# **Current Hawaii Economic Conditions**

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# Hawaii Population and its Characteristics

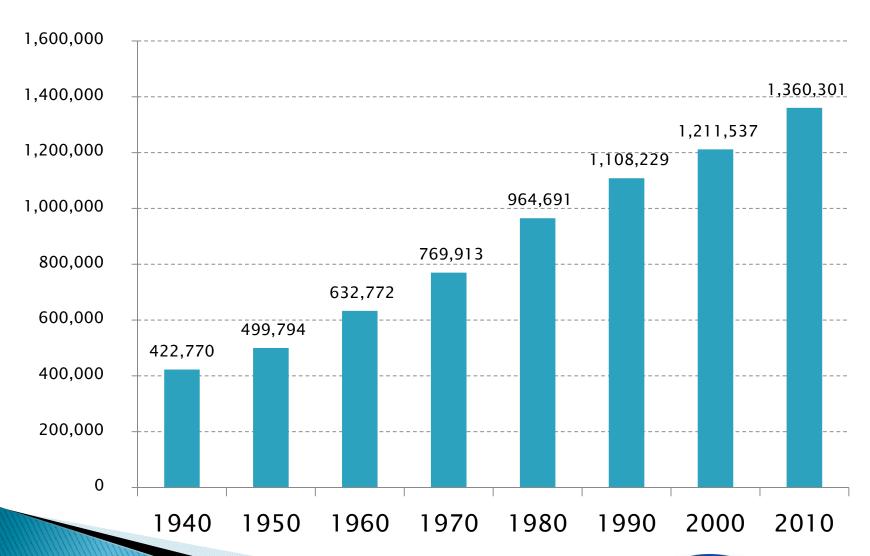


# What the 2010 Census tell us about our population

- Continued to be the most diversified cultural state in the nation with 23.6% mixed population
- Population is more aged with median age of 38.6 years and 14.3% of the population were age 65 years or above
- Significant increase in White, Hispanic, and Micronesians
- Filipino population over took Japanese population to become the largest Asian group in 2010
- Fewer families with children, more families with aged
- More aged people live alone



# Hawaii had 1.36 million resident population in 2010, an increase of 148,764 from 2000, or increased by about 15,000 people per year during the last 10 years





### Population on Hawaii, Maui, and Kauai grew faster than others, Lanai and Molokai lost population

Island	2000	2010	Change	% change
Oahu	876,156	953,207	77,051	8.8
Hawaii	148,677	185,079	36,402	24.5
Maui	117,644	144,444	26,800	22.8
Lanai	3,193	3,135	-58	-1.8
Molokai	7,404	7,345	-59	-0.8
Kauai	58,303	66,921	8,618	14.8
Niihau	160	170	10	6.3
STATE	1,211,537	1,360,301	148,764	12.3



# Where was the population increase coming from?

	Annual average between 2000 -2010
Births	18,277
Deaths	8,965
Net migration	5,565



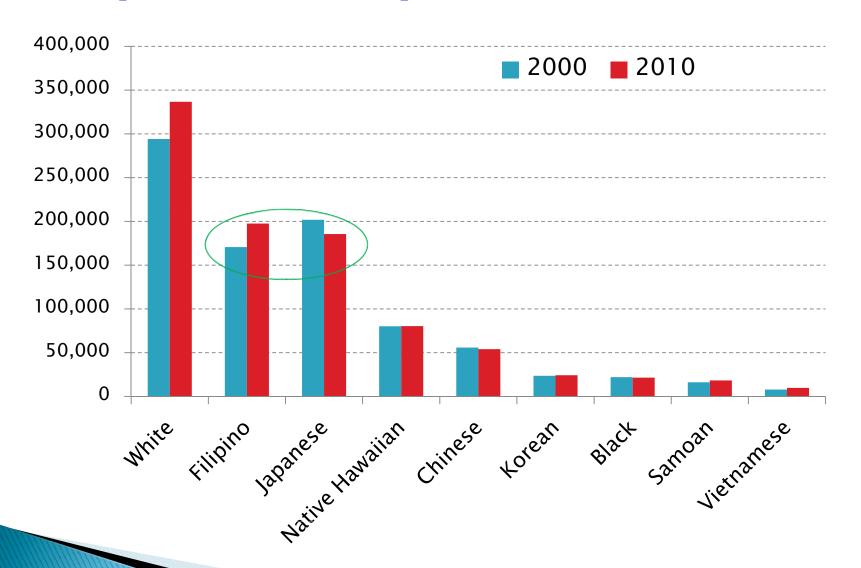
### Hawaii is the #1 state in race diversification and culture

Component of total resident population: 2010

	Hawaii	U.S.
% of mixed population	23.6	2.9
% of pure Asians	38.6	4.8
% of pure Japanese	13.6	0.2
% of pure Filipino	14.5	0.8
% of pure Native Hawaiian	5.9	0.1
% of pure Chinese	4.0	1.1
% of pure Korean	1.8	0.5
% of Vietnamese	0.7	0.5



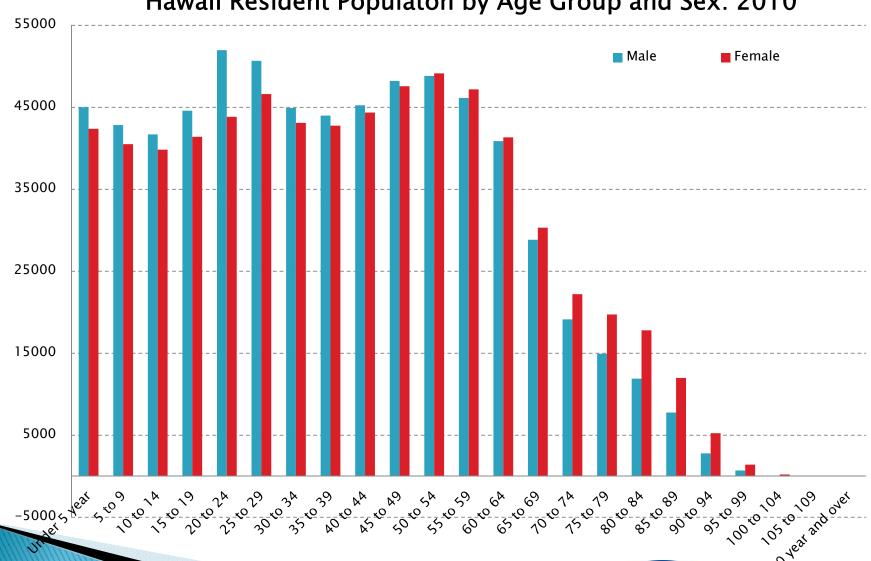
# Japanese and Chinese decreased, White and Filipino increased. Filipinos now outnumber Japanese





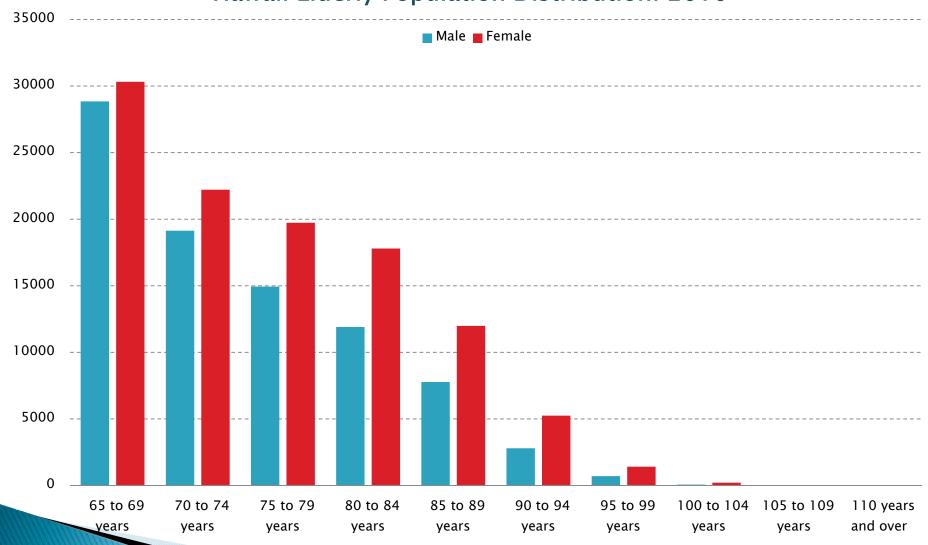
### Good news! Life expectancy increased significantly





