

Table 17.01-- CONSUMPTION OF ENERGY, BY SOURCE (PHYSICAL UNITS): 1985 TO 2022

Year	Coal (1,000 short tons)	Natural gas (billion cubic feet) 1/	Petroleum (1,000 barrels)	Hydroelectric power (million kWh) 2/	Fuel ethanol (1,000 barrels) 3/
1985	46	2	40,006	86	-
1990	29	3	50,015	80	-
1991	45	3	45,758	71	-
1992	303	3	46,655	61	-
1993	691	3	41,392	56	-
1994	704	3	44,843	139	-
1995	895	3	43,842	98	-
1996	930	3	41,631	104	-
1997	933	3	39,829	115	-
1998	822	3	40,493	121	-
1999	801	3	39,662	115	-
2000	816	3	40,591	103	-
2001	829	3	41,479	101	-
2002	748	3	44,772	95	-
2003	784	3	46,861	91	-
2004	797	3	49,098	94	-
2005	740	3	51,267	96	344
2006	714	3	51,564	120	392
2007	764	3	52,905	92	501
2008	840	3	42,397	84	930
2009	791	3	42,472	113	1,065
2010	803	3	46,356	70	804
2011	783	3	47,367	93	933
2012	803	3	46,173	115	847
2013	753	3	46,470	78	874
2014	831	3	44,785	94	948
2015	747	3	45,635	121	1,147
2016	787	3	45,280	91	1,152
2017	759	3	47,091	66	1,162
2018	734	3	46,978	97	1,131
2019	717	3	47,435	95	1,158
2020	670	2	33,806	99	913
2021	634	3	40,205	115	1,042
2022	380	3	43,439	110	1,053

1/ Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

2/ Conventional hydroelectric power. Does not include pumped-storage hydroelectricity.

3/ Includes denaturant.

Source: U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration, State Energy Data System (SEDS) "State Energy Consumption Estimates, Selected Years, 1960-2020, Hawaii CT1" (June 2022) <https://www.eia.gov/state/seds/sep_use/notes/use_print.pdf> accessed June 30, 2022; and State Energy Data System (SEDS): 2022 <<https://www.eia.gov/state/seds/seds-data-fuel.php?sid=US>> accessed April 19, 2024.