

S1501

EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

2011 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Subject	Hawaii					
•	Total Male				Female	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	
Population 18 to 24 years	130,941	+/-1,368	70,974	+/-782	59,967	
_ess than high school graduate	10.1%	+/-1.6	11.0%	+/-2.2	9.0%	
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	38.1%	+/-2.3	43.6%	+/-3.2	31.6%	
Some college or associate's degree	44.3%	+/-2.4	40.1%	+/-3.1	49.3%	
Bachelor's degree or higher	7.5%	+/-1.2	5.3%	+/-1.5	10.1%	
Population 25 years and over	939,512	+/-1,375	462,509	+/-1,232	477,003	
_ess than 9th grade	4.4%	+/-0.3	3.7%	+/-0.5	5.0%	
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	5.0%	+/-0.4	5.2%	+/-0.5	4.9%	
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	28.5%	+/-0.7	29.5%	+/-0.9	27.5%	
Some college, no degree	23.0%	+/-0.7	23.6%	+/-0.9	22.5%	
Associate's degree	10.0%	+/-0.5	10.0%	+/-0.7	10.1%	
Bachelor's degree	19.2%	+/-0.7	18.3%	+/-1.0	20.0%	
Graduate or professional degree	9.9%	+/-0.4	9.8%	+/-0.7	10.0%	
Percent high school graduate or higher	90.6%	+/-0.5	91.1%	+/-0.7	90.1%	
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	29.1%	+/-0.9	28.1%	+/-1.2	30.1%	
Population 25 to 34 years	192,625	+/-2,002	100,023	+/-1,503	92,60	
High school graduate or higher	94.3%	+/-1.0	93.2%	+/-1.6	95.5%	
Bachelor's degree or higher	28.6%	+/-1.8	23.0%	+/-2.4	34.6%	
Population 35 to 44 years	176,023	+/-1,511	89,280	+/-983	86,74	
High school graduate or higher	94.6%	+/-0.9	94.1%	+/-1.2	95.0%	
Bachelor's degree or higher	29.4%	+/-1.8	25.7%	+/-2.4	33.1%	
Population 45 to 64 years	367,395	+/-1,764	183,074	+/-1,033	184,32	
High school graduate or higher	92.1%	+/-0.7	92.1%	+/-1.0	92.19	
Bachelor's degree or higher	31.3%	+/-1.1	30.7%	+/-1.4	31.9%	
Population 65 years and over	203,469	+/-861	90,132	+/-536	113,33	
High school graduate or higher	80.9%	+/-1.3	83.8%	+/-1.8	78.6%	
Bachelor's degree or higher	25.3%	+/-1.4	30.7%	+/-2.2	21.0%	
POVERTY RATE FOR THE POPULATION 25 YEARS AND OVER FOR WHOM POVERTY STATUS IS DETERMINED BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT						
Less than high school graduate	20.3%	+/-2.5	19.7%	+/-4.0	20.9%	
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	12.6%	+/-1.5	11.9%	+/-1.8	13.4%	
Some college or associate's degree	8.9%	+/-0.9	7.2%	+/-1.1	10.6%	
Bachelor's degree or higher	4.7%	+/-0.7	3.9%	+/-1.0	5.4%	
MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2011 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)						
Population 25 years and over with earnings	35,763	+/-493	40,994	+/-678	31,06	

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Subject		Hawaii					
	To	Total		Male			
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate		
Less than high school graduate	21,880	+/-1,235	26,559	+/-2,663	18,183		
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	29,958	+/-1,131	32,409	+/-1,992	25,187		
Some college or associate's degree	35,088	+/-1,198	41,426	+/-844	27,482		
Bachelor's degree	44,453	+/-2,544	47,488	+/-2,854	40,988		
Graduate or professional degree	56,555	+/-2,474	67,230	+/-5,504	49,912		
PERCENT IMPUTED							
Educational attainment	5.8%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)		

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Subject	Hawaii	
,	Female	
	Margin of Error	
Population 18 to 24 years	+/-1,067	
Less than high school graduate	+/-2.0	
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	+/-3.4	
Some college or associate's degree	+/-3.6	
Bachelor's degree or higher	+/-2.0	
Population 25 years and over	+/-1,168	
Less than 9th grade	+/-0.4	
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	+/-0.5	
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	+/-1.0	
Some college, no degree	+/-1.0	
Associate's degree	+/-0.7	
Bachelor's degree	+/-0.8	
Graduate or professional degree	+/-0.6	
Percent high school graduate or higher	+/-0.7	
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	+/-1.0	
Population 25 to 34 years	+/-1,437	
High school graduate or higher	+/-1.1	
Bachelor's degree or higher	+/-2.4	
Population 35 to 44 years	+/-1,056	
High school graduate or higher	+/-1.2	
Bachelor's degree or higher	+/-2.4	
Population 45 to 64 years	+/-1,374	
High school graduate or higher	+/-1.0	
Bachelor's degree or higher	+/-1.4	
Population 65 years and over	+/-560	
High school graduate or higher	+/-1.6	
Bachelor's degree or higher	+/-1.6	
POVERTY RATE FOR THE POPULATION 25 YEARS AND OVER FOR WHOM POVERTY STATUS IS DETERMINED BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT		
Less than high school graduate	+/-3.2	
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	+/-1.7	
Some college or associate's degree	+/-1.3	
Bachelor's degree or higher	+/-1.0	
MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2011 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS) Population 25 years and over with earnings	./504	
Less than high school graduate	+/-504	
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	+/-2,121	
Some college or associate's degree	+/-1,496	
	+/-2,582	
Bachelor's degree	+/-1,088	
Graduate or professional degree PERCENT IMPUTED	+/-1,685	
	0.0	
Educational attainment	(X)	

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2011 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

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Explanation of Symbols:

- 1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
 - 3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
 - 4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
 - 6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
- 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
 - 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.