### The higher the age group, the more females than males

### Hawaii Elderly Population Distribution: 2010

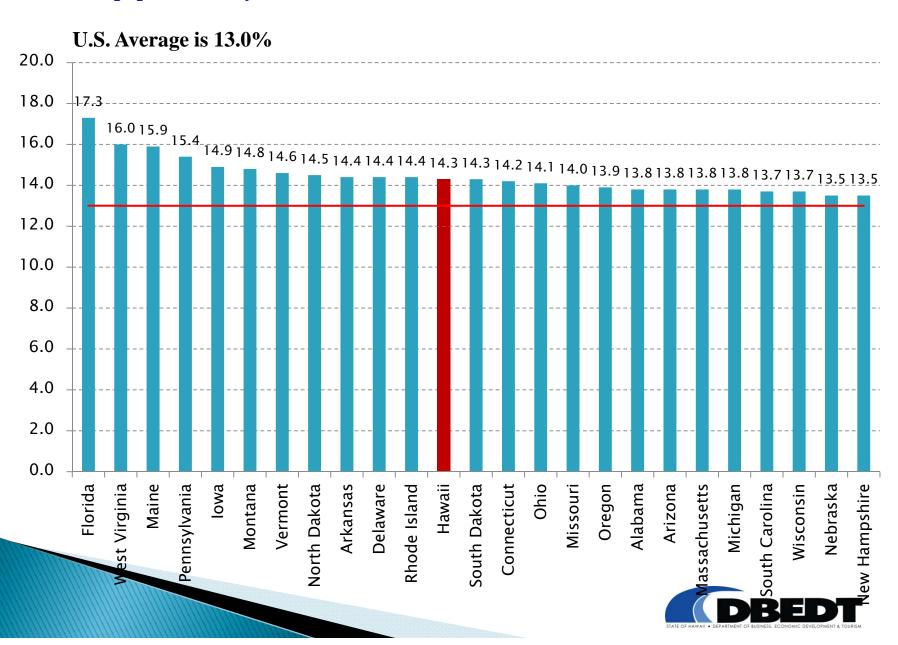


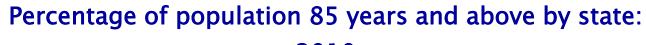


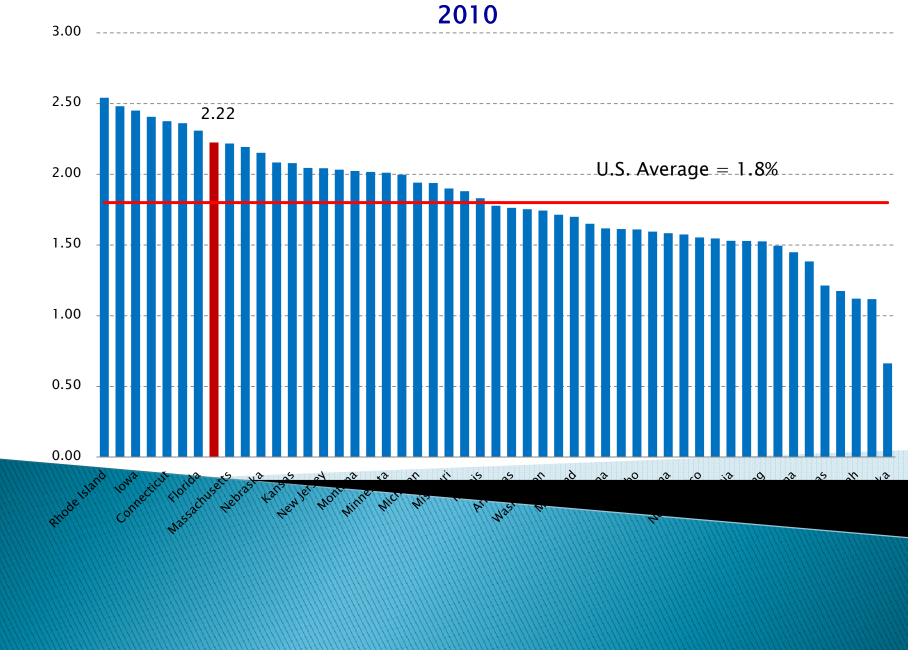
## **Characteristics of Hawaii's Elderly Population**

Indicator	Population 65+ years	Population 16-64 years
% employed	18.9	81.0
% live alone	18.5	8.3
% of home ownership	77.2	58.9
% stayed in single family homes	70.9	66.9
% with health insurance	99.4	90.8
% without mortgage debts	42.4	12.3
Median income, \$	20,400	27,000

# Hawaii's elderly population ranked 12<sup>th</sup> place in the nation in 2010, with 14.3% of the population 65 years or older

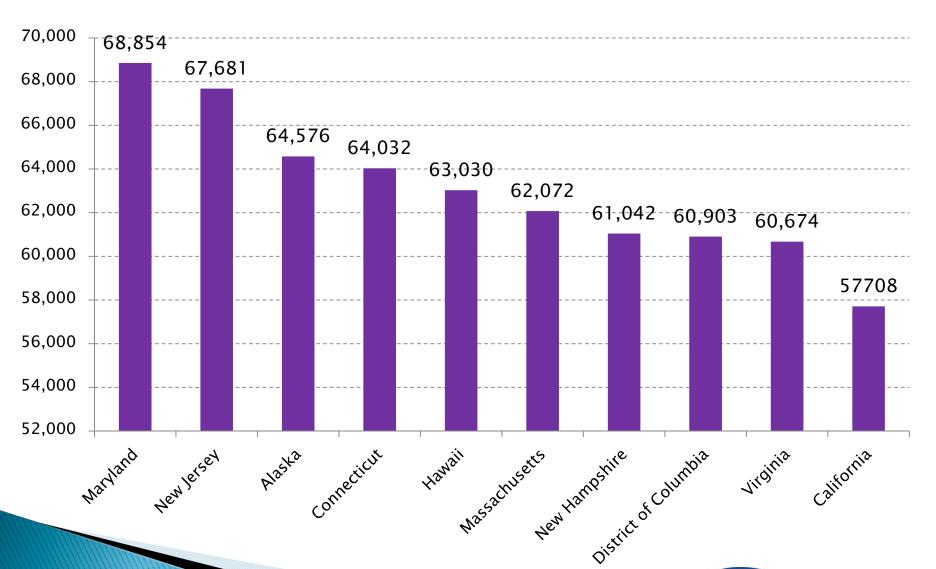






### Hawaii household income ranked #5 in the country

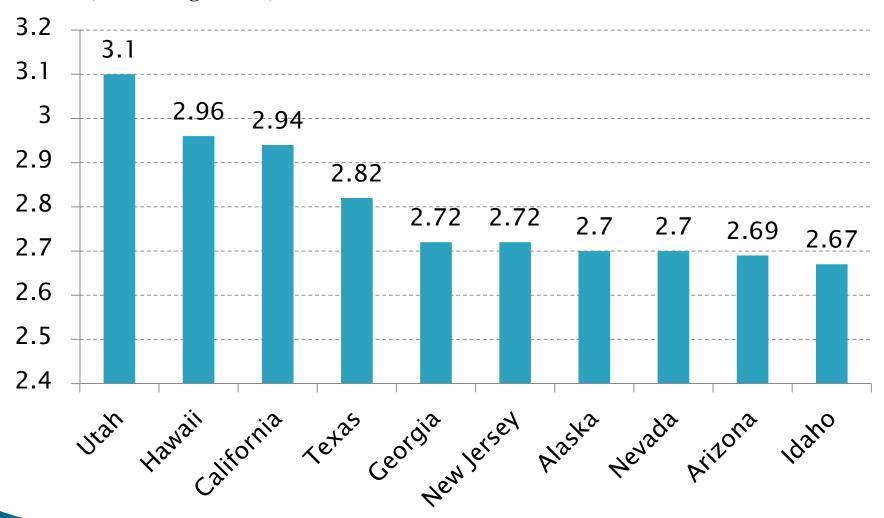
(U.S. average = \$50,000)





### Hawaii ranked #2 in household size in the nation

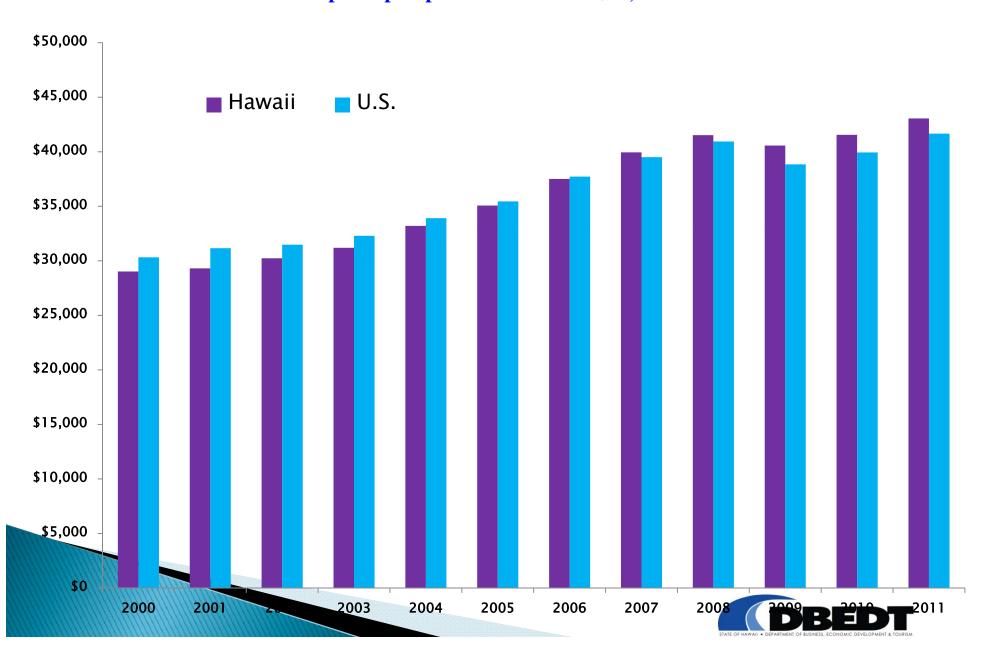
(U.S. average = 2.63)



Source: C.S. Census Bureau



Hawaii Per Capita Personal Income Larger than U.S. Since 2007 Hawaii's per capita personal income = \$43,053 in 2011



