The Importance of Census and the Practice of Complete Count Committee of Other States

Eugene Tian, Chair Department of Business, Economic Development & Tourism

2020 Census Hawaii Government Complete Count Committee May 14, 2019



Why do we take the Census?

- The census is a snapshot of our nation it tells us who we are and how we've changed over time.
- It counts everyone in the right place 50 states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. Territories.
- Includes people of all ages, races and ethnic groups, both citizens and non-citizens.



Why is the Census important?

Census affects funding

The federal government allocates more than \$675 billion to the states based on census data.

Census helps make informed community decisions

Data about changes in the community are crucial to government decision makers for infrastructure planning and construction such as road, schools, satellite offices.

Census affects economic development

Census data help businesses identify the location of their businesses — activities that often lead to new jobs.





Why is the Census important? – cont.

Census affects representation

Data are used to determine how many seats each state will have in the U.S. House of Representatives. In addition, census data are used to define legislature districts, school district, neighborhood areas, and other important functional areas of government.

• Census data are the base for other 138 surveys by the Census Bureau, including ACS and CPS



Where are we in 2010?

Hawaii population in 2010 = 1,360,301 US population in 2010 =308,746,065 Hawaii population share in 2010 =0.44% Hawaii population ranking in 2010 =40



Federal Funding Allocation

Total federal funding based on population = **\$883 billion in FY16**

- Hawaii received = \$3.6 billion
- Federal money to Hawaii per person = **\$2,578**

For each percent undercount in population

Hawaii would lose \$37 million a year for 10 years



Allocation of Funds from 55 Large Federal Spending Programs Guided by Data Derived from the 2010 Census (Fiscal Year 2016), Hawaii Total Program Obligations: \$3,682,543,845

| Program | Dept. | Obligations |
|---|-------|-----------------|
| Financial Assistance Programs | | \$3,512,607,820 |
| Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid) | HHS | \$1,496,967,000 |
| Federal Direct Student Loans | ED | \$209,651,526 |
| Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program | USDA | \$484,225,008 |
| Medicare Suppl. Medical Insurance (Part B) | HHS | \$153,385,285 |
| Highway Planning and Construction | DOT | \$82,140,212 |
| Federal Pell Grant Program | ED | \$70,400,000 |
| Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers | HUD | \$120,946,000 |
| Temporary Assistance for Needy Families | HHS | \$108,618,111 |
| Very Low to Moderate Income Housing Loans | USDA | \$182,283,030 |
| Title I Grants to LEAs | ED | \$49,903,423 |
| State Children's Health Insurance Program | HHS | \$46,343,000 |
| National School Lunch Program | USDA | \$45,191,000 |
| Special Education Grants | ED | \$40,732,093 |
| Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments Program | HUD | \$36,197,540 |
| Federal Transit Formula Grants | DOT | \$6,521,000 |
| Head Start | HHS | \$29,896,148 |
| WIC | USDA | \$32,427,000 |
| Title IV-E Foster Care | HHS | \$21,586,644 |
| Health Care Centers | HHS | \$30,146,449 |

Shape your future START HERE > United States 2020



Prepared by Andrew Reamer, the George Washington Institute of Public Policy, the George Washington University

Allocation of Funds from 55 Large Federal Spending Programs Guided by Data Derived from the 2010 Census (Fiscal Year 2016) -Cont.

| Program | Dept. | Obligations |
|---|----------------|--|
| Financial Assistance Programs –Cont. | | \$3,512,607,820 |
| School Breakfast Program | USDA | \$11,598,000 |
| Rural Electrification Loans and Loan Guarantees | USDA | \$0 |
| Public and Indian Housing | HUD | \$24,041,000 |
| Low Income Home Energy Assistance | HHS | \$5,488,162 |
| Child and Adult Care Food Program | USDA | \$7,103,000 |
| Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to the States | ED | \$13,379,742 |
| Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds | HHS | \$12,159,000 |
| Unemployment Insurance Administration | DOL | \$15,864,000 |
| Federal Transit - Capital Investment Grants | DOT | \$1,744,000 |
| Child Care and Development Block Grant | HHS | \$9,869,000 |
| Adoption Assistance | HHS | \$14,755,187 |
| Community Facilities Loans/Grants | USDA | \$25,028,486 |
| Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants | ED | \$10,640,020 |
| Crime Victim Assistance | DOJ | \$10,147,586 |
| CDBG Entitlement Grants | HUD | \$12,205,032 |
| Public Housing Capital Fund | HUD | \$9,202,000 |
| Block Grants for the Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse | HHS | \$8,469,866 |
| Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities | USDA | \$16,022,232 |
| Social Services Block Grant | HHS | \$7,014,384 |
| ed by Andrew Reamer, the George Washington Institute of Public Policy, the George Washing | ton University | your future START HERE > Census 2020 |

