## Census 2010 by the numbers

## Top 5 races by race alone or in combination with other races:

•	White	564,323
•	Filipino	342,095
•	Japanese	312,292
•	Native Hawaiian	289,970
•	Chinese	199 751

**8.9%** of the population was of Hispanic or Latino origin.

**23.6%** of the population was multiracial.

The median age was 38.6.

**14.3%** of the population was 65 years and older.

**18.5%** of the population was 14 years and younger.

#### **Population by island:**

•	Oahu	953,207
•	Hawaii	185,079
•	Maui	144,444
•	Kauai	66,921
•	Molokai	7,345
•	Lanai	3,135
•	Niihau	170

## Hawaii's population by census year

Be counted!	2020
1,360,301	2010
1,211,537	2000
1,108,229	1990
964,691	1980
769,913	1970
632,772	1960
499,794	1950
422,770	1940
368,300	1930
255,881	1920
191,874	1910
154,001	1900

Prepared by the 2020 Census Hawaii Government Complete Count Committee

Department of Business, Economic Development & Tourism

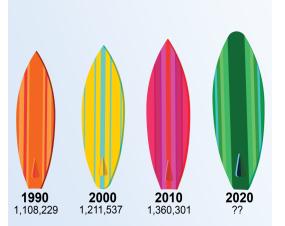
Research and Economic Analysis Division

Phone: 808-586-2499

Email: dbedt.census@hawaii.gov https://census.hawaii.gov/census\_2020

# Census 2020

# Your Ohana counts!







**Updated December 2019** 

# Everyone counts The census counts every person living in the U.S. once, only once, and in the right

place.

Census

### The Census: A Snapshot

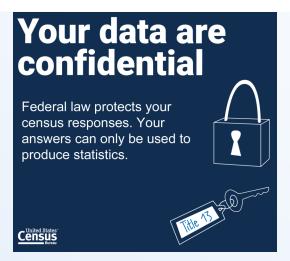
**What:** The census is a count of everyone residing in the United States. It is administered by the U.S. Census Bureau.

**Who:** All U.S. residents must be counted—people of all races and ethnic groups, both citizens and non-citizens.

**When:** Census Day is April 1, 2020. Questionnaire responses should represent the household as it exists on this day.

**Why:** The U.S. Constitution requires a national census once every 10 years. The census will show state population counts and determine representation in the U.S. House of Representatives.

**How:** Census questionnaires will be delivered or mailed to households via U.S. mail in March 2020. Respondents can fill out the census online, answer by telephone, or mail back the questionnaire. Census workers from your community will visit households that do not return questionnaires.



#### It's All Confidential

The census depends on your cooperation and trust. Title 13 of the U.S. Code protects the confidentiality of all your information. Violating this law is a crime with severe penalties.

Your information **cannot** be shared with immigration enforcement agencies or law enforcement agencies. It **cannot** be used to determine your eligibility for government benefits like food stamps. It **cannot** be shared with local governments, neighbors, or landlords.

Private information is never published. It is against the law to disclose or publish any of the following:

- Names
- Addresses
- Telephone numbers



## Why the Census Matters

**Congressional seats:** Results of the census are used to determine how many seats each state gets in the House of Representatives.

Federal funding: Each year, hundreds of billions of dollars are allocated to local governments, nonprofit organizations, and businesses based on census data. These federal funds help to educate our children, keep our seniors healthy, and support our communities in need.

**Redistricting:** After each census, state officials use the results to redraw the boundaries of congressional and state legislative districts, adapting to population shifts.

Planning for the future: Census data helps our governments know how to plan for education, disaster relief, transportation, public health, and community assistance.