Selected Social Characteristics in the United States: 2005-200!
Data Set: 2005-2009 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates
Survey: American Community Survey
Geographic Area: Keaukaha Hawaiian Home Land, $\vdash$
NOTE. Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Populatio Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties
For more information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.


| Selected Social Characteristics in the United States | Estimate | Margin of <br> Error (+l-) | Percent | Margin of <br> Error (+I-) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Per 1,000 women 20 to 34 years old | 108 | 99 | (X) | (X) |
| Per 1,000 women 35 to 50 years old | 0 | 211 | (X) | (X) |
| GRANDPARENTS |  |  |  |  |
| Number of grandparents living with own grandchildren under 18 years | 144 | 60 | 144 | (X) |
| Responsible for grandchildren | 88 | 51 | 61.1\% | 20.3 |
| Years responsible for grandchildren |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 1 year | 14 | 16 | 9.7\% | 9.9 |
| 1 or 2 years | 20 | 29 | 13.9\% | 17.6 |
| 3 or 4 years | 0 | 119 | 0.0\% | 20 |
| 5 or more years | 54 | 43 | 37.5\% | 24.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of grandparents responsible for own grandchildren under 18 years | 88 | 51 | 88 | (X) |
| Who are female | 48 | 27 | 54.5\% | 11.6 |
| Who are married | 72 | 51 | 81.8\% | 19 |
| SCHOOL ENROLLMENT |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Population 3 years and over enrolled in school | 471 | 136 | 471 | (X) |
| Nursery school, preschool | 15 | 15 | 3.2\% | 3.1 |
| Kindergarten | 2 | 4 | 0.4\% | 0.9 |
| Elementary school (grades 1-8) | 180 | 75 | 38.2\% | 11.8 |
| High school (grades 9-12) | 192 | 100 | 40.8\% | 14 |
| College or graduate school | 82 | 42 | 17.4\% | 9.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT |  |  |  |  |
| Population 25 years and over | 830 | 139 | 830 | (X) |
| Less than 9th grade | 6 | 7 | 0.7\% | 0.9 |
| 9th to 12th grade, no diploma | 72 | 38 | 8.7\% | 4.4 |
| High school graduate (includes equivalency) | 349 | 91 | 42.0\% | 7.4 |
| Some college, no degree | 215 | 58 | 25.9\% | 5.7 |
| Associate's degree | 118 | 45 | 14.2\% | 4.9 |
| Bachelor's degree | 57 | 30 | 6.9\% | 3.4 |
| Graduate or professional degree | 13 | 18 | 1.6\% | 2.1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent high school graduate or higher | 90.6\% | 4.5 | (X) | (X) |
| Percent bachelor's degree or higher | 8.4\% | 3.6 | (X) | (X) |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| VETERAN STATUS |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian population 18 years and over | 972 | 158 | 972 | (X) |
| Civilian veterans | 126 | 47 | 13.0\% | 4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| DISABILITY STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION |  |  |  |  |
| Total Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population | (X) | ( X ) | (X) | (X) |
| With a disability | (X) | (X) | (X) | (X) |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 18 years | (X) | (X) | (X) | (X) |
| With a disability | (X) | (X) | (X) | (X) |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 to 64 years | (X) | (X) | (X) | (X) |
| With a disability | (X) | (X) | (X) | (X) |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 65 years and over | (X) | ( X ) | (X) | (X) |
| With a disability | (X) | (X) | (X) | (X) |
| RESIDENCE 1 YEAR AGO |  |  |  |  |
| Population 1 year and over | 1,377 | 248 | 1,377 | (X) |
| Same house | 1,184 | 233 | 86.0\% | 5.6 |
| Different house in the U.S. | 193 | 82 | 14.0\% | 5.6 |
| Same county | 157 | 74 | 11.4\% | 5.1 |
| Different county | 36 | 24 | 2.6\% | 1.7 |