ID):⊀∃

Prepared by Andrew Reamer, the George Washington Institute of Public Policy, the George Washington University

Allocation of Funds from 55 Large Federal Spending Programs Guided by Data Derived from the 2010 Census (Fiscal Year 2016) -Cont.

| Program | Dept. | Obligations |
|---|-------|-----------------|
| Financial Assistance Programs –Cont. | | \$3,512,607,820 |
| Rural Rental Assistance Payments | USDA | \$10,974,656 |
| Business and Industry Loans | USDA | \$6,486,000 |
| Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States | ED | \$5,496,906 |
| Homeland Security Grant Program | DHS | \$3,734,500 |
| WIOA Dislocated Worker Grants | DOL | \$1,934,001 |
| HOME | HUD | \$3,016,838 |
| State CDBG | HUD | \$0 |
| WIOA Youth Activities | DOL | \$2,139,306 |
| WIOA Adult Activities | DOL | \$2,046,448 |
| Employment Service/Wagner-Peyser | DOL | \$2,625,025 |
| Community Services Block Grant | HHS | \$3,756,915 |
| Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C, Nutrition Services | HHS | \$3,348,608 |
| Cooperative Extension Service | USDA | \$1,782,215 |
| Native Amer. Employment & Training | DOL | \$2,975,236 |
| Federal Tax Expenditures | | \$49,337,931 |
| Low Income Housing Tax Credit | Treas | \$38,341,477 |
| New Markets Tax Credit | Treas | \$10,996,454 |
| Federal Procurement Programs | | \$120,598,094 |
| HUBZones Program | SBA | \$120,598,094 |





Prepared by Andrew Reamer, the George Washington Institute of Public Policy, the George Washington University

| 2000 Census Tract | 2000 Census Tract Name | 2010 Response Rate | 2020 Target_Variance |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| | Honolulu County | 75% | 1% |
| 66 | Kahauiki | 16% | -58% |
| 62.02 | Kuhio Park Terrace | 37% | -37% |
| 95.05 | Beaver Road | 44% | -30% |
| 63.02 | Kalena Drive | 45% | -29% |
| 86.10 | Ko Olina-Campbell Industrial Park | 45% | -29% |
| 19.01 | Waikiki Beach | 46% | -28% |
| 101 | Waimea-Kahuku | 46% | -28% |
| 102.01 | Hauula-Kaaawa | 46% | -28% |
| 85 | Barbers Point | 49% | -25% |
| 102.02 | Laie | 52% | -22% |
| 98.01 | Makaha | 53% | -21% |
| 18.01 | Koa Avenue | 55% | -19% |
| 89.14 | Punawai | 55% | -19% |
| 95.02 | Menoher Street | 55% | -19% |
| 54 | Mayor Wright Housing | 57% | -17% |
| 95.03 | Foote Avenue | 57% | -17% |
| 71 | Ohana Nui | 58% | -16% |
| 20.01 | Seaside Avenue | 59% | -15% |
| 87.03 | Waipahu Intermediate School | 59% | -15% |
| 95.01 | Kolekole Avenue | 59% | -15% |
| 98.02 | Makaha Valley-Makua | 59% | -15% |
| 100 | Haleiwa-Kawailoa | 60% | -14% |
| 17 | Kapiolani Park | 61% | -13% |
| 57 | Iwilei-Anuenue | 61% | -13% |
| 67.02 | Moanalua | 61% | -13% |
| 97.01 | Waianae Kai | 61% | -13% |
| 108.02 | Mokapu-East | 61% | -13% your future Census |



