

ARIZON
NEW MEXICO

OKLAHOMA

ARKANSAS

TENNESSEE

NORTH CAROLINA

SOUTH CAROLINA

R0201

PERCENT OF THE TOTAL POPULATION WHO ARE WHITE ALONE - United States -- States; and Puerto Rico

Universe: Total population

2011 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Geography: United States

Rank	Geographical Area	Percent	Margin of Error
	United States	74.1	+/-0.1
1	Maine	95.2	+/-0.1
1	Vermont	95.2	+/-0.2
3	New Hampshire	94.1	+/-0.2
4	West Virginia	93.9	+/-0.1
5	Idaho	92.5	+/-0.4
6	Iowa	91.5	+/-0.2
7	Wyoming	90.7	+/-0.5
8	North Dakota	89.8	+/-0.2
9	Montana	89.3	+/-0.2
10	Utah	88.3	+/-0.4
11	Nebraska	88.2	+/-0.3
12	Kentucky	87.8	+/-0.1
13	Wisconsin	87.2	+/-0.1
14	South Dakota	85.9	+/-0.3
15	Minnesota	85.7	+/-0.1
16	Kansas	85.1	+/-0.2
17	Oregon	84.7	+/-0.3
18	Indiana	84.6	+/-0.1
19	Colorado	84.4	+/-0.3
20	Missouri	83.0	+/-0.1
21	Ohio	82.9	+/-0.1
22	Pennsylvania	82.3	+/-0.1
23	Rhode Island	81.7	+/-0.6
24	Massachusetts	80.5	+/-0.2
25	Arizona	79.3	+/-0.4
25	Michigan	79.3	+/-0.1
27	Washington	78.4	+/-0.2
28	Arkansas	78.2	+/-0.3
29	Tennessee	77.9	+/-0.1
30	Connecticut	77.8	+/-0.3
31	Florida	76.3	+/-0.2
32	Texas	74.6	+/-0.2
33	Oklahoma	73.6	+/-0.2
34	Illinois	72.5	+/-0.2
35	New Mexico	71.7	+/-0.7

Rank	Geographical Area	Percent	Margin of Error
36	Nevada	71.5	+/-0.6
37	Delaware	70.2	+/-0.5
38	North Carolina	70.1	+/-0.2
39	Virginia	69.4	+/-0.2
40	New Jersey	69.2	+/-0.2
41	Alabama	69.1	+/-0.2
42	South Carolina	67.0	+/-0.2
43	Alaska	66.8	+/-0.4
44	New York	65.3	+/-0.2
45	California	62.9	+/-0.2
46	Louisiana	62.8	+/-0.1
47	Georgia	60.7	+/-0.2
48	Mississippi	59.4	+/-0.2
49	Maryland	58.6	+/-0.2
50	District of Columbia	39.9	+/-0.6
51	Hawaii	25.0	+/-0.3
	Puerto Rico	68.5	+/-0.6

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2011 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2011 American Community Survey

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.