| Selected Social Characteristics in the United States | Estimate | Margin of Error (+l-) | Percent | Margin of Error (+l-) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| French (except Basque) | 0 | 119 | 0.0\% | 2.3 |
| French Canadian | 0 | 119 | 0.0\% | 2.3 |
| German | 16 | 17 | 1.1\% | 1.2 |
| Greek | 0 | 119 | 0.0\% | 2.3 |
| Hungarian | 6 | 9 | 0.4\% | 0.6 |
| Irish | 33 | 28 | 2.4\% | 1.9 |
| Italian | 10 | 15 | 0.7\% | 1.1 |
| Lithuanian | 0 | 119 | 0.0\% | 2.3 |
| Norwegian | 0 | 119 | 0.0\% | 2.3 |
| Polish | 6 | 8 | 0.4\% | 0.6 |
| Portuguese | 115 | 61 | 8.3\% | 4 |
| Russian | 3 | 5 | 0.2\% | 0.4 |
| Scotch-Irish | 4 | 5 | 0.3\% | 0.4 |
| Scottish | 0 | 119 | 0.0\% | 2.3 |
| Slovak | 0 | 119 | 0.0\% | 2.3 |
| Subsaharan African | 0 | 119 | 0.0\% | 2.3 |
| Swedish | 15 | 18 | 1.1\% | 1.3 |
| Swiss | 0 | 119 | 0.0\% | 2.3 |
| Ukrainian | 0 | 119 | 0.0\% | 2.3 |
| Welsh | 2 | 5 | 0.1\% | 0.4 |
| West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups) | 0 | 119 | 0.0\% | 2.3 |


| Selected Social Characteristics in the United States | Estimate | Margin of <br> Error $(+l-)$ | Percent | Margin of <br> Error ( $+/-)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-2009 American Community Survey
Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

## Notes:

-Ancestry listed in this table refers to the total number of people who responded with a particular ancestry; for example, the estimate given for Russian represents the number of people who listed Russian as either their first or second ancestry. This table lists only the largest ancestry groups; see the Detailed Tables for more categories. Race and Hispanic origin groups are not included in this table because official data for those groups come from the Race and Hispanic origin questions rather than the ancestry question (see Demographic Table).
-The Census Bureau introduced a new set of disability questions in the 2008 ACS questionnaire. Because of contextual differences between the 2008-2009 disability data and disability data collected in prior years, the Census Bureau is unable to combine the 5 years of disability data in order to produce the multiyear estimate that would appear in this table. Multi-year estimates of disability status will become available once five consecutive years of data are collected. For more information about the differences between the 2008 and prior years' disability questions, see Review of Changes to the Measurement of Disability in the 2008 ACS.
-Data for year of entry of the native population reflect the year of entry into the U.S. by people who were born in Puerto Rico, U.S. Island Areas or born outside the U.S. to a U.S. citizen parent and who subsequently moved to the U.S.
-While the 2005-2009 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2008 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.
-Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

## Explanation of Symbols:

1. An ${ }^{\text {'**' }}$ entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a stande error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An ' + ' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An ${ }^{1 * * * '}$ entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An ${ }^{~}{ }^{* * * * * '}$ entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An ' $N$ ' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005-200؟
Data Set: 2005-2009 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates
Survey: American Community Survey
Geographic Area: Keaukaha Hawaiian Home Land, 1
NOTE. Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Populatio Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties
For more information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.


