## Section 16

## COMMUNICATIONS

This section presents statistics on the various communications media: postal service, telephone, telegraph, radio, television, newspapers, and books.

Hawaii is served by all major communications media. In 1976 it had 76 post offices handling 242 million pieces of mail and accounting for postal receipts in excess of $\$ 37$ million. There were 597,000 telephones in service (double the number ten years earlier), 263,000 telephone homes, 1.5 billion local calls originated, 6.1 million completed interisland calls, and 13.6 million incoming and outgoing transpacific calls. Telegraph messages to and from Hawaii totaled 347,000. The thirty-three commercial and educational radio stations in the Islands early in 1977 included 25 on the regular broadcast band and eight FM stations. The State also had 12 television stations ( 10 commercial and two educational), including satellites but excluding translators. Ten cable TV companies served 71,500 subscribers. Island publishers printed even daily newspapers, numerous magazines and other periodicals, and a wide diversity of books. Newspaper circulation reported by the three Englishlanguage dailies averaged 209,000 in 1976, compared with 188,000 a decade earlier.

The major sources for statistics on communications are the reports and records of the U.S. Postal Service, Federal Communications Commission, CATV Division of the Hawaii State Department of Regulatory Agencies, Hawaiian Telephone Company, and Audit Bureau of Circulations, and quarterly issues of Hawaii Media. Data on communications for other States and for the nation as a whole are carried in Statistical Abstract of the United States: 1976, Section 18.

Table 229.-POSTAL SERVICE: 1966 TO 1976

| Year | Number of post offices ${ }^{1}$ | Gross postal receipts ${ }^{2}$ $(\$ 1,000)$ | Pieces of mail handled ${ }^{2}$ (millions) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1966 | 80 | 14,984 | 147 |
| 1967 | 80 | 15,881 | 149 |
| 1968 | 80 | 17,617 | 159 |
| 1969 | 80 | 20,178 | 172 |
| 1970 | 80 | 20,840 | 187 |
| 1971 | 80 | 21,976 | 201 |
| 1972 | 78 | 23.434 | 215 |
| 1973 | 77 | 27,100 | 226 |
| 1974 | 76 | 29,663 | 233 |
| 1975 | 76 | 33,549 | 238 |
| 1976 | 76 | 37,433 | 242 |

[^0]Table 230.-TELEPHONE SERVICE: 1966 TO 1976

| Year | Telephones in service, Dec. 31 |  |  | Local calls completed $(1,000)$ | Interisland calls |  | Transpacific calls |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | State total | Oahu | Other islands |  | Paid ${ }^{1}$ | Completed | Paid. in and out ${ }^{2}$ | Hawaii originated |
| 1966 | 302,506 | 251.505 | 51,001 | 539,632 | 1,129,492 | 1,153,375 | 1,687,105 | 957,163 |
| 1967 | 323.849 | 268,190 | 55,659 | 562,522 | 1,332,551 | 1,354,805 | 2,144,049 | 1,271,406 |
| 1968 | 352,196 | 291,317 | 60,879 | 585,071 | 1,624,206 | 1,649,734 | 2,594,151 | 1,558,008 |
| 1969 | 381,982 | 314,915 | 67,067 | 611,919 | 1,963,219 | 1,994,026 | 3,267,601 | 1,948,391 |
| 1970 | 414.165 | 339,952 | 74,213 | 631,543 | 2,288,320 | 2,317,727 | 3,753,449 | 2,257,208 |
| $1971{ }^{3}$ | 445,995 | 365,733 | 80,262 | 667,542 | 2,569,758 | 2,607,521 | 4,476,130 | 2,517,860 |
| 1972 | 498,593 | 412,443 | 86,150 | 702,346 | 3,072,319 | 3,131,881 | 5,427,667 | 3,055,018 |
| $1973{ }^{4}$ | 523,699 | 430,612 | 93,087 | 1,016,950 | 3,754,413 | 3,804,616 | 6,813,550 | 3,794,848 |
| 1974 | 544,718 | 444,359 | 100,359 | 1,078,658 | 4,494,314 | 4,564,049 | 8,619,719 | 4,775,288 |
| 1975 | 567,685 | 460,602 | 107,083 | 1,046,907 | 5,156,241 | 5,352,232 | 10,703,400 | 5,907,991 |
| 1976 | 596,952 | 480,937 | 116,015 | 1,138,003 | 5,850,827 | 6,139,528 | 13,621,200 | 7,448,194 |

[^1]Table 231.-TELEPHONE SERVICE, BY ISLAND: 1976

' Defense Agency Telephone Service, all on Oahu.
${ }^{2}$ As of December 31.
${ }^{3}$ Not available by island.
${ }^{4}$ Molokai and Lanai combined with Oahu.
Source: Hawaiian Telephone Company, records.

