

STATE OF HAWAI'I DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION KA 'OIHANA HO'ONA'AUAO P.O. BOX 2360 HONOLULU, HAWAI'I 96804

OFFICE OF FACILITIES AND OPERATIONS

May 31, 2024

TO:	Mary Alice Evans Director, Office of Planning and Sustainable Development
FROM:	Jadine Urasaki Jadine Urasaki Jadine Urasaki (May 31, 2024 15:04 HST) Public Works Administrator, Facilities Development Branch
SUBJECT	Chapter 343 Environmental Assessment and Finding of No Signific

SUBJECT: Chapter 343 Environmental Assessment and Finding of No Significant Impact Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Job No.: Q53220-23 Tax Map Key: (2) 2-04-032:109 Makawao, Maui, Hawaii

The Hawaii State Department of Education (Department) hereby transmits the Draft Environmental Assessment and Anticipated Finding of No Significant Impact (DEA-AFONSI) for the proposed Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Project located in the Makawao District on the island of Maui, for publication in the next available edition of *The Environmental Notice*.

The Department has uploaded an electronic copy of this letter, and a searchable portable document format file of the DEA-AFONSI to your online submittal site.

Should you have any questions, please contact Nestor Butac, Project Coordinator of the Facilities Development Branch, Project Management Section, at (808) 784-5128 or via email at nestor.butac@k12.hi.us. You may also contact our consultant, Matthew Fernandez of Bowers+Kubota Consulting, Inc. at (808) 836-7787, Extension 386, or via email at mfernandez@bowersandkubota.com.

JU:nb

Attachments: 1) Draft Environmental Assessment and Anticipated Finding of No Significant Impact

c: Matthew Fernandez, Bowers+Kubota Consulting, Inc. Office of Facilities and Operations Facilities Development Branch

From:	webmaster@hawaii.gov	
То:	DBEDT OPSD Environmental Review Program	
Subject:	New online submission for The Environmental Notice	
Date:	Monday, June 3, 2024 2:35:41 PM	

Action Name

Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building

Type of Document/Determination

Draft environmental assessment and anticipated finding of no significant impact (DEA-AFNSI)

HRS §343-5(a) Trigger(s)

• (1) Propose the use of state or county lands or the use of state or county funds

Judicial district

Makawao, Maui

Tax Map Key(s) (TMK(s))

(2) 2-4-032: 109

Action type

Agency

Other required permits and approvals

HRS Chapter 6E, Community Noise Permit, Grading Permit, Building Permit, Water Use Permit, Sewage Connection

Proposing/determining agency

State of Hawaii, Department of Education, Facilities Development Branch

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Is there a consultant for this action?

Consultant

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2153 North King Street, Suite 200 Honolulu, HI 96819 United States <u>Map It</u>

Action summary

The State Department of Education is proposing to construct a new Modular Administration Building on the Samuel Enoka Kalama Intermediate School (KIS) campus. The proposed facility would be a two-story building that will contain several staff offices, conference rooms, a health room, a staff lounge, a lobby, and a general school office space. The proposed Administration Building will be occupied by existing KIS faculty and staff whom are consolidated in the new building from space being used within other school buildings.

The Proposed Action will also involve constructing connecting concrete walkways, landscaping, and providing extensions of existing electrical, communications, water, sewer, and drainage utilities within the school to service the new building. Overall, the proposed building dimensions would be about 43 feet wide, 181 feet long and encompass approximately 15,000-square feet. An area of about 0.55-acres would be used for this project and

accessory improvements. Reasons supporting determination

A FONSI determination should be warranted for this Project based upon the assessment results and information provided in the Draft EA document. The findings supporting this determination are based upon evaluation of the 13 Significance Criteria and are discussed in Chapter 6 of the EA.

Attached documents (signed agency letter & EA/EIS)

- 240531-DOE-Kalama-IS-Draft-EA-FINAL_COMBINED.pdf
- <u>340531-DEA-AFONSI-Kalama-Admin-Bldg_Transmittal-Ltr.pdf</u>

Action location map

• Kalama-IS-Admin-Bldg-Project-Area.zip

Authorized individual

Matthew Fernandez

Authorization

• The above named authorized individual hereby certifies that he/she has the authority to make this submission.







Proposing Agency: State of Hawai'i, Department of Education

> Prepared By: Bowers + Kubota Consulting

DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT

Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Project

Makawao, Island of Maui, Hawai'i

May 2024



Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Project

TMK: (2) 2-4-032: 109 Makawao, Island of Maui

DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT

May 2024



Proposing Agency: State of Hawai'i **Department of Education Office of Facilities and Operations**



Prepared by: Bowers + Kubota Consulting, Inc. 2153 North King Street, Suite 200 BOWERS + KUBOTA Honolulu, Hawai'i 96819

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PROJECT SUMMARY TABLE

This Draft Environmental Assessment (EA) has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Chapter 343, Hawai'i Revised Statutes (HRS) and Hawai'i Administrative Rules (HAR) Title 11-200.1 Environmental Impact Statement Rules.

Project Name:	Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Project
Applicant and Approving Agency:	Ms. Jadine Urasaki, Public Works Administrator Facilities Development Branch State of Hawai'i, Department of Education P.O. Box 2360 Honolulu, HI 96804
Authorized Agent (EA Preparer):	Bowers & Kubota Consulting, Inc. 2153 N King Street, Suite 200 Honolulu, HI 96819-4554 Contact: Matthew Fernandez, Planner Email: mfernandez@bowersandkubota.com
HRS §343 Trigger:	Proposed use of State lands and funds
Project Location:	120 Makani Road, Makawao, Maui Island, Hawaiʻi 96768
Tax Map Key Parcel:	(2) 2-4-032:109
Project Size:	Approximately 24,075 square feet (0.55-acres)
Landowner:	State of Hawaiʻi
Existing Use on Project site:	Open grass lawn area with trees and picnic tables within the school campus.
State Land Use District:	Urban
County of Maui Zoning:	P-1 Public/Quasi-Public
Special Management Area (SMA):	Outside of SMA
Flood Zone Designation:	Zone X (Area outside the 500-year floodplain)
Proposed Action:	The DOE is proposing to construct a new Modular Administration Building on the Samuel Enoka Kalama Intermediate School campus. The proposed facility would be a two-story building that will contain several staff offices, conference rooms, a health room, a staff lounge, a lobby, and a general school office space. The proposed Modular Administration Building will be occupied by existing KIS

	faculty and staff whom are consolidated in the new building from space being used within other school buildings. The Proposed Action will also involve constructing connecting concrete walkways, landscaping, and providing extensions of existing electrical, communications, water, sewer, and drainage utilities within the school to service the new building. Overall, the proposed building dimensions would be about 43 feet wide, 181 feet long and encompass approximately 15,000-square feet. An area of about 0.55 acres would be used for this project and accessory improvements, such as walkway connections.
Permits and Approvals Needed for the Project:	HRS Chapter 6E Compliance Community Noise Permit
	Grading Permit Building Permit
	Water Use Permit
	Sewage Connection
Determination:	Anticipated Finding of No Significant Impact (AFONSI)

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Appendix D:	Phase 1 Environmental Site Assessment Report

LIST OF ACRONYMS

AADT Annual Average Daily Traffic AAQS Ambient Air Quality Standards **AFONSI** Anticipated Finding of No Significant Impact **AIS** Archaeological Inventory Survey ALISH Agricultural Lands of Importance to the State of Hawai'i **AMSL** Average Mean Sea Level APE Area of Potential Effect **AQI** Air Quality Index **BMP** Best Management Practice **CDP** Census Designated Place **CFS** Cubic Feet per Second **CIA** Cultural Impact Assessment **CIP** Capital Improvements Program **CREC** Controlled Recognized Environmental Conditions **CZM** Coastal Zone Management **dBA** Decibel (A-weighted sound level) **DLNR** Department of Land and Natural Resources, State of Hawai'i **DOE** Department of Education, State of Hawai'i DOH Department of Health, State of Hawai'i **DEM** Department of Environmental Management, County of Maui **DWS** Department of Water Supply, County of Maui **EA** Environmental Assessment **EPA** Environmental Protection Agency **ESA** Endangered Species Act **ESA Phase 1** Environmental Site Assessment FEMA Federal Emergency Management Agency FONSI Finding of No Significant Impact **GHG** Greenhouse gas HAR Hawai'i Administrative Rules

HDOT Department of Transportation, State of Hawaii **HREC** Historical Recognized Environmental Conditions HRS Hawai'i Revised Statutes IAL Important Agricultural Lands **KIS** Kalama Intermediate School Ksat Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity LOS Level of Service **LRFI** Literature Review and Field Inspection LUC Land Use Commission **MECO** Maui Electric Company **MGD** Million Gallons per Day **MPH** Miles per Hour **NHPA** National Historic Preservation Act (16 U.S.C. § 470(F)) **NOAA** National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration **NPDES** National Pollutant Discharge **Elimination System OPSD** Office of Planning and Sustainable Development **PEC** Potential Environmental Concerns **REC** Recognized Environmental Conditions **SFP** Hawaii State Functional Plans **SHPD** State Historic Preservation Division SLR-XA Sea Level Rise Exposure Area **SLUD** State Land Use District **SMA** Special Management Area **TIAR** Traffic Impact Analysis Report **TMK** Tax Map Key **USGS** United States Geological Survey **USFWS** United States Fish and Wildlife Service **VPH** Vehicles Per Hour

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1.0 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

1.1 BACKGROUND

Opened in 1985, Samuel Enoka Kalama Intermediate School (KIS) is a State of Hawai'i (State), Department of Education (DOE) school located in the heart of Upcountry Maui in the Makawao district. Known as the 50 Mile Bridge School, KIS has the largest geographic boundary of any school in the State as it serves as the prominent intermediate school for five distinct Upcountry Maui communities: Pā'ia, Makawao, Kula, Pukalani and Haiku. KIS serves grades 6 to 8 and receives their students from the elementary schools serving these five communities. KIS has a student enrollment averaging about 865 students over the past two years (2021 to 2022) and a total staff of 119 persons (faculty, administration, support).

The 10.4-acre KIS campus contains many typical facilities of an intermediate school which includes classrooms, staff offices, a library, playing field, athletic courts and facilities, and a central gathering area. However, of concern is KIS's administrative program is space-limited with staff offices and facilities currently scattered in various buildings and rooms throughout the KIS campus. Therefore, the DOE's Facilities Development Branch is proposing the construction of a new Modular Administration Building for KIS to consolidate administration operations improving efficiency.

1.2 PURPOSE FOR ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT

Chapter 343 (Environmental Impact Statements), Hawai'i Revised Statutes (HRS), establishes a system of environmental review at the State and County levels to ensure that environmental concerns are given appropriate consideration in decision-making along with economic and technical considerations. The State of Hawaii, Office of Planning and Sustainable Development's (OPSD) Environmental Review Program facilitates the environmental review process in Hawaii.

This project triggers the State's environmental review process under HRS Chapter 343, as amended, and Title 11, Chapter 200.1 (Environmental Impact Statement Rules) of the State Department of Health's Hawai'i Administrative Rules (HAR), as amended (State of Hawai'i, 2019) because the action involves:

- 1. *Use of State Funds.* State funds would be used for the construction of the new modular administration building.
- 2. <u>Use of State Lands</u>. The project involves the construction of State facilities on the KIS property which is a State-owned land.

Consequently, this Draft Environmental Assessment (Draft EA) document has being prepared in accordance with these regulations to allow for the use of State lands and funds for the construction of the Project. Pre-assessment consultation comments received as part of the preparation of this Draft EA document are included in Appendix A.

Applicant Background

The Applicant or Proposing Agency for this project is the State of Hawai'i DOE Facilities Development Branch within the Office of Facilities and Operations. DOE is the only statewide public school district in the country and is comprised of 15 complex areas and 258 schools. Each of the 15 complex areas are managed by the DOE and are comprised of two to four school complexes, consisting of a high school and the elementary and middle/intermediate schools that feed into it.

State tax revenue bonds are primarily used for the day-to-day operations of DOE schools and offices. DOE funds for the development and upgrade of school and office facilities come from their Capital Improvements Program (CIP) budget sourced mostly from state bonds. The CIP pays for renovations, repairs and maintenance to existing facilities, landscape improvements, new construction, land acquisition, and utility modifications for its public schools.

Approving Agency

The project is an "Agency Action" under the State's environmental review regulations because the project involves the use of State land and funds. The DOE will serve as the "Approving Agency" for the processing of this environmental assessment document and currently anticipates a Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) determination.

Bowers + Kubota Consulting, Inc. (B+K) is serving as the "Authorized Agent" on behalf of the DOE (Applicant) in the preparation of this Draft EA. This Draft EA was prepared pursuant to Chapter 343, Environmental Impact Statements, HRS, as amended and the State Department of Health's Title 11, Chapter 200.1, HAR (Environmental Impact Statement Rules) (State of Hawai'i, 2019).

1.3 PROJECT PURPOSE AND NEED

The DOE has been undertaking an initiative to expedite facility upgrades and plans for school facility needs throughout the State. Part of this initiative is for the development and design of 21st century school facilities with innovative designs with the intent of providing students and teachers with more creative and flexible educational and programmatic spaces while reducing costs.

The DOE's Facilities Development Branch within the Office of Facilities and Operations is proposing the development of a new Modular Administration Building for KIS. The essence of a modular structure is that most of the building will be factory built and then shipped to be assembled at the project site. The proposed design would allow for future DOE administration buildings to be customized by rearranging the developed units and in turn reduce costs and the construction timeframe. The proposed administration building is intended to allow the consolidation of KIS's administration programs from other building locations and free up those existing spaces for other educational or program uses.

The purpose of the project, also referred to as the Proposed Action, is thus two-fold: 1) to consolidate KIS administrative programs and facilities on the KIS campus under a new modern facility with innovative design, and 2) to free up those existing spaces for other educational program uses.

The Proposed Action is needed as it would provide KIS faculty and staff with greater space, facilities, and administrative resources for the efficient operation of KIS from a central location and would also provide students and teachers additional space for their academic programs. The modular design of the building has been aspired to be a model for the future designs of DOE administration buildings as it would considerably reduce construction costs and shorten the construction timeframe for this project.

1.4 **REGIONAL SETTING AND PROJECT SITE**

KIS is located at 120 Makani Road in the Makawao district on the Island of Maui. This property is identified as Tax Map Key (TMK): (2) 2-4-032:109) on an approximately 10.4-acre parcel owned by the State of Hawai'i. KIS is bounded by Eddie Tam Memorial Park to the north, Hale Kipa Road to the west, residential homes to the east, and Makani Road to the south as shown in Figure 1.1. Shortly beyond the KIS campus are both urban and rural residential Upcountry Maui neighborhoods, community parks, and agricultural lands. KIS is within the *moku* (district) of Hāmākuapoko in the *ahupua'a* (traditional land division) of Makawao, and within the State's Urban Land Use District. KIS is in Maui County's P-1 Public/Quasi-Public zoning district.

The Project site (also referred to as Project Area) consists of approximately 0.55-acres (24,075 square feet) for the new building and accessory pathways. The site is situated within the northeast portion of the school as shown in Figure 1.1, adjacent to the existing Building O and parking lot. This site is situated entirely within an open grassed lawn area of the KIS campus that is currently maintained and contains a few trees and a few picnic tables. See Exhibit 1-1 for photos of the project site. The terrain of the site appears to have been previously graded during the construction of the school campus in the 1980s.



Photo A: West View of Project site Photo B: South View of Project site Exhibit 1-1. Photos of the Project site within Kalama Intermediate School

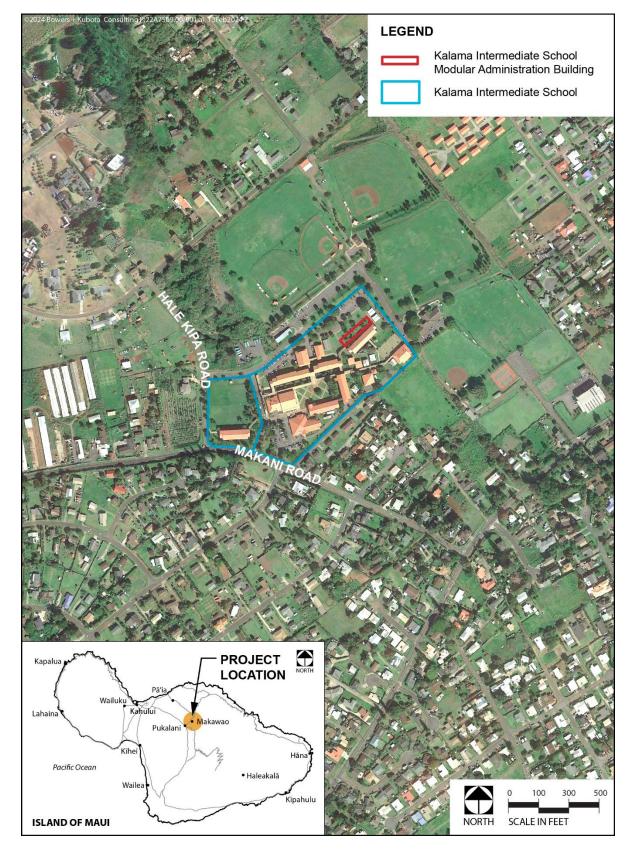


Figure 1.1: Project Location Map

The primary vehicular access to the KIS campus is from Makani Road. This road provides access to the school's main entrance and parking lot. Enoka Place is a short County-owned road routed eastbound from its intersection with Hale Kipa Road. This road provides access to school parking lots along the campus northern boundary. A school driveway from their parking lot off of Makani Road connects to Enoka Place providing another vehicular access location. Enoka Place also provides access to parking lots serving the County's Eddie Tam Memorial Center Park and ballfields. The new administration project site is located adjacent to the school parking lot at the end of Enoka Place.

1.5 DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPOSED ACTION

The DOE is proposing to construct a new Modular Administration Building on the Samuel Enoka Kalama Intermediate School campus. The proposed facility would be a two-story building that will contain several staff offices, conference rooms, a health room, a staff lounge, a lobby, and a general school office space. The proposed Modular Administration Building will be occupied by existing KIS faculty and staff allowing for the consolidation of operations that are now spread out across several other classroom buildings. See Figure 1.2 for the Project Site Plan that includes accessory improvements and area of disturbance. Figure 1.3 includes a preliminary floor plan for this new administration building.

The project will also involve constructing connecting concrete walkways, landscaping, and providing extensions of existing electrical, communications, water, sewer, and drainage utilities within the school to service the new building. Other features of the new administration building include an elevator unit, stairways, restrooms, and the building's storage, telecommunication, electrical, and mechanical utility rooms. The project will not include constructing any new driveways or roads. Overall, the proposed building dimensions would be about 43 feet wide, 181 feet long and encompass approximately 15,000-square feet or 0.4-acres of the site. The building would meet the 40-foot height limit applicable for this school property and Figure 1.4 shows section views of this building.

Area of Disturbance

The total area of ground disturbance would be about 24,075 square feet or 0.55-acres. Ground disturbance activities would include grubbing and minor excavation to remove trees and vegetation, minor grading to level the area for the building foundation and paths, construction of the building and paths, and installation of underground utilities and infrastructure. The extent of grading and ground disturbance is delineated as the Proposed Project Area shown in Figure 1.2.

Demolition

To prepare the site for construction, demolition plans include the removal of about six existing large trees, four bushes, two picnic tables, and portions of concrete walkways. Three other existing large trees would be protected and remain in place. An erosion and sediment control plan would be in place before grading of the site.

LEGEND Modular Administration Building Proposed Project Area Walkway -0 -0 NORTH SCALE IN FEET

Figure 1.2: Project Site Plan

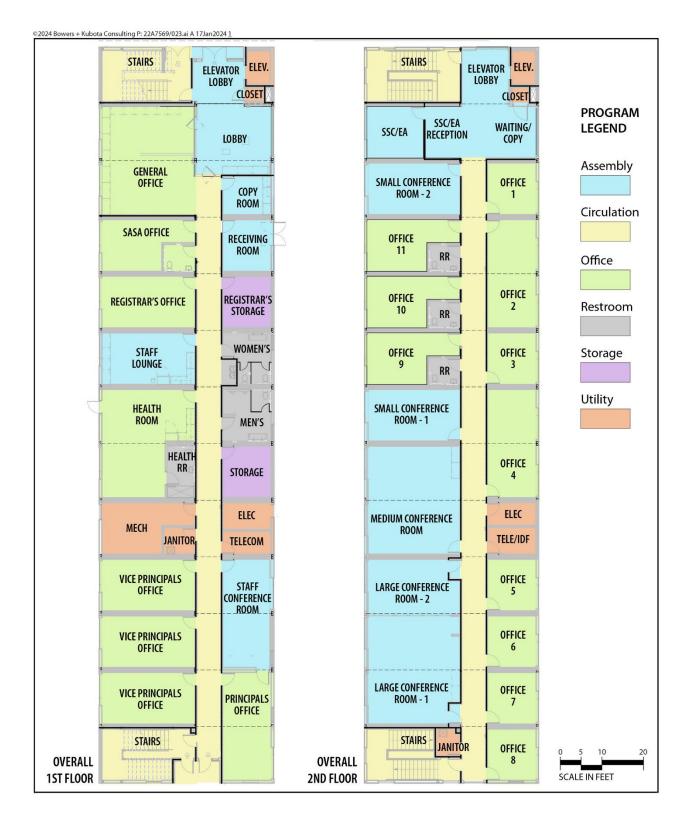
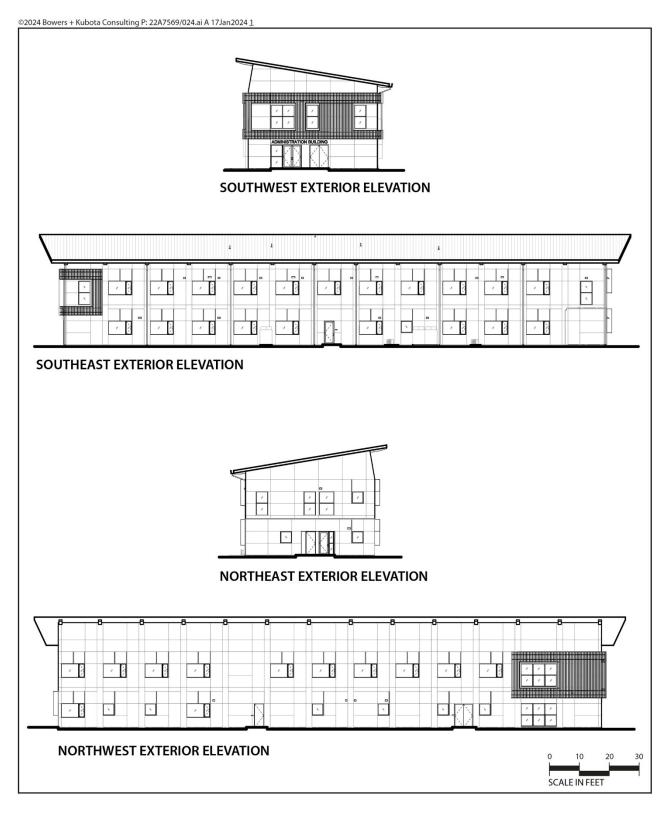


Figure 1.3: Preliminary Administration Building Floor Plan

Figure 1.4: Typical Sections View



1.6 PRELIMINARY PROJECT COST AND TIMELINE

The proposed project is estimated to cost \$10.9 million. Projected costs include site earthwork, construction, labor, and the installation of utilities.

Construction for the project is expected to be completed in about six months beginning in the Fall of 2024 and be operational for use in early to mid-2025.

1.7 **APPROVALS AND PERMITS**

This section provides a table listing the permits and approvals (state and county) required for the project.

Table 1.1: REQUIRED APPROVALS AND PERMITS

APPROVAL OR PERMIT	APPROVING AGENCY
HRS CHAPTER 6E	State of Hawaiʻi: Department of Land and Natural Resources, Historic Preservation Division
COMMUNITY NOISE PERMIT	State of Hawaiʻi: Department of Health, Indoor and Radiological Health Branch
GRUBBING AND GRADING PERMIT	County of Maui: Department of Public Works
BUILDING PERMIT	County of Maui: Planning Department
WATER USE PERMIT	County of Maui: Department of Water Supply
SEWAGE CONNECTION	County of Maui: Department of Environmental Management



2.0 ALTERNATIVES CONSIDERED

As a requirement of HAR §11-200.1-18 (2019), this chapter identifies and considers alternatives to achieve the Purpose and Need of the Proposed Action. These alternatives are described in this section and include a No-Action Alternative.

2.1 ALTERNATIVE 1: NO-ACTION

Under the No-Action Alternative, the Project site's existing conditions would remain the same as the Proposed Action would not take place. For the time being, all the estimated 0.55-acre area designated for the Proposed Action would remain an undeveloped open space on the KIS campus.

In addition, KIS's existing administration program would remain space-limited with facilities and offices spread across various buildings and rooms throughout the KIS campus. As a result, educational programmatic spaces would also remain unchanged.

The No-Action Alternative would fail to meet the purpose and need of the Proposed Action which is to provide greater space, facilities, and administrative resources for the efficient operation of KIS in one location while also freeing up existing spaces for other educational programmatic uses. Because of its failure to meet the Project's purpose and need the No-Action Alternative was determined to not be a feasible alternative and was, therefore, eliminated from further consideration.

2.2 ALTERNATIVE 2: IDENTIFY OTHER LOCATIONS ON CAMPUS

Under Alternative 2, the DOE identified other locations within the KIS campus to construct the new administration building. Other locations would need to be large enough to accommodate the 15,000-square-foot building foundation along with connecting paths for access.

Other large, open, and undeveloped areas identified included the school's playing field and the central Quad area. However, these areas are important and highly utilized areas for students for outdoor activities and as gathering places. Eliminating the playing field or central Quad area would have a significant impact on students and activities.

Other areas would involve having to demolish other existing school buildings already used for school programs. This would reduce classroom space and other facilities used for programs along with being costly, disruptive to school activities, and would have a larger construction impact on the school. The net benefit to the school would be reduced because of the elimination of existing classrooms and would not adequately meet the needs of the Proposed Action. Therefore, the project's proposed location for the new administration building would better achieve the purpose and need since it is only open, undeveloped, and underutilized area large enough for the 15,000-square-feet space needed. This alternative was therefore determined to not be a feasible alternative and was eliminated from further consideration.



3.0 AFFECTED ENVIRONMENT, LIKELY IMPACTS, AND MINIMIZATION MEASURES

This chapter provides a description of the affected environment, including the suitable and adequate regional, location, and site maps, and identifies and assessment the likely environmental impacts associated with the project, and identifies minimization measures to address those impacts, as necessary.

3.1 GEOLOGY, TOPOGRAPHY, AND SOILS

3.1.1 GEOLOGY

Makawao is located at an elevation of over 1,000-feet above mean sea level on Maui along the northern slope of Haleakalā Volcano. According to the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS), Geologic Map of the State of Hawai'i – Island of Maui (Sheet 4) and as seen in Figure 3.1, most of East Maui including the underlying geology of the Project Area is geologically made up of Kula Volcanic rock deposits (USGS, 2021). Kula Volcanics formed from the lava flows of Haleakalā Volcano from about 950,000 to 150,000 years ago (USGS, 2023a). No significant geological formations are known to be present on or beneath the project site.

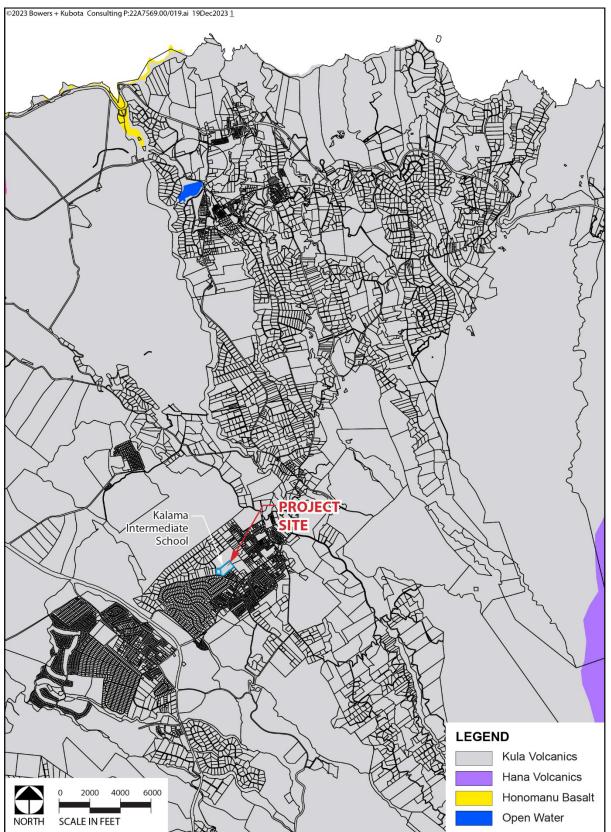
Project Effects

The project would not have a significant long-term or short-term impact on the existing geography associated with the project site or surrounding KIS property. The site has no unique or large geological features and is generally flat. Construction of the new administration building would involve some site minor grading that would not change the existing geography of this site and area. No major cut or fill activities would be required that would significantly alter the underlying geography. Some material may need to be imported to the site to prepare the building's foundation subject to geotechnical design recommendations. However, this would have minimal effect on the geology of the area.

3.1.2 TOPOGRAPHY

The topography associated with project site and immediate area is fairly level and varies from about 1,550 to 1,553 feet above mean sea level (AMSL) within the school property. The site thus has a gentle slope of about 1.0 percent or less since it is an undeveloped area located between the school's parking lot and other existing buildings. The site drains in an eastbound direction toward an existing drainage inlet near two portable buildings.

Figure 3.1: Geology



Project Effects

Proposed improvements would have minimal short- or long-term impact on the existing topography of this site. The topography of the project site is relatively level and this condition would not significantly change with construction of the building's foundation. Some minor grading activities would be required to level areas used for the building's foundation, connecting pathway improvements, and to address drainage requirements. Preliminary plans indicate site drainage would continue to be directed eastbound to the existing drainage inlet by the two portables, However, these improvements would not require a significant cut or fill of areas and thus result in minimal change to the existing topography of the site and surrounding area. Design plans would be prepared which would be reviewed by agencies for compliance with applicable regulations, agency requirements, and obtaining ministerial permits (e.g., grading permit) that would further support minimizing significant impacts from occurring.

3.1.3 Soils

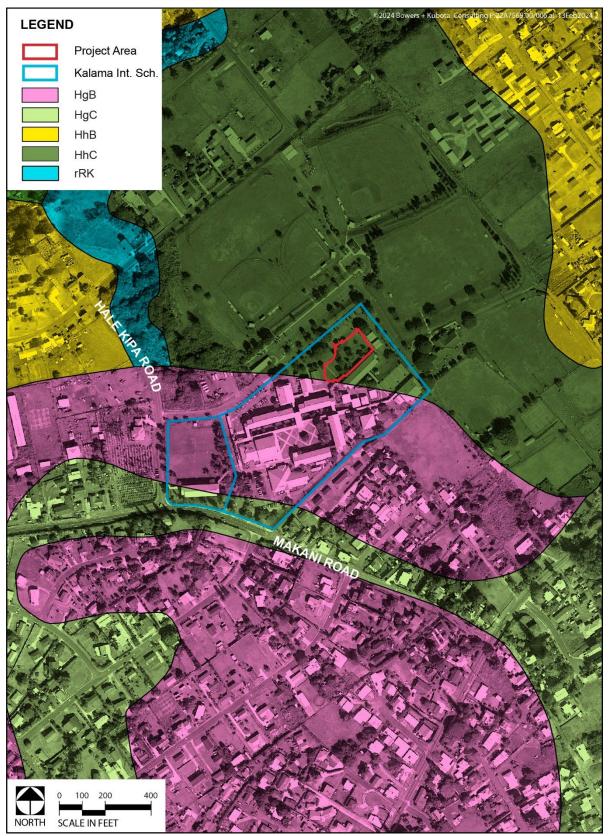
As shown in Figure 3.2, the soils associated with the Project site are mapped as two types of Haliimaile soils: HgB and HhC. The HgB soil type is a Haliimaile silty clay loam characterized as having between a 3% to 7% slope, moderately low to moderately high drainage ability (Ksat: 0.06 to 0.60 in/hr) and having low to no tendency to flood or pond (USDA, 2019). The majority of the KIS campus is within this soil type and only a small area of the western end of the project site is within this soil type. The HhC soil type is a Haliimaile silty clay characterized as having between 7% to 15% slopes, moderately low to moderately high (Ksat: 0.06 to 0.60 in/hr) and having low to no tendency to flood or pond. Although this soil type tends to have higher slopes, development of the KIS property has altered existing topographic conditions by leveling site conditions.

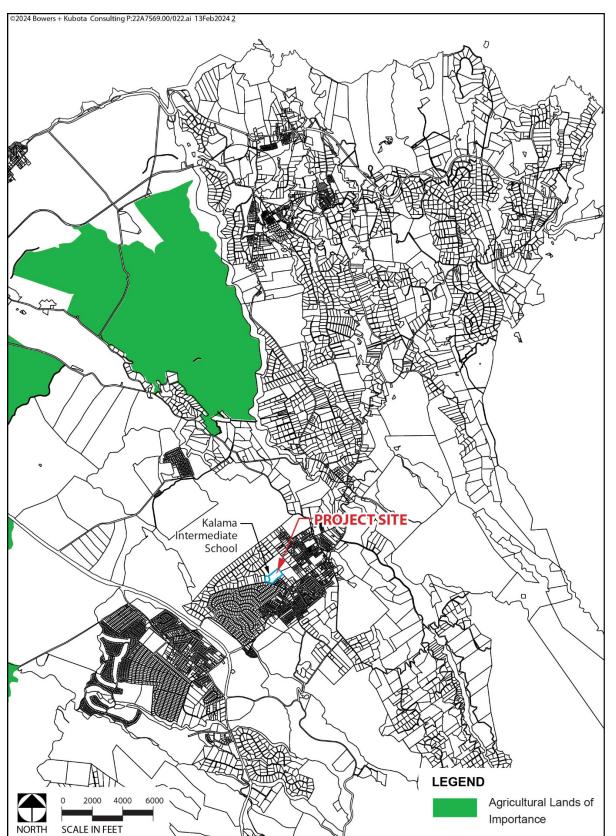
The Project site is not located within an area designated as Agricultural Lands of Importance to the State of Hawaii (ALISH) because it is within the State's Urban District land use designation. According to the ALISH Map as seen in Figure 3.3, the soil at the project site is not considered prime farmland material (USDA, 2019). The site is known to have been altered and graded in the past due to previous use of this area for plantation fields and the later construction of the school in the 1980s.

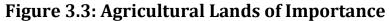
Project Effects

The project would have minimal short- or long-term impact on existing soils associated with this site. No major cut or fill activities would be required that would significantly alter soil conditions or require importing or exporting significant quantities of material. Some material may need to be imported to the site to prepare the foundation for the building subject to geotechnical design recommendations. However, this would have minimal effect on existing soil conditions. Development of KIS along with other surrounding developments may have likely imported material to use for building foundations, roadways, etc. Operations occurring within the new administration building should not have any long-term impact on soil conditions.

Figure 3.2: Soils







Effects on soils from construction activities would be limited to temporary ground disturbance activities such as minor grading or site leveling of the already fairly level site. Construction work associated with project improvements would inevitably involve some temporary land-disturbing activities that could cause minor short-term effects and nuisances. Such effects may be associated with some soil erosion during periods of heavy rainfall or high winds.

Various minimization measures using standard construction best management practices (BMPs) will be incorporated into the project's design plans to minimize potential discharge of pollutants from stormwater before and after construction. This may include developing an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan to prevent or reduce pollutants like sediment from construction sites to entering waterbodies. BMP measures would be instituted following site-specific assessments during the project's design phase, and could incorporate structural and non-structural BMPs, as deemed appropriate. BMPs would be installed before construction and maintained throughout the construction period. Some BMP measures may include, but not be limited to:

- Installation of a perimeter construction fence.
- Installation of Silt Fence or Filter Socks adjacent to and down slope from disturbed areas.
- Installation of dust screens around disturbed areas.
- Utilization of methods to ensure mud, dirt, or debris would be kept onsite and minimized on roadways.
- Use of temporary sprinklers in non-active construction areas and stationing water trucks nearby during construction to provide sprinkling in active areas.
- Installing stabilized construction entrances, tire wash areas, and concrete washout areas.
- Cleaning affected pavements and roads after construction activities.
- Cleaning construction-related equipment of pollutants before and after construction.
- Collecting and placing building debris, as it is created, into roll-off bins or trucks for hauling and removal from the site.

A National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) General Permit for construction stormwater discharge would not be required because construction activities would not disturb at least one-acre of land. The project area is only about 0.55 acres. The Applicant would obtain all required permits and comply with permit conditions to minimize construction impacts on soils which includes the following:

• *Grubbing and Grading Permit* would be obtained from the County of Maui Department of Public Works for the grubbing of vegetation and removal of trees, and excavation or fill of soil, gravel, or rock.

3.2 CLIMATE AND CLIMATE CHANGE

Hawaii's tropical location results in uniform weather conditions throughout the year. Climatic conditions on Maui are characterized by mild and consistent year-round temperatures, moderate humidity, and steady northeast trade winds. Variations in Maui's weather is attributed to regional topography and climatic conditions. For example, areas of higher elevation on Maui such as at Haleakalā and West Maui mountains receive the highest rainfall of about 404 inches of rainfall a year, compared to Central Maui, that has a relatively low and flat topography, with about 16 inches of rain a year (UHM, 2014).

Makawao, like other high elevation areas on the slopes of Haleakalā, has a mesic or moderately moist climate compared to other areas of Maui at lower elevations, as seen in Figure 3.4. The mean annual air temperature in Makawao is 68.9 degrees Fahrenheit with mean annual precipitation averaging 52 inches of rain (UHM, 2014).

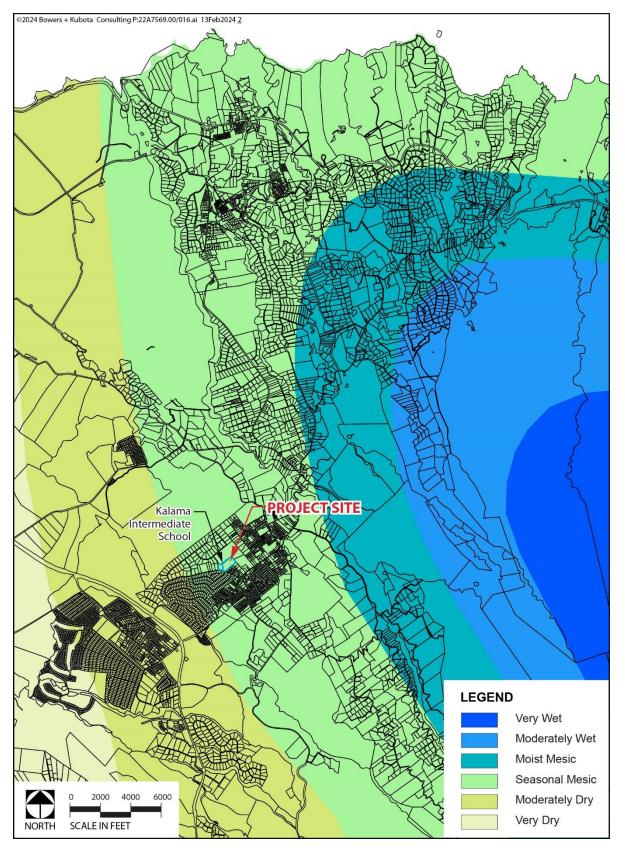
3.2.1 CLIMATE CHANGE

Climate change is a long-term alteration in an area's temperature and typical weather patterns such as local temperatures, average rainfall, humidity, and wind patterns. Scientific data has shown that over the past century, the earth's climate has been increasingly warming due to rising levels of greenhouse gas emissions (GHG) generated from human activities. These changes in climate are already impacting Hawai'i from rising sea levels, changing rainfall and wind patterns, and more frequent extreme weather events. These changes pose a threat to Hawai'i's food security, water supply, economy, cultural heritage, and overall habitability (SOH, 2023).

For instance, over the past 30 years, rainfall has declined significantly, and the islands have experienced more extreme and longer drought conditions. In addition, the number of consecutive days of extreme heavy rainfall has been increasing resulting in increased runoff, erosion, and flooding events (SOH, 2023). Simultaneously, temperatures in Hawaii have been rising and average temperatures in Hawai'i could increase by as much as 2.4 to 7.2 degrees Fahrenheit (F) by the end of the century threatening local energy and water infrastructures, risk of wildfires, and native ecosystems (SOH, 2023).

In 2017, the State of Hawai'i enacted Act 32 which reaffirmed the State's commitment to the goals of the 2016 Paris Agreement and established the Climate Change Commission, which is a multi-jurisdictional group of various Counties and government departments to develop strategies and recommendations for climate change adaptation and mitigation. Two major priorities of the Commission are the reduction of GHG emissions from ground transportation and adaptation to sea level rise. In addition, in 2018, the State established ambitious goals to become carbon neutral by 2045.

Figure 3.4: Moisture Zones



Project Effects from Climate Change

During construction, diesel and gasoline powered construction vehicles or equipment would contribute to short-term minor GHG emissions that contribute to climate change. However, the temporary duration and levels of emissions generated in relation to other GHG emissions occurring statewide would just have negligible or de minimus affect over a short period. During the construction period, contractors would be required to implement emission control methods on their construction equipment as part of best management practices that help minimize GHG emissions.

In the long-term, the operation of the new administration building would similarly have negligible, or de minimus effect on GHG emissions. Because the proposed building will be used by existing KIS faculty and staff, it is not expected to generate additional traffic at the school.

Recommendations established by the Climate Change Commission to combat ground transportation emissions included carbon pricing, electrification of ground transportation including State vehicles, and providing infrastructure to encourage various multi-modal transportation options. The school site is already along major bus routes and bike paths. Additionally, the State has already begun the electrification of some State vehicles. In time, it is anticipated that most State and County vehicles including those used by DOE would be converted as well in order to reach the State's zero emissions goals.

3.2.2 SEA LEVEL RISE

The 2022 Update of the Hawai'i Sea Level Rise Vulnerability and Adaptation Report is a report by the State of Hawai'i that aimed to assess Hawai'i's exposure to climate change induced sea level rise and provide updated recommendations to reduce the State's vulnerabilities to sea level rise. Current best available science has pointed to 3 to 4 feet of sea level rise by 2100 as a mid-range scenario for Hawai'i (HSCC, 2022). An increase in sea level rise to Hawai'i means damage or loss of critical infrastructures, properties, natural resources, ecosystems, and land use in many low-lying coastal areas.

The Sea Level Rise Exposure Area (SLR-XA), a combined projected footprint that maps three chronic flooding hazards with a 3.2-feet sea level rise scenario: passive flooding, annual high-wave flooding, and coastal erosion, is a tool used extensively by state and county agencies for adaptation planning purposes (HSCC, 2022). The entire KIS property containing the project site is not anywhere near areas that may be affected by the 3.2-feet SLR-XA being at an elevation of about 1,550 feet AMSL. Such exposure areas are predominantly located along the shoreline at Kahului Harbor and would increase water levels at the Kanaha Pond Wildlife Sanctuary.

Project Effects from Sea Level Rise

The new administration building should not experience any short- or long-term impact from sea level rise or contribute to issues associated with projected sea level rise. The project site is situated well inland away from the shoreline where most sea level rise effects occur. Therefore, project improvements and operations occurring would not be affected.

3.3 HYDROLOGY

3.3.1 SURFACE WATERS

The town of Makawao is situated between two large watersheds along the northern slopes of Haleakalā. KIS and the project site are located completely within the Māliko Watershed as shown in Figure 3.5. The Māliko Watershed is approximately 27.1 square-miles encompassing half of Makawao and stretching *mauka* (inland "towards the mountain") from the peak of Haleakalā towards the ocean to town of Kū'au. The Māliko Watershed is not classified as a designated water management area by the Department of Land and Natural Resources Commission on Water Resource Management (DLNR-CWRM). Water Management Areas are special regulatory areas that require water source owners to obtain water use permits before the withdrawal of water for various uses.

There is one non-perennial stream (Paholoi Stream) stemming from the adjacent Eddie Tam Memorial Park and flows north (makai) and away from the project site as shown on Figure 3.5. There are no perennial streams or wetlands in the vicinity of the site. Additionally, the project site is located more than six miles inland from the nearest coastal water.

Project Effects on Surface Waters

Construction of improvements would not involve any work within or across existing streams or major drainageways because there are none associated with the project site. Improvements would primarily consist of site-related work involving minor grading and leveling of areas and improving surfaces for pathways, foundation and building construction, etc. Site work would include addressing drainage conditions associated with the project from increased impervious surfaces created. This work should have minimal effect on existing drainage patterns in the area since no major site improvements are necessary. Drainage swales provided would direct stormwater runoff to new drainage inlets provided around the new building. The project should thus have no long-term impact on surface water resources such as streams or wetlands.

3.3.2 GROUNDWATER

Groundwater is one of the most important natural resources in Hawai'i as it is the main source of freshwater statewide. Located beneath the water table within volcanic rock aquifers, groundwater provides about 99% of Hawai'i's domestic water use and about 50% of all freshwater used in the state (USGS, 2016). Much of this groundwater comes from rainfall, fog drip, and irrigation water that isn't lost to runoff or evapotranspiration.

As shown in Figure 3.6, the Project site is located within the Makawao Aquifer System which is one of four aquifers that make up Maui's Central Aquifer Sector. The Makawao Aquifer System is a land-locked aquifer that encompasses the towns of Makawao, Pukalani, and Pulehu town. This aquifer system is not classified by DLNR-CWRM as a Groundwater Management Area, therefore, water resource owners in this area would not be required to

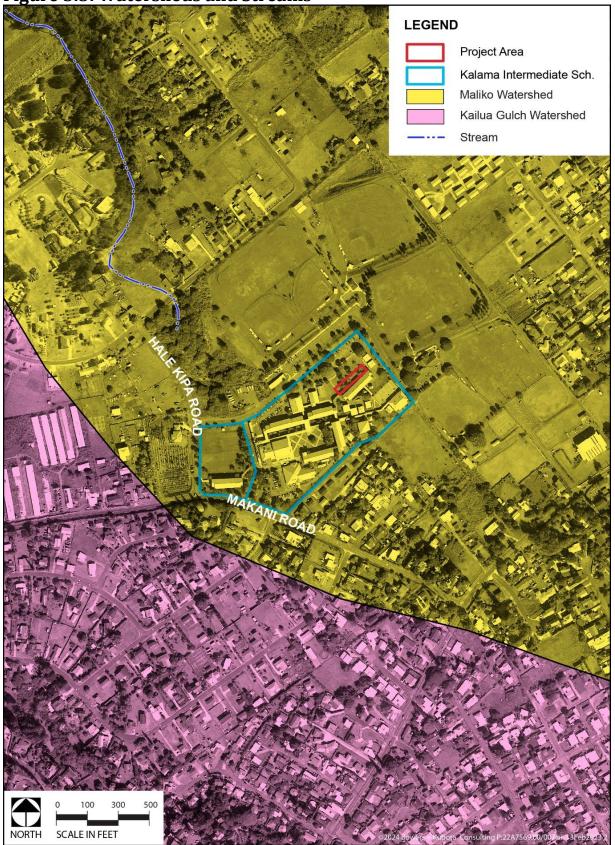
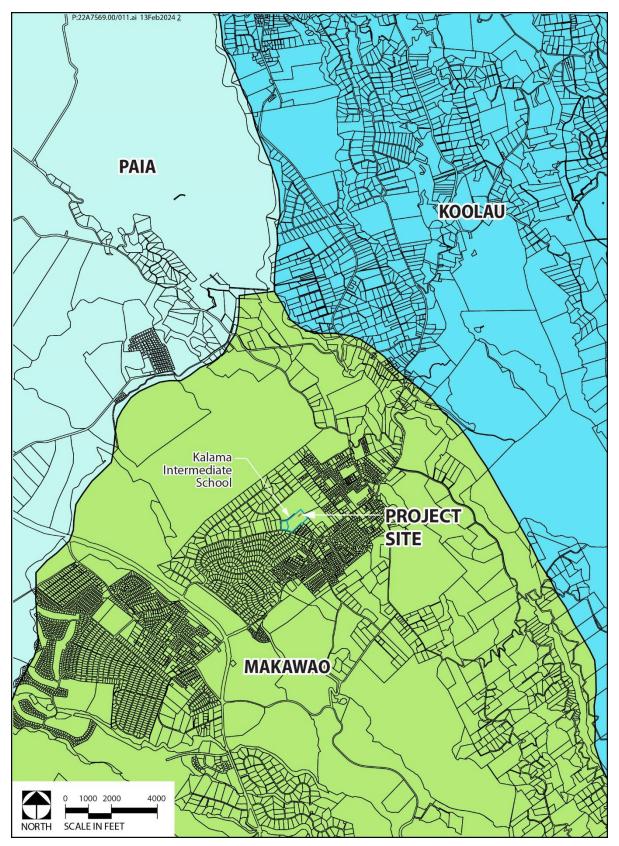


Figure 3.5: Watersheds and Streams

Figure 3.6: Aquifers



obtain water use permits to withdraw groundwater. According to the County of Maui Department of Water Supply (DWS), the Makawao Aquifer System has a groundwater sustainable yield (SY) of 7 million gallons per day (MGD) which is the maximum rate that groundwater can be withdrawn without impairing the water source (DWS, 2016).

DWS serves five sections within the County: Central Maui, East Maui, Moloka'i, Upcountry Maui, and West Maui. The KIS campus is served by DWS's Upcountry Maui System, Maui's second largest water system, which provides 9,952 meters of water service from Pā'ia-Ha'ikū towards Kēōkea town. The Upcountry Maui System receives 15% of its water from groundwater and 85% from surface waters (DWS, 2011).

To safeguard groundwater sources and Maui's drinking water supply from contamination, DWS has delineated Wellhead Protection Overlay Zones that would cover Wellhead Protection Areas or the surface to subsurface areas surrounding a water well through which contaminants can move toward and reach important water wells (DWS, 2023). The Wellhead Protection Overlay Zones are divided into three zones based on the time it takes a drop of water to travel to the drinking water well. Zone A are areas nearest the well with the most potential to contribute to groundwater contamination. Zone B areas take 2 years or less and in Zone C it takes up to 10 years of travel time for water or contaminants to reach the water supply. As shown in Figure 3.7 (Wellhead Zone), the Kokomo-Pi'iholi-'Awalau Wellhead Protection Overlay District is the closest to the project site, however, this does not overlay the town of Makawao and the project site.

As described in Section 3.2 (Climate and Climate Change), climate change impacts such as rising sea levels, rising temperatures, and changes in rainfall patterns would pose a threat to Hawaii's natural resources such as freshwater supply. Currently, the main factors threatening groundwater availability in Hawai'i are saltwater intrusion, the reduction of discharge to streams and the ocean, and lowering of water levels from water usage (USGS, 2016). Because the Makawao Aquifer is inland and land-locked, saltwater intrusion would not be an issue, although rising temperatures and changes in rainfall patterns would increase the frequency of extended droughts and water contamination which may all negatively affect the water supply in the future (SOH, 2023).

Project Effects on Groundwater

Short-term construction related activities should not have any effect on the underlying aquifer system. Site grading activities would be minor given the site's already fairly level topography and thus not involve any major cutting into a hillside or topographic features that may affect groundwater infiltration. Water used for construction activities would similarly be minimal and short-term not negatively impacting the underlying aquifer's sustainable yield.

The new administration building constructed would result in a small increase in the extent of impervious areas within the currently undeveloped site given the relatively small site for improvements. Actual areas improved would be subject to the design phase in finalizing site and building improvements for construction. This small increase in impervious areas should have minimal impact on the underlying aquifer in terms of groundwater recharge.

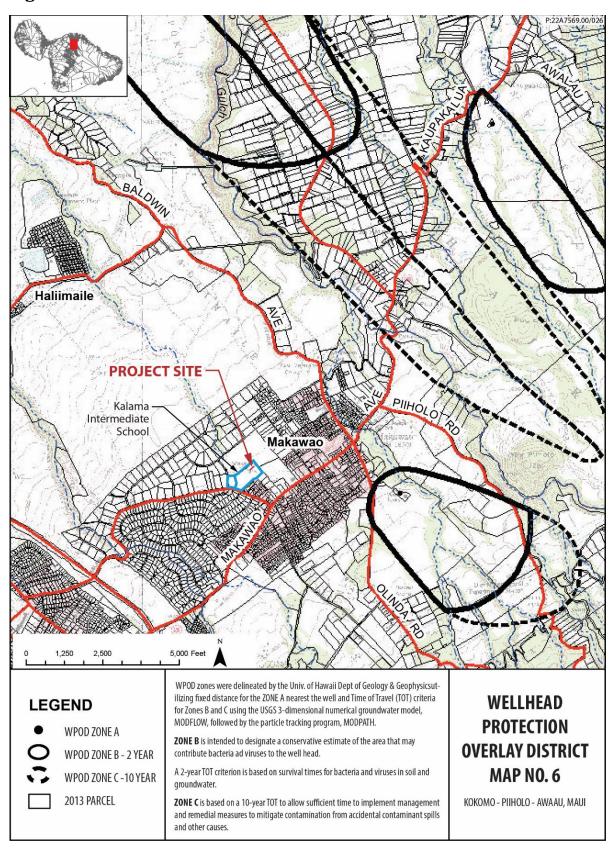


Figure 3.7: Wellhead Protection Zones

Increased potable water demand generated from the project should have minimal impact on groundwater resources because the new administration building would accommodate existing faculty and administrative staff. Therefore, potable water demand with the project should generally remain the same (restrooms, etc.). Restrooms included within the new building are expected to connect to the school's existing sewer system for treatment and disposal and would therefore not discharge treated sewage into the site's underlying aquifer system.

3.4 AIR QUALITY

The Clean Air Act of the 1970s with subsequent Amendments in the 1990s, is the U.S. federal air quality law intended to reduce and control air pollution nationwide. The Clean Air Act is administered by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and in coordination with state and local governments established both National and State Ambient Air Quality Standards (AAQS) to protect both public health and welfare from the harmful effects of "criteria" pollutants (DOH, 2015). These criteria pollutants include carbon monoxide (CO), lead (Pb), nitrogen dioxide (NO₂), particulate matter (PM₁₀), particulate matter (PM_{2.5}), and ozone, sulfur dioxide (SO₂). The State also set a standard for hydrogen sulfide (H₂S). The State of Hawai'i, Department of Health (DOH), Clean Air Branch is responsible for air pollution control in Hawai'i through permitting, monitoring air quality, and enforcing federal and state standards.

U.S. Air Quality Index (AQI), the EPA's index for reporting air quality, is provided by the DOH Environmental Health Division. According to information provided, air quality levels on Maui as a whole are good. An air quality monitoring station in Kahului for particulate matter (PM_{2.5}) was rated as "good" meaning air quality is satisfactory and air pollution poses little or no risk to public health (EPA, 2023). Another station in Kīhei monitoring PM_{2.5} was similarly rated as good. With these being more populated areas on Maui with vehicle traffic, etc., the Makawao area can be reasonably estimated to similarly have good air quality especially being less populated and congested.

The project site is surrounded mainly by residential uses and active agricultural lands. The largest sources of air pollution surrounding the project area are most likely associated with agricultural operations and motor vehicles using the roadway network near the project area. Emissions from these sources consist primarily of particulate matter, carbon monoxide, sulfur dioxide, and nitrogen oxides.

In addition to the AAQS, the DOH regulates fugitive dust. HAR Section 11-60.1-33, Fugitive Dust, states that no person shall cause or permit visible fugitive dust to become airborne without taking reasonable precautions, and no person shall cause or permit the discharge of visible fugitive dust beyond the property lot line on which the fugitive dust originates (DOH, 2019). Fugitive dust particles from activities such as soil moving, earthwork, and heavy construction have the potential to be lifted into the air and pollute air and surface waters posing a public health risk. This rule applies to construction projects and would therefore be applicable to the project.

Project Effects

Soms short-term construction-related impacts to air quality are anticipated with implementation of the project. There are two potential types of air pollution emissions that could result in direct short-term air quality impacts during the construction period:

(1) Fugitive dust from earth-moving activities, crushing and screening activities, unregulated stockpiling of soil material, and construction vehicle movements.

(2) Diesel and/or gasoline-powered emissions from construction vehicles and equipment.

Indirectly, there could also be short-term air quality impacts from the addition of construction vehicular traffic, from slow-moving construction equipment traveling to and from the site, and from a temporary increase in local traffic caused by commuting construction workers. However, because levels of criteria pollutants on Maui are below National and State AAQS and because trade winds rapidly carry pollutants offshore, slight increases in the levels of criteria pollutants on site are not expected to be significant, and not anticipated to exceed AAQS.

BMPs would be described in construction plans and specifications to minimize the discharge of air pollutants before and after construction. BMPs for fugitive dust and engine emissions would be installed before construction and maintained throughout the construction period. Some BMPs which are consistent with measures recommended by DOH in the Fugitive Dust Fact Sheet (DOH, 2019), may include, but not be limited to:

- Designing, developing, and implementing a dust control plan.
- Applying water, dust suppressants, or suitable compounds on roads, material stockpiles, and on construction areas.
- Establish and monitor speed limits for onsite vehicles.
- Cover all moving, open-bodied trucks transporting soil or dusty material.
- Install dust screens or wind barriers around the construction site.
- Stabilize and cover stockpile materials.
- Limiting areas to be disturbed at any given time.
- Clean nearby pavements and paved roads affected by construction.
- Providing a buffer zone between the construction site and residential areas.
- Moving heavy construction equipment during periods of lower traffic volume.
- Adjusting schedules of commuting construction workers to avoid peak hours in the Project vicinity.
- Implementing emission control methods on construction equipment.

The project is not expected to result in any long-term impacts on air quality from vehicle emissions occurring at KIS or nearby locations that attract large volumes of motor vehicle traffic. The new administration building is intended to accommodate existing school faculty and administrative staff and thus not generate additional staff at KIS. Therefore, there should be no change in existing faculty related traffic to the school site and thus not increase emissions that may affect surrounding air quality.

3.5 NOISE

The Noise Control Act of 1972 is the U.S. federal noise law intended to protect residents from noise that would jeopardize public health and welfare. Under the Noise Control Act, the EPA in coordination with state and local governments, required noise control standards which is now law under the Hawai'i Environmental Quality Act and is codified under HRS Chapter 342F (DOH, 2017). Administered by the State Department of Health Indoor and Radiological Health Branch, HRS Chapter 342F regulates noise pollution and addresses community noise controls.

Noise is affected by several factors including the frequency of the sound, period of noise exposure, and changes or fluctuations in the noise levels during exposure. The DOH regulates noise exposure in the following rules:

- HRS, Section 342F Noise Pollution
- HAR, Section 11-46 Community Noise Control
- HAR, Section 12-200.1 Occupational Noise Exposure

HAR, Section 11-46, Community Noise Control, defines maximum permissible sound levels for certain zoning districts and provides minimization and mitigation controls for stationary noises, and equipment related to agriculture, construction, and industrial activities (HAR, 2015). Accordingly, as shown in Table 3.1, noise emitted from the KIS property would typically be regulated under the Class A category as the school site is zoned P-1 Public/Quasi district that is intended for public use. However, under HAR Section 11-46-5(7) Exemptions, any school activity approved by school authorities is exempt from these noise regulations provided the activities are limited between the hours of 7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.

ZONING DISTRICTS	DAYTIME (7 A.M. TO 10 P.M.)	NIGHTTIME (10 P.M. TO 7A.M.)
CLASS A (LANDS ZONED RESIDENTIAL, CONSERVATION, PRESERVATION, PUBLIC SPACE, OPEN SPACE, OR SIMILAR TYPE)	55 dBA	45 dBA
CLASS B (LANDS ZONED FOR MULTI-FAMILY DWELLINGS, APARTMENT, BUSINESS, COMMERCIAL, HOTEL, RESORT, OR SIMILAR TYPE)	60 dBA	50 dBA
CLASS C (LANDS ZONED AGRICULTURE, COUNTRY, INDUSTRIAL, OR SIMILAR TYPE)	70 dBA	70 dBA

Table 3.1: MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE SOUND LEVELS IN dBA1

¹ Hawaii Administrative Rules, Section 11-46, Community Noise Control. 2015.

Existing noise in and surrounding the project area is consistent with that of a residential environment. These existing noises include typical noise generated from residential homes, school activities, park activities, motor vehicles traveling along adjacent roads.

Project Effects

Noise generated from the project would be primarily associated with short-term construction activities versus the long-term activities occurring at the site. Construction activities would be short-term and would mostly be limited to the site. These short-term effects would not have a significant impact on the surrounding environment and typical BMPs would help minimize effects. Noise generated off-site would include construction vehicles traveling to or from the construction site typically when starting or ending activities for the day. Construction activities on-site would be generated from construction

equipment that would likely include, but not be limited to excavators, bulldozers, water trucks, chain saws, and trucks. Exhibit 3-1 shows typical noise levels from commonly used heavy equipment 50 feet away from the source.

Typical earthmoving equipment such as bulldozers or pavers would probably be the loudest equipment used during construction. However, the site does not require major cutting or filling activities that should reduce the duration and extent of such equipment. These construction-related noises may be

Exhibit 3-1. Construction Equipment Noise Levels		
Equipment	Typical Noise Level 50 Feet from Source	
Backhoe	80 dBA	
Dozer	85 dBA	
Generator	81 dBA	
Grader	85 dBA	
Loader	85 dBA	
Paver	89 dBA	
Scraper	89 dBA	
Truck	88 dBA	

audible at KIS buildings located adjacent to the site if occurring during school hours. Typical noise levels decrease 6 dBA when doubling the distance away. Therefore, noise levels at nearby school buildings and portables should be lower than that shown on the exhibit. In comparison, average noise from a washing machine is about 70 dBA and gaspowered lawnmowers or leaf blowers are about 90 dBA. The specific equipment used would be determined by the contractor, and the equipment identified represents a reasonable approximation of what likely noise levels would be generated.

Therefore, construction activities would inevitably result in short-term, but minor to moderate noise impacts. The extent of these impacts would vary depending on the stage of construction, wind direction, specific equipment being used, distance to the receptor, and the duration of each activity. Therefore, the ability to control construction noise levels relates primarily to the duration and time of construction activity in any one day.

In cases where construction noise exceeds or is expected to exceed the State's "maximum permissible" property line noise levels, a permit must be obtained from the State DOH to allow the operation of vehicles, construction equipment, power tools, etc., which emit such noise levels. This ministerial permit is typical for construction activities. Prior to issuing the noise permit, DOH may require the contractor to incorporate noise mitigation into the construction plan or require the contractor to conduct noise monitoring or community meetings to discuss construction noise.

The DOH noise permit does not limit the noise level generated at the construction site, but rather the times at which construction can take place. Specific permit restrictions for construction activities are:

- 1. No permit shall allow any construction activities which emit noise in excess of the maximum permissible sound levels ... before 7:00 AM and after 6:00 PM of the same day, Monday through Friday.
- 2. No permit shall allow any construction activities which emit noise in excess of the maximum permissible sound levels... before 9:00 AM and after 6:00 PM on Saturday.
- 3. No permit shall allow any construction activities which emit noise in excess of the maximum permissible sound levels on Sundays and on holidays.

The Project's contractor would ensure that the operation of construction equipment and activities would occur during acceptable times to minimize the short-term on school activities and classrooms. The contractor would coordinate with DOH and DOE to ensure compliance and provide the school with sufficient advanced notice of construction activities.

No significant increase in noise levels over existing levels is anticipated from the operation of the new administration building. The project should thus have minimal, if any, long-term negative effect on noise levels within KIS. Building operations would occur within the new air-conditioned building and are not expected to generate significant noise sources outside of the building that may negatively impact school activities and classrooms. In addition, according to HAR Section 11-46-5, any school activity which is approved by school authorities is exempt from State noise controls if activities are from the hours of 7:00 a.m. to 10 p.m. (HAR, 2015). Operation of the facilities would occur during these hours and is not expected to exceed the maximum permissible sound levels for the area.

3.6 FLORA AND FAUNA

A biological survey to address the project's effect on terrestrial flora and fauna was conducted by SWCA Environmental Consultants (SWCA), and a copy of their Flora and Fauna Survey Report is included in Appendix B. A team of SWCA biologists conducted a survey of the project site within KIS on September 20, 2023. During the survey, all vascular plant species, vegetation, and wildlife species were recorded. No special-status species were detected in the survey area. A summary of their results is provided.

3.6.1 FLORA

The vegetation present in the survey area consists of two vegetation types: 1) landscaped vegetation, and 2) ruderal vegetation. In all, 12 plant species were recorded in the survey area, none of which are native to the Hawaiian Islands. The biological report includes an appendix providing a list of all vascular plant species observed during the survey. No U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service designated critical habitat for federally endangered plant species was observed within the survey area.