| Selected Economic Characteristics | Estimate | Margin of <br> Error (+l-) | Percent | Margin of <br> Error (+l-) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Transportation and warehousing, and utilities | 72 | 38 | 12.0\% | 5.3 |
| Information | 6 | 6 | 1.0\% | 1.1 |
| Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing | 3 | 5 | 0.5\% | 0.8 |
| Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services | 51 | 26 | 8.5\% | 3.7 |
| Educational services, and health care and social assistance | 176 | 51 | 29.3\% | 6.5 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services | 56 | 34 | 9.3\% | 5.3 |
| Other services, except public administration | 26 | 22 | 4.3\% | 3.4 |
| Public administration | 57 | 42 | 9.5\% | 6.7 |
| CLASS OF WORKER |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian employed population 16 years and over | 601 | 126 | 601 | (X) |
| Private wage and salary workers | 388 | 98 | 64.6\% | 8 |
| Government workers | 173 | 54 | 28.8\% | 7.2 |
| Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers | 40 | 23 | 6.7\% | 3.5 |
| Unpaid family workers | 0 | 119 | 0.0\% | 5.3 |
| INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2009 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS) |  |  |  |  |
| Total households | 401 | 65 | 401 | (X) |
| Less than \$10,000 | 21 | 17 | 5.2\% | 4.4 |
| \$10,000 to \$14,999 | 25 | 18 | 6.2\% | 4.4 |
| \$15,000 to \$24,999 | 50 | 27 | 12.5\% | 6.4 |
| \$25,000 to \$34,999 | 31 | 21 | 7.7\% | 4.9 |
| \$35,000 to \$49,999 | 78 | 40 | 19.5\% | 9.1 |
| \$50,000 to \$74,999 | 75 | 33 | 18.7\% | 7.8 |
| \$75,000 to \$99,999 | 61 | 33 | 15.2\% | 8.1 |
| \$100,000 to \$149,999 | 46 | 25 | 11.5\% | 5.8 |
| \$150,000 to \$199,999 | 6 | 10 | 1.5\% | 2.4 |
| \$200,000 or more | 8 | 11 | 2.0\% | 2.7 |
| Median household income (dollars) | 48,594 | 19,849 | (X) | (X) |
| Mean household income (dollars) | 58,824 | 7,777 | (X) | (X) |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| With earnings | 357 | 66 | 89.0\% | 5.8 |
| Mean earnings (dollars) | 52,144 | 8,174 | (X) | (X) |
| With Social Security | 153 | 48 | 38.2\% | 9.8 |
| Mean Social Security income (dollars) | 13,625 | 2,027 | (X) | (X) |
| With retirement income | 98 | 37 | 24.4\% | 7.7 |
| Mean retirement income (dollars) | 15,146 | 4,892 | (X) | (X) |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| With Supplemental Security Income | 27 | 21 | 6.7\% | 5 |
| Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) | 7,089 | 1,105 | (X) | (X) |
| With cash public assistance income | 59 | 33 | 14.7\% | 8.2 |
| Mean cash public assistance income (dollars) | 5,110 | 1,472 | (X) | (X) |
| With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months | 93 | 39 | 23.2\% | 8.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Families | 331 | 60 | 331 | (X) |
| Less than \$ 10,000 | 11 | 14 | 3.3\% | 4.3 |
| \$10,000 to \$14,999 | 16 | 16 | 4.8\% | 4.6 |
| \$15,000 to \$24,999 | 25 | 19 | 7.6\% | 5.6 |
| \$25,000 to \$34,999 | 28 | 18 | 8.5\% | 5 |
| \$35,000 to \$49,999 | 73 | 39 | 22.1\% | 10.4 |
| \$50,000 to \$74,999 | 60 | 28 | 18.1\% | 8.1 |
| \$75,000 to \$99,999 | 58 | 34 | 17.5\% | 9.7 |
| \$100,000 to \$149,999 | 52 | 27 | 15.7\% | 7.5 |
| \$150,000 to \$199,999 | 5 | 8 | 1.5\% | 2.5 |
| \$200,000 or more | 3 | 6 | 0.9\% | 1.8 |
| Median family income (dollars) | 59,583 | 15,102 | (X) | (X) |
| Mean family income (dollars) | 64,072 | 8,676 | (X) | (X) |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Per capita income (dollars) | 16,832 | 2,134 | (X) | (X) |