Table 232-TELEGRAPH MESSAGES: 1970 TO 1976

| Year | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { messages } \end{gathered}$ | From Hawaii to Mainland |  |  | From Mainland to Hawaii |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total from Hawaii | Originated in Hawaii | Originated elsewhere | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { Hawaii } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Originated } \\ & \text { on } \\ & \text { Mainland } \end{aligned}$ | Originated elsewhere |
| 1970 | 567,550 | 266,811 | 198,830 | 67,981 | 300,739 | 236,106 | 64,633 |
| 1971 | 419,188 | 201,600 | 135,581 | 66,019 | 217,588 | 154,506 | 63,082 |
| 1972 | 392,596 | 189,214 | 122,792 | 66,422 | 203,382 | 141,682 | 61,700 |
| 1973 | 385.823 | 198,693 | 136,747 | 61,946 | 187,130 | 116,850 | 70,280 |
| 1974 | 382,281 | 185,204 | 100,321 | 84,883 | 197,077 | 125,319 | 71,758 |
| 1975 | 346.851 | 166.700 | 81,986 | 84,714 | 180,151 | 110,390 | 69,761 |
| 1976 | 307,036 | 156,235 | 70,692 | 85,543 | 150,801 | 80,638 | 70,163 |

Source: Federal Communications Commission, Common Carrier Bureau, records.

Table 233.-PAID CIRCULATION OF DAILY AND SUNDAY ENGLISH-LANGUAGE NEWSPAPERS: 1966 TO 1976

| Year | Honolulu Advertiser ${ }^{1}$ | Honolulu StarBulletin | Sunday Star-Bulletin and Advertiser ${ }^{2}$ | Hawaii Tribune-Herald ${ }^{3}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Daily | Sunday |
| 1966 | 66,499 | 109,865 | 156, 123 | 11,447 | 11,600 |
| 1967 | 67,550 | 112,182 | 160,147 | 10,944 | 11,124 |
| 1968 | 70,135 | 115,688 | 166,171 | 11,645 | 11,813 |
| 1969 | 71,835 | 119,148 | 168,034 | 12,473 | 12,706 |
| 1970 | 74,318 | 123,765 | 174,069 | 13,125 | 13,469 |
| 1971 | 74,441 | 124,601 | 177,929 | 13,851 | 14,167 |
| 1972 | 72,723 | 126,341 | 181,452 | 14,250 | 14,683 |
| 1973 | 74,799 | 129,561 | 187,648 | 15,669 | 16,045 |
| 1974 | 76,196 | 121,163 | 184,528 | 15,724 | 16,253 |
| 1975 | 71,937 | 113,541 | 179,790 | 15,843 | 16,560 |
| 1976 | 75,260 | 117,514 | 188,418 | 16,386 | 17,361 |

' Published daily, Monday through Saturday. Data are six-day averages for six-month periods ended September 30.
${ }^{2}$ All data are averages for six-month periods ended September 30.
${ }^{3}$ Published daily, including Sunday. Data are averages for the fourth quarter (October through December) through 1972 and for six-month periods ended September 30 beginning in 1973.

Source: Audit Bureau of Circulations data supplied by the Hawaii Newspaper Agency, Inc., and the Hawaii Tribune-Herald.