| 2000 Census Tract | 2000 Census Tract Name | 2010 Response Rate | 2020 Target_Variance |
|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| | Honolulu County –Cont. | 75% | 1% |
| 19.02 | Ena Road | 62% | -12% |
| 37 | Ala Moana | 62% | -12% |
| 62.01 | Kam IV | 62% | -12% |
| 20.02 | Olohana Street | 63% | -11% |
| 60 | Kalihi Kai | 63% | -11% |
| 18.02 | Jefferson School | 64% | -10% |
| 64.01 | Ulana Street | 64% | -10% |
| 75.06 | Red Hill (Navy) Housing | 64% | -10% |
| 11 | Central Palolo | 65% | -9% |
| 73 | Hickam | 65% | -9% |
| 82 | Waipio Peninsula | 65% | -9% |
| 87.02 | St. Joseph School | 65% | -9% |
| 96.04 | Niulii Reservoir | 65% | -9% |
| 97.02 | Lualualei Homesteads | 65% | -9% |
| 93 | Wahiawa-Waena | 66% | -8% |
| 94 | Wahiawa-Makai | 66% | -8% |
| 96.01 | Nanakuli-Lualualei | 66% | -8% |
| 96.03 | Maili | 66% | -8% |
| 40 | Central Business District | 67% | -7% |
| 86.09 | Ko Olina Expansion | 67% | -7% |
| 112.02 | Lanikai | 67% | -7% |
| 55 | Palama | 68% | -6% |
| 64.02 | Kamanaiki | 68% | -6% |
| 89.12 | August Ahrens School | 68% | -6% |
| 27.01 | University | 69% | -5% |
| 59 | Mokauea | 69% | -5% |
| 61 | Kalihi Waena | 69% | -5% |
| | | | your future 2020 START HERE > 2020 |



| 2000 Census Tract | 2000 Census Tract Name | 2010 Response Rate | 2020 Target_Variance |
|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| | Honolulu County –Cont. | 75% | 1% |
| 68.04 | Aliamanu Crater | 69% | -5% |
| 83.01 | Iroquois Point | 69% | -5% |
| 84.04 | Ewa Gentry-West | 69% | -5% |
| 32 | Round Top-Tantalus | 70% | -4% |
| 36.02 | Kaheka Street | 70% | -4% |
| 58 | Waiakamilo | 70% | -4% |
| 63.01 | Kalihi Valley Park | 70% | -4% |
| 91 | Kaukonahua | 70% | -4% |
| 99.02 | Haleiwa | 70% | -4% |
| 49 | Lanakila | 71% | -3% |
| 68.02 | Aliamanu | 71% | -3% |
| 78.07 | Pearl Ridge High Rise | 71% | -3% |
| 99.01 | Waialua-Mokuleia | 71% | -3% |
| 34.06 | H1-Wilder | 72% | -2% |
| 50 | Kuakini | 72% | -2% |
| 65 | Upper Kalihi Valley | 72% | -2% |
| 72 | Airport | 72% | -2% |
| 84.02 | Ewa Beach | 72% | -2% |
| 95.04 | Leilehua Avenue | 72% | -2% |
| 103.03 | Waiahole Forest Reserve | 72% | -2% |
| 15 | Upper Kapahulu | 73% | -1% |
| 22 | Kamoku Street | 73% | -1% |
| 68.09 | Ala Ilima High Rise-Makai | 73% | -1% |
| 70 | Makalapa | 73% | -1% |
| 87.01 | Waipahu Park | 73% | -1% |
| 109.03 | Oneawa-Kawainui | 73% | -1% |
| 109.05 | Ulupaina Street | 73% | -1% |
| | | | START HERE > 2020 |



| 2000 Census Tract | 2000 Census Tract Name | 2010 Response Rate | 2020 Target_Variance |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| | Hawaii County | 56% | -18% |
| 217.01 | Kawaihae-Waikoloa | 36% | -38% |
| 212 | Ka'u | 43% | -31% |
| 213 | South Kona | 44% | -30% |
| 210.02 | Keaau-Volcano | 49% | -25% |
| 211 | Pahoa-Kalapana | 49% | -25% |
| 210.01 | Lower Keaau | 50% | -24% |
| 219 | Honokaa-Kukuihaele | 52% | -22% |
| 215.02 | Hualalai | 53% | -21% |
| 215.01 | Kalaoa | 54% | -20% |
| 221 | North Hilo | 56% | -18% |
| 214 | Kealakekua-Captain Cook | 57% | -17% |
| 218 | North Kohala | 60% | -14% |
| 220 | Paahau-Paauilo | 60% | -14% |
| 201 | Papaikou-Wailea | 61% | -13% |
| 217.02 | Waimea-Puu Anahulu | 61% | -13% |
| 205 | Hilo: University-Houselots | 62% | -12% |
| 215.03 | Kaumalumau-Kealakekua | 64% | -10% |
| 216.02 | Kahului-Kaumalumalu | 65% | -9% |
| 203 | Hilo: Puueo-Downtown | 67% | -7% |
| 216.01 | Kailua | 67% | -7% |
| 206 | Hilo: Keaukaha-Panaewa | 70% | -4% |
| 208.01 | Hilo: Kukuau-Kaumana | 70% | -4% |
| 202 | Hilo: Upper Waiakea Forest Reserve | 72% | -2% |
| 209 | Hilo: Haihai | 73% | -1% |
| 204 | Hilo: Villa Franca-Kaiko'o | 74% | 0% |