# Hawaii's Economy

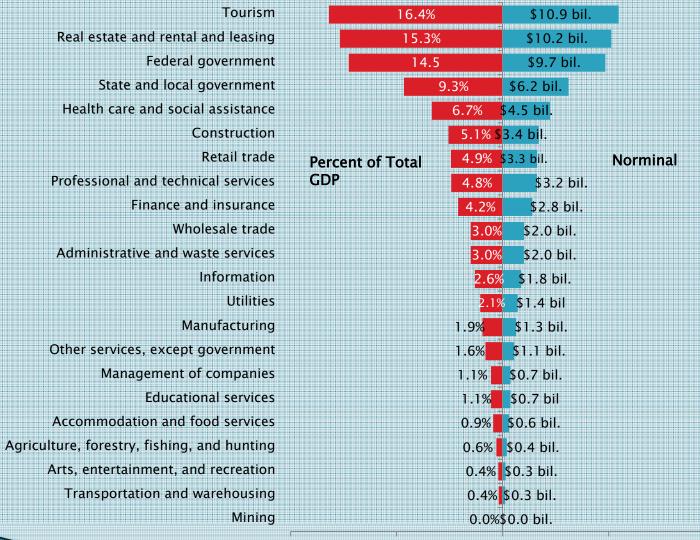


## **Selected Hawaii Economic Indicators**

Indicator	Hawaii	U.S.	Hawaii Ranking in the U.S.
Population in 2011	1,374,810	311,591,917	40
GDP in 2011	\$67 billion	\$14,981 billion	39
Median household income in 2011	\$63,000	\$50,000	5
Poverty rate in 2011	12.1%	15.0%	14 <sup>th</sup> lowest
Unemployment rate in 2011	6.7%	8.9%	12 <sup>th</sup> lowest
Unemployment rate in July 2012	6.4%	8.3%	15 <sup>th</sup> lowest



### Hawaii GDP by Industry, 2010\*

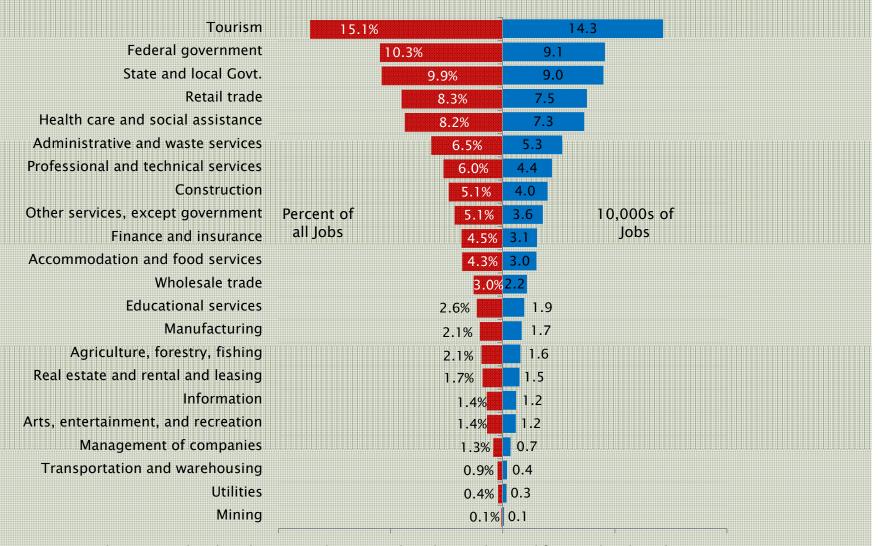


measure.

\*GDP generated in the other sectors by tourism have been subtracted from each industry's



### Hawaii Employment by Industry



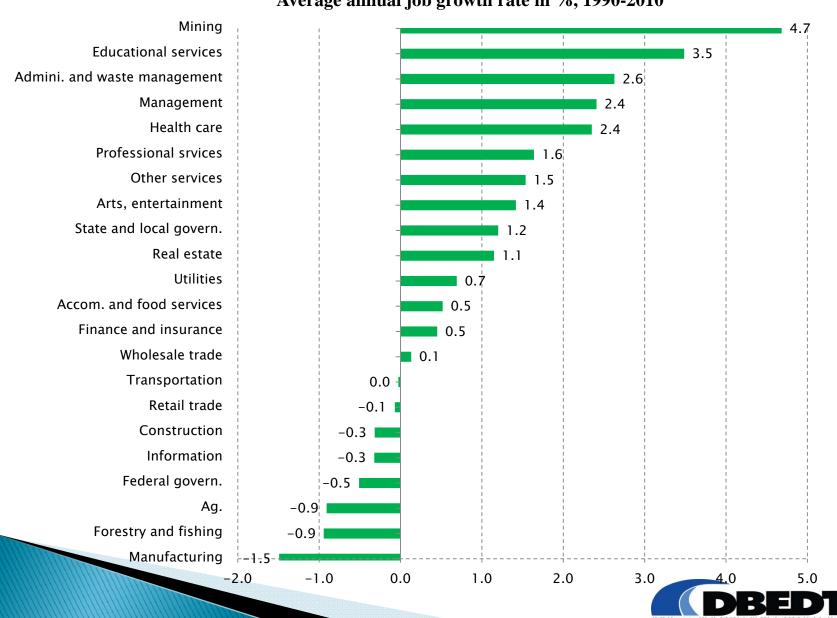
\*Jobs generated in the other sectors by tourism have been subtracted from each industry's measure.

Source: DBFDT, 2010



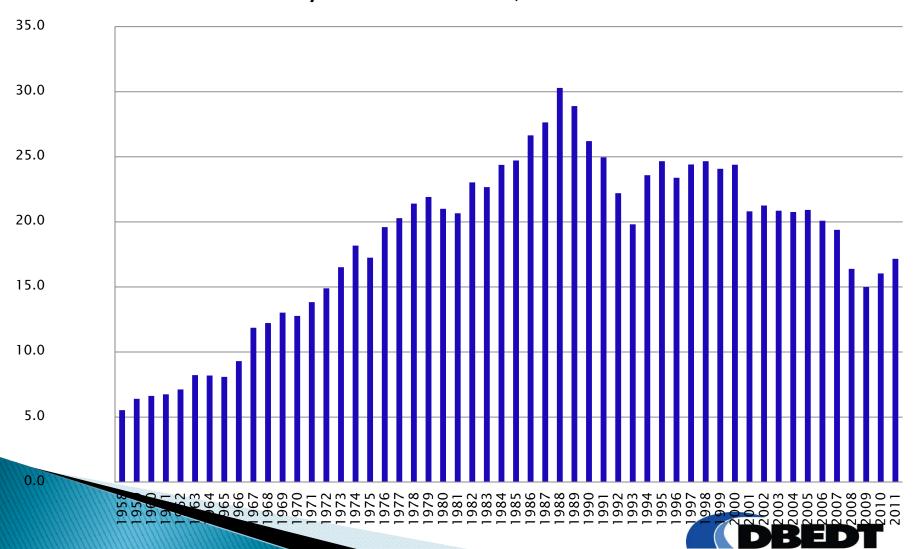
#### In the past 20 years, Non-Tourism Services were dominating the growth

#### Average annual job growth rate in %, 1990-2010



### **Tourism contribution to Economy diminishing**

# Hawaii Real Visitor Expenditures as Percent of GDP Peak year 1988=30.3%; 2011=17.2%

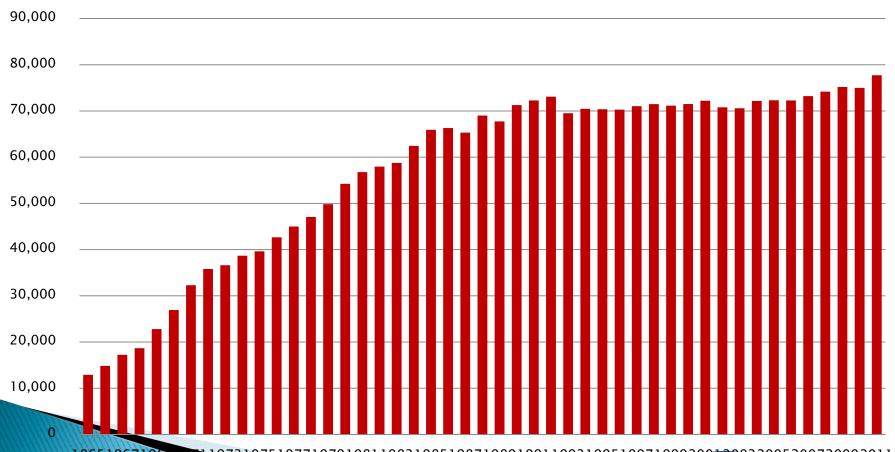


# Hotel Inventory Flat

Hawaii Visitor Room Inventory: 1965 - 2011

1965-1990: average annual growth = 7.1%; 1990-2011 =

0.4%



<mark>196519671969. 11973</mark>1975197719791981198319851987198919911993199519971999<mark>20012003</mark>2005200720092011

# DBEDT Forecast Key Economic Indicators for Hawaii are all expected to be positive in 2012 and 2013

(Annual % Change)

	Actual CY 2011	Forecasted CY 2012	Forecasted CY 2013
Total Population	0.8%	1.0%	1.0%
Visitor Arrivals	4.0%	8.6%	3.5%
Visitor Expenditures	10.7%	15.2%	5.6%
Honolulu CPI-U	3.7%	2.8%	2.6%
Personal Income	4.7%	4.3%	4.8%
Real Personal Income	0.9%	1.5%	2.1%
Total Non-Ag Wage and Salary Jobs	0.9%	1.2%	1.8%
Real GDP	-0.2%	1.5%	2.3%

Source: Department of Business, Economic Development & Tourism



# Latest developments in Hawaii's Economy

- State general fund tax revenues increased 13.0% for the first 8 months of CY 2012.
- ■State GET increased 9.5% during the first 8 months of 2012
- Visitor industry performed better than expected in 2011 with 4.0% increase in visitor arrivals, and 10.7% increase in spending. During the first 7 months of 2012, visitor arrivals increased 9.8% while visitor spending increased 20.8%.
- Passenger count increased 8.8% during first 8.5 months of 2012.



