

ARIZON  
NEW MEXICO

OKLAHOMA

ARKANSAS

TENNESSEE

NORTH CAROLINA

SOUTH CAROLINA

R1001

**PERCENT OF GRANDPARENTS RESPONSIBLE FOR THEIR GRANDCHILDREN - United States -- States; and Puerto Rico**  
 Universe: Grandparents living with own grandchildren under 18 years  
 2012 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

To view this table with statistical significance, select With Statistical Significance in the Action menu.

An # next to a geography indicates when an estimate is not statistically significant from the estimate for the selected geography.  
 The ## indicates the selected geography.

Rank	Geographical Area	Percent	Margin of Error
	United States	38.8	+/-0.4
1	Alabama	58.3	+/-2.2
2	Louisiana	56.9	+/-2.5
3	West Virginia	56.6	+/-4.4
4	Mississippi	56.0	+/-3.1
5	Arkansas	55.8	+/-3.3
6	Kentucky	55.3	+/-2.6
7	Montana	55.0	+/-6.6
8	New Mexico	53.2	+/-4.0
9	Oklahoma	53.0	+/-2.3
10	Tennessee	50.7	+/-2.4
11	North Carolina	50.1	+/-2.2
12	Wyoming	49.3	+/-8.4
13	North Dakota	49.1	+/-9.2
14	South Carolina	48.6	+/-2.9
15	Ohio	48.3	+/-2.0
16	Kansas	48.2	+/-4.0
17	South Dakota	47.3	+/-7.8
18	Georgia	46.9	+/-1.9
18	Nebraska	46.9	+/-4.8
20	Alaska	45.9	+/-6.0
21	Vermont	45.0	+/-8.5
22	Indiana	44.9	+/-2.8
23	Texas	42.9	+/-1.3
24	Idaho	42.7	+/-5.5
25	Maine	42.5	+/-6.0
26	Iowa	42.4	+/-4.0
27	Michigan	41.3	+/-1.8
28	Arizona	41.2	+/-2.6
29	Missouri	41.1	+/-2.2
30	Colorado	40.5	+/-3.1
31	Delaware	38.4	+/-6.1
31	Oregon	38.4	+/-3.6

Rank	Geographical Area	Percent	Margin of Error
33	Wisconsin	38.3	+/-2.6
34	Pennsylvania	37.8	+/-1.6
35	Virginia	37.6	+/-2.2
36	Nevada	35.7	+/-3.5
37	Illinois	35.5	+/-1.7
38	Florida	34.9	+/-1.3
39	Maryland	34.5	+/-2.6
40	Rhode Island	34.2	+/-6.1
41	Washington	33.7	+/-2.5
42	New Hampshire	33.6	+/-5.5
43	Minnesota	33.2	+/-2.8
44	Utah	33.0	+/-3.5
45	Connecticut	31.5	+/-3.5
46	New York	30.0	+/-1.3
47	Massachusetts	29.7	+/-2.7
48	District of Columbia	28.6	+/-9.0
49	Hawaii	27.7	+/-3.3
50	California	26.5	+/-0.7
51	New Jersey	26.3	+/-1.7
	Puerto Rico	46.0	+/-2.6

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2012 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2012 American Community Survey

#### Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.