



R0504

PERCENT OF FOREIGN-BORN PEOPLE BORN IN LATIN AMERICA - United States -- States; and Puerto Rico
 Universe: Foreign-born population
 2012 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

To view this table with statistical significance, select With Statistical Significance in the Action menu.
 An # next to a geography indicates when an estimate is not statistically significant from the estimate for the selected geography.
 The ## indicates the selected geography.

Rank	Geographical Area	Percent	Margin of Error
	United States	52.2	+/-0.1
1	New Mexico	76.8	+/-1.9
2	Florida	74.8	+/-0.4
3	Texas	71.5	+/-0.4
4	Arizona	65.1	+/-0.9
5	Arkansas	64.2	+/-1.9
6	Idaho	59.6	+/-2.9
6	Utah	59.6	+/-1.9
8	Oklahoma	59.1	+/-1.3
9	Nevada	58.2	+/-1.1
10	Nebraska	56.5	+/-2.4
11	North Carolina	56.3	+/-1.1
12	Kansas	55.3	+/-1.5
13	Louisiana	54.5	+/-2.0
13	South Carolina	54.5	+/-1.7
15	Colorado	53.6	+/-1.3
16	Wyoming	53.5	+/-6.0
17	California	52.9	+/-0.2
18	Georgia	52.5	+/-1.0
19	Alabama	50.8	+/-1.9
20	New York	50.0	+/-0.3
21	Mississippi	49.4	+/-3.7
22	Tennessee	46.9	+/-1.4
23	Illinois	46.5	+/-0.5
24	Indiana	46.4	+/-1.5
25	New Jersey	45.7	+/-0.6
26	Oregon	45.5	+/-1.5
27	District of Columbia	44.7	+/-3.2
28	Rhode Island	43.4	+/-2.1
29	Delaware	43.2	+/-3.5
30	Wisconsin	41.6	+/-1.5
31	Kentucky	40.9	+/-2.9
32	Maryland	40.1	+/-0.9

Rank	Geographical Area	Percent	Margin of Error
33	Connecticut	39.9	+/-1.3
34	Iowa	39.1	+/-2.2
35	Massachusetts	35.6	+/-0.9
36	Virginia	35.1	+/-0.8
37	Washington	31.3	+/-0.8
38	Pennsylvania	29.9	+/-1.2
39	Missouri	28.4	+/-1.9
40	South Dakota	26.7	+/-4.6
41	Minnesota	26.1	+/-1.1
42	West Virginia	23.5	+/-4.3
43	Ohio	19.8	+/-1.1
44	Michigan	19.4	+/-0.9
45	New Hampshire	18.8	+/-2.9
46	Alaska	17.0	+/-3.0
47	North Dakota	15.8	+/-3.9
48	Montana	15.6	+/-4.0
49	Vermont	9.9	+/-2.2
50	Maine	8.5	+/-2.1
51	Hawaii	4.8	+/-0.9
	Puerto Rico	92.5	+/-1.7

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

U.S. citizens born in Latin America are excluded.

While the 2012 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2012 American Community Survey

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.