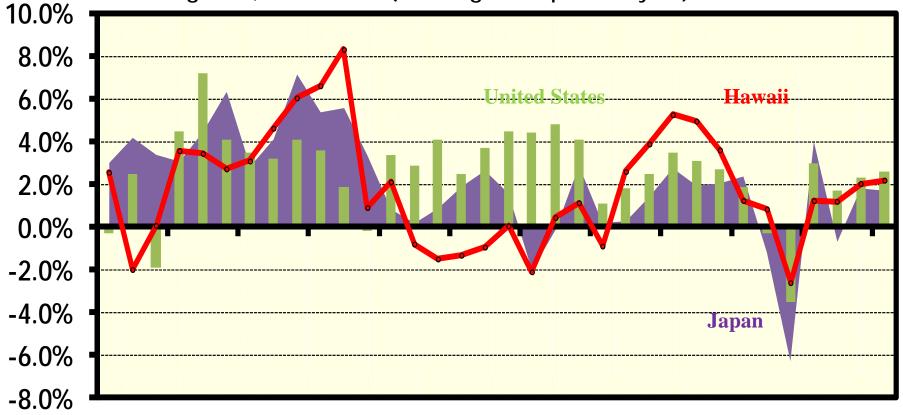
# Latest developments in Hawaii's Economy – con.

- Labor market continues improving. Non-agriculture wage and salary job counts increased 1.0% during first 7 months of 2012
- Unemployment claims for the whole year of 2011 were 8% lower that those in 2010 and was 10.2% lower during the first 8 months of 2012 than the same period a year ago
- ■Construction activities has signs of recovery with 46.2% increase in value of building permit during the 1st quarter of 2012. Permit value for additions and alterations increased 88.1%, and commercial and industrial permit value increased 27.9% while residential permit value decreased 1.0% during 1st quarter of 2012



Hawaii's economy is influenced by the US and Japan, Hawaii's economic growth is expected to be similar to the U.S. and better than Japan in the next two years

Real GDP growth, 1980 to 2013 (% change from previous year)



1980 1983 1986 1989 1992 1995 1998 2001 2004 2007 2010 2013

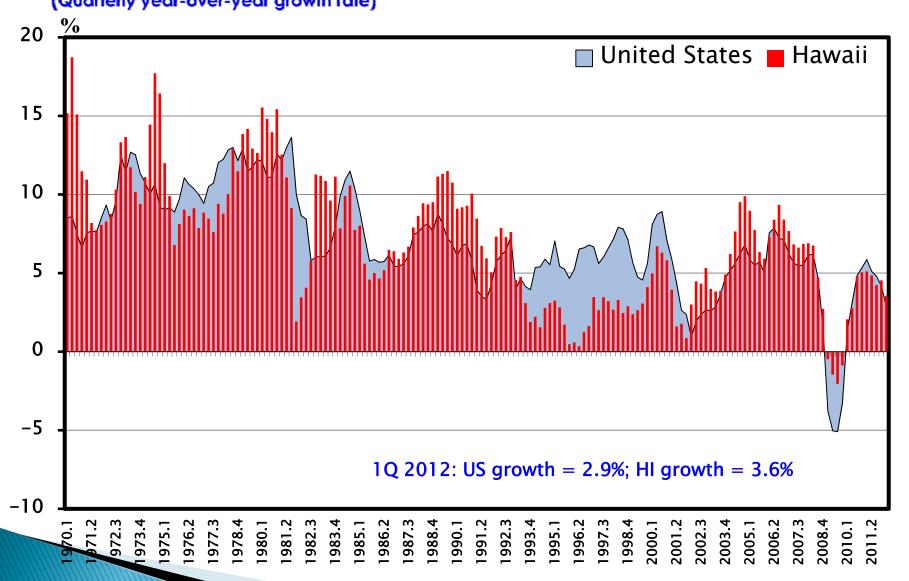
Source: US Bureau of Economic Analysis, Japan Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications



# Personal Income



# Hawaii Personal Income Growth Has Been Following the U.S. in Most of the Cycles, our growth rates are now higher than the U.S. (Quarterly year-over-year growth rate)



Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis and U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

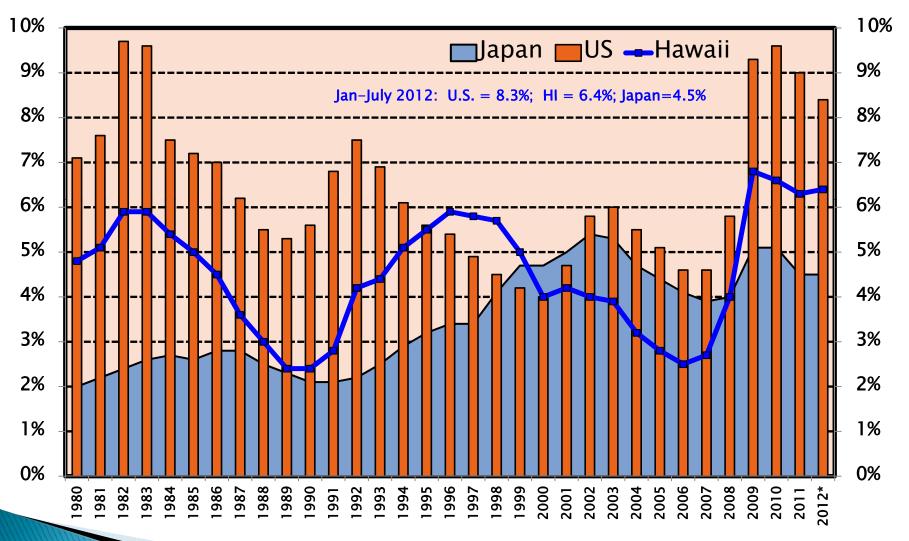


# **Labor Market Conditions**



# Hawaii's unemployment rate has been following the U.S. trend but lower than the U.S. for most years

Unemployment Rate, 1980 to July 2012

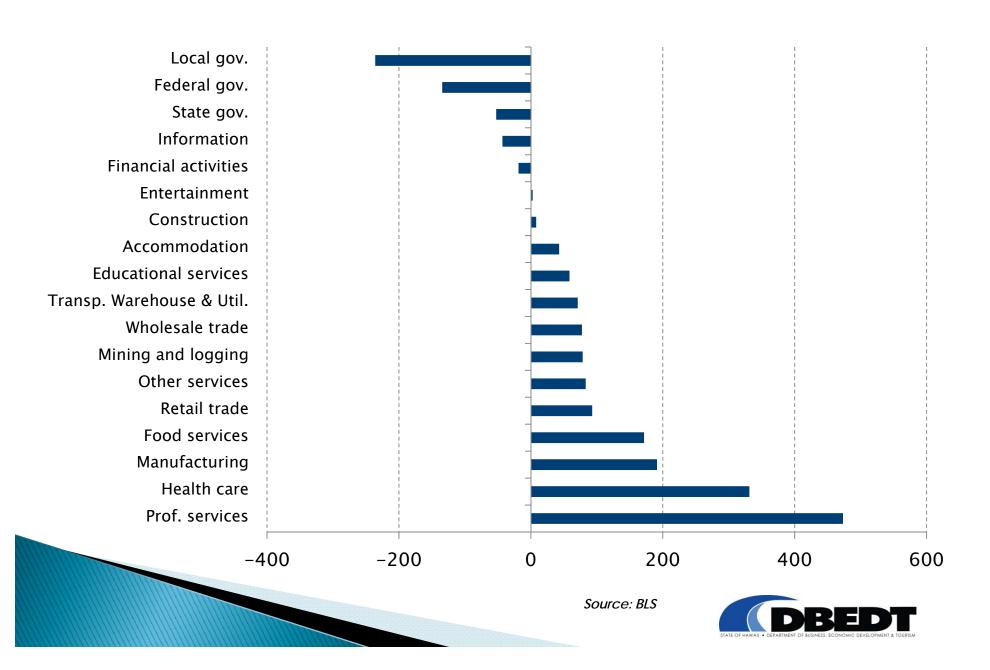


Source: US BLS, Hawaii DLIR, Japan Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications

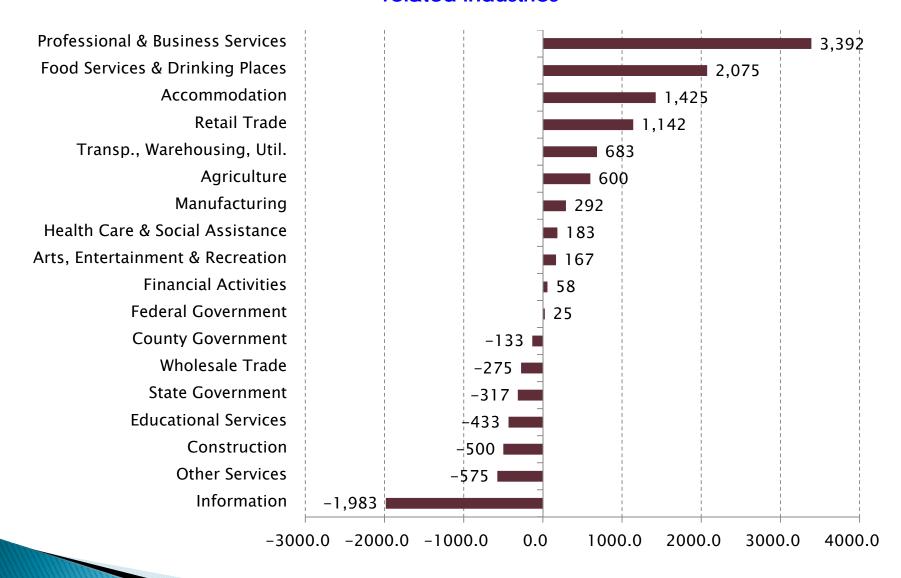


### In the United States, most of the industries gained jobs in 2011

(change in jobs from same period in prior year, in 1,000 jobs)