....

| 2000 Census Tract | 2000 Census Tract Name | 2010 Response Rate | 2020 Target_Variance |
|-------------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| | Maui County | 51% | -23% |
| 315 | Honokahua | 32% | -42% |
| 303.02 | Wailea | 34% | -40% |
| 318 | West Molokai | 35% | -39% |
| 301 | Hana | 37% | -37% |
| 307.01 | Maalaea | 37% | -37% |
| 307.03 | South Kihei | 38% | -36% |
| 314.01 | Lahaina Town | 49% | -25% |
| 317 | East Molokai | 49% | -25% |
| 302 | Haiku-Pauwela | 51% | -23% |
| 305 | Paia | 52% | -22% |
| 306 | Spreckelsville | 52% | -22% |
| 314.03 | South Lahaina | 52% | -22% |
| 307.02 | North Kihei | 53% | -21% |
| 316 | Lanai | 55% | -19% |
| 312 | Northeast Kahului | 59% | -15% |
| 309.01 | West Central Wailuku | 60% | -14% |
| 314.02 | North Lahaina | 60% | -14% |
| 304.01 | Makawao | 62% | -12% |
| 303.01 | Kula | 63% | -11% |
| 311.02 | Central Kahului | 64% | -10% |
| 304.02 | Pukalani | 65% | -9% |
| 311.01 | West Kahului | 65% | -9% |
| 308 | Waihee-Waikapu | 66% | -8% |
| 311.03 | Southeast Kahului | 70% | -4% |
| 309.03 | North Wailuku | 71% | -3% |
| 309.02 | East Central Wailuku | 73% | -1% |
| 310 | South Wailuku | 73% | -1% |
| | | | START HERE > 2020 |

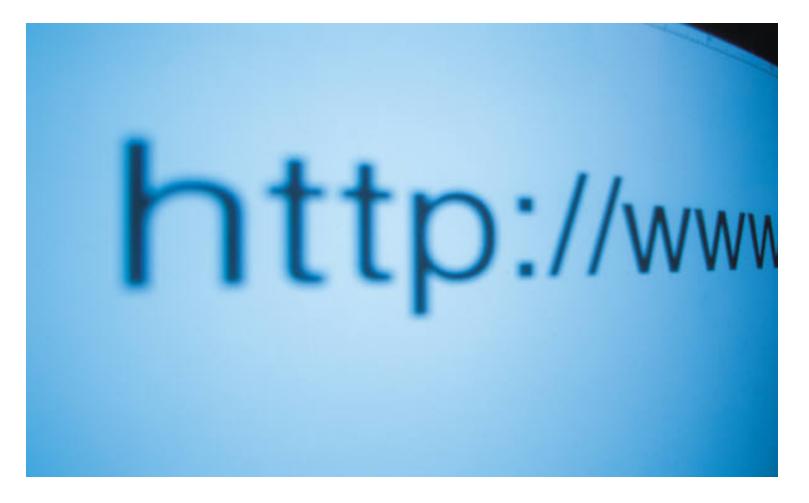


| 2000 Census Tract | 2000 Census Tract Name | 2010 Response Rate | 2020 Target_Variance |
|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| | Kauai County | 54% | -20% |
| 319 | Kalawao County | 0% | -74% |
| 401 | Hanalei | 38% | -36% |
| 406 | Koloa-Poipu | 41% | -33% |
| 402.01 | Kealia-Moloaa | 53% | -21% |
| 403 | Караа | 55% | -19% |
| 408 | Kaumakani-Hanapepe | 57% | -17% |
| 402.02 | Wailua-Kapaa Homesteads | 59% | -15% |
| 409 | Kekaha-Waimea | 59% | -15% |
| 404 | Puhi-Hanamaulu | 64% | -10% |
| 407 | Eleele-Kalaheo | 66% | -8% |
| 405 | Lihue | 77% | 3% |
| 410 | Niihau | 85% | 11% |

| 2000 Census Tract | 2000 Census Tract Name | 2010 Response Rate | 2020 Target_Variance |
|-------------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| 319 | Kalawao County | 0% | -74% |



Selected Website of Other State Government Complete Count Committees







\$100.3 M 84.5 total

States to spend big on census prep

Anticipating a drop in federal funding, states have proposed and enacted millions of dollars to prepare for the 2020 census.

proposed
nacted/enrolled funding

Source: National Conference of State Legislatures Jacob Fischler and Randy Leonard/CQ Roll Call