Landscaped vegetation occurs as planted trees among the mowed areas of the project site, as well as some shrubs and herbaceous species along the edges. Some of the landscaped trees are Formosan koa (*Acacia confusa*) and *Senna siamea*; shrubs include ti (*Cordyline fruticosa*) and *Dracaena reflexa* (See Exhibit 3-2).

The ruderal vegetation in the survey area consisted primarily of kikuyu grass (*Cenchrus clandestinus*). These areas are frequently mowed and were experiencing a period of drought during the time of the survey. Other herbaceous species were occasionally seen, such as creeping indigo (*Indigofera spicata*) and Guinea grass (*Urochloa maxima*) as shown on Exhibit 3-2.



Landscaped Vegetation Present Ruderal Vegetation Present Exhibit 3-2. View of Landscaped and Ruderal Vegetation Present on Site

Project Effects on Flora

The vegetation type and species identified during the survey are not considered unique, and no native plant species were recorded at the site, meaning none of them are threatened or endangered, proposed for listing, or a candidate plant. The proposed project is not expected to have a significant or adverse long-term impact on botanical resources. Weedy non-native plant species are common in the survey area. Most of these weedy species are widespread in Hawai'i, and their control is not expected to result in a significant decrease in their number or distribution.

Short-term construction activities are known to spread invasive species to new areas through the movement of vehicles and materials. As a result, the following invasive species minimization measures are proposed to avoid the unintentional introduction or transport of new terrestrial invasive species to Maui:

- All construction equipment and vehicles arriving from outside of Maui should be washed and inspected before entering the survey area.
- Construction materials arriving from outside of Maui should also be washed and/or visually inspected (as appropriate) for excessive debris, plant materials, and invasive or harmful non-native species (plants, amphibians, reptiles, and insects).

- Inspection and cleaning activities should be conducted at a designated location before entering the survey area. The inspectors should be qualified botanists and/or entomologists able to identify invasive species that are of concern relevant to the point of origin of the equipment, vehicle, or material.
- When possible, raw materials (e.g., gravel, rock, soil) should be purchased from a local supplier on Maui to avoid introducing non-native species not present on the island.
- If landscaping occurs as part of the project, native Hawaiian plants or non-invasive plants should be used to the maximum extent possible.

3.6.2 FAUNA

Two non-native bird species were observed during the survey consisting of: 1) feral chicken (*Gallus gallus*); and 2) Zebra dove (*Geopelia striata*). Both species are common in disturbed mid-elevation areas on Maui.

Endangered Hawaiian waterbirds were not detected during the field survey, and the project footprint does not consist of potential foraging habitat such as lowland streams with herbaceous riparian vegetation or tidal mudflats that would support waterbird foraging. Seabirds were not observed in the survey area but may potentially fly over the survey area to and from higher-elevation nesting areas during the seabird fledging period.

Although the feral cat (*Felis catus*), feral pig (*Sus scrofa*), house mouse (*Mus musculus*), and rats (*Rattus* spp.) were not detected, they are likely to occur in the survey area. In addition, federally and state endangered Hawaiian hoary bat forage and roost habitat does occur in the survey area within the landscaped vegetation type.

No reptiles or amphibians were detected. No terrestrial reptiles and amphibians are native to Hawai'i. No native or non-native insects or other invertebrates were observed during the survey. No special-status species were observed in the survey area.

Project Effects on Fauna

The project would not have a significant long-term impact on non-native bird species observed or others likely present in the area. These results would similarly apply to feral mammals occurring in the project area (e.g. house mice). The project would also not affect reptiles or amphibians or native or non-native insects or other invertebrates having special status. However, minimization measures are proposed to avoid effects on seabirds and the Hawaiian Hoary Bat.

Major threats to the endangered Hawaiian petrel (*Pterodroma sandwichensis*) and threatened Newell's shearwater (*Puffinus newelli*) include the attraction of adults and newly fledged juveniles to bright lights while transiting between their nest sites and the ocean. Juvenile birds are particularly vulnerable to light attraction and are sometimes grounded when they become disoriented by lights. Many of these grounded birds are vulnerable to mammalian predators or to being struck by vehicles. The following recommendations are provided to avoid and minimize light attraction of the endangered Hawaiian petrel and threatened Newell's shearwater to the survey area and would be incorporated into design plans developed:

- Restricting construction activities to daylight hours as much as practicable during the seabird breeding season (April November) to avoid the use of nighttime lighting that could attract seabirds.
- Shielding all outdoor lights to prevent upward radiation which has been shown to reduce the potential for seabird attraction.
- Turning off outside lights that are not needed for security and safety from dusk through dawn during the fledgling fallout period (September 15 December 15).

Hawaiian hoary bats occur on Maui in native, non-native, agricultural, and developed landscapes. Hawaiian hoary bats forage in open, wooded, and linear habitats with a wide range of vegetation types. These animals are insectivores and are regularly observed foraging over streams, reservoirs, and wetlands up to 300 feet offshore. Hawaiian hoary bats typically roost in trees greater than 16 feet tall that 1) have dense canopy foliage; or 2) in the subcanopy when the canopy is sparse and there is open access for launching into flight.

Hawaiian hoary bats have been documented roosting in mango trees (*Mangifera indica*) and may roost in other trees (e.g., hau) that occur in the survey area. In addition, the Hawaiian hoary bat could forage over the ruderal vegetation type and within the corridor created by the road. Direct impacts to bats could occur during vegetation removal if a juvenile bat that is too small to fly but too large to be carried by a parent is present in a tree or branch that is cut down. To prevent direct impacts to the Hawaiian hoary bat, the following measures are recommended and incorporated into design plans developed:

- No trees taller than 15 feet (4.6 m) in the survey area should be trimmed or removed between June 1 and September 15 when flightless juvenile bats may be roosting in the trees.
- Any fences that are erected as part of the project should have a barbless top-strand wire to prevent entanglements of the Hawaiian hoary bat on barbed wire.

3.7 NATURAL HAZARDS

Due to Hawai'i's location in the Pacific Ocean, the island's topographic landscape, geologic makeup, and climate, Hawaii is vulnerable to several natural hazards that can threaten both communities and physical infrastructure. These hazards include flooding, sea level rise, hurricanes, tsunamis, earthquakes, volcanic eruptions, and wildfires. Some of these hazards have the potential for greater impacts in the future due to climate change. The vulnerability of the project to these hazards are described below:

3.7.1 FLOODING

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) has identified Special Flood Hazard Areas or high-risk areas that are vulnerable to flooding. These Flood Hazard Areas are delineated on FEMA's Digital Flood Insurance Rate Maps (DFIRM). Two of the most common types of flooding are river and coastal flooding, however, heavy rains, poor drainage, and construction projects can put certain areas at risk for flood damage (FEMA, 2023). The County has established rules and regulations in Chapter 19.62 of the Maui County Code to minimize risks to life and property from developments or activities in special flood hazard areas (COM, 2023).

As described in Section 3.2 (Climate and Climate Change), climate change has the potential to increase variations in rainfall patterns and may increase the frequency of and extent of flooding in Hawai'i (SOH, 2023). As a result, increased flood events will pose a higher risk to communities, developments, and infrastructure in the future especially in those areas that are in existing Special Flood Hazard Areas.

As shown in Figure 3.8 (Flood Zones), the project site is within an area of minimal flood hazard, Flood Zone X, on the FEMA DFIRM. Zone X is an area determined to be outside the 500-year flood zone, with minimal risk of flooding.

Project Effects from Flood Hazards

The project should have minimal short- or long-term impact on potential flood hazards associated with the site and surrounding school area. Site improvements for the project would slightly change existing topographic conditions to accommodate the new building and pathway improvements. However, this should have minimal effect on potential flood conditions that are already low risk (Zone X) for this area because improvements would not be large enough to significantly change the overall flow of regional drainage conditions in the area.

The new building would slightly increase impervious area at this site, however, site design would include measures to minimize increased stormwater discharges and provide sufficient drainage improvements. Increased runoff from the developed site should not affect the school's existing drainage system. Therefore, existing flood hazard conditions at this site and at other adjacent existing uses would not be changed or significantly impacted by the project.

3.7.2 TROPICAL STORMS AND HURRICANES

Tropical storms (winds between 39 to 73 mph) and hurricanes (winds greater than 74 mph) are tropical cyclones that occur over tropical or subtropical oceans and gain their energy from warm ocean waters (NOAA, 2020). Characterized by high winds, heavy rainfall, and large storm surges, these tropical cyclones can have devastating impacts to coastal areas. The Hawaiian Islands are seasonally affected by tropical storms and hurricanes in the Pacific Ocean from June to November.

In the near future, it is expected that warmer oceans due to climate change would create better conditions for more frequent, irregular, and intense tropical cyclones to form in the Pacific Ocean and approach the Hawaiian Islands. The Project site may be impacted in the future by a tropical storm or hurricane that comes directly to or near Maui Island.

Figure 3.8: Flood Zones

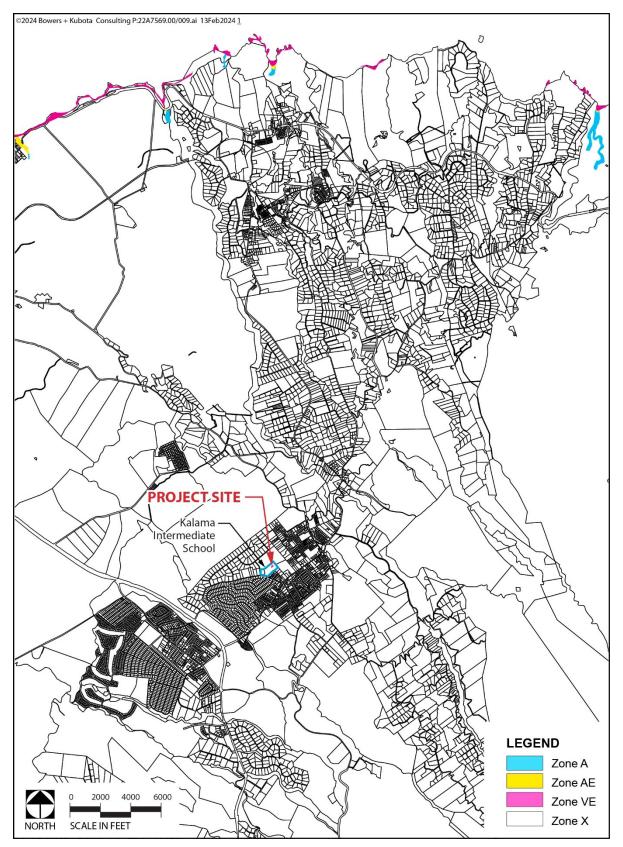
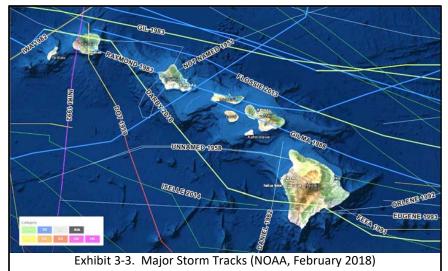


Exhibit 3-3 shows the paths of prior hurricanes and tropical storms that affected the Hawaiian Islands from 1950-2016 based upon information from the National Oceanic Atmospheric

Administration (NOAA). Hurricane Darby recently impacted the State in the summer of 2016, bringing heavy rain and widespread flash flooding to windward areas across



the state. The Central Pacific basin had a record number of storms (15) in 2015. Not all of these storms pass directly through the state, and actual hurricane strikes on the Hawaiian Islands are relatively rare in the modern record. More commonly, hurricanes pass close to the islands generating large swells and moderately high winds causing varying degrees of damage (USGS, 2002). Of these storms, Hurricanes Dot (1959), Iwa (1982) and Iniki (1992) directly hit the Island of Kaua'i.

Project Effects from Hurricanes

The three major elements making a hurricane hazardous are: 1) strong winds and gusts; 2) large waves and storm surge; and 3) heavy rainfall (FEMA, 1993). Impacts from hurricanes can thus be severe and lead to beach erosion, large waves, high winds, and marine overwash despite the fact that the hurricane may have missed a particular island (USGS, 2002). Study of the aftermath of Hurricane Iniki found that a significant threat related to hurricane overwash along the coastline in the Hawaiian Islands is due to water-level rise from wave forces rather than wind forces.

The project site may be impacted in the future by a tropical storm or hurricane that comes directly to or near Maui Island. A hurricane of significant strength and high winds passing directly over or close to the Island of Maui could cause damage to project improvements along with surrounding areas. However, proposed improvements are located a considerable distance away from the shoreline and should not be affected by large waves or storm surge.

Heavy rainfall and high winds may cause some damage to project improvements along with other structures in the surrounding area. To minimize potential hurricane damage, facilities, structures and other improvements would be designed and constructed in conformance to applicable State and County design standards and building codes. Therefore, the susceptibility of being damaged from a hurricane would be no different from other structures or buildings present in the surrounding area.

3.7.3 TSUNAMI RISK

A tsunami is a series of extremely long ocean waves caused by a large and abrupt displacement of the ocean that are mostly generated by earthquakes in marine or coastal regions, undersea volcanic eruptions, or landslides (NOAA, 2019). A tsunami can cause widespread destruction of coastal structures and communities. Over the past centuries, about 78% of tsunamis have occurred in the Pacific Ocean (NOAA, 2019). Predicting when and where a tsunami will strike is currently impossible. Therefore, the tsunami evacuation zone has been established throughout the State of Hawai'i as areas that should serve as a guideline as the minimum safe evacuation distance in the event of a tsunami (HIEMA, 2020).

The project site is not located within the tsunami evacuation zone or the extreme tsunami evacuation zone. That evacuation zone includes the shoreline area up to about West Wakae Avenue. The KIS site is located miles away from the shoreline at an elevation of about 1,550 feet AMSL and would not be affected by a tsunami.

Project Effects from Tsunami

The project's improvements have no likelihood of being significantly impacted and damaged by a tsunami based upon the evacuation zones discussed because the site is located miles away from these areas and at a high elevation. Structures and other improvements would also be designed and constructed in conformance to applicable State and County design standards and building codes.

3.7.4 EARTHQUAKES

Thousands of earthquakes occur every year in Hawai'i because of the presence of active volcanoes and the weight of the islands on Earth's underlying crust (USGS, 2017). Most earthquakes in Hawai'i today occur on or near Hawai'i Island in active volcanic areas such as Kīlauea, Mauna Loa, and Kama'ehuakanaloa (formerly Lō'ihi Seamount) volcanoes. However, only very few earthquakes from Hawai'i Island have been documented to be large enough to cause significant damage and impact residents across the State including Maui Island (USGS, 2017). Major earthquakes in the future that would most likely occur near Hawai'i Island's volcanoes may be large enough to impact the project site.

The Moloka'i Fracture Zone is an extension of a transform fault from the East Pacific Rise that extends from Moloka'i to the Gulf of California. This fracture is tectonic in origin and suspected to contribute to central region seismicity associated with an active seafloor. Because two known earthquakes (1871 and 1938) have occurred along the fracture, it is referred to as the Moloka'i Seismic Zone.

Project Effects from Earthquakes

The USGS has assigned seismic hazard intensity ratings to all islands on a scale from 1 to 4, with 1 representing lowest hazard and 4 the highest (USGS, 2002). Maui possesses a seismic risk ranking of 2 indicating a lower hazard. Earthquake hazard risk within the project area is comparable to other areas of the island. The new building and accessory improvements should not be significantly impacted by most earthquakes occurring within

the state due to the island's lower risk rating. To minimize potential damage, facilities, structures and other improvements would be designed and constructed in conformance to applicable State and County design standards and building codes.

3.7.5 VOLCANIC ERUPTIONS

To date, there are six active volcanoes throughout the Hawaiian Islands, most of which are located on or near Hawai'i Island. The Island of Maui has one active volcano, East Maui Volcano or Haleakalā, which has erupted at least 10 times during the past 1,000 years (USGS, 2023b). The West Maui Volcano is now considered to be extinct. Haleakalā's long eruptive history and recent activity about 400 years ago indicate that the volcano will erupt in the unforeseen future.

Project Effects from Volcanic Eruptions

The project site in Makawao is located on the lower eastern slopes of Haleakalā. The most likely impacts to the site from volcanoes would be from more active volcanic eruptions that occur on Hawai'i Island that may bring heavy volcanic smog or "vog" that would impact public health and safety.

The County of Maui's Emergency Management Agency directs and coordinates the County's emergency management operations in the event of a natural disaster to Maui County. Construction personnel and users of the proposed facilities would respond to any County of Maui emergency alerts, as appropriate, to ensure safety.

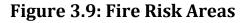
3.7.6 WILDFIRES

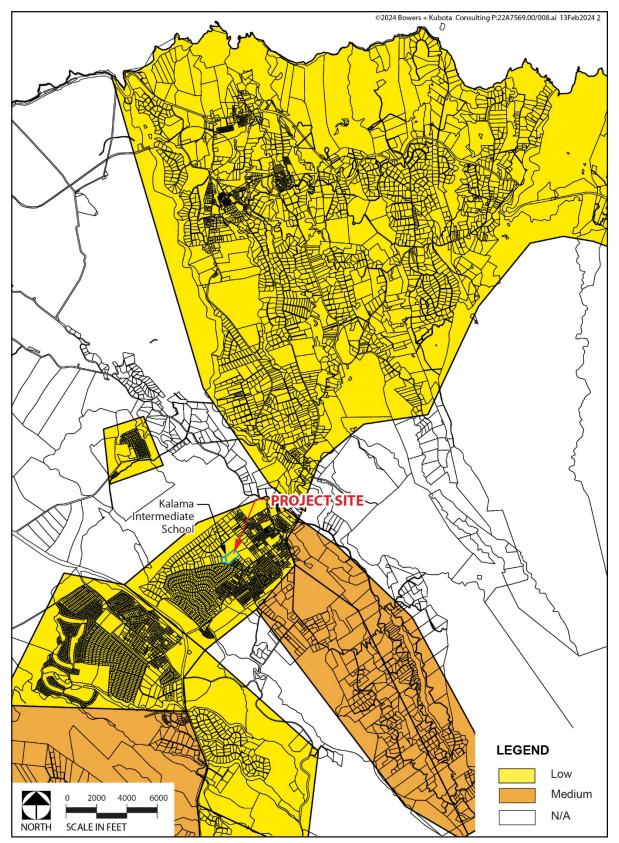
Wildfires are uncontrolled fires that burn wildland vegetation, often occurring in undeveloped or rural areas. Increased wildfires in the State have been occurring from declining managed agricultural land leaving more fire-prone dry invasive grasses and shrubs, and the changing native Hawaiian wilderness to one comprised of drying grasslands. Prolonged periods of drought exacerbated from climate change also contribute to these conditions. Human caused ignitions are the main cause (95%) of starting wildfire incidents. Statewide, data from 2002 to 2012, indicated that about 76 percent were accidentally caused, 19 percent were intentional, and 5 percent from lava and lightning. Accidental ignitions include campfires, fireworks, equipment, and vehicles (HWMO, 2013).

The summer to fall months of the year in Hawai'i is the period of greatest fire risk as areas are hotter and drier, and along with strong trade winds could provide ample fuel for a wildfire. The project site is within a Low Fire Risk Area as shown in Figure 3.9.

Project Effects from Wildfires

The potential for wildfires may occur from undeveloped areas surrounding the town of Makawao that primarily includes agricultural fields on the lower slopes of the town to the north and undeveloped areas further inland (south). Wildfire risk from these areas should be less since the area is considered a low fire risk area, is generally wetter, has several drainageways from upland areas, and has agricultural fields instead of unmanaged scrub lands.





The KIS is also generally located within the central area of the developed Makawao community. This area consists of the school facilities, ballfields, and developed residentials areas that would be associated with more common urban-related fires. Design plans would be coordinated for ministerial review and obtaining necessary permits by County agencies which would include the Department of Fire and Public Safety to ensure that fire apparatus access, water supply for water protection, and fire and life safety requirements are included where appropriate.

3.8 HISTORIC AND ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES

An archaeological literature review and field inspection (LRFI) was conducted by SWCA Environmental Consultants for the project, and this report is included in Appendix C. For purposes of the study, the area of potential effect (APE) consists of the proposed site for the new administration building consisting of approximately 0.55 acres. The field inspection was conducted to preliminarily assess whether historic properties are present within the site, whether the historic properties will be affected by the proposed project, and to provide preliminary historic preservation compliance review next step recommendations. Work conducted included the following:

- 1. Historic background research conducted included previous archaeological studies on file at the SHPD, review of documents, photographs, and maps available from other sources, and review of SWCA's internal database.
- 2. A pedestrian field inspection of 100% of the project area was performed.

3.8.1 BACKGROUND RESEARCH RESULTS

Archival research performed did not definitively identify specific traditional Hawaiian or early post-Contact land uses in practice within the project area during the pre-Contact and early historic periods. By the mid-twentieth century, the project area was developed as an agricultural field planted in pineapple. Prior to this time, livestock grazing and sugar cane cultivation may have been practiced in the project area and immediate vicinity. This included the area situated on the northern edge of Makawao, between the residential and commercial areas of the town to the south and agricultural fields to the north. The agricultural areas surrounding the project area were subsequently developed as parks and athletic fields, whereas the project area itself was developed as part of the intermediate school campus in the late-twentieth century.

3.8.2 PREVIOUSLY IDENTIFIED HISTORIC PROPERTIES

No historic properties have been recorded within the project area or subject school parcel, whereas three historic properties were identified within the 500-meter (1,640 feet) records search radius. These include two historic homes (SIHP Sites 50-50-06-01551 and 50-50-05-01639) located on Makawao Avenue which are listed on both the National and Hawai'i Registers of Historic Places. The segment of Makawao Avenue that trends through the southern portion of the records search radius is also designated as a historic property (SIHP Site 50-50-06-08907). These three historic properties identified within the records

search radius are located approximately 375 to 500 m (1,230 to 1,640 feet) southeast of the project area and will not be impacted by the project.

Given this background research, no surface historic properties were anticipated to be encountered during the field inspection conducted due to the significant prior land alterations associated with historic and modern commercial agriculture and the subsequent construction of the intermediate school campus. The archaeological literature review indicated that no subsurface cultural deposits, archaeological sites, or human remains have been identified within the 500-m (0.3-mile) records search radius. Traditional Hawaiian archaeological sites in the vicinity of Makawao are generally found to have survived only in gulches or other undeveloped areas. Although three historic-era resources are recorded within the records search radius, these are all situated several hundred meters from the project area and will not be impacted by the project.

3.8.3 FIELD INSPECTION RESULTS

An archaeological field inspection of the project area was conducted on September 20, 2023 by SWCA. The archaeological field inspection consisted of a 100 percent pedestrian survey of the project area. Photographs were taken to document the current site conditions and several photos are included in the LRFI report in Appendix C.

No surface historic properties, archaeological features, or cultural materials were identified during the field inspection. Evidence of prior grading was evident throughout the project area, as the original ground surface had been leveled prior to the construction of the school campus. The project area consists of a maintained lawn with landscaped tree plantings. Permanent and modular buildings, sidewalks, and a parking area are situated along the perimeter of the project area. Evidence of prior ground disturbances included the presence of subsurface utilities consisting of irrigation, sewer, electrical, and fire control system components.

3.8.4 PROJECT EFFECTS ON HISTORIC PROPERTIES

The LRFI indicated that no subsurface cultural deposits, archaeological sites, or human remains have been identified within a 500-meter (m) (0.3-mile) records search radius of the project area. No surface historic properties were anticipated to be encountered during the field inspection due to the significant prior land alterations associated with historic and modern commercial agriculture and the subsequent construction of the Kalama Intermediate School campus, which would have destroyed any evidence of surface historic properties. The field inspection subsequently noted no surface historic properties present within or in the immediate vicinity of the project area.

No subsurface cultural deposits or human remains are also anticipated to be encountered during ground disturbing activities associated with the project due to the significant prior ground disturbance associated with decades of commercial agriculture, which likely disturbed soils to a depth of several feet below the ground surface. As no historic properties have been identified within the project area during this study, and none are anticipated to be encountered during the course of the project, no further archaeological work is recommended. The project should thus have no effect on historic properties.

3.9 CULTURAL RESOURCES

The State and its agencies have an affirmative obligation to preserve and protect the reasonable exercise of customarily and traditionally exercised rights of native Hawaiians to the extent feasible. State law further recognizes that cultural landscapes provide living and valuable cultural resources where Native Hawaiians have and continue to exercise traditional and customary practices, including but not limited to hunting, fishing, gathering, and religious practices. In *Ka Pa'akai*, the Hawai'i Supreme Court provided government agencies an analytical framework to ensure the protection and preservation of traditional and customary Native Hawaiian rights while reasonably accommodating competing private development interests. The analytical framework guiding Ka Pa'akai analyses involves:

- 1. The identification of valued cultural, historical, or natural resources in the project site, including the extent to which traditional and customary Native Hawaiian rights are exercised in the project site;
- 2. The extent to which those resources, including traditional and customary Native Hawaiian rights, will be affected or impaired by the Proposed Action; and
- 3. The feasible action, if any, to be taken to reasonably protect Native Hawaiian rights if they are found to exist.

The archeological LRFI conducted by SWCA for the project included historical background research and review of previous archaeological studies on file at the SHPD, review of documents available from other sources, and review of other references. SWCA also conducted a field inspection of the project site, and no historic properties were identified. Based upon these efforts, there are no native Hawaiian cultural resources present on the site.

This project site is actively used as part of the KIS campus activities and open space area for students. As a result, this site is not used for Native Hawaiian traditional or cultural practices or have resources used for such practices. This site does not provide access to areas where Native Hawaiian can continue to exercise traditional and customary practices such as hunting, fishing, gathering, and religious practices. Therefore, the construction of the new administrative building on this site would not impact traditional and customary Native Hawaiian rights or practices. No minimization or mitigative measures are subsequently needed by the project to protect traditional and customary Native Hawaiian practices.

3.10 VISUAL RESOURCES

According to Section 19.04.040 of the Maui County Code, a "viewplane" means open space and significant vistas, particularly toward the ocean, the mountains, or into the valleys. The KIS site is located within the Makawao community surrounded by existing ballfields and residences. The project site is situated within the KIS campus and does not serve as an important scenic stationary viewing location or viewplane for the general public because it is within the restricted school campus.

The County's Scenic and Historic Resources report prepared in 2006 as part of the County's General Plan 2030 update was reviewed to identify significant scenic resources in the vicinity of the project. Based upon the scenic corridor protection map for the Makawao area, three scenic corridors having high scenic value were identified. This includes Makawao Avenue, Haleakalā Highway, and Baldwin Avenue. Haleakalā Highway and Baldwin Avenue run in a mauka-makai (southeast-northwest) direction providing scenic views of the coastline, West Maui mountains, and Haleakalā traveling up and down.

Makawao Avenue generally runs in a southwest to northeast direction about 1 mile away from and above KIS and the project site. The project site is also situated at a lower elevation than this road (about 75 feet below). Views of KIS from this road are

predominantly blocked by existing homes, trees, and vegetation along this road and from existing lower properties and structures as shown on Exhibit 3-4. Views of the project site from

Makani Road that runs along the KIS entrance are also not visible from this road due to existing trees, school buildings, and the site being situated at a lower elevation from this road (about 25 feet) as shown on Exhibit 3-5.



Exhibit 3-4. Makai View from Makawao Avenue East of Makani Road Intersection



Exhibit 3-5. North View of Intermediate School from Makani Road

Project Effects on Views

The new administration building should not have a significant long-term impact on scenic views and important visual resources. Public views along Haleakalā Highway and Baldwin Avenue of the coastline and mountains would be maintained since the new administration building would not be visible. Makai views from Makawao Avenue would similarly not be affected by the project because the new building would not be visible, and views along this road above KIS are generally blocked by existing structures, trees, and other vegetation associated with lower properties. There are no existing visual scenic resources present on the project site that would be displaced by the project. The site consists of landscaped and ruderal vegetation as previously discussed in Section 3.6.1.

The two-story administration building would be 40 feet tall but would not negatively impact public views or change the existing visual character of this area that is a school facility. The site is screened from views along Makani Road from existing school buildings and trees. Based upon the site's elevation being about 25 feet lower than this road, it should not be visible and screen by existing trees.

3.11 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

Element Environmental, LLC (E2) conducted a Phase 1 Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) for the approximately 0.5-acre project site within the 10.4-acre KIS campus to support construction of a new modular administration building. This Phase 1 ESA was conducted in general conformance with ASTM International (ASTM) Practice E 1527-21, *Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments: Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Process* (ASTM, 2021). A copy of this report is included in Appendix D of this document. E2 conducted a visual site inspection (VSI) of the subject property on September 21, 2023. At the time of the VSI, the subject property consisted of an open grassy area with trees and picnic tables.

The Phase 1 ESA study identified "recognized environmental conditions" (RECs) on the subject property. RECs are defined as: 1) the presence of hazardous substances or petroleum products in, on, or at the subject property due to a release to the environment; 2) the likely presence of hazardous substances or petroleum products in, on, or at the subject property due to a release or likely release to the environment; or 3) the presence of hazardous substances or petroleum products in, on, or at the subject property under conditions that pose a material threat of a future release to the environment. No RECs were identified for the subject property.

A controlled REC (CREC) is defined as a REC affecting the subject property that has been addressed to the satisfaction of the applicable regulatory authority or authorities with hazardous substances or petroleum products allowed to remain in place subject to the implementation of required controls (e.g., property use restrictions, activity and use limitations, institutional/engineering controls). No CRECs were identified for the subject property.

A historical REC (HREC) is defined as a previous release of hazardous substances or petroleum products affecting the subject property that has been addressed to the satisfaction of the applicable regulatory authority or authorities and meets unrestricted use criteria established by the applicable regulatory authority or authorities without subjecting the subject property to any controls (e.g., AULs or other property use limitations). No HRECs were identified for the subject property.

Project Effect from Hazardous Materials

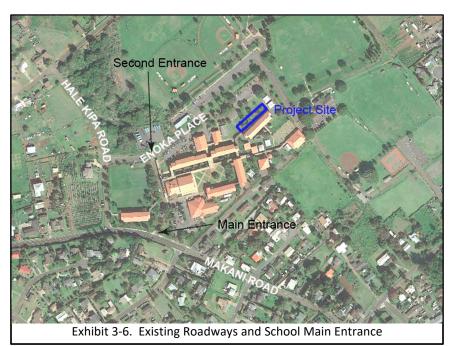
The assessment has revealed no evidence of RECs, CRECs, or HRECs in connection with the project site for the new administration building. Therefore, the project should not be impacted by hazardous materials.

3.12 TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES

3.12.1 EXISTING ROADWAYS AND FACILITIES

There are three County roadways providing access to KIS which are Makani Road, Hale Kipa Road, and Enoka Place as shown on Exhibit 3-6. The intersections associated with these roads are all unsignalized STOP-controlled intersections.

Makani Road is a County roadway that provides vehicle access within the Makawao community and connects with Makawao Avenue at its mauka (eastern) terminus and Haleakalā Highway at the makai or southwest end of this community. This road provides access to KIS with the school's main entrance located off this road. Makani Road is a two-way two-laned roadway that was improved by the County several years ago. Along



KIS, this road has 11-foot lanes in each direction with paved shoulders. There is a paved sidewalk along the school property.

Hale Kipa Road is a short (about 1,000 feet long) County roadway connecting to Makani Road on the southern end and Ho'omana Road on the northern end. This is a two-way twolaned roadway with no paved shoulders or sidewalks. Enoka Place is a short County roadway routed eastbound from its intersection with Hale Kipa Road. This two-way two-laned road runs about 650 feet in length before ending at the parking lot entrance to the County's Eddie Tam Memorial Park that includes several ballfields. KIS has a second access to the school connecting to Enoka Place as shown on Exhibit 3-6.

There are no dedicated bicycle facilities provided along these roadways. Bicyclists traveling in the vicinity would need to share Makani Road and Hale Kipa Road with vehicles. Transit service in the Makawao area is provided by the County's Maui Bus as part of their Upcountry Islander Route 40. However, the bus route only travels along Makawao Avenue in the vicinity of KIS connecting with Baldwin Avenue and Haleakalā Highway and does not travel along Makani Road.

3.12.2 PROJECT EFFECT ON ROADWAYS AND FACILITIES

Existing Traffic Occurring

Based upon State Department of Transportation (DOT) highway information, Makani Road had an annual average daily traffic (AADT) of 4,990 vehicles in 2019 based upon a traffic count station located about 0.5 miles makai of KIS. The more heavily traveled Makawao Avenue had an AADT of about 13,600 at a traffic count station located east of the Makani Road intersection.

The morning peak hour (7:00 to 8:00 a.m.) traffic recorded on Makani Road had a total of 643 vehicles with about 65% of the traffic traveling in the makai direction (away from KIS). This peak hour traffic was about double the normal traffic occurring on this road during the morning reflecting both work and school related commuter traffic. The afternoon peak hour (3:45 to 4:45 p.m.) traffic was lower at 445 vehicles and more evenly split with about 55% traveling makai. However, there was a short spike in traffic at 1:15 p.m. with 162 vehicles recorded in a 15-minute span that was more than double normal traffic occurring.

This reflects school-related traffic from KIS which ended about that time on the date of the traffic count (Wednesday). Based upon the relatively low traffic occurring along Makani Road, any congestion would probably be short associated with KIS related student traffic during the morning and after school. The low traffic volumes of cars traveling along this road should not significantly impact intersections around KIS.

Project Effect on Traffic Facilities

The project's new administration building would not significantly change the number of administrative staff needed at KIS because the number of teachers and administrative support staff needed are based upon student enrollments. The new building would not change the number of students enrolling at KIS since that is more directly related to enrollment occurring at feeder elementary schools. The new administration building would provide a new modern building to support the school's administrative staff and operations that are now spread out over other school buildings due to a lack of sufficient facilities. Consolidating administrative operations at the new building would allow current space used at other buildings to be better used to support existing school programs, provide more space for classroom use, etc.

Therefore, the project should result in minimal if any change in the number of vehicles entering and exiting the school during the morning and afternoon peak hours. Vehicles used by faculty and support staff traveling to the school would continue to be limited by the number of available parking stalls that would not change under this project. The project should thus not have a significant long-term impact on traffic conditions in the area or negatively impact the operations of existing unsignalized intersections at the roadways near the school.

During construction activities, there would be an increase in construction related traffic at the school for construction workers entering and leaving the site. The number of construction workers traveling to the school would be dependent upon the selected contractor, but it is not anticipated to be significant (perhaps 10 or less). This additional traffic would have a short-term effect on traffic conditions near the school during the morning and afternoon peak periods, and the during of this would just be during the construction period. If construction occurs during the summer or during school breaks, such traffic conditions would be reduced since student and faculty related traffic would not be present.

The project would not change existing multimodal facilities in the vicinity of the area and should thus have no or de minimus effect on these facilities or their current operations. The new administrative building would be for existing school staff and thus would not affect the number of bicyclists traveling along Makani Road or other nearby roads. The new building would not affect existing bus service provided by the County as there is no bus stop at the school along the County's Upcountry Islander Route 40 service.

3.13 INFRASTRUCTURE FACILITIES

The project includes the construction and installation of new utilities to service the new administration building which includes sewer, water, drainage, electrical, and telecommunication infrastructure.

3.13.1 WATER FACILITIES

Water utility service to KIS is provided by the County Department of Water Supply (DWS). The school's water system includes domestic water, irrigation supply, and fire protection. DWS serves five sections within the County: Central Maui, East Maui, Moloka'i, Upcountry Maui, and West Maui. The water distribution system in the area includes a 4-inch diameter line along with an 8-inch diameter line within Hale Kipa Road.

Project Effects on Water Facilities

The potable water supply for the new administration building will be connected to the existing water distribution system within the school campus. A new 2-inch water service line for the administration building is planned to be connected into the existing 3-inch water line within the campus area. Activities occurring at the new administration building are not expected to significantly increase water demand associated with the entire KIS school demand since existing staff would be relocated to the new building and the project would not increase student enrollments. Thus, water use currently occurring at other

buildings as part of administrative operations and other activities (e.g., restroom use) would be reduced at those buildings and consolidated at the new building resulting in minimal net change to the overall demand. Therefore, the project should not have a negative long-term impact on the County's water system.

Design plans will be coordinated with the County DWS during the design phase and necessary ministerial permits will be obtained. Any water use along with any applicable water system facilities charges would be funded by the State DOE when water is made available for project improvements.

The project would have minimal short-term construction-related effects on the County's water system and supply. Such water use would likely be associated with BMP measures such as watering developed site conditions to minimize erosion, seeding landscaping improvements, and BMPs for trucks and vehicles accessing the site (e.g., cleaning tires of debris).

3.13.2 WASTEWATER FACILITIES

The KIS campus along with other developed areas of Makawao are serviced by a septic system to treat wastewater generated. The leach field serving this system is located on the west end of the campus in an area bordered by Makani Road, Hale Kipa Road, and Enoka Place.

Project Effects on Wastewater Facilities

The proposed sanitary sewer system would consist of a 4-inch lateral connection to the new administration building. The sewer lateral from this building would then connect to a new 6-inch main that would connect to an existing sewer manhole located off the south corner of the proposed building. This manhole connects to the campus' septic system. The design of the sewer system would comply with the Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction dated September 1986, of the Department of Public Works, County of Maui.

Operation of the new administration building is not expected to significantly increase wastewater generated from the school campus because existing staff would be relocated to the new building and the project would not increase student enrollments. Thus, wastewater currently generated at other buildings as part of administrative operations and other activities (e.g., restroom use) would be reduced at those buildings and consolidated at the new building resulting in minimal net change to the overall amount generated. Therefore, the project should not have a negative long-term impact on the septic system.

The project would have minimal short-term construction-related effects on the County's wastewater collection system and WWRF. Construction workers would likely use portable restrooms at the site that would be properly disposed of.

3.13.3 DRAINAGE FACILITIES

The County Department of Public Works (DPW), Engineering Division is responsible for overseeing drainage systems and improvements. The small project site for the new building is presently undeveloped and thus has no existing drainage improvements. However, there are drainage improvements present within the KIS campus. The site's Haliimaile soils (HgB and HhC) is characterized as having moderately high drainage, and thus has low to no tendency to flood or pond that would reduce the potential for discharges of stormwater runoff except during periods of high rainfall.

The project site for the new building is relatively flat, and drainage is generally by sheet flow towards the parking lot northwest of the project area and towards the existing drain inlet located west in between the proposed administration building and KIS portables.

Project Effects on Drainage Facilities

Proposed grading of the site is planned to maintain the existing drainage pattern. There will be an increase in runoff volume due to the added impervious areas from roof and paved surfaces. The proposed drainage system will be designed to manage the increase in runoff and maintain flows to the existing drainage system to predevelopment rates to prevent adverse impact to the receiving downstream drainage system. The proposed drainage system is planned to incorporate an underground infiltration system using subdrains to infiltrate the increase in runoff volume generated.

New drain inlets, area drains, drainpipes and a sidewalk culvert would be installed. Swales will also be added to ensure runoff will enter the new drain inlets and downspouts will also be added to the building. Design of the new drainage system will be in accordance with the County's "Rules for the Design of Storm Drainage Facilities."

Therefore, the project should not have a significant impact on existing drainage facilities or negatively impact surrounding downstream school facilities. Design plans would be coordinated with the County DPW for review during the design phase and necessary ministerial permits will be obtained.

3.13.4 SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL SERVICES

The County Department of Environmental Management's Solid Waste Division is responsible for solid waste collection services and disposal at landfills for the County. The County provides residential curbside refuse pick up and disposal services in four major districts on the island; Central Maui (including Wailuku, Kahului and South Maui), Makawao (including Kula, Pukalani, Pā'ia and Haiku), Lahaina (West Maui), and Hana. Nonresidential and commercial uses contract with a private waste hauler for collection services.

There are currently four active County landfills. Two landfills are located on Maui and consist of the Central Maui Landfill and the Hana Landfill. The Central Maui Landfill, located in Pu'unēnē, is the municipal refuse and recycling center serving the project area. The landfill facility, located about 3 miles east of the project site, also provides composting and motor oil and residential recycling services. Construction and demolition waste produced

from the project's construction activities would also be disposed of at the Central Maui landfill. Wildfire ash and debris removal from the Lahaina wildfire disaster would not impact the Central Maui Landfill because those contaminated debris are not allowed for disposal at this landfill.

Project Effects on Solid Waste Facilities

The project would have minor short-term construction-related effects on the Central Maui Landfill due to the disposal of construction waste. The project's long-term operations should have minimal change to the amount of solid waste currently being generated from existing activities. Operation of the new administration building is not expected to significantly increase total waste generated from the school campus because existing staff would be relocated to the new building and the project would not increase student enrollments. Thus, solid waste currently generated at other buildings as part of administrative operations and other activities would be reduced at those buildings and consolidated at the new building resulting in minimal net change to the overall amount generated. Therefore, the project should not have a negative long-term impact on the County's solid waste facility.

Solid waste generated from construction activities would have a minor short-term impact. This waste would consist primarily of vegetation, construction materials, and other associated debris. The amount of construction debris generated is not expected to be significant because the site grubbing, excavation and preparation activities would not be significant given the site's relatively level topography not requiring significant cutting and filling of material. The construction contractor would be responsible for the disposal of this waste at the Central Maui Landfill and would dispose of material in accordance with the County's procedures (e.g. having a valid landfill account and C&D Number).

Waste generated from operations would be typical of office activities. Typical solid waste generated would consist of organics, paper, and plastics. Solid waste from these activities will also continue to be collected by a private disposal service.

3.13.5 ELECTRICAL AND TELECOMMUNICATION SERVICES

Electrical power would be provided by the Maui Electric Company (MECO), a subsidiary of the Hawaiian Electric Company (HECO) who provides electricity for 95% of residents in the State. MECO serves about 73,933 customers throughout Maui County and its energy is generated from various sources including oil plants and renewable energy (about 35.6%) (HECO, 2023). Electrical lines servicing the area in and around the intermediate school campus are located along above ground utility poles along Makani Road and other surrounding roadways.

Telecommunication infrastructure serving KIS and the surrounding area are provided by Hawaiian Telcom, Maui's largest local-access landline service provider, and/or Spectrum Charter Communications, a broadband connectivity company.

Project Effects on Electrical and Telecommunication Facilities

The addition of the new administration building is not expected to have a significant impact on MECO's ability to provide electrical service. The additional demand generated should be accommodated by MECO and would not require additional improvements to existing utility poles or their power plant. The project's design phase would coordinate with this utility company to identify extension improvements needed within the school to connect the new building. Electrical extensions serving the new building within the school would be located underground similar to those serving other existing school buildings.

The new administration building would include telecommunication facilities to support operations occurring and there should not be a significant impact on the providers in extending this service. The project's design phase would coordinate with the appropriate provider to identify extension improvements needed within the school. Telecommunication extensions serving the new building within the school would be located underground similar to those serving other existing school buildings.

3.14 PUBLIC FACILITIES

This section discusses the project's effects on public facilities and operations in the general vicinity. Figure 3.10 includes a graphic identifying the various facilities in the vicinity.

3.14.1 EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES

The project site is located within the Samuel Enoka Kalama Intermediate School, or KIS, property identified as TMK: (2) 2-4-032:109 that is comprised of 10.4-acres. The new administration building project would be sited within an approximately 0.55-acre undeveloped area within this school property. KIS is part of the State DOE's regional Baldwin-Kekaulike-Maui Complex Area that generally includes most of the central Maui region. KIS is within the Kekaulike complex that has a total of seven schools with Kekaulike High School being the high school served by this complex. KIS is the only intermediate school serving this complex, and the remaining elementary schools are Ha'ikū, Kula, Makawao, Pā'ia, and Pukalani.

The only other public school located in the Makawao community is Makawao Elementary School located about 2,500 feet (0.47 miles) away from KIS. This elementary is situated along Baldwin Avenue northeast of KIS. Seabury Hall is a private school located on Olinda Road in Makawao situated over 0.5 miles further mauka (southeast) of KIS. Seabury Hall is a private college preparatory school affiliated with the Episcopal Church and serves middle and high school students.

In the Pukalani community southwest of Makawao, there is Pukalani Elementary School and King Kekaulike High School located over one mile away from KIS. Kamehameha Schools Maui is a private school also located in Pukalani that provides grades Kindergarten to 12th grade.

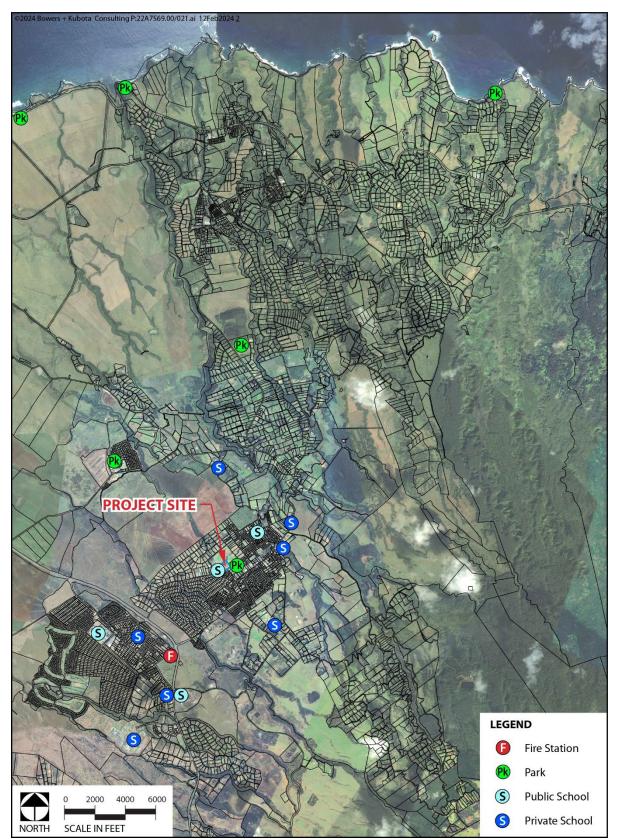


Figure 3.10: Public Facilities

Project Effects on Educational Facilities

The project would have a positive beneficial long-term impact on KIS facilities and operations because the new administration building would provide the school's administrative staff with modern facilities to support their operations that are now spread out over other school buildings due to a lack of sufficient facilities. Consolidating administrative operations at the new building would allow current space used at other buildings to be better used to support existing school programs, provide more space for classroom use, etc. This would benefit students and provide improved facilities for faculty with the additional space made available.

The project would not impact other elementary schools within the Kekaulike complex or other private schools in the area such as Seabury Hall. The project would not affect future student enrollments at other public schools since it only involves a new administration building for current KIS staff.

Construction of the project would inevitably have a minor short-term effect on KIS buildings or portables situated nearest to the site due to site improvements, building construction, etc. Such temporary effects may include additional noise from activities, fugitive from site improvements, and stormwater runoff. Various minimization measures using standard construction BMPs would be incorporated into the project's design plans to minimize potential short-term effects. Design plans would incorporate structural and non-structural BMPs to address potential discharge of pollutants from stormwater before and after construction. Such measures would be instituted following site-specific assessments during the project's design phase.

Construction activities would inevitably result in minor to moderate noise impacts. The extent of these impacts would vary depending on the stage of construction, wind direction, specific equipment being used, distance to the receptor, and the duration of each activity. Therefore, the ability to control construction noise levels relates primarily to the duration and time of construction activity in any one day. However, the site does not require major cutting or filling activities that should reduce the use of large earthmoving equipment such as bulldozers.

BMPs in design plans would also include specifications to minimize the discharge of air pollutants before and after construction. BMPs for fugitive dust and engine emissions would be installed before construction and maintained throughout the construction period. Such measures such as installing dust screens or wind barriers around the construction site, stabilizing and covering materials, and the watering of exposed areas should help minimize potential effects.

3.14.2 RECREATIONAL FACILITIES

The nearest recreational facility to the project site is the Eddie Tam Memorial Center located adjacent to KIS. This County park encompasses about 41 acres and consists of a variety of recreational athletic fields (Little League and Bronco ball diamonds), extra baseball and softball fields, a soccer field, tennis and basketball courts, a gymnasium, a community center, and several parking lots. These facilities and fields border the northern to eastern boundary of KIS. Hāli'imaile Park is a 5.8-acre County park located about 1.5 miles makai (northwest) away from KIS. This park includes a gymnasium, basketball court, tennis courts, a multi-purpose field and a baseball field, and a Youth Center annex with parking lot. Both parks are maintained by the County of Maui, Department of Parks and Recreation.

Project Effects on Recreational Facilities

The project should not have any negative long-term impact on recreational facilities or activities conducted at the Eddie Tam Memorial Center or Hāli'imaile Park. This project does not include new residential housing or other land uses that would increase the resident population that may place additional demand and increase congestion at these public recreational facilities. The project's new administration building would not change the number of administrative staff needed at KIS or student enrollments. The new administration building would be located within KIS and intended to serve school administration activities with a new modern facility.

Construction of the project could inevitably have a minor short-term effect on activities occurring at the nearby ballfields at the Eddie Tam Memorial Center due to site improvements, building construction, etc. The ballfields are located over 200 feet away from the building site providing sufficient distance and the school's parking lot and park's parking lot further separate this project. Construction activities would typically occur on weekdays during normal business hours (e.g. 7:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.) and not occur on weekends. Thus, during the school session, activities occurring at that park would typically occur after school and not have much conflict with construction activities. During the summer, construction activities should similarly not negatively impact or prevent recreational activities from occurring.

Such temporary effects may include additional noise from activities, fugitive from site improvements, and stormwater runoff. Various minimization measures using standard construction BMPs would be incorporated into the project's design plans to minimize potential short-term effects, and such plans would be reviewed by the County as part of ministerial permits obtained.

3.14.3 POLICE AND FIRE PROTECTION

The County of Maui Police Department serves Maui County which consists of six districts and three islands: Maui, Lāna'i, and Moloka'i. Four police stations are located on Maui Island: Wailuku Main Station, Hana Station, Kīhei Station, and Lahaina Station. Police service in the Makawao area is provided by the department's main station located at 55 Mahalani Street in Wailuku.

The Maui County Department of Fire and Public Safety provides emergency and nonemergency services for the islands of Maui, Moloka'i, Lāna'i, and Kaho'olawe. There are 14 fire stations throughout Maui County, 10 of which are located on Maui Island. A fire station is located in the Makawao community situated at 134 Makawao Avenue. This station is located about 1 mile away from KIS and their response time would likely be a few minutes (4 to 5 minutes).

Project Effects on Police and Fire Protection

The project should not have a significant long-term impact on the police and fire department's ability to provide protection services or their operations. The new administration building is not expected to significantly change to the current level and demand for protection services that are already occurring for KIS. The building would consolidate existing administrative operations and not involve changes to school staff or student enrollments. The new building would be designed to provide sufficient fire protection.

Construction of the project would not have any short-term impact on the police and fire stations. Temporary effects such as additional noise from activities, fugitive from site improvements, and stormwater runoff would thus not affect their operations or increase response calls. If an incident were to occur during construction activities that requires emergency attention, it is anticipated that the level of demand could be met by all these emergency and public safety services. Additionally, the State DOE will coordinate with the Maui County Department of Fire and Public Safety during the building permit review process to ensure that fire apparatus access, water supply for fire protection, and fire and life safety requirements are included where appropriate in design plans.

3.14.4 MEDICAL SERVICES

Maui Memorial Medical Center located in Wailuku is operated by Maui Health and Kaiser Permanente and is the only acute care hospital on Maui Island. The Maui Medical Group is a group of physicians that are joined together in a medical partnership to provide medical care to island residents operating from several locations on island. Their nearest facility is located in Pukalani. There are no other medical clinics in the immediate vicinity of KIS and the project site.

Project Effects on Medical Facilities

The project should not have a long-term impact on the medical facilities. This project does not include new residential housing or other land uses that would increase the resident population that may place additional demand at medical centers or hospitals along with staff operating there. The new building would consolidate existing administrative operations and not involve changes to school staff or student enrollments.

Construction of the new building would not have any short-term impact on medical facilities or their operations since there are none located in the immediate vicinity of the project site.

3.15 SOCIOECONOMIC

3.15.1 POPULATION AND HOUSING

The County of Maui, accounting for about 11.4% of the State population, has a resident population estimated to be about 164,351 according to the 2020 U.S. Census Bureau. As shown in Figure 3.11 (2020 Census Designated Place), KIS is located within the Makawao Census Designated Place (CDP). Makawao had a population of 7,297 persons based upon the 2020 Census and 7,184 persons in 2010. This reflects a fairly stable population base increasing by only a total of about 1.6 percent (113 persons) over 10 years.

Makawao community's is comparable to Maui County as a whole with about 19.4% of the population in 2020 being 65 years or older and 21.1% being 18 years or younger in Makawao. Maui County has 20.7% of the population being 65 years or older and 20.9% being 18 years or younger. In terms of race, Makawao has 34.4% being White, 28.0% being of two or more races, Asian at 16.7%, and Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander at 16.2%. Maui County has 34.6% White, 28.6% Asian, 24.9% of two or more races, and 10.4% being Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander.

Makawao's housing condition has slightly improved over the County as a whole. There were 2,668 households from 2018 to 2022 with 2.85 persons per household in Makawao. Housing in Makawao had an owner-occupied housing unit rate from 2018 to 2022 of 70.4% and the median value of such units was \$769,200. In comparison, Maui County has 53,919 households and a higher rate of 3.00 persons per household. The County's household occupancy rate was 63.9% and the median value was \$676,800 which are both lower than Makawao.

Project Effect on Population and Housing

The project should not impact the population or housing conditions within the Makawao community or island wide. There are no new housing units or visitor units included under this project since it just involves constructing a new administration building. Therefore, the Project would not add new resident or visitor populations to the area or influence future demographic trends projected for the region. The project's new administration building would not change the number of administrative staff needed at KIS or student enrollments because it would allow consolidation of administrative staff and operations in a new modernized and centralized building to support KIS.

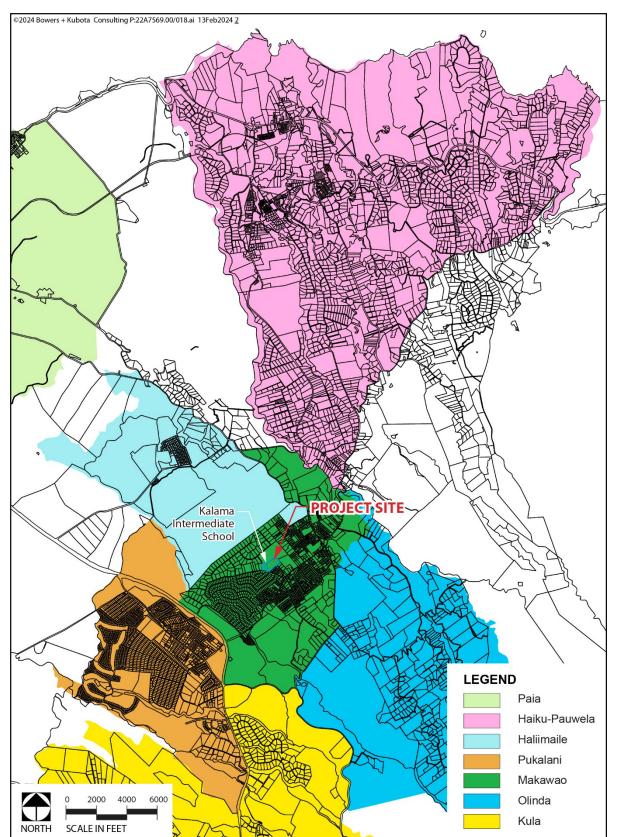


Figure 3.11: 2020 Census Designated Places

3.15.2 CHARACTER OF MAKAWAO COMMUNITY

Makawao is known as "Upcountry Maui" and was historically a center of activity for ranching and is traditionally known as the last paniolo town. Rodeo and polo are popular activities in the area reflecting the region's history and culture. The lower area of Makawao is more suburban in character developed with several subdivisions and businesses scattered through the town area. The urban town area also includes eclectic shops, boutiques and art galleries. Further mauka, the community is more rural in character with several ranches, farms, and undeveloped open space areas.

Project Effects on Community Character

This project should not have a significant long-term impact on the character of the Makawao community. The project does not include new residential housing, visitor units, or other major land uses that would increase the resident or visitor population occurring in the community and subsequently change the character of the area around the KIS site. The new administration building would not change the number of administrative staff needed at KIS or student enrollments. It would just allow consolidation of administrative staff and operations in a new modernized and centralized building to support the school.

3.15.3 ECONOMIC AND FISCAL EFFECTS

The project would not have a significant long-term impact on economic conditions associated with Maui's economy because it just involves developing a new administration building to support KIS operations and activities. There would not be a significant change in these operations in terms of staffing and activities that would noticeably impact economic conditions of businesses operating in Makawao or island wide. Therefore, there would not be a significant change to the school's operating budget due to personnel. There would be additional electrical costs for operating the new building, but that and other associated costs should not be significant or impact the school's fiscal condition.

Short-Term Construction-Related Economic Effects

Construction activities would result in a short-term positive economic impact for Maui due to construction-related spending and employment. The estimated construction cost for this project of \$10.9 million would create construction jobs during the duration of construction activities over an approximately 6-month period, as well as support industries that service construction activities directly and indirectly. Three broad types of jobs are distinguished below:

- Direct jobs are immediately involved with construction of a project or with its operations.
- Indirect jobs are created as businesses directly involved with a project purchase goods and services in the local economy.
- Induced jobs are created as workers spend their income on goods and services.

Direct construction jobs typically consist of on-site laborers, tradesmen, mechanical operators, supervisors, etc. These short-term jobs created would generate additional personal income for construction workers with wages paid directly to them or operational employees associated with construction activities.

Direct construction jobs created would also stimulate indirect and induced employment and spending of wages within other industries located in the Makawao and elsewhere on the island, such as retail, restaurants, material distributors, and other related businesses supporting the construction industry. Island residents employed within the construction industry would likely fill these construction jobs.

The Project would create a small number of direct new jobs over the construction period. Therefore, the total employment impact (direct, indirect, induced) generated by this project over the construction period would create a relatively small but positive impact in employment for the island. These short-term construction jobs would generate additional personal income for construction workers employed. Indirect and induced income would also be generated from wages spent. This additional induced income would have a relatively minor positive impact to businesses and residents on the island.

Fiscal Effects of Project

Fiscal impacts would primarily involve additional tax revenue to the State from construction of this project. Tax revenue sources for State government are composed primarily of general excise taxes (GET) on development costs and construction materials, along with corporate income tax, and personal income tax from construction workers. The \$10.9 million project construction budget expended would generate a relatively small amount of additional tax revenue to the State. These construction-related tax revenues would have a relatively minor positive effect on the State's fiscal condition because of the short-term increase in revenue associated with construction activities.

County revenues generated are primarily limited to tax revenues on privately-owned property and improvements, and to a lesser extent fees charged for various activities such as water, sewer, permits, etc. Because the project site is located within the State-owned KIS property, no additional revenue would be generated for the County from property taxes.

3.16 SECONDARY AND CUMULATIVE IMPACTS

3.16.1 SECONDARY EFFECTS

Secondary effects, also referred to as indirect effects or secondary impacts, are effects caused by an action that is later in time or farther removed in distance, but is still reasonably foreseeable as defined under Hawaii Administrative Rules Title 11-200.1-2 (2019). A secondary effect may include a growth-inducing effect and other effects related to induced changes in the pattern of land use, population density or growth rate, and related effects on air, water, and other natural systems, including ecosystems. Secondary impact assessments are concerned with impacts that are sufficiently "likely" to occur and not with the speculation of any impact that can be conceived of or imagined.

The project would not result in secondary impacts that would have significant or adverse long-term impacts on the natural and human environment including ecosystems, socialeconomic conditions, infrastructure, or public facilities. Construction of the new administration building would not contribute to growth inducing effects or changes to resident population densities or changes to student enrollments at KIS. There are no new housing units or visitor units included under this Project. This project just involves relocating existing administrative operations to a new modern building to better support school operations. As a result, the administrative operations occurring at the new building would be the same as those already occurring spread out over other buildings within the school.

Such growth inducing impacts are typically associated with more large-scale or intensive developments such as new residential subdivisions. New subdivisions would increase resident populations in the area and subsequently have a secondary impact by placing more demand on public facilities like schools and parks serving this area. The project does not include major commercial or industrial uses that could generate substantial secondary impacts from residents or visitors now traveling to this location and subsequently changing the community's character. The project would not induce additional development in the surrounding area such as higher density residential uses or generate economic stimulus for new commercial or industrial uses in the vicinity similar to redevelopment along transit lines.

3.16.2 CUMULATIVE IMPACTS

"Cumulative Impact" as defined in HAR §11-200.1-2 is the impact on the environment that results from the incremental impact of the action when added to other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable future actions regardless of what agency or person undertakes the other actions. Cumulative impacts can result from individually minor but collectively significant actions taking place over a period of time associated with the study year. The focus is on "reasonably foreseeable" actions that are those likely to occur or probable rather than those that are merely possible or subject to speculation. The prediction of reasonably foreseeable impacts thus requires judgment based on information obtained from reliable sources such as approved development plans and land use entitlements received.

There are no other known developments in the immediate area that are reasonably anticipated to be completed within the 2025 study year and contribute to a cumulative impact on the project area's environment or infrastructure facilities serving this site and within KIS. The discussion of impacts presented within this document has thus provided sufficient information to assist in addressing the applicable cumulative effects associated with the project because no other reasonably foreseeable future actions are being completed and operational within the 2025 study timeframe.

The discussion of impacts includes the full development of the project on the site. There are no phases planned or needed for the incremental construction of improvements as the project would be funded, constructed in its entirety, and operational by the projected fall of 2025.



4.0 RELATIONSHIP TO PLANS AND POLICIES

This chapter provides a description of the relationship and compatibility of the Proposed Action to land use plans and policies. This chapter discusses the proposed project's conformance with pertinent State and County land use plans and policies, which include the State Land Use District regulations, State Environmental Policy (Chapter 344, HRS), and the regulations, policies, and goals set forth by the County's General Plan, and Special Management Area (Chapter 205A, HRS).

4.1 STATE OF HAWAI'I PLANS AND POLICIES

4.1.1 STATE LAND USE DISTRICTS, CHAPTER 205, HRS

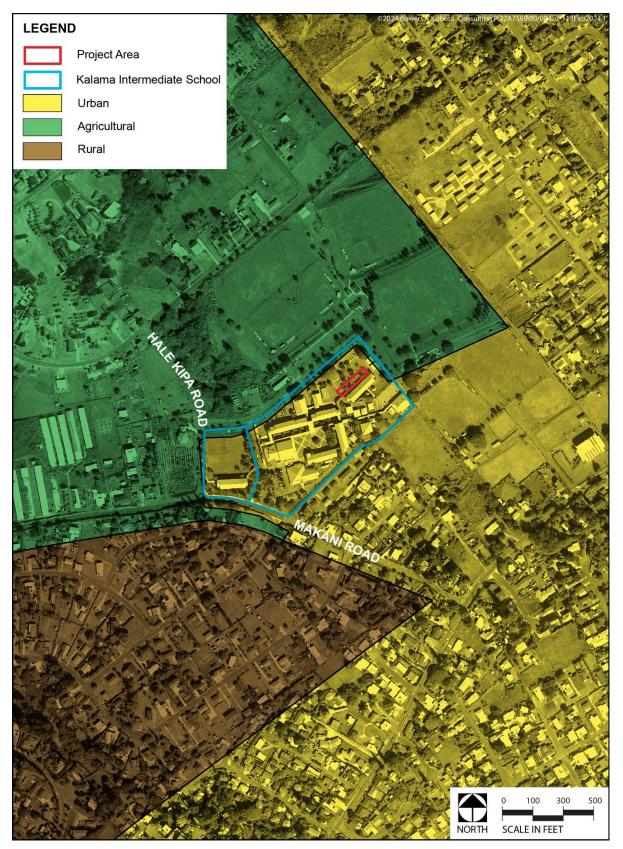
Hawai'i remains unique in the country with respect to the extent of control that the State exercises in land use regulation. Pursuant to Title 13, Chapter 205 (Land Use Commission), HRS, the State Land Use Commission (LUC) was established and classified all lands in Hawai'i into four land use districts: Conservation, Agricultural, Rural and Urban. These regulations are commonly referred to as the "State Land Use Law." Reclassification of these districts for areas less than 15-acres can be approved at the County level; larger modifications must be approved by the Land Use Commission. Permitted uses within the State Land Use Districts are prescribed under Title 13, Chapter 205, HRS, and the State LUC's Administrative Rules (HAR) prescribed under Title 15, Subtitle 3, Chapter 15, Land Use Commission Rules.