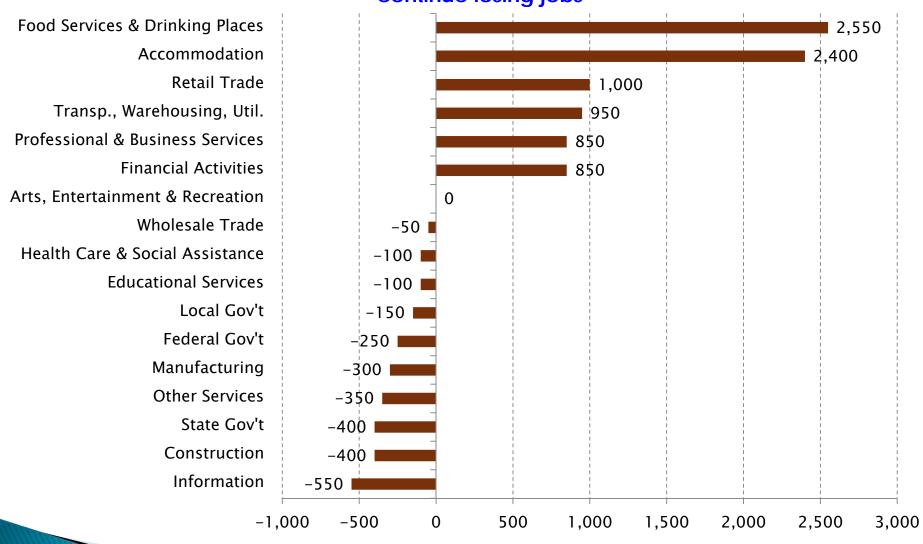


# In 2011, Hawaii gained 5,850 jobs, most of them were in the tourism-related industries





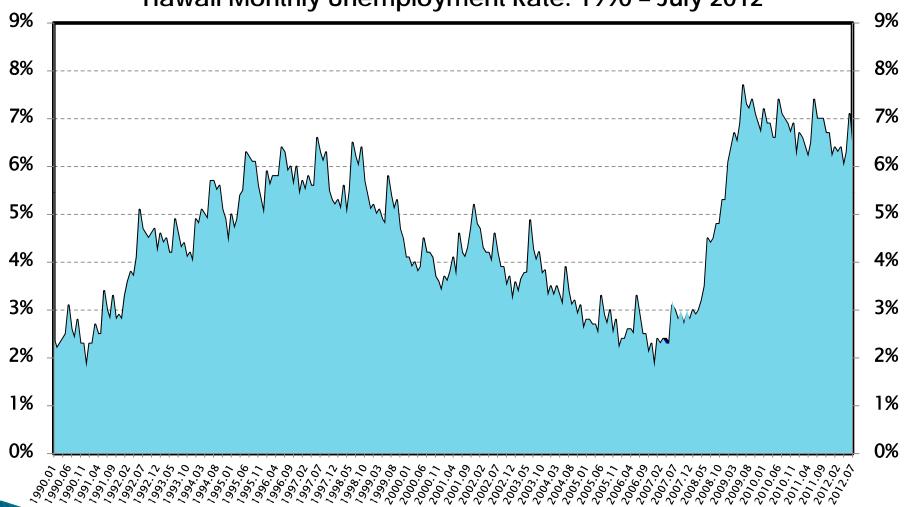
# In the first 7 months of 2012, Hawaii tourism, business services, and financial industries continue to add jobs while other industries continue losing jobs





## Unemployment rate was improving in a slow pace



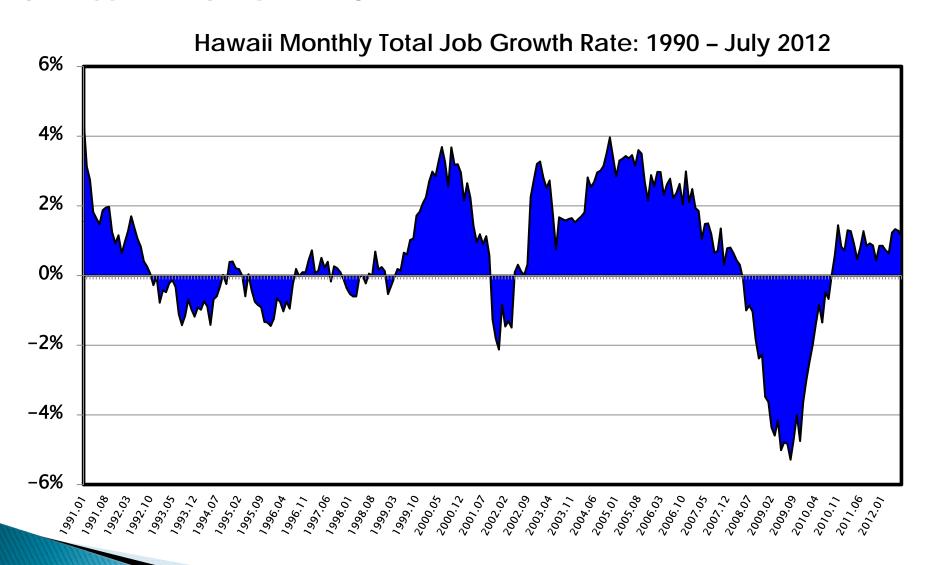


Source: Hawaii State Department of Labor and Industrial Relations



### Hawaii Non-Ag payroll jobs started to grow in July 2010

(monthly year-over-year growth rate)

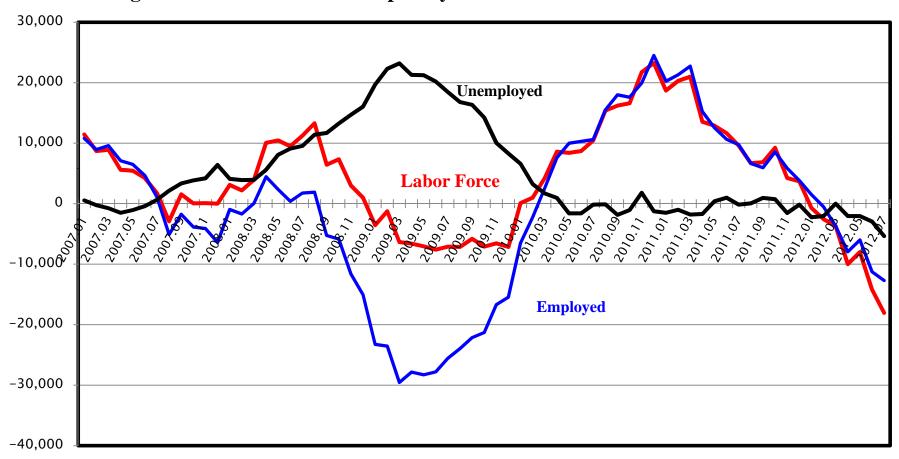


Source: Hawaii State Department of Labor and Industrial Relations



#### Hawaii's labor force peaked in mid-2011 and declining in 2012

#### Changes from the same month in prior year

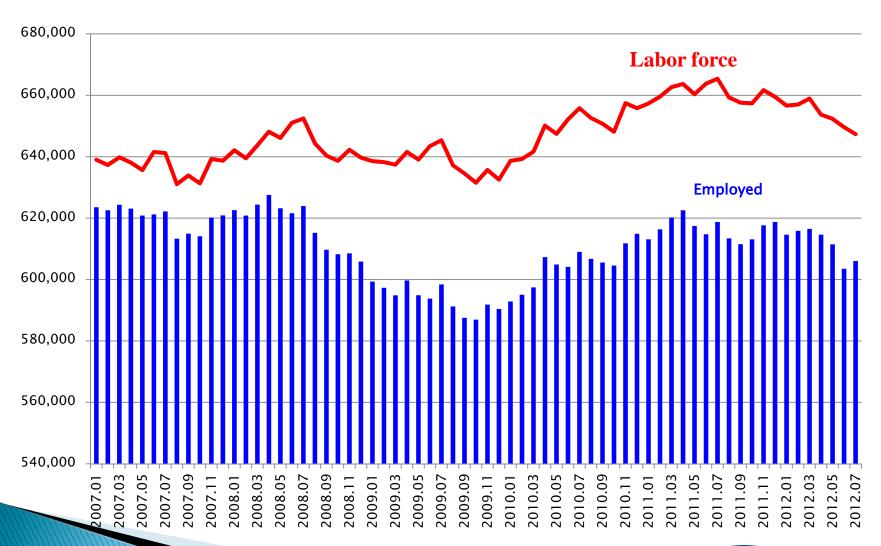


Source: Hawaii State Department of Labor and Industrial Relations

Updated thru July 2012



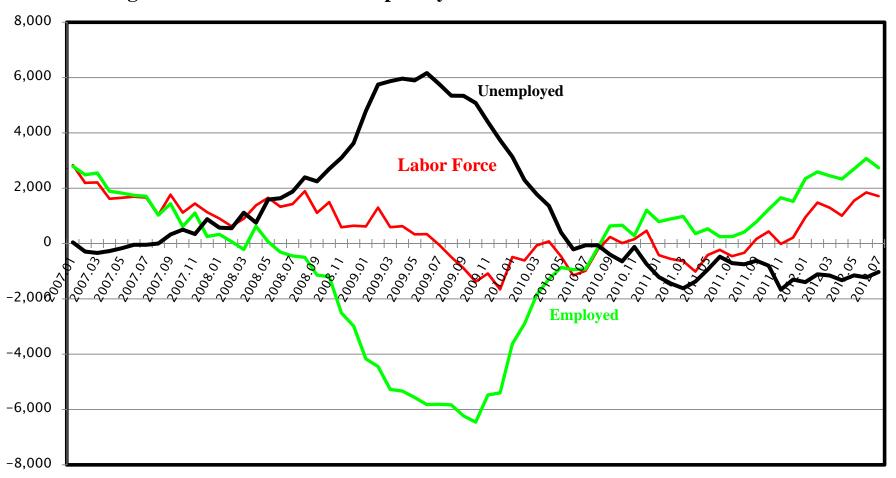
## Hawaii labor force and employment





In the United States, labor force started to increase in later 2011, and in July 2012 reached a peak level ever, however, employment was still about 5 million behind the peak level of 2007

