



S2409

CLASS OF WORKER BY SEX AND MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2011 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS) FOR THE FULL-TIME, YEAR-ROUND CIVILIAN EMPLOYED POPULATION 16 YEARS AND OVER

2011 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Subject	Hawaii				
	Total		Male		Female
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate
Full-time, year-round civilian employed population 16 years and over	436,825	+/-8,914	54.8%	+/-0.8	45.2%
Private for-profit wage and salary workers	275,059	+/-7,919	56.1%	+/-1.3	43.9%
Employee of private company workers	258,631	+/-7,932	55.4%	+/-1.4	44.6%
Self-employed in own incorporated business workers	16,428	+/-2,321	67.4%	+/-5.3	32.6%
Private not-for-profit wage and salary workers	32,962	+/-2,879	38.3%	+/-4.3	61.7%
Local government workers	19,848	+/-2,480	62.0%	+/-6.3	38.0%
State government workers	48,234	+/-2,868	38.7%	+/-3.5	61.3%
Federal government workers	38,578	+/-3,126	69.2%	+/-3.6	30.8%
Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers and unpaid family workers	22,144	+/-2,463	65.6%	+/-4.7	34.4%
PERCENT IMPUTED					
Class of worker	6.4%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)

Subject	Hawaii				
	Female	Median earnings (dollars)		Median earnings (dollars) for male	
	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Full-time, year-round civilian employed population 16 years and over	+/-0.8	41,514	+/-527	46,232	+/-1,171
Private for-profit wage and salary workers	+/-1.3	39,211	+/-1,591	42,470	+/-1,796
Employee of private company workers	+/-1.4	38,227	+/-1,589	42,062	+/-1,071
Self-employed in own incorporated business workers	+/-5.3	51,695	+/-10,260	61,387	+/-10,729
Private not-for-profit wage and salary workers	+/-4.3	41,507	+/-1,372	44,906	+/-6,283
Local government workers	+/-6.3	51,751	+/-3,706	55,360	+/-5,453
State government workers	+/-3.5	47,085	+/-1,440	48,034	+/-3,742
Federal government workers	+/-3.6	56,209	+/-4,290	61,104	+/-1,182
Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers and unpaid family workers	+/-4.7	33,823	+/-4,979	38,002	+/-3,706
PERCENT IMPUTED					
Class of worker	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)

Subject	Hawaii	
	Median earnings (dollars) for female	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Full-time, year-round civilian employed population 16 years and over	37,346	+/-760
Private for-profit wage and salary workers	34,436	+/-1,602
Employee of private company workers	33,823	+/-1,748
Self-employed in own incorporated business workers	42,286	+/-3,338
Private not-for-profit wage and salary workers	40,682	+/-1,867
Local government workers	45,403	+/-8,099
State government workers	46,255	+/-2,774
Federal government workers	47,506	+/-6,851
Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers and unpaid family workers	22,325	+/-10,430
PERCENT IMPUTED		
Class of worker	(X)	(X)

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The Class of Worker status "unpaid family workers" may have earnings. Earnings reflect any earnings from all jobs held during the 12 months prior to the ACS interview. The Class of Worker status reflects the job or business held the week prior to the ACS interview, or the last job held by the respondent.

While the 2011 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2011 American Community Survey

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.