As shown in Figure 4.1, the KIS campus is located within the State's Urban District. The Urban District is characterized by "city-like" concentrations of people, structures, and services, and includes vacant lands for future urban development. Permitted uses or activities in the Urban District are thus regulated by the County and discussion of the project's relationship to County plans and zoning code are discussed later. The KIS and project are thus consistent with the Urban District designation.

4.1.2 HAWAI'I STATE PLAN (HRS §226)

The Hawai'i State Plan, HRS Chapter 226, as amended, is a broad policy document that guides all activities, programs and decisions made by State and local agencies by establishing a set of themes, goals, objectives, and policies meant to guide the State's long-term growth and development. The purpose of the plan is to: (1) improve the planning process; (2) increase the effectiveness of government and private actions; (3) improve coordination among agencies and levels of government; (4) provide for the use of Hawai'i's resources; and (5) guide the future development of the state. The project's consistency with pertinent objectives and policies are addressed.

Figure 4.1: State Land Use Districts



С

I

N/A

Table 4.1

Hawai'i State Plan Objectives and Policies

HAWAI'I STATE PLAN, CHAPTER 226, HRS

(Key: C = Consistent, I = In	iconsistent,	N/A = Not App	olicable)
PART I. OVERALL THEME,	GOALS, OB	JECTIVES AND	POLICIES

HRS § 226-1: Findings and Purpose

HRS § 226-2: Definitions

HRS § 226-3: Overall Theme.

Hawai'i's people, as both individuals and groups, generally accept and live by a number of principles or values which are an integral part of society. This concept is the unifying theme of the state plan. The following principles or values are established as the overall theme of the Hawai'i state plan:

(1) Individual and family self-sufficiency refers to the rights of people to maintain as much self-reliance as possible. It is an expression of the value of independence, in other words, being able to freely pursue personal interests and goals. Self-sufficiency means that individuals and families can express and maintain their own self-interest so long as that self-interest does not adversely affect the general welfare. Individual freedom and individual achievement are possible only by reason of other people in society, the institutions, arrangements and customs that they maintain, and the rights and responsibilities that they sanction.

(2) Social and economic mobility refers to the right of individuals to choose and to have the opportunities for choice available to them. It is a corollary to self-sufficiency. Social and economic mobility means that opportunities and incentives are available for people to seek out their own levels of social and economic fulfillment.

(3) Community or social well-being is a value that encompasses many things. In essence, it refers to healthy social, economic, and physical environments that benefit the community as a whole. A sense of social responsibility, of caring for others and for the well-being of our community and of participating in social and political life, are important aspects of this concept. It further implies the aloha spirit--attitudes of tolerance, respect, cooperation and unselfish giving, within which Hawai'i's society can progress.

One of the basic functions of our society is to enhance the ability of individuals and groups to pursue their goals freely, to satisfy basic needs and to secure desired socio-economic levels. The elements of choice and mobility within society's legal framework are fundamental rights. Society's role is to encourage conditions within which individuals and groups can approach their desired levels of self-reliance and self-determination. This enables people to gain confidence and self-esteem; citizens contribute more when they possess such qualities in a free and open society.

Government promotes citizen freedom, self-reliance, self-determination, social and civic responsibility and goals achievement by keeping order, by increasing cooperation among many diverse individuals and groups, and by fostering social and civic responsibilities that affect the general welfare. The greater the number and activities of individuals and groups, the more complex government's role becomes. The function of government, however, is to assist citizens in attaining their goals. Government provides for meaningful participation by the people in decision-making and for effective access to authority as well as an equitable sharing of benefits. Citizens have a responsibility to work with their government to contribute to society's improvement. They must also conduct their activities within an agreed-upon legal system that protects human rights.

Discussion: The proposed project is consistent with the State Plan's guiding principles and values. These principles and values concern individual and family self-sufficiency; social and economic mobility; and community or social wellbeing. The project supports these principles and values as the new administration building would support the school's administrative staff and operations by consolidating them in a new modern building with increased space for meetings, etc. This allows existing administrative office space used within other school buildings to be repurposed for classroom use, etc. improving operating conditions for faculty and students. This has a beneficial effort improving the school's operations and being able to better serve students and educational programs.

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HRS § 226-4: State Goals.

In order to ensure, for present and future generations, those elements of choice and mobility that ensure that individuals and groups may approach their desired levels of self-reliance and self-determination, it shall be the goal of the State to achieve:

Goals:			
(1) A strong, viable economy, characterized by stability, diversity and growth that enables	x		
fulfillment of the needs and expectations of Hawai'i's present and future generations.	Λ		
(2) A desired physical environment, characterized by beauty, cleanliness, quiet, stable			
natural systems, and uniqueness, that enhances the mental and physical well-being of the			Х
people.			
(3) Physical, social and economic well-being, for individuals and families in Hawai'i, that			
nourishes a sense of community responsibility, of caring and of participation in community	X		
life.			
Discussion: The project's improvements will support the State's goal of achieving a stron	g, viab	le econ	nomy
as it will support KIS operations benefiting students and faculty that would support the lo	ng-ter	m stab	ility of
the resident population in Maui for future generations. Construction of the project would	genera	ate dire	ect and
indirect economic benefits to construction workers, manufacturers and other businesses	suppor	rting	
construction. Portions of the additional income provided to workers would be spent with	in the o	commu	inity

benefiting local businesses along with generating increased tax revenues. Supporting KIS operations with the project promotes the State's goal of supporting resident's social and economic well-being, particularly for DOE staff and students.

HRS § 226-5: Objectives and policies for population.

(a) Objective: It shall be the objective in planning for the State's population to guide population growth to be consistent with the achievement of physical, economic and social objectives contained in this chapter.

(b) Policies:		
(1) Manage population growth statewide in a manner that provides increased		
opportunities for Hawaii's people to pursue their physical, social, and economic aspirations	X	
while recognizing the unique needs of each county.		
(2) Encourage an increase in economic activities and employment opportunities on the	x	
neighbor islands consistent with community needs and desires.	A	
(3) Promote increased opportunities for Hawaii's people to pursue their socio-economic	x	
aspirations throughout the islands.	Λ	
(4) Encourage research activities and public awareness programs to foster an		
understanding of Hawaii's limited capacity to accommodate population needs and to	X	
address concerns resulting from an increase in Hawaii's population.		
(5) Encourage federal actions and coordination among major governmental agencies to		
promote a more balanced distribution of immigrants among the states, provided that such	X	
actions do not prevent the reunion of immediate family members.		
(6) Pursue an increase in federal assistance for states with a greater proportion of foreign	x	
immigrants relative to their state's population.	Λ	
(7) Plan the development and availability of land and water resources in a coordinated	x	
manner so as to provide for the desired levels of growth in each geographic area.	А	
§226-6 Objectives and policies for the economyin general.		
(a) Objective: Planning for the State's economy in general shall be directed toward achieven	nent of the followi	ng
objectives:		
(1) Increased and diversified employment opportunities to achieve full employment,		
increased income and job choice, and improved living standards for Hawaii's people, while		
at the same time stimulating the development and expansion of economic activities	X	
capitalizing on defense, dual-use, and science and technology assets, particularly on the		

neighbor islands where employment opportunities may be limited.

(2) A steadily growing and diversified economic base that is not overly dependent on a few industries, and includes the development and expansion of industries on the neighbor islands.

b) Policies:		
1) Promote and encourage entrepreneurship within Hawaii by residents and nonresidents		X
f the State.		
2) Expand Hawaii's national and international marketing, communication, and		v
rganizational ties, to increase the State's capacity to adjust to and capitalize upon		X
conomic changes and opportunities occurring outside the State.		
3) Promote Hawaii as an attractive market for environmentally and socially sound nvestment activities that benefit Hawaii's people.		X
 4) Transform and maintain Hawaii as a place that welcomes and facilitates innovative 		
activity that may lead to commercial opportunities.		X
5) Promote innovative activity that may pose initial risks, but ultimately contribute to the		
conomy of Hawaii.		X
6) Seek broader outlets for new or expanded Hawaii business investments.		X
7) Expand existing markets and penetrate new markets for Hawaii's products and		
ervices.		X
8) Assure that the basic economic needs of Hawaii's people are maintained in the event of		
lisruptions in overseas transportation.		X
9) Strive to achieve a level of construction activity responsive to, and consistent with, state		
rowth objectives.	Х	
10) Encourage the formation of cooperatives and other favorable marketing		
rrangements at the local or regional level to assist Hawaii's small scale producers,		x
nanufacturers, and distributors.		
11) Encourage labor-intensive activities that are economically satisfying and which offer		
pportunities for upward mobility.		X
12) Encourage innovative activities that may not be labor-intensive, but may otherwise		_
ontribute to the economy of Hawaii.		X
13) Foster greater cooperation and coordination between the government and private		
ectors in developing Hawaii's employment and economic growth opportunities.		X
14) Stimulate the development and expansion of economic activities which will benefit		
reas with substantial or expected employment problems.		X
15) Maintain acceptable working conditions and standards for Hawaii's workers.	X	
16) Provide equal employment opportunities for all segments of Hawaii's population		v
hrough affirmative action and nondiscrimination measures.		X
17) Stimulate the development and expansion of economic activities capitalizing on		
lefense, dual-use, and science and technology assets, particularly on the neighbor islands		X
where employment opportunities may be limited.		
18) Encourage businesses that have favorable financial multiplier effects within Hawaii's		x
conomy, particularly with respect to emerging industries in science and technology.		Λ
19) Promote and protect intangible resources in Hawaii, such as scenic beauty and the		X
loha spirit, which are vital to a healthy economy.		Λ
20) Increase effective communication between the educational community and the private	X	
ector to develop relevant curricula and training programs to meet future employment		
eeds in general, and requirements of new or innovative potential growth industries in		
articular.		
21) Foster a business climate in Hawaiiincluding attitudes, tax and regulatory policies,		
nd financial and technical assistance programsthat is conducive to the expansion of		X
xisting enterprises and the creation and attraction of new business and industry.		

supporting the island's economic activity and growth. The new administration building would provide a new modern building to better support administrative staff at KIS and allow for improved operating space at other school buildings benefiting students and faculty. The project benefits faculty and students with from improved facilities and greater space available for classroom use that would support educational programs benefitting the County and future workforce.

226-7 Objectives and policies for the economy-agriculture.) Objective: Planning for the State's economy with regard to agriculture shall be directed towards hievement of the following objectives:) Viability of Hawaii's sugar and pineapple industries. X) Growth and development of diversified agriculture throughout the State. X) Growth and development of diversified agriculture throughout the State. X) An agriculture industry that continues to constitute a dynamic and essential component Hawaii's strategic, economic, and social well-being. X) Policies: X) Establish a clear direction for Hawaii's agriculture through stakeholder commitment dadocacy. X) Encourage agriculture by making the best use of natural resources. X) Provide the governor and the legislature with information and options needed for udent decision-making for the development of agriculture and visitor industries for mutual arketing benefits. X) Foster increased public awareness and understanding of the contributions and benefits agriculture as a major sector of Hawaii's economy. X) Strengthen diversified agriculture by developing an effective promotion, marketing, and stribution system between Hawaii's food producers and consumers in the State, nation, du world. X) Support research and development activities that strengthen economic productivity in riculture, stimulate graater efficiency, and enhance the development of new products and ricultural py-products.
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1) Increase the attractiveness and opportunities for an agricultural education and relihood.
velihood.
2) In addition to the State's priority on food, expand Hawaii's agricultural base by
romoting growth and development of flowers, tropical fruits and plants, livestock, feed
rains, forestry, food crops, aquaculture, and other potential enterprises.
3) Promote economically competitive activities that increase Hawaii's agricultural self-
fficiency, including the increased purchase and use of Hawaii-grown food and food
oducts by residents, businesses, and governmental bodies as defined under section
03D-104.
4) Promote and assist in the establishment of sound financial programs for diversified
iriculture.
5) Institute and support programs and activities to assist the entry of displaced
ricultural workers into alternative agricultural or other employment.
6) Facilitate the transition of agricultural lands in economically nonfeasible agricultural
oduction to economically viable agricultural uses.
7) Perpetuate, promote, and increase use of traditional Hawaiian farming systems, such
the use of loko i'a, māla, and irrigated lo'i, and growth of traditional Hawaiian crops,
ch as kalo, 'uala, and 'ulu.
8) Increase and develop small-scale farms.
226-8 Objective and policies for the economyvisitor industry.
) Objective: Planning for the State's economy with regard to the visitor industry shall be directed towards th
hievement of the objective of a visitor industry that constitutes a major component of steady growth for
awaii's economy.

(b) Policies:	
(1) Support and assist in the promotion of Hawaii's visitor attractions and facilities.	X
(2) Ensure that visitor industry activities are in keeping with the social, economic, and	
physical needs and aspirations of Hawaii's people.	X
(3) Improve the quality of existing visitor destination areas by utilizing Hawaii's strengths	
in science and technology.	X
(4) Encourage cooperation and coordination between the government and private sectors	
in developing and maintaining well-designed, adequately serviced visitor industry and	X
related developments which are sensitive to neighboring communities and activities.	
(5) Develop the industry in a manner that will continue to provide new job opportunities	
and steady employment for Hawaii's people.	X
(6) Provide opportunities for Hawaii's people to obtain job training and education that will	
allow for upward mobility within the visitor industry.	X
(7) Foster a recognition of the contribution of the visitor industry to Hawaii's economy and	
the need to perpetuate the aloha spirit.	X
(8) Foster an understanding by visitors of the aloha spirit and of the unique and sensitive	
character of Hawaii's cultures and values.	X
§226-9 Objective and policies for the economyfederal expenditures.	
(a) Objective: Planning for the State's economy with regard to federal expenditures shall be	directed towards
achievement of the objective of a stable federal investment base as an integral component of	
(b) Policies:	ritawan s conomy.
(1) Encourage the sustained flow of federal expenditures in Hawaii that generates long-	
term government civilian employment;	X
 (2) Promote Hawaii's supportive role in national defense, in a manner consistent with 	
Hawaii's social, environmental, and cultural goals by building upon dual-use and defense	
applications to develop thriving ocean engineering, aerospace research and development,	X
and related dual-use technology sectors in Hawaii's economy;	
(3) Promote the development of federally supported activities in Hawaii that respect	
	X
statewide economic concerns, are sensitive to community needs, and minimize adverse	Λ
impacts on Hawaii's environment; (A) In generate environment and a degree entry of Hawaii's nearly into federal	
(4) Increase opportunities for entry and advancement of Hawaii's people into federal	X
government service; (7) Presente 6 developer of local community in the service and facilities residuable in the service.	v
(5) Promote federal use of local commodities, services, and facilities available in Hawaii;	X
(6) Strengthen federal-state-county communication and coordination in all federal	X
activities that affect Hawaii; and	
(7) Pursue the return of federally controlled lands in Hawaii that are not required for	
either the defense of the nation or for other purposes of national importance, and promote	X
the mutually beneficial exchanges of land between federal agencies, the State, and the	
counties.	
§226-10 Objective and policies for the economypotential growth and innovative a	activities.
(a) Objective: Planning for the State's economy with regard to potential growth and	
innovative activities shall be directed towards achievement of the objective of development	X
and expansion of potential growth and innovative activities that serve to increase and	
diversify Hawaii's economic base.	
(b) Policies:	1 1 1
(1) Facilitate investment and employment growth in economic activities that have the	
potential to expand and diversify Hawaii's economy, including but not limited to diversified	x
agriculture, aquaculture, renewable energy development, creative media, health care, and	
science and technology-based sectors;	
(2) Facilitate investment in innovative activity that may pose risks or be less labor-intensive	
than other traditional business activity, but if successful, will generate revenue in Hawaii	X
through the export of services or products or substitution of imported services or products;	

(3) Encourage entrepreneurship in innovative activity by academic researchers and	V
instructors who may not have the background, skill, or initial inclination to commercially	X
exploit their discoveries or achievements;	
(4) Recognize that innovative activity is not exclusively dependent upon individuals with	
advanced formal education, but that many self-taught, motivated individuals are able,	X
willing, sufficiently knowledgeable, and equipped with the attitude necessary to undertake	
innovative activity;	
(5) Increase the opportunities for investors in innovative activity and talent engaged in	
innovative activity to personally meet and interact at cultural, art, entertainment, culinary,	X
athletic, or visitor-oriented events without a business focus;	
(6) Expand Hawaii's capacity to attract and service international programs and activities	X
that generate employment for Hawaii's people;	
(7) Enhance and promote Hawaii's role as a center for international relations, trade,	x
finance, services, technology, education, culture, and the arts;	A
(8) Accelerate research and development of new energy-related industries based on wind,	x
solar, ocean, underground resources, and solid waste;	Λ
(9) Promote Hawaii's geographic, environmental, social, and technological advantages to	x
attract new or innovative economic activities into the State;	Λ
(10) Provide public incentives and encourage private initiative to attract new or innovative	
industries that best support Hawaii's social, economic, physical, and environmental	X
objectives;	
(11) Increase research and the development of ocean-related economic activities such as	v
mining, food production, and scientific research;	X
(12) Develop, promote, and support research and educational and training programs that	
will enhance Hawaii's ability to attract and develop economic activities of benefit to	X
Hawaii;	
(13) Foster a broader public recognition and understanding of the potential benefits of new	
or innovative growth-oriented industry in Hawaii;	X
(14) Encourage the development and implementation of joint federal and state initiatives	
to attract federal programs and projects that will support Hawaii's social, economic,	X
physical, and environmental objectives;	
(15) Increase research and development of businesses and services in the	
telecommunications and information industries;	X
(16) Foster the research and development of nonfossil fuel and energy efficient modes of	
transportation; and	X
(17) Recognize and promote health care and health care information technology as growth	
industries.	X
Discussion: The new administration building would provide a new modern building to be	tter support
administrative staff at KIS and allow for improved operating space at other school building	
students and faculty. The project benefits faculty and students with from improved facilitie	
space available for classroom use that would support educational programs benefitting the	
future workforce.	e county and
§226-10.5 Objectives and policies for the economyinformation industry. (a) Objective: Planning for the State's economy with regard to telecommunications and	
information technology shall be directed toward recognizing that broadband and wireless	v
communication capability and infrastructure are foundations for an innovative economy	X
and positioning Hawaii as a leader in broadband and wireless communications and	
applications in the Pacific Region.	<u> </u>
(b) Policies:	
(1) Promote efforts to attain the highest speeds of electronic and wireless communication	
within Hawaii and between Hawaii and the world, and make high speed communication	X
available to all residents and businesses in Hawaii;	

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Discussion: The project is consistent with noted objectives and policies. Based upon the results of this assessment, the project would not negatively impact Hawai'i's unique environmental resources and BMPs implemented would further ensure minimization of effects. Project improvements would be compatible with land and water-based activities since KIS is located well inland and away from the shoreline and would not negatively impact natural resources or ecological systems as discussed in various sections of this document. The physical attributes of the project site were considered in selecting the site and designing improvements. Such efforts would minimize changes to the project site and ensure utility improvements are accommodated by the school's existing infrastructure. The new administration building would support the prudent use of the small site for educational purposes and activities occurring at KIS.

§226-12 Objective and policies for the physical environment--scenic, natural beauty, and historic resources. (a) Objective: Planning for the State's physical environment shall be directed towards achievement of the objective of enhancement of Hawaii's scenic assets, natural beauty, and multi-cultural/historical resources. (b) Policies: (1) Promote the preservation and restoration of significant natural and historic resources. Χ (2) Provide incentives to maintain and enhance historic, cultural, and scenic amenities. Х (3) Promote the preservation of views and vistas to enhance the visual and aesthetic Х enjoyment of mountains, ocean, scenic landscapes, and other natural features. (4) Protect those special areas, structures, and elements that are an integral and functional X part of Hawaii's ethnic and cultural heritage. (5) Encourage the design of developments and activities that complement the natural Х beauty of the islands. Discussion: The project is consistent with this objective and pertinent policies because improvements would not negatively impact significant natural and historic resources as discussed in various sections of this document. There are no historic sites present on the site. The new building would not negatively impact important and scenic views or visual resources being located within the KIS campus. Improvements would not impact special areas that are an integral part of Hawai'i's ethnic and cultural heritage. §226-13 Objectives and policies for the physical environment--land, air, and water quality. (a) Objective: Planning for the State's physical environment with regard to land, air, and water quality shall be directed towards achievement of the following objectives: (1) Maintenance and pursuit of improved quality in Hawaii's land, air, and water resources. Х (2) Greater public awareness and appreciation of Hawaii's environmental resources. Х (b) Policies: (1) Foster educational activities that promote a better understanding of Hawaii's limited Х environmental resources. (2) Promote the proper management of Hawaii's land and water resources. Х (3) Promote effective measures to achieve desired quality in Hawaii's surface, around, and Χ coastal waters. (4) Encourage actions to maintain or improve aural and air quality levels to enhance the Х health and well-being of Hawaii's people. (5) Reduce the threat to life and property from erosion, floodina, tsunamis, hurricanes, Х earthquakes, volcanic eruptions, and other natural or man-induced hazards and disasters. (6) Encourage design and construction practices that enhance the physical qualities of Х Hawaii's communities. (7) Encourage urban developments in close proximity to existing services and facilities. Χ (8) Foster recognition of the importance and value of the land, air, and water resources to X Hawaii's people, their cultures and visitors. **Discussion:** The project is consistent with this objective and pertinent policies because improvements would not negatively impact natural resources, coastal waters or other water resources, air quality, or likely be impacted by natural hazards as discussed in various sections of this document. The new building is situated in close proximity to existing services and facilities and would connect to existing infrastructure within the KIS campus. The project would enhance the physical facilities support the school's operations and educational programs by having a new building to better serve their administrative staff. §226-14 Objective and policies for facility systems--in general. (a) Objective: Planning for the State's facility systems in general shall be directed towards achievement of the objective of water, transportation, sustainable development, climate change adaptation, sea level rise adaptation, waste disposal, and energy and telecommunication systems that support statewide social, economic, and physical objectives. (b) Policies: (1) Accommodate the needs of Hawaii's people through coordination of facility systems and Х capital improvement priorities in consonance with state and county plans.

(2) Encourage flexibility in the design and development of facility systems to promote	x	
prudent use of resources and accommodate changing public demands and priorities.	+	
(3) Ensure that required facility systems can be supported within resource capacities and at reasonable cost to the user.	X	
(4) Pursue alternative methods of financing programs and projects and cost-saving		
techniques in the planning, construction, and maintenance of facility systems.		X
(5) Identify existing and planned state facilities that are vulnerable to sea level rise,		
flooding impacts, and natural hazards.	X	
(6) Assess a range of options to mitigate the impacts of sea level rise to existing and		
planned state facilities.		X
Discussion: The project will accommodate the needs of KIS faculty and students by impro	ving scho	ol facilities
and this project is appropriately funded and consistent with state and county plans as disc	cussed in t	his section
The DOE has coordinated with KIS and their facility planning staff to provide this new bu	ilding to r	neet schoo
objectives and needs. The project's design will promote prudent use of resources and	budgetin	g priorities
while accommodating the needs of KIS administrative staff. The new building would	be const	ructed at a
reasonable cost and would be supported by existing school infrastructure and utilities	serving t	the campus
without exceeding capacity as discussed in sections of this document. The KIS campus lo	ocation an	d design o
the new building would not be vulnerable to nor contribute to sea level rise, flooding, ar	ıd natural	hazards ir
the area as discussed in various sections.		
§226-15 Objectives and policies for facility systemssolid and liquid wastes.		
(a) Objective: Planning for the State's facility systems with regard to solid and liquid waste	S	X
shall be directed towards the achievement of the following objectives:		Λ
(1) Maintenance of basic public health and sanitation standards relating to treatment and		x
disposal of solid and liquid wastes.		Λ
(2) Provision of adequate sewerage facilities for physical and economic activities that		x
alleviate problems in housing, employment, mobility, and other areas.		Λ
(b) Policies:		
(1) Encourage the adequate development of sewerage facilities that complement planned		x
growth.		
(2) Promote reuse and recycling to reduce solid and liquid wastes and employ a		X
conservation ethic.	<u> </u>	
(3) Promote research to develop more efficient and economical treatment and disposal of		X
solid and liquid wastes.		
§226-16 Objective and policies for facility systemswater.	1. 1	
(a) Objective: Planning for the State's facility systems with regard to water shall be directed		
achievement of the objective of the provision of water to adequately accommodate domestic	z, agricuit	urai,
commercial, industrial, recreational, and other needs within resource capacities.		
(b) Policies:		v
 Coordinate development of land use activities with existing and potential water supply. Support research and development of alternative methods to meet future water 	+	<u> </u>
requirements well in advance of anticipated needs.		X
(3) Reclaim and encourage the productive use of runoff water and wastewater discharges.	+	X
 (4) Assist in improving the quality, efficiency, service, and storage capabilities of water 	+	Λ
systems for domestic and agricultural use.		X
		X
(5) Support water supply services to areas experiencing critical water problems.(6) Promote water conservation programs and practices in government, private industry,	+	A
and the general public to help ensure adequate water to meet long-term needs.		Х
§226-17 Objectives and policies for facility systemstransportation.		
(a) Objective: Planning for the State's facility systems with regard to transportation shall b	a directed	towards
the achievement of the following objectives:	e un ecteu	lowurus
(1) An integrated multi-modal transportation system that services statewide needs and		X
promotes the efficient, economical, safe, and convenient movement of people and goods.		Λ
promotes the efficient, economical, safe, and convenient movement of people and goods.		

(2) A statewide transportation system that is consistent with and will accommodate			
planned growth objectives throughout the State.			X
(b) Policies:			
(1) Design, program, and develop a multi-modal system in conformance with desired			Х
growth and physical development as stated in this chapter;			
(2) Coordinate state, county, federal, and private transportation activities and programs			Х
toward the achievement of statewide objectives;		4	<u>A</u>
(3) Encourage a reasonable distribution of financial responsibilities for transportation			Х
among participating governmental and private parties;			A
(4) Provide for improved accessibility to shipping, docking, and storage facilities;			X
(5) Promote a reasonable level and variety of mass transportation services that adequately			Х
meet statewide and community needs;			Λ
(6) Encourage transportation systems that serve to accommodate present and future			Х
development needs of communities;		4	Л
(7) Encourage a variety of carriers to offer increased opportunities and advantages to			Х
interisland movement of people and goods;		4	Л
(8) Increase the capacities of airport and harbor systems and support facilities to			Х
effectively accommodate transshipment and storage needs;		4	λ
(9) Encourage the development of transportation systems and programs which would			v
assist statewide economic growth and diversification;			X
(10) Encourage the design and development of transportation systems sensitive to the			v
needs of affected communities and the quality of Hawaii's natural environment;			X
(11) Encourage safe and convenient use of low-cost, energy-efficient, non-polluting means			v
of transportation;			X
(12) Coordinate intergovernmental land use and transportation planning activities to			
ensure the timely delivery of supporting transportation infrastructure in order to			Х
accommodate planned growth objectives; and			
(13) Encourage diversification of transportation modes and infrastructure to promote			
alternate fuels and energy efficiency.			X
§226-18 Objectives and policies for facility systemsenergy.			
(a) Objective: Planning for the State's facility systems with regard to energy shall be directed	l towa	rd the	
achievement of the following objectives, giving due consideration to all:			
(1) Dependable, efficient, and economical statewide energy systems capable of supporting			
the needs of the people;			X
(2) Increased energy security and self-sufficiency through the reduction and ultimate			
elimination of Hawaii's dependence on imported fuels for electrical generation and ground			Х
transportation:			
(3) Greater diversification of energy generation in the face of threats to Hawaii's energy			
supplies and systems;			X
(4) Reduction, avoidance, or sequestration of greenhouse gas emissions from energy supply			
and use; and		2	X
(5) Utility models that make the social and financial interests of Hawaii's utility customers			
a priority.			X
(b) To achieve the energy objectives, it shall be the policy of this State to ensure the short- an	nd long	torm	
provision of adequate, reasonably priced, and dependable energy services to accommodate d			
(b) Policies:	LIIIUIIU		
(1) Support research and development as well as promote the use of renewable energy			
			Х
sources;			
(2) Ensure that the combination of energy supplies and energy-saving systems is sufficient			
to support the demands of growth;			Х

(3) Base decisions of least-cost supply-side and demand-side energy resource options on a	
comparison of their total costs and benefits when a least-cost is determined by a reasonably	x
comprehensive, quantitative, and qualitative accounting of their long-term, direct and	Λ
indirect economic, environmental, social, cultural, and public health costs and benefits;	
(4) Promote all cost-effective conservation of power and fuel supplies through measures,	
including:	X
(A) Development of cost-effective demand-side management programs;	
(B) Education;	
(C) Adoption of energy-efficient practices and technologies; and	
(D) Increasing energy efficiency and decreasing energy use in public infrastructure;	
(5) Ensure, to the extent that new supply-side resources are needed, that the development	
or expansion of energy systems uses the least-cost energy supply option and maximizes	X
efficient technologies;	
(6) Support research, development, demonstration, and use of energy efficiency, load	X
management, and other demand-side management programs, practices, and technologies;	X
(7) Promote alternate fuels and transportation energy efficiency;	X
(8) Support actions that reduce, avoid, or sequester greenhouse gases in utility,	
transportation, and industrial sector applications;	X
(9) Support actions that reduce, avoid, or sequester Hawaii's greenhouse gas emissions	
through agriculture and forestry initiatives;	X
(10) Provide priority handling and processing for all state and county permits required for	
renewable energy projects;	X
(11) Ensure that liquefied natural gas is used only as a cost-effective transitional, limited-	
term replacement of petroleum for electricity generation and does not impede the	x
	Λ
development and use of other cost-affective renewable energy sources; and	
development and use of other cost-effective renewable energy sources; and	
(12) Promote the development of indigenous geothermal energy resources that are located	x
(12) Promote the development of indigenous geothermal energy resources that are located on public trust land as an affordable and reliable source of firm power for Hawaii.	X
 (12) Promote the development of indigenous geothermal energy resources that are located on public trust land as an affordable and reliable source of firm power for Hawaii. §226-18.5 Objectives and policies for facility systemstelecommunications. 	
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(1) Effectively accommodate the housing needs of Hawaii's people. (2) Stimulate and promote feasible approaches that increase affordable rental and for sale	X
nousing choices for extremely low-, very low-, lower-, moderate-, and above moderate-	Х
ncome households.	
3) Increase homeownership and rental opportunities and choices in terms of quality,	
ocation, cost, densities, style, and size of housing.	X
(4) Promote appropriate improvement, rehabilitation, and maintenance of existing rental	
and for sale housing units and residential areas.	X
(5) Promote design and location of housing developments taking into account the physical	
etting, accessibility to public facilities and services, and other concerns of existing	x
communities and surrounding areas.	
6) Facilitate the use of available vacant, developable, and underutilized urban lands for	
nousing.	X
7) Foster a variety of lifestyles traditional to Hawaii through the design and maintenance	
	X
of neighborhoods that reflect the culture and values of the community.	
<i>(8)</i> Promote research and development of methods to reduce the cost of housing	X
construction in Hawaii.	
226-20 Objectives and policies for socio-cultural advancementhealth.	
a) Objective: Planning for the State's socio-cultural advancement with regard to health shall be dire	cted
owards achievement of the following objectives:	
1) Fulfillment of basic individual health needs of the general public.	X
2) Maintenance of sanitary and environmentally healthful conditions in Hawaii's	x
rommunities.	л
3) Elimination of health disparities by identifying and addressing social determinants of	x
nealth.	Λ
(b) Policies:	
(1) Provide adequate and accessible services and facilities for prevention and treatment of	
physical and mental health problems, including substance abuse.	X
2) Encourage improved cooperation among public and private sectors in the provision of	
nealth care to accommodate the total health needs of individuals throughout the State.	X
<i>(3) Encourage public and private efforts to develop and promote statewide and local</i>	
trategies to reduce health care and related insurance costs.	X
(4) Foster an awareness of the need for personal health maintenance and preventive health	
care through education and other measures.	X
5) Provide programs, services, and activities that ensure environmentally healthful and	X
conitary conditions.	
6) Improve the State's capabilities in preventing contamination by pesticides and other	
potentially hazardous substances through increased coordination, education, monitoring,	X
ind enforcement.	
7) Prioritize programs, services, interventions, and activities that address identified social	
leterminants of health to improve native Hawaiian health and well-being consistent with	
he United States Congress' declaration of policy as codified in title 42 United States Code	
ection 11702, and to reduce health disparities of disproportionately affected	x
lemographics, including native Hawaiians, other Pacific Islanders, and Filipinos. The	
prioritization of affected demographic groups other than native Hawaiians may be	
eviewed every ten years and revised based on the best available epidemiological and public	
health data.	
226-21 Objective and policies for socio-cultural advancementeducation.	
a) Objective: Planning for the State's socio-cultural advancement with regard to education shall be	directed
owards achievement of the objective of the provision of a variety of educational opportunities to ena	

Х

(b) Policies:		
(1) Support educational programs and activities that enhance personal development, physical fitness, recreation, and cultural pursuits of all groups.	X	
(2) Ensure the provision of adequate and accessible educational services and facilities that are designed to meet individual and community needs.	X	
(3) Provide appropriate educational opportunities for groups with special needs.		X
(4) Promote educational programs which enhance understanding of Hawaii's cultural heritage.		x
<i>(5) Provide higher educational opportunities that enable Hawaii's people to adapt to changing employment demands.</i>		x
(6) Assist individuals, especially those experiencing critical employment problems or barriers, or undergoing employment transitions, by providing appropriate employment training programs and other related educational opportunities.		x
7) Promote programs and activities that facilitate the acquisition of basic skills, such as reading, writing, computing, listening, speaking, and reasoning.	X	
(8) Emphasize quality educational programs in Hawaii's institutions to promote academic excellence.	X	
(9) Support research programs and activities that enhance the education programs of the State.		X
within the new building allows faculty to make better use of classroom space at other buil ncreased space created that could be used to support educational programs for students skills. The overall benefits from the project would help support KIS faculty in promoting a S226-22 Objective and policies for socio-cultural advancementsocial services.	in develo	ping basi
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(b) Policies:

(1) Foster and preserve Hawaii's multi-cultural heritage through supportive cultural, artistic, recreational, and humanities-oriented programs and activities.

(2) Provide a wide range of activities and facilities to fulfill the cultural, artistic, and	X	
recreational needs of all diverse and special groups effectively and efficiently.	Α	
(3) Enhance the enjoyment of recreational experiences through safety and security	x	
measures, educational opportunities, and improved facility design and maintenance.		
(4) Promote the recreational and educational potential of natural resources having scenic,		
open space, cultural, historical, geological, or biological values while ensuring that their	X	
inherent values are preserved.		
(5) Ensure opportunities for everyone to use and enjoy Hawaii's recreational resources.	X	
(6) Assure the availability of sufficient resources to provide for future cultural, artistic, and	x	
recreational needs.	Λ	
(7) Provide adequate and accessible physical fitness programs to promote the physical and	x	
mental well-being of Hawaii's people.	Λ	
(8) Increase opportunities for appreciation and participation in the creative arts, including	x	
the literary, theatrical, visual, musical, folk, and traditional art forms.	Λ	
(9) Encourage the development of creative expression in the artistic disciplines to enable	v	
all segments of Hawaii's population to participate in the creative arts.	X	
(10) Assure adequate access to significant natural and cultural resources in public	v	
ownership.	X	
§226-24 Objective and policies for socio-cultural advancementindividual rights and pers	onal well-	
being.		
(a) Objective: Planning for the State's socio-cultural advancement with regard to individual rights (and personal	
well-being shall be directed towards achievement of the objective of increased opportunities and pro		
individual rights to enable individuals to fulfill their socio-economic needs and aspirations.		
(b) Policies:		
(1) Provide effective services and activities that protect individuals from criminal acts and		
unfair practices and that alleviate the consequences of criminal acts in order to foster a safe	x	
and secure environment.	Λ	
(2) Uphold and protect the national and state constitutional rights of every individual.	X	
(3) Assure access to, and availability of, legal assistance, consumer protection, and other	A	
public services which strive to attain social justice.	X	
(4) Ensure equal opportunities for individual participation in society.	X	
	Λ	
§226-25 Objective and policies for socio-cultural advancementculture.	l'an a cha al	
(a) Objectives: Planning for the State's socio-cultural advancement with regard to culture shall be a		
toward the achievement of the objective of enhancement of cultural identities, traditions, values, cus	toms, ana	
arts of Hawaii's people.		
(b) Policies:		
(1) Foster increased knowledge and understanding of Hawaii's ethnic and cultural	X	
heritages and the history of Hawaii.		
(2) Support activities and conditions that promote cultural values, customs, and arts that		
enrich the lifestyles of Hawaii's people and which are sensitive and responsive to family and	X	
community needs.		
(3) Encourage increased awareness of the effects of proposed public and private actions on	x	
the integrity and quality of cultural and community lifestyles in Hawaii.	Λ	
(4) Encourage the essence of the aloha spirit in people's daily activities to promote		
harmonious relationships among Hawaii's people and visitors.	X	
§226-26 Objectives and policies for socio-cultural advancementpublic safety.		
(a) Objective: Planning for the State's socio-cultural advancement with regard to public safety shall	be directed	
towards the achievement of the following objectives:		
(1) Assurance of public safety and adequate protection of life and property for all people.	X	
(2) Optimum organizational readiness and capability in all phases of emergency		
management to maintain the strength, resources, and social and economic well-being of the	X	
management to maintain the strength, resources, and social and economic weil-beilig 0) the		

community in the event of civil disruptions, wars, natural disasters, and other major	
disturbances.	
(3) Promotion of a sense of community responsibility for the welfare and safety of Hawaii's	x
people.	Λ
(b) Policies:	
(1) Ensure that public safety programs are effective and responsive to community needs.	X
(2) Encourage increased community awareness and participation in public safety programs.	X
(c) To further achieve public safety objectives related to criminal justice, it shall be the policy	y of this State to:
(1) Support criminal justice programs aimed at preventing and curtailing criminal activities.	X
(2) Develop a coordinated, systematic approach to criminal justice administration among	x
all criminal justice agencies.	А
(3) Provide a range of correctional resources which may include facilities and alternatives	
to traditional incarceration in order to address the varied security needs of the community	X
and successfully reintegrate offenders into the community.	
(d) To further achieve public safety objectives related to emergency management, it shall be	v
the policy of this State to:	X
(1) Ensure that responsible organizations are in a proper state of readiness to respond to	x
major war-related, natural, or technological disasters and civil disturbances at all times.	Λ
(2) Enhance the coordination between emergency management programs throughout the	X
State.	А
§226-27 Objectives and policies for socio-cultural advancementgovernment.	
(a) Objective: Planning the State's socio-cultural advancement with regard to government	nt shall be directed
towards the achievement of the following objectives:	
(1) Efficient, effective, and responsive government services at all levels in the State.	X
(2) Fiscal integrity, responsibility, and efficiency in the state government and county	
governments.	X
(b) Policies:	
(1) Provide for necessary public goods and services not assumed by the private sector.	X
(2) Pursue an openness and responsiveness in government that permits the flow of public	
information, interaction, and response.	X
(3) Minimize the size of government to that necessary to be effective.	X
(4) Stimulate the responsibility in citizens to productively participate in government for a	
better Hawaii.	X
(5) Assure that government attitudes, actions, and services are sensitive to community needs	
and concerns.	X
(6) Provide for a balanced fiscal budget.	X
(7) Improve the fiscal budgeting and management system of the State.	
(8) Promote the consolidation of state and county governmental functions to increase the	
effective and efficient delivery of government programs and services and to eliminate	X
duplicative services wherever feasible.	
Discussion: The new administration building would support the staff and faculty in pro-	viding efficient and
auton sunting would support the stant and factory in pro-	· · ··································

effective educational programs for students at KIS. The new building responds to the need to provide improved facilities to support government services at this school. It is an improvement not provided by the public sector, but will benefit students and the community.

4.1.3 CHAPTER 344, HRS, STATE ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY

Chapter 344, HRS outlines the State's Environmental Policy that establishes State guidelines for encouraging a balanced and productive relationship between people and the environment. The following discusses the project's conformance and consistency with the pertinent goals, policies, and guidelines described under Chapter 344, HRS, Hawai'i State Environmental Policy.

Section 344-3(1). Conserve the natural resources, so that land, water, mineral, visual, air and other natural resources are protected by controlling pollution, by preserving or augmenting natural resources, and by safeguarding the State's unique natural environmental characteristics in a manner which will foster and promote the general welfare, create and maintain conditions under which humanity and nature can exist in productive harmony, and fulfill the social, economic, and other requirements of the people of Hawaii.

Discussion: The project would not result in an adverse impact on the State's natural resources and environmental characteristics. The project would inevitably involve some temporary land-disturbing activities that could cause minor short-term effects and nuisances. BMPs as described in Section 3.1.3 will be adhered to during excavation and grading activities to minimize soil loss and erosion and thus not impact surface and coastal water. The project would not have adverse impacts on land or water as no major geographical features or surface water bodies are present on the site. The new building would increase impervious area within the small site, but an underground infiltration system using subdrains is planned to infiltrate the increase in runoff volume generated. This would allow surface runoff to maintain predevelopment conditions within the area and minimize effects on the school's existing drainage system. Water demand generated from operations occurring at the new building should generally remain the same for the overall campus since the project just involves consolidating existing administration staff.

The surrounding air quality would remain at existing levels upon completion of the project as traffic conditions from the project should remain satisfactory and is not expected to result in excessive congestion that would lead to high vehicular emissions. The project would alter existing important or scenic views or impact views of scenic resources since the building would be located within the KIS campus. The project would not negatively impact seabirds or other important mammals as BMPs and other minimization measures identified would address potential effects.

Section 344-3(2). Enhance the quality of life by:

- (B) Creating opportunities for the residents of Hawai'i to improve their quality of life through diverse economic activities which are stable and in balance with the physical and social environments;
- (C) Establishing communities which provide a sense of identity, wise use of land, efficient transportation, and aesthetic and social satisfaction in harmony with the natural environment which is uniquely Hawaiian;

Discussion: The project would all existing administrative staff and operations to be consolidated in a new modern building to better support school operations. This would allow existing space used in other buildings to be converted to support faculty and students such as increasing classroom space or better supporting educational programs. This improves the quality of life for both school staff along with students while supporting educational programs. Construction of the new building on the proposed site reflects the wise use of land within the school campus and it would not negatively impact the environment as discussed in several sections of this document.

Guidelines, Chapter 344, HRS, State Environmental Policy

The State Environmental Policy includes guidelines to facilitate attainment of policy objectives involving the conservation of Hawai'i's natural resources and the enhancement of the quality of life of the state's peoples. The following discussion evaluates the project's consistency with pertinent guidelines of the State Environmental Policy.

(9). Education and culture.

(B) Encourage both formal and informal environmental education to all age groups.

Discussion: The proposed project aligns with the education and culture guidelines of the State Environmental Policy. The project support formal environmental education to all students at KIS with increased classroom or other operational space created by consolidating administrative staff and operations within the new building. This improvement for the school would supporting educational programs for students.,

(10). Citizen participation.

(B) Provide for expanding citizen participation in the decision-making process so it continually embraces more citizens and more issues.

Discussion: Chapter 5 includes a discussion on the efforts undertaken to provide the community and agencies with an opportunity to review and comment on this project consistent with this policy. Pre-assessment consultation letters have been distributed to various stakeholders soliciting their input in the preparation of this document. The publication and processing of this environmental document allows for information to be distributed to the public and for public participation to address comments and concerns associated with the project.

4.1.4 STATE COASTAL ZONE MANAGEMENT PROGRAM, CHAPTER 205A, HRS

The Hawai'i Coastal Zone Management (CZM) Program was created in 1977 through the passage of HRS Chapter 205A. Administered by the State Office of Planning and Sustainable Development, HRS 205A and the CZM Program is intended to be an effective and coordinated program that systematized Federal, State, and County agency efforts in the comprehensive management of Hawai'i's coastal resources. Each of the four counties, including Maui County, are responsible for administering the program locally through Special Management Area (SMA) permits and shoreline setback provisions in their respective counties. The SMA was established to regulate any use, activity, or operation of all "developments" along the shoreline to preserve, protect, and where possible, to restore

the natural resources of the coastal zone. SMA boundaries are delineated for each county as areas where development needs to be regulated to protect coastal resources.

The overall objectives of the CZM Program are to provide the public with coastal recreational opportunities, protect historic resources, protect scenic and open space resources, protect coastal ecosystems, provide facilities for economic development, reduce coastal hazards and manage development. The coastal zone encompasses the entire state, as there is no point of land more than 30 miles from the ocean, and what happens on land would most likely impact the quality of coastal waters and marine resources.

The project is not located within the SMA boundary and is thus not subject to the County's SMA regulations. However, a discussion of the project's consistency with the CZM objectives and policies is provided below.

§205A – COASTAL ZONE MANAGEMENT PROGRAM: OBJECTIVES & POLICIES

1.) RECREATIONAL RESOURCES

Objectives:

Provide coastal recreational opportunities accessible to the public. <u>Policies</u>:

(A) Improve coordination and funding of coastal recreational planning and management; and (B) Provide adequate, accessible and diverse recreational opportunities in the coastal zone management area by:

(i) Protecting coastal resources uniquely suited for recreational activities that cannot be provided in other areas;

(ii) Requiring replacement of coastal resources having significant recreational value, including but not limited to surfing sites, fishponds and sand beaches, when such resources will be unavoidably damaged by development; or requiring reasonable monetary compensation to the state for recreation when replacement is not feasible or desirable;

(iii) Providing and managing adequate public access, consistent with conservation of natural resources, to and along shorelines with recreational value;

(iv) Providing an adequate supply of shoreline parks and other recreational facilities suitable for public recreation;

(v) Ensuring public recreational uses of county, state, and federally owned or controlled shoreline lands and waters having recreational value consistent with public safety standards and conservation of natural resources;

(vi) Adopting water quality standards and regulating point and nonpoint sources of pollution to protect, and where feasible, restore the recreational value of coastal waters; (vii) Developing new shoreline recreational opportunities, where appropriate, such as artificial lagoons, artificial beaches, and artificial reefs for surfing and fishing; and (viii) Encouraging reasonable dedication of shoreline areas with recreational value for public use as part of discretionary approvals or permits by the land use commission, board of land and natural resources, and county authorities; and crediting that dedication against the requirements of section 46-6.

DISCUSSION: The Project does not conflict with this objective and these policies. The project does not include any coastal development or activities, therefore, there are no anticipated impacts to coastal recreational resources or access to the shoreline.

2.) HISTORIC RESOURCES

<u>Objectives</u>:

Protect, preserve, and, where desirable, restore those natural and manmade historic and prehistoric resources in the coastal zone management area that are significant in Hawaiian and American history and culture.

Policies:

(A) Identify and analyze significant archaeological resources;

(B) Maximize information retention through preservation of remains and artifacts or salvage operations; and

(C) Support state goals for protection, restoration, interpretation, and display of historic resources.

DISCUSSION: The project would not affect any historic sites or cultural resources because there are none present within the small 0.55-acre site within the KIS campus. An archaeological study conducted confirmed these results that are discussed in Section 3.8. The Project would thus be consistent with these objectives and policies for historic resources.

3.) SCENIC AND OPEN SPACE RESOURCES

Objectives:

Protect, preserve, and, where desirable, restore or improve the quality of coastal scenic and open space resources.

Policies:

(A) Identify valued scenic resources in the coastal zone management area;

(B) Ensure that new developments are compatible with their visual environment by designing and locating those developments to minimize the alteration of natural landforms and existing public views to and along the shoreline;

(C) Preserve, maintain, and, where desirable, improve and restore shoreline open space and scenic resources; and

(D) Encourage those developments that are not coastal dependent to locate in inland areas.

DISCUSSION: The project is not anticipated to have any significant adverse impacts on scenic viewplanes or resources. The project site is located within the KIS campus and no public viewing locations or scenic resources are present on that site or surrounding school campus. The site is not located near the shoreline and the project is not coastal dependent and located well inland in Makawao.

4.) COASTAL ECOSYSTEMS

<u>Objectives</u>:

Protect valuable coastal ecosystems, including reefs, beaches, and coastal dunes, from disruption and minimize adverse impacts on all coastal ecosystems. Policies:

(A) Exercise an overall conservation ethic, and practice stewardship in the protection, use, and development of marine and coastal resources;

(B) Improve the technical basis for natural resource management;

(C) Preserve valuable coastal ecosystems of significant biological or economic importance, including reefs, beaches, and dunes;

(D) Minimize disruption or degradation of coastal water ecosystems by effective regulation of stream diversions, channelization, and similar land and water uses, recognizing competing water needs; and

(E) Promote water quantity and quality planning and management practices that reflect the tolerance of fresh water and marine ecosystems and maintain and enhance water quality through the development and implementation of point and nonpoint source water pollution control measures;

DISCUSSION: The Project would be consistent with the objective and these policies for coastal ecosystems. The project site is not located near the coastline or in an area with significant natural resources since it is within the KIS campus. BMPs discussed in several sections would be utilized during construction to minimize impacts to groundwater, surface waters, and coastal waters.

5.) ECONOMIC USES

Objectives:

Provide public or private facilities and improvements important to the State's economy in suitable locations.

Policies:

(A) Concentrate coastal dependent development in appropriate areas;

(B) Ensure that coastal dependent development and coastal related development are located, designed, and constructed to minimize exposure to coastal hazards and adverse social, visual, and environmental impacts in the coastal zone management area; and

(C) Direct the location and expansion of coastal development to areas designated and used for that development and permit reasonable long-term growth at those areas, and permit coastal development outside of designated areas when:

(i) Use of designated locations is not feasible;

(ii) Adverse environmental effects and risks from coastal hazards are minimized; and (iii) The development is important to the State's economy.

DISCUSSION: The project does not conflict with this objective and these policies. The improvements do not include any coastal development or activities, therefore, there are no anticipated impacts to coastal recreational resources or access to the shoreline.

6.) COASTAL HAZARDS

Objectives:

Reduce hazard to life and property from coastal hazards.

Policies:

(A) Develop and communicate adequate information about the risks of coastal hazards;

(B) Control development, including planning and zoning control, in areas subject to coastal hazards;

(C) Ensure that developments comply with requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program; and

(D) Prevent coastal flooding from inland projects;

DISCUSSION: The project is not a coastal development being located well inland in Makawao and school activities would not be impacted from coastal hazards. However, the design of the project would conform to all regulatory requirements to ensure adequate and proper storm drainage and erosion control to the surrounding properties. As explained in Chapter 3.7, according to FEMA's Digital Flood Insurance Rate Maps (DFIRM), the project site is in the Zone X which is an area outside the 500-year flood zone, with minimal risk of flooding. The KIS property is located well outside of the 3.2-feet Sea Level Rise Exposure Area.

7.) MANAGING DEVELOPMENT

<u>Objectives</u>:

Improve the development review process, communication, and public participation in the management of coastal resources and hazards.

Policies:

(A) Use, implement, and enforce existing law effectively to the maximum extent possible in managing present and future coastal zone development;

(B) Facilitate timely processing of applications for development permits and resolve overlapping or conflicting permit requirements; and

(C) Communicate the potential short and long-term impacts of proposed significant coastal developments early in their life cycle and in terms understandable to the public to facilitate public participation in the planning and review process;

DISCUSSION: The Project would not include any coastal developments or activities and is not expected to directly impact coastal resources. BMPs as mentioned in Chapter 3.0 would be utilized to minimize impacts due to stormwater runoff and erosion during construction. The project would also obtain all necessary development permits and approvals listed in Table 1. The Environmental Assessment review process required public notification and allows for public agencies to respond with any comments or concerns about the project.

8.) PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

<u>Objectives</u>:

Stimulate public awareness, education, and participation in coastal management. <u>Policies</u>: (A) Promote public involvement in coastal zone management processes;

(B) Disseminate information on coastal management issues by means of educational materials, published reports, staff contact, and public workshops for persons and organizations concerned with coastal issues, developments, and government activities; and (C) Organize workshops, policy dialogues, and site-specific mediations to respond to coastal issues and conflicts.

DISCUSSION: The project would not include any coastal developments or activities and is not expected to directly impact coastal resources. The Environmental Assessment review process required public notification and allowed public agencies to respond with any comments or concerns about the project.

9.) BEACH PROTECTION

Objectives:

(A) Protect beaches and coastal dunes for:

(i) Public use and recreation;

(ii) The benefit of coastal ecosystems; and

(iii) Use as natural buffers against coastal hazards; and

(B) Coordinate and fund beach management and protection.

Policies:

(A) Locate new structures inland from the shoreline setback to conserve open space, minimize interference with natural shoreline processes, and minimize loss of improvements due to erosion;

(B) Prohibit construction of private shoreline hardening structures, including seawalls and revetments, at sites having sand beaches and at sites where shoreline hardening structures interfere with existing recreational and waterline activities;

(C) Minimize the construction of public shoreline hardening structures, including seawalls and revetments, at sites having sand beaches and at sites where shoreline hardening structures interfere with existing recreational and waterline activities;

(D) Minimize grading of and damage to coastal dunes;

(E) Prohibit private property owners from creating a public nuisance by inducing or cultivating the private property owner's vegetation in a beach transit corridor; and
(F) Prohibit private property owners from creating a public nuisance by allowing the private property owner's unmaintained vegetation to interfere or encroach upon a beach transit corridor.

DISCUSSION: The project would not include any coastal developments, any shoreline hardening, or activities and is not expected to directly impact coastal resources and interfere with natural shoreline processes. As mentioned in Chapter 3.1, there are no significant coastal sand dunes known to be within the project site. Therefore, the project is consistent with this objective and these policies for beach protection.

10.) MARINE AND COASTAL RESOURCES

Objectives:

(A) Promote the protection, use, and development of marine and coastal resources to assure their sustainability.

Policies:

(A) Ensure that the use and development of marine and coastal resources are ecologically and environmentally sound and economically beneficial;

(B) Coordinate the management of marine and coastal resources and activities to improve effectiveness and efficiency;

(C) Assert and articulate the interests of the State as a partner with federal agencies in the sound management of ocean resources within the United States exclusive economic zone;

(D) Promote research, study, and understanding of ocean and coastal processes, impacts of climate change and sea level rise, marine life, and other ocean resources to acquire and inventory information necessary to understand how coastal development activities relate to and impact ocean and coastal resources; and

(E) Encourage research and development of new, innovative technologies for exploring, using, or protecting marine and coastal resources.

DISCUSSION: The project does not include the use of marine or coastal resources and is not expected to directly impact coastal resources. This document addressed the affected environment and analyzed the likely environmental impact from the project which would not have significant effects on the environment. BMPs discussed would be utilized to minimize impacts to marine and coastal resources due to construction-generated stormwater runoff and erosion. Therefore, the project does not conflict with this objective and these policies for marine and coastal resources.

4.2 COUNTY OF MAUI PLANS AND POLICIES

4.2.1 MAUI COUNTY GENERAL PLAN 2030

The Maui County General Plan 2030 is a long-term comprehensive blueprint for the physical, economic, environmental, and cultural identity of the County, which includes the islands of Maui, Moloka'i, Lāna'i, and Kaho'olawe. The General Plan consists of the Countywide Policy Plan that act as an over-arching values statement and provides a policy framework for the Island and Community Plans. Last updated in 2010, the Countywide Policy Plan provides a vision statement, along with broad goals, objectives, policies, and implementing actions for each core theme which together portray the desired direction for the County's future to the year 2030. The Project is aligned with the following core themes from the Countywide Policy Plan of the Maui County General Plan 2030:

- A. Protect the Natural Environment
- B. Preserve Local Cultures and Traditions
- C. Improve Education
- F. Strengthen the Local Economy
- J. Promote Sustainable Land Use and Growth Management
- K. Strive for Good Governance

The goals, objectives, policies, and actions that are pertinent to the Project from each applicable core theme in the County Wide Policy Plan are provided below:

A.) PROTECT THE NATURAL ENVIRONMENT

<u>GOAL</u>: Maui County's natural environment and distinctive open spaces will be preserved, managed, and cared for in perpetuity.

<u>OBJECTIVE 1</u>: Improve the opportunity to experience the natural beauty and native biodiversity of the islands for present and future generations.

Policies:

(G) Preserve and provide ongoing care for important scenic vistas, view planes, landscapes, and open-space resources.

<u>OBJECTIVE 2</u>: Improve the quality of environmentally sensitive, locally valued natural resources and native ecology of each island.

Policies:

(E) Mitigate the negative effects of upland uses on coastal wetlands, marine life, and coral reefs.

(F) Strengthen coastal-zone management, re-naturalization of shorelines, where possible, and filtration or treatment of urban and agricultural runoff.

Implementing Actions:

a. Develop regulations to minimize runoff of pollutants into nearshore waters and reduce nonpoint and point source pollution.

<u>OBJECTIVE 3</u>: Improve the quality of environmentally sensitive, locally valued natural resources and native ecology of each island.

Policies:

(A) Preserve and protect natural resources with significant scenic, economic, cultural, environmental, or recreational value.

(C) Evaluate development to assess potential short-term and long-term impacts on land, air, aquatic, and marine environments.

(D) Improve efforts to mitigate and plan for the impact of natural disasters, humaninfluenced emergencies, and global warming.

(F) Reduce air, noise, light, land, and water pollution, and reduce Maui County's contribution to global climate change.

(1) Educate the construction and landscape industries and property owners about the use of best management practices to prevent erosion and nonpoint source pollution.

Implementing Actions:

a. Document, record, and monitor existing conditions, populations, and locations of flora and fauna communities.

b. Implement Federal and State policies that require a reduction of greenhouse-gas emissions.

DISCUSSION: The project would ensure that the island's environment is protected in the short-term and long-term. BMPs as mentioned throughout Chapter 3.0 would be utilized to minimize the likely short-term impacts to the island's sensitive land and coastal

ecosystems, flora and fauna, water systems, natural resources, air quality, climate, and significant viewplanes.

B.) PRESERVE LOCAL CULTURES AND TRADITIONS

<u>GOAL</u>: Maui County will foster a spirit of pono and protect, perpetuate, and reinvigorate its residents' multi-cultural values and traditions to ensure that current and future generations will enjoy the benefits of their rich island heritage.

<u>OBJECTIVE 1</u>: Perpetuate the Hawaiian culture as a vital force in the lives of residents. Policies:

(A) Protect and preserve access to mountain, ocean, and island resources for traditional Hawaiian cultural practices.

(B) Prohibit inappropriate development of cultural lands and sites that are important for traditional Hawaiian cultural practices, and establish mandates for the special protection of these lands in perpetuity.

(F) Recognize and preserve the unique natural and cultural characteristics of each ahupua`a or district.

<u>OBJECTIVE 4</u>: Preserve and restore significant historic architecture, structures, cultural sites, cultural districts, and cultural landscapes.

<u>Policies</u>: (D) Protect and preserve lands that are culturally or historically significant.

DISCUSSION: There are no historic sites present on the project site within the school nor any cultural resources. Project improvements and BMPs would further ensure that construction activities minimize any potential effects on cultural resources in the surrounding area.

C.) IMPROVE EDUCATION

<u>GOAL</u>: Residents will have access to lifelong formal and informal educational options enabling them to realize their ambitions.

<u>OBJECTIVE 1</u>: Encourage the State to attract and retain school administrators and educators of the highest quality.

Policies:

(B) Encourage the State to ensure teachers will have the teaching tools and support staff needed to provide students with an excellent education.

(C) Explore Maui County district- and school-based decision making in public education.

<u>OBJECTIVE 2</u>: Provide nurturing learning environments that build skills for the 21st century. <u>Policies</u>:

(A) Expand professional-development opportunities in disciplines that support the economic-development goals of Maui County.

(B) Plan for demographic, social, and technological changes in a timely manner.(D) Promote development of neighborhood schools and educational centers.

(F) Support coordination between land use and school-facility planning agencies.

(G) Encourage the upgrade and ongoing maintenance of public-school facilities.

(K) Design school and park facilities in proximity to residential areas.

(N) Encourage alternative learning and educational opportunities.

<u>OBJECTIVE 3</u>: Provide all residents with educational opportunities that can help them better understand themselves and their surroundings and allow them to realize their ambitions. Policies:

(B) Broaden the use of technology and telecommunications to improve educational opportunities throughout the County.

(G) Ensure teaching of the arts to all ages.

(H) Expand and develop vocational learning opportunities by establishing trade schools.

DISCUSSION: The project would support these objectives and policies related to education. The new administration building would allow all existing administrative staff and operations to be consolidated in a new modern building to better support school operations with improved telecommunication equipment and facilities. This would allow existing space used in other buildings to be converted to support faculty and students such as increasing classroom space or better supporting educational programs.

F.) STRENGTHEN THE LOCAL ECONOMY

<u>GOAL</u>: Maui County's economy will be diverse, sustainable, and supportive of community values.

<u>OBJECTIVE 1</u>: Promote an economic climate that will encourage diversification of the County's economic base and a sustainable rate of economic growth.

Policies:

(B) Promote lifelong education, career development, and technical training for existing and emerging industries.

(C) Invest in infrastructure, facilities, and programs that foster economic diversification.

(E) Support programs that assist industries to retain and attract more local labor and facilitate the creation of jobs that offer a living wage.

DISCUSSION: Construction activities would result in a short-term positive economic impact for Maui due to construction-related spending and employment. Additionally, direct construction activities would result in an overall short-term positive economy impact by stimulating indirect and inducted employment within other industries on the island.

4.2.2 MAKAWAO-PUKALANI-KULA COMMUNITY PLAN (1996)

The Makawo-Pukalani-Kula Community Plan is one of nine Maui County decennial community plans adopted by the Maui County Council. It is in the lower tier of Maui County planning documents, and is mutually supporting of the goals, objectives, policies, and implementing actions of the Hawai'i State Plan, Maui County General Plan, and Maui Island

Plan. Last adopted in 1996, this Community Plan is a requirement of Maui County Code and is a more geographically focused long-term plan. The Community Plan reflects current and future conditions in the Makawo-Pukalani-Kula region and presents specific planning goals, objectives, policies, and implementation considerations to guide decision-making to the year 2010. Discussion of the project's consistency with pertinent objectives and policies are provided.

LAND USE

<u>GOAL</u>: The maintenance and enhancement of Upcountry's unique and diverse rural land use character with sensitivity to existing land use patterns, natural resource values, and economic and social needs of the region's residents.

OBJECTIVES & POLICIES:

16. Recognize the four (4) semi-urban centers of Makawao Town, Pukalani, Hali`imaile and Waiakoa Village. Within them, support the following land use and circulation patterns: a. Within Makawao Town:

• Public use to support public and quasi-public needs.

DISCUSSION: The project would support this objective and policy related to public use since the improvement is for KIS. The new administration building would allow all existing administrative staff and operations to be consolidated in a new modern building to better support school operations. This would allow existing space used in other buildings to be converted to support faculty and students such as increasing classroom space or better supporting educational programs.

ENVIRONMENT

<u>GOAL</u>: Protection of Upcountry's natural resources and environment as a means of preserving and enhancing the region's unique beauty, serenity, ecology, and productivity, in order that future generations may enjoy and appreciate an environment of equal or higher quality.

OBJECTIVES & POLICIES:

3. Recognize and protect rare, endangered and unique biological resources in the region. 6. Preserve the existing visual, noise, odor and air quality characteristics found in agricultural/rural neighborhoods of the Makawao-Pukalani-Kula region.

DISCUSSION: The project would ensure that the island's environment is protected in the short-term and long-term as discussed in sections of this document. The project would not affect rare, endangered, or unique biological resources as none are present on the site or immediate vicinity within the school campus. BMPs and other minimization measures discussed in sections would be utilized to minimize short-term construction-related impacts on other species that may be present in the general vicinity. The new administration building would not negatively impact visual resources or views, noise or air

quality. BMPs would be implement to address short-term construction-related effects to minimize fugitive dust, erosion, etc.

CULTURAL RESOURCES

<u>GOAL</u>: The identification, preservation and where appropriate, restoration and promotion of cultural resources and practices which reflect the rich and diverse heritage found in the Upcountry region.

OBJECTIVES & POLICIES:

1. Recognize the importance of historically and archaeologically sensitive sites, both known and undiscovered, and encourage their preservation and protection.

DISCUSSION: There are no historic sites present on the project site within the school nor any cultural resources based upon an archaeological study conducted. Project improvements and BMPs would further ensure that construction activities minimize any potential effects on historic or cultural resources in the surrounding area.

SOCIAL INFRASTRUCTURE

<u>GOAL</u>: An efficient and responsive system of people-oriented public services which enable residents to live a safe, healthy and enjoyable lifestyle, and offer the youth and adults of the region opportunities and choices for self and community improvement.

EDUCATION AND FAMILY SERVICES

<u>OBJECTIVES & POLICIES</u>: 4. Provide adequate school facilities to ensure an effective, efficient and comfortable learning environment for the region's children.

DISCUSSION: The project would support this d policy because the new administration building would allow all existing administrative staff and operations to be consolidated in a new modern building to better support school operations. This would allow existing space used in other buildings to be converted to support faculty and students such as increasing classroom space or better supporting educational programs.