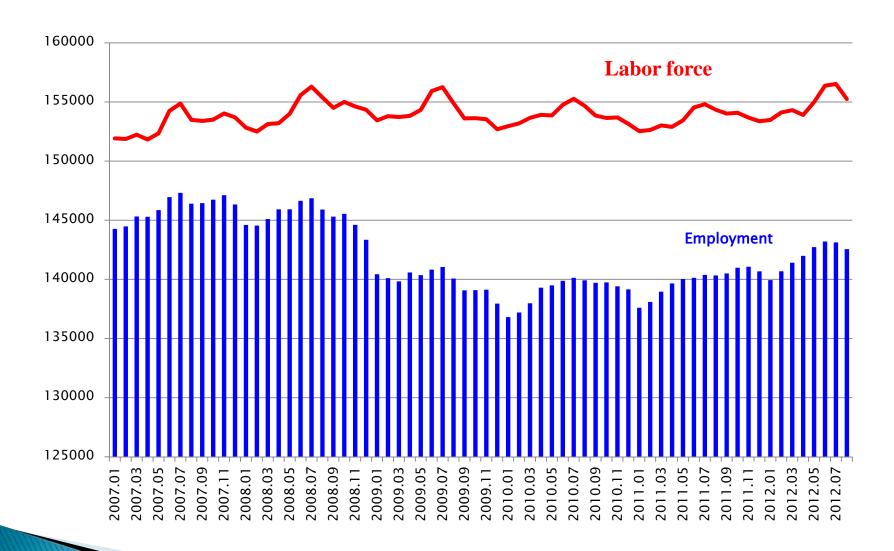
#### Changes from the same month in prior year



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics
Updated thru July 2012



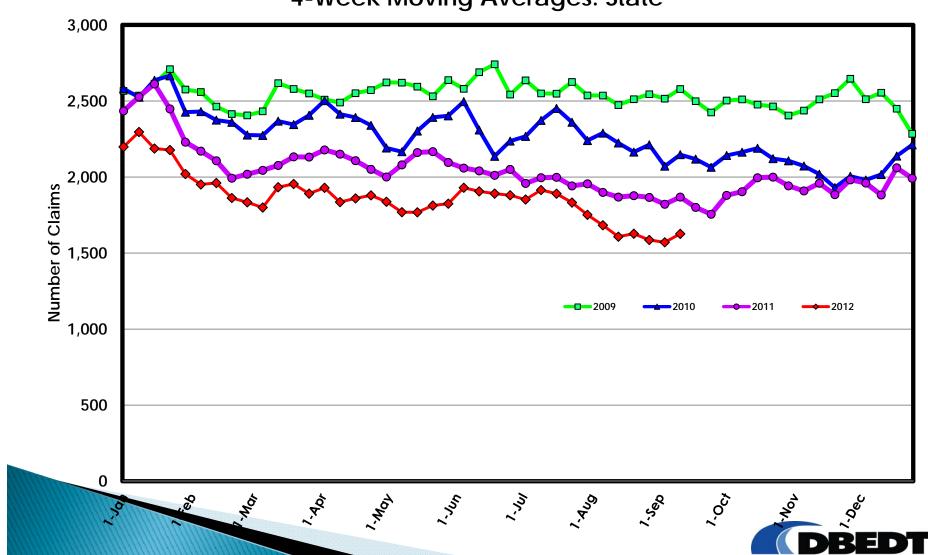
## U.S. Labor force and employment





Initial unemployment claims have been declining since the beginning of 2010 and continues to decline in 2011 and the first 8 months of 2012



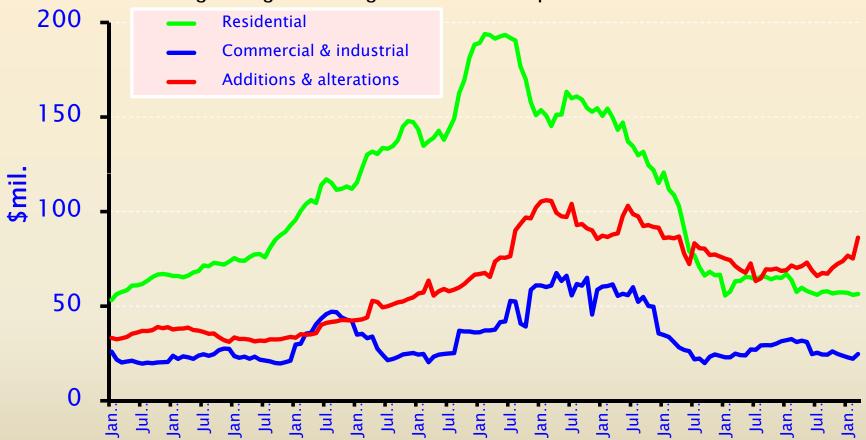


## Construction



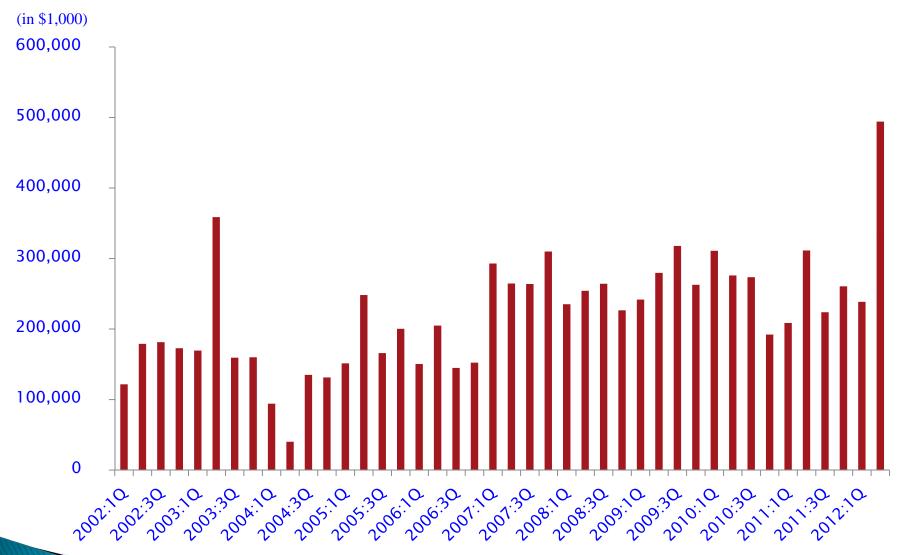
The values of private building permits are still low but has signs of recovery, especially additions and alterations (+88.1%), commercial & industrial increased (+27.9%) during 1Q of 2012

12-Month Moving Average of Building Authorization Components\*



<sup>\*</sup> Additions and Alterations and Commercial & Industrial data do not include Kauai. All data through March 2012 Source: County building departments.

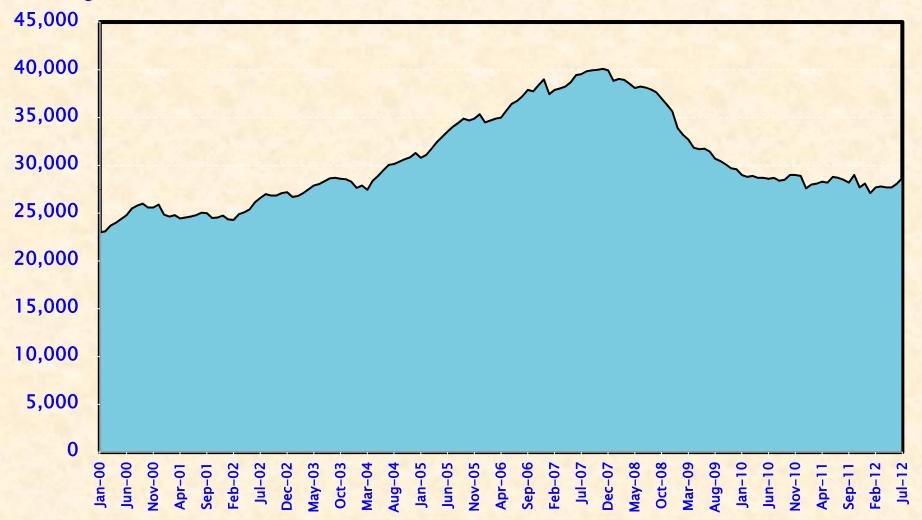
## State Government CIP spending has been at over \$1B level per year in the last 5 years, 2Q 2012 increased 58.7%



Source: Hawaii State Department of Accounting and General Services

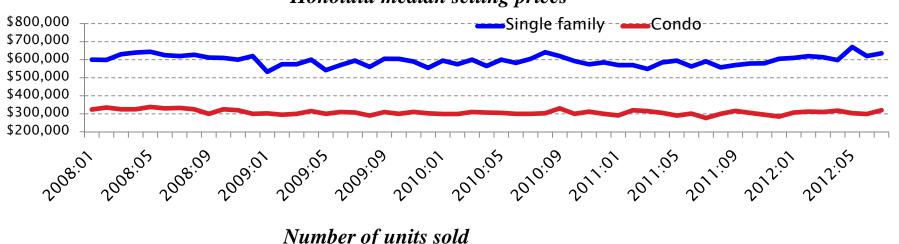


Construction sector had been losing jobs for 4 years, but July 2012 totaled 28,700 jobs, equaling July 2011 and the highest in 2012 YTD.