20.0

15.5

13.0

9.0

6.0

5.5

5.0

3.8

3.5

1.5

1.0

1.0

0.5

04

0.3

0.3

0.2

0.1

California

New York

Washington

New Jersey

Colorado

Maryland

New Mexico

North Carolina

North Dakota

Wisconsin

Michigan

Alaska

Alabama

Oregon

Virginia

Minnesota

Georgia

Arizona

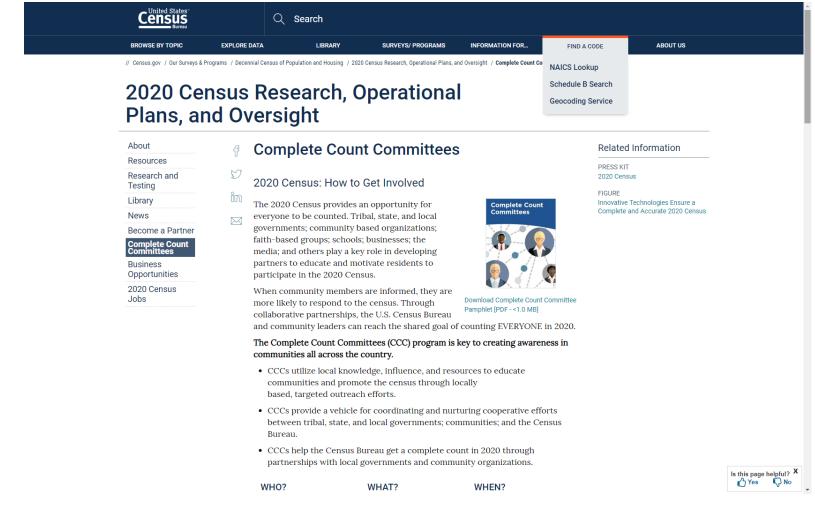
Illinois

Indiana





United State Census Bureau, Census 2020





United States

ensus

Shape

your future

START HERE >

New Hampshire, Complete Count Committee

| | | Strategic Initiatives |
|--|--|---|
| ay, April 22, 2019 | | For My Home For My Business For My Community |
| ome | 2020 Cen | SUS Search this site |
| out OSI | Information an | d events for the upcoming 2020 census to be held on April 1, 2020 |
| ergy Division | _ | |
| nning Division | | is quickly approaching! New Hampshire's participation in the upcoming count of population on April 1, importance to determine the number of seats representing our state in the U.S. House of |
| Planning Programs | Representatives. I | But the Census will also provide our communities with information vital for funding and planning by state nents. A complete count of the population in 2020 is necessary for drawing accurate boundaries for |
| Planning Services | voting and legislat | tive districts, and communities rely on Census Bureau statistics for information to plan new businesses, |
| Planning Resources | | spitals, job training, centers, and senior care needs. |
| ecial Projects | | s Bureau is hiring in New Hampshire! Bureau is actively recruiting for various positions in New Hampshire as part of the lead up to the 2020 |
| ws and Events | Census. At this tin | ne, positions to be filled at the Concord field office, which is expected to open in March 2019, include lager. The Census Bureau is also accepting applications for Partnership Specialists and Census |
| os, Grants, RFP's, and nding Availability | Address Canvass Taker jobs, which | ars across New Hampshire address canvassing will begin in August 2019. Applications for Cenus will start in late Spring 2020 are also being accepted now. To apply and search for additional 2020 |
| ate Data Center | | in New Hampshire, which will be posted as we get closer to Census Day, see the <u>2020 Census New</u> or the <u>2020 Census jobs page</u> . |
| source Library | The Road to the | 2020 Census |
| ntact OSI | Below is a breakd 2020 Census page | own of where we are in the process. For additional details about the 2020 Census see the <u>U.S. Census</u> e. |
| | | 2020 Census Timeline |
| SI Events Calendar | Year | Milestone |
| 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 10 | Fall/Winter 2018 | Launch of the Partnership Program |
| 5 6 7 8 9 10 12 13 14 15 16 17 | | Field Office Recruitment Begin |
| 19 20 21 22 23 24 | 2019 | Open Wave 1 Field Offices (January – March) – including Concord, NH office |
| 26 27 28 29 30 | | Open Wave 2 Field Offices (June - July) |
| | | Complete Count Committee Formation |
| | 2020 | Advertising – Begins in early 2020 |
| | | Census Day – April 1, 2020 |
| | | Nonresponse Follow-up for households that did not complete the 2020 Census – March - July 2020 |
| | | Apportionment Counts to the President – December 31, 2020 |
| | | |