4.2.3 MAUI COUNTY CODE, TITLE 19 – ZONING

The Maui County Code (MCC) is a compilation of ordinances adopted by Maui County. Title 19 of the MCC contains the zoning code which defines the purpose and intent of specific zones and specifies permitted uses and activities, extent of site development, and property design restrictions in each zone. The project site within the KIS campus property is zoned P-1 Public/Quasi-Public as shown on Figure 4.2.

Consistency with Zoning District Permitted Uses

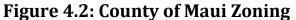
Under Section 19.31.020 Permitted Uses of the MCC, the public/quasi-public zoning district provides for public, nonprofit, or quasi-public uses. Schools such as middle schools are

listed as a principal permitted use and structures. Therefore, the project constructing a new administration building within KIS would be consistent with this zoning district.

Consistency with Development Standards

The County's development standards for P-1 Public/Quasi-Public are specified under Section 19.31.050 and parking requirements are under Section 19.36B.020 of the MCC zoning code. Table 4.2 lists these development standards and shows the consistency of the project with these standards.

The KIS campus is 10.4-acres in size and the new administration building would be located within the campus property and thus meeting lot area, width requirements, and yard setbacks. The building would meet the 40-foot height limit for this school campus. The new building is not classrooms intended for students; therefore, no additional off-street parking is required. It would allow consolidation of existing administrative staff and operations into the new building.



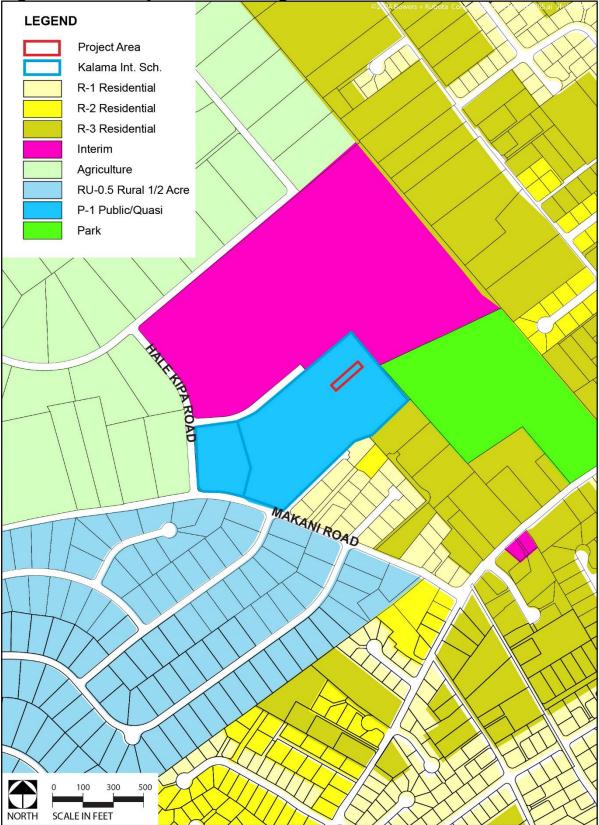


Table 4.2 Proposed Action's Conformance to the County's P-1 Public/Quasi-Public Development Standards				
Maui County Code §19.31.050				
Development Standards. Height Regulations, and Setback Lines				
	P-1 Public/Quasi-Public District	Proposed Action		
Minimum lot area (square feet)	15,000	Project meets requirement		
Minimum lot width (in feet)	75	Lot meets requirement		
Maximum building height	40 feet	New building will meet this height limit		
Minimum front setback	15	Meets requirement		
Minimum side and rear setback	10	Meets requirement		
Maui County Code §19.36B.020				
Designated Number of Off-Street Parking and Loading				
School, educational institution, general education, specialized education	1 per classroom if all students are under 16 years old; 8 per classroom if any student is at least 16 years of age	Not applicable since new administration building is not classrooms		

5.0 AGENCIES AND ORGANIZATIONS CONSULTED

As a requirement of HAR §11-200.1-18 (2019), this chapter identifies agencies, citizen groups, and individuals solicited in the preparation of the Draft EA. Consultation with various government agencies, officials, and community members were undertaken to obtain information on agency requirements and comments about potential community issues so that they could be addressed in this Draft EA. Consultation involved distributing a pre-assessment consultation letter with supporting documentation to various parties requesting their written comments. A listing of those parties consulted is below and those providing written responses have been identified with an " \checkmark " symbol. Copies of written comments are included in Appendix A.

Federal Agencies

- ✓ U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
 - U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region 9 (Pacific Southwest)
- ✓ U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Honolulu District

State of Hawaii

Department of Land and Natural Resources (DLNR)

- ✓ DLNR, Aha Moku Advisory Committee
 - DLNR, Board of Land and Natural Resources
- ✓ DLNR, Division of Forestry and Wildlife
- ✓ DLNR, Engineering Division

DLNR, State Historic Preservation Division

Department of Transportation (HDOT)

HDOT Director

HDOT Highways

Office of Hawaiian Affairs

County of Maui Agencies

Department of Environmental Management

- ✓ Department of Fire and Public Safety
- Department of Housing and Human Concerns Department of Parks and Recreation Department of Planning Department of Public Works Department of Transportation
- ✓ Department of Water Supply Police Department

Elected Officials

Senator Lynn DeCoite (Senate District 7) Representative Kyle Yamashita (House District 12) Mayor Richard T. Bissen, Jr. Council Chair Alice Lee

Utility Companies

- ✓ Hawaiian Electric Company Hawaii Gas Company
- Hawaii das company
 Hawaiian Telcom
 Spectrum/Charter Communications

Community

Principal Tami Haili (Kalama Intermediate School)



6.0 **FINDINGS AND DETERMINATION**

As a requirement of HAR §11-200.1-18 (2019), this chapter provides a description of the proposing agency's anticipated determination for the Project, including findings and reasons supporting the determination.

6.1 ANTICIPATED DETERMINATION

The proposing agency's analysis of the Proposed Action's primary, secondary, cumulative, and short and long-term effects on the environment would result in a determination of either: 1.) the action would have a significant impact on the environment and an Environmental Impact Statement Preparation Notice should be issued, or 2.) the action would not have a significant impact on the environment warranting a Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI).

To support an anticipated determination, the project's effects on the environment are discussed in relation to the 13 Significance Criteria prescribed under the State Department of Health's Administrative Rules Title 11, Chapter 200.1. The results of the assessments conducted in the following Chapter 6.2 determine that the proposed project should not have a substantial adverse effect on the surrounding environment.

As a result, the Proposing Agency's anticipated determination is that the Proposed Action would **not** have a significant impact on the environment based on the criteria set forth in HAR §11-200.1-13, and therefore, through its review and evaluation of the overall impacts discussed in the DEA finds an anticipated FONSI determination is proposed for this Project.

6.2 SIGNIFICANCE CRITERIA FINDINGS

The Project is assessed against the thirteen (13) "significance criteria" set forth in HAR §11-200.1-13 to evaluate whether the Project as a whole would have a significant impact on the environment and to develop the anticipated determination of a FONSI. A discussion of the Proposed Action with each significance criteria is discussed below:

(1) Irrevocably commits a natural, cultural, or historic resource.

The project would not result in the irrevocable commitment to loss or destruction of any natural, cultural, or historic resources as discussed in the various sections of this document. Chapter 3 discussed the project's effect on natural resources and discussed how no unique or significant natural resources are present within the project site or would be significantly impacted by proposed improvements.

A flora and fauna survey determined that no federally or state-listed endangered flora or fauna were present on the site, and concluded that the project would not have a significant, adverse impact on native vegetation or wildlife. Minimization measures were proposed to further ensure that construction activities would not harm endangered or threatened birds of mammals that may be present in the general region. There are no historic sites of cultural resources present within the project site that would be impacted. Appropriate best management practices and other minimization measures would also be incorporated into design plans that are reviewed by pertinent agencies before being implemented during construction activities as discussed in this document. Such measures would address stormwater runoff, fugitive dust, noise, etc. from construction activities.

(2) Curtail the range of beneficial uses of the environment.

The project is not expected to curtail the range of beneficial uses of the environment as the new administration building would not adversely impact environmental resources in and around the area or restrict existing uses occurring on surrounding properties. The KIS school is currently a beneficial public use of the property, and the new administration would support that public use improving school operations and supporting educational programs and faculty.

(3) Conflict with the State's environmental policies or long-term environmental goals established by law.

The project would not conflict with environmental policies in the Hawai'i State Plan, State Land Use Law, and Coastal Zone Management Program along with County plans and regulations. The State's long-term environmental policies or goals and guidelines as expressed in Chapter 344, HRS would be supported by the project. A discussion of the project's consistency with such applicable guidelines was provided in Chapter 4 of this document.

(4) Have a substantial adverse effect on the economic welfare, social welfare, or cultural practices of the community and State.

The project would not have a substantial adverse effect on the economic or social welfare of the community and state, or cultural practices based upon the results discussed in various sections of this document. The project would have a minor short-term economic benefit from expenditure of funds supporting construction of the project that would have a minor benefit to businesses on Maui from the expenditure of worker income. As discussed in Section 3.15, the project would not negatively impact the social environment or change the character of Makawao. The new administration building would be constructed within the KIS campus and not involve changes to the resident or visitor population in Makawao. The project site is not used for cultural practices or access to sites used for cultural practices, and the site does not include any cultural resources. The site is a small (0.55 acre) landscaped area within the school campus and there are no historic sites present.

(5) Have a substantial adverse effect on public health.

The project would not have a substantial adverse effect on public health as discussed in pertinent sections of this document, such as air quality. The project only involves constructing a new administration building within the KIS campus to improve their operations. Construction activities would involve temporary effects associated with noise, some fugitive dust, and possible storm water runoff. However, these short-term impacts would be minimized to the extent practicable through the utilization of BMPs and compliance with State and local regulations.

(6) Involve adverse secondary impacts, such as population changes or effects on public facilities.

The project should not have any substantial secondary impacts on the social environment, infrastructure facilities, and public facilities as discussed in this document. Improvements do not involve adding residential housing or visitor accommodation units that may generate population changes and increase demands on public facilities or have secondary effects.

(7) Involve a substantial degradation of environmental quality.

The project would not result in a substantial degradation to the quality of the surrounding environment. As discussed in several sections of this document, the new administration building is intended to support a public purpose and need by consolidating administrative operations within KIS that would open additional space within other buildings to support educational programs, classes, etc. Proposed improvements should not have significant or adverse short- or long-term impacts on the natural environment and various minimization measures have been identified to address short-term construction-related effects. Best management practices will also be included in the design plans reviewed by agencies for implementation by the contractor during construction activities.

(8) Be individually limited but cumulatively have substantial adverse effect upon the environment or involves a commitment for larger actions.

This project would not have a substantial adverse cumulative effect on the environment as discussed in this document nor does it commit to larger actions. There are no other known developments in the immediate area that are reasonably anticipated to be completed within the 2025 study year and contribute to a cumulative impact on the surrounding environment or infrastructure facilities. The discussion of impacts presented within this document has provided sufficient information to assist in addressing the applicable cumulative effects associated with the project.

(9) Have a substantial adverse effect on a rare, threatened, or endangered species, or its habitat.

The project would not have a substantial adverse effect on endangered, threatened, or rare species or resources present on the property. No avian or mammalian species currently protected or proposed for protection under either the federal or State of Hawai'i endangered species programs were detected within the project site during a biological survey conducted. The site is currently an open grassed area within the school campus the was likely disrupted and improved with landscaping during the campus' initial construction. Various avoidance and minimization measures were identified in respective sections to address potential short-term effects for other species that may occur in the area. Therefore, inclusion of such measures in the design plans would ensure that endangered, threatened, or rare species would not be substantially affected by the project.

(10) Have a substantial adverse effect on air or water quality or ambient noise levels.

The project should not have a substantial adverse effect on air, water quality, or ambient noise levels as discussed in respective sections of this document. Impacts associated with these factors would be limited to short-term construction activities. However, such impacts are expected to be minor and include minimization measures to address them such as with the implementation of best management practices. Construction activities would also be subject to applicable State and County regulations and permit conditions.

(11) Have a substantial adverse effect on or be likely to suffer damage by being located in an environmentally sensitive area such as a flood plain, tsunami zone, sea level rise exposure area, beach, erosion-prone area, geologically hazardous land, estuary, fresh water, or coastal waters.

The project site is not located within a FEMA special flood hazard zone, tsunami zone, sea level rise exposure area, beach, erosion-prone area, geologically hazardous land, or within any water body. No water bodies are in or surrounding the site being situated at a high elevation within upcountry Makawao. Therefore, the project would not have a substantial adverse effect on or be likely to suffer damage by being in an environmentally sensitive area.

(12) Have a substantial adverse effect on scenic vistas and viewplanes, during day or night, identified in County or State plans or studies.

The project would not have a substantial adverse effect on scenic vistas and viewplanes as the new administration building would not be located within an area identified as a scenic view plane or on a site that contains significant geographical features. The project site within the KIS campus and public access is restricted to school-related use only. Therefore, there are public viewing areas located on the site that would be impacted by the project.

(13) Require substantial energy consumption or emit substantial greenhouse gases.

The project will slightly increase energy consumption with the new building, but this increase is not expected to require substantial energy consumption or emit greenhouse gases.



7.0 **REFERENCES**

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APPENDICES





















APPENDIX A Pre-Assessment Consultation RICHARD T. BISSEN, JR. Mayor

KEKUHAUPIO R. AKANA Managing Director

JOHN STUFFLEBEAN, P.E. Director

JAMES A. LANDGRAF Deputy Director



DEPARTMENT OF WATER SUPPLY COUNTY OF MAUI 200 SOUTH HIGH STREET WAILUKU, MAUI, HAWAI'I 96793 http://www.mauicounty.gov/water

August 11, 2023

Matthew Fernandez Bowers + Kubota Consulting, Inc. via e-mail to: mfernandez@bowersandkubota.com

Subject: Pre-Assessment Consultation for Environmental Assessment Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Project TMK (2) 2-4-032:109, Makawao, Maui, Hawaii

Dear Matthew Fernandez:

Thank you for the opportunity to review and comment on the subject project, which involves construction of a new modular administration building at the Samuel E. Kalama Intermediate School (KIS) campus.

The subject property is currently served by an existing 3/4-inch water meter, a 1-inch water meter, four (4) 1-1/2-inch water meters, and a 2-inch water meter located within the subject property. Department records also indicate that the property's fire protection system is being serviced by an existing 8-inch double check detector assembly (DCDA).

If DWS is a reviewing agency on plumbing or building permits, requirements for permit approval will be made at that time. Requirements could include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1. Upgrade of the existing water service lateral(s) and meter box/manhole(s), of the meter(s) which are serving the proposed permitted building(s), to current DWS standards.
- 2. Although the DCDA assembly is an approved backflow prevention device, the existing transponder and corresponding meter register will need to be upgraded to the current standards.
- 3. Water system improvements may be required based upon the Department of Fire and Public Safety's review of the building permit application.
- 4. Per the DWS letter dated July 8, 2021 to the Hawaii Department of Education, approval of future permits and/or requests for additional water service for facilities with manifolded

"By Water All Things Find Life"

Matthew Fernandez August 11, 2023 Page 2

water meters may not be approved by our Department unless the issue of the manifolded meters is resolved. Therefore, the unmirrored manifolded meters will need to be addressed.

Please be aware that if the permit necessitates a water meter upgrade or an additional water meter based on water fixture units and irrigation, the current regulations do not allow the department to accept requests for additional water service in areas served by the department's Upcountry Water System.

If you have any questions, please contact Ashley Laroya of our Engineering Division at (808) 270-7338 or at Ashley.Laroya@co.maui.hi.us.

Sincerely,

JASE MIYABUCHI, P.E. Civil Engineer VI

AL



May 30, 2024

Mr. Jase Miyabuchi, P.E. Engineering Division Department of Water Supply County of Maui 200 South High Street Wailuku, Maui 96793

SUBJECT: Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Pre-Assessment Consultation for Environmental Assessment TMK: (2) 2-4-032: 109 Makawao, Maui, Hawai'i

Dear Mr. Miyabuchi:

Thank you for the August 11, 2023 letter providing pre-assessment consultation comments associated with the preparation of an Environmental Assessment (EA) for the subject project.

Design plans will be coordinated with the County DWS during the design phase and necessary ministerial permits will be obtained. In addition, necessary improvements, and upgrades to existing water fixtures on the subject property would be discussed with DWS during the design phase. Any water use along with any applicable water system facilities charges would be funded by the State DOE when water is made available for project improvements.

Thank you for providing us with your comments and participating in the process. If you have any questions, please contact me at (808) 836-7787 or <u>mfernandez@bowersandkubota.com</u>.

Sincerely,

Martin

Matthew Fernandez Planner



RICHARD T. BISSEN, JR. Mayor

KEKUHAUPIO R. AKANA Acting Managing Director

BRADFORD K. VENTURA Fire Chief

GAVIN L.M. FUJIOKA Deputy Fire Chief COUNTY OF MAN



DEPARTMENT OF FIRE & PUBLIC SAFETY COUNTY OF MAUI 313 MANEA PLACE WAILUKU, MAUI, HAWAI'I 96732 www.mauicounty.gov

July 19, 2023

VIA EMAIL: mfernandez@bowersandkubota.com

Bowers + Kubota Consulting Inc. Attn: Matthew Fernandez 2153 N King Street, Suite 200 Honolulu HI. 96819-4554

SUBJECT: Pre-Assessment Consultation for Environmental Assessment, HRS Chapter 343 Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Project TMK (2) 2-4-032:109 – 0000 Makawao, Maui, Hawai'i

Dear Matthew,

Thank you for allowing our office to provide comment on the subject proposed project. As per your request, comments are provided below:

There are no objections in regards to the information provided as part of the Pre-Assessment Consultation for Environmental Assessment for the HRS Chapter 343 Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Project. Our office does reserve the right to comment on the proposed project during the building permit review process when detailed plans for this project are routed to our office for review. At that time, fire apparatus access, water supply for fire protection, and fire and life safety requirements associated with the subject project will be formally reviewed.

Should you have any specific fire related public safety concerns please identify those to us on this or any future projects you would like us to review.

If there are any questions or comments, please feel free to contact me at (808) 876-4690 or by email at fire.prevention@mauicounty.gov.

Sincerely,

Plans Review – Fire Prevention Bureau



May 30, 2024

Plans Review, Fire Prevention Bureau Department of Fire & Public Safety County of Maui 313 Manea Place Wailuku, Maui 96793

SUBJECT: Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Pre-Assessment Consultation for Environmental Assessment TMK: (2) 2-4-032: 109 Makawao, Maui, Hawai'i

Dear Fire Prevention Bureau,

Thank you for the July 19, 2023 letter providing pre-assessment consultation comments associated with the preparation of an Environmental Assessment (EA) for the subject project.

We confirm that the Fire and Public Safety Department has no objections to the information provided so far as part of the preassessment consultation for the project's Draft EA.

Design plans would be coordinated for ministerial review and obtain necessary permits by County agencies which would include the Department of Fire and Public Safety to ensure that fire apparatus access, water supply for water protection, and fire and life safety requirements are included where appropriate. We also acknowledge that your department does reserve the right to comment on the project during the building permit review process.

Thank you for providing us with your comments and participating in the process. If you have any questions, please contact me at (808) 836-7787 or <u>mfernandez@bowersandkubota.com</u>.

Sincerely,

Marking

Matthew Fernandez Planner



JOSH GREEN, M.D. GOVERNOR | KE KIA'ĂIN/

SYLVIA LUKE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR | KA HOPE KIA'ĂINA





DAWN N. S. CHANG CHAIRPERSON BOARD OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES COMMISSION ON WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

STATE OF HAWAI'I | KA MOKU'ĀINA 'O HAWAI'I DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES KA 'OIHANA KUMUWAIWAI 'ĀINA LAND DIVISION

P.O. BOX 621 HONOLULU, HAWAII 96809

August 11, 2023

Bowers & Kubota Consulting, Inc. Attn: Mr. Matthew Fernandez, Planner 2153 N King Street, Suite 200 Honolulu, Hawaii 96819

via email: mfernandez@bowersandkubota.com

Dear Mr. Fernandez:

SUBJECT: Pre-Assessment Consultation for Environmental Assessment for the Proposed **Kalama Intermediate School** Modular Administration Building Project located at 120 Makani Road, Makawao, Island of Maui; TMK: (2) 2-4-032:109 on behalf of Hawaii Department of Education

Thank you for the opportunity to review and comment on the subject matter. The Land Division of the Department of Land and Natural Resources (DLNR) distributed or made available a copy of your request pertaining to the subject matter to DLNR's Divisions for their review and comments.

At this time, enclosed are comments from the (a) Engineering Division and (b) Aha Moku Advisory Committee on the subject matter. Should you have any questions, please feel free to contact Darlene Nakamura at (808) 587-0417 or email: <u>darlene.k.nakamura@hawaii.gov</u>. Thank you.

Sincerely,

Russell Tsuji

Russell Y. Tsuji Land Administrator

Enclosures cc: Central Files

From:	DaMate, Leimana K
То:	Nakamura, Darlene K; DLNR.Engr; Terrago, Rubyrosa T; DLNR.CW.DLNRCWRM; Ornellas, Daniel L
Subject:	RE: Request for Comments - Kalama Intermediate School - Pre-Consult for EA
Date:	Tuesday, August 8, 2023 1:44:29 PM

Approved. No change, mahalo. Leimana

Leimana DaMate, Luna Alaka'i/Executive Director Hawaii State Aha Moku 808-640-1214 Leimana.k.damate@hawaii.gov

From: Nakamura, Darlene K <darlene.k.nakamura@hawaii.gov>
Sent: Friday, July 14, 2023 4:07 PM
To: DLNR.Engr <dlnr.engr@hawaii.gov>; Terrago, Rubyrosa T <rubyrosa.t.terrago@hawaii.gov>; DLNR.CW.DLNRCWRM <dlnr.cwrm@hawaii.gov>; Ornellas, Daniel L <daniel.l.ornellas@hawaii.gov>; DaMate, Leimana K <leimana.k.damate@hawaii.gov>
Subject: Request for Comments - Kalama Intermediate School - Pre-Consult for EA

The attached are transmitted for your review and comments.

Please submit any comments by August 10, 2023.

JOSH GREEN, M.D. OVERNOR | KE KIA'ĀINA

SYLVIA LUKE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR | KA HOPE KIA'ÄINA





DAWN N. S. CHANG CHAIRPERSON BOARD OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES COMMISSION ON WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

STATE OF HAWAI'I | KA MOKU'ĀINA 'O HAWAI'I DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES KA 'OIHANA KUMUWAIWAI 'ĀINA LAND DIVISION

P.O. BOX 621 HONOLULU, HAWAII 96809

July 14, 2023

MEMORANDUM

FROM: TO: **DLNR Agencies: Div. of Aquatic Resources** Div. of Boating & Ocean Recreation X Engineering Division (DLNR.ENGR@hawaji.gov) X Div. of Forestry & Wildlife (rubyrosa.t.terrago@hawaii.gov) Div. of State Parks X Commission on Water Resource Management (DLNR.CWRM@hawaii.gov) Office of Conservation & Coastal Lands X Land Division – Maui District (daniel.l.ornellas@hawaii.gov) X Aha Moku Advisory Committee (leimana.k.damate@hawaii.gov) Russell Y. Tsuji, Land Administrato Russell Tsuji TO: EROM: Pre-Assessment Consultation for Environmental Assessment for the SUBJECT: Proposed Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Project LOCATION: 120 Makani Road, Makawao, Island of Maui; TMK: (2) 2-4-032:109 **APPLICANT:** Bowers & Kubota on behalf of Hawaii Department of Education

Transmitted for your review and comment is information on the above-referenced subject matter. Please submit any comments by August 10, 2023.

If no response is received by the above date, we will assume your agency has no comments. Should you have any questions about this request, please contact Darlene Nakamura at darlene.k.nakamura@hawaii.gov. Thank you.

BRIEF COMMENTS:

- We have no objections.
- We have no comments.
- We have no additional comments.
- Comments are included/attached. Con

Signed:	<u></u>
Print Name:	Carty S. Chang, Chief Engineer
Division:	Engineering Division
Date:	Aug 7, 2023

DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES ENGINEERING DIVISION

LD/Russell Y. Tsuji

Ref: Pre-Assessment Consultation for Environmental Assessment for the Proposed Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Project Location: 120 Makani Road, Makawao, Island of Maui TMK(s): (2) 2-4-032:109 Applicant: Bowers & Kubota on behalf of Hawaii Department of Education

COMMENTS

The rules and regulations of the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP), Title 44 of the Code of Federal Regulations (44CFR), are in effect when development falls within a Special Flood Hazard Area (high-risk areas). State projects are required to comply with 44CFR regulations as stipulated in Section 60.12. Be advised that 44CFR, Chapter 1, Subchapter B, part 60 reflects the minimum standards as set forth by the NFIP. Local community flood ordinances may stipulate higher standards that can be more restrictive and would take precedence over the minimum NFIP standards.

The owner of the project property and/or their representative is responsible to research the Flood Hazard Zone designation for the project. Flood Hazard Zones are designated on FEMA's Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM). The official FIRMs can be accessed through FEMA's Map Service Center (msc.fema.gov). Our Flood Hazard Assessment Tool (FHAT) (fhat.hawaii.gov) could also be used to research flood hazard information.

If there are questions regarding the local flood ordinances, please contact the applicable County NFIP coordinating agency below:

- Oahu: City and County of Honolulu, Department of Planning and Permitting (808) 768-8098.
- o <u>Hawaii Island</u>: County of Hawaii, Department of Public Works (808) 961-8327.
- o <u>Maui/Molokai/Lanai</u> County of Maui, Department of Planning (808) 270-7139.
- o Kauai: County of Kauai, Department of Public Works (808) 241-4896.

The applicant should include water demands and infrastructure required to meet project needs. Please note that all State projects requiring water service from their local Department/Board of Water Supply system will be required to pay a resource development charge, in addition to Water Facilities Charges for transmission and daily storage.

The applicant is required to provide water demands and calculations to the Engineering Division so it can be included in the State Water Projects Plan Update projections.

Signed: CARTY S. CHANG, CHIEF ENGINEER Aug 7, 2023 Date:

JOSH GREEN, M.D. GOVERNOR | KE KIA'ĂINA

SYLVIA LUKE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR | KA HOPE KIA'ĀINA





DAWN N. S. CHANG CHAIRPERSON BOARD OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES COMMISSION ON WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

STATE OF HAWAI'I | KA MOKU'ĀINA 'O HAWAI'I DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES KA 'OIHANA KUMUWAIWAI 'ĀINA LAND DIVISION

P.O. BOX 621 HONOLULU, HAWAII 96809

July 14, 2023

MEMORANDUM

FROM:	DLNR Agencies: Div. of Aquatic Resources _Div. of Boating & Ocean Recreation X Engineering Division (DLNR.ENGR@hawaii.gov) X Div. of Forestry & Wildlife (rubyrosa.t.terrago@hawaii.gov) _Div. of State Parks X Commission on Water Resource Management (DLNR.CWRM@hawaii.gov) _Office of Conservation & Coastal Lands X Land Division – Maui District (daniel.l.ornellas@hawaii.gov) _X Aha Moku Advisory Committee (leimana.k.damate@hawaii.gov)
TO: SUBJECT:	Russell Y. Tsuji, Land Administrato ^{Russell Tsuji} Pre-Assessment Consultation for Environmental Assessment for the Proposed Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building
LOCATION: APPLICANT:	Project 120 Makani Road, Makawao, Island of Maui; TMK: (2) 2-4-032:109 Bowers & Kubota on behalf of Hawaii Department of Education

Transmitted for your review and comment is information on the above-referenced subject matter. Please submit any comments by August 10, 2023.

If no response is received by the above date, we will assume your agency has no comments. Should you have any questions about this request, please contact Darlene Nakamura at darlene.k.nakamura@hawaii.gov. Thank you.

BRIEF COMMENTS:

We have no objections.

We have no comments.

We have no additional comments.

Comments are included/attached.

Signed:	Lainie Berry
Print Name:	LAINIE BERRY, Wildlife Program Mgr.
Division:	Division of Forestry and Wildlife
Date:	Aug 15, 2023

JOSH GREEN, M.D. GOVERNOR | KE KIA'ÄINA

SYLVIA LUKE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR | KA HOPE KIA'ĂINA



DAWN N.S. CHANG CHAIRPERSON BOARD OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES COMMISSION ON WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

> LAURA H.E. KAAKUA FIRST DEPUTY

M. KALEO MANUEL DEPUTY DIRECTOR - WATER

AQUATIC RESOURCES BOATING AND OCEAN RECREATION BUREAU OF CONVEYANCES COMMISSION ON WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT CONSERVATION AND COASTAL LANDS CONSERVATION AND CASTAL LANDS CONSERVATION AND RESOURCES ENFORCEMENT ENGINEERING FORESTRY AND WILDLIFE HISTORIC PRESERVATION KAHOOLAWE ISLAND RESERVE COMMISSION LAND STATE PARKS



STATE OF HAWAI'I | KA MOKU'ĀINA 'O HAWAI'I DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES KA 'OIHANA KUMUWAIWAI 'ĀINA

> DIVISION OF FORESTRY AND WILDLIFE 1151 PUNCHBOWL STREET, ROOM 325 HONOLULU, HAWAII 96813

> > August 15, 2023

MEMORANDUM

Log no. 4194

- TO: RUSSELL Y. TSUJI, Administrator Land Division
- **FROM:** LAINIE BERRY, Wildlife Program Manager Division of Forestry and Wildlife

SUBJECT: Pre-Assessment Consultation for Environmental Assessment, HRS Chapter 343 Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Project in Makawao, Maui

The Department of Land and Natural Resources, Division of Forestry and Wildlife (DOFAW) has received your request for comments on the Pre-Assessment Consultation for the Draft Environmental Assessment for the proposed Kalama Intermediate School (KIS) Modular Administration Building Project at 120 Makani Road in Makawao on the island of Hawai'i; Tax Map Key: (2) 2-4-032:109. This proposed project includes the construction of a new two-story administration building that will contain staff offices, conference rooms, a health room, and a staff lounge. The proposed project will also involve constructing connecting pathways, and provide extensions of present electrical, communications, water, sewer, and drainage utilities to service the building. The project will not include constructing any new driveways or roadways. This new building site is less than 0.4 acres on a lawn area of the campus that is unoccupied and contains a few trees. It is located in the northeast portion of the school adjacent to the existing KIS campus Building O and parking lot.

The State listed 'Ōpe'ape'a or Hawaiian Hoary Bat (*Lasiurus cinereus semotus*) could potentially occur at or in the vicinity of the project and may roost in nearby trees. Any required site clearing should be timed to avoid disturbance to bats during their birthing and pup rearing season (June 1 through September 15). During this period woody plants greater than 15 feet (4.6 meters) tall should not be disturbed, removed, or trimmed. Barbed wire should also be avoided for any construction because bats can become ensnared and killed by such fencing material during flight.

Artificial lighting can adversely impact seabirds that may pass through the area at night by causing them to become disoriented. This disorientation can result in their collision with

manmade structures or the grounding of birds. For nighttime work that might be required, DOFAW recommends that all lights used be fully shielded to minimize the attraction of seabirds. Nighttime work that requires outdoor lighting should be avoided during the seabird fledging season, from September 15 through December 15, when young seabirds make their maiden voyage to sea.

If nighttime construction is required during the seabird fledgling season (September 15 to December 15), we recommend that a qualified biologist be present at the project site to monitor and assess the risk of seabirds being attracted or grounded due to the lighting. If seabirds are seen circling around the area, lights should then be turned off. If a downed seabird is detected, please follow DOFAW's recommended response protocol by visiting https://dlnr.hawaii.gov/wildlife/seabird-fallout-season/#response.

Permanent lighting also poses a risk of seabird attraction, and as such should be minimized or eliminated to protect seabird flyways and preserve the night sky. For illustrations and guidance related to seabird-friendly light styles that also protect seabirds and the dark starry skies of Hawai'i please visit <u>https://dlnr.hawaii.gov/wildlife/files/2016/03/DOC439.pdf</u>.

State-listed waterbirds such as the Ae'o or Hawaiian stilt (*Himantopus mexicanus knudseni*), 'Alae ke'oke'o or Hawaiian coot (*Fulica alai*), and Nēnē or Hawaiian Goose (*Branta sandvicensis*) could potentially occur at or in the vicinity of the proposed project site. It is against State law to harm or harass these species. If any of these species are present during construction, all activities within 100 feet (30 meters) should cease and the bird or birds should not be approached. Work may continue after the bird or birds leave the area of their own accord. If a nest is discovered at any point, please contact the Maui Branch DOFAW Office at (808) 984-8100.

The endemic pueo or Hawaiian Short-Eared Owl (*Asio flammeus sandwichensis*) could potentially nest in the project area. Before any potential vegetative alteration, especially ground-based disturbance, we recommend that line transect surveys are conducted during crepuscular hours through the project area. If a pueo nest is discovered, a minimum buffer distance of 100 meters from the nest should be established until chicks are capable of flight.

The project area is within the range of the State listed Blackburn's Sphinx Moth (*Manduca blackburni*) or BSM. Larvae of BSM feed on many nonnative hostplants, which includes tree tobacco (*Nicotiana glauca*), that grow in disturbed soil. We recommend contacting the Maui Branch DOFAW office at (808) 984-8100 for further information about where BSM may be present and whether a vegetation survey should be conducted to determine the presence of plants preferred by BSM. DOFAW recommends removing plants less than one meter in height or during the dry season to avoid harm to BSM. If you intend to either remove tree tobacco over one meter in height or to disturb the ground around or within several meters of these plants, they must be thoroughly inspected by a qualified entomologist for the presence of BSM eggs and larvae.

DOFAW recommends using native plant species for landscaping that are appropriate for the area; i.e., plants for which climate conditions are suitable for them to thrive, plants that historically occurred there, etc. Please do not plant invasive species. DOFAW also recommends referring to <u>www.plantpono.org</u> for guidance on the selection and evaluation of landscaping plants and to determine the potential invasiveness of plants proposed for use in the project.

DOFAW recommends minimizing the movement of plant or soil material between worksites. Soil and plant material may contain detrimental fungal pathogens (e.g., Rapid 'Ōhi'a Death), vertebrate and invertebrate pests (e.g., Coqui Frogs, Little Fire Ants, etc.), or invasive plant parts (e.g., Miconia, Mullein, etc.) that could harm our native species and ecosystems. We recommend consulting the Maui Invasive Species Committee (MISC) at (808) 573-6472 to help plan, design, and construct the project, learn of any high-risk invasive species in the area, and ways to mitigate their spread. All equipment, materials, and personnel should be cleaned of excess soil and debris to minimize the risk of spreading invasive species.

DOFAW is concerned about impacts to vulnerable birds from nonnative predators such as cats, rodents, and mongooses. We recommend taking action to minimize predator presence; remove cats, place bait stations for rodents and mongoose, and provide covered trash receptacles.

We recommend that Best Management Practices are employed during and after construction to contain any soils and sediment with the purpose of preventing damage to near-shore waters and marine ecosystems.

We appreciate your efforts to work with our office for the conservation of our native species. These comments are general guidelines and should not be considered comprehensive for this site or project. It is the responsibility of the applicant to do their own due diligence to avoid any negative environmental impacts. Should the scope of the project change significantly, or should it become apparent that threatened or endangered species may be impacted, please contact our staff as soon as possible. If you have any questions, please contact Myrna N. Girald Pérez, Protected Species Habitat Conservation Planning Coordinator at (808) 265-3276 or myrna.girald-perez@hawaii.gov.

Sincerely,

Lainis Berry

LAINIE BERRY Wildlife Program Manager



May 30, 2024

Mr. Russell Tsuji, Land Administrator Department of Land and Natural Resources State of Hawaii P.O. Box 621 Honolulu, Hawai'i 96809

SUBJECT: Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Pre-Assessment Consultation for Environmental Assessment TMK: (2) 2-4-032: 109 Makawao, Maui, Hawai'i

Dear Mr. Tsuji:

Thank you for both the August 11, 2023 and August 16, 2023 letters providing pre-assessment consultation comments associated with the preparation of an Environmental Assessment (EA) for the subject project. We have the following responses to the comments separated by divisions.

Aha Moku Advisory Committee

We confirm your approval and the information provided so far as part of the preassessment consultation for the project's Draft EA.

Engineering Division

Thank you for providing information on the federal regulations concerning special flood hazards areas, and the distinction between federal and local community flood ordinances.

The flood hazard zone designations on the subject property have been researched and are discussed in the Draft EA. The Flood Insurance Rate Map and the state's Flood Hazard Assessment Tool were used to help identify existing flood designations.

Project improvements should have minimal net change in the long-term water demand that now occurs at their current site. Because these administrative operations and other activities (e.g., restroom use) would be reduced at other buildings and consolidated at the new building, the potable water demand from operations should generally remain the same and not have a significant impact on the County's water system. Information on water demand and infrastructure required has been included in the Draft EA. The actual water demands and calculations would be provided to the Engineering Division during the project's design phase when plans are being developed for construction.

Division of Forestry and Wildlife

Thank you for the comments and information on endangered species to be considered. A flora and fauna study has been conducted to assess the project's effect on avifauna and mammalian resources. The study results have been incorporated in the Draft EA and the report included in the Appendices.



State DLNR, Land Division Letter Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Project Pre-Assessment Consultation

Page 2

This report addressed the potential of the Hawaiian Hoary Bat being present in the area and identified those measures identified in your letter to avoid impacting this species. There may be a few trees 15 feet or taller in the project area, but their removal should be able to be scheduled outside of the pup rearing season.

The biological study also addressed the presence of seabirds that may occur in the area. No construction activities are anticipated to occur at night that require utilizing bright lights for operational areas. If any outdoor lights are required, they will be shielded to minimize the attraction of seabirds as recommended in the comments. The guidance identified related to seabird-friendly light styles would also be utilized during the project's design phase as construction plans are developed. Outdoor lighting for buildings (e.g. for security) would be shielded to reduce the potential for seabird attraction.

No state-listed waterbirds were detected on the project area as there is no suitable habitat for such waterbirds since these areas do not consist of potential foraging habitat such as lowland streams or tidal mudflats. However, if any such waterbird species are present during construction, the minimization measures identified to avoid effects would apply.

The endemic pueo or Hawaiian Short-Eared Owl was not detected during the field investigation. However, if any pueo or pueo nest are discovered in the project area during construction, a buffer zone would be established to minimize impact to pueo chicks as recommended in the comments.

The State-listed Blackburn's Sphinx Moth, its larvae, or eggs were not discovered during the biological survey of the project site. To minimize the potential impact of construction activities on the site, the minimization measures identified to avoid effects would apply.

Native plants species would be incorporated into the project's landscaped areas where appropriate. No invasive species would be planted in these areas. Landscaped areas for the project would be maintained and thereby reduce dry grass or brush areas on the property that could help fuel wildfires.

Construction activities would try to minimize the movement of plant or soil material between worksites due to the potential for invasive fungal pathogens or pests being present. The design phase would consider consulting with the Maui Invasive Species Committee to help identify measures to minimize the spread of these pathogens or pests, as appropriate. Best management practices incorporated in design plans would also address cleaning equipment and personnel of excess soil and debris to minimize the risk of spreading invasive species and to prevent damage to nearshore waters and marine ecosystems. State DLNR, Land Division Letter Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Project Pre-Assessment Consultation

Page 3

We appreciate your division's comments and the project's design would include necessary efforts to support the conservation of native species. Thank you for providing us with your comments and participating in the process. If you have any questions, please contact me at (808) 836-7787 or mfernandez@bowersandkubota.com.

Sincerely,

Marking

Matthew Fernandez Planner

Matthew Fernandez

From:	Cayanan, Cristian M (CJ) CIV USARMY CEPOH (USA) <cristian.m.cayanan@usace.army.mil></cristian.m.cayanan@usace.army.mil>
Sent:	Thursday, August 24, 2023 2:19 PM
То:	Matthew Fernandez
Subject:	[External] POH-2023-00151 Hawai'i Department of Education, EA for Samuel E. Kalama Intermediate
	School campus, 120 Makani Road, Makawao, Island of Maui, HI
Attachments:	POH-2023-00151.20230824.NPR Letter.pdf; Enclosure 2 POH-2023-00151 AJD Form.pdf; Enclosure 3
	POH-2023-00151 NAP and RFA Form.pdf; Enclosure 1 POH-2023-00151 Map.pdf

[CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe]

Aloha Mr. Fernandez,

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers – Honolulu District Regulatory Office (Corps) received your request for the preassessment consultation for EA regarding the proposed KIS Modular Admin Bulding Project on August 17, 2023. Your project has been assigned the following Department of the Army (DA) project number POH-2023-00151. Please reference this project number in all future correspondence and inquiries.

Please see the attached documentation for the subject project.

The Honolulu District Regulatory Office is digitally transmitting the attached documentation for your convenience. Please print a copy of the document(s) and retain for your records. If you are unable to print the documentation and require a hard copy mailed to you, please notify me at your earliest convenience.

Mahalo and Si Yu'os Ma'åse,



CJ Cayanan (she/her) Biologist/Regulatory Specialist Honolulu District U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Building 252, Fort Shafter, Hawai'i 96858 Email <u>Cristian.J.Cayanan@usace.army.mil</u> Office Phone: 808-835-4107



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY HONOLULU DISTRICT, U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS REGULATORY OFFICE FORT SHAFTER, HAWAII 96858-5440

August 24, 2023

SUBJECT: Approved Jurisdictional Determination (AJD) and No Permit Required, DA File No. POH-2023-00151

Matthew Fernandez Bowers + Kubota Consulting, Inc. 2153 N. King Street, Suite 200 Honolulu, HI 96819

Dear Mr. Fernandez:

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers – Honolulu District, Regulatory Office (Corps) has received your request for a pre-assessment consultation for the proposed construction of the Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Project located in Makawao, Island of Maui, Hawai'i. Your request has been assigned DA file number POH-2023-00151. Please reference this number in all future correspondence with our office relating to this action.

The review area for this AJD is the approximately 10.4-acre parcel identified by TMK (2) 2-4-032:109 containing the Samuel E. Kalama Intermediate School and is shown on the enclosed map (Enclosure 1).

Based on our review of the information you provided dated July 11, 2023, the Corps has determined the site does not contain waters of the U.S., including wetlands or navigable waters of the U.S., as defined by 33 CFR Parts 328 and 329, respectively. Therefore, a DA permit under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act and/or Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 is not required.

This AJD is valid for a period of five (5) years from the date of the AJD form, unless new information supporting a revision is provided to us before the expiration date. The basis for this determination can be found in the enclosed AJD form (Enclosure 2). Additionally, a Notification of Administrative Appeal Options and Process and Request for Appeal form regarding this AJD (see section labeled "Approved Jurisdictional Determination") is enclosed (Enclosure 3).

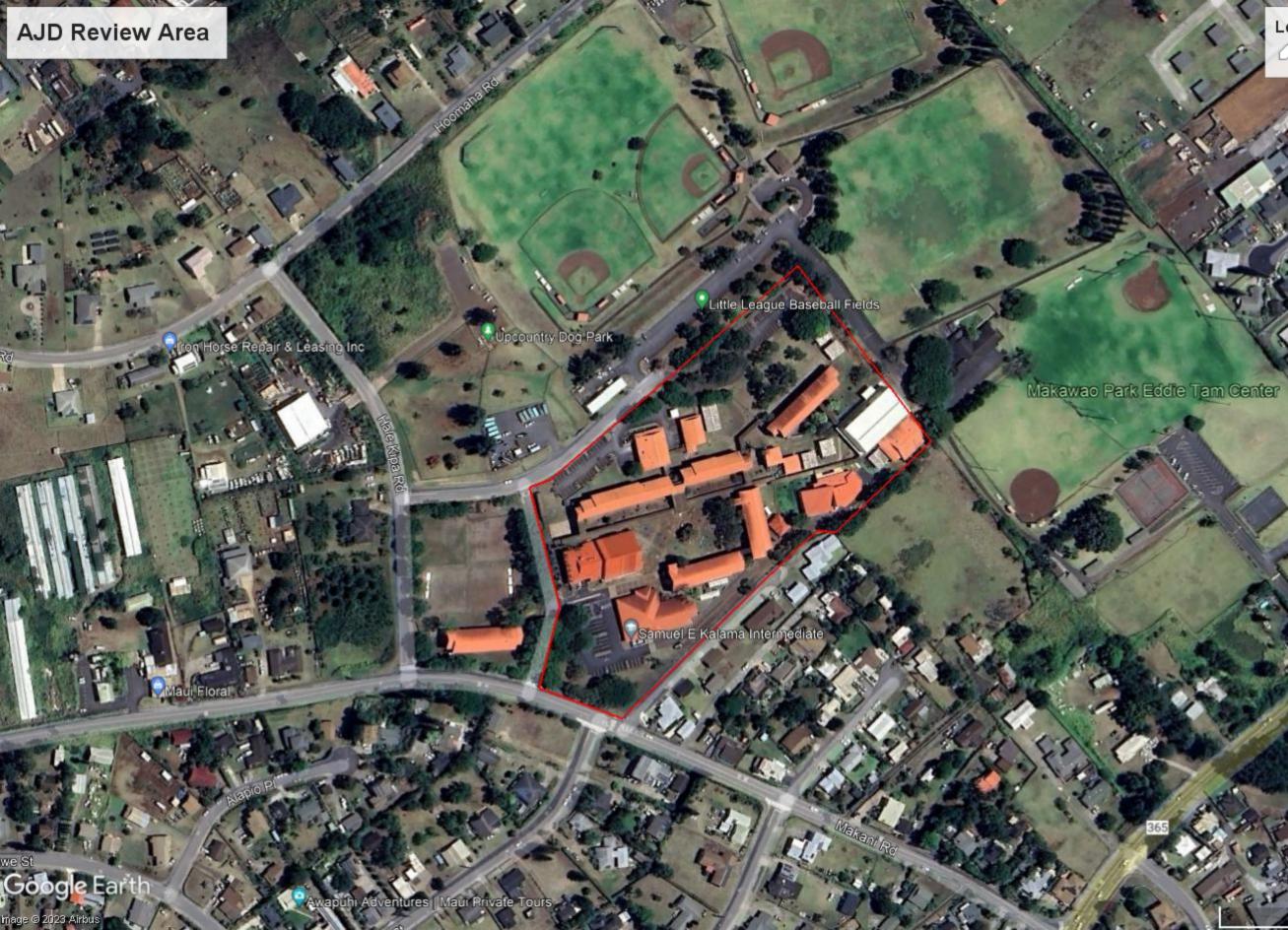
While a DA permit is not required for your proposed project, you are responsible for obtaining all other applicable Federal, state, or local authorizations required by law.

Thank you for your cooperation with the Honolulu District Regulatory Program. If you have any questions related to this determination, please contact me at 808-835-4107 or via e-mail at <u>Cristian.J.Cayanan@usace.army.mil</u>. You are encouraged to provide comments on your experience with the Honolulu District Regulatory Office by accessing our web-based customer survey form at <u>https://regulatory.ops.usace.army.mil/ords/f?p=136:4</u>. For additional information about our Regulatory Program, please visit our web site at <u>https://www.poh.usace.army.mil/Missions/Regulatory.aspx</u>.

Sincerely,

CJ Cayanan Regulatory Specialist

Enclosure



Legend

🖉 Kalama Intermediate School (KIS)

Shanti Sound He

700 ft



OMB Control Number: 0710-0024 Expiration Date: 09/30/2023

AGENCY DISCLOSURE NOTICE

The public reporting burden for this collection of information, 0710-0024, is estimated to average 4 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or burden reduction suggestions to the Department of Defense, Washington Headquarters Services, at whs.mc-alex.esd.mbx.dd-dod-information-collections@mail.mil. Respondents should be aware that notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information if it does not display a currently valid OMB control number.

I. ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Completion Date of Approved Jurisdictional Determination (AJD): 8/24/2023 ORM Project Name: Hawai'i Department of Education, EA for Samuel E. Kalama Intermediate School campus, 120 Makani Road, Makawao, Island of Maui, HI

ORM Identification Number: POH-2023-00151

Other sites (e.g., offsite mitigation sites, disposal sites or other review areas, etc.) are associated with this action and are recorded on a different jurisdictional determination (JD) form(s). Associated JD Names and Numbers: N/A

Review Area Location: State/Territory: Hawaii City: Makawao County/Parish/Borough: Island of Maui

Center Coordinates of Review Area: Latitude: 20.85160°N, Longitude: -156.31992°W Limits of review area: See Enclosed Map (Enclosure 1)

II. SUMMARY²

Check all that apply. At least one box from the following list MUST be selected. Complete the corresponding tables in Section III., summarize data sources in Section IV., and attach completed Appendices A and/or B when specified.

⊠ The review area is comprised entirely of dry land (i.e., there are no waters such as streams, rivers, wetlands, lakes, ponds, tidal waters, ditches, and the like in the entire review area). Rationale: There are no waters present based on a desktop view of the approximately 10.4-acre parcel review area.

□ There are "navigable waters of the United States" within Rivers and Harbors Act jurisdiction within the review area (complete the table in Section III.A.).

□ There are "waters of the United States" within Clean Water Act jurisdiction within the review area (complete appropriate tables in Section III.B. and complete and attach appendices as appropriate).

□ Potentially jurisdictional waters and/or features were assessed within the review area and determined to be non-jurisdictional (complete appropriate tables in Section III.C. and complete and attach appendices as appropriate).

¹ The final rule "Revised Definition of 'Waters of the United States'" (2023 Rule) was published in the *Federal Register* on 18 January 2023 and the effective date is 20 March 2023. See

https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2023/01/18/2022-28595/revised-definition-of-waters-of-the-united-states. ² Map(s)/figure(s) or descriptions of the review area and any jurisdictional waters are attached to the AJD provided to the requestor.



III. FINDINGS IN THE REVIEW AREA

A. Jurisdictional under the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899³ (Section 10)⁴

Section 10 Waters				
Section 10 water name	Section 10 size in review area		Type of Section 10 water	
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A.	
Rationale for determination: N/A				

B. Jurisdictional under the Clean Water Act

Paragraph (a)(1) waters: ⁵ Waters which are: (i) Currently used, or were used in the past, or may be					
susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and					
flow of the tide (Traditional Navigable Waters); (ii) The territorial seas; or (iii) Interstate waters, including					
interstate wetlands					
(-)(4)					

(a)(1) water name	(a)(1) size in review area		Type of paragraph (a)(1) water		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A.		
Rationale for determination: N/A					

Paragraph (a)(2) waters: Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the United States under this definition, other than impoundments of waters identified under paragraph (a)(5)			
(a)(2) water name	(a)(2) size in review area		Type of paragraph (a)(2) water
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A.
Rationale for determina	tion: N/A	¥.	

³ If the navigable water of the United States is not subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and not included on the district's list of Rivers and Harbors Act (RHA) Section 10 navigable waters of the United States list do NOT use this form to make a report of findings to support a determination that the water is a navigable water of the United States. The district must follow the procedure outlined in 33 CFR part 329.14 to make a determination that water is a navigable water of the United States subject to Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act.

⁴ USACE has authority under both Section 9 and Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 but for convenience, in this AJD form, jurisdiction under RHA will be referred to as Section 10.

⁵ A stand-alone TNW determination for a water that is not subject to Section 9 or 10 of RHA is completed independently of a request for an AJD. A stand-alone TNW determination is conducted for a specific segment of river or stream or other type of waterbody, such as a lake, where upstream or downstream limits or lake borders are established. A stand-alone TNW determination should be completed following applicable guidance and should NOT be documented on the AJD Form.



Paragraph (a)(3) waters: Tributaries of waters identified in paragraph (a)(1) or (2): (i) That are relatively permanent, standing or continuously flowing bodies of water; or (ii) That either alone or in combination with similarly situated waters in the region, significantly affect the chemical, physical, or biological integrity of waters identified in paragraph (a)(1)				
(a)(3) water name	(a)(3) size in review area		Type of paragraph (a)(3) water	
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A.	

Rationale for determination: N/A

Paragraph (a)(4) waters: Wetlands adjacent to the following waters: (i) Waters identified in paragraph (a)(1); or (ii) Relatively permanent, standing or continuously flowing bodies of water identified in paragraph (a)(2) or (a)(3)(i) and with a continuous surface connection to those waters; or (iii) Waters identified in paragraph (a)(2) or (3) when the wetlands either alone or in combination with similarly situated waters in the region, significantly affect the chemical, physical, or biological integrity of waters identified in paragraph (a)(1)			
(a)(4) water name	(a)(4) size	in review area	Adjacency criteria
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Type of paragraph N/A (a)(4) water			
Rationale for determination: N/A			

Paragraph (a)(5) waters: Intrastate lakes and ponds, streams, or wetlands not identified in paragraphs						
(a)(1) through (4): (i) That	(a)(1) through (4): (i) That are relatively permanent, standing or continuously flowing bodies of water with a					
		n paragraph (a)(1) or (a)(3)(i); or (ii) That either alone				
	or in combination with similarly situated waters in the region, significantly affect the chemical, physical, or					
biological integrity of waters identified in paragraph (a)(1).6						
(a)(5) water name	(a)(5) size in review area Type of paragraph (a)(5) water					
N/A N/A. N/A N/A						
Rationale for determination: N/A						

⁶ In implementing the significant nexus standard, the agencies generally intend to analyze waters under paragraph (a)(5) individually to determine if they significantly affect the chemical, physical, or biological integrity of a paragraph (a)(1) water.



C. Waters or features that are not jurisdictional under the Clean Water Act

Waters analyzed under paragraph (a)(3)(ii), (a)(4)(iii), or (a)(5)(ii) and determined non-jurisdictional: Tributaries of waters identified in paragraph (a)(1) or (2); and/or wetlands adjacent to waters identified in paragraph (a)(2) or (3); and/or intrastate lakes and ponds, streams, or wetlands not identified as (a)(1) through (4) waters; that either alone or in combination with similarly situated waters in the region, do not significantly affect the chemical, physical, or biological integrity of waters identified in paragraph (a)(1).

Water name	Water size in review area		Type of water for which significant nexus was not met:		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Rationale for determination: N/A					

(b)(1) – (b)(8) Excluded Features ⁷					
Excluded feature name	Excluded feature size in review area		Exclusion ⁸		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Rationale for determination: N/A					

IV. SUPPORTING INFORMATION

A. Paragraph (a)(1) water that is outside the review area:

- a. Provide the name of the paragraph (a)(1) water: N/A or Name of (a)(1) Water.
- b. Type of paragraph (a)(1) water: N/A.
- c. Provide the rationale for jurisdiction of the paragraph (a)(1) water: N/A or Provide Additional Discussion as Appropriate.

B. Significant nexus analyses

- □ Appendix A is attached and includes the significant nexus analysis for any waters in the review area that were evaluated under paragraph (a)(3)(ii) and/or paragraph (a)(4)(iii).
- □ Appendix B is attached and includes the significant nexus analyses for any waters in the review area that were evaluated under paragraph (a)(5)(ii).
- ☑ There are no waters in the review area that require evaluation under the significant nexus standard. Therefore, neither Appendix A nor Appendix B are included with this form

⁷ Transient features on the landscape that are difficult to document due to their non-permanent nature, such as rills and gullies, may not be specifically identified on the AJD form unless a requestor specifically asks a USACE district to do so. USACE districts may, in case-by-case instances, elect to document any such feature on a case-by-case basis, such as when the feature is relevant to analysis of the jurisdictional status of another water.

⁸ Note the full text of the exclusions for (b)(1)-(6) and (b)(8) are included in the dropdown list, while the text for the (b)(7) exclusion is truncated due to space limitations. The full text of the (b)(7) exclusion is as follows: (b)(7) Waterfilled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States



C. Data, models, and other relevant methods Select/enter all resources that were used to support this determination and include data/maps and/or references/citations in the administrative record, as appropriate.

Aquatic resources delineation submitted by, or on behalf of, the requestor: Title(s) and Date(s) The aquatic resources delineation submitted by or on behalf of the requestor is sufficient for purposes of this AJD Select

Rationale: N/A or Describe why Information is Partially or Wholly Insufficient for Purposes of this AJD

- □ Aquatic resources delineation prepared by the USACE: Title(s) and Date(s)
- UWetland field data sheets prepared by the USACE: Title(s) and Date(s)
- □ OHWM data sheets prepared by the USACE: Title(s) and Date(s)

□ USACE site visit: Date(s) of site visit(s): Date(s) of Site Visit(s), Title(s) and Date(s) of Site Visit Summary Document(s)

□ Previous Jurisdictional Determinations (AJDs or PJDs) addressing the same (or portions of the same) review area: ORM Number(s) and Date(s)

- □ Photographs: Source(s), Title(s) and Date(s)
- Aerial Imagery: Google Earth accessed August 2023
- □ LiDAR: Source(s), Title(s) and Date(s)
- □ USDA NRCS Soil Survey: Title(s) and Date(s)
- USFWS NWI maps: Title(s) and Date(s)
- ☑ USGS topographic maps: Maui, HI 1954 (HTMC, 1954 ed.), Haiku, HI 2017 (US Topo)
- USGS NHD data/maps: Title(s) and Date(s)
- USGS Dynamic Surface Water Extent: Title(s) and Date(s)
- □ Section 10 navigability resource used: Title(s) and Date(s)

Other data sources or models used to aid in this determination:

Data source or model (Select)	Name, date, and other relevant information
USGS Sources	N/A
USEPA Sources	Watershed Assessment, Tracking & Environmental Results System (WATERS) KMZ tool for Google Earth, v2.0 updated 09-20-2022
USDA Sources ⁹	N/A
NOAA Sources	N/A
USACE Sources	N/A
State/Local/Tribal Sources	N/A
Other Sources	N/A

D. Additional comments to support AJD: N/A

⁹ Including Certified Wetland Determination from the NRCS.

NOTIFICATION OF ADMINISTRATIVE APPEAL OPTIONS AND PROCESS AND REQUEST FOR APPEAL

Applica Matth	ant: 1ew Fernandez (Agent)	File Number: POH-2023-00151	Date: Aug. 24.2023
Attach	ed is:		See Section below
	INITIAL PROFFERED PERMIT (Standard Permit or Letter of Permission)		А
	PROFFERED PERMIT (Standard Permit or Letter of Permission)		В
	PERMIT DENIAL		С
Х	APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION		D
	PRELIMINARY JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION E		
SECTION I - The following identifies your rights and options regarding an administrative appeal of the above decision. Additional information may be found at http://www.usace.army.mil/CECW/Pages/reg.materials.aspx.or.Corps.			

Additional information may be found at http://www.usace.army.mil/CECW/Pages/reg_materials.aspx or Corps regulations at 33 CFR Part 331.

A. INITIAL PROFFERED PERMIT: You may accept or object to the permit.

- ACCEPT: If you received a Standard Permit or a Letter of Permission (LOP), you may sign the permit document and return it to the district commander for final authorization. Your signature on the Standard Permit or acceptance of the LOP means that you accept the permit in its entirety, and waive all rights to appeal the permit, including its terms and conditions, and approved jurisdictional determinations associated with the permit.
- OBJECT: If you object to the permit (Standard or LOP) because of certain terms and conditions therein, you may request that the permit be modified accordingly. You must complete Section II of this form and return the form to the district commander. Your objections must be received by the district commander within 60 days of the date of this notice, or you will forfeit your right to appeal the permit in the future. Upon receipt of your letter, the district commander will evaluate your objections and may: (a) modify the permit to address all of your concerns, (b) modify the permit to address some of your objections, or (c) not modify the permit having determined that the permit should be issued as previously written. After evaluating your objections, the district commander will send you a proffered permit for your reconsideration, as indicated in Section B below.
- B. PROFFERED PERMIT: You may accept or appeal the permit
- ACCEPT: If you received a Standard Permit or a Letter of Permission (LOP), you may sign the permit document and return it to the district commander for final authorization. Your signature on the Standard Permit or acceptance of the LOP means that you accept the permit in its entirety, and waive all rights to appeal the permit, including its terms and conditions, and approved jurisdictional determinations associated with the permit.
- APPEAL: If you choose to decline the proffered permit (Standard or LOP) because of certain terms and conditions therein, you may appeal the declined permit under the Corps of Engineers Administrative Appeal Process by completing Section II of this form and sending the form to the division commander. This form must be received by the division commander within 60 days of the date of this notice.
- C. PERMIT DENIAL: You may appeal the denial of a permit under the Corps of Engineers Administrative Appeal Process by completing Section II of this form and sending the form to the division commander. This form must be received by the division commander within 60 days of the date of this notice.
- D. APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION: You may accept or appeal the approved JD or provide new information.
- ACCEPT: You do not need to notify the Corps to accept an approved JD. Failure to notify the Corps within 60 days of the date of this notice, means that you accept the approved JD in its entirety, and waive all rights to appeal the approved JD.
- APPEAL: If you disagree with the approved JD, you may appeal the approved JD under the Corps of Engineers Administrative Appeal Process by completing Section II of this form and sending the form to the division commander. This form must be received by the division commander within 60 days of the date of this notice.

E. PRELIMINARY JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION: You do not need to respond to the Corps regarding the preliminary JD. The Preliminary JD is not appealable. If you wish, you may request an approved JD (which may be appealed), by contacting the Corps district for further instruction. Also you may provide new information for further consideration by the Corps to reevaluate the JD.

SECTION II - REQUEST FOR APPEAL or OBJECTIONS TO AN INITIAL PROFFERED PERMIT

REASONS FOR APPEAL OR OBJECTIONS: (Describe your reasons for appealing the decision or your objections to an initial proffered permit in clear concise statements. You may attach additional information to this form to clarify where your reasons or objections are addressed in the administrative record.)

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: The appeal is limited to a review of the administrative record, the Corps memorandum for the record of the appeal conference or meeting, and any supplemental information that the review officer has determined is needed to clarify the administrative record. Neither the appellant nor the Corps may add new information or analyses to the record. However, you may provide additional information to clarify the location of information that is already in the administrative record.

POINT OF CONTACT FOR QUESTIONS OR INFORMATION:

If you have questions regarding this decision and/or the appeal process you may contact:	If you only have questions regarding the appeal process you may also contact:
Honolulu District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Regulatory Office, CEPOH-RO Building 230 Fort Shafter, Hawaii 96858-5440 808-835-4303	Kate Bliss Regulatory Program Manager U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Pacific Ocean Division Building 525 Fort Shafter, HI 96858-5440 808-835-4626 Kate.m.bliss@usace.army.mil

RIGHT OF ENTRY: Your signature below grants the right of entry to Corps of Commanders personnel, and any government consultants, to conduct investigations of the project site during the course of the appeal process. You will be provided a 15-day notice of any site investigation, and will have the opportunity to participate in all site investigations.

	Date:	Telephone number:
Signature of appellant or agent.		



May 30, 2024

Ms. Cristian (CJ) Cayanan, Biologist/Regulatory Specialist Regulatory Office Honolulu District U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Public Affairs Office, Room 302 Fort Shafter, Hawai'i 96858-5440

Via Email: Cristian.M.Cayanan@usace.army.mil

SUBJECT: Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Pre-Assessment Consultation for Environmental Assessment TMK: (2) 2-4-032: 109 Makawao, Maui, Hawai'i

Dear Ms. Cayanan:

Thank you for the August 24, 2023 email providing pre-assessment consultation comments associated with the preparation of an Environmental Assessment (EA) for the subject project (DA file no. POH-2023-00151).

We thank you for your review of the project site and your determination that the project site does not contain any waters of the U.S. and that a DA permit under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act or Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 is not required.

We confirm that all other applicable Federal, state, and local permits will be obtained for the project.

Thank you for providing us with your comments and participating in the process. If you have any questions, please contact me at (808) 836-7787 or <u>mfernandez@bowersandkubota.com</u>.

Sincerely,

Matthew Fernandez Planner



From:	Yrigoyen, James
То:	Matthew Fernandez
Cc:	Asman, Lindsy
Subject:	[External] Request for TA - Environmental Assessment, Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Project, Makawao, Maui
Date:	Tuesday, July 25, 2023 11:29:18 AM
Attachments:	<u>IPaC Info Letter Species List Instructions PIFWO 20Apr2022 Final.pdf</u> <u>Bowers + Kubota Pre-Assessment Consultation for Environmental Assessment, Kalama Intermediate School</u> <u>Modular Administration Building Project, Makawao, Maui.pdf</u>

[CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe]

Dear Matthew Fernandez,

Thank you for your recent correspondence requesting technical assistance on species biology, habitat, or life requisite requirements. The Pacific Islands Fish and Wildlife Office (PIFWO) of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) appreciates your efforts to avoid or minimize effects to protected species associated with your proposed actions. We provide the following information for your consideration under the authorities of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*), as amended.

The USFWS has updated how we process section 7 consultations. We are now directing all our partners to our **Information for Planning and Consultation**, (IPaC) online tool.