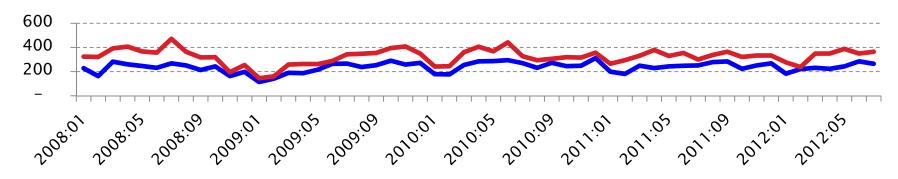
## Honolulu housing prices have been stable even during the great recession





#### Number of units sold



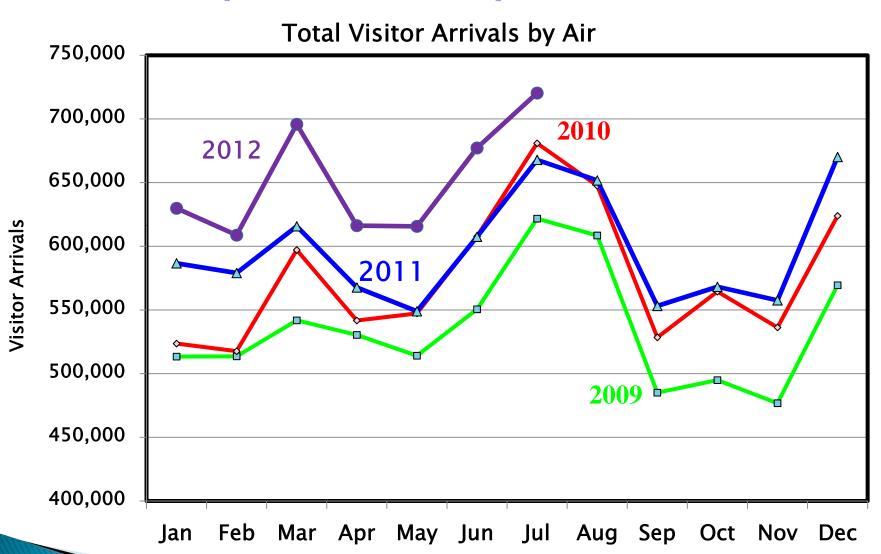


Source: Honolulu Board of Realtors

# **Tourism**



## Monthly Visitor Arrivals by Air 2009 to 2012

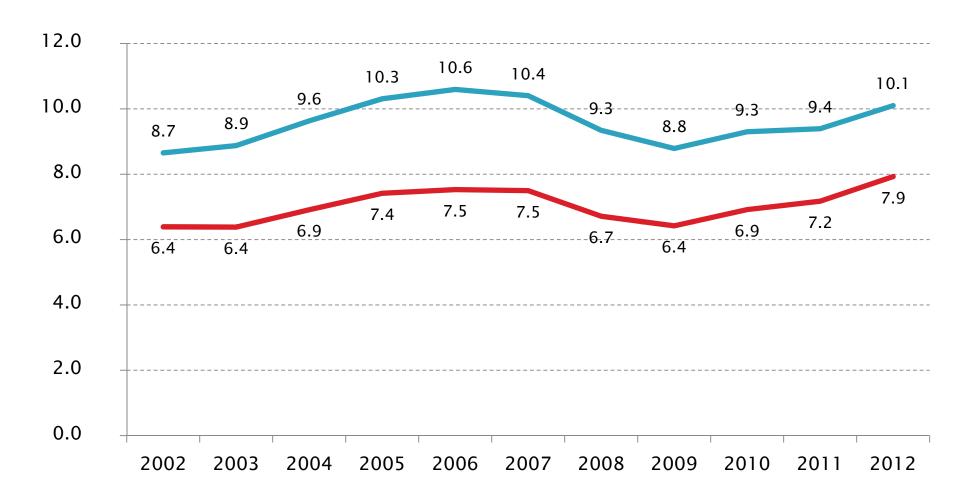


Through July 2012

Source: Hawai'i Tourism Authority, DBEDT



## Air seats, passengers, and visitors: 2002-2012

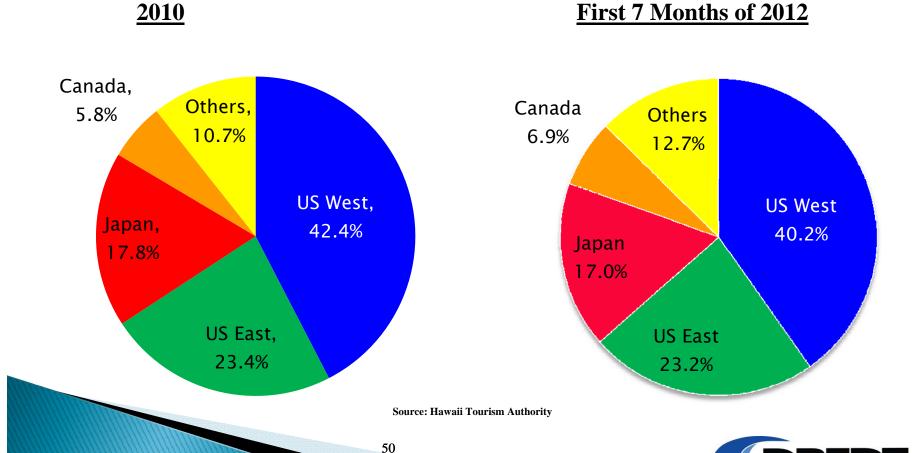




### **Visitor Activity**

For the First 7 Months of 2012, 63.4% of Hawaii Visitors Were From the U.S. with Japanese Visitors Accounting for 17.0%

- ➤ Visitors from Canada and other markets are increasing
- ➤ Visa waivers for Taiwanese to start in 2<sup>nd</sup> half of 2012



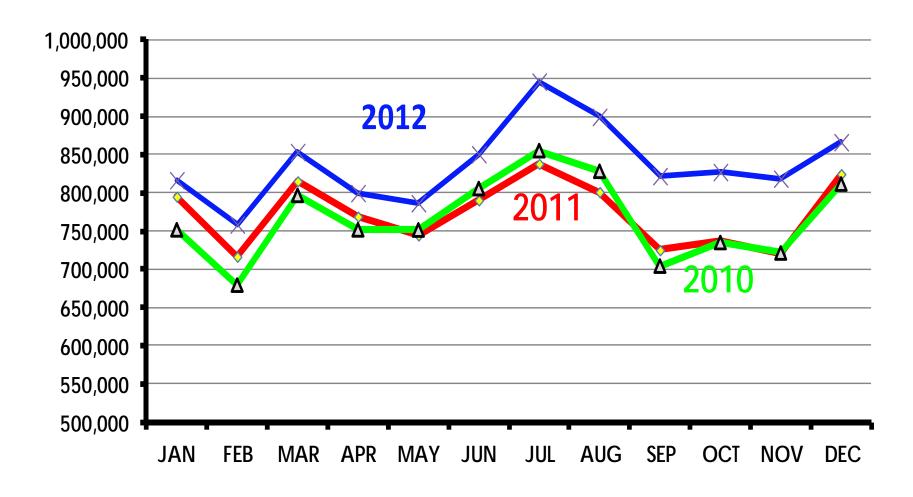
## **Visitor statistics**

#### First 7 Months of 2012

#### International Visitors Accounted For 43.4% of Total Visitor Spending

Market	Arrivals	Length of Stay (Days)	Daily Spending (\$)	Total Expenditure (\$M)
U.S. West	1,836,130	9.67	148.4	2,634.2
U.S. East	1,060,684	10.61	187.5	2,110.0
Japan	775,240	6.00	302.9	1,408.5
Canada	312,936	13.25	153.6	636.8
Other	578,913	10.50	260.8	1,585.6

#### Scheduled airseats are expected to increase 8.3% in 2012



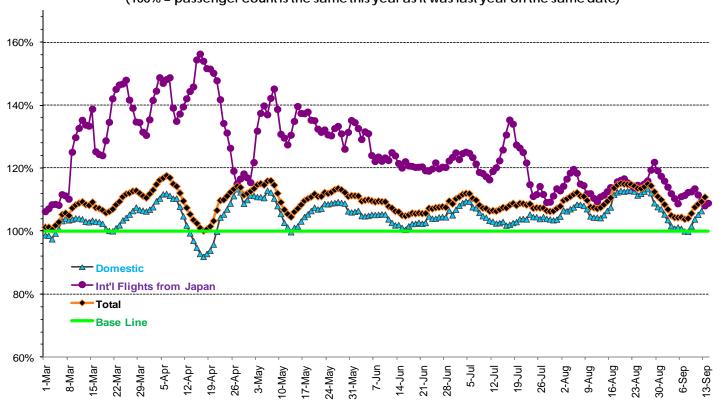




## **Daily Passenger Counts**

Japanese passenger counts have been recovered to the pre-earth quake level of 4,000 passengers/day since August 2011 and increased 18.8% through mid-september 2012

7-Day Moving Average Ratio
(100% = passenger count is the same this year as it was last year on the same date)

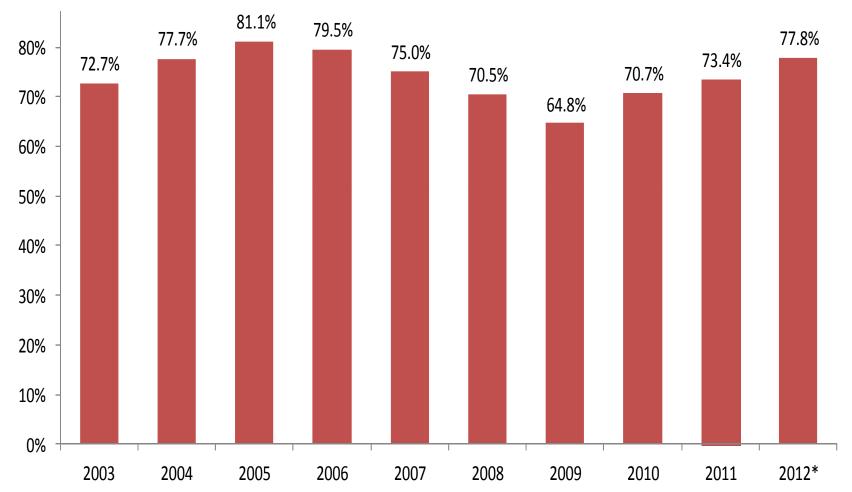


Note: Includes all direct out-of-state flights to the islands, excludes inter-island flights. Source: Department of Business, Economic Development & Tourism



