



**[B19119. MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS \(IN 2006 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS\) BY FAMILY SIZE - Universe: FAMILIES](#)**

Data Set: [2006 American Community Survey](#)

Survey: 2006 American Community Survey

NOTE: For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see [Survey Methodology](#).

	Hawaii		Hawaii County, Hawaii		Honolulu County, Hawaii		Maui County, Hawaii	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	70,277	+/-1,454	61,211	+/-2,513	73,457	+/-3,140	70,069	+/-5,763
2-person families	58,555	+/-2,449	51,388	+/-6,842	59,945	+/-2,822	66,122	+/-8,655
3-person families	69,572	+/-3,314	60,744	+/-7,630	76,326	+/-5,219	65,316	+/-13,573
4-person families	84,472	+/-2,905	79,255	+/-6,488	89,001	+/-4,147	75,009	+/-13,871
5-person families	76,928	+/-6,707	53,470	+/-15,389	84,689	+/-6,559	60,027	+/-29,974
6-person families	79,865	+/-14,140	102,009	+/-76,666	82,645	+/-14,725	58,636	+/-52,444
7-or-more-person families	113,855	+/-12,578	100,207	+/-45,733	113,963	+/-13,617	125,125	+/-18,254

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2006 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2006 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2005 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas, in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

**Explanation of Symbols:**

1. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

**Standard Error/Variance documentation for this dataset:**

[2006 Accuracy of the Data](#)