The very first step in the consultation process is to obtain a species list in IPaC. I am attaching a pdf with directions on how to use IPaC.

Essentially, you will enter basic project information, including project area [by uploading a single polygon layer with all Tax Map Keys (TMKs) or drawing on the map per attached instructions], and IPaC will generate a species list comprised of species that are or may occur in the project footprint or <u>action area</u>. Each species on the list will have a link underneath in which you will find our <u>avoidance and minimization measures</u> (AMM) for that species. For some groups of species, such as seabirds, the AMM will all be the same. When you get to the end of the steps, you'll need to formally submit the species list. You can save a copy for yourself. A copy will automatically be sent to our office. Each project is assigned a unique Project Code in IPaC; please include this Project Code in all future correspondence with our office regarding this project.

A few IPaC tips in assisting our partners include:

- 1. If you are uploading a polygon and have more than one TMK in the project area, make sure all TMKs are in one polygon. Otherwise, you will get a project code for every TMK.
- 2. You can ignore any requests or links regarding additional document uploads or continuing your consultation in IPaC. The only thing you need to do is submit your project info and submit for an official species list.
- 3. I provided the link above, but in the attached directions you will find a direct link (without going through ECOS): <u>https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/</u>. Several partners have gotten stuck at the create a <u>Login.gov</u> account. Our IT suggested accessing IPaC through ECOS may help reduce this issue.
- 4. Your species list may seem exhaustive, do not be alarmed, IPaC is based on species'

ranges, so it is informative in that is provides a list of species that could be in the project area, are likely to be in the project area, or are in the project area. Please let me know if you have any questions.

Thank you for protecting federally listed species. If you have any questions, please contact JamesYrigoyen at james_yrigoyen@fws.gov or by telephone at 808-490-1745.

Sincerely,

James Yrigoyen Fish and Wildlife Biologist, Maui Nui Team U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Pacific Islands Fish and Wildlife Office <u>300 Ala Moana Blvd., Room 3-122, Honolulu, HI 96850</u> Duty Station: Keālia Pond National Wildlife Refuge <u>Milepost 6, Maui Veterans Highway</u> Kīhei, Hawai'i 96753 Cell - (808) 490-1745 https://www.fws.gov/pacificislands/



United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE Pacific Islands Fish And Wildlife Office 300 Ala Moana Boulevard, Box 50088 Honolulu, HI 96850-5000 Phone: (808) 792-9400 Fax: (808) 792-9580



In Reply Refer To: July Project Code: 2023-0109499 Project Name: Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Project

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project location or may be affected by your proposed project

To Whom It May Concern:

The enclosed species list identifies threatened and endangered species, as well as designated critical habitat that may occur within the boundary of your proposed project and that may be affected by project related actions. The species list fulfills the requirements of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) under section 7(c) of the Endangered Species Act (Act) of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*). Please contact the Service's Pacific Islands Fish and Wildlife Office (PIFWO) at 808-792-9400 if you have any questions regarding your IPaC species list.

The purpose of the Act is to provide a means whereby threatened and endangered species and the ecosystems upon which they depend may be conserved. Under sections 7(a)(1) and 7(a)(2) of the Act and its implementing regulations (50 CFR 402 *et seq.*), Federal agencies are required to utilize their authorities to carry out programs for the conservation of threatened and endangered species and to determine whether projects may adversely affect threatened and endangered species and/or designated critical habitat.

Please note that under 50 CFR 402.12(e) of the regulations implementing section 7 of the Act, the accuracy of this species list should be verified after 90 days. New information based on updated surveys, changes in the abundance and distribution of species, changed habitat conditions, or other factors could change this list. This verification can be completed formally or informally as desired. The Service recommends that verification be completed by visiting the IPaC website at regular intervals during project planning and implementation for updates to species lists and information. An updated list may be requested through the IPaC system by completing the same process used to receive the enclosed list.

A Biological Assessment is required for construction projects (or other undertakings having similar physical impacts) that are major Federal actions significantly affecting the quality of the human environment as defined in the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4332(2) (c)). For projects other than major construction activities, the Service suggests that a Biological

July 26, 2023

Evaluation, similar to a Biological Assessment, be prepared to determine whether the project may affect listed or proposed species and/or designated or proposed critical habitat. Recommended contents of a Biological Assessment or Biological Evaluation are described at 50 CFR 402.12.

Due to the significant number of listed species found on each island within PIFWO's regulatory jurisdiction, and the difficulty in accurately mapping ranges for species that we have limited information about, your species list may include more species than if you obtained the list directly from a Service biologist. We recommend you use the species links in IPaC to view the life history, habitat descriptions, and recommended avoidance and minimization measures to assist with your initial determination of whether the species or its habitat may occur within your project area. If appropriate habitat is present for a listed species, we recommend surveys be conducted to determine whether the species is also present. If no surveys are conducted, we err on the side of the species, by regulation, and assume the habitat is occupied. Updated avoidance and minimization measures for plants and animals, best management practices for work in or near aquatic environments, and invasive species biosecurity protocols can be found on the PIFWO website at: https://www.fws.gov/office/pacific-islands-fish-and-wildlife/library.

If a Federal agency determines, based on the Biological Assessment or Biological Evaluation, that a listed species and/or designated critical habitat may be affected by the proposed project, the agency is required to consult with the Service pursuant to 50 CFR 402. More information on the regulations and procedures for section 7 consultation, including the role of permit or license applicants, can be found in the "Endangered Species Consultation Handbook" at: <u>http://www.fws.gov/endangered/esa-library/index</u>.

Non-federal entities can also use the IPaC generated species list to develop Habitat Conservation Plans (HCP) in accordance with section 10(a)(1)(B) of the Act. We recommend HCP applicants coordinate with the Service early during the HCP development process. For additional information on HCPs, the Habitat Conservation Planning handbook can be found at https://www.fws.gov/sites/default/files/documents/habitat-conservation-planning-handbook-entire.pdf.

Please be aware that wind energy projects should follow the Service's wind energy guidelines (http://www.fws.gov/windenergy) for minimizing impacts to migratory birds. Listed birds and the Hawaiian hoary bat may also be affected by wind energy development and we recommend development of a Habitat Conservation Plan for those species, as described above. Guidance for minimizing impacts to migratory birds for projects including communications towers can be found at:

- http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/towers
- http://www.towerkill.com
- http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/comtow

We appreciate your concern for threatened and endangered species. The Service encourages Federal agencies to include conservation actions that benefit threatened and endangered species into their project planning to further the purposes of the Act in accordance with section 7(a)(1). Please include the Consultation Tracking Number associated with your IPaC species list in any

request for consultation or correspondence about your project that you submit to our office. Please feel free to contact us at PIFWO_admin@fws.gov or 808-792-9400 if you need more current information or assistance regarding the potential impacts to federally listed species and federally designated critical habitat.

Attachment(s):

Official Species List

OFFICIAL SPECIES LIST

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action".

This species list is provided by:

Pacific Islands Fish And Wildlife Office

300 Ala Moana Boulevard, Box 50088 Honolulu, HI 96850-5000 (808) 792-9400

PROJECT SUMMARY

Project Code: 2023-0109499 **Project Name:** Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Project **Project Type:** New Constr - Above Ground Project Description: Pursuant to Chapter 343, Hawai'i Revised Statutes (HRS), the State of Hawai'i, Department of Education (DOE) is preparing an Environmental Assessment (EA) for the construction of a new modular administration building at Samuel E. Kalama Intermediate School (KIS) campus located in Makawao on the Island of Maui. KIS is located at 120 Makani Road in Makawao, Maui on an approximately 10.4-acre parcel bounded by Eddie Tam Memorial Park to the north, Hale Kipa Road to the west, residential homes to the east, and Makani Road to the south. The new building site of less than 0.4 acres is situated entirely within a lawn area of the KIS campus that is currently unoccupied and contains a few trees. This project site is in the northeast portion of the school, adjacent to the existing KIS campus Building O and parking lot. This proposed project includes the construction of a new two-story administration building that will contain staff offices, conference rooms, a health room, and a staff lounge. The proposed Modular Administration Building will be occupied by existing KIS faculty and staff. The proposed project will also involve constructing connecting pathways, and provide extensions of present electrical, communications, water, sewer, and drainage utilities to service the building. The project will not include constructing any new driveways or roadways. Overall, the proposed building will be about 43-feet wide, 181-feet long and encompass approximately 15,000-square feet. **Project Location:**

The approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: <u>https://www.google.com/maps/@20.8516871,-156.31991415562638,14z</u>



Counties: Maui County, Hawaii

ENDANGERED SPECIES ACT SPECIES

There is a total of 36 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on this species list.

Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species.

IPaC does not display listed species or critical habitats under the sole jurisdiction of NOAA Fisheries¹, as USFWS does not have the authority to speak on behalf of NOAA and the Department of Commerce.

See the "Critical habitats" section below for those critical habitats that lie wholly or partially within your project area under this office's jurisdiction. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

1. <u>NOAA Fisheries</u>, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

MAMMALS

NAME	STATUS
Hawaiian Hoary Bat Lasiurus cinereus semotus	Endangered
No critical habitat has been designated for this species.	
Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/770</u>	
General project design guidelines:	
https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/	
generated/6477.pdf	

BIRDS

NAME	STATUS
Band-rumped Storm-petrel <i>Oceanodroma castro</i> Population: USA (HI)	Endangered
No critical habitat has been designated for this species.	
Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1226</u>	
General project design guidelines:	
https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/	
generated/6939.pdf	
Hawaiian (=koloa) Duck Anas wyvilliana	Endangered
No critical habitat has been designated for this species.	C
Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/7712</u>	
General project design guidelines:	
https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/	
generated/6934.pdf	
Hawaiian Coot Fulica americana alai	Endangered
No critical habitat has been designated for this species.	0
Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/7233</u>	
General project design guidelines:	
https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/	
generated/6934.pdf	
Hawaiian Goose Branta (=Nesochen) sandvicensis	Threatened
No critical habitat has been designated for this species.	
Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1627</u>	
General project design guidelines:	
https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/	
generated/6925.pdf	
Hawaiian Petrel Pterodroma sandwichensis	Endangered
No critical habitat has been designated for this species.	0
Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6746</u>	
General project design guidelines:	
https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/	
generated/6939.pdf	
Hawaiian Stilt Himantopus mexicanus knudseni	Endangered
No critical habitat has been designated for this species.	0
Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/2082</u>	
General project design guidelines:	
https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/	
generated/6934.pdf	
Newell's Townsend's Shearwater Puffinus auricularis newelli	Threatened
No critical habitat has been designated for this species.	
Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/2048</u>	
General project design guidelines:	
https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/	
generated/6939.pdf	

INSECTS

NAME	STATUS
Blackburn's Sphinx Moth Manduca blackburni	Endangered
There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat.	C
Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/4528</u>	
General project design guidelines:	
https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/	
<u>generated/6926.pdf</u>	

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FLOWERING PLANTS

NAME	STATUS
`aiea <i>Nothocestrum latifolium</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1061</u> General project design guidelines:	Endangered
https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/ generated/7051.pdf	
`awikiwiki Canavalia pubescens There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/7908</u> General project design guidelines: <u>https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/generated/7051.pdf</u>	Endangered
`ena`ena Pseudognaphalium sandwicensium var. molokaiense No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/5993</u> General project design guidelines: <u>https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/ generated/7051.pdf</u>	Endangered
Alani <i>Melicope knudsenii</i> There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/4668</u> General project design guidelines: <u>https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/</u> <u>generated/7051.pdf</u>	Endangered
Bonamia menziesii There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/2503</u> General project design guidelines: <u>https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/</u> <u>generated/7051.pdf</u>	Endangered
Gouania hillebrandii There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/3464</u> General project design guidelines: <u>https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/</u> <u>generated/7051.pdf</u>	Endangered
Holei Ochrosia haleakalae No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/884</u> General project design guidelines: <u>https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/ generated/7051.pdf</u>	Endangered
Kamanomano Cenchrus agrimonioides	Endangered

NAME	STATUS
There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/2928</u> General project design guidelines: <u>https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/generated/7051.pdf</u>	
Kauila Colubrina oppositifolia There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/850 General project design guidelines: https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/ generated/7051.pdf	Endangered
Ko`oko`olau <i>Bidens campylotheca ssp. pentamera</i> There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1897</u> General project design guidelines: <u>https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/generated/7060.pdf</u>	Endangered
Ko`oko`olau <i>Bidens campylotheca ssp. waihoiensis</i> There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6450</u> General project design guidelines: <u>https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/generated/7060.pdf</u>	Endangered
Ko`oko`olau <i>Bidens micrantha ssp. kalealaha</i> There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/7697</u> General project design guidelines: <u>https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/generated/7060.pdf</u>	Endangered
Kuahiwi Laukahi <i>Plantago princeps</i> There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/4926</u> General project design guidelines: <u>https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/generated/7051.pdf</u>	Endangered
Kulu`i Nototrichium humile There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1001</u> General project design guidelines: <u>https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/generated/7051.pdf</u>	Endangered
Lanai Sandalwood (=`iliahi) <i>Santalum haleakalae var. lanaiense</i> There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/3282</u> General project design guidelines:	Endangered

NAME	STATUS
https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/ generated/7051.pdf	
Mahoe Alectryon macrococcus There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/2446</u>	Endangered
General project design guidelines: https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/ generated/7051.pdf	
Makou Peucedanum sandwicense There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/5579</u> General project design guidelines: <u>https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/</u> <u>generated/7051.pdf</u>	Threatened
Mehamehame <i>Flueggea neowawraea</i> There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/109</u> General project design guidelines: <u>https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/</u> <u>generated/7051.pdf</u>	Endangered
Neraudia sericea There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/2237</u> General project design guidelines: <u>https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/</u> <u>generated/7051.pdf</u>	Endangered
Round-leaved Chaff-flower Achyranthes splendens var. rotundata There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/4709</u> General project design guidelines: <u>https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/</u> generated/7051.pdf	Endangered
Schiedea hookeri There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1705</u> General project design guidelines: <u>https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/</u> <u>generated/7051.pdf</u>	Endangered
Spermolepis hawaiiensis There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1670</u> General project design guidelines: <u>https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/</u> <u>generated/7051.pdf</u>	

NAME	STATUS
Stenogyne angustifolia var. angustifolia No critical habitat has been designated for this species.	
Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1591</u> General project design guidelines: <u>https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/</u> <u>generated/7060.pdf</u>	
Uhi Uhi <i>Mezoneuron kavaiense</i> There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/7129</u> General project design guidelines: <u>https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/</u> <u>generated/7051.pdf</u>	Endangered
Vigna o-wahuensis There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8445</u> General project design guidelines: <u>https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/</u> <u>generated/7051.pdf</u>	Endangered

FERNS AND ALLIES

NAME	STATUS
Asplenium-leaved Diellia Asplenium dielerectum There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/7361</u> General project design guidelines: <u>https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/generated/7051.pdf</u>	Endangered
Microlepia strigosa var. mauiensis No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/4737</u> General project design guidelines: <u>https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/EB3XNCPPTVABBNIYZUSLNTZH4Q/documents/generated/7051.pdf</u>	Endangered

CRITICAL HABITATS

THERE ARE NO CRITICAL HABITATS WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA UNDER THIS OFFICE'S JURISDICTION.

YOU ARE STILL REQUIRED TO DETERMINE IF YOUR PROJECT(S) MAY HAVE EFFECTS ON ALL ABOVE LISTED SPECIES.

IPAC USER CONTACT INFORMATION

Agency:State of HawaiiName:Matthew FernandezAddress:2153 North King Street, Suite 200City:HonoluluState:HIZip:96819Emailmfernandez@bowersandkubota.comPhone:8087413151

LEAD AGENCY CONTACT INFORMATION

Lead Agency: State of Hawaii



May 30, 2024

Mr. James Yrigoyen, Biologist Maui Nui Team Pacific Islands Fish and Wildlife Office U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service 300 Ala Moana Blvd., Room 3-122 Honolulu, Hawai'i 96850

Via Email: james_yrigoyen@fws.gov

SUBJECT: Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Pre-Assessment Consultation for Environmental Assessment TMK: (2) 2-4-032: 109 Makawao, Maui, Hawai'i

Dear Mr. Yrigoyen,

Thank you for the July 25, 2023 email providing pre-assessment consultation comments associated with the preparation of an Environmental Assessment (EA) for the subject project.

Thank you for the information on how to process future consultations with the USFWS using the Information for Planning and Consultation (IPac) online tool. In addition, a flora and fauna study has been conducted to identify if any federally listed species exist in the project area and to assess the project's effect on the species. The study results have been incorporated in the Draft EA and the report included in the Appendices.

Thank you for providing us with your comments and participating in the process. If you have any questions, please contact me at (808) 836-7787 or <u>mfernandez@bowersandkubota.com</u>.

Sincerely,

Matthew Fernandez Planner



From:	Liu, Rouen
To:	Matthew Fernandez
Cc:	Kakazu, Lisa; Kuwaye, Kristen; Decker, Shayna; McNeff, Mathew
Subject:	[External] EA Pre-consultation - Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Project
Date:	Tuesday, July 25, 2023 2:09:25 PM
Attachments:	<u>bk.pdf</u>

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Dear Mr. Fernandez,

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on the subject project. Hawaiian Electric Company has no objection to the project. Should Hawaiian Electric have existing easements and facilities on the subject property, we will need continued access for maintenance of our facilities. We appreciate your efforts to keep us apprised of the subject project in the planning process. As the proposed Kalama Intermediate School project comes to fruition, please continue to keep us informed.

Please contact me at 808-772-2135 should there be any questions.

Rouen Liu (WA3 – PTA) Permits Engineer Hawaiian Electric Company PO Box 2750 Honolulu Hawaii 96840-0001

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May 30, 2024

Mr. Rouen Liu, Permits Engineer Hawaiian Electric Company P.O. Box 2750 Honolulu, Hawai'i 96840

Via Email: Rouen.liu@hawaiianelectric.com

SUBJECT: Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Pre-Assessment Consultation for Environmental Assessment TMK: (2) 2-4-032: 109 Makawao, Maui, Hawai'i

Dear Mr. Liu,

Thank you for the July 25, 2023 email providing pre-assessment consultation comments associated with the preparation of an Environmental Assessment (EA) for the subject project.

We confirm that HECO has no objections to the project and the information provided so far as part of the preassessment consultation for the project's Draft EA.

We acknowledge that HECO would need continued access to its easements and facilities if any are within the project area. A copy of the Draft EA will be provided to HECO for review when published.

Thank you for providing us with your comments and participating in the process. If you have any questions, please contact me at (808) 836-7787 or <u>mfernandez@bowersandkubota.com</u>.

Sincerely,

Marka

Matthew Fernandez Planner



From:	HT-Plan Reviews
To:	<u>Matthew Fernandez; Farah Rajap</u>
Cc:	HT-Plan Reviews; Gerry Sagucio; Ivan Akamine
Subject:	RE: [External] Pre-Assessment for EA, HRS Chapter 343 Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building
Date:	Tuesday, August 8, 2023 10:40:58 AM
Attachments:	image002.png image003.png

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Aloha Matthew,

Per Farah, HT has no comments at this time. Please, keep us posted if there is any progress/updates and let us know if you folks have any further questions as well. Thank you!

Greg Kawachi

Specialist – Structure Engineer

0: 808.546.7666

C: 808.779.8324

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From: Matthew Fernandez <mfernandez@bowersandkubota.com>

?

Sent: Friday, July 21, 2023 10:41 AM

To: Greg Kawachi < Greg.Kawachi@hawaiiantel.com>; Farah Rajap < farah.rajap@hawaiiantel.com>

Cc: HT-Plan Reviews <HT-PlanReviews@hawaiiantel.com>; Gerry Sagucio

<Gerry.Sagucio@hawaiiantel.com>; Ivan Akamine <Ivan.Akamine@hawaiiantel.com>

Subject: RE: Pre-Assessment for EA, HRS Chapter 343 Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building

Aloha Greg,

Thank you for your response! We will keep you updated during the Kalama IS EA process. Also, apologies and noted, we will update your address in our files.

Mahalo, Matt

Matthew Fernandez Bowers + Kubota HawaiiBusiness' 2023 Best Places to Work

Main Office: (808) 836-7787 / (808) 833-1841 Fax: (808) 834-4833

www.bowersandkubota.com

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From: Greg Kawachi <<u>Greg.Kawachi@hawaiiantel.com</u>>
Sent: Thursday, July 20, 2023 3:48 PM
To: Matthew Fernandez <<u>mfernandez@bowersandkubota.com</u>>; Farah Rajap
<<u>farah.rajap@hawaiiantel.com</u>>
Cc: HT-Plan Reviews <<u>HT-PlanReviews@hawaiiantel.com</u>>; Gerry Sagucio
<<u>Gerry.Sagucio@hawaiiantel.com</u>>; Ivan Akamine <<u>Ivan.Akamine@hawaiiantel.com</u>>
Subject: [External] Pre-Assessment for EA, HRS Chapter 343 Kalama Intermediate School Modular

Administration Building

[CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe] Aloha Matthew,

We just wanted to reach out to you to confirm receipt of your letter regarding the Kalama Intermediate School Modular Admin Building. This has been assigned for review. Please, let us know if there are any updates along the way or if you folks have any further questions. Also, for future letters, can you please include "**Suite 17**" in the address? It got to us a little late due to them not knowing where to forward to. Thank you!

Greg Kawachi

Specialist – Structure Engineer O: 808.546.7666 C: 808.779.8324



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May 30, 2024

Mr. Greg Kawachi, Specialist Structure Engineer Hawaiian Telcom 1177 Bishop Street, Suite 17 Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

Via Email: HT-PlanReviews@hawaiiantel.com

SUBJECT: Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Pre-Assessment Consultation for Environmental Assessment TMK: (2) 2-4-032: 109 Makawao, Maui, Hawai'i

Dear Mr. Kawachi:

Thank you for the August 08, 2023 email providing pre-assessment consultation comments associated with the preparation of an Environmental Assessment (EA) for the subject project. We acknowledge that Hawaiian Telcom has no comments to offer at this time.

If you have any questions, please contact me at (808) 836-7787 or <u>mfernandez@bowersandkubota.com</u>.

Sincerely,

Marka

Matthew Fernandez Planner



RICHARD T. BISSEN, JR. Mayor

> LORI TSUHAKO Director

SAUMALU MATA'AFA Deputy Director





DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING & HUMAN CONCERNS COUNTY OF MAUI

2200 MAIN STREET, SUITE 546 WAILUKU, MAUI, HAWAI'I 96793 PHONE: (808) 270-7805

July 19, 2023

Matthew Fernandez, Planner Bowers + Kubota Consulting, Inc. 2153 N. King Street, Suite 200 Honolulu, Hawaii 96819-4554

Dear Mr. Fernandez:

SUBJECT: PRE-ASSESSMENT CONSULTATION FOR ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT, HRS CHAPTER 343, KALAMA INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL MODULAR ADMINISTRATION BUILDING PROJECT TAX MAP KEY: (2) 2-4-032:109 MAKAWAO, MAUI, HAWAII

The Department has reviewed the information submitted for the above subject project. Based on our review, we have determined that the project is not subject to Chapter 2.96, Maui County Code, and does not require a residential workforce housing agreement. At the present time, the Department has no additional comments to offer.

Please contact Mr. Buddy Almeida, Housing Administrator at (808) 270-7351 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

mah

LORI TSUHAKO, LSW, ACSW Director of Housing and Human Concerns

xc: Buddy Almeida, Housing Administrator



May 30, 2024

Ms. Lori Tsuhako, Director Department of Housing and Human Concerns County of Maui 2200 Main Street, Suite 546 Wailuku, Maui 96793

SUBJECT: Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Pre-Assessment Consultation for Environmental Assessment TMK: (2) 2-4-032: 109 Makawao, Maui, Hawai'i

Dear Ms. Tsuhako:

Thank you for the July 19, 2023 letter providing pre-assessment consultation comments associated with the preparation of an Environmental Assessment for the subject project. We acknowledge that the project is not subject to Chapter 2.96 of the Maui County Code that would require a residential workforce housing agreement, and that the County Department of Housing and Human Concerns has no additional comments to offer at this time.

If you have any questions, please contact me at (808) 836-7787 or mfernandez@bowersandkubota.com.

Sincerely,

Marking

Matthew Fernandez Planner















APPENDIX B Flora and Fauna Survey Report

Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Flora and Fauna Survey Report

December 2023 Prepared by: SWCA Environmental Consultants Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Flora and Fauna Survey Report

DECEMBER 2023

PREPARED FOR Bowers and Kubota

PREPARED BY

SWCA Environmental Consultants

KALAMA INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL FLORA AND FAUNA SURVEY REPORT

Prepared for

Bowers and Kubota

Belt Collins Hawaii LLC North King Street, Suite 200 Honolulu, HI 96819

Prepared by

SWCA Environmental Consultants

1200 Ala Moana Boulevard, #380 Honolulu, Hawaiʻi 96814 (808) 548-7922 www.swca.com

December 2023

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Bowers + Kubota is preparing an environmental assessment for a new administration building planned to be erected on the campus of Kalama Intermediate School in Makawao on the Island of Maui. This report summarizes the findings of the biological resources survey conducted for the project by SWCA Environmental Consultants biologists on September 20, 2023. The survey area is located on the Kalama Intermediate School campus and covers approximately 0.4 acre. It will be 43 feet wide × 181 feet long and will contain offices, conference rooms, and a staff lounge.

The vegetation types and plant species identified during the survey are not considered unique. None of the plants seen during the survey are native, and so none are a federally or state-listed threatened or endangered species, a species proposed for listing, or a candidate species. Therefore, the proposed project is not expected to have a significant, adverse effect on terrestrial vegetation.

No federally or state-listed endangered birds were observed in the survey area. In total, two bird species were observed in the survey area, both of which are common, non-native, introduced bird species. No federally or state-listed endangered wildlife species were observed in or near the survey area; however, potential roosting trees for the Hawaiian hoary bat (*Lasiurus cinereus semotus*), a federally and state-listed endangered mammal, exist in the survey area. Mitigation recommendations to address potential roosting habitat are outlined in the report. The survey area does not overlap critical habitat of any listed terrestrial faunal species. For these reasons, the proposed project is not expected to have a significant, adverse effect on terrestrial wildlife.

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1 INTRODUCTION

Bowers + Kubota is preparing an environmental assessment for a new administration building planned to be erected on the campus of Kalama Intermediate School in Makawao in Maui County, Hawai'i. This report summarizes the findings of the biological resources survey conducted for the project by SWCA Environmental Consultants (SWCA) biologists on September 20, 2023.

The two-story building is anticipated to cover approximately 0.4 acre. It will be 43 feet wide \times 181 feet long and will contain offices, conference rooms, and a staff lounge. All vascular plant species (and their relative abundance), vegetation types, and wildlife species were recorded.

2 REGULATORY ENVIRONMENT

This section describes laws and regulations applicable to aquatic and terrestrial flora and fauna in the context of the project.

2.1 Endangered Species Act

The Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (ESA), is regulated by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), and protects wildlife and plant species that have been listed as threatened or endangered. It is designed to conserve the ecosystems on which species depend. Candidate species, which may be listed in the near future, are not afforded protection under the ESA until they are formally listed as endangered or threatened. Section 9 of the ESA and rules promulgated under Section 4(d) of the ESA prohibit the unauthorized take of any endangered or threatened species of wildlife listed under the ESA. Under the ESA, the term *take* means "to harass, harm, pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture, or collect species listed as endangered or threatened, or to attempt to engage in any such conduct." As defined in regulations, the term harm means "an act that actually kills or injures wildlife; it may include significant habitat modification or degradation, which actually kills or injures wildlife by significantly impairing essential behavioral patterns, including breeding, feeding, or sheltering" (50 Code of Federal Regulations [CFR] 17.3). The rules define harass to mean "an intentional or negligent act or omission that creates the likelihood of injury to wildlife by annoying it to such an extent, as to significantly disrupt normal behavior patterns, which include, but are not limited to, breeding, feeding, or sheltering" (50 CFR 17.3).

The ESA affords maximum legal protections to species listed as threatened or endangered under the law, and also provides authorization for incidental take permits for take that occurs incidental to otherwise legal operations. To comply with federal laws, additional measures must be taken to ensure that take of federally listed species does not occur. Any fatality of a listed species should be reported to the USFWS and the Hawai'i Division of Forestry and Wildlife as soon as possible, and an incident report should be filed within 24 hours of detection.

The ESA also provides for the designation of critical habitat for listed species if there are areas of habitat believed to be essential to conservation of the species. Critical habitat can be designated for a single species or a group of species. A critical habitat designation does not necessarily restrict further development but prevents federal actions from destroying or adversely modifying that habitat.

2.2 Migratory Bird Treaty Act

The Migratory Bird Treaty Act of 1918, as amended (MBTA), is regulated by the USFWS and prohibits the take of migratory birds. A list of birds protected under MBTA is published under 50 CFR 10.13. Unless permitted by regulations, under the MBTA, "it is unlawful to pursue, hunt, take, capture or kill; attempt to take, capture or kill; possess, offer to sell, barter, purchase, deliver or cause to be shipped, exported, imported, transported, carried or received any migratory bird, part, nest, egg or product" (16 United States Code 703–712). The MBTA provides no process for authorizing incidental take of MBTA-protected birds. As a result, birds that are not covered under the ESA that may be adversely affected by the project cannot be covered by take authorizations. Regardless, incidental take of individual MBTA-protected species is unlikely to adversely affect MBTA-protected species as a whole; however, any take of MBTA-protected species should be documented and reported in a similar manner as any endangered or threatened species of wildlife listed under the ESA.

2.3 Hawai'i Revised Statutes 195D

The purpose of Hawai'i Revised Statutes (HRS) 195D is "to ensure the continued perpetuation of indigenous aquatic life, wildlife, and land plants, and their habitats for human enjoyment, for scientific purposes, and as members of ecosystems" and is regulated by the Hawai'i Department of Land and Natural Resources Division of Forestry and Wildlife. HRS 195D-4 states that any endangered or threatened species of fish or wildlife recognized by the ESA shall be so deemed by the state statute. Like the ESA, the unauthorized take of such endangered or threatened species is prohibited (HRS 195D-4(e)), but incidental take licenses can be obtained (HRS 195D-21). In addition to species protected under the ESA, rules adopted under HRS 195D-4 allow for the listing of indigenous species as threatened or endangered for the following reasons:

- Habitat destruction or alteration (current or predicted)
- Overexploitation
- Disease or predation
- Lack of regulatory mechanisms
- Other factors threatening the species' continued existence

Determinations are made based on all available sources of data (scientific, commercial, and other) and consultation with appropriate agencies (federal, state, and county) and interested organizations and parties.

3 LITERATURE REVIEW

SWCA performed a literature review during preparation of the field survey. The purpose of the literature review was to conduct a preliminary desktop habitat assessment to evaluate whether special-status species (or their habitats), and sensitive natural communities are known to occur in the survey area.

4 SITE INFORMATION

The survey area is within the *ahupua* 'a (land division) of Makawao in the *moku* (district) of Hāmākuapoko on the *mokupuni* (island) of Maui. The survey area occurs within the property of the Kalama Intermediate School in Makawao, and encompasses approximately 0.35 acre (0.14 hectare).

Annual rainfall for the survey area is approximately 61 inches (155 centimeters). Rainfall is typically highest November through April and lowest May through October (Giambelluca et al. 2013).

5 METHODS

SWCA reviewed available scientific and technical literature regarding natural resources in and near the survey area. This literature review encompassed a thorough search of referenced scientific journals, technical journals and reports, environmental assessments, environmental impact statements, relevant government documents, USFWS online data, and unpublished data that provide insight into the area's natural history and ecology. SWCA also reviewed available geospatial data, aerial photographs, and topographic maps of the survey area.

On September 20, 2023, two SWCA biologists conducted a comprehensive survey of the proposed construction area (Figure 1). The survey was conducted on foot and documented all vascular plant, vertebrate (birds, mammals, and amphibians), and macroinvertebrate (gastropods and arthropods) species within the survey area. These surveys specifically focused on locating populations of special-status species; however, specific acoustic surveys for the endangered Hawaiian hoary bat, or 'ope'ape'a (*Lasiurus cinereus semotus*), were not conducted. Identification of birds was aided by 10×42 -millimeter binoculars, as well as auditory vocalization identifications. Any signs of animals, such as scat or tracks, were noted. All vegetation types in the survey area were described and mapped in ArcGIS Field Maps on a Samsung Galaxy 2 tablet. Figures were created using ArcGIS Pro 2.7. Photographs were taken during the survey using an iPhone XR and Samsung Galaxy S20.

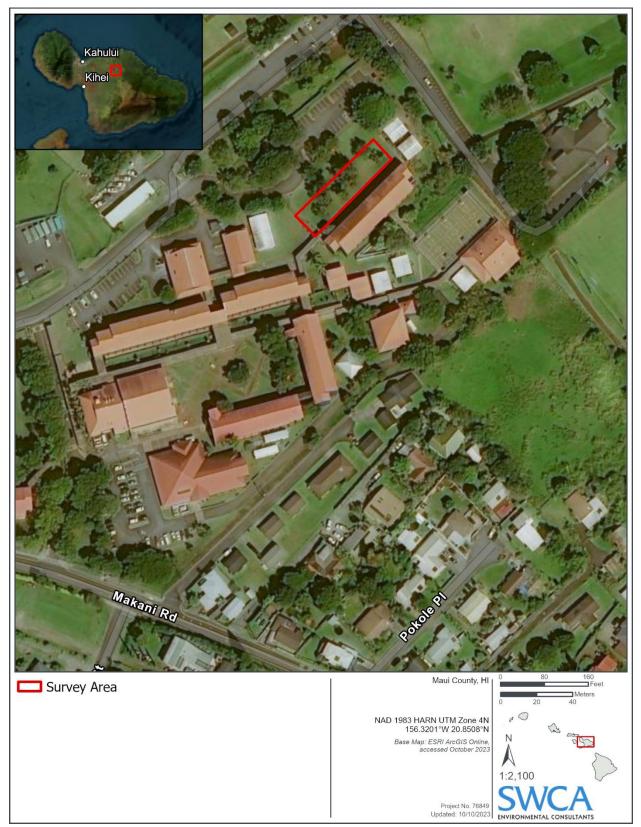


Figure 1. Proposed building site survey area.

6 RESULTS

6.1 Flora

In all, 12 plant species were recorded in the survey area, none of which are native to the Hawaiian Islands. No special-status plant species were observed in the survey area. Appendix A provides a list of all vascular plant species observed during the survey on September 20, 2023.

6.2 Vegetation and Land Cover Types

The vegetation in the survey area consists of two vegetation types—landscaped vegetation, and ruderal vegetation, described in detail below.

6.2.1 Landscaped Vegetation

Landscaped vegetation occurs as planted trees among the mowed areas, as well as some shrubs and herbaceous species along the edges. Some of the landscaped trees are Formosan koa (*Acacia confusa*) and *Senna siamea*; shrubs include ti (*Cordyline fruticosa*) and *Dracaena reflexa* (Figure 2).



Figure 2. Landscaped vegetation, including Formosan koa, and Senna siamea in the survey area.

6.2.2 Ruderal vegetation

The ruderal vegetation in the survey area consisted primarily of kikuyu grass (*Cenchrus clandestinus*). These areas are frequently mowed, and are experiencing a period of drought. Other herbaceous species were occasionally seen, such as creeping indigo (*Indigofera spicata*) and Guinea grass (*Urochloa maxima*) (Figure 3).



Figure 3. Typical view of ruderal vegetation in the survey area, with landscaped vegetation in the background.

6.3 Fauna

6.3.1 Avifauna

Two non-native bird species were observed during the survey (Table 1). Both of these species are common in disturbed mid-elevation areas on Maui.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Status*	MBTA Species (Yes or No)
Feral Chicken	Gallus gallus	NN	No
Zebra dove	Geopelia striata	NN	No

* NN = non-native permanent resident

Endangered Hawaiian waterbirds were not detected during the field survey, and the project footprint does not consist of potential foraging habitat such as lowland streams with herbaceous riparian vegetation or tidal mudflats that would support waterbird foraging.

Seabirds were not observed in the survey area but may potentially fly over the survey area to and from higher-elevation nesting areas during the seabird fledging period.

6.3.2 Mammals

Although the feral cat (*Felis catus*), feral pig (*Sus scrofa*), house mouse (*Mus musculus*), and rats (*Rattus* spp.) were not detected, they are likely to occur in the survey area. In addition, federally and state endangered Hawaiian hoary bat forage and roost habitat does occur in the survey area within the lanscaped vegetation type.

6.3.3 Terrestrial Reptiles and Amphibians

No reptiles or amphibians were detected. No terrestrial reptiles and amphibians are native to Hawai'i.

6.3.4 Insects and Other Invertebrates

No native or non-native insects or other invertebrates were observed during the survey.

7 SPECIAL-STATUS SPECIES AND CRITICAL HABITAT

No special-status species were observed in the survey area.

7.1 Flora

No USFWS-designated critical habitat for federally endangered plant species was observed within the survey area.

8 DISCUSION AND RECOMENDATIONS

The following relevant avoidance and mitigation measures are provided to reduce or eliminate projectrelated impacts and to avoid adverse effects on special-status species. These measures should be implemented as part of the project.

8.1 Flora

The vegetation type and species identified during the survey are not considered unique, and no native plant species were recorded at the site, meaning none of them are threatened or endangered, proposed for listing, or a candidate plant. The proposed project is not expected to have a significant, adverse impact to botanical resources.

Weedy non-native plant species are common in the survey area. Most of these weedy species are widespread in Hawai'i, and their control is not expected to result in a significant decrease in their number or distribution. However, construction activities are known to spread invasive species to new areas through the movement of vehicles and materials. For this reason, SWCA recommends the following invasive species minimization measures to avoid the unintentional introduction or transport of new terrestrial invasive species to Maui:

- All construction equipment and vehicles arriving from outside of Maui should be washed and inspected before entering the survey area.
- Construction materials arriving from outside of Maui should also be washed and/or visually inspected (as appropriate) for excessive debris, plant materials, and invasive or harmful non-native species (plants, amphibians, reptiles, and insects).
- Inspection and cleaning activities should be conducted at a designated location before entering the survey area. The inspectors should be qualified botanists and/or entomologists able to identify invasive species that are of concern relevant to the point of origin of the equipment, vehicle, or material.
- When possible, raw materials (e.g., gravel, rock, soil) should be purchased from a local supplier on Maui to avoid introducing non-native species not present on the island.
- If landscaping occurs as part of the project, native Hawaiian plants or non-invasive plants should be used to the maximum extent possible. Additional information on selecting appropriate (non-invasive) plants for landscaping can be obtained from the following online sources:
 - http://www.plantpono.org
 - o http://www.hear.org/alternativestoinvasives/pdfs/mcaac_hpwra_a2i_list.pdf
 - $\circ \quad http://www.hear.org/oisc/oahuearlydetectionproject/pdfs/oedposterwhatnottoplant.pdf$

8.2 Fauna

8.2.1 Seabirds

Major threats to the endangered Hawaiian petrel (*Pterodroma sandwichensis*) and threatened Newell's shearwater (*Puffinus newelli*) include the attraction of adults and newly fledged juveniles to bright lights while transiting between their nest sites and the ocean. Juvenile birds are particularly vulnerable to light attraction and are sometimes grounded when they become disoriented by lights (Mitchell et al. 2005). Many of these grounded birds are vulnerable to mammalian predators or to being struck by vehicles. The following recommendations are provided to avoid and minimize light attraction of the endangered Hawaiian petrel and threatened Newell's shearwater to the survey area:

• Construction activity should be restricted to daylight hours as much as practicable during the seabird breeding season (April–November) to avoid the use of nighttime lighting that could attract seabirds.

- All outdoor lights should be shielded to prevent upward radiation. This has been shown to reduce the potential for seabird attraction (Reed et al. 1985; Telfer et al. 1987).
- Outside lights that are not needed for security and safety should be turned off from dusk through dawn during the fledgling fallout period (September 15–December 15).

8.2.2 Hawaiian Hoary Bat

Hawaiian hoary bats occur on Maui in native, non-native, agricultural, and developed landscapes (U.S. Department of Agriculture 2009; USFWS 1998). Hawaiian hoary bats forage in open, wooded, and linear habitats with a wide range of vegetation types. These animals are insectivores and are regularly observed foraging over streams, reservoirs, and wetlands up to 300 feet (100 meters [m]) offshore (U.S. Department of Agriculture 2009). Hawaiian hoary bats typically roost in trees greater than 16 feet (5 m) 1) with dense canopy foliage or 2) in the subcanopy when the canopy is sparse and there is open access for launching into flight (Gorresen et al. 2013; U.S. Department of Agriculture 2009). Hawaiian hoary bats have been documented roosting in mango trees (*Mangifera indica*) and may roost in other trees (e.g., hau) that occur in the survey area. In addition, the Hawaiian hoary bat could forage over the ruderal vegetation type and within the corridor created by the road.

Direct impacts to bats could occur during vegetation removal if a juvenile bat that is too small to fly but too large to be carried by a parent is present in a tree or branch that is cut down. To prevent direct impacts to the Hawaiian hoary bat, the following measures are recommended:

- No trees taller than 15 feet (4.6 m) in the survey area should be trimmed or removed between June 1 and September 15 when flightless juvenile bats may be roosting in the trees.
- Any fences that are erected as part of the project should have a barbless top-strand wire to prevent entanglements of the Hawaiian hoary bat on barbed wire.

Implementation of these measures, which have been promulgated by the USFWS (1998), is expected to result in avoidance of all direct impacts to Hawaiian hoary bats. Because all impacts to the Hawaiian hoary bat will be discountable, the proposed project *may affect, but is not likely to adversely affect*, individuals or populations of the species.

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APPENDIX A

Survey Plant List

Table A-1 provides a checklist of plant species observed by SWCA on September 20, 2023, during survey of the Kalama Intermediate School flora and fauna survey area. The plant names are arranged alphabetically by family and then by species into two groups: monocots and dicots. The taxonomy and nomenclature of the flowering plants are in accordance with Wagner et al. (1999) and Staples and Herbst (2005). Recent name changes are those recorded in Wagner et al. (2012).

Family	Scientific Name and Authorship Hawaiian and/or Common Name		Status*	
Monocots				
Agavaceae	Cordyline fruticosa (L.) A.Chev.	kĩ, ti	Р	
Agavaceae	Dracaena marginata Lamarck		Х*	
Agavaceae	Dracaena reflexa Lamarck		Х*	
Poaceae	<i>Cenchrus clandestinus</i> (Hochst. ex Chiov.) Morrone	Kikuyu grass	Х	
Poaceae	Eleusine indica (L.) Gaertn.	wiregrass, mānienie ali'i	Х	
Poaceae	Urochloa maxima (Jacq.) R.D.Webster	Guinea grass	Х	
Dicots				
Fabaceae	Acacia confusa Merr.	Formosa koa	Х	
Fabaceae	Indigofera spicata Forssk.	gofera spicata Forssk. creeping indigo		
Fabaceae	Senna siamea (Lam.) H.S.Irwin & Barneby		Х	
Plantaginaceae	Plantago lanceolata L.	narrow-leaved plantain, English plantain, X buckhorn		
Turneraceae	Turnera ulmifolia L.	yellow alder X		

Table A-1. List of Vascular Plants Observed within the Proposed Survey Area on September 20,2023

Notes: P = Polynesian introduced, X = non-native, X* = non-native cultivated.

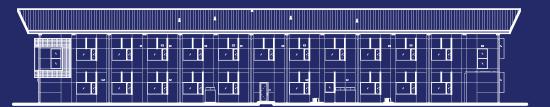












APPENDIX C Archaeological Literature Review and Field Inspection

Literature Review and Field Inspection Study to Inform Environmental and Historic Preservation Compliance Review for the Department of Education Facilities Maintenance Branch and Maui High School Facilities Project

December 2023 Prepared by: SWCA Environmental Consultants Archaeological Literature Review and Field Inspection for Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Project

Makawao Ahupua'a, Hāmākuapoko District, Island of Maui, Tax Map Key (2) 2-4-032:109(por.)

DECEMBER 2023



PREPARED FOR

Bowers + Kubota Consulting, Inc. and State of Hawaii, Department of Education

PREPARED BY

SWCA Environmental Consultants

ARCHAEOLOGICAL LITERATURE REVIEW AND FIELD INSPECTION FOR KALAMA INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL MODULAR ADMINISTRATION BUILDING PROJECT

MAKAWAO AHUPUA'A, HĀMĀKUAPOKO DISTRICT, ISLAND OF MAUI TAX MAP KEY (2) 2-4-032:109(por.)

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SWCA Project No. P00076849-001-HON

SWCA Cultural Resources Report No. 23-843

December 2023

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

At the request of Bowers + Kubota Consulting, Inc., and on behalf of the State of Hawaii, Department of Education, SWCA Environmental Consultants conducted an archaeological literature review and field inspection in support of the proposed Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Project. The project area is located on a portion of the Samuel E. Kalama Intermediate School campus on a portion of County of Maui Tax Map Key (2) 2-4-032:109(por.) within the *ahupua 'a* (traditional land division) of Makawao in the traditional *moku* (district) of Hāmākuapoko on the Island of Maui. This study will support an Environmental Assessment being prepared for the project. The results of this literature review and field inspection will therefore support the Hawai'i State Historic Preservation Division's historic preservation review of the project under Hawaii Revised Statutes 6E-8.

The archaeological literature review indicated that no subsurface cultural deposits, archaeological sites, or human remains have been identified within a 500-meter (m) (0.3-mile) records search radius of the project area. Although three historic built environment resources are recorded within the records search radius, these are all situated several hundred meters from the project area and will not be impacted. No surface historic properties were anticipated to be encountered during the field inspection due to the significant prior land alterations associated with historic and modern commercial agriculture and the subsequent construction of the Kalama Intermediate School campus, which would have destroyed any evidence of surface historic properties.

The field inspection noted no surface historic properties present within or in the immediate vicinity of the project area. No subsurface cultural deposits or human remains are anticipated to be encountered during ground disturbing activities associated with the project due to the significant prior ground disturbance associated with decades of commercial agriculture, which likely disturbed soils to a depth of several feet below the ground surface. Subsequent grading, utility installation, and ground disturbances associated with construction of the school campus in the late-twentieth century would also likely have disturbed any subsurface cultural remains that might have been present. As no historic properties have been identified within the project area during this study, and none are anticipated to be encountered during the course of the project, no further archaeological work is recommended.

Report Citation:

Gross, Ryan, Renee Whitehouse, and Tamara Luthy. 2023. *Archaeological Literature Review and Field Inspection for Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administrative Building Project*. Prepared for Bowers + Kubota Consulting, Inc., and the State of Hawaii, Department of Education. SWCA Environmental Consultants, Honolulu, Hawai'i.

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1 INTRODUCTION

At the request of Bowers + Kubota Consulting, Inc., and on behalf of the State of Hawaii, Department of Education (DOE), SWCA Environmental Consultants (SWCA) conducted an archaeological literature review and field inspection in support of the proposed Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building project. The project area is located on a portion of the Kalama Intermediate School campus within the *ahupua* 'a (traditional land division) of Makawao in the traditional *moku* (district) of Hāmākuapoko on the Island of Maui (Figure 1).

This study was conducted to support an Environmental Assessment (EA) being prepared for the project. The results of this literature review and field inspection will therefore support the Hawai'i State Historic Preservation Division's (SHPD's) historic preservation review of the project under Hawaii Revised Statutes 6E-8.

The research for this literature review was conducted by SWCA archaeologist Renee Whitehouse, M.A., and project manager Ryan Gross, M.A., RPA. The field inspection was performed by project manager Francis Quitazol, B.A. Rowland Reeve, M.A., served as Principal Investigator for the project and provided quality control review of deliverables. All work was conducted under SWCA's SHPD-approved Permit to Conduct Archaeological Activities in the State of Hawai'i Number 23-22.

1.1 Project Description

The DOE has contracted with Bowers + Kubota Consulting, Inc., to manage the engineering and environmental compliance aspects of the Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Project, which proposes to construct a new two-story administration building that will contain staff offices, conference rooms, a health room, and a staff lounge. The project will also involve ground disturbances to construct connecting pathways and provide extensions for existing electrical, communications, water, sewer, and drainage utilities to service the building. The project will not involve constructing new driveways or roadways. The archaeological investigations conducted in support of this project consisted of archival research, a field inspection of the project area, and the preparation of this report.

This archaeological literature review and field inspection report will accompany the Hawaii Revised Statutes 6E-8 submittal form and other supporting documentation for the project that will be submitted to the SHPD through their Hawai'i Cultural Resources Information System (HICRIS).

1.2 Project Area

The project area is located on the Kalama Intermediate School campus at 120 Makani Road, Makawao, Hawai'i 96768. It comprises a portion of County of Maui Tax Map Key (TMK) (2) 2-4-032:109(por.) within the ahupua'a of Makawao (Figure 2). The approximately 10.5-acre subject parcel is bounded by Eddie Tam Memorial Park to the north, Hale Kipa Road to the west, residential homes to the east, and Makani Road to the south. The project area is situated entirely within a maintained lawn area on the northeastern portion of the campus, adjacent to the existing Building O (constructed in 1986) and a parking lot. The proposed new administration building will occupy a footprint measuring 43 feet wide by 181 feet long.

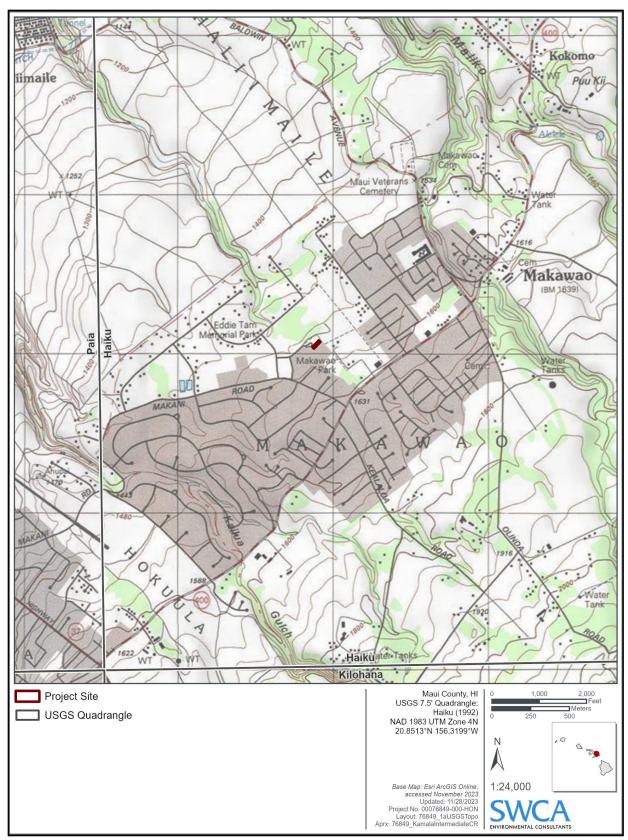


Figure 1. The project area depicted on a portion of the U.S. Geological Survey 7.5-minute Haiku quadrangle (1992).

Archaeological Literature Review and Field Inspection for Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Project

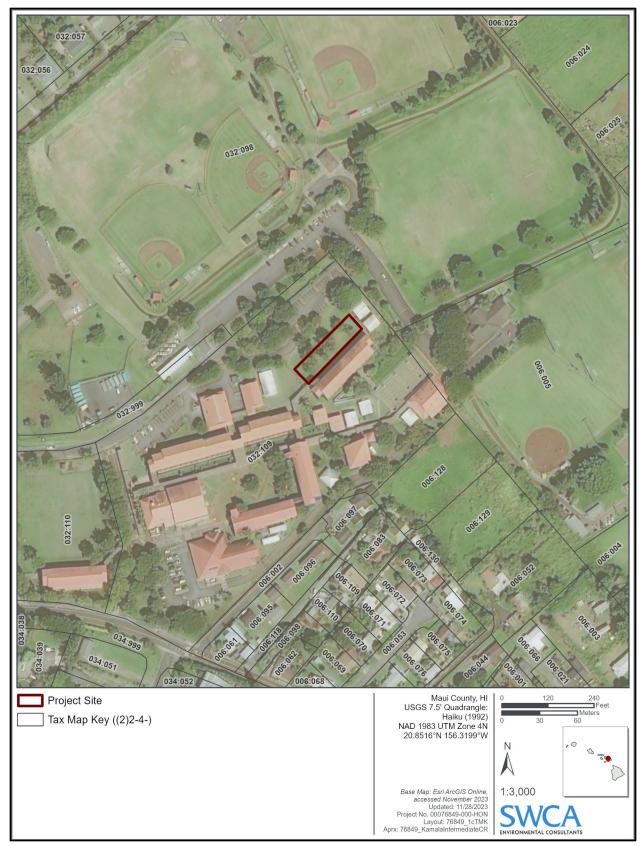


Figure 2. The project area and surrounding TMKs depicted on satellite imagery.

1.3 Report Organization

This report is composed of five principal sections. Following this **Introduction** (Section 1), which presents the background of the project, its purpose, and the location and extent of the project area, is an **Environmental Setting** section (Section 2) that provides information on the natural and built environments of the project area. The **Archival Research** section (Section 3) presents the methods of archival research into the available cultural and historical documents relating to the project area, as well as a cultural and land use history of the project area. This section also includes summary descriptions and results of previous archaeological investigations conducted within the vicinity of the project area. The **Field Inspection** section (Section 4) describes the field methodologies and results of the archaeological field inspection conducted as part of this study. The **Summary and Recommendations** section (Section 5) presents an overview of the efforts and findings of this study and archaeological recommendations for the project.

The **Glossary of Hawaiian Terms** provides a list of Hawaiian words used in this report and their definitions, and the **References Cited** lists the references cited in the report.

2 ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

The project area is situated in the central–east portion of Maui on the northwestern slope of Haleakalā volcano at an elevation of approximately 468 m (1,535 feet) above mean sea level. The shoreline at Pā'ia Bay is situated approximately 9.75 kilometers (km) (approximately 6 miles) to the northwest.

2.1 Geology and Soils

The underlying geology of the project area has been shaped by lava flows belonging to the Kula Volcanics series (Okul). These are Pleistocene- and Holocene-era flows associated with the creation of the Haleakalā volcano (Sherrod et al. 2021). The soils covering the project area are mapped as Haliimaile silty clay loam (HgB and HgC) and Haliimaile silty clay (HhC) (Natural Resources Conservation Service [NRCS] 2023) (Figure 3), which occur on slopes with a range of 3 to 15 percent. These Haliimaile series subtypes are classified as well drained with medium runoff and slight to moderate erosional potential (NRCS 2023). The soil series is classified as prime farmland if irrigated and has been used in other areas for sugarcane, pineapple, and pasture (NRCS 2023).

2.2 Climate and Hydrology

The project area is situated on the leeward shoulder of Haleakalā. Mean annual rainfall within the region is approximately 132 centimeters (approximately 52 inches) (Giambelluca et al. 2013). Rainfall is typically greatest between November and April and is lowest from May to October (Giambelluca et al. 2013). The mean annual temperature is approximately 20.5 degrees Celsius (68.9 degrees Fahrenheit) (Giambelluca et al. 2014). There are also various man-made water features in the region, mostly reservoirs and ditches built to irrigate sugarcane plantations. The nearest surface water is Kailua Gulch situated approximately 1 km (0.62 mile) southwest of the project area, which contains an ephemeral stream.

2.3 Vegetation

Although the upland slopes of Haleakalā contain both wet and dry forest ecosystems, the present vegetation within the project area reflects its heavily modified environment. Much of the area consists of a maintained lawn of ruderal grass, primarily kikuyu grass (*Cenchrus clandestinus*), with landscaped trees including Formosan koa (*Acacia confusa*) and *Senna siamea*. Plantings of shrubs are also present including $k\bar{i}$ (ti) (*Cordyline fruticosa*) and "Song of India" (*Dracaena reflexa*).

2.4 Traditional Environmental Zones

The project area is situated on the slopes of Halaekalā. During the pre-Contact period, the project area likely fell within the traditional environmental zone known as *kula uka* (upland plains), the stretch of drier upland slopes watered by the winter rains (Handy et al. 1991:738). These were areas of inland cultivation of dryland crops such as '*uala* (sweet potatoes) and *uhi* (yam) (*Dioscorea alata*). It formed the major component of traditional agriculture inland and dryland field systems (Kelly 1983:47–50; Malo 1951:17; Pukui and Elbert 1971:25).

The project area likely rested just *makai* (seaward) of the *wao kānaka*. The wao kānaka was the area of the forest that was most heavily under human management. Here, small portions of forest were given over to agriculture and scattered habitation. Hawaiian historian David Malo said of the wao kānaka, "here grows the amau fern and here men cultivate the land" (Malo 1951:17). Historical land records

occasionally reference fields of dryland *kalo* (taro, *Colocasia esculenta*) or *mai* '*a* (banana, *Musa* x *paradisiaca*) planted "in the forest." Indigenous and Polynesian introduced trees were harvested for cultural purposes such as timber for houses and canoes, and medicinal plants were gathered (Pukui and Elbert 1971:353, Handy et al. 1972:56, and Winter and Lucas 2017:460-464).

2.5 Built Environment

The terrain of the project area was graded and leveled during construction of the intermediate school campus. The campus consists of a mix of classrooms and other low-rise structures, tree-shaded lawns, and playing fields (see Figure 2).

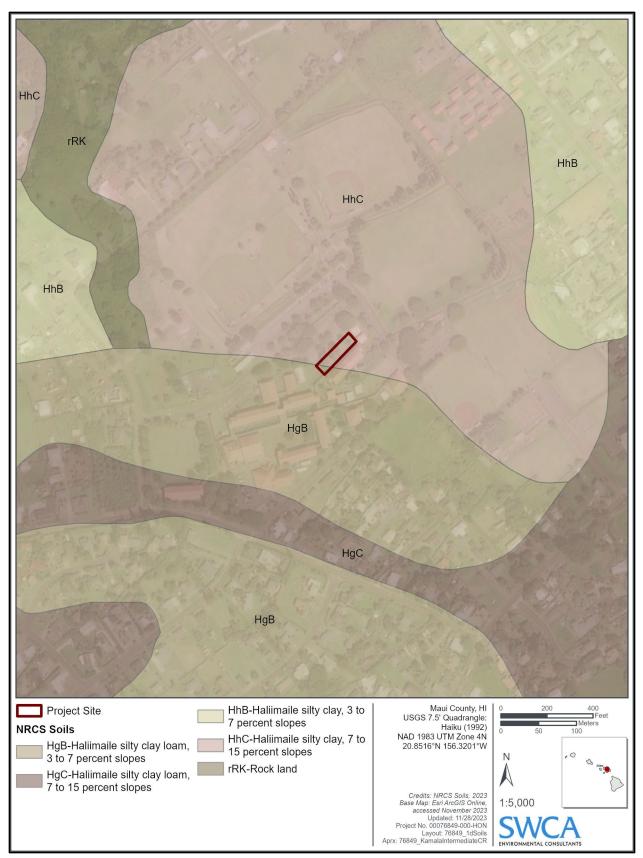


Figure 3. Project area and vicinity depicted on NRCS (2023) soils map.

3 ARCHIVAL RESEARCH

The following sections draw information from ethnohistoric accounts and historic sources to present an overview of the cultural and historical background of the project area and vicinity, along with a summary of the archaeological context and expected findings based on a review of the existing archaeological literature.

3.1 Research Methods

Archival research consisted of a review of sources including historic documents and reference volumes in the collections of various libraries and archives, as well as SWCA's internal reference library. Historical maps were obtained from the State of Hawaii's Department of Accounting and General Services website, and historic aerial photographs were obtained from the University of Hawai'i at Mānoa Library's Maps, Aerial Photographs, and GIS (MAGIS) website. A records search request was submitted to the SHPD Library on June 16, 2023, to assess if historic properties or previous archaeological investigations were conducted within the project area or 500-m records search radius that was established for the project.

3.2 Cultural and Historic Background

The following section provides a brief overview of the cultural and historic background of the project area, focused on the traditional Hawaiian and post-Contact historical land use of the area.

3.2.1 Place Name: Makawao

The *wahi inoa* (place name) *Makawao* translates literally to "forest beginning" (Pukui et al. 1974:142) and is related to the location of Makawao on the northwestern foot slopes of the highest mountain on Maui, Haleakalā. Upland forests would have been prevalent at elevations in and above this area.

3.2.2 Traditional Land Divisions

The landlocked ahupua'a of Makawao rests within the traditional moku of Hāmākuapoko. In common with several others in this part of Maui, these are not typical ahupua'a, which usually trend from the mountains to the sea. The modern boundaries of Hāmākuapoko, which contain two other ahupua'a (Hāmākuapoko and Hali'imaile) makai of Makawao, were established in the historic period. Prior to the Māhele and the standardization of the land division system of the Hawaiian Kingdom (see Section 3.2.5 below), Hāmākuapoko, Hali'imaile, and Makawao were individual moku each containing multiple ahupua'a. During the Māhele these moku were relegated to ahupua'a status and merged to form the moku of Hāmākuapoko (Gonschor and Beamer 2014:66).

3.2.3 Traditional Land Use

Many of the traditional Hawaiian land use activities that took place in the project area and vicinity left little, if any, trace on the archaeological record. Hawaiians hunted birds, harvested trees for lumber, and gathered other natural resources from the forested slopes of Haleakalā, including wood from the '*iliahi* (sandalwood) (*Santalum haleakalae*), which was used to produce tools and perfume *kapa* (bark cloth), and *koa* (*Acacia koa*) and '*ōhi* '*a lehua* (*Metrosideros macropus*), which were used to construct canoes and houses. These practices, however, would have been more likely to occur in the more *mauka* (inland) lands to the east of Makawao and outside the project area.

The rich soils in the coastal region and kula lands of Haleakalā, including Makawao, allowed pre-Contact Hawaiians to practice dryland agriculture in the region, including *'uala* (sweet potato) (*Ipomoea batatas*) as described by Handy (1940):

...on the lower westward slopes of Haleakala a considerable population existed fishing and raising occasional crops of potatoes along the coast, cultivating large crops of potatoes inland, especially in the central and northeastern section including Keokea, Waiohuli, Koheo, Kaunoulu, and Waiakoa, where rainfall dawn round the northwest slope of Haleakala increased towards Makawao. (Handy 1940:161)

3.2.4 Early Post-Contact Accounts

Centuries after Polynesian voyagers first settled the islands, Europeans exploring the Pacific made contact with the people who lived there. Within decades following Western Contact, missionaries, farmers, whalers, and tourists were traveling to the islands to start new lives and businesses, and to see the sights.

The first visit to the upland region of Haleakalā by non-Hawaiians occurred in August 1828 when missionaries Lorrin Andrews and Reverend Jonathan Green, along with Dr. Gerrit P. Judd, a physician, visited the crater of Haleakalā. Green subsequently settled in Makawao where he founded the Po'okela Church in 1850. In his letter to The American Missionary Association, Green (1850) described selecting the site for the structure and the plans for funding and construction:

Today I met my people at the marker about a mile distant from my house to select a site for a meeting house. This place is quite central and will accommodate more people than my other place in my field. It is a beautiful, God-made country, having groves of the koa and the kukui in the vicinity, We surveyed the ground and made arrangements for building and looked to God for His blessing on the enterprise. The people contributed last year about \$800 which they paid at once. They designed to pay as much this year and we were to have a wooden house. But on account of the depression of the times, the great scarcity of money, most of the people are unable to contribute. We have therefore determined to build a stone house as the people can procure the stone, sand, lime, timber... having carts and oxen, and they can put up the walls with their own hands. They seem very cheerful and if they hold on and put up the walls, they will be able with the funds which they have on hand to finish or nearly so at once. We shall in this way be likely to obtain a more substantial house and at less cost in money to the people. (Green 1850)

The establishment of the Po'okela Church in Makawao attracted people to settle in the area. Its presence, along with the fertility of the soil, led to an increase in population and the growth of a small settlement.

The Polynesian, a newspaper publication of the Hawaiian Government, frequently featured articles by both residents and visitors that offered readers glimpses into the happenings and developments in island communities, and recommendations for sightseeing. The editor of the paper, James Jarves, was a prolific writer and contributed many descriptive pieces. Among his writings was a series of articles from the 1840s describing a trip from Lahaina to Haleakalā by way of the kula lands of Kahului and Hāmākuapoko, and on up the slopes through Hāliʿimaile and Makawao:

...Makawao is more than sufficiently watered by rain, but the soil is too porous to allow of streams. Bathing spots, such as they are as to extent, are to be found among the rocky beds of some of the ravines. The drinking water is most lusciously cool and limpid.... The roads are excellent in several directions both for carriages and horses for many miles. There may be good fishing at the beach and gunning among the hills for aught I know... At present, beside the patches of the natives who cultivate this region tolerably extensively, Mr. McLane's is the only plantation. It occupies a most delightful situation. His house – and a real Yankeefied look it has, with its red sides and porticoed front, stands in the midst of a koa grove... well kept fields of cane

extend in front of the house over 100 acres; fences enclose it in part and separate it from verdant pasture ground; corn and pumpkins have their allotted space; clumps of trees here and there resemble orchards... (Jarves 1846, as cited in Maly and Maly 2001:46–47).