Table 234.-PERIODICALS PUBLISHED IN HAWAII: MARCH 1977

| Frequency | Newspapers ${ }^{1}$ |  | Magazines and other periodicals | Directories |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | English | Foreign language |  |  |
| Daily or 6 times weekly | 3 | 4 | - | - |
| 2 or 3 times weekly | 2 | - | 3 | - |
| Weekly | 5 | - | 13 | 1 |
| Semi-monthly or biweekly | 4 | - | 8 | - |
| Monthly | 1 | - | 27 | 1 |
| 2 to 10 times annually | - | - | 16 | 3 |
| Annually | - | - | 6 | 15 |
| Irregular or unspecified | - | - | 1 | - |

${ }^{1}$ The daily newspapers are: Honolulu Advertiser, Honolulu Star Bulletin, and Hawail Tribune-Herald (Hilo), all Englishlanguage; Hawaii Hochi and Hawaii Times, both bilingual (Japanese and English); and New China Daily Press and United Chinese Press, both Chinese. All but the Hawaii Tribune Herald are published in Honolulu.
Source: Hawaii Media, Vol. 3, No. 3, March 1977, as corrected.

Table 235.-BOOKS AND SCHOLARLY JOURNALS PUBLISHED BY THE UNIVERSITY PRESS OF HAWAII: 1972 TO 1976

| Year | Published titles ${ }^{1}$ |  | New books and journals published ${ }^{2}$ |  | Volumes sold ${ }^{2}$ | Sales revenues ${ }^{2}$ (dollars) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cumulative total | $\underset{\text { print }}{\text { In }}$ | Books | Scholarly journals |  |  |
| $1972{ }^{3}$ | 287 | 231 | 23 | 4 | (NA) | 317,812 |
| 1973 | 319 | 263 | 32 | 4 | 60,310 | 402,054 |
| 1974 | 348 | 283 | 29 | 4 | 66,741 | 430,069 |
| 1975 | 385 | 308 | 37 | 4 | 88,799 | 470,386 |
| 1976 | 431 | 349 | 45 | 4 | 107,065 | 511,953 |

NA Not available.
${ }^{1}$ As of June 30.
${ }^{2}$ Year ended June 30.
${ }^{3}$ The University Press of Hawaii was established July 2, 1971, by combining the former University of Hawaii Press and East-West Center Press.

Source: The University Press of Hawaii, Annual Report (annual).

Table 236.-COMMERCIAL AND EDUCATIONAL RADIO AND TELEVISION BROADCAST STATIONS ON THE AIR: 1967 TO 1977

| Year (as of January 1) | Commercial |  |  | Educational |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | AM | FM | TV' | FM | TV ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1967 | 25 | 2 | 10 | - | 2 |
| 1968 | 25 | 3 | 10 | - | 2 |
| 1969 | 25 | 4 | 10 | - | 2 |
| 1970 | 25 | 4 | 10 | 1 | 2 |
| 1971 | 25 | 4 | 10 | 1 | 2 |
| 1972 | 25 | 5 | 10 | 1 | 2 |
| 1973 | 24 | 5 | 10 | 1 | 2 |
| 1974 | 25 | 7 | 10 | 1 | 2 |
| 1975 | 26 | 5 | 10 | 1 | 2 |
| 1976 | 26 | 6 | 10 | 1 | 2 |
| 1977 | 25 | 7 | 10 | 1 | 2 |

[^2]Table 237.-TELEPHONE AVAILABILITY AND TELEVISION SETS IN OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS, BY COUNTY: 1970


Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, U.S. Census of Housing: 1970, Final Report HC(1)-B13, tables 32, 37, 62, and 63.

Table 238.—CABLE TELEVISION COMPANIES, 1961 TO 1976, AND SUBSCRIBERS, 1970 TO 1976
(As of December 31)

| Year | State total | City and County of Honolulu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { County } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { awaii } \end{aligned}$ | County of Kauai | $\begin{gathered} \text { County } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Maui } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Companies: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1961-1962 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - |
| 1963 | 2 | 2 | - | - | - |
| 1964-1967 | 4 | 4 | - | - | - |
| 1968 | 5 | 4 | - | - | 1 |
| 1969-1970 | 6 | 5 | - | - | 1 |
| 1971-1972 | 7 | 5 | - | 1 | 1 |
| 1973 | 8 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1974 | 10 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| 1975 | 10 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| 1976 | 10 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| Subscribers: |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1970^{2}$ | 12,091 | 11,066 | - | - | 1,025 |
| 1971 | 13.718 | 12,581 | - | 37 | 1,100 |
| 1972 | 16,887 | 14,732 | - | 478 | 1,677 |
| 1973 | 21,826 | 18,315 | 501 | 950 | 2,060 |
| 1974 | 34,041 | 25,979 | 4,420 | 1,300 | 2,342 |
| 1975 | 54,609 | 43,172 | 7,019 | 1,500 | 2,918 |
| 1976 | 71,499 | 57,333 | 9,087 | 1,651 | 3,428 |