## **Hotel Occupancy Rate**

Occupancy in the first 7 months of 2012 was approaching the peak level of 2005



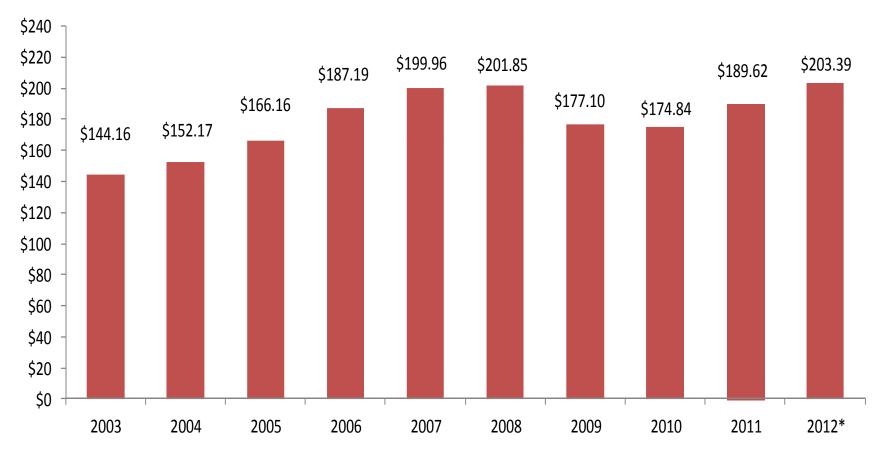
\*first quarter

Source: Smith F. vel Research, Hospitality Advisors LLC



#### Average daily room rate

Average hotel room rate have created a new record level in the first 7 months of 2012

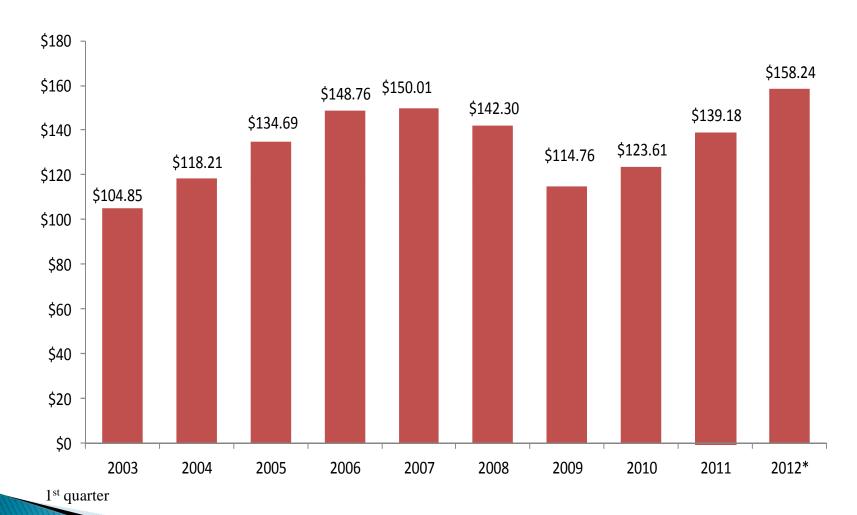






## **Average Room Revenue**

Revenue per available room was at the new peak level during the 1st 7 months of 2012



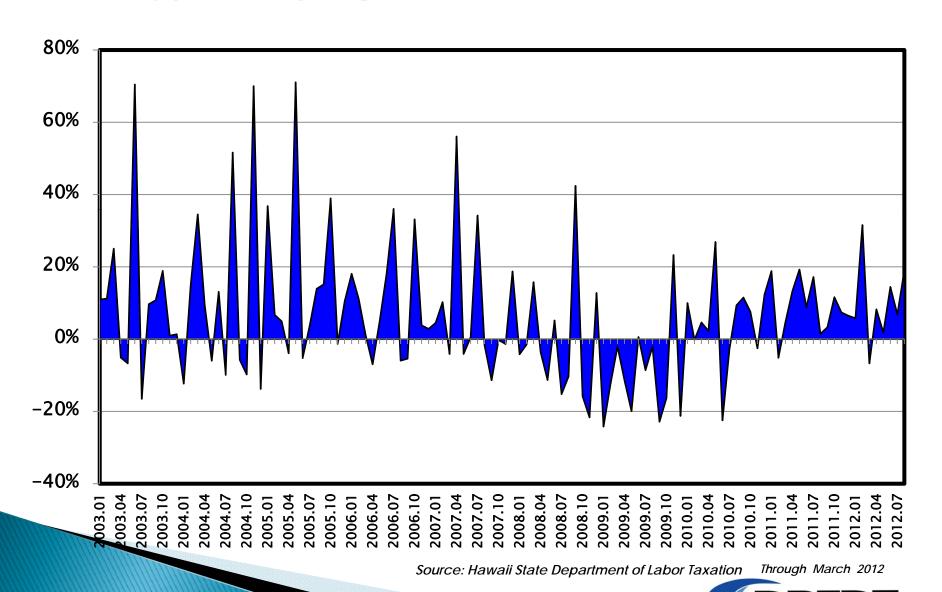


## **Tax Revenues**

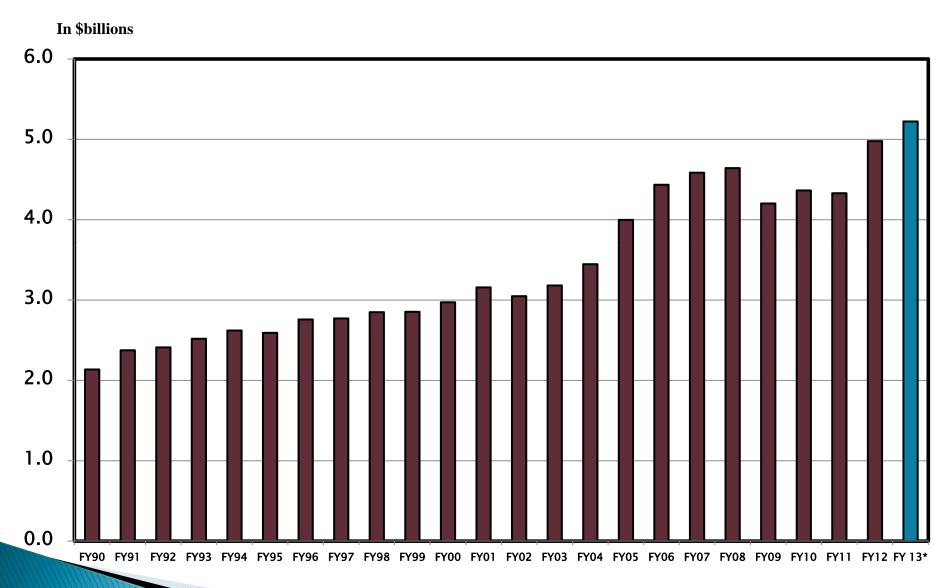


#### General excise tax revenues continue to rise

Monthly year-over-year growth rate



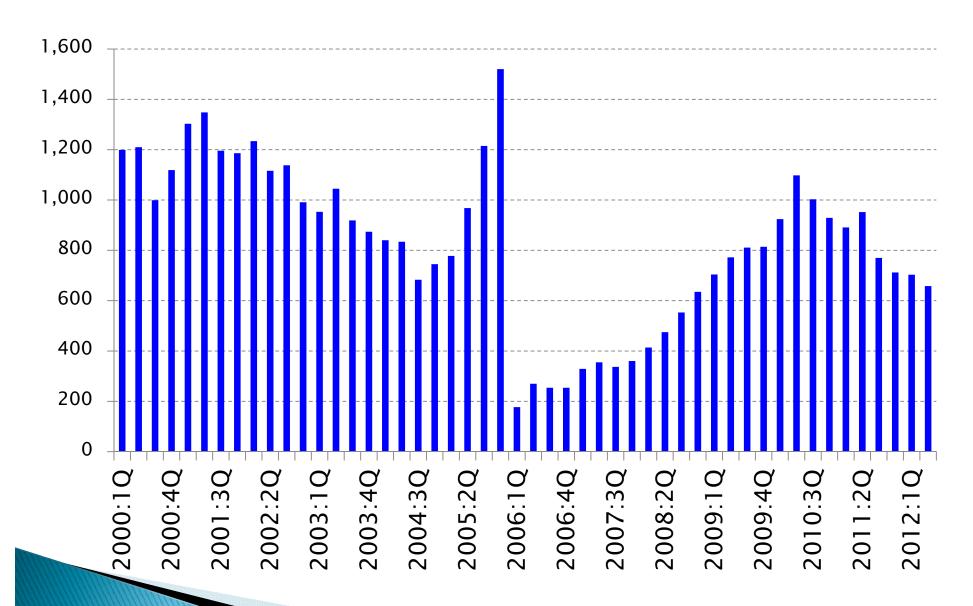
#### General fund tax revenue: FY 1990 to FY 2013



COR Forecast of 12% growth on September 6, 2012



#### Hawaii bankruptcy filings has been declining since the 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter of 2010





## **Summary**

- Most of the economic indicators show that Hawaii's economy is on a normal growth path – though unemployment rate is still high
- Visitor industry performed strong in 2011 despite the earthquake in Japan and the economic uncertainties in the world; this sector will make another record year in 2012
- Labor market will continue to improve in 2012
- Construction industry shows signs of recovery, government construction will play an important role in the sector
- Personal income will continue to grow at a rate similar to the national average
- Hawaii's economic growth will grow at the similar rate as the nation in 2012 and the unemployment rate will still be better than the nation



# Mahalo