| Selected Economic Characteristics | Estimate | Margin of Error (+l-) | Percent | Margin of Error (+l-) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nonfamily households | 70 | 30 | 70 | (X) |
| Median nonfamily income (dollars) | 21,538 | 3,092 | (X) | (X) |
| Mean nonfamily income (dollars) | 30,590 | 10,082 | (X) | (X) |
| Median earnings for workers (dollars) | 23,670 | 3,588 | (X) | (X) |
| Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars) | 40,720 | 2,623 | (X) | (X) |
| Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars) | 34,213 | 3,276 | (X) | (X) |
| HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population | (X) | (X) | (X) | (X) |
| With health insurance coverage | (X) | (X) | (X) | (X) |
| With private health insurance coverage | (X) | (X) | (X) | (X) |
| With public health coverage | (X) | (X) | (X) | (X) |
| No health insurance coverage | (X) | (X) | (X) | (X) |
| Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population Under 18 years | (X) | (X) | (X) | (X) |
| No health insurance coverage | (X) | (X) | (X) | (X) |
| PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS <br> IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL |  |  |  |  |
| All families | 15.1\% | 8 | (X) | (X) |
| With related children under 18 years | 15.0\% | 11.5 | (X) | (X) |
| With related children under 5 years only | 0.0\% | 69.9 | (X) | (X) |
| Married couple families | 16.4\% | 10.3 | (X) | (X) |
| With related children under 18 years | 20.0\% | 15.3 | (X) | (X) |
| With related children under 5 years only | 0.0\% | 76.6 | (X) | (X) |
| Families with female householder, no husband present | 15.7\% | 16.3 | (X) | (X) |
| With related children under 18 years | 0.0\% | 52.4 | (X) | (X) |
| With related children under 5 years only | 0.0\% | 100 | (X) | (X) |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| All people | 19.8\% | 9 | (X) | (X) |
| Under 18 years | 24.9\% | 15.9 | (X) | (X) |
| Related children under 18 years | 20.9\% | 15.9 | (X) | (X) |
| Related children under 5 years | 33.3\% | 25.5 | (X) | (X) |
| Related children 5 to 17 years | 18.3\% | 14.2 | (X) | (X) |
| 18 years and over | 17.8\% | 7.3 | (X) | (X) |
| 18 to 64 years | 18.4\% | 7.9 | (X) | (X) |
| 65 years and over | 13.7\% | 12.1 | (X) | (X) |
| People in families | 16.5\% | 9.4 | (X) | (X) |
| Unrelated individuals 15 years and over | 46.1\% | 18.8 | (X) | (X) |


| Selected Economic Characteristics | Estimate | Margin of <br> Error $(+l-)$ | Percent | Margin of <br> Error ( $+/-)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-2009 American Community Survey
Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes:
-Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to Labor Force Guidance.

Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

- Occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on Standard Occupational Classification 2000.
-Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2002 and 2007. The 2005, 2006 and 2007 ACS data are coded using NAICS 2002 while the 2008 and 2009 ACS data use NAICS 2007 codes. Categories that differ between 2002 and 2007 NAICS are aggregated so that the 5 years of data are consistent in display and reflect the NAICS 2007 codes. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.
-Selected earnings and income data are not available for certain geographic areas due to problems with group quarters data collection and imputation. See the ACS User Notes for details.
-Logical coverage edits applying a rules-based assignment of Medicaid, Medicare and military health coverage were added in 2009 -- please see http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/publications/coverage_edits_final.pdf for more details.
-While the 2005-2009 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2008 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.
-Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

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4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An ${ }^{1 * * * 1}$ entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An ${ }^{1 * * * * * ' ~ e n t r y ~ i n ~ t h e ~ m a r g i n ~ o f ~ e r r o r ~ c o l u m n ~ i n d i c a t e s ~ t h a t ~ t h e ~ e s t i m a t e ~ i s ~ c o n t r o l l e d . ~ A ~ s t a t i s t i c a l ~ t e s t ~ f o r ~ s a m p l i n g ~ v a r i a b i l i t y ~ i s ~ n o t ~ a p p r o p r i a t e . ~}$
7. An ' $N$ ' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Selected Housing Characteristics: 2005-200
Data Set: 2005-2009 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates
Survey: American Community Survey
Geographic Area: Keaukaha Hawaiian Home Land, ㄱ
NOTE. Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Populatio Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties
For more information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.




