-EST00INT-01/CO-EST001NT-01-15.xls) accessed September 28, 2011 and "Annual Estimates of the Resident Population: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2013" (PEPANNRES) (released March 27, 2014)
    [http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml](http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml) accessed March 27, 2014.

[^2]:    Continued on next page.

[^3]:    1/ Includes State Motor Vehicle Weight Tax, Registration Fees, Commercial Driver's License, Periodic Motor Vehicle Inspection Fees, Rental Vehicle Registration Fees and Rental Vehicle Surcharge Tax.
    2/ Excludes Insurance Fees allocated to the General Fund, which were included in previous reports.
    3/ Includes the Inheritance and Estate Tax, the Honolulu County Surcharge, fuel permits, interest and penalties on fuel taxes, general excise fees, and permitted transfers tax.