State and local governments, community-based organization, faith-based groups, schools, businesses; the media; and community leaders will play a key role in educating and motivating households to participate in the 2020 Census. Through collaborative partnerships, the U.S. Census Bureau and community leaders can reach the shared goal of counting everyone (including all those residing in New Hampshire) in 2020. In addition to traditional partnership activities, you can participate in a Complete Count Committee. A complete Count Committee (CCCC) is a volunteer committee focused on

Shape your future START HERE > United States* Census 2020



The City of Baltimore, Complete Count Committee

| y of Baltin | nore 2020 Census | Search | Q |
|---|--|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| in menu for Census2020 | Everyone in Ba | ltimore Counts! | |
| Baltimore Census Overview | Every Baltimore resident must be counted to ens | ure we get our fair share of f | federal funds for |
| Get Involved | essential programs that cover health care, educa transportation, and to strengthen our political re | - | |
| Complete Count Committee and Community Workshops | The United States Census Bureau 's decision to ir imperil evidence-based efforts to achieve an accu | nclude a question about citize | enship status could |
| Neighborhood Ambassador | joined 17 other states and the District of Columb all Baltimore residents are counted. | ia in litigation to reverse this | decision and ensure |
| 2020 Census Jobs | | | |
| | It will take a team comprised of city officials, com residents of our beloved Baltimore to make sure | | the passionate |
| | April 23 Open House: Pleas | e Join Mayor You | ıng, |
| | Congressman Cummings ar | nd others for the | Census |
| | 2020 Open House | | |
| | Did you know that being counted brings over \$16 to the Census 2020 Open House , hosted by the High School on April 23rd, from 6:00pm to 8:00 | Baltimore Complete Count C | |
| | Every person not counted leaves \$1,800 of fun get its share. Over 50 State and Federal progran Breakfast and Lunch Programs, to Medicare and programs stay funded and that #bmorecounts. | ns rely on Census data – fron | n the School |
| | Please share this event with your friends and fam | nily on social media: | |
| | Facebook Event: <u>https://www.facebook.com/ever</u> | nts/397848431013078/ | |
| | If you can't make the Open House, you can still re today: http://bit.lv/censusplan | eview the Action Plan | |





https://census2020.baltimorecity.gov/

Indiana, Complete Count Committee



| Home | Indiana Comple |
|--|---|
| Why the Census Matters | With the objective of getting e census using members' knowle |
| Complete Count Committees - | The state-level committee for 2 |
| Local Update of Census Addresses (LUCA) | |
| Response Rates | |
| Hard-to-Count Areas | _ |
| 2020 Operational Plan | |
| In the News | |
| Handouts | -2 |
| | |

Indiana Complete Count Committee

/ith the objective of getting every Hoosier counted, the Indiana Complete Count Committee will work with the Census Bureau and their own constituencies to promote the upcoming ensus using members' knowledge, networks and ideas—with a special emphasis on reaching hard-to-count populations.

The state-level committee for 2020 is in the process of being formed.

As a partner in the Indiana Data Center Program, this site is maintained by the Indiana Business Research Center at Indiana University's Kelley School of Business. If you have questions or comments, contact us here.

The Indiana Data Center Program is a federal-state partnership between the U.S. Census Bureau and the State of Indiana and is managed by the Indiana State Library in collaboration with its coordinating agencies, the Indiana Business Research Center, the Indiana Geographic Information Council and the Indiana Department of Workforce Development.



http://www.census.indiana.edu/ccc/state.html

California, Complete Count Committee



California Complete Count Committee

The California Complete Count Committee (CCCC) is an advisory panel of community leaders who represent diverse populations from across the state. The members work to recommend strategies to increase the count in their respective communities. The members were appointed by Governor Edmund G. Brown, Jr. including one designee chosen by the Speaker of the State Assembly and one designee chosen by the Senate President pro Tempore.

- About the Committee
- Meetings and Agendas

California Complete Count Office

The California Complete Count (CCC) Office oversees and coordinates California's education and outreach program for the 2020 Census. The CCC will help form partnerships, identify resources, and develop an effective outreach strategy.

- Contact Us
- Funding
- Job Opportunities
- Media Requests
- Outreach
- Reports
- Tribal Relations

Local Complete Count Committees

Local governments work together with partners to form Local Complete Count Committees (LCCC) to promote and encourage response to the 2020 Census in their communities. The LCCC's are comprised of a broad spectrum of government and community leaders from education, business, healthcare, and other community organizations. These trusted voices develop and implement a 2020 Census awareness campaign based upon their knowledge of the local community to encourage a response. <u>See Resources for LCCCs</u>.