[^3]Table 239.-POSTAGE, TELEPHONE, AND TELEGRAPH RATES, AND NEWSPAPER PRICES: 1970 TO 1977
(In dollars)

| Year (as of July 1) | Postage rates (letters, <1 0z.) |  | Telephone rates (including tax) for Honolulu |  |  |  |  | Telegraph rate per full-rate word (noncoded) | Newspaper price ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Local call, pay phone | $\begin{aligned} & \text { To } \\ & \text { Hilo }^{2} \end{aligned}$ | To San Francisco |  | Monthly charge ${ }^{3}$ |  | Daily | Sunday |
|  | Surface | Air |  |  | Direct dialing ${ }^{4}$ | Operator handled ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| 1970 | 0.06 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.99 | ... | 4.29 | 9.90 | 0.21 | 0.10 | 0.25 |
| 1971 | 0.08 | 0.11 | 0.10 | 0.99 | ... | 4.29 | 9.90 | 0.21 | 0.15 | 0.35 |
| 1972 | 0.08 | 0.11 | 0.10 | 0.99 | 4.29 | 4.29 | 10.12 | 0.21 | 0.15 | 0.35 |
| 1973 | 0.08 | 0.11 | 0.10 | 0.97 | 3.27 | 4.25 | 10.63 | 0.21 | 0.15 | 0.35 |
| 1974 | 0.10 | 0.13 | 0.10 | 0.97 | 2.59 | 3.40 | 10.53 | 0.21 | 0.20 | 0.45 |
| 1975 | 0.10 | 0.13 | 0.10 | 0.96 | 2.57 | 3.37 | 10.17 | 0.21 | 0.20 | 0.50 |
| 1976 |  |  | 0.10 | 0.95 | 2.39 | 3.34 | 10.07 | 0.21 | 0.20 | 0.50 |
| 1977 .... |  |  | 0.10 | 0.94 | 1.86 | 2.84 | 9.98 | 0.21 | 0.20 | 0.50 |

${ }^{1}$ Street sales, Honolulu Advertiser and Honolulu Star-Bulletin.
${ }^{2}$ Station-to-station operator-handled daytime weekday calls, first three minutes.
${ }^{3}$ For an individual residential ine.
"Daytime calls, first three minutes. Direct dialing was introduced January 16, 1972.
Source: Office of the Postmaster General, records; Hawaiian Telephone Co., records; Federal Communications Commission, records; newspaper mastheads.


[^0]:    ' As of June 30. Includes all 1st-, 2nd-, 3rd- and 4th-class post offices; excludes branches and stations.
    2 Years ended June 30.
    Source: Annual Report of the Postmaster General for 1966-1970; Statistical Abstract of the United States for 1966-1971; U.S. Postal Service, Honolulu, records.

[^1]:    ${ }^{\prime}$ Excludes uncollectables.
    ${ }^{2}$ Includes calls paid in Hawaii and elsewhere.
    ${ }^{3}$ Defense Administrative Telephone System (DATS) taken over by Hawaiian Telephone Company in 1971. DATS telephones in service numbered 4,423 (all on Oahu) as of December 31, 1971
    ${ }^{4}$ The sharp increase in completed local calls is attributable in part to a change in the method of estimation.
    Source: Hawaiian Telephone Co., records.

[^2]:    ' Includes satellites but excludes translators.
    Source: Federal Communications Commission, records; FCC data cited in Statistical Abstract of the United States, $1967-$ 1970.

[^3]:    ' The first CATV company in Hawaii, Kaiser-Teleprompter, began service April 20, 1961. State regulation of CATV was authorized by Act 112, S.L.H. 1970, effective June 19, 1970.
    ${ }^{2}$ Earliest year available.
    Source: Hawaii State Department of Regulatory Agencies, CATV Division, records.