| Selected Housing Characteristics | Estimate | Margin of Error (+l-) | Percent | Margin of Error (+l-) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Median (dollars) | 950 | 526 | (X) | (X) |
| No rent paid | 0 | 119 | (X) | (X) |
| GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME (GRAPI) |  |  |  |  |
| Occupied units paying rent (excluding units where GRAPI cannot be computed) | 23 | 24 | 23 | (X) |
| Less than 15.0 percent | 3 | 5 | 13.0\% | 23.3 |
| 15.0 to 19.9 percent | 0 | 119 | 0.0\% | 61.8 |
| 20.0 to 24.9 percent | 7 | 14 | 30.4\% | 45.8 |
| 25.0 to 29.9 percent | 0 | 119 | 0.0\% | 61.8 |
| 30.0 to 34.9 percent | 0 | 119 | 0.0\% | 61.8 |
| 35.0 percent or more | 13 | 18 | 56.5\% | 49.1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Not computed | 0 | 119 | (X) | (X) |


| Selected Housing Characteristics | Estimate | Margin of <br> Error $(+l-)$ | Percent | Margin of <br> Error ( $+/-)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-2009 American Community Survey
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Notes:
-Caution should be used when comparing data for Number of Rooms between 2008 and 2009. A data collection error was identified for 2008 impacting the "1 room" category. For more information please see Errata Note \#54.

Caution should be used when comparing data for Number of Bedrooms between 2008 and 2009. A data collection error was identified for 2008 impacting the " 0 bedrooms" category. For more information please see Errata Note \#54.
-The 2005-2009 plumbing data for Puerto Rico will not be shown. Research indicates that the questions on plumbing facilities that were introduced in 2008 in the stateside American Community Survey and the 2008 Puerto Rico Community Survey may not have been appropriate for Puerto Rico.
-Caution should be used when comparing data for Telephone Service Availability between 2008 and 2009. A data collection error was identified for 2008 impacting the "no" category and underreporting those who did not have telephone service available. For more information please see Errata Note \#53.
-Caution should be used when comparing data for Occupants per Room between 2008 and 2009. A data collection error was identified for 2008 impacting the
"1 room" category. For more information please see Errata Note \#54.

- In prior years, the universe included all owner-occupied units with a mortgage. It is now restricted to include only those units where SMOCAPI is computed, that is, SMOC and household income are valid values.
-In prior years, the universe included all owner-occupied units without a mortgage. It is now restricted to include only those units where SMOCAPI is computed, that is, SMOC and household income are valid values.
-In prior years, the universe included all renter-occupied units. It is now restricted to include only those units where GRAPI is computed, that is, gross rent an household Income are valid values.
-The median gross rent excludes no cash renters.
-While the 2005-2009 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2008 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.
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Explanation of Symbols:

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6. An ${ }^{1 * * * * * ' ~ e n t r y ~ i n ~ t h e ~ m a r g i n ~ o f ~ e r r o r ~ c o l u m n ~ i n d i c a t e s ~ t h a t ~ t h e ~ e s t i m a t e ~ i s ~ c o n t r o l l e d . ~ A ~ s t a t i s t i c a l ~ t e s t ~ f o r ~ s a m p l i n g ~ v a r i a b i l i t y ~ i s ~ n o t ~ a p p r o p r i a t e . ~}$
7. An ' $N$ ' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

ACS Demographic and Housing Estimates: 2005-200
Data Set: 2005-2009 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates
Survey: American Community Survey
Geographic Area: Keaukaha Hawaiian Home Land, $\vdash$
NOTE. Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Populatio Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties
For more information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.