Timeline

2018

- Local officials and community leaders determine Local Complete Count Committees (LCCCs) structure.





https://census.ca.gov/complete-count/

| California Complete Count Office | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|---------------------------------|----|----------------------------|----|------------|--|--|
| Census 2020 - Program Funding Overview | | | | | | | | |
| Programmatic Area | | Original Funding Allocations | | New Funding Allocations | | Difference | | |
| Local Update of Census Address* | \$ | 7,000,000 | \$ | 5,705,000 | \$ | (1,295,000 | | |
| Dutreach | | | | | | | | |
| County/Tribal Government | \$ | 27,000,000 | \$ | 27,000,000 | \$ | - | | |
| Regional ACBO | \$ | 22,950,000 | \$ | 32,950,000 | \$ | 10,000,000 | | |
| Statewide CBO | \$ | 4,050,000 | \$ | 10,000,000 | \$ | 5,950,000 | | |
| State Programmatic Costs | \$ | 6,000,000 | \$ | 6,000,000 | \$ | - | | |
| Education Outreach | | | | | | | | |
| Census Education (K-12) | \$ | 250,000 | \$ | 250,000 | \$ | - | | |
| County Education Departments (Title I & Title III Schools) | \$ | 750,000 | \$ | 1,750,000 | \$ | 1,000,000 | | |
| Higher Education | \$ | 50,000 | \$ | 50,000 | \$ | - | | |
| State Programmatic Costs | \$ | 200,000 | \$ | 200,000 | \$ | - | | |
| Sector Outreach (Non-Education) | | | | | | | | |
| Healthcare | \$ | - | \$ | 500,000 | \$ | 500,000 | | |
| Other Sectors | \$ | 800,000 | \$ | 1,300,000 | \$ | 500,000 | | |
| State Programmatic Costs | \$ | 200,000 | \$ | 200,000 | \$ | - | | |
| State Agency Outreach | \$ | 500,000 | \$ | 500,000 | \$ | - | | |
| Media Campaign | | | | | | | | |
| Public and Media Relations Contracts | \$ | 16,100,000 | \$ | 46,100,000 | \$ | 30,000,000 | | |
| State Programmatic Costs | \$ | 1,400,000 | \$ | 1,400,000 | \$ | - | | |
| California Complete Count Committee | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | | |
| Contingencies and Emergencies | \$ | 1,000,000 | \$ | 1,000,000 | \$ | - | | |
| California Housing and Population Sample Enumeration | \$ | - | \$ | 5,295,000 | \$ | 5,295,00 | | |
| Administration** | \$ | 12,050,000 | \$ | 14,100,000 | \$ | 2,050,00 | | |
| Total: | Ś | 100,300,000 | ¢ | 154,300,000 | ¢ | 54,000,00 | | |

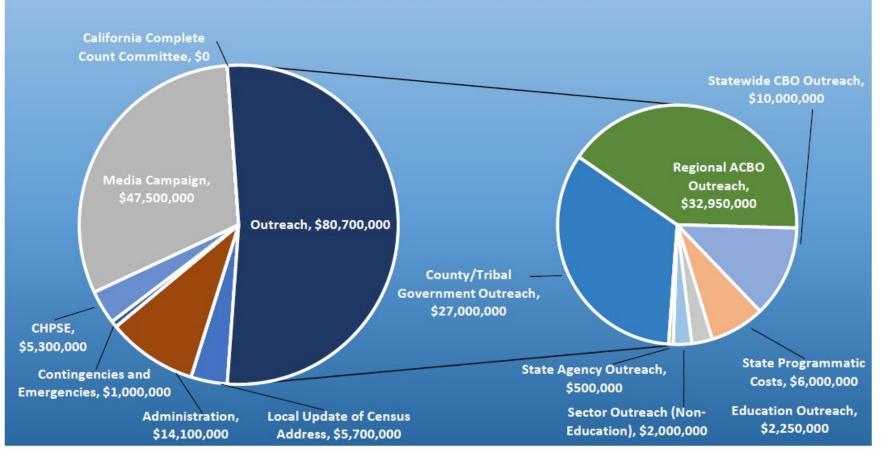
*Reflects the final programmatic cost. Program was originally funded at \$7 million. \$1.295 million of the unspent funding has now been moved to the California Housing and Population Sample Enumeration program.

**Reflects initial organization and planning funding provided through the Governor's Office of Planning and Research.





2020 Census Funding Allocations





Road to the 2020 Census

2020 Census Operational Timeline





U.S. Department of Commerce Economics and Statistics Administration U.S. CENSUS BUREAU CENSUS BUREAU





Overall Timeline

•January – March 2019: The U.S. Census Bureau opens 39 area census offices. These offices open early to support Address Canvassing.