3.2.5 Māhele 'Āina

A dramatic change that affected the lives of Hawaiians in the 1840s was the *Māhele 'Āina* (land division, also known as the Great Māhele or simply the Māhele), which put an end to the traditional system of land tenure and ushered in private ownership. Under the traditional system, the *maka 'āinana* (common people) occupied and worked the land under the supervision of the *ali 'i* (individual of chiefly blood) and their *konohiki* (land stewards). The chiefs in turn held the land in trust for the *ali 'i nui* (high chief), who held it in trust for the *akua* (the gods). The Māhele, instituted by Kamehameha III, legalized the private ownership of land along the Western model, legislating that the lands of the Hawaiian Kingdom were to be "divided into three parts—one to the Chiefs, one for the support of the Government, and a third for the King's personal use. These we know by the names of 'Konohiki,' 'Government' and 'Crown Lands''' (Indices of Awards 1929:vii). It was principally from within the chief's "one-third of the Great Māhele that the common people, who were their tenants, received title to the small holdings which are known as 'Kuleanas.' These Kuleanas were areas which these tenants had improved and used for their own purposes'' (Indices of Awards 1929:vii).

The Land Commission was established in 1885 to investigate land claims and make awards based on their supporting testimony. If a claim was approved by the Land Commission, a Land Commission Award was granted to the claimant. Each claim was assigned a *helu* (number). Often a single kuleana claim consisted of multiple 'āpana (land divisions). An index of these claims can be found in *Indices of Awards Made by the Board of Commissioners to Quiet Land Titles in the Hawaiian Islands* prepared in 1929 (Indices of Awards 1929).

During the Māhele, the lands of Makawao were given to the Crown. Some of these Crown lands were later sold to private individuals as grants (Figure 4). In 1850, the project area was purchased by John T. Gower, a surveyor for the Kingdom, as a portion of a 404-acre Royal Patent grant (Helu 216) (Lee Greig et al. 2023:87). The land granted to Gower is shown on an 1872 Hawaiian Government Survey map (Lyons 1872) (Figure 5). Gower was a store owner, rancher, and sugar planter during the early development of Makawao (MacLennan 1995:42–43).

3.2.6 Post-Contact Changes in Land Use

After land was distributed by Land Commission Awards and grants, ranches and sugar and pineapple plantations were established. These areas would be further divided by private interests and eventually housing developments.

Sugar and pineapple plantations were established in east Maui in the latter half of the nineteenth century. The Alexander and Baldwin Sugar Company, founded in 1869, planted sugar cane on 561 acres of land between Pā'ia and Makawao, and the plantation expanded rapidly. The land in the vicinity was also used as pasturelands associated with Haleakala Ranch, which was also owned by Alexander & Baldwin (Siler 2014). In the early twentieth century the demand for sugar and beef declined and were replaced by large pineapple plantations.

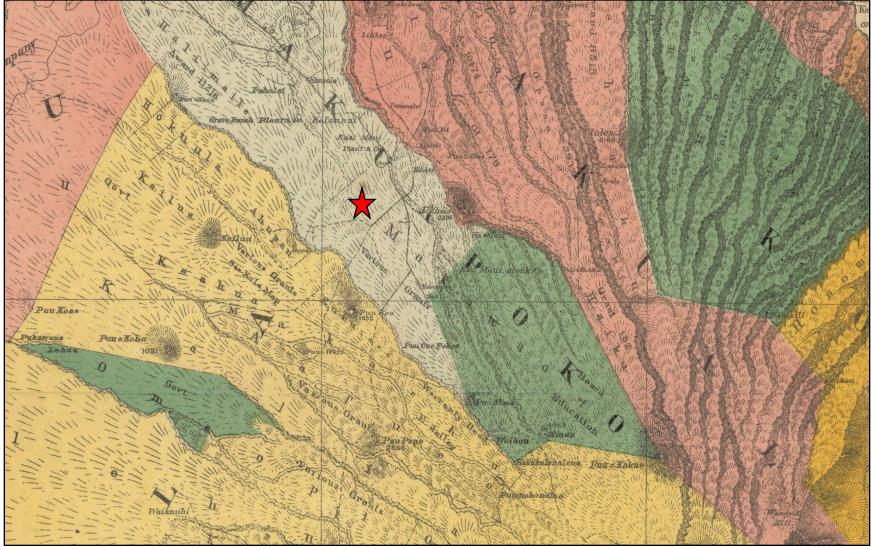


Figure 4. Portion of an 1885 map of Maui (Dodge 1885) depicting the approximate location of the project area (denoted with a red star) and color-coded ownership of surrounding lands (gold is crown land, dark green is government land, gray and pink are privately owned land).

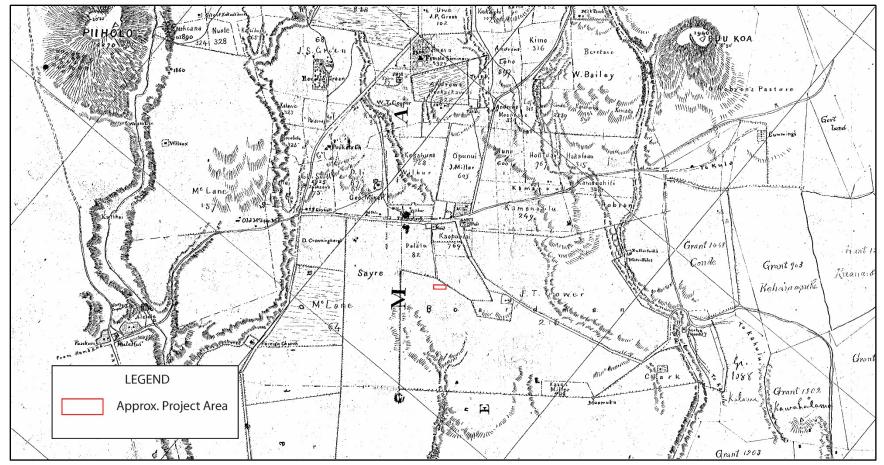


Figure 5. Portion of C. J. Lyons' 1872 map of Makawao (Hawai'i Registered Map 0603) depicting the approximate location of the project area within John T. Gower's Royal Patent grant 216 (Lyons 1872).

3.2.6.1 RANCHING

In the mid-nineteenth century, Haleakala Ranch was established approximately 2 km (1.3 miles) southsoutheast of the project area. It was initially a 16.5-acre parcel purchased in 1869 by H.P. Baldwin (Siler 2014). The ranch was formally incorporated by the crown on September 1, 1888, and grew to a size of 33,817 acres (Harrison 2013). In 1924, the California Packing Company began planting pineapple on a portion of the ranch and 5 years later, in 1929, the pineapple operations became the Maui Pineapple Company, while livestock operations continued at Haleakala Ranch (Harrison 2013).

Within the vicinity of the project area itself, John T. Gower ran some cattle on the land he had purchased from the government. He also established a small sugar plantation, though it did not survive very long.

3.2.6.2 SUGAR CANE

Sugar had been grown on Maui as early as 1828, and by the 1850s the plantation economy in Hawai'i was still small. However, following the Civil War, sugar production within the Islands increased rapidly (MacLennan 1997:98). The fastest growth of the sugar industry occurred on Maui, which by 1866 had 12 plantations compared to Hawai'i Island's eight, O'ahu's six, and Kaua'i's four. During this time, Maui produced more than half the toal sugar grown in Hawai'i (MacLennan 1997:98).

The Reciprocity Treaty of 1875 permitted the duty-free trade of sugar between the Kingdom of Hawai'i and the United States, making Hawaiian sugar immensely profitable (Kuykendall 1967:46–48). From 1867 to 1879, the four Makawao plantations shared irrigation systems and cooperated to grind each other's sugar when mills broke down (MacLennan 1997:102). The Makawao region was active in early sugar experimentation and often worked with the Haiku Sugar Company in sharing their larger mill and the water supply flowing through the Hāmākua ditch after it was built in 1871 (MacLennan 1997:103). The industry remained stable for two decades and all four plantations were still in business in 1880 (MacLennan 1997:104). The dynamic changed, however, when Charles Spreckels founded the Hawaiian Sugar & Commercial Company in 1882, which became the largest mill in the archipelago (MacLennan 1997:104). With its large influence, Makawao was one of five plantation centers in Hawai'i that propelled the Kingdom into the nineteenth-century world economy (MacLennan 1997:98).

3.2.6.3 PINEAPPLE LANDS

In the latter half of the nineteenth century pineapple joined sugar cane as a major commercial crop on Maui. Like sugar, the commercial cultivation of pineapples impacted Maui's landscape. Although many sugar plantations in the lower saddle area between Halaekalā and the West Maui Mountains were still active into the modern era, sugar grown in the uplands was gradually displaced by pineapple fields in the early twentieth century. The pineapple industry began on Maui in 1890 with Dwight D. Baldwin's Haiku Fruit and Packing Company on the northeast side of the island (Maui County 2008). The pineapple industry grew steadily and by 1930, over 28 percent of Maui's cultivated lands were planted in pineapple (Lind 1938).

3.2.6.4 RECENT DEVELOPMENT OF THE PROJECT AREA AND VICINITY

Many new businesses opened in Makawao during the early years of the twentieth century to support the growing industries of the region, and the area was ethnically diverse (Uechi 2018). The project area is situated on the northern outskirts of the growing town and was located within what appears to be a field planted in pineapple as shown on historic photographs from the mid-twentieth century. A historic aerial photograph from 1951 shows the boundaries of Makawao town well established amongst the larger agricultural region (Figure 6), and by 1976 the town had continued to develop within these boundaries

(Figure 7). The project area appears to have gone out of cultivation by this time. Kalama Intermediate School was constructed beginning in the early to mid-1980s, with the school opening in 1985 (HIDOE 2023). The school buildings are not over fifty years in age and do not qualify as historic properties.

3.2.7 Land Use Summary

Although archival research did not definitively identify specific traditional Hawaiian or early post-Contact land uses in practice within the project area during the pre-Contact and early historic periods, by the mid-twentieth century the project area was developed as an agricultural field planted in pineapple (see Figure 6). Prior to this time, livestock grazing and sugar cane cultivation may have been practiced in the project area and immediate vicinity, which was situated on the northern edge of Makawao, between the residential and commercial areas of the town to the south and agricultural fields to the north. The agricultural areas surrounding the project area were subsequently developed as parks and athletic fields (see Figure 2), whereas the project area itself was developed as part of the school campus in the late-twentieth century.



Figure 6. Historic aerial photograph (U.S. Geological Survey 1950) depicting the project area planted in pineapple.



Figure 7. Historic aerial photograph (U.S. Geological Survey 1976) depicting the project area in an undeveloped field and mid-twentieth century development in Makawao.

3.3 Archaeological Context

The archaeological context for the project was established through a review of previous cultural resources studies conducted within a 500-m (0.3 mile) records search radius of the project area. A records search request conducted at the SHPD Library on June 16, 2023, indicated that three archaeological studies were previously conducted within the records search radius, although none included the project area (Figure 8). Summaries of the results of these studies are provided below.

3.3.1 Hill et al. (2008)

In 2008, Hill et al. (2008) conducted a literature review and field inspection for proposed roadway improvements along portions of Makawao Avenue and Makani Road (see Figure 8). Four potential historic properties were recorded along Makawao Avenue during the field inspection. These included a cut-basalt brick retaining wall, a stacked rock wall "mostly in a state of collapse" (Hill et al. 2008:52), a second historic stacked rock wall which "has been modified over the years by the addition of concrete patches, sections showing modern repairs, and the further addition of a driveway" (Hill et al. 2008:53), and cut basalt brick road curbing on the east side of Makawao Avenue.

3.3.2 Jin and Dega (2022, 2023)

In 2021, another literature review and field inspection (Jin and Dega 2022) was conducted along Makawao Avenue that included a portion of the Hill et al. (2008) project area (see Figure 8). The field inspection initially identified 13 potential historic features including concrete and dry stacked rock retaining and boundary walls, concrete piers and a utility pole rail, the Makawao Ranch Acres sign, and basalt curbstones. It was later realized that several of these potential historic resources were outside the boundaries of the study.

Jin and Dega subsequently conducted an archaeological inventory survey (Jin and Dega 2023) for the same project along Makawao Avenue (see Figure 8). During the Jin and Dega (2023) survey, the basalt curbstones and wall segments originally documented by Hill et al. (2008) were designated as State Inventory of Historic Places (SIHP) Site 50-50-06-08907 (Makawao Avenue).

3.3.3 Summary of Previous Archaeology

No historic properties have been recorded within the project area or subject parcel, whereas three historic properties were identified within the 500-m records search radius (Figure 9). These include two historic homes (SIHP Sites 50-50-06-01551 and 50-50-05-01639) located on Makawao Avenue which are listed on both the National and Hawai'i Registers of Historic Places. The segment of Makawao Avenue that trends through the southern portion of the records search radius is also designated as a historic property (SIHP Site 50-50-06-08907). These three historic properties identified within the records search radius are located approximately 375 to 400 m (1,230 to 1,640 feet) southeast of the project area and will not be impacted by the project.

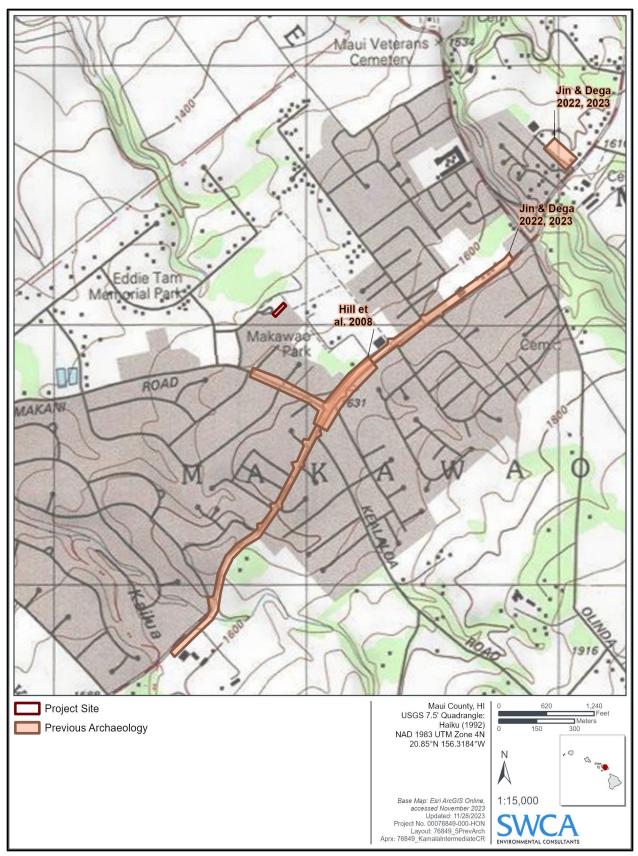


Figure 8. Previous archaeological studies conducted within the 500-m records search radius.

Archaeological Literature Review and Field Inspection for Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Project

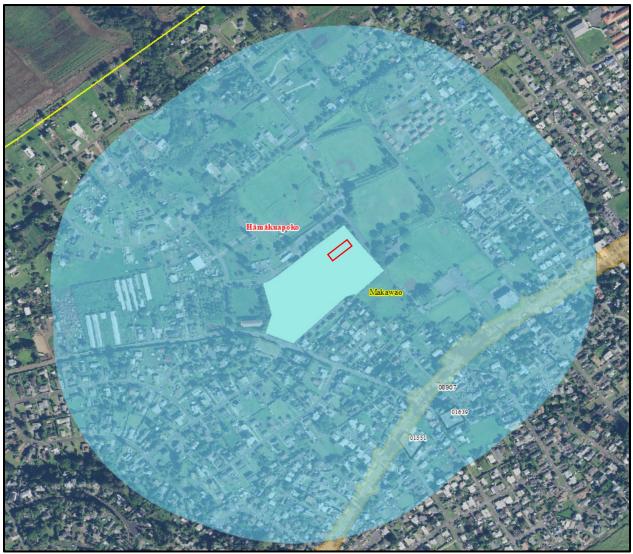


Figure 9. Satellite image showing project area outlined in red within the subject parcel and historic properties identified within the 500-m records search radius (map courtesy of the SHPD).

3.3.4 Expected Findings

Given this background research, no surface historic properties were anticipated to be encountered during the field inspection due to the significant prior land alterations associated with historic and modern commercial agriculture and the subsequent construction of the intermediate school campus. The archaeological literature review indicated that no subsurface cultural deposits, archaeological sites, or human remains have been identified within the 500-m (0.3-mile) records search radius. Traditional Hawaiian archaeological sites in the vicinity of Makawao are generally found to have survived only in gulches or other undeveloped areas (Jin and Dega 2023:40). Although three historic-era resources are recorded within the records search radius (see Figure 9), these are all situated several hundred meters from the project area and will not be impacted by the project.

4 FIELD INSPECTION

An archaeological field inspection of the project area was conducted on September 20, 2023, by SWCA project manager Francis Quitazol, B.A. The purpose of the field inspection was to identify potential surface historic properties in the project area, and if present, to determine whether they could potentially be impacted by the project.

4.1 Field Methods

The archaeological field inspection consisted of a 100 percent pedestrian survey of the project area. Photographs were taken to document the current site conditions.

4.2 Findings

No surface historic properties, archaeological features, or cultural materials were identified during the field inspection. Evidence of prior grading was evident throughout the project area, as the original ground surface had been leveled prior to the construction of the school campus. The project area consists of a maintained lawn with landscaped tree plantings (Figure 10). Permanent and modular buildings, sidewalks, and a parking area are situated along the perimeter of the project area (Figure 11). Evidence of prior ground disturbances included the presence of subsurface utilities consisting of irrigation, sewer, electrical, and fire control system components (Figure 12, Figure 13, and Figure 14).



Figure 10. Tree plantings within maintained lawn area in central portion of project area, view to the east.

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Figure 11. Overview of project area showing Building O along right side of frame, modular buildings in background, and adjacent parking area, view to the northeast.



Figure 12. Dry standpipe monument near southwest corner of project area, view to the southeast.

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Figure 13. Sanitary sewer manhole in central portion of project area, view to the west.



Figure 14. Fire hydrant outside northwestern project area boundary and sanitary sewer manhole within project area, indicated with white arrows, view facing north.

5 SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

At the request of Bowers + Kubota Consulting, Inc., and on behalf of the HIDOE, SWCA completed this archaeological literature review and field inspection for the Kalama Intermediate School Modular Administration Building Project. The literature review demonstrated that no known historic properties are located within the project area and a field inspection of the project area did not identify any surface historic properties.

No new historic properties are anticipated to be encountered during ground disturbing activities associated with the project. This is due to significant prior ground disturbances associated with decades of commercial agriculture within the project area, which would have destroyed evidence of surface historic properties and likely disturbed soils to a depth of several feet below the surface. Grading, utility installation, and ground disturbances associated with construction of the Kalama Intermediate School campus in the late-twentieth century also impacted the project area. Further, no traditional Hawaiian subsurface cultural deposits, archaeological sites, or human remains have been identified within 500 m (0.3 mile) of the project area. As no historic properties have been identified during this study, and none are anticipated to be encountered during the project, no further archaeological work is recommended.

6 GLOSSARY OF HAWAIIAN TERMS

ahupua'a	traditional land division usually extending from the mountains to the sea and encompassing a range of environmental zones that were known and used by the land's early Hawaiian residents. It was so called because the boundary was marked by a heap (ahu) of stones surmounted by an image of a pig $(pua'a)$, or because a pig or other tribute was laid on the altar as tax to the chief.		
akua	the gods		
aliʻi	chief, individual of chiefly blood		
aliʻi nui	high chief		
ʻāpa ʻa	arid, dry; dry area,		
'āpana	piece, a parcel forming part of a kuleana land division		
heiau	traditional temple or shrine		
helu	number, referring to the number of a Land Commission Award parcel		
kalo	taro (Colocasia esculenta)		
kapa	bark cloth		
koa	the largest of native forest trees (Acacia koa), with light-gray bark, crescent-shaped leaves, and white flowers in small, round heads.		
konohiki	land stewards, sometimes minor ali'i		
ʻiliahi	sandalwood (Santalum haleakalae)		
Māhele 'Aina	land division, also known as the Great Mahele		
maiʻa	banana ($Musa \times paradisiaca$)		
maka 'āinana	common people		
makai	toward the sea		
mākāhā	outlets		
Makawao	forest beginning		
mauka	toward the mountains (inland)		
moku	district, land section or island		
ʻōhiʻa lehua	the flower of the 'ōhi'a tree (<i>Metrosideros macropus, M. collina</i> ssp. <i>polymorpha</i>); the tree itself		
paniolo	cowboy		
ʻuala	sweet potato (Ipomoea batatas)		
uhi	yam (Dioscorea alata)		
wahi inoa	place name		
wao kānaka	an inland region where people may live or occasionally frequent		
wao nāhele	realms of traditionally uninhabited wilderness		

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APPENDIX D Phase 1 Environmental Site Assessment

Samuel E. Kalama Intermediate School 120 Makani Road Makawao, Maui, Hawaii Tax Map Key: (2) 2-4-032: Parcel 109 (Portion)

October 2023 Prepared by: Element Environmental LLC

Report

Phase I Environmental Site Assessment

Samuel E. Kalama Intermediate School 120 Makani Road Makawao, Maui, Hawaii Tax Map Key: (2) 2-4-032: Parcel 109 (Portion)



PREPARED FOR: Bowers + Kubota 94-408 Akoki Street, Suite 201-A Waipahu, HI 96797

PREPARED BY: Element Environmental, LLC 98-030 Hekaha Street, Unit 9 Aiea, Hawaii 96701





October 13, 2023

Mr. Jared Chang, AICP Bowers + Kubota 94-408 Akoki Street Suite 201-A Waipahu, HI 96797

Subject: Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Samuel E. Kalama Intermediate School 120 Makani Road Makawao, Maui, Hawaii Tax Map Key: (2) 2-4-032: Parcel 109 (Portion)

Dear Mr. Jared Chang,

Element Environmental, LLC (E2) has performed a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) in support of the construction of a new modular administration building on a 0.49-acre portion of the Samuel E. Kalama Intermediate School campus located in Makawao on the island of Maui. The campus occupies approximately 10.4 acres of land designed as Tax Map Key: (2) 2-4-032: Parcel 109.

The accompanying report summarizes E2's findings and relates E2's opinions with respect to the property and potential sources of contamination at the property. E2's findings and opinions are based on information that was obtained on given dates through a records review, visual site inspection, interviews, and related activities. It is possible that other information exists or subsequently has become known, just as it is possible for conditions observed to have changed after the initial observations. For these and associated reasons, E2 and many of its peers routinely advise clients for ESA services that it would be a mistake to place unmerited faith in findings and opinions conveyed via ESA reports. E2 cannot under any circumstances warrant or guarantee that not finding indicators of hazardous substances or petroleum products means that hazardous substances or petroleum products and/or associated contamination do not exist on the property.

It has been a pleasure conducting this assessment for you. If you have questions regarding this report, please contact me on my mobile phone at (808) 551-3740.

Respectfully submitted,

Element Environmental, LLC

Angela Peltier Angela Peltier

Senior Geologist

ELEMENT ENVIRONMENTAL, LLC

ENVIRONMENTAL CERTIFICATION

E2 Project No.:	230044
Report:	Phase I Environmental Site Assessment, ASTM International E1527-21
Inspection Date:	September 21, 2023
Report Date:	October 13, 2023
Site:	Kalama Intermediate School, 120 Makani Road, Makawao, Maui, Hawaii Tax Map Key: (2) 2-4-032: Parcel 109 (Portion)
Client:	Bowers + Kubota

ENVIRONMENTAL PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION

We declare that, to the best of our professional knowledge and belief, we meet the definition of Environmental Professional as defined in §312.10 of 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 312.

We have the specific qualifications based on education, training, and experience to assess a property of the nature, history, and setting of the subject property. We have developed and performed the all appropriate inquiries in conformance with the standards and practices set forth in 40 CFR Part 312.

John Ellis John Ellis, Environmental Technician

Date: October 13, 2023

Angela Peltier Angela Peltier, Senior Geologist

Date: October 13, 2023

Arlene Campbell Arlene H. Campbell, L.G., Senior Geologist

Date: October 13, 2023

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Appendix D Vapor Encroachment Screening

Appendix E Qualifications of Environmental Professionals

Arlene Campbell, Licensed Geologist Angela Peltier, Geologist John Ellis, Environmental Technician This page intentionally left blank.

List of Acronyms and Abbreviations

AAI	All Appropriate Inquiries
ACM	asbestos-containing material
AST	aboveground storage tank
ASTM	ASTM International
AUL	activity and use limitation
B+K	Bowers + Kubota Consulting
bgs	below ground surface
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act
CERCLIS	Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Information System
CESQG	conditionally exempt small quantity generator
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
COPC	contaminants of potential concern
CORRACTS	Corrective Action Sites under RCRA
CREC	controlled recognized environmental condition
CWB	Clean Water Branch
DAGS	Department of Accounting and General Services
EDR	Environmental Data Resources, Inc.
E2	Element Environmental, LLC
EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
ERNS	Emergency Response Notification System
ESA	Environmental Site Assessment
ft	feet
FUDS	Formerly Used Defense Sites
HDOE	State of Hawaii Department of Education
HDOH	State of Hawaii Department of Health
HEER	Hazard Evaluation and Emergency Response
HREC	historical recognized environmental condition
IEC	institutional/engineering control
IRHB	Indoor & Radiological Health Branch
KIS	Samuel E. Kalama Intermediate School
LBP	lead-based paint
LLP	landowner liability protections
LQG	large quantity generator
LUO	Land Use Ordinance
LUST	leaking underground storage tank

List of Acronyms and Abbreviations (Continued)

MECO	Maui Electric Company, Ltd.
mg/L	milligrams per liter
ML&PC	Maui Land & Pineapple Company, Inc.
msl	mean sea level
N/A	Not Applicable
NFA	No Further Action
NPL	National Priorities List
NRCS	Natural Resources Conservation Service
OSDS	on-site sewage disposal system
PCB	polychlorinated biphenyl
PEC	potential environmental concern
RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
REC	recognized environmental condition
SDWB	Safe Drinking Water Branch
SEMS	Superfund Enterprise Management System
SHWB	Solid and Hazardous Waste Branch
SHWS	solid and hazardous waste site
SQG	small quantity generator
ТМК	Тах Мар Кеу
TSD	Treatment, Storage, and Disposal
U.S.	United States of America
U.S.C.	United States Code
UIC	Underground Injection Control
USDA	United States Department of Agriculture
USGS	United States Geological Survey
UST	underground storage tank
VEC	vapor encroachment condition
VES	vapor encroachment screening
VESQG	very small quantity generator
VRP	Voluntary Response Program
VSI	visual site inspection
WWB	Wastewater Branch

Executive Summary

Bowers + Kubota retained Element Environmental, LLC (E2) to conduct a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) in general conformance with ASTM International (ASTM) Practice E1527-21, *Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments,* in support of the construction of a new modular administration building located on a 0.49-acre portion of the 10.4-acre Samuel E. Kalama Intermediate School (KIS) campus in the Makawao district of Maui, Hawaii and designated as Tax Map Key: (2) 2-4-032: Parcel 109 (portion); hereinafter *"the site, the subject property and/or the property."* Any exceptions, additions to, or deletions from the ASTM E1527-21 or AAI practice, details of the work performed, sources of information, and findings are presented in the report. The State of Hawaii Department of Education owns the property.

E2 conducted a visual site inspection (VSI) of the subject property on September 21, 2023. At the time of the VSI, the subject property consisted of an open grassy area with trees and picnic tables. The proposed construction site is located on the north side of the KIS campus and is surrounded by concrete walkways, adjacent school buildings (P-6 and P-7 to the northeast, Building O to the southeast, and P-8/9 to the southwest), an access road, and a parking lot.

The purpose of a Phase I ESA is to identify recognized environmental conditions (RECs). ASTM guidance defines a REC as (2) the presence of hazardous substances or petroleum products in, on, or at the subject property due to a release to the environment; (2) the likely presence of hazardous substances or petroleum products in, on, or at the subject property due to a release or likely release to the environment; or (3) the presence of hazardous substances or petroleum products in, on, or at the subject property due to a release or likely release to the environment; or (3) the presence of hazardous substances or petroleum products in, on, or at the subject property under conditions that pose a material threat of a future release to the environment. No RECs were identified for the subject property.

A controlled REC (CREC) is defined as a REC affecting the subject property that has been addressed to the satisfaction of the applicable regulatory authority or authorities with hazardous substances or petroleum products allowed to remain in place subject to the implementation of required controls (e.g., property use restrictions, activity and use limitations, institutional/engineering controls). No CRECs were identified for the subject property.

A historical REC (HREC) is defined as a previous release of hazardous substances or petroleum products affecting the subject property that has been addressed to the satisfaction of the applicable regulatory authority or authorities and meets unrestricted use criteria established by the applicable regulatory authority or authorities without subjecting the subject property to any controls (e.g., AULs or other property use limitations). No HRECs were identified for the subject property.

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Section 1 Introduction

1.1 Overview

Bowers + Kubota Consulting (B+K) retained Element Environmental, LLC (E2) to conduct a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) for a portion of the Samuel E. Kalama Intermediate School (KIS) campus in support of the planned construction of a 2-story, 15,000-square-foot administration building. The KIS campus occupies approximately 10.4 acres of land designed as Tax Map Key (TMK): (2) 2-4-032: Parcel 109 (Portion) (the property or the site), located in the Makawao district of Maui, Hawaii, hereinafter referred to as *"the site, the subject property, and/or the property."* The property is owned by the State of Hawaii Department of Education (HDOE) (County of Maui 2023a).

This Phase I ESA was conducted in general conformance with ASTM International (ASTM) Practice E1527-21, *Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments: Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Process*. The purpose of the Phase I ESA was to identify environmental issues (if any) as part of due diligence prior to the construction of a new administration building.

1.2 Purpose

The purpose of the ASTM Practice is to define good commercial and customary practices in the United States of America (U.S.) for conducting an ESA of a parcel of commercial real estate with respect to the range of contaminants within the scope of the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (42 U.S. Code [U.S.C.] §9601) and petroleum products. As such, this practice is intended to permit a user to satisfy one of the requirements to qualify for the innocent landowner, contiguous property owner, or bona fide prospective purchaser limitations on CERCLA liability (hereinafter, the "landowner liability protections," or "LLPs"): that is, the practice that constitutes Appropriate Inquiries (AAI) into the previous ownership and uses of the property consistent with good commercial and customary practice, as defined in 42 U.S.C. §9601(35)(B).

For the purposes of this practice:

- The definition of a release includes contamination in the soil vapor phase and in soil or groundwater of any hazardous substance or petroleum product.
- "Migrate" and "migration" refer to the movement of hazardous substances or petroleum products in any form, including solid and liquid at the surface or subsurface and vapor in the subsurface.
- Vapor migration/intrusion (excluding impacts to the indoor air from releases of hazardous substances into the environment) *does not fall under the category of an Indoor Air Quality concern*. It is not included in the ASTM E1527-21 scope of work.

ASTM guidance defines a recognized environmental condition (REC) as (1) the presence of hazardous substances or petroleum products in, on, or at the subject property due to a release to the environment; (2) the likely presence of hazardous substances or petroleum products in, on, or at the subject property due to a release or likely release to the environment; or (3) the presence of hazardous substances or

petroleum products in, on, or at the subject property under conditions that pose a material threat of a future release to the environment (ASTM 2021).

A controlled REC (CREC) is defined as a REC affecting the subject property that has been addressed to the satisfaction of the applicable regulatory authority or authorities with hazardous substances or petroleum products allowed to remain in place subject to the implementation of required controls (e.g., property use restrictions, activity and use limitations [AULs], institutional/engineering controls [IECs]) (ASTM 2021).

A historical REC (HREC) is defined as a previous release of hazardous substances or petroleum products affecting the subject property that has been addressed to the satisfaction of the applicable regulatory authority or authorities and meeting unrestricted use criteria established by the applicable regulatory authority or authorities without subjecting the subject property to any controls (e.g., AULs or other property use limitations) (ASTM 2021).

RECs do not include *de minimis* conditions that relate to a release that generally does not present a threat to human health and that generally would not be the subject of an enforcement action if brought to the attention of appropriate governmental agencies (ASTM 2021).

Potential environmental concerns (PECs), a non-ASTM scope definition, are not considered RECs as insufficient data or evidence is present to make a definitive determination that the release is impacting the subject property.

1.3 Detailed Scope of Services

This Phase I ESA was performed under the conditions of, and in general accordance with the proposal dated May 16, 2023, the ASTM *Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments: Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Process* (ASTM Designation E1527-21) (E2 2023). Adherence to the ASTM standard is intended to limit property owners' liability from inherited environmental contamination.

The Phase I ESA included the following tasks:

- Review of regulatory records. E2 reviewed standard environmental record sources, including the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Superfund Enterprise Management System (SEMS) database (formerly Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Information System [CERCLIS]), EPA's Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) database, U.S. IEC database, EPA's Emergency Response Notification System (ERNS) database, State of Hawaii Department of Health (HDOH) Hazard Evaluation and Emergency Response (HEER) Office sites list, HDOH Underground Storage Tank (UST) list, HDOH Leaking UST (LUST) list, HDOH list of landfills and other solid and hazardous waste sites (SHWS), HDOH Voluntary Response Program (VRP) sites list, and the HDOH Brownfield sites list.
- **Review of site history.** E2 reviewed reasonably ascertainable standard historical sources, including historical maps; aerial photographs; building permits, zoning records, and property tax records available online; various printed publications as well as publications posted on the internet; and documents and/or records provided by the owner/user and/or their representatives.

- **Review of site geology and hydrogeology.** E2 reviewed reasonably ascertainable published information on surface and subsurface conditions at the site and surrounding area. E2 used this information to assess topography, drainage, surface water bodies, anticipated subsurface geology, and groundwater occurrence and usage in the area.
- Visual Site Inspection (VSI). E2 performed a VSI of the property to note visual signs of contamination and conducted a limited assessment of portions of the neighboring properties visible from the subject property boundaries. During the VSI, E2 specifically looked for hazardous substances; petroleum products; aboveground storage tank (AST) and USTs; odors; pools of liquid; drums; electrical and hydraulic equipment; means for heating and cooling structures; stains or corrosion; drains and sumps; pits, ponds, or lagoons; stained soil or pavement; stressed vegetation; solid waste; wastewater; wells; and septic systems. The VSI focused on commercial/industrial areas and practices at the property (i.e., mechanical/electrical rooms).
- Interviews. E2 interviewed available individuals familiar with the site conditions and/or site use history.
- **Data evaluation and report preparation.** E2 evaluated the information collected and prepared this report that documents the assessment and presents the findings, opinions, and conclusions.

1.4 Significant Assumptions

In preparing this report, E2 assumes the following:

- Certain verbal information and representations provided by the Phase I ESA owners/users; landowners, tenants, occupants, and/or their representatives; government employees; and others are complete and accurate to the best of their knowledge.
- Government agency responses to public requests for information are complete and accurate.
- Reports provided by the private database search company (detailing a computer search of government databases) are complete and accurate.
- Written information and documents provided by the Phase I ESA owners/users, tenants, occupants, and/or their representatives are complete and accurate to the best of their knowledge.

Except as discussed, E2 has relied on that information and did not attempt to verify its accuracy or completeness independently but did not detect any inconsistency or omission of a nature that might call into question the validity of the data. To the extent that the conclusions in this report are based in whole or in part on such information, they are contingent on its validity. E2 assumes no responsibility for any consequence arising from any information or condition concealed, withheld, misrepresented, or otherwise not fully disclosed or available to E2.

1.5 Limitations and Exceptions

Phase I ESAs, by their very nature, are limited. E2 has endeavored to meet what it believes is the applicable standard of care and, in so doing, is obliged to advise its client, B+K, of the Phase I ESA limitations. This Phase I ESA did not assess environmental issues or conditions at the property that are outside the scope of ASTM Practice E1527-21, including, but not limited to, asbestos-containing material (ACM), biological

agents, cultural and historical resources, ecological resources, endangered species, health and safety, indoor air quality unrelated to releases of hazardous substances or petroleum products into the environment, industrial hygiene, lead-based paint (LBP), lead in drinking water, mold, radon, regulatory compliance, and wetlands, nor did it include any sampling or testing for biological agents and mold, radon, methane, ACM, LBP, or other environmental contaminants. The E2 investigation was limited to procedures described in the Phase I ESA Standard Practice (ASTM 2021).

The conclusions presented in this report are professional opinions based solely upon visual observations of the site and vicinity and E2's interpretation of the available historical and regulatory information and documents reviewed. They are intended exclusively for the purpose outlined herein and apply only to the site location and project indicated.

The findings and opinions are based on information E2 obtained on given dates through a records review, site reconnaissance, interviews, and related activities. It is possible that other information exists or subsequently has become known, just as it is possible for conditions E2 observed to have changed after the initial observations. For these and associated reasons, E2 and many of its peers routinely advise clients for ESA services that it would be a mistake to place unmerited faith in findings and opinions conveyed via ESA reports. E2 cannot under any circumstances warrant or guarantee that not finding indicators of hazardous substances or petroleum products means that hazardous substances or petroleum products and/or associated contamination do not exist on the site.

1.6 Special Terms and Conditions

E2's services are performed within limits prescribed by the client, with the usual thoroughness and competence of the consulting profession in accordance with the standard for professional services at the time those services are rendered. No warranty or representation, either expressed or implied, is included or intended in the proposals, contracts, or reports.

Findings and opinions presented herein apply to site conditions existing at the time of E2's investigation and those reasonably foreseeable; they cannot necessarily apply to site changes of which E2 is not aware and has not had the opportunity to evaluate.

1.7 Data Gaps

Based on the information obtained during this ESA, it is E2's professional opinion that a historical data gap, as defined in the ASTM guidelines, has occurred in attempting to document the history of the subject property back to the earlier part of 1940 or the first developed usage of the property in five-year increments, as follows:

- No historical information regarding the subject property was found from 1886 to 1899, 1901 to 1919, 1936 to 1949, and 1968 to 1975.
- As of the date of the report, the HDOH Clean Water Branch (CWB) and HDOH Indoor & Radiological Health Branch (IRHB) have not responded to the requests for records.

- As of the date of the report, KIS staff have not responded to our request for an interview with the Principal and/or maintenance personnel.
- No information on per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances was available.

Based on the information obtained, the lack of documentation is not deemed critical and did not affect the ability to identify potential RECs associated with the subject property.

1.8 User Reliance

This report is intended for the use of B+K and their assignees. The scope of services performed in the execution of this investigation may not be appropriate to satisfy the needs of other users, and any use or reuse of this document or the findings, conclusions, or recommendations presented herein is at the sole risk of the said user.

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Section 2 Site Description

2.1 Location and Legal Description

General site and environmental setting information is summarized in Table 2-1. Figures 1 and 2, included in Appendix A, show a location map and configuration of the area relative to adjacent properties.

ТМК:	(2) 2-4-032: Parcel 109 (Portion)
Subject Property Address:	Samual E. Kalama Intermediate School, 120 Makani Road, Makawao, Maui, Hawaii
Property Owner:	State of Hawaii Department of Education (HDOE)
Topographic Map:	Topographic map coverage of the site is included on the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) 7.5-minute Haiku and Paia quadrangle maps, as shown in Figure 1. The property is located at 20° 51' 3.20" north latitude and 156° 19' 13.32" west longitude. The subject property is sloping to the north-northwest, with an elevation of approximately 1,542 feet (ft) above mean sea level (msl).
Subject Property General Location:	The subject property is located in the rural northwest slope of Haleakala on East Maui, locally known as "Upcountry."
Subject Property Area:	The subject property consists of the undeveloped area on the northeast side of Building O, on the east side of the KIS campus (see Figure 2). The site is bound to the northeast by a concrete walkway, a parking lot, and Buildings P-6 and P-7; to the northwest by a concrete walkway, a parking lot, a circular driveway and, and Building P-8/9; and to the south and southwest by a concrete walkway and Buildings O and G, respectively. The subject property is an open grassy area with several large trees. The KIS campus is located in the approximate center of Makawao and is surrounded by Eddie Tam Park to the north and east, residential areas to the south, and a lot used as a leach field and play area for the school.
Subject Property Existing Use:	The subject property is an undeveloped, vegetated, open area of the KIS campus.
Geologic Setting:	The property is located on the mid-slopes of the westward-facing slope of Mount Haleakala Volcano. The study area is located on the island of Maui, on the northwest flank of Haleakala.
Nearest Surface Water Body:	Surface water and groundwater resources in the general area are relatively minor due to current and historical farming withdrawals. The closest water body to the subject property is the non-perennial Paholoi Stream that collects water from the Eddie Tam Park along the northern slope of Mount Haleakala to a drainage pond in Paia approximately 3.6 miles away.
Soil and Geologic Conditions:	According to the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), the soils at KIS consist mainly of Haliimaile silty clay loam, 3 to 7 percent slopes (HgB) and Haliimaile silty clay, 7 to 15 percent slopes (HhC). These soil series are found on the uplands on the island of Maui, mainly within elevations between 500 and 2,000 feet above msl. The Haliimaile series soils have a surface layer of dark reddish-brown silty clay with a substratum of dark reddish-brown and very dark grayish-brown clay. Haliimaile soils are characterized by medium runoff and a moderate erosion hazard (USDA NRCS 2023).

Hydrogeology	According to data presented in Aquifer Identification and Classification for the Island of Maui: Groundwater Protection Strategy for Hawaii (Mink and Lau 1990), groundwater in the study area occurs within the Makawao Aquifer System of the Central Maui Aquifer Sector. The Makawao System consists of shallow, perched unconfined aquifers of limited extent above a deep basal aquifer, which underlies the entire region. The perched aquifers are classified as potential for potable use, are fresh (less than 250 milligrams per liter [mg/L] chloride), are replaceable, and have a moderate vulnerability to contamination. The basal aquifer is an unconfined flank aquifer that has potential use as drinking water, is irreplaceable, and has a· moderate vulnerability to contamination.		
Depth to Groundwater and Location Relative to the Underground Injection Control (UIC) Line:			
Inferred Direction of Shallow Groundwater Flow:	Shallow groundwater flow follows local topography and is generally in a northerly direction from the KIS.		
Flood Zone Designation:	As identified by the Federal Emergency Management Agency Federal Insurance Rate Map 1500030440E, the site is located within "Zone X – Area of Minimal Flood Hazard" (FEMA 2009). The site is not located in an area affected by tsunamis, high waves, or other high-water events from ocean conditions.		
State Land Use Ordinance (LUO):	The State LUO for the site is Urban (State of Hawaii 2023).		
County of Maui Zoning LUO:	The County of Maui zoning LUO designation for the KIS, which includes the subject property, is P-1 Public/Quasi-Public (County of Maui 2023b).		

2.2 Current Uses of the Adjacent Properties

Table 2-2 lists the adjacent properties' parcel numbers and owner/occupant activities. Figure 2, included in Appendix A, shows the locations of adjacent properties.

Table 2-2: Adjacent Properties

ТМК: (2)	Occupant	Owner/Occupant Activities
Parcel adjacent to the north, east, south, and west		
2-4-032:109	KIS 120 Makani Road	KIS Campus north entrance and parking lot, buildings P-6, P- 7, P-8/9, and Building O.

Section 3 User Provided Information

A user questionnaire was completed by Ms. Tami Mane Haili, Principal at KIS, the user, as of the date of this report. A copy of the questionnaire is provided in Appendix B, and Ms. Haili's responses are provided in the following sections.

3.1 Title Records

No title records were provided for the subject property.

3.2 Environmental Liens or Activity and Use Limitations

The user has no knowledge of environmental liens or AULs for the subject property.

3.3 Specialized Knowledge

The user has no specialized knowledge of the subject or adjoining property.

3.4 Valuation Reduction for Environmental Issues

The user has no knowledge of whether a valuation reduction evaluation for environmental issues has been conducted for the property.

3.5 Commonly Known or Reasonably Ascertainable Information

The user has no known or reasonably ascertainable information about the property.

3.6 Owner, Property Manager, and Occupant Information

The property occupant is the Samual E. Kalama Intermediate School.

3.7 Reason for Performing the Phase I ESA

The purpose of the Phase I ESA was to identify environmental issues (if any) as part of due diligence prior to the construction of a new administrative building.

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Section 4 Records Review

4.1 Standard Environmental Record Sources

4.1.1 Environmental Data Resources, Inc. Report

Several published sources of environmental records were reviewed to identify the presence of adverse environmental conditions at the subject property. This section lists the records that were searched and the results of each search.

ASTM E1527-21 specifies search distances for specific environmental record sources. Table 4-1 identifies the record sources searched for incidents or sites within the listed search distances of the subject property:

Standard Environmental Record Sources	Search Distance (miles)	Number of Sites Identified	
Federal National Priorities List (NPL) (Superfund) site list	1.0	0	
Federal Delisted NPL site list	0.5	0	
Federal SEMS list (formerly CERCLIS)	0.5	0	
Federal SEMS-Archive (formerly CERCLIS No Further Remedial Action Planned) site list	0.5	0	
Federal RCRA Corrective Action Sites under RCRA (CORRACTS) facilities list (facilities underground Corrective Action)	1.0	0	
Federal RCRA Non-CORRACTS Treatment, Storage, and Disposal (TSD) facilities list	0.5	0	
Federal RCRA generators list (conditionally exempt small quantity generator [CESQG], small quantity generator [SQG], very small quantity generators [VESQGs], and large quantity generator[LQG])	Subject and Adjacent properties	0	
Federal IEC registries	Subject property only	0	
Federal ERNS list	Subject property only	0	
State list of SHWS identified for investigation or remediation (NPL or CERCLIS equivalents)	1.0	4	
State landfill and/or solid waste disposal site lists	0.5	0	
State LUST list	0.5	1	
State-registered UST list	Subject and Adjacent properties	0	
State IEC registries	Subject and Adjacent properties	0	
State VRP sites	0.5	0	
State Brownfield sites	0.5	0	
Additional Sites Searched but not required by ASTM			
Formerly Used Defense Sites (FUDS) Database	1	1	
Environmental Data Resources, Inc. (EDR) Hist Auto List	0.125	0	
EDR Hist Cleaner List	0.125	0	

Table 4-1: Environmental Record Sources Searched

E2 used an online regulatory database search service provided by EDR to review the above-listed Federal and State government databases within prescribed search distances. A copy of the EDR report is included in Appendix C.

In reviewing the environmental databases, it should be noted that the specific regulatory agencies do not instantaneously update such databases. Updates may be as infrequent as annually, depending on the database and the agency. The dates of the most recent updates for the searched environmental databases are listed in the EDR report in Appendix C.

E2 reviewed the sites identified by EDR within the required search radii. None of the identified sites are listed within a $\frac{1}{2}$ -mile distance from the site. Sites with environmental concerns located beyond a $\frac{1}{2}$ -mile that may impact the property are listed in Table 4-2 (EDR 2023a). Refer to the EDR report (Appendix C) for a full listing of the sites within the required search radii.

Facility/Address	Database/ List	Location Relative to the Subject Property	Environmental Concerns/Information
Minit Stop Makawao 1100 Makawao Avenue	LUST	¼ to ½ mile east northeast (higher elevation / upgradient)	Facility ID: 9-502183 Release ID: 000035 No Further Action (NFA) as of 11/29/1999 Three active 10,000-gallon Gasohol USTs installed in 1996 are still present on the site.
Makawao Elementary School 3542 Baldwin Avenue	FUDS	½ to 1-mile northeast (higher elevation ∕ upgradient)	FUDS Makawao Station Hospital (H09HI0206) Hazard Priority: Low Assessment Ongoing The Army converted three existing school buildings into a mess hall, morgue, and nurses' quarters. A large red cross was placed on the roof of one building. The site was also known as the 22nd Hospital, 8th Station Hospital, and Makawao School. The site was returned to the Territory of Hawaii shortly before the Japanese surrender. The site is still a school. One building containing the morgue was demolished. A site visit on May 1, 1992, did not reveal any environmental hazards. No Installation Restoration Program or Military Munitions Response Program projects have been reported for this site.

Table 4-2: Sites with Environmental Concerns Beyond 1/8-mile of Subject Property

No unmapped sites were identified during this records search.

4.2 Other Information Sources

The following sections describe information obtained from other information sources.

4.2.1 Government Agencies File Review

E2 submitted requests to access public information for the subject and adjacent properties, as shown in Table 4-3.

Agency	Contact	Notes:	
HDOH CWB	Not Applicable (N/A)	No response to the records request was received by the submittal date of this report.	
HDOH HEER Office	Ms. Rosa Iu, Public Records Contact	No records were found for the subject or adjacent properties.	
HDOH Solid and Hazardous Waste Branch (SHWB)	Mr. Glenn Haae, Engineering Section	 <u>UST and Hazardous Waste Section</u> No records were identified for the subject or adjoining properties. <u>Solid Waste and Hazardous Waste Sections</u> TMK: (2) 2-4-006: 005 Permit Application No. CC-00068-01. According to the SHWB, the file has been lost for this facility, but they noted that it is an inactive county convenience center that accepted various wastes for transport to the landfill or local recyclers. County of Maui, Makawao Recycling Center and Aloha Glass Recycling, Inc., TMK: (2) 2-4-032:098, Off Hale Kipa Road and behind Kalama School. o Certified Redemption Center AGR-122714-303 date issued 12/27/2014 through 07/29/2019. o Permit No. RY-0089-11 dated 12/15/2011 with an expiration date of 12/14/2016; Redemption center accepts deposit beverage container aluminum and plastic, bi-metal, steel, glass, and nonferrous scrap metal; and County recycling bins accept glass, plastic and metal (steel, bi-metal and aluminum) food and beverage containers, and cardboard and newspaper from public. o Renewal Permit No. RY-0061-16 issued 02/15/2018 and expires 12/14/2021. The facility has been in use as a recycling center for over 10 years. 	
HDOH IRHB	N/A	No response to the records request was received by the submittal date of this report.	
HDOH Safe Drinking Water Branch (SDWB)	Ms. Iris Van Der Zander, Geologist	No records were found for the subject or adjacent property.	
HDOH Wastewater Branch (WWB)	Ms. Lori Morikami, Planner	No individual wastewater systems, including cesspools or septic tanks, were identified on the subject property. <u>TMK: (2) 2-4-032:109, 120 Makani Road, hydraulically downgradient (based</u> on figures provided by the WWB the tank is located on 140 Makani Road, <u>TMK: (2) 2-4-032:110):</u> Septic Tank, Permit 13602, Approved to use on 09/16/2019 <u>TMK: (2) 2-4-006:005, 931 Makawao Avenue, hydraulically crossgradient:</u> Septic Tank, Permit 7606, approved to use on 06/21/2007 Septic Tank, Permit 7604, approved to use on 06/21/2007 Septic Tank, Permit 7603, approved to use on 06/21/2007	

Table 4-3: Government Agencies In	nformation Requests
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4.3 Vapor Encroachment Screening

The EDR Radius Map initially searched all standard government record databases, and EDR historical records within the ASTM E1527-21 recommended radii. E2 reviewed those sites related to former dry cleaners, gas stations, and manufactured gas plants that met the vapor encroachment screening (VES)

criteria provided by the ASTM E2600-10 *Standard Guide for Vapor Encroachment Screening of Property Involved in Real Estate Transactions* (ASTM 2010).

E2 reviewed the regulatory database search of those sites for recorded releases of COPCs within the ½-mile and ½10-mile approximate minimum distances defined in ASTM E2600-10 for vapor encroachment from contaminants of potential concern (COPC) contaminated sites. This measurement is based upon the distance from the known or suspected contaminated property to the property boundary. E2's review of EDR's database search for potential vapor encroachment conditions (VECs) considers the following factors:

- The land use of the property;
- Type of COPC(s);
- The location of known or suspected contaminated property is within the area of concern;
- Characteristics of the soil;
- Depth to groundwater;
- Vapor conduits that may result in significant preferential pathways; and
- Cleanup status of contaminated property.

Potential VECs evaluated included all RECs, including HRECs and CRECs, with identified releases of petroleum products or other potentially volatile contaminants of concern.

As is provided by ASTM E2600-10, E2 also considered the predicted hydrogeological gradient around the property when determining the potential for VECs to impact the site.

No sites were identified within the recommended search radius that may contribute to VEC. The report is included in Appendix D.

4.4 Historical Use Information

4.4.1 Standard Historical Sources

Historical use information for the subject and adjacent properties was obtained by reviewing the historical sources listed in Table 4-4. A discussion of RECs and/or environmental concerns identified as a result of the review of standard historical sources is included in Section 7 of this report.

Source Type	Year Reviewed	Source	Environmental Concerns/Notes:
Environmental Lien and AUL Searches	1980-Present	(EDR 2023b)	No deed or environmental lien was identified from 1980 to present.
Property Tax Map	No Coverage	(EDR 2023c)	No coverage for the subject property in the EDR report.
Reports	1976-2023	(County of Maui 2023c)	TMK Map Zone 2, Section 4, Plat 32. A water pipeline easement "B" runs through the central portion of the KIS parcel, and water pipeline easement "A" runs adjacent to the southern boundary of the KIS parcel with one perpendicular pipe on the eastern side of the KIS parcel.
Aerial Photographs	1950, 1965, 1976, 1985,	(EDR 2023d) (Google Earth	1950-1965: The subject parcel and north and west portions of the adjacent parcel are cultivated.
	2001, 2004, 2005, 2011, 2012, 2013,	2023)	1976: The subject and adjacent parcels are no longer cultivated. No features were observed on the subject parcel.
	2012, 2013, 2014, 2016, 2018, 2019,		1985: The photo is of poor quality, and the subject property's condition could not be evaluated.
	2022, and 2023.		2001-2016: Shows the subject property with buildings P-6, P-7, P-8/9, Building O, Building G, and the Eddie Tam Parking Lot.
			2018-2023: No changes observed to subject property. It appears that a new roof was installed on buildings P-6, P-7, and P-8/9, adjacent to the subject property.
Fire Insurance Maps	N/A	(EDR 2023e)	No coverage for the subject and adjacent properties in the EDR report.
USGS Topo Maps (Haiku, Paia, Kilohana, Puu O Kali, and	1922, 1954/1957, 1961, 1983,	(EDR 2023f)	1922: No significant features observed on the subject property. The road is adjacent to the south side of the adjacent property.
Makawao Quadrangles)	1991/1992, 2013, and 2017		1954/1957-1961: No significant changes. The road to the south of the adjacent parcel is now named Makani Road.
			1983: The subject parcel is within the bounds of Makawao Park.
			1991/1992: An automobile turnaround is observed on the adjacent property to the west.
			2013-2017: No significant features shown.
Street Directories	1992, 1995, 2000, 2005, 2010, 2014, and 2017 (Makani Rd and Makawao	(EDR 2023g)	The complete list of street directories is included in Appendix C. The following information was found for the subject and adjoining properties: 1992: Renee Adams 1995: Renee Adams
	Ave)		1995-2020: KIS 2020: Calvary Chapel Upcountry, Deanna Dibiase, and Kaberi K. Mozumder

Table	4-4:	Historica	Sources	Reviewed
TUDIC	– – .	1 II Storicu	1 30 41 663	I C VIC WCG

Source Type	Year Reviewed	Source	Environmental Concerns/Notes:
Building Permit Records	No Coverage	(EDR 2023h)	No coverage.
	1967, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1989, 1991, 1992, 1994, 1995, 1997, 1998, 2001, 2002, 2007, 2008	(HDOE 2023)	1997, 2000, and 2008 As-Built Drawings show the subject property overlying a "Sewage Absorption Field." Drawing files for school upgrades were identified for the adjacent property from 1985 through 2007.
Historical Maps 1885		(Donn, John M. 1885)	The area of the subject and adjacent properties is outside the lands labeled "Hawaiian Commercial and Sugar Company" but located within a yellow highlighted area with no label.
	1900-1937	(HDOH HEER Office 2015)	The area of the subject property is not shown within sugarcane lands from 1900 to 1937 and is labeled conservation land.
	1920, 1937	(State of Hawaii 2021)	The subject and adjacent properties are shown as being located outside the "Approximate Area of Pineapple Lands."
	1996	(County of Maui 1996)	The KIS campus is located within land designated as Public/Quasi-Public.
	Undated Dole Map	(CCCarto Undated)	The KIS campus is not located within land designed as "Maui Land & Pine."

4.5 Previous Environmental Reports

A brief summary of environmental concerns or notes from previous environmental reports is included in Table 4-5.

Source	Environmental Concerns/Notes:
Foundation Investigation and Percolation Testing Proposed 8- Classroom Building, Kalama Intermediate School DAGS Job No. 15-16-5663, TMK: 2-2-4- 32:110, Makawao, Maui, Hawaii (Department of Accounting and General Services [DAGS] 1993)	 Three exploratory borings ranging in depths from 31.4 to 35 feet were drilled at the location of the proposed 80 classroom building to investigate the subsurface conditions. In addition, five shallow borings to 5 feet were drilled in the area of the proposed leaching fields to explore subsurface conditions and conduct percolation tests. Subsurface conditions encountered in the borings generally consisted of brown clayey silt topsoil on the surface underlain by medium stiff to very stiff reddishbrown to brown clayey silts. Highly to moderately weathered basalt was encountered in two borings at a depth of approximately 30 feet bgs. An underground sewage treatment plant with a wet well/sewage lift station and two leaching fields will be constructed over the northern portion of the lot (now 140 Makani Rd).

Table 4-5: Review of Previous Environmental Reports

Source	Environmental Concerns/Notes:
Final Environmental Assessment, Eddie Tam	• Eddie Tam Memorial Park is located at 931 Makawao Avenue, TMKs: (2) 2-4-006: 005 and (2) 2-4-032:098 to the northeast of the subject property.
Memorial Park, Upgrade & Expansion (Hiyakumoto + Higuchi Architects, Inc. 1995)	• The area was cultivated in pineapple fields (Maui Land & Pineapple Company, Inc. [ML&PC]) from the 1940s through the late 1960s. The report also states that pineapple cultivation possibly existed in the area for over fifty years.
	• The County has owned the Eddie Tam Memorial Park since 1955 and the expansion site since 1993. The expansion site was cultivated in pineapple fields in the 1940's through the late '60s.
	• The park is part of a 360-acre drainage basin that extends from about 9,600 feet from its lower end along Hoomaha Road to its upper end at a point along Olinda Road.
	• The drainage system within KIS collects runoff produced within the school site and from the upstream areas and discharges runoff into the park through a 42-inch drain line. From this point, runoff flows through a meandering gully on the park site and enters a 30-inch culvert at Hoomahu Road. The 30-inch culvert passes runoff under the road and into an earthen channel within Lot 55 of the Pau Hana Estates Subdivision.
Revised Final Environmental Impact Statement Volume I, Upcountry Town Center,	• The ML&PC proposed development of "Upcountry Town Center" was to be located at the intersection of Pukalani Bypass Highway, Haleakala Highway, and Makawao Avenue-Pukalani, Maui.
Pukalani, Maui, Hawaii (Group 70 International, Inc., 2003)	• In 2001, ML&PC investigated potential hazardous material concerns at the Upcountry Town Center location associated with former use for camp housing and pineapple cultivation. Pesticide (4,4-dichlorodiphenyldichloroethylene and 4,4-dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane) and arsenic contamination were identified in soil in some limited areas between the Corn Mill Camp and Haleakala Highway (Pukalani Bypass). These pesticides were commonly used in pineapple cultivation from the 1940s to the 1960s. The pesticide 1,2-dibromo-3-chloropropane was not detected in the soil samples.
	• A supplemental investigation conducted later in 2001 identified pesticide contamination in soil up to a depth of five feet below ground surface, and the extent was shown not to exceed beyond the area immediately around Corn Mill Camp.
	• In general, the contaminants of concern have the potential to pose an exposure risk to humans when in surface soils or close to drinking water sources. However, due to the topography of the area, the existing buildings, and the localized source of the residues, the contaminants are limited to the location. The closest well is an irrigation well located about one mile west of the property.
	• The Upcountry Town Center property and the buildings were under the operation of the Haleakala Pineapple Company during the 1940-1960 period. The known activities at Corn Mill Camp since that time would not have generated these contaminants.
Upcountry Maui Groundwater Nitrate Investigation Report, Maui, Hawaii (HDOH SDWB 2018)	 The well located hydraulically upgradient from the subject property is the Pookela MDWS (Well 6-5118-002), and the well located hydraulically downgradient is BRE- 1 (Well 6-5220-002). The Pookela Well had the lowest nitrate concentration and was located close to a small plot where pineapple was formerly grown and downgradient from scattered on-site sewage disposal systems (OSDS), while the BRE-1 wells are located downgradient from areas of former pineapple cultivation and significant densities of OSDS. The Maluhia (Well 6-5018-001) was not identified as a good candidate for sampling.

Source	Environmental Concerns/Notes:		
	• Nitrate concentrations in BRE-1 well based on nitrate isotopic analysis were determined to be a mixture of fertilizer and OSDS leachate. Initial testing of the BRE-1 well shows nitrate concentrations very close to the maximum containment level. The groundwater flow and transport modeling indicate that drinking water standards are very likely exceeded downgradient of the areas of highest OSDS density.		

4.6 Summary of Historical Land Use

The lower coastal region of Maui was extensively developed for sugar and pineapple cultivation during the mid-to-late 1800s. The lands in and surrounding the current project area were noted to have contained heiaus, ceremonial sites set in the Makawao/Pukalani region of the ahupuaa. However, in the years since European contact, the subject and surrounding properties have undergone heavy landscape modifications by historic sugar and pineapple cultivation and forest clearance.

ML&PC began experimentation with pineapple in 1890, when the first fruit was planted in Haiku on Maui's northeastern shore. In 1909, Keahua Ranch Company was established. The company's name was later changed to Haleakala Pineapple Company and eventually to Maui Pineapple Company Ltd. in 1932 (ML&PC 2023).

In West Maui the Baldwin Family holdings dedicated to raising cattle and food crops was called Honolua Ranch. Manager David T. Fleming added pineapple to the operations in 1912, and by 1920, the name was changed to Baldwin Packers, which canned and sold pineapple under its own labels while growing it at Honolua Plantation (ML&PC 2023).

By 1923, Baldwin Packers owned and managed over 22,000 acres of agricultural land in West Maui. The Baldwins' east and West Maui holdings and pineapple operations were united in 1962, when Baldwin Packers merged with Maui Pineapple Company. In 1969, ML&P was created and went public. In 1988 ML&P dedicated 8,304 acres of land, including Puu Kukui, the summit of Mauna Kahalawai (West Maui mountains), to conservation (ML&PC 2023). ML&P ceased pineapple operations in 2009.

The Samual Enoka KIS property, including the subject property area, was opened as a public school in 1985. Prior to the construction of the school, the site was in pineapple cultivation. No other land use was found for the subject property.

Section 5 Visual Site Inspection

5.1 Methodology and Limitations

The VSI was conducted by Mr. Eric Lau, with E2 on September 21, 2023, and included a brief survey of visible portions of the adjacent parcels from public access areas. Site photographs are included in Appendix A.

5.2 General Observations on the Subject Property

At the time of the VSI, the subject property consisted of a relatively flat, open grassy area with trees and picnic tables, and portions of a sanitary sewer system (sanitary sewer manhole cover). There was also a coned off area demarcating a trip hazard on the west side of the site.

The west side of the site slopes slightly toward the storm drain located in front of Building P-8/9. The proposed construction site is located on the south side of the KIS campus and is surrounded by concrete walkways, adjacent school buildings, an access road, and a parking lot.

Table 5-1 below summarizes the VSI observations made during the VSI.