| ACS Demographic and Housing Estimates | Estimate | Margin of <br> Error (+l-) | Percent | Margin of Error (+/-) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SEX AND AGE |  |  |  |  |
| Total population | 1,392 | 249 | 1,392 | (X) |
| Male | 679 | 152 | 48.8\% | 4.6 |
| Female | 713 | 126 | 51.2\% | 4.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 5 years | 68 | 40 | 4.9\% | 2.6 |
| 5 to 9 years | 111 | 54 | 8.0\% | 3.3 |
| 10 to 14 years | 120 | 39 | 8.6\% | 2.2 |
| 15 to 19 years | 145 | 79 | 10.4\% | 4.6 |
| 20 to 24 years | 118 | 47 | 8.5\% | 3.2 |
| 25 to 34 years | 131 | 46 | 9.4\% | 3.4 |
| 35 to 44 years | 147 | 71 | 10.6\% | 4.4 |
| 45 to 54 years | 203 | 66 | 14.6\% | 4.2 |
| 55 to 59 years | 139 | 52 | 10.0\% | 3.6 |
| 60 to 64 years | 86 | 34 | 6.2\% | 2.3 |
| 65 to 74 years | 66 | 33 | 4.7\% | 2.4 |
| 75 to 84 years | 54 | 26 | 3.9\% | 1.9 |
| 85 years and over | 4 | 6 | 0.3\% | 0.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Median age (years) | 35.8 | 8.1 | (X) | (X) |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 years and over | 977 | 159 | 70.2\% | 6.2 |
| 21 years and over | 921 | 148 | 66.2\% | 6.5 |
| 62 years and over | 157 | 45 | 11.3\% | 3.4 |
| 65 years and over | 124 | 41 | 8.9\% | 3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 years and over | 977 | 159 | 977 | (X) |
| Male | 479 | 94 | 49.0\% | 4.2 |
| Female | 498 | 85 | 51.0\% | 4.2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 65 years and over | 124 | 41 | 124 | (X) |
| Male | 56 | 24 | 45.2\% | 11.9 |
| Female | 68 | 27 | 54.8\% | 11.9 |
| RACE |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population | 1,392 | 249 | 1,392 | (X) |
| One race | 891 | 198 | 64.0\% | 10.3 |
| Two or more races | 501 | 182 | 36.0\% | 10.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| One race | 891 | 198 | 64.0\% | 10.3 |
| White | 127 | 52 | 9.1\% | 3.6 |
| Black or African American | 12 | 22 | 0.9\% | 1.4 |
| American Indian and Alaska Native | 0 | 119 | 0.0\% | 2.3 |
| Cherokee tribal grouping | 0 | 119 | 0.0\% | 2.3 |
| Chippewa tribal grouping | 0 | 119 | 0.0\% | 2.3 |
| Navajo tribal grouping | 0 | 119 | 0.0\% | 2.3 |
| Sioux tribal grouping | 0 | 119 | 0.0\% | 2.3 |
| Asian | 53 | 34 | 3.8\% | 2.5 |
| Asian Indian | 0 | 119 | 0.0\% | 2.3 |
| Chinese | 0 | 119 | 0.0\% | 2.3 |



| ACS Demographic and Housing Estimates | Estimate | Margin of <br> Error $(+l-)$ | Percent | Margin of <br> Error ( $+/-)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-2009 American Community Survey
Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes:
-For more information on understanding race and Hispanic origin data, please see the Census 2000 Brief entitled, Overview of Race and Hispanic Origin, issued March 2001. (pdf format)
-The ACS questions on Hispanic origin and race were revised in 2008 to make them consistent with the Census 2010 question wording. Any changes in estimates for 2008 and beyond may be due to demographic changes, as well as factors including questionnaire changes, differences in ACS population controls, and methodological differences in the population estimates, and therefore should be used with caution. For a summary of questionnaire changes see http://www.census.gov/acs/www/methodology/questionnaire_changes/. For more information about changes in the estimates see http://www.census.gov/population/www/socdemo/hispanic/reports.html.
-While the 2005-2009 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2008 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.
-Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a stande error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An ' + ' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An ${ }^{1 * * * \prime}$ entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An ${ }^{1 * * * * * ' ~ e n t r y ~ i n ~ t h e ~ m a r g i n ~ o f ~ e r r o r ~ c o l u m n ~ i n d i c a t e s ~ t h a t ~ t h e ~ e s t i m a t e ~ i s ~ c o n t r o l l e d . ~ A ~ s t a t i s t i c a l ~ t e s t ~ f o r ~ s a m p l i n g ~ v a r i a b i l i t y ~ i s ~ n o t ~ a p p r o p r i a t e . ~}$
7. An ' $N$ ' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.