•June – September 2019: The Census Bureau opens the remaining 209 area census offices. The offices support and manage the census takers who work all over the country to conduct the census.

•August 2019: The Census Bureau conducts in-field address canvassing. Census takers visit areas that have added or lost housing in recent years to ensure that the Census Bureau's address list is up to date.

•January 2020: The Census Bureau begins counting the population in remote Alaska.

Overall Timeline (cont.)

Census Day 2020 April 1, 2020

•April 1, 2020, marks Census Day, a key benchmark for the 2020 count. When completing the census, you'll note where you are living on April 1. We'll celebrate the day with events across the country.

•Census Day is observed nationwide. By this date, households will receive an invitation to participate in the 2020 Census. You'll then have three options for responding: online, by mail, or by phone.



Overall Timeline (cont.)

•April 2020: Census takers begin following up with households around selected colleges and universities. Census takers also begin conducting quality check interviews.

•May 2020: The Census Bureau begins following up with households that have not responded.

•December 2020: The Census Bureau delivers apportionment counts to the president.



Examples of State Complete Count Committee Strategies

- Allocate state funds for implementation of the state CCC.
- Develop an action plan.
- Assign staff to work with the state CCC.
- Set clear, achievable goals and objectives.



- Identify targets (populations or areas) for aggressive outreach through—
 - direct community outreach—touching as many people as possible through swap meets, sports, festivals, parades, etc.
 - strategic partnerships with counties, schools, state agencies, and community-based organizations.
 - a state media campaign with a catchy slogan. Example: Hawaii in 2010 used the slogan "Has Your 'Ohana Been Counted?"
- Coordinate activities with local CCCs throughout the state.
- Develop a state 2020 Census Web site with links to the Census Bureau Web site.
- Create promotional materials and items for populations or areas identified.
- Create events in key areas where none exist.





Sample Activities of State Complete Count Committees

2019

- Allocate funds to conduct CCC outreach.
- Encourage local governments to form Complete Count Committees.
- Develop a list of barriers or concerns that might impede the progress of the 2020 Census in your state, such as pockets of populations speaking a language other than English, recent immigrants, and significant numbers of children under age 18. Explore ways/activities to address or overcome these barriers.
- Develop and implement activities to involve state government employees in 2020 Census awareness campaign.
- Include the 2020 Census logo and messages on letterhead, brochures, newsletters, and Web site.
- Display census information/materials in all state government buildings.
- Sponsor a contest to create a state slogan and/or mascot for promoting the 2020 Census.



Sample Activities of State Complete Count Committees – Cont.

January–March 2020

- Add census messages to meetings and correspondence.
- Implement major promotional events around mailout of questionnaires and nonresponse follow-up.
- Provide information on federally funded programs that have benefited the state.
- Saturate targeted areas with census information that is easy-to-read and understand.
- Change telephone hold messages in state offices to remind residents to complete and return their questionnaire immediately.

April 2020

- Have government employees answer the phones with a 2020 Census message.
- Change telephone hold messages in state offices to one that encourages residents to cooperate with the census workers that may come to their home if they don't return their questionnaire.

May 2020

- Prepare final report of committee activities and provide a copy of your report to your regional census contact person.
- Continue to encourage community individuals to cooperate with census Workers.



Small Business Fair May 4, 2019







SAMPLE 2

Your Ohana counts! Don't miss the 2020 Census April 1, 2020













Examples of Subcommittees

Government subcommittee

Assists in all activities between the Census Bureau and the local government, such as participation in decennial geography programs and identifying other resources for CCC activities.

Education subcommittee

Facilitates census awareness for local schools from prekindergarten through twelfth grade, as well as postsecondary education institutions in the area. May also encourage school administrators, teachers, and students to use Census In Schools materials.



Examples of Subcommittees – Cont.

Faith-based subcommittee

Creates and coordinates activities and materials that can be used by any local faith-based institution in the promotion of the 2020 Census awareness and participation.

Media subcommittee

Facilitates ways to get the census message to all community households, using all available sources such as local newspapers, newsletters, fliers, local festivals, billboards, social media, radio, and television.



Examples of Subcommittees – Cont.

Community-based organizations subcommittee

Collaborates with community organizations to inform individuals of the importance of participating in the 2020 Census and the benefits derived from census data.

Business subcommittee

Creates and coordinates activities that involve businesses in census awareness, such as distribution of census information and census messages on packaging (grocery bags), and the inclusion of the census logo and message on sales promotion materials.

Recruiting subcommittee

Disseminates information about census job openings for the 2020 Census. Information will include the number of jobs available and types of jobs available.