Feature		rved?	
		No	Comment, Location, and/or Description
General Description of Current		\checkmark	
Structures (age, stories, ancillary			
structures [if any])			
Structures (evidence of former)		√	No evidence of former structures was observed.
Source of Potable Water		\checkmark	
Sanitary Sewer System	~		A "sanitary sewer" manhole, likely a portion of the former sanitary
			sewer system serving Building O on the KIS campus, was observed
			within the new building construction area.
Storm Sewer System	~		A sloped drainage area and storm drain were observed to the west
			of the likely construction area in the vicinity of Building P-8/9.
Power to Subject Property		~	
	li	nterior a	and Exterior Observations
Hazardous Substances and Petroleum		~	
Products in Connection with Identified			
Uses			
Hazardous Substances and Petroleum		~	
Products (Not Necessarily in Connection			
with Identified Uses)			
Evidence of ASTs		~	
Evidence of USTs (e.g, fill pipes, vent		√	
pipes, concrete patching)			
Drums, Totes, and/or Unidentified		√	
Substances Containers			
Odors (strong, pungent, or noxious		√	
odors)			

Table 5-1: Summary of Visual Site Inspection Observations

		rved?			
Feature	Yes	No	Comment, Location, and/or Description		
Pools of Liquid (standing water)		~			
Evidence of polychlorinated biphenyls		\checkmark			
(PCBs) or likely containing PCBs (e.g.,					
pole-mounted and pad-mounted					
transformer, electric or hydraulic					
equipment, fluorescent light ballasts,					
capacitors)					
Heating/Cooling (including fuel source)		~			
Evidence of Leaks, Spills, or Releases		~			
Drains and Sumps		~			
Unknown feature(s)		~			
		Ex	terior Observations		
Pits, Ponds, or Lagoons		~			
Stained Soil or Pavement		✓			
Stressed Vegetation (from something		✓			
other than insufficient water)					
Solid Waste (non-natural fill, trash,		~			
construction debris, demolition debris,					
or other solid waste disposal)					
Waste or Wastewater Discharges		~			
(wastewater or other liquid [including					
storm water] or any discharge into a					
drain, ditch, underground injection					
system, or stream on or adjacent to the					
property)					
Wells (including dry wells, irrigation		~			
wells, injection wells, abandoned wells,					
or other wells)					
Septic System (on-site septic systems or		~			
cesspools)					
Other		\checkmark			

5.3 Adjacent Property Observations

The adjacent properties were inspected for PECs (e.g., conditions observed near or adjacent to the subject property that could affect the subject property). No PECs were identified during the site inspection.

A number of structures were located around the vicinity of the subject property, including Buildings P-6, P-7, P-8/9, and Building O.

Section 6 Interviews

6.1 Interviewed Parties

E2 interviewed the following people listed in Table 6-1 regarding the past and current use and activities on the subject and adjacent properties.

Name	Affiliation	Role		
	Principal for Samual Kalama Intermediate School			
Ms. Tami Mane Haili	• No response to the phone call has been received as of the date of this report. Ms. Haili did complete the User Questionnaire.	User		
Ms. Rosa lu	Public Records Contact for the HDOH HEER Office	Local Government Agency File Review		
Mr. Glenn Haae	Engineering Section for the HDOH HSWB	Local Government Agency File Review		
Ms. Iris Van Der Zander	Geologist for the HDOH SDWB	Local Government Agency File Review		
Ms. Lori Morikami	Planner for the Planning & Design Section for the HDOH WWB	Local Government Agency File Review		

Table 6-1: Interviewed Parties

6.2 Interview Findings

Additional information obtained during interviews is included in the pertinent sections of this report.

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Section 7 Findings and Opinions

A summary of site conditions as identified from the records review and the VSI are outlined in Table 7-1.

		Dete	ermina	tion	
Findings	REC	CREC	HREC	PEC	de minimums
According to historic information, the property may have been used for pineapple cultivation. Fertilizers, herbicides, insecticides, nematicides, and fungicides are applied to maintain crop growth and control weeds, pests, and diseases. These are suspected to have been legally applied and may have been applied to the subject and adjacent property area and may have impacted the site.				~	
Cesspools have significant impact on the quality of drinking water, general water quality, the health of our reefs, and human health. Act 125 was passed in the 2017 legislative session, requiring the replacement of all cesspools by 2050. The area is not serviced by a central wastewater system but through individual cesspools and septic systems.				<	
EDR identified several sites located within the search radii and/or those with environmental concerns. The sites identified that have the potential to impact the subject property due to material releases or types of materials stored and/or used are as follows:					
• Four SHWB sites, Maui Electric Company, Ltd. (MECO) Pole-mounted transformer, MECO Transformer 363, Makawao Elementary School, and MECO Pole-Mounted Transformer. The three MECO sites have been issued a NFA Letter for Unrestricted land use. The Makawao Elementary School is reported under FUDS Makawao Station Hospital. Due to their distance from the subject property, the three MECO sites have likely not had any impact to the subject property.					~
• One State LUST site, Minit Stop Makawao (Facility ID: 9-502183/Release ID: 000035) located hydraulically upgradient was issued a NFA determination in November of 1999. The site still has active USTs that were installed in 1996 (27 years old). Due to the age of the tanks and the location of the site hydraulically upgradient, and overlying a drinking water source aquifer this condition poses a material threat from a future release to the environment and is considered a REC.				~	
• One FUDS site, Makawao Station Hospital, no Installation Restoration Program or Military Munitions Response Program projects have been reported for this site. Due to the distance from the subject property, the former Makawao Station Hospital has likely not had any impact to the subject property.					~
Subject Property 0.49-Acre Portion of the Kalama Intermediate School, 120 Makani Road, TMK (2) 2-4-032:Par	col 10	0 (Por	tion		
Construction plans and drawings for the site indicate that the proposed administration building will be placed over a "Sewage Absorption Field." A manhole was noted during the VSI. It is not known if the sewage system was closed, as no closure information was found. Although this is not considered a REC by ASTM standards, an engineer should be consulted prior to the construction of any structures above the absorption field.				~	

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Section 8 Conclusions

E2 performed a Phase I ESA in conformance with the scope and limitations of ASTM Practice E1527-21, *Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments*, in support of the construction of a new modular administration building located on a 0.49-acre portion of the 10.4-acre KIS campus in the Makawao district of Maui, Hawaii and designated as TMK: (2) 2-4-032: Parcel 109 (portion). Any exceptions to, or deletions from, this practice are described in Section 1 of this report.

The assessment has revealed no evidence of RECs, CRECs, or HRECs in connection with the property. PECs, which cannot be definitively categorized as RECs due to insufficient available information required to make a determination, were identified in Section 7.

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Section 9 Qualifications of Environmental Professionals

Qualifications of the Environmental Professionals are included in Appendix E.

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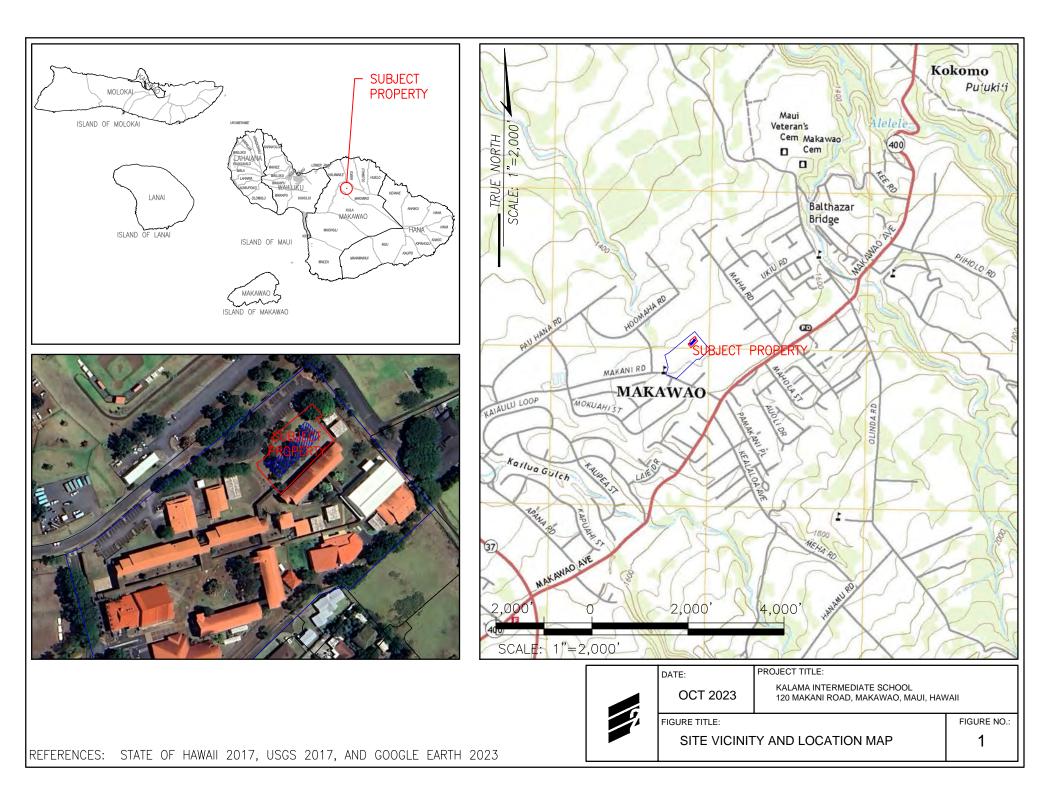
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APPENDIX A

Figures and Photographs



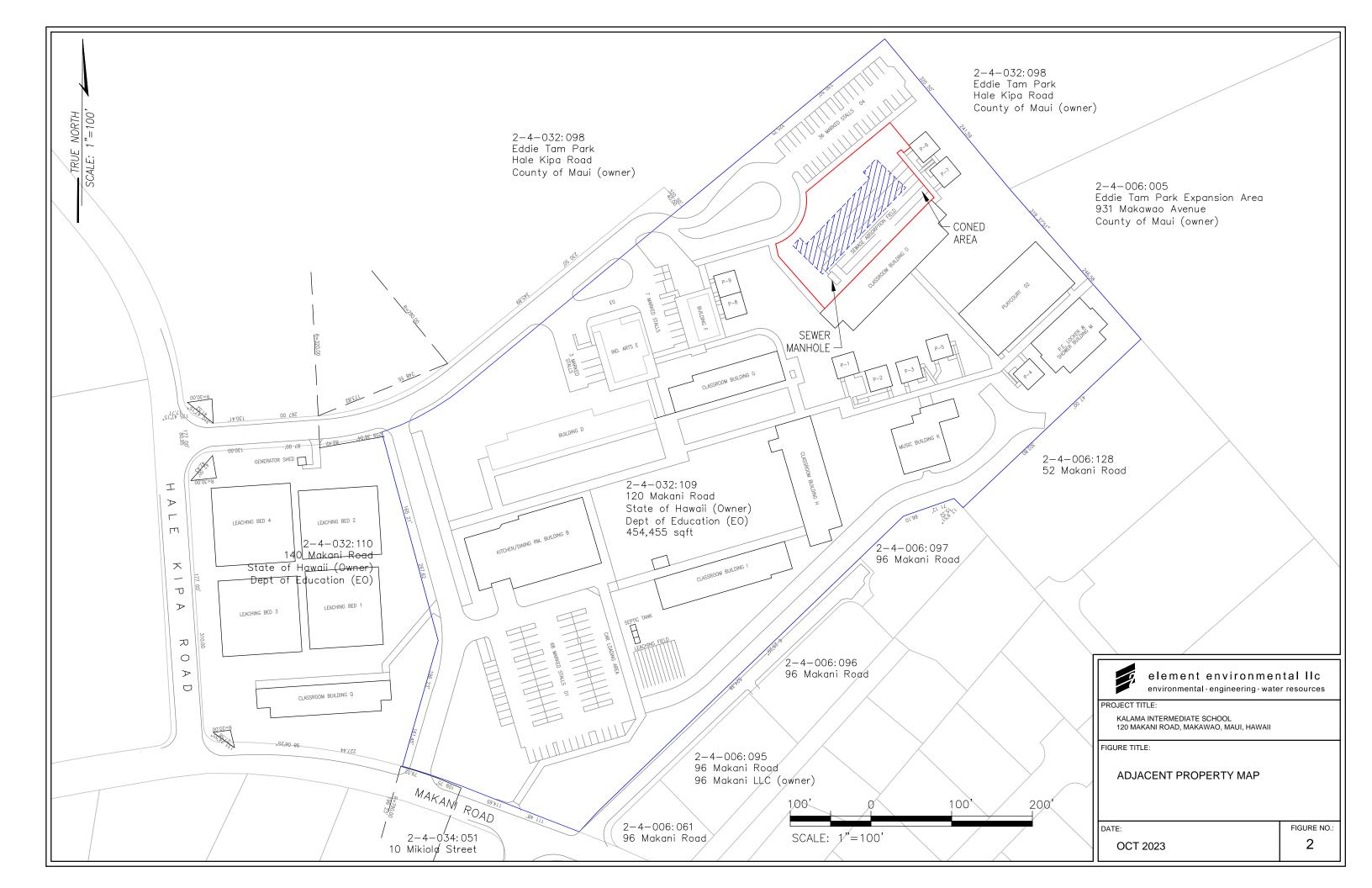


Photo 1	Description	Overall of subject property from southwest corner of Building O. View facing north.
Photo Date		
9/21/2023	Site Name	Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Kalama Intermediate School
E2 Project No.:		Makawao, Maui, Hawaii; TMK (2) 2-4-032: Parcel 109 (Portion)
230044	Client	Bowers + Kubota

Photo 2	Description	Overall of subject property. View facing north.
Photo Date		
9/21/2023	Site Name	Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Kalama Intermediate School
E2 Project No.:]	Makawao, Maui, Hawaii; TMK (2) 2-4-032: Parcel 109 (Portion)
230044	Client	Bowers + Kubota

		Deres es es este
Photo 3	Description	Overall of subject property. View facing west.
Photo Date		
9/21/2023	Site Name	Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Kalama Intermediate School
E2 Project No.:		Makawao, Maui, Hawaii; TMK (2) 2-4-032: Parcel 109 (Portion)
230044	Client	Bowers + Kubota

Photo 4	Description	Overall of subject property. View facing south.
Photo Date		
9/21/2023	Site Name	Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Kalama Intermediate School
E2 Project No.:		Makawao, Maui, Hawaii; TMK (2) 2-4-032: Parcel 109 (Portion)
230044	Client	Bowers + Kubota

Photo 5	Description	A sanitary sewer manhole along the southeast boundary of the subject property. View facing northeast.
Photo Date		
9/21/2023	Site Name	Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Kalama Intermediate School
E2 Project No.:		Makawao, Maui, Hawaii; TMK (2) 2-4-032: Parcel 109 (Portion)
230044	Client	Bowers + Kubota

Photo 6	Description	A stormwater drain inlet located adjacent to building P-8/9 to the south of the subject property. View facing west.
Photo Date		property. View racing west.
9/21/2023	Site Name	Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Kalama Intermediate School
E2 Project No.:		Makawao, Maui, Hawaii; TMK (2) 2-4-032: Parcel 109 (Portion)
230044	Client	Bowers + Kubota

APPENDIX B

User Questionnaire



PHASE I ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT USER QUESTIONNAIRE

In order to qualify for one of the Landowner Liability Protections offered by the Brownfields Amendments and pursuant to the User's responsibilities as described in Section 6 of ASTM E 1527-21, the User must provide the following information (if available) to the environmental professional. Failure to provide this information could result in a determination that "all appropriate inquiry" is not complete.

COMPLETED BY:
Name: Tami Mané Hauli
Title: Principal
company: Kalama Intermediate School
Date: 8823

SE. Kalama Internediaté School - 120 Makani Rd, Makana, H

USER KNOWLEDGE:

1. Environmental Cleanup Liens

Are you aware of any environmental cleanup liens against the property that are filed or recorded under federal, tribal, state or local law?

reactar, u	ivai, s	late of it		
11.1	Law			
NIN	T	Nov1	V ACALINA (AP)	
Not	ιv	IIIV	Knowledge	

The User should engage a title company or title professional to undertake a review of reasonably ascertainable recorded land title records and lien records, including judicial records, for environmental liens or activity and use limitations.

2. Activity and Land Use Limitations

Are you aware of any activity and use limitations, such as engineering controls, land use restrictions, or institutional controls, that are in place at the subject property and/or have been filed or recorded in a registry

under federal, tribal, state, or local law? In

3. Specialized Knowledge or Experience

As the User of this Phase I ESA, do you have any specialized knowledge or experience related to the property or nearby properties? (Are you involved in the same line of business as the current or former occupants of the property or adjoining properties so that you would have specialized knowledge of the chemicals and

processes used by this type of business?)

4. Relationship of the Purchase Price to the Fair Market Value

Does the purchase price being paid for this property reasonably reflect the fair market value of the property? If you conclude that there is a difference, have you considered whether the lower purchase price is because contamination is known or believed to be present at the property?

M KNIWKANC

5. Commonly Known or Reasonably Ascertainable Information

Please provide the name(s) and contact information for the previous property owner.



Do you know the past use(s) of the property?

No

Do you know of specific chemicals that are present or once were present at the property?

None that I am aware of

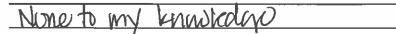
Do you know of spills or other chemical releases that have taken place at the property?

None that Fam aware of

Other Issues, Comments, or Concerns?

6. Degree of Obviousness of Presence of Contamination

As the User of this Phase I ESA, based on your knowledge and experience related to the property, are there any obvious indicators that point to the presence or likely presence of contamination at the property?



7. Reason for Conducting Phase I ESA



<u>APPENDIX C</u>

Environmental Data Resources, Inc. (EDR) Reports

Kalama Intermediate School MAKAWAO, HI 96768 **120 MAKANI RD**

Inquiry Number: 7410984.2s August 08, 2023

The EDR Radius Map™ Report with GeoCheck®

FORM-LBB-KKT

6 Armstrong Road, 4th floor Shelton, CT 06484 Toll Free: 800.352.0050 www.edmet.com

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Government Records Searched/Data Currency Tracking	GR-1
GEOCHECK ADDENDUM	
Physical Setting Source Addendum.	A-1

-----Physical Setting Source Map Findings. Physical Setting Source Records Searched. Physical Setting Source Map.

Physical Setting SSURGO Soil Map

Physical Setting Source Summary.

PSGR-1

A-13 ---- A-11

4-2 4-2 --- A-5

Thank you for your business. Please contact EDR at 1-800-352-0050 with any questions or comments.

Disclaimer - Copyright and Trademark Notice

This Report contains certain information obtained from a variety of public and other sources reasonably available to Environmental Data Resources. ILC. I channoble from this Report that coverage information (on the target and surroundor proprieted cose not exist from other sources. This Reports provided from this Report that coverage information (on the target and surroundor proprieted cose not exist from other sources. This Reports provided from this Report. Environmental Data Resources. This Reports provided from this Report that coverage information (on the target and surroundor proprieted cose not exist from other sources. This Report is provided from that Coverage information (on the target and surroundor proprieted cose not exist from other sources. This Report To NHILE IN THE RATA MAIN TEX RESOURCES. LLC AND THIS DE REAL C. I THIS REPORT OR MAY OF THE DATA AND THIS DATE S. LLC AND THIS DATE RESOURCES. LLC AND THIS DATE RECORDANCES. LLC AND THIS DATE RECORDANCES. LLC AND THIS DATE RECORDANCE THE LOATA AND THIS DATE RECORDANCES. LLC AND THIS DATE RECORDANCE AND OF THE EXATA AND THIS DATE THE. MONHARINAL DATA RESOURCES LLC AND THE RECARDING ACCURACY QUALITY: CORECTRESS COMPLETERESS COMPLETERESS COMPLETERES. COMPLETENESS COMPLETENESS COMPLETENCES. LLC AND THE CONTROL DATE AND THE RECORDANCE AND OF THE RATA AND ADD CORECT AND RECOURDANCE AND OF THE CONTROL DATE AND THE RECORDANCE AND THE REST AND ADD THE REST AND ADD THE REPORT AND THE RECORDANCE AND

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A search of available environmental records was conducted by Environmental Data Resources, Inc (EDR). The report was designed to assist parties seeking to meet the search requirements of EPA's Standards and Practices for Al Appropriate Inquiries (40 CFR Part 312), the ASTM Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments for Foreity (EE27 - 21), the ASTM Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments for Property (EE1227 - 40), the ASTM Standard Practice for Lewironmental Site Assessments for Foreign (EE1528 - 22) or custom requirements developed for the evaluation of environmental rescated for Rear Process (EE1528 - 22) or custom requirements developed for the evaluation of environmental risk associated with a parcel of real estate.

TARGET PROPERTY INFORMATION

ADDRESS

120 MAKANI RD MAKAWAO, HI 96768

COORDINATES

20.8508910 - 20° 51' 3.20"	156.3203670 - 156° 19' 13.32''	Zone 4	778847.5	2307831.2	1542 ft. above sea level	
Latitude (North):	Longitude (West):	Universal Tranverse Mercator: Zone 4	UTM X (Meters):	UTM Y (Meters):	Elevation:	

USGS TOPOGRAPHIC MAP ASSOCIATED WITH TARGET PROPERTY

9757719 HAIKU, HI	9757761 PAIA, HI
2017	2017
Target Property Map:	Northwest Map:
Version Date:	Version Date:

MAPPED SITES SUMMARY

Target Property Address: 120 MAKANI RD MAKAWAO, HI 96768

Click on Map ID to see full detail. MAP

	MAP ID SITE NAME	ADDRESS		RELATIVE ELEVATION	RELATIVE DIST (ft. & mi.) ELEVATION DIRECTION
Б	MECO POLE-MOUNT IRAN 1130 NAKULSI	1130 NAKUI ST	SHWS, SPILLS	Higher	
ž	MINIT STOP MAKAWAO	1100 MAKAWAO AVE	LUST, UST, Financial Assurance	Higher	2481, 0.470, ENE
Σ	JECO TRANSFORMER 363 1159 MAKAWAO AVE	1159 MAKAWAO AVE	SHWS	Higher	2785, 0.527, ENE
MA	MAKAWAO STATION HOSP		FUDS	Lower	2852, 0.540, NNE
MA	AAKAWAO ELEMENTARY S 3542 BALDWIN AVENUE	3542 BALDWIN AVENUE	SHWS	Higher	2974, 0.563, NE
Β	MECO POLE-MOUNT TRAN BALDWIN AVE	BALDWIN AVE	SHWS	Higher	3083, 0.584, NE

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	EXECUTIVE SUMMARY
TARGET PROPERTY SEARCH RESULTS	US ENG CONTROLS Engineering Controls Sites List US INST CONTROLS Institutional Controls Sites List
The target property was not listed in any of the databases searched by EDR.	Federal ERNS list ERNS
DATABASES WITH NO MAPPED SITES No mapped sites were found in EDR's search of available ("reasonably ascertainable ") government records either on the target property or within the search radius around the target property for the following databases:	Lists of state and tribal landfills and solid waste disposal facilities SWF/LF
Federa	Lists of state and tribal registered storage tanks FEMA USTUnderground Storage Tank Listing USTUnderground Storage Tank Database INDIAN USTUnderground Storage Tanks on Indian Land
NPL	State and tribal institutional control / engineering control registries ENG CONTROLS
Delisted NPL	Lists of state and tribal voluntary cleanup sites INDIAN VCP
FEDERAL FACILITY	VCP
Lists of Federal CERCLA sites with NFRAP SEMS-ARCHIVE	BROWNFIELDSBrownfields Sites ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL RECORDS
Lists of Federal RCRA facilities undergoing Corrective Action CORRACTS	Local Brownfield lists US BROWNFIELDS A Listing of Brownfields Sites
Lists of Federal RCRA TSD facilities RCRA-TSDFRCRA - Treatment, Storage and Disposal	Local Lists of Landfill / Solid Waste Disposal Sites SNDPV SANDPV
Lists of Federal RCRA generators RCRA-LOG	WINCH DDI
Generators) Federal institutional controls / engineering controls registries LUCIS	Local Lists of Hazardous waste / Contaminated Sites US HIST CDL

TC7410984.2s EXECUTIVE SUMMARY 3

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	PFAS WOP	i MRDS FIRIS GH RISK HISTORICAL RE Xclusive Records (GP (GP (SP (SP)) (SP)) (SP)) (SP)) (SP)) (SP)) (SP))	EDR RECOVERED GOVERNMENT ARCHIVES Exclusive Recovered Govt. Archives RGA HWS	Elevations have been determined from the USGS Digital Elevation Model and should be evaluated on an elative (not an absolut) basis. Relative elevation information between itses of close proximity an elated verified. Sites with an elevation equal to or higher than the target property have been differentiated below from sites with an elevation lower than the target property. Age numbers and map identification numbers refer to the EDR Radius Map report where detailed data on individual sites can be revewed. Sites listed in bold italics are in multiple databases. Unmappable (orphan) sites are not considered in the foregoing analysis.	Lists of state- and tribal hazardous waste facilities SHWS: The State Hazardous Waste Stee records are the states' equivalent to CERCLIS. These sites may or may not already be listed on the federal CERCLIS list. Priority sites planned for deanup using state
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	Local Land Records LIENS 2	Other Ascertainable Records RCRA MonGen / NLR	RMP Tisk Management This RAATS Risk Management This PAGS Potentially Responsible Parties PALS Potentially Responsible Parties PALS Pick Nation Tracking System FTTS Material Licensing Tracking System MLTS Naterial Licensing Tracking System Act/TSCA Tracking System Coal Combustion Residues Suitation Data COAL ASH EPA Coal Combustion Residues Suitation Data CALA SH FPA Coal Combustion Residues Suitation Data CALA SH FPA Coal Combustion Residues Suitation Database MIST FTTS FFRATISCA Tracking System RADINFO Rediation information Database HIST FTTS FFRATISCA Tracking System CONSENT Superturnel CERCLA, Consent Decrease CONSENT Superturd (CERCLA) Consent Decrease		

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TC7410984.2s EXECUTIVE SUMMARY 5

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

funds (state equivalent of Superfund) are identified along with sites where cleanup will be paid for by potentially responsible parties. The data come from the Department of Health.

A review of the SHWS list, as provided by EDR, and dated 11/22/2022 has revealed that there are 4 SHWS sites within approximately 1 mile of the target property.

Equal/Higher Elevation	Address	Direction / Distance	Map ID	Page
MECO POLE-MOUNT TRAN	1130 NAKUI ST	ENE 1/4 - 1/2 (0.454 mi.)	1	8
MECO TRANSFORMER 363	1159 MAKAWAO AVE	ENE 1/2 - 1 (0.527 mi.)	e	14
MAKAWAO ELEMENTARY S	3542 BALDWIN AVENUE	NE 1/2 - 1 (0.563 mi.)	A5	16
MECO POLE-MOUNT TRAN	BALDWIN AVE	NE 1/2 - 1 (0.584 mi.)	A6	17

Lists of state and tribal leaking storage tanks

LUST: The Leaking Underground Storage Tank Incident Reports contain an inventory of reported leaking underground storage tank incidents. The data come from the Department of Health's Active Leaking Underground Storage Tank Log Listing. A review of the LUST list, as provided by EDR, and dated 02/21/2023 has revealed that there is 1 LUST site within approximately 0.5 miles of the target property.

Page	6
Map ID	8
Direction / Distance Map ID Page	ENE 1/4 - 1/2 (0.470 mi.) 2
Address	1100 MAKAWAO AVE mpleted (NFA)
Equal/Higher Elevation	MINIT STOP MAKAWAO 11 Release ID: 00035 Facility 1d: 9-502183 Facility Status: Site Cleanup Completed (NFA)

ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL RECORDS

Other Ascertainable Records

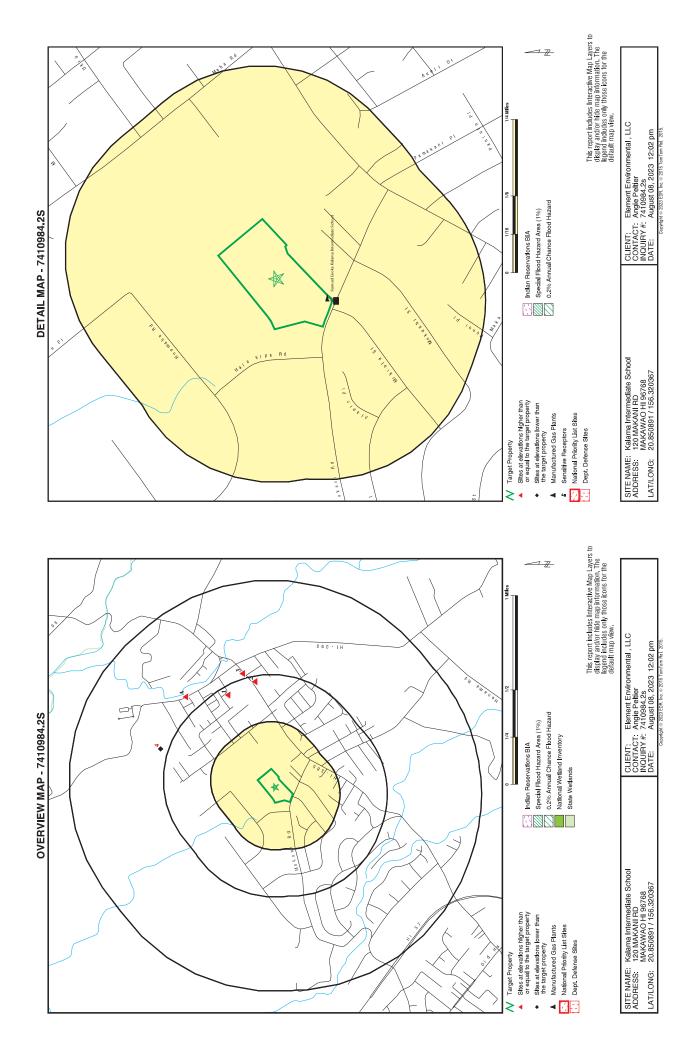
FUDS: The Listing includes locations of Formerly Used Defense Sites Properties where the US Army Corps Of Engineers is actively working or will take necessary clearup actions. A review of the FUDS list, as provided by EDR, and dated 05/08/2023 has revealed that there is 1 FUDS site within approximately 1 mile of the target property.

Map ID Page	4 15
Direction / Distance	NNE 1/2 - 1 (0.540 mi.)
Address	
Lower Elevation	MAKAWAO STATION HOSP

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

There were no unmapped sites in this report.



	M	MAP FINDINGS SUMMARY	INGS 8	SUMMAF	۲۲			
Database	Search Distance (Miles)	Target Property	< 1/8	1/8 - 1/4	1/4 - 1/2	1/2 - 1	× -	Total Plotted
INDIAN LUST	0.500		0	0	0	NR	NR	0
Lists of state and tribal registered storage tanks	egistered sto	rage tanks						
FEMA UST UST INDIAN UST	0.250 0.250 0.250		000	000	N N N N N N	R R R	N N N N N N	000
State and tribal institutional control / engines	nal ntrol registrie:	6						
ENG CONTROLS INST CONTROL	0.500		00	00	00	R R	R N R	00
Lists of state and tribal voluntary cleanup sites	oluntary clea	nup sites						
INDIAN VCP VCP	0.500		00	00	00	RN	R N R	00
Lists of state and tribal brownfield sites	prownfield site	Se						
BROWNFIELDS	0.500		0	0	0	NR	NR	0
ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL RECORDS	ITAL RECORDS							
Local Brownfield lists								
US BROWNFIELDS	0.500		0	0	0	NR	NR	0
Local Lists of Landfill / Solid Waste Disposal Sites	solid							
SWRCY INDIAN ODI DEBRIS REGION 9 DIAS ODENI DI MAS	0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500		00000	00000	00000	N N N N N	N N N N N N N N N N N	00000
Local Lists of Hazardous waste / Contaminated Sites	s waste /		0	0	5			0
US HIST CDL CDL US CDL	0.001 0.001 0.001		000	RN RN RN RN	R R R	R N N	N N N N N N	000
Local Land Records								
LIENS 2	0.001		0	NR	NR	NR	NR	0
Records of Emergency Release Reports	Release Repoi	ts						
HMIRS SPILLS SPILLS 90	0.001 0.001 0.001		000	R R R	N N N N N N	N N N N N N	N N N N N N	000
Other Ascertainable Records	ords							
RCRA NonGen / NLR FUDS DOD	0.250 1.000 1.000		000	000	N o o	N - 0	N N N N N N	0 - 0

	2	MAP FINDINGS	NGS S	SUMMARY	۲۲			
	Search							
Database	Distance (Miles)	Target Property	< 1/8	1/8 - 1/4	1/4 - 1/2	1/2 - 1	~	Total Plotted
STANDARD ENVIRONMENTAL RECORDS	TAL RECORDS							
Lists of Federal NPL (Superfund) sites	perfund) site.	s						
NPL Proposed NPL NPL LIENS	1.000 1.000 1.000		000	000	000	000	N N N N N N	000
Lists of Federal Delisted NPL sites	NPL sites							
Delisted NPL	1.000		0	0	0	0	NR	0
Lists of Federal sites subject to CERCLA removals and CERCLA orders	bject to CERCLA orde	rs						
FEDERAL FACILITY SEMS	0.500		00	00	00	N N N N	K K	00
Lists of Federal CERCLA sites with NFRAP	A sites with N	FRAP						
SEMS-ARCHIVE	0.500		0	0	0	NR	NR	0
Lists of Federal RCRA facilities undergoing Corrective Action	icilities iction							
CORRACTS	1.000		0	0	0	0	NR	0
Lists of Federal RCRA TSD facilities	SD facilities							
RCRA-TSDF	0.500		0	0	0	NR	NR	0
Lists of Federal RCRA generators	enerators							
RCRA-LQG RCRA-SQG RCRA-VSQG	0.250 0.250 0.250		000	000	N N N N N N	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	N N N N N N	000
Federal institutional controls / engineering controls registries	trols / jistries							
LUCIS US ENG CONTROLS US INST CONTROLS	0.500 0.500 0.500		000	000	000	N N N N N N	N N N	000
Federal ERNS list								
ERNS	0.001		0	NR	NR	NR	NR	0
Lists of state- and tribal hazardous waste facilities	S							
SHWS	1.000		0	0	-	с	NR	4
Lists of state and tribal landfills and solid waste disposal facilities	andfills I facilities							
SWF/LF	0.500		0	0	0	NR	NR	0
Lists of state and tribal leaking storage tanks	eaking storag	je tanks						
LUST	0.500		0	0	-	NR	NR	-

	2	MAP FINDINGS SUMMARY	INGS 8	SUMMAF	۲۲			
Database	Search Distance (Miles)	Target Property	< 1/8	1/8 - 1/4	1/4 - 1/2	1/2 - 1	-	Total Plotted
MINES MRDS PFAS TRIS	0.001 0.250		00	NN 0	NR NR	R N	NN NN	00
EDR HIGH RISK HISTORICAL RECORDS	ICAL RECORDS							
EDR Exclusive Records								
EDR MGP EDR Hist Auto EDR Hist Cleaner	1.000 0.125 0.125		000	0 N N N N	0 NN NN	o R R	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	000
EDR RECOVERED GOVERNMENT ARCHIVES	RNMENT ARCHIV	<u>/ES</u>						
Exclusive Recovered Govt. Archives	Govt. Archives							
RGA HWS RGA LF RGA LUST	0.001 0.001 0.001		000	N N N N N N N N N	N N N	R R R	N N N N N N N N N	000
- Totals		0	0	0	5	4	0	Q
NOTES:								
TP = Target Property NR = Not Requested at this Search Distance	at this Search Di	stance						
Sites may be listed in more than one database	more than one d	atabase						

Ъ

	Total Plotted	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
	× -	${\scriptstyle \times} \overset{\scriptstyle \times}{\scriptstyle \times} \overset{\scriptstyle \times}{$
	1/2 - 1	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
۲۲	1/4 - 1/2	。~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
SUMMAF	1/8 - 1/4	° ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
INGS 8	< 1/8	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
MAP FINDINGS SUMMARY	Target Property	
Z	Search Distance (Miles)	0.500 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.00001 0.0001 0.0001 0.0001 0.0001 0.0001 0.0001 0.0001 0.0001 0.0001 0.0001 0.0001 0.0001 0.0001 0.0001 0.0001 0.0001 0.0001 0.00000000
	Database	SCRD DRYCLEANERS 0.500 USE IN ASSUR 0.001 EFA WATCH LIST 0.001 Z020 COR ACTION 0.256 TRIS 0.001 STS 0.001 STS 0.001 ROD 0.0

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EDR ID Number Database(s) EPA ID Number	er No. 6159 er No. 6159 In No. 6159 er No. 6159 In U001236824 In U001236824 In U001236824
MAP FINDINGS	FINAL SCORMER NO. 6159 (Continued) Mark/MAC, HI 95768 Mark/MAC, HI 95768 Mark/MAC, HI 95768 Mark/MAC, HI 957768 Mark/MAC, HI 95768 Mark/MAC, HI 95768 Mark/MAC, HI 95768 Mark/MAC, HI 95768 Mark/MAC, HI 95768 Not reported Not
Sie	MECO POLE-MOUNT TRANSFORMER NO. 6159 (Continued) Cary, State. Zp:: MAKANAO. Hi Island. Supplemental Loc. Text: Maid Maid Case Number: 20080625-1149 Facility Registry ID: Not reported Lead and Program: Not reported Lead and Program: Not reported Activity Type: REAR Less Of Greater Than: Not reported Activity Lead: Not reported Activity Lead: Not reported Result: Substances: Liz Calvez Activity Lead: Not reported Result: Substances: Not reported Result: Substances: Not reported Result: Substances: Not reported Not reported Nater Not reported Result: Reported Result: Substances: Not reported Result: Reported Result: Reported Nater Not reported Result: Reported Resones Date: Not reported Resones Date: Not reported Resones Condition Needed: Not reported Resones Activity Interported Resones Date: Not reported Resones Condition Needed: Not reported Resones Condition Needed: Not reported Condition Needed: Not reported Resones Condition Needed: Not reported Resones Condition Needed: Not reported Resones Condition Needed: Not reported Condition Needed: Not reported Resones Condition Needed: Not reported Resones Activity Presported Resones Condition Needed: Not reported Resones Mater Resonery: Not reported Resones Condition Needed: Not reported Resones Condition Needed: Not reported Condition Needed: Not reported Resoned Resonery: Not reported Resoned Con: Not reported Resoned Con: Not reported Resoned Resonery: Not reported Resoned Resonery: Not reported Resoned Resonery: Not reported Resoned Cons. Not reported Resoned Resonery: Not reported Resonery: Not reported Reso
Map ID Direction Distance Elevation	2 E E 0.470 mi. 14-12 2.431 ft. Relative: Relative: Actual: 1640 ft.
MAP FINDINGS Database(s) EPA ID Number	BILLS BILLS <td< th=""></td<>
Ste	MECO POLE-MOUNT TRANSFORMER NO. 6159 MAXAWAO, HI 96768 Annes: Name: Name: Annes: Address: CutyState Zip: Supplemental Location: Environmental Interest: HID Number: Program: Project Manager: Program: Pr
Map ID Direction Distance Elevation	1 ENE 0.454 ml. 2337 ft. Actuali: 1587 ft.

	EDR ID Number EPA ID Number		U001236824																																															
	Database(s)																																																	
MAP FINDINGS			ontinued)	R-1 05/20/1990	Permanently Out of Use	03/01/1994	3000	Gasoline	MINIT STOP MAKAWAO	1100 MAKAWAO AVE	MAKAWAO, HI 96768	1.2	05/20/1990	Permanently Out of Use	03/01/1994	3000 Gasoline		MINIT STOP MAKAWAO			R-2	05/20/1990	Permanently Out of Use	3000	Gasoline		MINIT STOP MAKAWAO	MAKAWAO AVE MAKAWAO. HI 96768		R-2		D3/01/1994	3000	Gasoline	OVINVAN GOTS TIMIM	1100 MAKAWAO AVE	MAKAWAO, HI 96768		R-3	Downsonativ Out of Ico		6000	Gasoline		MINI STOP MAKAWAO			R-3	05/21/1990	
Map ID Direction	Distance Elevation Site		MINIT STOP MAKAWAO (Continued)	Tank ID: Date Installed:	Tank Status:	Date Closed:	Tank Capacity:	Substance:	Name:	Address:	City,State,Zip:	Tank ID.	Date Installed:	Tank Status:	Date Closed:	Tank Capacity: Substance:		Name:	Address:	City, Jtate, Zh.	Tank ID:	Date Installed:	Date Closed:	Tank Capacity:	Substance:	:	Name:	City State Zio:		Tank ID:	Date Installed:	Date Closed:	Tank Capacity:	Substance:	Name	Address	City,State,Zip:		Tank ID:	Take filstalled.	Date Closed:	Tank Capacity:	Substance:		Name:	City State Zin:	Ciry, State, Zip.	Tank ID:	Date Installed:	
	EDR ID Number Database(s) EPA ID Number		U001236824																																															
MAP FINDINGS					MINIT STOP MAKAWAO	MAKAWAO. HI 96768	9-502183	MAUI PETROLEUM	385 Hukilike St.	Makawao, 96/68 96/68 20 9 523 2200 000 0000	-156.31171900000001	NAD83	GPS		02/01/1996	Currently In Use	Not reported	10000 Gasohol		MINIT STOP MAKAWAO	1100 MAKAWAO AVE MAKAWAO HI 96768		1	02/01/1996	Currently In Use	10000	Gasohol		MINIT STOP MAKAWAO	MAKAWAO HI 96768		2	02/01/1996	Currently in Use Not reported	10000	Gasohol	O ANNA VAMA OTTO TIMIM		MAKAWAO, HI 96768		2	02/01/1996	Currently in Use Not reported	10000	Gasohol		MINIT STOP MAKAWAO	1100 MAKAWAO AVE MAKAWAO, HI 96768		
	Site		MINIT STOP MAKAWAO (Continued)	UST:	Name:	City. State Zip:	Facility ID:	Owner:	Owner Address:	Owner City,St,ZIp:	Lonaitude:	Horizontal Reference Datum Name:	Horizontal Collection Method Name:	E Store	Date Installed:	Tank Status:	Date Closed:	I ank Capacity: Substance:		Name:	Address: City Stata Zin:		Tank ID:	Date Installed:	Tank Status:	Tank Capacity:	Substance:	:	Name:	Audress. City State Zip:		Tank ID:	Date Installed:	Lank Status: Date Closed:	Tank Capacity:	Substance:	Name -	Address .	City, State, Zip:		Tank ID:	Date Installed:	Date Closed:	Tank Capacity:	Substance:		Name:	Address: City State Zip:		

TC7410984.2s Page 10

Map ID Direction Distance Elevation

EDR ID Number EPA ID Number	U00 123 568224
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EDR ID Number Database(s) EPA ID Number	D00138824
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Generation Section	Refution Section <), HI 96768			Nature of Residual Contamination:	Not reported
Turner Turner<	Name Construction					Use Restrictions:	No Hazard Present For Unrestricted Residential Use
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Turnenting Solution	Martin Social Constrained Constraine Constrained Cons), HI 96768			Project Manager:	Richard Palmer
Trive Rute Formery Control for Careford Control for	Triversi memoral data data data data data data data da					Contact Information:	(808) 586-4249 2385 Waimano Home Kd, Pearl City, HI 96/82
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Registry Identifier: Not reported Eligibility: gency: HEER Office Has Projects m: State Manager: m: State Manager: m: Rtaad Patter Has Projects Rhanager: Rhand Patter Has Projects Rholing: NrL Status: NrL Status: And controls: N HA Project Required: Rholing: NrL Status: Resture Description: Not reported Project Required: Environmental Interest Name: Not reported Registry Identifier: Registry Identifier: Not reported HEER Office Registry Identifier: HEER Office HEER Office	Registry Identifier: Morreported Eligibility: Manager: Morreported Eligibility: HEER Office Manager: State Forders State River Ratard Palmer NPL Status: NPL Statu	HID Number:	Not reported				https://fudsportal.usace.army.mil/ems/inventory/map?id=55755
m. State with a st	m: State minimum of the second minimum of th	Facility Registry Identifier: Lead Arency:	Not reported HEFR Office				Eligible No
Manager: Richard Palmer I Project Required: I Project Required: I Project Required: I Project Required: Feature Description: Environmental Interest Name: Not Project Required: Environmental Interest Name: Not Properties Maid Environmental Interest Name: State Maid Provided Registry Identifier: Not reported Not reported Maid Provided Report, HER Office Gency.	I.Manager: Richard Palmer I Prodis: NA I Prodis: NA I Hazard And Controls: No Hazard Maui Environmental Interest Name: Macu Environmental Interest Name: Not reported Registry Identifier: Not reported Registry Identifier: HEER Office gency: HEER Office	Program:	State				Not reported
Priority: NFA Feature Description: al Hazards And Controls: No Hazard Environmental Interest Name: MECO Transformer 3633 minber: Not reported Registry Identifier: Not reported Gency: HEER Office	l Priotity: NFA I Hazards And Controls: NFA I Hazards And Controls: No Hazard Maui Imber: MECO Transformer 3633 Maui Registry Identifier: Natreported gency: HEER Office	Project Manager:	Richard Palmer				No
lal Hazards And Controls: No Hazard Environmental Interest Name: MECO Transformer 3633 Imber: Not reported Registry Identifier: Not reported Gency: HEER Office	al Hazards And Controls: No Hazard Environmental Interest Name: Meui miber: Not reported Registry Identifier: Not reported gency: HEER Office	Hazard Priority:	NFA				The Army converted 3 existing school buildings into a mess hall,
Environmental Interest Name: Maui Registry Identifier: Nor reported gency: HEER Office	Environmental Interest Name: Maui mber: Not reported Registry Identifier: Not reported gency: HEER Office	Potential Hazards And Controls:	No Hazard				morgue, and nurses quarters. A large red cross was placed on the rook
MECo Transformer 3833 Not reported Not reported HEER Office	MECD Transformer 3633 Not reported Not reported HEER Office	Island:	Maui				of one building. Site was also known as the 22nd hospital, 8th
ty Identifier: Nat reported HEER Office HEER Office	ty Identifier: Not reported HER Office HER Office	SDAR Environmental Interest Name:	MECO Transformer 3633				statsion hospital, and Makawao School. The site was returned to
Not reported HEER Office	Natreported HEER Office	HID Number:	Not reported				Territory of Hawaii shortly before the Japanese surrender. Site is
HEER Office	HEER Office	Facility Registry Identifier:	Not reported				still a school. One building containing the morgue was demo lished. A
		Lead Agency:	HEER Office				site visit on May 1, 1992 did not reveal any environmental hazards.

EDR ID Number EPA ID Number	S12140 5971 S12628 2974 N.A.
MAP FINDINGS) Not reported Mau Not reported Not repo
Site	MAXAWAD ELEMENTARY SCHOOL (Continued) Is upplemental Location: Not registry Environmental Interest. Montree Environmental Interest. Manual Environmental Interest Name: Not registry Program: Post Manager: Not registry Identifier: PPA/SI Program: SDAR Environmental Interest Name: Not registry Program: Program: Not registry Identifier: Program: Not registry Program: Program: Not registry Identifier: Program: Not registry Program: Program: Not registry Identifier: Program: Not registry Interest Name: Not registry Program: Not registry Interest Name: Not registry Program: Not registry Interest Name: Not registry
Map ID Direction Distance Elevation	A6 NR 1/2-1 0.554 mi. 3054 mi. 3054 mi. 3054 mi. 1/2-1 1/2-1 1/3-1
EDR ID Number Database(s) EPA ID Number	1024902029 SHWS S121406971 NAL Rd. Peerl City, HI 96782 Pital, FUDS No. H09H1020600,
MAP FINDINGS	1024002 20.8557222 1-66.3172222 1-66.3172222 1-66.3172222 1-56.3172222 1-56.3172222 1-56.3172222 1-56.3172222 1-56.3172222 1-56.317222 1-56.317222 1-56.317222 1-56.317222 1-56.317222 1-56.31722 1-56.31722 1-56.31720 1-56.41249 1-56
Site	MAXAWAO STATION HOSPITAL (continued) Latitude:
Map ID Direction Distance Elevation	A5 NE-1 0.553 mi. 2.374 ft. Higher Higher 1572 ft.

Map ID Direction Distance Elevation Site

EDR ID Number Database(s) EPA ID Number

MAP FINDINGS

MECO POLE-MOUNT TRANSFORMER NO. 6259 (Continued)

S126282974

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	ard Priority:	Not reported
	ential Hazards And Controls:	Not reported
	nd:	Maui
	AR Environmental Interest Name:	Not reported
	Number:	Not reported
	ility Registry Identifier:	Not reported
	d Agency:	HEER Office
	ential Hazard And Controls:	Not reported
	ority:	Not reported
	essment:	Not reported
	sponse:	Not reported
	ure of Contamination:	Not reported
	ure of Residual Contamination:	Not reported
	e Restrictions:	Not reported
	jineering Control:	Not reported
	scription of Restrictions:	Not reported
	itutional Control:	Not reported
	hin Designated Areawide Contamination:	Not reported
	Closure Type:	Not reported
	sument Date:	Not reported
	sument Number:	Not reported
	sument Subject:	Not reported
	ject Manager:	Not reported
siption:	ntact Information:	Not reported
siption:	sility ID:	2485
	ation Description:	Baldwin Ave
	Public:	True
	date On:	02/14/2020
	itude:	20.857818
	igitude:	-156.312967
	Ses:	MECO Pole Mount Transformer 6259
	tus Name:	NFA



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GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CURRENCY TRACKING	GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CURRENCY TRACKING
To maintain currency of the following federal and state databases, EDR contacts the appropriate governmental agency on a monthly or quartery basis, as required.	Date of Government Version: 10/15/1991 Source: EPA Date Data Arrived at EDR: 02/02/1994 Telephone: 202-564-1267
Number of Days to Update: Provides confirmation that EDR is reporting records that have been updated within 90 days from the date the government agency made the information available to the public.	Dete Made Active in Reports: 03/3/0/1994 Last EDR Contact 19/15/0/11 Number of Days to Update: 56 Data Rebearded EDR Contact: 11/28/2011 Data Rebeare Frequency, Nu Update Planned
STANDARD ENVIRONMENTAL RECORDS	Lists of Federal Delisted NPL sites
Lists of Faderal NPL (Superfund) sites NPL: National Phonity List National Phonities List (Superfund). The NPL is a subset of CERCLIS and identifies over 1,200 sites for priority dearup under the Superfund Program. NPL sites may encompass relatively large areas. As such, EDR provides polygon	Delisted NPL: National Priority List Deletions The National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (NCP) establishes the criteria that the EPL where no further response is appropriate. Date of Government Version: 06/22/2023 Source: EPA
coverage for over 1.000 NPL site boundaries produced by EPA's Environmental Photographic Interpretation Center (EPIC) and regional EPA offices. Date of Government Version: 66/52/223 Sources: EPA Date Made Active in Reports: 07/24/2023 Last EPA contact. 08/02/2023 Number of Days to Uppedie: 15 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 10/09/2023	novak
Data Ketease Frequency. Quarteny NPL Site Boundaries Sources:	FEDERAL FACILITY: Federal Facility Site information listing A listing of hational Priority List (NPL) and Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) sites found in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compresation and Lebilly Information System (CERCLIS) Database where EPA Federal Facilities Restoration and Reuse Office is involved in denugu participant System (CERCLIS) Database where EPA Federal Facilities
mental Photographic Interpretatio 2-564-7333	Date of Government Version: 03/26/2023 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Date Data Arrived at EDR: 03/28/2023 Telephone: 703-603-8704
-918-1143	Date Made Active in Reports: 05/30/2023 Last EDR Contact: 06/23/2023 Number of Days to Update: 63 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 10/09/2023
EPA Region 3 EPA Region 7 Telephone 215-614-5418 Telephone: 913-651-7247	Data Nerease Frequency: Varies SEMS: Sunefind Enterroise Management System
EPA Region 4 EPA Region 8 Telephone 404-562-8033 Telephone: 303-312-6774	SENS (Superfund Eithernise Management System) tracks hazardous waste sites, potentially hazardous waste sites, and remedial activities performed in support of EPA's Superfund Program across the United States. The list was
EPA Region 5 EPA Region 9 Telephone 312-886-6686 Telephone: 415-947-4246	tomerly know as CERCLIS, renamed to SEMS by the EPA in 2015. The list contains data on potentially hazardous waste sites that have been reported to the USEPA by states, municipalities, private companies and private persons, pursuant to Section 103 of the Comprehensive Environmental Resconse. Compensation, and Liabitiv Act (CERCLA).
EPA Region 10 Telephone 206-553-8665	This dataset also contains sites which are either proposed to or on the National Priorities List (NPL) and the sites which are in the screening and assessment phase for possible inclusion on the NPL.
Proposed NPL: Proposed National Priority List Siles A sile that has been proposed for lishing on the National Priorities List through the issuance of a proposed rule in the Federal Register. EAr them accepts public comments for lishing on the site, responds to the comments, and places on the NL. Those siles that continue to meet the requirements for lishing.	Date of Government Version: 06122/2023 Source: EPA Date Data Arrived at EPR: 07/06/2023 Telephone: 800-424-9346 Date Made Active in Reports: 707/24/2023 Last ERR Contact: 08/02/2023 Number of Days to Update: 18 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 10/29/2023 Data Release Frequency: Quanterly
Date of Government Version: 06/22/2023 Sources: EPA Date Date Arrived at EDR: 07/06/2023 Telephone: NA Date Made Active in Reports: 07/24/2023 Last EDR contact 08(0/2/2023 Number of Days to Update: 18 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly	LISIS OF Federal CERCLA sites with NFKAP SEMS-ARCHIVE: Superfund Enterprise Management System Archive
NPL LIENS: Federal Superfund Liens Federal Superfund Liens. Under the authority granted the USEPA by CERCLA of 1980, the USEPA has the authority to file lens against real property in order to recover remedial action expenditures or when the property owner received notification of potential liability. USEPA compiles a listing of filed notices of Superfund Liens.	
TC73110864.2 = Pare CB-1	Tr7711084.06 Dave CD.2

GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CURRENCY TRACKING	RCRA-SDG: RCRA - Small Quantity Generators RCRAInfo is ERA's comprehensive information system, providing access to data supporting the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) of 1976 and the Hzazdous and Solid Waste Harmonthens (HSWA) of 1980. The database includes selective information on size which generate that sport, store, itest and/or dispose of hzazdous waste a defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). Small quantity generators (SOGs) generate includes selective information on and Recovery Act (RCRA). Small quantity generators (SOGs) generate between 100 kg and 1.00 kg of hzazdous waste per month. Date of Government Version. 03/06/2023 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Date of Government Version. 03/06/2023 Source: Environmental Protection Agency (RCRA) of 1991. Date of Government Version. 03/06/2023 Telephone: (14) 495-8985. Date Made Active in Report: 03/202023 Date of Government Version. 03/06/2023 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Date Date and Active in Report: 03/202023 Telephone: (14) 495-8985. Date of Government Version. 03/06/2023 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 10/02/2023 Leateralor Date of Government Version. 03/06/2023 Telephone: (17) 4073/13/2023 Leateralor RCRA.VSGC: RCRA.Very Small Quantity Generators. RCRA.VSGC: RCRA.Very Small Quantity Generators. RCRA.VSGC: RCRA.Very Small Quantity Generators. Data Release Frequency. Quantery Merculeose selective information and Recovery Act (RCRA). Very small quantity generators. RCRA.VSGC: RCRA.Very Small Quant	Test and Lee Contraction State and Home Navy Base Realighment and Closure properties Test Des Contraction State and Home Navy Base Realighment and Closure properties Test Des Contraction State Animation Detaction pertaining to the Navy Base Realighment and Closure properties Test Des Constructions Filter (SS) 2023 Source: Desament of the Navy Base Realighment and Closure Desament of the Navy Base Active in Reports: 07742033 Test Desamed Active in Reports: 07742033 Test Behone: 634360-73503 Test Mark Contraction State (SS) 2023 Test Behone: 7744503 Test State Realized ERN Contract: 11/202023 Test Realized ERN Contract: 11/202023 Test Real Contract: 11/202023 Test Realized ERN Contract: 11/202023 Test Realized Contract: 11/202023 Test Realized ERN Contract: 11/202023 Test Realized Contract: 11/202023 Source: Environmental Protection Agence Test Realized Contract: 10/2023 Test Realized ERN Contract: 10/2023 Test Realized Contract: 10/2023 Test Realized ERN Contract: 10/2023 Test Realized ERN Contract: 10/2023 Test Realized ERN Contract: 10/2023 Test Realized France Contract: 10/2023 Test Realized ERN Contract: 10/2023 Test Realized France Contract: 10/2023 Test Realized ERN Contract: 10/2023 Test Realized France Contract: 10/2023 Test Realised Fradonerolice Realized Contract: 10/2023
GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CURRENCY TRACKING	SEMS-ARCHIVE (Superfund Enterprise Management System Archive) tracks sites that have no further interest under the Federal Superfund Enterprise Management System Archive) tracks sites that have no further interest under the Federal Superfund Program based on available for formation. The list was formerly known as the CERCLIS-MRAP, remarked in SEMS ARCHIVE by the EPA in 2015. EPA may perform an imitmal level of assessment work at a late while it is archived from the neuroncy of SEMS sites. Archived status inducates that, but has been removed and activations for profities List (NPL), unless information in further staps will be taken to list the sessensment at a site has been completed and that EPA has determined to further staps will be taken to list the and errorsolications require a recommediation for listing at a late firm. The decision was not appropriate or other considerations require a recommediation for listing at a late firm. The decision was not appropriate or other considerations require a recommediation for listing at a late firm. The decision does not necessarily mean that there is no fuzzard sascolidade with a given site. Only means that based upon available information, the location is not judged to be potential NPL site. Date of Government Version: 06/22/2023 Source: EPA Date of Government Version: 06/22/2023 Source: EPA Date Date Anrived at EDR: 07/06/2023 Source: EPA Date of Date in Reports: 07/24/2023 Last EDR Contract: 00/30/2023 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly Lists of Federal RCRA facilities undergoing Corrective Action CORRACTS. Geneties Hazendous waste handlers with RCPA corrective action activity. Date Of Government Version Redorations and EDR contract: 00/31/2023 Data Data Release Frequency: Quarterly Lists of Federal RCRA facilities undergoing Corrective action Conrective Action </td <td>Lists of Federal RCA TSD factifies Excention interment, strange and Disposal RCMA-TSPF: RCMA-1 reament, Strange and Disposal ERRAs compenhensive information system, providing access to date supporting the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (FCRAy) of 1976 and the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments (HSWA) of 1984. The database is defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (FCRAy). Transport is one interval to strate an individuals or entities has a defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (FCRA). Transport is no individuals or entities has a defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (FCRA). Transport is no individuals or entities has a defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (FCRA). Transport is no individuals or entities has a defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (FCRA). Transport is no individual or entities has a defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (FCRA). Transport is no individual or entities has a defined by the Resource Context and and act (10,022022). Talephone: (11) Bate Of Government Version: 03062023 Date of Government Version: 03062023 Taket DRC Contract: (10,13/1023) Date of Days to Update: 11 Date Reprises of the wasts. Number of Days to Update: 11 Date Reprises of the accound of Act (CRA). Just generate (1000 Klogram (16) (Act Act (CRA). Just generate (1000 Klogram (16) (Act Act (CRA). Just generate (1000 Klogram (16) (Act Act (CRA). Just generate (1000 Klogram (10) (Act (CRA). Just genound (10) (Act (CRA). Just generate (1000 Klogram (10) Update. 11</td>	Lists of Federal RCA TSD factifies Excention interment, strange and Disposal RCMA-TSPF: RCMA-1 reament, Strange and Disposal ERRAs compenhensive information system, providing access to date supporting the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (FCRAy) of 1976 and the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments (HSWA) of 1984. The database is defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (FCRAy). Transport is one interval to strate an individuals or entities has a defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (FCRA). Transport is no individuals or entities has a defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (FCRA). Transport is no individuals or entities has a defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (FCRA). Transport is no individuals or entities has a defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (FCRA). Transport is no individual or entities has a defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (FCRA). Transport is no individual or entities has a defined by the Resource Context and and act (10,022022). Talephone: (11) Bate Of Government Version: 03062023 Date of Government Version: 03062023 Taket DRC Contract: (10,13/1023) Date of Days to Update: 11 Date Reprises of the wasts. Number of Days to Update: 11 Date Reprises of the accound of Act (CRA). Just generate (1000 Klogram (16) (Act Act (CRA). Just generate (1000 Klogram (16) (Act Act (CRA). Just generate (1000 Klogram (16) (Act Act (CRA). Just generate (1000 Klogram (10) (Act (CRA). Just genound (10) (Act (CRA). Just generate (1000 Klogram (10) Update. 11

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GOVERNMENT RECORDS 5	GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CURRENCY TRACKING	GOVERNMENT RECORDS	GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CURRENCY TRACKING
Federal ERNS list		INDIAN LUST K5: Leaking Underground Storage Lanks on Indian Land Leaking underground storage tanks located on Indian Land in Mich	∧N LUST RS: Leaking Underground Storage I anks on Indian Land Leaking underground storage tanks located on Indian Land in Michtgan, Minnesota and Wisconsin.
ERNS: Emergency Response Notification System. Emergency Response Notification System. E substances.	. Emergency Response Notification System Emergency Response Notification System. ERNS records and stores information on reported releases of oil and hazardous substances.	Date of Government Version: 04/14/2023 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 05/09/2023 Date Made Active in Reports: 07/14/2023	Source: EPA, Region 5 Telephone: 31-286-7439 Last EDR Contact: 07/17/2023
Date of Government Version: 03/20/2023 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 03/21/2023 Date Made Active in Reports: 05/30/2023	Source: National Response Center, United States Coast Guard Telephone: 2022-567-3100 Lat EDR contract 06/20/2023	Number of Days to Update: 66	Next Scheduled EDR Contact 10/30/2023 Data Release Frequency: Varies
Number of Days to Update: 70	Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 10/02/2023 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly	INDIAN LUST R9: Leaking Underground Storage Tanks on Indian Land LUSTs on Indian land in Arizona, California, New Mexico and Nevada	Tanks on Indian Land New Mexico and Nevada
Lists of state- and tribal hazardous waste facilities	je s	Date of Government Version: 04/19/2023 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 05/09/2023	Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 415-972-3372
SHWS: Sites List Facilities, sites or areas in which the Office of Hazard Evaluation and Emeri hvestigated or may investigate under HFS 728D (includes CERCLIS sites)	 Siles List instantes, siles or areas in which the Office of Hazard Evaluation and Emergency Response has an interest, has investigated or may investigate under HRS 128D (includes CERCLIS siles). 	Date Made Active in Reports: 07/14/2023 Nurmber of Days to Update: 66	Last EIX confact ////2023 Last EIX confact ////2023 Data Release Frequency: Varies
Date of Government Version: 11/22/2022 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 03/07/2023	Source: Department of Health Telephone: 808-586-4249	INDIAN LUST R8: Leaking Underground Storage Tanks on Indian Land LUSTs on Indian land in Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South I	.N LUST R8: Leaking Underground Storage Tanks on Indian Land LUSTs on Indian land in Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah and Wyoming.
Date Made Active in Keports: U5/24/2023 Number of Days to Update: 78	Last EUN Confact: 00/08/2/23 Schedulde FOR Confact 20/08/2/22 Data Release Frequency: Semi-Annualy	Date of Government Version: 04/19/2023 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 05/09/2023 Date Made Active in Reports: 07/14/2023	Source: EPA Region 8 Telephone: 302-3271 1 Last EDR Contact 07/17/2023
Lists of state and tribal landfills and solid waste disposal facilities	disposal facilities	Number of Days to Update: 66	Next Scheduled EDR Contact 10/30/2023 Data Release Frequency: Varies
SWF/LF: Permitted Landfills in the State of Hawaii Solid Waste Facilities/Landfill Sites. SWF/LF facilities or landfills in a particular state. Depe	LE: Permited Landfills in the State of Hawaii Solid Vastes Featiliest Landfills in SWPLF Properecords typically contain an inventory of solid waste disposal Receilies or almortilis in a particular state. Depending on the state, these may be active or mactive facilities	INDIAN LUST R7: Leaking Underground Storage Tanks on Indian Land LUSTs on Indian land in Iowa, Kansas, and Nebraska	Tanks on Indian Land Vebraska
or open dumps that failed to meet RCRA Sub sites.	title D Section 4004 criteria for solid waste landfills or disposal	Date of Government Version: 04/25/2023 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 05/09/2023	Source: EPA Region 7 Telephone: 913-551-7003
Date of Government Version: 03/22/2023 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 03/29/2023 Date Made Active in Reports: 06/13/2023	Source: Department of Health Telephone: 808-586-4245 Last EDR Contact: 06(2)7/2023	Date Made Active in Reports: 07/14/2023 Number of Days to Update: 66	Last EDR Contact 07/17/2023 Next Scheduled EDR Contact 10/30/2023 Data Release Frequency: Varies
Number of Days to Update. /o	Next schedued ELNK contact: U/U∠2∠0∠5 Data Release Frequency: Varies	INDIAN LUST R10: Leaking Underground Storage Tanks on Indian Land LUSTs on Indian land in Alaska, Idaho, Oregon and Washington.	e Tanks on Indian Land on and Washington.
Lists of state and tribal leaking storage tanks		Date of Government Version: 04/20/2023 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 05/09/2023	Source: EPA Region 10 Telephone: 206-553-2857
LUST: Leaking Underground Storage Tank Database Leaking Underground Storage Tank Incident Rer storage tank incidents. Not all states maintain the	: Leaking Underground Storage Tank Database Leaking Underground Storage Tank Incident Reports. LUST records contain an inventory of reported leaking underground storage tank incidents. Not all states maintain these records, and the information stored varies by state.	Date Made Active in Reports: 07/14/2023 Number of Days to Update: 66	Last EDR Contact 07/17/2023 Next Scheduled EDR Contact 10/30/2023 Data Release Frequency: Varies
Date of Government Version: 02/21/2023 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 03/01/2023 Date Made Arrive in Renords: 05/10/2023	Source: Department of Health Telephone: 808-566-428 Last FDAmaré (1222/073	INDIAN LUST R1: Leaking Underground Storage Tanks on Indian Land A listing of leaking underground storage tank locations on Indian Land.	Tanks on Indian Land Llocations on Indian Land.
Date made Addre III Nepolis, 03/19/2023 Number of Days to Update: 79	reas EDN Konteat: 17:52-2016 Next Schedude EDR Contact: 090.4/2023 Data Release Frequency: Semi-Annualy	Date of Government Version: 04/20/2023 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 05/09/2023 Data Arriva in Encorder: 07/14/2023	Source: EPA Region 1 Telephone: 61/21/313 Telephone: 67/21/2003
INDIAN LUST R6: Leaking Underground Storage Tanks on Indian Land LUSTs on Indian land in New Mexico and Oklahoma.	änks on indian Land ahoma.	Number of Days to Update: 66	Next Schedue EDR Contact : 10/30/2023 Next Schedue EDR Contact : 10/30/2023 Data Release Frequency: Varies
Date of Government Version: 04/26/2023 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 05/09/2023 Date Made Active in Reports: 07/14/2023	Source: EPARegion 6 Telephone: 214-655-6597 EIER Contract 071/17/203	INDIAN LUST R4: Leaking Underground Storage Tanks on Indian Land LUSTs on Indian land in Florida, Mississippi and North Carolina.	Tanks on Indian Land and North Cartolina.
Number of Days to Updale: 66	Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 10/30/2023 Data Release Frequency, Varies	Date of Government Version: 04/20/2023 Date Data Arrived at ERP: 05/09/2023 Date Made Active in Reports: 07/14/2023 Number of Days to Update: 66	Source: EPA Region 4 Telephone: 404-52-8877 Last EDK Contact: 05/09/2023 Next Scheduled EDK Contact: 10/30/2023 Data Release Frequency: Varies

GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CURRENCY TRACKING	1900 ADD (B)
GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CURRENCY TRACKING	<section-header> Heat Product State Sta</section-header>

Lists of state and tribal voluntary cleanup sites		
	Local Lists of Landfill / Solid Waste Disposal Sites	saj
VCF: voluntary vesponse Program sues Siles participating in the Voluntary Response Program. The purpose of the VRP is to streamfine the cleanup process In a way that will encourage prospective developers, lenders, and purchasers to voluntarity deanup properties.	SWKUY: Solid Waste Recycling imormation A failing of recycling and drop-of facilities located in Hawaii	ated in Hawaii. Source: Dependence of Loodity.
Date of Government Version: 11/22/2022 Source: Department of Health Date Data Arrived at EDR: 03/07/2023 Telephone: 088-588-543-2439 Date Arrive in Renorts: 05/201703 1 = 11 ETIDR Contrast-106/08/2012	Date Of Josef Termiter IV restor. USY 44-2022 Date Data Antived at EDR: 09/28/2022 Date Made Active in Report Number of Date for Under 2	Souce Detaminien on realin Telephone: 808-858-4226 Lest EDR Contact, 701/37/2023 Lest EDR Contact, 71/17/37/32
		Data Release Frequency: Varies
INDIAN VCP R1: Voluntary Cleanup Priority Listing A listino of voluntary cleanup riority sties located on Indian Land located in Reation 1	INUKIN OUT: Report on the status of Open Dumps on Indian Lands Location of open dumps on Indian land.	s on Indian Lands
Date of Coverment Version (7/27/2015) Sources TeA, Region 1 Date of Coverment VERSion (7/27/2015) Telephone: 617-918-1102 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/18/2016 Last EDR Contact: 06/13/2023 Number of Days to Update: 142 Deconded EDR Contact: 06/13/2023	Date of Covernment Versen 17/3/1/998 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/3/2007 Date Made Active in Reports: 01/24/2008 Number of Days to Update: 52	Source: Environmental Protection Agency Teleptone: 703-08245 Last EDR Contact: 07/19/2023 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 11/06/2023 Data Release Frequency: Varies
NDJAN VCP R7: Voluntary Cleanup Priority Lisiting A listing of voluntary cleanup priority sites botated on Indian Land located in Region 7.	DEBRIS REGION 9: Torres Martinez Reservation Illegal Dump Site Locations A listing of lilegal dump sites location on the Torres Martinez Indian Rese County and northern Imperial County, California.	IS REGION 9: Torres Martinez Reservation Illegal Dump Site Locations A listing of illegal dump sites location on the Torres Martinez Indian Reservation located in eastern Riverside County and northern Imperial County, California.
Date of Government Version: 03/20/2008 Sources: EPA, Region 7 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 04/22/2008 Telephone: 913-551-7365 Date Made Active in Reports: 05/19/2008 Last EDR Contact: 07/08/2021 Number of Days to Update: 27 Data Release Frequencry. Varies	Date of Government Version: 01/12/2009 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 05/07/2009 Date Made Active in Reports: 09/21/2009 Number of Days to Update: 137	Source: EPA, Region 9 Telephone: 415-947-4219 Last EDR Contact 0711/12023 Next Schedued EDR Contact 10/30/2023 Data Reeses Frequency: No Update Planned
Lists of state and tribal brownfield sites	ODI: Open Dump Inventory	
BROWNFIELDS: Brownfields Sites	An open dump is defined as a disposal fadility Subtitle D Criteria.	An open dump is defined as a disposal facility that does not comply with one or more of the Part 257 or Part 258 Subtitle D Criteria.
With certain legal exclusions and additions, the term "brownfield stie" means real property, the expansion, redevelopment, or reuse of which may be complicated by the presence or potential presence of a hazardous substance, pollutant, or contaminant.	Date of Government Version: 06/30/1965 Date Data Arrive at EDR 2009/2004 Date Marka Arriva in Enzonete not/27004	Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 800-424-33046 Lost From Control: Action 2000
Date of Government Version: 11/22/2022 Source: Department of Health Date Data Tarived at EDR-03/07/2023 Telephone: 088-588-434 Data Mada Artivia DEDR-07.03/07/2023 Telephone: DAta Data Data Depart of Data Departs 05/07/073 Telephone: DAta	Number of Days to Update: 39	tess Echy Contact: 0000000000 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: N/A Data Release Frequency: No Update Planned
	IHS OPEN DUMPS: Open Dumps on indian Land A listing of all open dumps located on Indian Land in the United States.	Land in the United States.
ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL RECORDS	Date of Government Version: 04/01/2014	Source: Department of Health & Human Serivces, Indian Health Service Telephone: 301-443-1450
Local Brownfield lists US BROWNFIELDS: A Listing of Brownfields Sites Brownfields are real property, the expansion, redevelopment, or reuse of which may be complicated by the presence	Date Made Active in Reports - 01/29/2015 Number of Days to Update: 176	Test EDR Conduct 07/27/203 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 11/13/2023 Data Release Frequency: Varies
or potential presence of a hazardous substance, pollutant, or contaminant. Cleaning up and reinvesting in these properties takes development pressures off of undeveloped, open land, and both improves and protects the environment.	Local Lists of Hazardous waste / Contaminated Sites	Sites
Assessment, Cleanup and Redevelopment Exchange System (ACRES) stores information reported by EPA Brownfields grant recipients on brownfields properties assessed or cleaned up with grant funding as well as information on Targeted Brownfields Assessments performed by EPA Regions. A listing of ACRES Brownfield stees is obtained from Cleanuus in Mv. Community. Cleanumicity movides information on Rownfields to more rins for Morting and the more and a cleaned to the cleaned on the cleaned on the cleaned store and the movides information on the cleaned store and the more and the more and the cleaned store and the more and the	US HIST CDL: National Clandestine Laboratory Register A listing of clandestine drug lab locations that have Register.	ST CDL: National Clandestine Laboratory Register A listing of clandestine drug lab locations that have been removed from the DEAs National Clandestine Laboratory Register:
is reported back to EPA, as well as areas served by Brownied grant programs.	Date of Government Version: 05/22/2023 Date Data Arrived at FDR: 05/23/2023	Source: Drug Enforcement Administration Telephone: 202-307-1000
Date of Comment Version: 40/05/2023 Sources: Environmental Protection Agency Date Data Arrived at EDER:04/13/2023 Telephone. 202-566-5777 Date Made Arzive in Reports: 04/19/2023 Last EDR Contact: 06/08/2023 Number of Days to Update: 6 Data Release Frequency: Semi-Annually	Date Made Active in Reports 07/10/2023 Number of Days to Update: 48	Last EDR Contact :65/22/2023 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 09/04/2023 Data Release Frequency: No Update Planned

GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARC	GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CURRENCY TRACKING	GOVERNMENT RECORDS S	GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CURRENCY TRACKING
		F	
CDL: Clandestine Drug Lab Listing A listing of clandestine drug lab site locations.		Date of Government Version: 03/10/2012 Data Arrived at EDR: 01/03/2013	Source: FirsBearch Telephone: N/A
)8/04/2010 10/2010 10/22/2010	Source: Department of Health Telephone: 808-568-549 Last EDR Contact: 09/31/2023	uate made Active in reports: (227112013 Number of Days to Update: 39	Lest Eurk Contact UniX2U/3 Net Schreduled EDR Contact INA Data Release Frequency: No Update Planned
Number of Days to Update: 42 Data Relé Data Relé	Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 09/18/2023 Data Release Frequency: No Update Planned	Other Ascertainable Records	
US CDL: Clandestine Drug Labs A listing of clandestine drug lab locations. The U.S. Department of Justice ("the Department") provides this web site as a public service. It contains addresses of some locations where law enforcement agencies reported they found homerias on their elems that indicated the presence of either clandestine drug laboratories or dump in most cases, the source of the anchies can when be partment has not writed the entry and does not usualine fa accuracie. Methers of the public must verify the accuracy. Methers and and does not usualine fa accuracy. Methers of the public must verify the accuracy. Methers	DL: Clandestine Drug Labs DL: Clandestine Drug Labs Altising of daradestine drug labs web site as a public service. It contains addresses of some locations where law enforcement agencies reported they found chemicals or other literan start indicated the presence of either clandestine drug aboratives or dumpsites. In most cases the source of the entries is not the Department, and the Department has entry weighed.	RCRA NonGen / NLR: RCRA - Nun Generators / No Longer Regulated RCRA/Indie ER-Nic scompetensier information system, providing and Recovery Act (RCRA) of 1976 and the Hazardous and Solid Ni includes selective information on sites which generate, transport, s as defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCR waste.	A NonGen / NLR: RCRA - Non Generators / No Longer Regulated RCRMin6 is EAS comprehensive information system, proving access to data supporting the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) of 1976 and the Hazardon system, proving access how the data access and solver and recovery act (RCRA). Non-Generators and Solver the at and access and solver and access and solver and access and solver and solver and solver access and solver the attraction access and solver and access and solver and access and solver and
contacting local always and docal relatifu departments. Date of Government Version: 05/22/2023 Source: Drug Jaba Data Arrived at EDR. 09/23/2023 Telephone: 20 Date Made Active insponts: 07/10/2023 Last EDR Cont Number of Days to Update: 48 Next Schedule	h departments. Source: Drug Enforcement Administration Telephone: 202-307-1000. Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 09/04/2023	Date of Government Version: 03/06/2023 Date Data Xnived at EDR: 03/09/2023 Date Made Active in Reports: 03/20/2023 Number of Days to Update: 11	Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: (15) 145-8856 ELEDR Contact (7)(31/2023 Next Scheduled EDR Contact 10/02/2023 Data Release Frequency: Cuanterly
Data Rei Local Land Records	Data Release Frequency: Quarterly	FUDS: Formerly Used Defense Sites The listing includes locations of Formerly Used Defense S is actively working or will take necessary cleanup addions.	: Formerly Used Defense Sites The listing puddes locations of Formerly Used Defense Sites properties where the US Army Corps of Engineers is actively working or inflate meessary cleanup actions.
LIENS 2: CERCLA Lien Information A Federal CERCLA (Superfund) lien can exist by operation of law at any site or property at which EPA has spent Superfund montes. These montes are spent to investigate and address releases and threatened releases of conta CERCLIS provides information as to the identity of these sites and properties.	5.2: CERCLA Lien Information A Federal CELQ. (Superiurd) lien can exist by operation of law at any site or property at which EPA has spent Superfund monies. These monies are earth to investigate and address releases and threatened releases of contamination. CERCLIS provides information as to the identity of these sites and properties.	Date of Government Version: 05/08/2023 Date Data Xnived at EDR: 05/16/2023 Date Made Active in Reports: 07/10/2023 Number of Days to Update: 55	Source: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Telephone: 202-282-484 Telephone: 202-282-484 Telephone: 202-284-282 Telephone: 202-282-282 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/28/2023
Date of Government Version: 06/22/2023 Source: 1 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 07/06/22/23 TeatPhon Date Made Arrive in Reports: 07/24/2023 Last EDR Number of Days to Update: 18 Number of Days to Update: 18 Data Refe	Source: Environmental Protection Agency Teaphone: 2025-654-602 Last Elor Contact: 090/22/023 Neas Scheude EDR Contact: 10/09/2023 Neas Release Frequency Sent-Annually	DOD: Department of Defense Sites This data set consists of federally owned or ac have any area equal to or greater than 540 ac	Data Release Frequency: Varies Department of Defense Sites This data set consists of federally owned or administered lands, administered by the Department of Defense, that have any area equal to or greater than 640 acres of the Unied States, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands.
Records of Emergency Release Reports	• •	Date of Government Version: 06/07/2021 Date Data Arriva da EDEN: 77/37/221 Pote Mada Arriva ia Daveren: 77/37/221	Source: USGS T elephone: 882-275-8747 T elephone: 288-275-8747
HMIRS: Hazardous Materials Information Reporting System Hazardous Materials Incident Report System. HMIRS contains hazardous material spill incidents reported to D	ntains hazardous material spill incidents reported to DOT.	Date Marter Adure III Reputs, UDV9/2022 Number of Days to Update: 239	Lest EDM CUIRACT, 10/22/2023 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 10/23/2023 Data Release Frequency: Varies
Date of Government Version: 03/19/2023 Sources: 1 Date Data Arrivet at ELEN: 03/21/2023 Telephon Date Data Arrive in Reports: 05/30/2023 Last EDR Number of Days to Update: 70 Data Reid Data Reid	Source: U.S. Department of Transportation Telephone: 202-366-4555 Telephone: 202-36642522 Next Scheduled EDR Gontact: 10/02/2023 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 10/02/2023 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly	FEDLAND: Federal and Indian Lands Federally and Indian administrated lands of the United States. Lands included are admi of Engineers. Bureau of Reclamation, natronal Wild and Scenic River, National Wildlife Wildenees, Wildenees Study Area, Wildlife Management Area, Bureau of Indian Affair Department of Juston, Forest Sewhoe, Fish and Wildlife Service, National Park Service	AND: Federal and Indian Lands Federally and Indian administrated lands of the United States. Lands included are administrated by: Army Corps of Engineers, Burneur of Rechamation, National Wild and Scante River, National Wildlife Retrigs. Public Domain Land, Wilderness, Wilderness Study Area, Wildlife Management Area, Bureau of Indian Affais, Bureau of Land Management, Department of Justice, Forest Sevrice, Fish and Wildle Sevrice, National Park Sevrice.
SPILLS: Release Notifications Releases of hazardous substances to the environment rel Response since 1988.	 Release Notifications Releases of hazardous substances to the environment reported to the Office of Hazard Evaluation and Emergency Response since 1988. 	Date of Government Version: 04/02/2018 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 04/11/2018 Date Active in Reports: 11/06/2019	Source: U.S. Geological Survey Telephone: 888-275-6747 Last EDR Contact 07/05/2023
Date of Government Version: 05/30/2023 Source: 1 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 05/31/2023 Telephon Date Made Arrive in Renorts: 07/1/2/2023 Last EDR	Source: Department of Health Telephone: 805584.4248 Last ERC Connaer: 07/13/20/3	Number of Days to Update: 574	Next Scheduled EDR Contact 10/16/2023 Data Release Frequency: NA
	ust Schedule EDR Contact: 08/20/23 Data Release Frequency: Varies	SCRD DRYCLEANERs: State Coalition for Remed The State Coalition for Remediation of Drycles of Superfund Remediation and Technology Int	SCRD DRYCLEANERS: State Coalition for Remediation of Drycleaners Listing The State Coalition for Remediation of Drycleaners was established in 1998, with support from the U.S. EPA Office of Superfund Remediation and Technology Innovation (14 s comprised of representatives of states with stabilished
SPILLS 90: SPILLS90 data from FirstSearch Spile 90 indudes those spill and release records available exclusively from FirstSearch databases. Typically, they may indude chemical, oil and/or Tazardous substance spills recorded after 1990. Duplicate records that are afready included in EDR indicater and release records are not included in Spills 90.	le exclusively from FirstSearch databases. Typically, ce spills recorded after 1990. Duplicate records that are pro in culded in Spills 90.	drycleaner remediation programs. Currently th Minnesota, Missouri, North Carolina, Oregon,	drycleaner remediation programs. Currently the member states are Alabama, Connectiout, Florida, Illinois, Kansas, Mirnesota, Missouri, North Carolina, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, and Wisconsin.

GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CURRENCY TRACKING	GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CURRENCY TRACKING
Date of Government Version: 07/30/2021 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Date Data Arrived at EDR: 02/03/2023 Telephone: 615-532-859 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/10/2023 Last EDR Contact: 06/01/2023 Number of Days to Update: 7 Data Release Frequency: Varies	Date of Government Version: 12/31/2021 Source: EPA Date Data Arrived at EDR: 02/16/2023 Telephone: 202-566-0250 Date Made Active in Reports: 05/02/2023 Last EDR contact 06/32/2023 Number of Days to Update: 75 Next Scheduled EDR Connact: 08/32/2023 Data Release Frequency: Annually
US FIN ASSUR: Financial Assurance Information All owners and operators of facilities that treat, store, or dispose of hazardous waste are required to provide proditrat they will have sufficient funds to pay for the clean up, closure, and post-clesure care of their facilities. Date of Government Version. 03/13/2023 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Date Data Arrived at EDR: 03/21/2023 Telephone. 202-566-1917 Date Made Active in Reports: 05/30/2023 Next Schedule EDR Contact: 06/20/223 Number of Days to Update: 70 Data Referency: Cluareiry Data factor in Reports: 05/30/2023 Next Schedule EDR Contact: 00/22/223	cide, Fungicide a establishments to tent must report ti ing been produce 8/2023 7/10/2023
EPA WATCH LIST: EPA WATCH LIST EPA WATCH LIST: EPA WATCH LIST EPA maintains a "Watch List" to facilitate dialogue between EPA, state and local environmental agencies on enforcement matters relating to facilities with alleged violations identified as either significant or high priority. Being on the Watch List does not ment that the facility thas actually violated the law with that an unproven violation by EPA or a state or local environmental agency has led these organizations to allege that an unproven violation has in fact occurred. Being on the Watch List does not represent a higher level of concern regarding the alleged violations that were detected, in this faced indicates cases requiring additional faceupe the were and hotal agencies - primarily because of the lange of violation has gone unaddressed or unresolved.	ndate a up.
Date of Government Version: 08/30/2013 Sources: Environmental Protection Agency Date Data Arrived at EDR: 03/21/2014 Telephone: 617-520-3000 Date Made Active in Reports: 08/17/2014 Last EDR Contact: 11/1/3/2023 Number of Days to Update: 38 Next Scheduled EDR: Ontact: 11/1/3/2023 Data Reference: 08/17/2014 Last EDR contact: 11/1/3/2023	Uate made Active In reports: 01/24/2U23 Last EUA contact: 09/2U203 Number of Days to Update: 18 Data Release Frequency: Annually RMP: Risk Management Plans When Congress passed the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990, it required EPA to publish regulations and guidance
e Action Program als for the RCRA asseline includes Some properties till others have inc till others have includes of necessar 9/30/2017 38/2018	To chemical accordent prevention at relatified using arremedy instances. The free Kin widenpartin Program Rule (RMP Rule) was written to implement Section 11(1) of these amendments. The rule writch built upon existing industry codes and standards, requires companies of all sizes that use certain flammable and toxic substances industry codes and standards, requires companies of all sizes that use certain flammable and toxic substances industry codes and standards, requires companies of all sizes that use certain flammable and toxic substances of an accidential releases, an accidential release any. The zazid assessment that details the potential effects of an accidential releases. Prevention program that includes safety precautions and maintenance, monitoring, and employee training measures; and Ernergency response agenoise (g of the fire department) should an accident occur. Date of Government Version. 04/27/222 Source Environmental Protection Agency Date Data Arrived at ELR. 06/04/2022 Telephone: 202-564.6600.
Number of basis to Opdate. 73 Next Scheduled EXt Contact: 1119,2025 Data Release Frequency: Varies TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act. TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory list. It includes data on the production volume of these substances by plant	Date mater Active in reports, 05/10/2022 Last ECHA curate. On 12/2022 Number of Days to Update: 6 Nat Scheduled EDR Conflact: 10/30/2023 RAATS: RCRA Administrative Action Tracking System RCRA Administration Action Tracking System RAATS contains records based on enforcement actions issued under RCRA
stie. Date Government Version: 12/31/2020 Source: EPA Date Date Anrived at EDR: 66/14/2022 Telephone: 202-260-5521 Date Made Active in Reports: 03/24/2023 Last EDR Connect 06/14/203 Number of Days to Update: 283 Dext Repeares Frequency: Every 4 Yeas	admini ntry in 1 neces: the info
TRIS: Toxic Chemical Release Inventory System Toxic Release Inventory System. TRIS identifies facilities which release toxic chemicals to the air, water and land in reportable quantifies under SARA Title III Section 313.	uate made varier in reports, tou//r1995 Last EUK confact ou/uz/2008 Number of Days to Update: 35 Nati Release Frequency: No Update Planned

PRP: Potentially Responsible Parties A listing of vertified Potentially Responsible Parties	rifes	COAL ASH DOE: Steam-Electric Plant Operation Data A listing of bower plants that store ash in surface bonds.	Data ace ponds.
Date of Government Version: 06/22/2023 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 07/06/2023 Date Made Arrive's in Reports: 07/24/2023 Number of Days to Update: 18	Source: EPA Telephone: 2025.64.6023 Last ERP Contact: 08/02/2023 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 11/13/2023 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly	Date of Government Version 1/33/12021 Date Data Arrived at EDF: 04/14/2023 Date Made Active in Reports: 07/10/2023 Number of Days to Update: 87	Surce: Department of Energy Telephone: 202-586-8719 Last EDR Contact: 05/55/2023 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 09/11/2023 Data Release Frequency, Vartes
PADS: PCB Activity Database System	8. PCB Activity Database System DCB Activity. Database. DADS Liberifics concertors: transmoture communical elevers and lot kindress and disconses	COAL ASH EPA: Coal Combustion Residues Surface Impoundments List A licition of coal combustion residues currence impoundments with bird	LASH EPA: Coal Combustion Residues Surface Impoundments List A listic of coal combustion residues curfors impoundments with birds board ordential reference
of PCB's who are required to notify the EPA of such activities.	of such activities.	Data of Government Version: 01/12/2017	Source: Environmental Drotection Agency
Date of Government Version: 03/20/2023 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 04/04/2023 Date Made Active in Reports: 06/09/20/23 Number of Days to Update: 66	Source: EPA Telephone: 202-566-0500 Last EDR Contact: 07/07/2023 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 10/16/2023 Data Rease Frequency: Annually	Date Data Arrived at ELPR: 03/05/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 11/1/12/019 Number of Days to Update: 251	Telephone: NA Last EDR Contact: 05/25/2023 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 09/11/2023 Data Release Frequency: Varies
ICIS: Integrated Compliance Information System		PCB TRANSFORMER: PCB Transformer Registration Database The database of PCB transformer registrations that includes	IRANSFORMER: PCB Transformer Registration Database The database of PCB transformer registrations that includes all PCB registration submittals.
The Integrated Compliance Information Syste and compliance program as well as the uniqu program.	The Integrated Compliance Information System (ICIS) supports the information needs of the national enforcement and compliance program as well as the unique needs of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) program	Date of Government Version: 09/13/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 11/06/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/10/2020	Source: Environmental Protection Agency Tetelephone: 202-566-0517 Latet EDR Contact: 08(03/2023
Date of Government Version: 11/18/2016 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 11/23/2016 Data Made Arrive in Banders, 02/10/2017	Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 2025642-2501 Lost Environ-2014	Number of Days to Update: 96	Next Scheduled EDR Contact 11/13/2023 Data Release Frequency: Varies
Number of Days to Update: 79	user Extremented for for for a for the formation of the f	RADINFO: Radiation Information Database The Radiation Information Database Environmentation protection Advence (FRA) Irregulations for radiation and radioactivity.	NFO: Radiation information Database Readation Information Database (RADINFO) contains information about facilities that are regulated by U.S. Environmental Protection Acardose (FEA) tradiations for radiation and radioactivity.
FTTS: FIFRA' TSCA Tracking System - FIFRA (Fe FTTS tracks administrative cases and petici TSCA and EPCRA (Emergency Planning and Agency on a quarterly basis.	FTTS: FIFRA/ TSCA Tracking System - FIFRA (Federal Insecticide, Fungidde, & Rodenticide Ad/)TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Ad) FTTS: tacks administrative cases and pesticide enforcement actions and compliance advivies related to FIFRA, TSCA and EFORA (Enregiency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act). To maintain currency, EDR contacts the Agency on a quarterly basis.	Date of Government Version. 07/01/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 07/01/2019 Date Made Active in Repair: 09/23/2019 Nummer of Daxs to Undrate: 84	Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 202-343-9775 Last EDR Condant: 09/22/3023 Next Scheduled EDR Condart: 10/09/2023
Date of Government Version: 04/09/2009 Date Date Arrived of EDB- 04/148/2000	Source: EPA/Office of Prevention, Pesticides and Toxic Substances		Data Release Frequency: Quarterly
Date Made Active in Reports: 05/11/2009 Number of Days to Update: 25	Last Endonce. Zeconomican Last Econada (2018/2017 Next Schedulde EDR Contract. 21/04/2017 Data Reases Forcurator: No.1 Indrate Permed	HIST FTTS: FIFRA/TSCA Tracking System Administrative Case Listing A complete administrative case listing from the FIFSA/TSCA Track information use Antained from the National Commission Leababase	FTTS: FIFRA/TSCA Tracking System Administrative Case Listing complete administrative case listing from the FIFRA/TSCA Tracking System (FTTS) for all ten EPA regions. The ind complete administrative case listing from the FIFRA/TSCA Transhoss (MCTR) NCDR survorse the involvementation of FIERA
		(Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodentic	(Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act) and TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act). Some EPA regions
FTTS INSP: FIFRA/TSCA Tracking System - FIFRA/ Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, A listing of FIFRA/TSCA Tracking System (FTTS) inspections and enforcements. Date of Convernment Variany, MIND/DNG Source: FDA	FTTS NISP: FIFRA/TSCA Tracking System - FIFRA (Federal Insecticide, Eungloide & Rodenticide Act)/TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) A listing of FIFRATSCA Tracking System (FTTS) inspections and enforcements. Date of Coxemment Viceion: Alt/OrOMO. Source. EAA	are now closing out records because of thet, and the fact that some EPA with updated records, it was decided to create a HIST FTS database. It is in the newer FTTS database updates. This database is no longer updated	are now clesrip out records. Because of that, and the fact that some EPA regions are not providing EPA Headquarters with updated records, it was decided to create a HIST FTTS database. It included records that may not be included in the newer FTTS database updates, Thist clatabase is no longer updated.
Date Data Arrived at EDR: 04/16/2009	Telephone: 202-566-1667	Date of Government Version: 10/19/2006	Source: Environmental Protection Agency
Date Made Active in Reports: 05/11/2009 Number of Days to Update: 25	Last EDR Contact: 08/18/2017 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 12/04/2017 Data Release Frequency: No Update Plarmed	Date Data Arrived at EDR: 03/01/2007 Date Made Active in Reports: 04/10/2007 Number of Days to Update: 40	Telephone: 202-564-2501 Last EDR Contact: 12/17/2007 Next Scheduled EDR Contact 03/17/2008 Deta Exheron Exercitorics Multichate Demond
MLTS: Material Licensing Tracking System MLTS is maintained by the Nuclear Regulatory posess or use radioactive materials and which EDR contacts the Agency on a quarterly basis.	: Material Licensing Tracking System MLTS is mainlained by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission and contains a list of approximately 8,100 sites which possess or use radioactive materials and which are subject to NRC licensing requirements. To maintain currency, EDR contacts the Appeny on a quartery basis.	HIST FTTS INSP: FIFRATISCA Tracking System I A complete inspection and enforcement case regions. The information was obtained from the	Date Trougger of Participation of the Inspection & Enforcement Case Listing FTTS INSP: FIFRATTSCA Tracking System Inspection & Enforcement Case Listing A complete inspection and enforcement case listing from the FIFRATTSCA Tracking System (FTTS) for all ten EPA regions. The information was obtained from the National Compliance Database (NCDB). NCDB supports the implementation
Date of Government Version: 03/15/2023 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 03/21/2023 Date Made Active in Reports: 05/30/2023 Number of Days to Update: 70	Sources: Nuclear Regulatory Commission Telephone: 301-415-7169 Last EDR Contact: 07/12/2023 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 01/30/2023 Data Release Frequency Cuarterly	of FIFRA (Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and EPA regions are now doing out records, lac EPA headquarters with updated records, it w may not be included in the newer FTTS datab	of FIFRA (Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act) and TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act), Some Fragions are now dosing out records. Because of that, and the fact that target ERA regions are not providing EPA headquarters with updated records. Thus decided to create a HIST FTTS database. It included records that may not be included in the newer FTTS database updates. This database is no longer updated.

GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CURRENCY TRACKING		GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CURRENCY TRACKING
Date of Government Version: 10/19/2006 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Date Date Arrived at EDR: 03/01/2007 Last EDR Contact: 21/17/2008 Number of Days to Update: 40 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 03/17/2008 Data Release Frequency: No Update Planned	Date of Government Version: 08/30/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 11/15/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 11/28/2020 Number of Days to Update: 74	Source: Department of Energy Telephone: 505-845-0011 Last EDR Contact: 05/2/32023 Next Schedule EDR Contact: 08/28/2023 Data Release Frequency: Varies
DOT OPS: Incident and Accident Data Department of Transporation. Office of Pipeline Safety Incident and Accident data. Date of Government Version: 01/02/2020 Source: 2023-664-565 Date Data Arrived at ERR: 01/28/2020 Last EIR Contact: 07/25/2023 Number of Days to Update: 80 Natt Schedued EIR DC Contact: 11/02/2023 Number of Days to Update: 80 Data Release Frequency: Courter(1)/02/2023	LEAD SMELTER 1: Lead Smelter Sites A listing of former lead smelter site locations. Date of covernment Verson: 06/22/2223 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 07/06/2223 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 07/06/2223 Number of Days to Update: 18	Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 703-603-8787 Last EPK Contect: 0109/2203 Next Schedued EPK Contect: 1009/2203 Ddta Rease Frequency: Varies
CONSENT: Superfund (CERCLA) Consent Decrees Major legal settlements that establish responsibility and standards for deamup at NPL (Superfund) sites. Released periodically by United States District Courts after settlement by parties to litigation matters. Date of Government Version: 03311203 Source : Department of Justice, Consent Decree Library Date Data Amved at EDR: vd/s2023 Last EDR Contact: 06/27/2023 Date Made Active in Reports: 07/10/2023 Last EDR Contact: 06/27/2023 Number of Days to Update: 61 Data Release Frequency. Varies	LEAD SMELTER 2: Lead Smeter Sites Alist of several hundred sites in the U.S. whe may pose a threat to public health through in Date of Coerment Version 0.405/2001 Date Made Active in Reports: 12/02/2010 Number of Days to Update. 36	is MiEL TER 2: Lead Smetter Sites A list of several hundred sites in the U.S. where secondary lead smetting was done from 1931 and 1964. These sites may pose a threat to public health through ingestion or inhalation of contaminated soil or dust Date of Government Version: 0.405/2001 Sources: Annal of Public Health Date Data Anived at EDR: 1027/2010 Telephone: 703-305-6451 Date Made Active in Reports: 12/02/2010 Last EDR: Contact: 12/02/2009 Number of Days to Update: 36 Data Rebease Frequency: No Update Planned
is a national sys waste. BRS cap isposal Facilities. 2/31/2021 3/20/2023		IRS (AFS): Aerometric Information Retrieval System Facility Subsystem (AFS) The database is a sub-system of Aerometric Information Retrieval System (AIRS). AFS contains compliance data on air pollution point sources regulated by the U.S. EPA and/or state and local air regulatory agencies. This information comes from source reports by various stationary sources of air pollution, such as electric power plants, steel mills, lactories, and nurversities, and provides information about the air pollutains they produce. Action, air program, air program pollutant, and general level plant. It is used to track emissions and compliance data from instantia plants.
Number of Days to Update: 11 Data Release Frequency: Biennially NDIAN RESERV: Indian Reservations This map layer portarys Indian administered lands of the United States that have any area equal to or greater than 640 acres	Date of Government Verson: 10/1/2016 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 10/26/2016 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/03/2017 Number of Days to Update: 100	Source: EIA Telephone: 202-564-2496 Last EIAP Contact 09/26/2017 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 01/08/2018 Data Release Frequency: Annualty
Date of Government Version: 12/31/2014 Source: USGS Date of Government Version: 12/31/2015 Telephone: 20/2-208-3710 Date Made Active in Reports: 01/10/2017 Last EDR Contact: 07/05/2023 Number of Days to Update: 546 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 10/16/2023 Data Release Frequency: Semi-Annually	US AIRS MINOR: Air Facility System Data A listing of minor source facilities. Date of covernment Version: 10/12/2016 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 10/202016 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/03/2017 Number of Days to Update: 100	Source: EPA Telephone: 202-564-2496 Last EPA Contact: 0//08/2017 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 0//08/2018
FUSRAP: Formerly Ulticad Stees Remedial Action Program (FUSRAP) in 1974 to remediate sites where DDC established the Chemerly Ulticad Stees Remedial Action Program (FUSRAP) in 1974 to remediate sites where radioactive contamination remained from Manhattan Project and early U.S. Atomic Energy Commission (AEC) operations Date of Government Version: 03032023 Sources: Department of Energy Date Data Arrived at FRD: 3003/2023 Telephone: 202-5686-3569	NS M	Data Revension Product Frequency: Annually INES: Mines Master Index File Contrains all mine identification numbers issued for mines active or opened since 1971. The data also includes
Date Made Active in Reports: 06/09/2023 Last EDR Contact: 07/26/2023 Number of Days to Update: 98 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 11/13/2023 Data Release Frequency: Varies UMTRA: Uranium Mill Tailings Sites	Date of Government Version: 05/01/2023 Date Data Anrived at EDR: 05/24/2023 Date Made Active in Reports: 07/24/2023 Number of Days to Update: 61	Source: Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration Telephone. 302-231-5959 Last EDR Contact 05/4/2023 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 09/04/2023 Data Release Frequency: Semi-Annually
Uranium ore was mined by private comparies for detent programment their intalonial defense programs. When the mills shuf down, angre plear the sand-life material (mill talings) remain after unanium has been extracted from the ore. Levels of human exposure to radioactive materials from the piles are low, however, in some cases tailings were used as construction materials before the potential health hazards of the tailings were recognized.	MINE	S VIOLATTONS: MSHA Violation Assessment Data Mines violation and assessment information. Department of Labor, Mine Safety & Health Administration.

GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CURRENCY TRACKING	UXO: Unexploded Ordnance Sites A listing of unexploded ordnance site locations Date of Covemment Version: 11/09/2021 Source: Department of Defense Date Data Arrived at EDR: 10/20/2022 Telephone: 705-704-1564 Date Made Active in Reports: 01/10/2023 Least EDR Contact: 07/06/2023 Number of Days to Update: 82 Next Schedule EDR Contact: 07/06/2023 Number of Days to Update: 82 Next Schedule EDR Contact: 07/06/2023	ECHO: Enforcement & Compliance History Information ECHO provides inlegrated compliance and enforcement information for about 800,000 regulated facilities nationwide. Date of Government Version: 0.325/2023 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Date Data Arrived at EDR: 036/1/2023 Last EDR Contact (05/32023 Date Natade Active in Reports: 06/09/2023 Last EDR Contact (05/32023 Number of Days to Update: 70 Nats Achedued EDR. Contact (10/32023 Date Nated Active in Reports: 06/09/2023 Date Release Frequency: Quarterly	FUELS PROGRAM: EPA Fuels Program Registered Listing This listing includes facilities that are registered under the Part 80 (Code of Federal Regulations) EPA Fuels Programs. All companies now are required to submit new and updated registrations. Date of Govenment Version. 05/15/2023 Source: EPA Date Data Arrived at EDR: 05/17/2023 Telephone: 800-385-6164 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 05/17/2023 Lest EDR Contact: 05/17/2023 Number of Days to Update: 54 Next Schedule EDR Contact: 05/292023 Number of Days to Update: 54 Data Release Frequency: Outentry	PFAS NPL: Superfund Sites with PFAS Detections Information EPAs NPL: Superfund Sites with PFAS Detections Information EPAs Office of Land and Emergency, Management and EPA Regional Offices maintain data describing what is known about sile investigations. contamination, and remedial actions under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, compensation, and Lability Act (CFRCLs) where PFAS is present in the environment. Date of Government Version: 06/01/23 Sucure: Environmental Protection Agency Date Data Arrived at EDR: 06/08/2023 Last EDR Contact: 07/05/2023 Date Matde Active in Reports: 06/09/2023 Last EDR Contact: 07/05/2023 Number of Days to Update: 1 Nats EDR Contact: 07/06/2023 Number of Days to Update: 1 Data Release Frequency. Varies	PFAS FEDERAL SITES: Federal Sites PFAS Information Several federal entities, such as the federal Superfund program, Department of Defense, National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Department of Transportation, and Department of Energy provided information for sites with known or suspected detections at federal facilities. Superformental Protection Agency Date of Councernent Version. 3030/2023 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Date Data Arrived at EDR: 0.0330/2023 Last EDR contact: 07/05/2023 Date Made Active in Reports: 04/07/2023 Last EDR contact: 07/05/2023 Number of Days to Update: 8 Next Scheuded EDR Contact: 10/16/2023 Number of Days to Update: 8 Data Release Frequency. Varies	PFAS TSCA: PFAS Manufacture and Imports information EPA issued the Chemical Data Reporting (CDR) Rule under the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) and requires chemical manufacturers are facilities that manufacture or import chemical substances to port data to EPA. EPA publishes non-confidential business information (non-CB) and includes descriptive information anout each site, corporate parent, production volume, other manufacturing information, and processing and use information.	Date of Government Version: 03/30/2023 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Date Data Anived at EDR: 03/30/2023 Telephone: 20:2275/0167 Date Made Active in Reports: 06/09/2023 Last EDR Contact: 10/16/2023 Number of Days to Update: 71 Data Release Frequency: Varies
GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CURRENCY TRACKING	Date of Government Version: 04/03/2023 Source: DOL, Mine Safety & Health Admi Date Data Archive at EDR. 40/04/2023 Telephone: 202-663-9424 Date Made Archive in Reports: 06/09/2023 Last EDR Contact: 07/05/2023 Number of Days to Update: 66 Not Schedude EDR Contact: 07/05/2023 Number of Days to Update: 66 Data Refease Frequency: Quarterly US MINES 2: Ferrous and Mondes Jernous Mattal Mines Database Lising This much bare includes ferrous Mattal Mines Database Lising	ore on molyddenun) and norlierrous (Nonherrous mean and realines and a facilities that extra act nonherrous metals, such as gold, silver, copper, zinc, and lead) metal mines ar facilities that extra chonderrous metals, such Date of Government Version. 10/17/2022 Source: USGS Date Data Arrivei at ERP: 02/21/2023 Telephone: 703-648-7709 Date Made Arrivei at Reports. 06/17/2023 Late ERP Contract: 09/04/2023 Number of Days to Update: 82 Data Referes 22 Data Reference: 703-648-7709 Date Nade Arrivei at ERP: 02/21/2023 Late ERP Contract: 09/04/2023 Number of Days to Update: 82 Data Reference: 703-648-7709 Data Reference: 82 Data Reference: 82 Data Reference: 82 Data Reference	US MINES 3: Active Mineral Plants Database Listing Active Mines and Mineral Processing Plant operations for commodifies monitored by the Minerals Information Team of the USS. Date of Government Version: 04/14/2011 Source: USGS Date Data Arrived at EDR: 06/08/2011 Telephone: 703-648-7709 Date Made Active in Reports: 09/13/2011 Last EDR Contact: 05/25/2023 Number of Days to Update: 97 Data Release Frequency: Varies	Mines marked by past impacted by past in the Surface Mi ation, type, and e oblems. The inve to the extent that 772023 5/30/2023	Number of Days to Update: 74 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 09/16/2023 Facility Index System/Facility Registry System Facility Index System, FINDS contains both facility information and 'pointers' to other sources that contain more advail. ETR includes the Indiving FINDS databases in this report: PCS (Perm Complexing es System), TATS (Aerometric Information Retrieval System), DOCKET (Enforcement Docket used to manage and track information on lowing INDS Docket System used to track criminal enforcement actions for all environmental statutes), FER (Federal Fordination System), STATE (States and a PLOS (PCB Activity Data System).	Date of Government Version: 05/04/2023 Source: EPA Date Data Arrive at EDE: 05/25/2023 Telephone: (415) 947-8000 Date Made Acrive in Reports: 07/24/2023 Last EDR Contact: 05/25/2023 Number of Days to Update: 60 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 09/11/2023 Number of Days to Update: 60 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly	DOCKET HWC: Hazardous Waste Compliance Docket Listing A complete list of the Federal Agency Hazardous Waste Compliance Docket Facilities. Date of Government Version: 05/06/2021 Telephone: .2254-0527 Date bata Arrived at EDR: 09271/2021 Telephone: .2254-0527 Date Made Active in Reports: .0871/2021 Last EDR Contract: 091/17/2023 Number of Days to Update: 82 Data Release Frequency: Varies

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GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CURRENCY TRACKING	Date of Government Version: 03/30/2023 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Date Date Arrived at EDR: 03/30/2023 Telephone: 202:272-0167 Date Made Active in Reports: 04/03/02023 Last EDR Contact: 07(1)(62)(22) Number of Days to Update: 4 Last EDR Contact: 07(1)(62)(22) Number of Days to Update: 4 Data Release Frequency: Varies PFAS ECHO FIRE TRAINING: Facilities in Industries that May Be Handling PFAS Listing Alls of the rating ster was added to the industry Sectors dataset using a keyrord sectors. Additionally, you may were an used in relienting sterement sectors and in straining sectors as added to the subset. Additionally, noute subset, the subset of the subset. These keywords were subset of mediate data as well as a keyrord sectors and in straining sectors and in secting or deselecting a facility for the subset. These keyrords were subset of manifies accuracy in secting or deselecting a facility for the subset. These keyrords weel sate and to manifies accuracy in secting or deselecting a facility for the subset. These keyrords weel sate accuracy in secting or deselecting a facility for the subset. These keyrords weel sate accuracy in secting or deselecting a facility for the subset. These keyrords weel sate accuracy in secting or deselecting or deselecting a facility for the subset.	Tering from the training state training state transmission was not identify all the training area in the data systems for designating the training states, this methodology may not identify all the training states on 03302023. Telephone: 200-272-0167 Date of Covertment Version: 0.3302/2023 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Date Data Arrived at EDR: 0.3302/2023 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Date Data Arrived at EDR: 0.3302/2023 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Date Data Arrived at EDR: 0.3302/2023 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Date Data Arrived at EDR: 0.3302/2023 Last EDR Contact: 07/16/2023 Number of Days to Update: 4 Data Related EDR Contact: 07/16/2023 Number of Days to Update: 4 Data Relate State Related EDR Contact: 07/16/2023 Source: 10.11/16/2023 Source: 10.11/16/2	spectractions (Mut-r-Xays) (14 CFK 1393-31/). Io date, mese mitraty spectration in magning para are internated and have been historicative direct fraction may be end fraction marked and have been historicative direct fraction and the set fraction Actina are provision sating that no later than October 2021; FAA shall not require the use of futurinated FFF This provision does not prohibit that no later than October 2021; FAA shall not require the use of futurinated FFF. This provision does not prohibit that no later than October 2021; FAA shall not require the use of futurinated FFF at the acting that no later than October 2021; FAA shall not require the use of futurinated FFF at the acting that no later than October 2021; FAA shall not marked the federal Aviation Administation's document AFF 130 Structure Area and the acting training that are acting traination's document AFF 130 Structure Area and the acting that no later than October 2021; FAA shall not dominated AFF at the training that the acting the acting that and the acting that the acting the acting that are acting that the acting that are acting that the acting that are acting that the acting that the acting the acting that the acting that are acting the acting that the acting that are acting the acting that the acting the acting that the acting the acting that th	AOUEOUS FOAM NRC: Aqueous Foam Related Incidents Listing The National Response Center (NRC) serves as an emergency call center that fields initial reports for pollution and ratio-and incidents and forwards that information to appropriate developes for response advects the spreadsheets posted to the NRC website contain initial incident data that has not been validated or investigated by al federalistate response agency. Response center calls from 1990 to the most recent complete calendar year where there was indication of Aqueous Film Forming Foam (AFF) usage are included in this dataset. NRC calls may reference AFFF usage in the Yildertail Involved" or 7 Pindekin Lescrypion7 fields. Date of Government Version: 04/27/2023 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Date Data Partived at EDR: 04/27/2023 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Date Adrine in Report: 50/50/2023 Last EDR Contact: 10/16/2023 Number of Days to Update: 5 Data Rease Firequency. Varies	PFAS. PFAS Contaminations le Listing A listing of theis where "Potential PFAS" were found. The listing includes sites with "PFAs" and "fluoro", and site names that include "fireight", "The train". Date of Government Version: 02/5/2022 Source: Department of Health Date of Government Version: 02/5/2022 Telephones 080-586-4249 Date Mate Artive at TEC 10222 Telephones 080-586-4249 Date Mate Active in Reports: 03/11/2022 Late IDP Contact: 06/21/2023 Number of Days to Update: 10 Data Release Frequency. Varies
GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CURRENCY TRACKING	PEAS RCRA MANIFEST: FFAS Transfers Identified In the RCRA Database Listing To work around the lack of PFAS waste codes in the RCRA database. EPA developed the PFAS Transfers dataset by mining eManifiest records containing at least one of these common PFAS seyworks. FFAS, PFAF, FFF, GENS, GENS, GENS, GENS, MANIEEST, HANDLING, STRN, Non-hazardous waste description (NOVI, HAZ, WASTE, DESCRIPTION), DOT printed information (MANIFEST, HANDLING, STRN, Non-hazardous waste description (NOVI, HAZ, WASTE, DESCRIPTION), Waste residue comments (WASTE, RESIDLE_COMMENTS). Date of Governments (WASTE_RESIDLE_COMMENTS). Date Resides Frequency (WASTE_RESIDLE_COMMENTS). Date Resides GOVERS). Date Resides Frequency (WASTE_RESIDLE_COMENTS). Date Resides FreqUENCS). Date Resides FreqUENCS. Date Resides FreqUENCS. Da	PFSA ATSDR: PFAS Contamination Sile Location Listing FFAS contamination site location Sile Location Listing FFAS contamination site locations from the Department of Health & Human Services, Center for Disease Control & PFAS contamination site are an univer of PFAS-related sites, a titler directly rithough assisting state and Rederal patterers. As of now, most at a number of PFAS-related sites, are inter directly white PFAS production fielderal patterers. As of now, most at a number of PFAS-related sites, are contamination connected with PFAS production fielderal patterers. As of now, most at a number of Secarce Department of Health & Human Services Date OG Covernment Version, 162/2020 Source: Department of Health & Human Services Date Data Arrived at EDR, 3017/2021 Telephone. 2022/4157/2023 Number of Days to Update: 601 Next Schedude EDR Contact, 11/09/2023 Number of Days to Update: 601 Next Schedude EDR Contact, 11/09/2023	PFAS WQP: Ambient Environmental Sampling for PFAS The Water Quality Portal (WQP) is a part of a modernized repository storing ambient sampling data for all environmental media and tissue samples. A whot are mage of federal, state, tribal and local governments, academic and mon-governmental organizations and individuals submit project realis and sampling results to this public repository. The information is commonly used for research and assessments of environmental quality. Date of Government Version: 03/30/2023 Source: Environmental quality. Date of Government Version: 03/30/2023 Source: Environmental quality. Date Data Arrive at EDR: 03/30/2023 Last EDR Contact. 07/16/2023 Number of Days to Update: 33 Number of Days to Update: 33 Number of Days to Update: 33	PFAS NPDES: Clean Water Act Discharge Monitoring Information Any discharger of pollutants to waters of the United States from a point source must have a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit. The process for obtaining imits owners the regulated entity (permitted) discipance relates in a NPDES permit application and the permitting authority discipance and us contentines EPA) deciding whether to require mohitoring with imits. Caveats and Limitations: Less than haif of states have require application and the permitting authority dynations. Last annihilor discipance PFAS in the future of racitities monitoring for permittees. New rulemakings have been initiated that may increase the number of racitities monitoring for PFAS in the future. Date of Government Version: 03/30/2023 Sources: Environmental Protection Agency Date Bata Arrive at EDR. 03/30/2023 Telephone: 2022-203/1705/2023 Number of Days to Update: 8. Next Scheduled EDR Confact: 70/16/2023 Number of Days to Update: 8.	Lata Retease Frequency: Varies PFAS ECHO: Facilities in Industries that May Be Handing PFAS Listing Regulators and the publichare expressed interest in knowing frequencies may be handing PFAS. EPA has developed a dataset from various sources that show which industries may be handing PFAS. Approximately 120,000 facilities subject to federal environmental programs have operated or currently operate in industry sectors with processes that may involve handing and/or release of PFAS.

AIRS: List of Permitted Facilities A listing of permitted facilities in the state.		PCS: Permit Compilance System PCS is a computerized management information	Permit Compliance System PCS is a computerized management information system that contains data on National Pollutant Discharge Elimination
Date of Government Version: 06/28/2022 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 06/30/2022	Source: Department of Health Telephone: 808-586-4200	System (NPDES) permit holding facilities. PCS to facilities.	System (NPDES) permit holding facilities. PCS tracks the permit, compliance, and enforcement status of NPDES facilities.
Date Made Active in Reports: 09/14/2022 Number of Days to Update: 76	Last EDR Contact: 08/02/2023 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 10/09/2023 Data Release Frequency: Varies	Date of Government Version: 07/14/2011 2 Date Date Active at EDR: 08/05/2011 - Date Made Active in Reports: 09/29/2011 - Number of Davk to Indrate 55.	Source: EPA, Office of Water Telephone: 202-564-3496 Last EDR Condect 06127203 Next Scheduler EDR Condert 10162023
DRYCLEANERS: Permitted Drycleaner Facility Listing A listing of permitted drycleaner facilities in the state.	sting ne state.		Data Release Frequency: No Update Planned
Date of Government Version: 01/23/2023 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 02/23/2023 Date Made Active in Reports: 05/12/2023 Number of Days to Update: 78	Source: Department of Health Telephone: 808-586-4200 Last EDR Contact: 08/02/2023 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 10/09/2023 Data Release Frequency Varies	PFAS TRIS: List of PFAS Added to the TRI Section 7321 of the National Defense Aufholization Act for per- and polyflucorably substances (PFAS) to he list of ch (TRI) under Sectiona 313 of the Emergency Planning and Cc for additional PFAS to be added to TRI on an annual basis.	-TRIS: List of PFAS Added to the TRI Section 732 of the Mational Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (NDAA) immediately added certain per- and polyliuoradity fusciances (PFAS) to the list of chemicals covered by the TAX seleases Inventory (TRI) under Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA) and provided a framework for additional PFAS to be added to TRI on an annual basis.
Financial Assurance: Financial Assurance Information Listing A listing of financial assurance information for undeground storage tank to be ensure that resources are available to pay for the cost of closure, post- if the owner or operator of a regulated facility is unable or unwilling to pay.	cial Assurance: Financial Assurance information Listing A listing of financial assurance information for underground storage tank facilities. Financial assurance is intended to ensure that resources are available to pay for the soot of obsure, post-dosure care, and corrective measures if the owner or operator of a regulated facility is unable or unwilling to pay.)23)23	Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 202-856-0256 Last EDR Contact: 17/16/2023 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 10/16/2023 Data Release Frequency: Varies
Date of Government Version: 03/30/2023 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 04/04/2023 Date Made Active in Reports: 06/14/2023	Source: Department of Health Telephone: 095864-256 Last EDR Contract: 0531/2023	EDR HIGH RISK HISTORICAL RECORDS EDR Exclusive Records	
Number of Days to Update: 71	Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 09/18/2023 Data Release Frequency: Varies	EDR MGP: EDR Proprietary Manufactured Gas Plants The EDR Proprietary Manufactured Gas Plant Dat	MGP: EDR Proprietary Manufactured Gas Plants The EDR Proprietary Manufactured Gas Plant Database includes records of coal gas plants (manufactured gas plants)
LEAD: Lead Inspection Listing Lead inspections		compiled by EDR's researchers. Manufactured g to produce a gas that could be distributed and us of coal. oil, and water that also produced a sturit	compiled by EDR's researchers. Manufactured gas sites were used in the United States from the 1800's to 1550's to produce a gas that could be distributed and used as fuel. These plants used whate oil, roshi, coal, or a mixture of coal oil and water that sea routduct a significant amount of waste Manv of the hownorducts of the cas production.
Date of Government Version: 03/07/2023 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 03/09/2023 Date Made Active in Reports: 05/24/2023 Number of Days to Update: 76	Source: Department of Health Telephone. 80e396-5800 Last EDR Contract: 05/11/2023 Next Scheduled EDR Contract: 09/18/2023	such as coal tar (oil) waste containing volatile ar are potentally hazardous to human health and th disposed of directly at the plant sile and can rem and groundwater contamination.	such as coal tar (oily waste containing volatile and non-volatile chemicals), sludges, oils and other compounds are potentially hazardous to human health and the environment. The byproduct from this process was frequently disposed of directly at the plant slie and can remain or spread slowly, serving as a continuous source of soil and groundwater contamination.
UIC: Underground Injection Wells Listing A listing of underground injection well locations.		Date of Government Version: N/A Date Date Artived at EDR: N/A Date Made A chive in Reports: N/A Number of Provide Artive in Reports N/A	Source: EDR, Inc. Telephone: N/A Asst EDR Contact NA
Date of Government Version: 02/07/2013 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 02/12/2013 Date Made Active in Reports: 04/09/2013 Number of Days to Update: 56	Source: Department of Health Telephone: 0808-5894-283 Last EDR Conitact: 05/17/2023 Next Sheduled EDR Contact: 09/04/2023	Number of bays to options. NA Distribution of Distribution of Distributions of EDR has searched selected national collections of EDR has searched selected national collections of	Number of bags to optioned: NM Data Release Frequency. No Update Planned Hat Auto: EDR Exclusive Hisbrical Auto Stations EDR has searched selected national collections of business directories and has collected listings of potential
PCS ENF: Enforcement data No description is available for this data	Data Release Frequency. Varies	gas station/filling station/service station sites that to those categories of sources that might, in EDF establishments. The categories reviewed include filling station, auto, automobile repair, auto servic	gas stationfilling station/service station sites that were available to EDR researchers. EDR's review was limited to those categories of sources that might, in EDR's opnion, include gas station/filling station/service station establishments. The categories reviewed included, but were not limited to gas, gas station, gasonire station, filling station, auto, automolie repair, auto service station, service station, est.
Date of Government Version: 12/31/2014 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 02/05/2015 Date Made Active in Reports: 03/06/2015	Source: EPA Telephone: 202-564-2497 Last EDR Contact: 06/27/2023	a category of information EDR classifies as "High Risk Historic unique and sometimes proprietary data about past sites and o but may not show up in current government records searches.	a category of information EDR classifies as "High Risk Historical Records", or HRHR. EDR's HRHR effort presents unique and sometimes proprietary data about past sites and operations that typically create environmental concerns, but may not show up in current government records searches.
Number of Days to Update: 29 MINES MRDS: Mineral Resources Data System	Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 10/16/2023 Data Release Frequency: Varies	Date of Government Version: N/A Date Data Avrea at ELT: N/A Date Made Active in Reports: N/A Number of Days to Update: N/A	Source: EDR, Inc. Telephone: NA Lest EDR Context NA Next Scheduled EDR Contact N/A
Minerial Resources Data System Date of Government Version: 08.232.022 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 11/222022 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/28/2023 Number of Days to Update: 98	Source: USGS Telephone: 703-648-6533 Last EDR Confact: 05/28/2023 Next Scheduled EDR Confact: 09/04/2023	-	Data Release Frequency: Varies

GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CURRENCY TRACKING	GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CURRENCY TRACKING
EDR Hist Cleaner. EDR Exclusive Historical Cleaners EDR has searched selected national collections of business directories and has collected listings of potential dry cleaner states that were available to EDR researchers. EDR's review was limited to those categories of sources that might. In EDR's option, include dry cleaning establishments. The categories reviewed included, but were not limited to dry cleaners, cleaners, laurory, lauromat, laurory, lauromani, anany at a state share states that within a category of information EDR statiles as "High Risk Historical Records", or HRHR. EDR's HRHR effort presents unique and sometimes proprietary data about past sites and operations that typically create environmental concerns. Just may not show up in current government records each observations.	Oll/Gas Pipelines Source: Endeavor Business Media Periodemin Bundle (Crude Oll, Rerifiered Products, Petrochemicals, Gas Liquids (LPG/NGL), and Specially Gases (Miscellaneous)) N = Natural Gas Bundle (Natural Gas, Gas Liquids (LPG/NGL), and Specially Gases (Miscellaneous)). This map induces information copyrighted by Endeavor Business Media. This information is provided on a best effort basis and Endeavor Business Media does not guarantee its accuracy nor warrant is fitness for any particular purpose. Such information has been reprinted with the permission of Endeavor Business Media.
Date of Government Version: NA Sources: EDR, Inc. Date Data Arrived at ELREN: NA Telephone: NA Date Made Active in Reports: NA Telephone: NA Date Made Active in Reports: NA Last EDR Contact: NA Number of Days to Update: NA Nar Schedule EDR Contact: NA Date Recovered Government Active in Reports: NA Nar Schedule EDR Contact: NA Number of Days to Update: NA Data Release Frequency: Varies	Electric Power Transmission Line Data Source: Endeavor Business Media This applicationed Business Media does not guarantee its accuracy nor warrant its finness for any effort basis and Endeavor Business Media does not guarantee its accuracy nor warrant its finness for any particular purpose. Such information has been reprinted with the permission of Endeavor Business Media.
Exclusive Recovered Govt. Archives	Sensitive Receptors: There are individuals deemed sensitive receptors due to their fragile immune systems and special sensitivity to environmental discharges. These sensitive receptors typically include the edenty, the sick, and children. While the location of all
RGA HWS: Recovered Government Archive State Hazardous Waste Facilities List The EDR Recovered Government Archive State Hazardous Waste database provides a list of SHWS incidents derived from historical databases and includes many records that no longer appear in current government lists. Compiled from Records formerly available from the Department of Healtin Hawaii.	sensitive receptors cannot be determined, EDR indicates those buildings and facilities - schools, daycares, hospitals, medical centers, and rursling homes - where individuals who are sensitive receptors are likely to be located. AMA Hospitals. Source: Amarican Hospital, desoriation, loc
Date of Government Version: NA Source: Department of Health Date Data Arrived at EDR. 07/01/2013 Telephone: NA Date Made Active in Reports: 01/08/2014 Last EDR Contact: 06/01/2012 Number of Days to Update: 191 Data Release Frequency: Varies	Telephone: 312:280-589 The database includes a listing of hospital based on the American Hospital Association's annual survey of hospitals. More Caeners For Mactare & Medicaid Services Source: Caeners for Mactare & Medicaid Services Telephone: 410-786-3000
RGA LF: Recovered Government Archive Solid Waste Facilites List The EDR Recovered Government Archive Landfill database provides a list of landfills derived from historical databases and includes many records that no broger appear in current government lists. Compiled from Records formerly a valiable from the Department of Health in Havaii.	a tentron on heap trans with meaning provider number, produced by Centers of Medicate & Medicate Services, a federal agency within the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Nursing Homes Source: National Institutes of Health Telephone: 301-594-5548.
Date of Government Version: N/A Sources: Department of Health Date Data Arrived at EDR: 07/01/2013 Telephone: N/A Date Made Active in Reports: 01/17/2014 Last EDR: 00/12012 Date Made Active in Reports: 01/17/2014 Last Schedule EDR: 00/12012 Number of Days to Update: 200 Data Release Frequency: Varies	Information on Medicare and Medicaid certified nursing homes in the United States. Public Schools Sources: National Center for Education Statistics Telephone: 202-562-7300 The National Center for Education Statistics' primary database on elementary and secondary vublic education in the Vinde States. It as comprehensive, ambual, national statistical
eaking Leak udes r from	database of all public elementary and secondary schools and school districts, which contains data that are comparable across all states. Private Schools Source: National Center for Education Statistics Telephone: 2025602-7300 The National Center for Education Statistics
Date Made Active in Reports. 01/03/2014 Last EDR Contract: 060/12012 Number of Days to Update: 186 Noxt Scheduled EDR Contact: NA Data Release Frequency. Varies OTHER DATABASE(S)	Flood Zone Data: This data was obtained from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). It depicts 100-year and 50 year flood zones as defined by FEMA, it incurports from Amagement Agency (FEMA), it depicts 100-year and incurrence Relaw Map (FIRM) data and Q3 data from FEMA in areas not covered by NFHL. The proposates Flood Technone 273-2832. The proposates FLOAD and 203 data from FEMA in areas not covered by NFHL. The proposates Flood Technone 273-2832. The proposates FLOAD and 203. The proposates FLOAD and 203 data from FEMA in areas not covered by NFHL. The proposates FLOAD and 203 data from FEMA in areas not covered by NFHL. The proposates FLOAD and 203. The proposates FLOAD and 203 data from FEMA in areas not covered by NFHL.
Depending on the geographic area covered by this report, the data provided in these specially databases may or may not be complete. For example, the activations of wallands information data in a specific report does not mean that all wetlands in the area covered by the report are included. Moreover, the absence of any reported wetlands information does not necessarily mean that wetlands do not exist in the area covered by the report.	NWI: National Wetlands Invention, This data, available in select counties across the country, was obtained by EDR in 2002, 2005, 2010 and 2015 from the US. Fish and Wildlife Service. State Wetlands Data: Wetlands Inventory Source.

GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CLIRRENCY TRACKING	
	GEOCHECK [®] - PHYSICAL SETTING SOURCE ADDENDUM
Current USGS 7.5 Minute Topographic Map Source: U.S. Geological Survey	
STREET AND ADDRESS INFORMATION	TARGET PROPERTY ADDRESS
© 2015 TomTom North America, Inc. All rights reserved. This material is proprietary and the subject of copyright protection and other intellectual property rights owned by or licensed to Tele Atlas North America, Inc. The use of this material is subject to the terms of a license acreement. You will be head liab for any unablindized convince or disclosure of this material.	KALAMA INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL 120 MAKANI RD MAKAWAO, HI 96768
	TARGET PROPERTY COORDINATES
	Latitude (North); 20.850891 - 20' 51' 3.21'' Longitude (West): 156.320367 - 156' 19' 13.32'' Universal Tarnverse Mercator; Zone 4 UTM Y (Meters); 2307831.2 Elevation: 1542 ft. above sea level
	USGS TOPOGRAPHIC MAP
	Target Property Map: 9757719 HAIKU, HI Version Date: 2017
	Northwest Map: 9757761 PAIA, HI Version Date: 2017
	EDR's GeoCheck Physical Setting Source Addendum is provided to assist the environmental professional in forming an opinion about the impact of potential contaminant migration.
	Assessment of the impact of contaminant migration generally has two principle investigative components:
	 Groundwater flow direction, and Groundwater flow velocity.
	Groundwater flow direction may be impacted by surface topography, hydrology, hydrogeology, characteristics of the soil, and nearby wells. Groundwater flow velocity is generally impacted by the nature of the geologic strata.
TC7410884.2s Page GR-27	TC/410984.25 Page A-1

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GEOCHECK [®] - PHYSICAL SETTING SOURCE SUMMARY	HYDROLOGIC INFORMATION Surface were can act as a tybrologic barrier to groundwater flow. Such hydrologic information can be used to assist the environmental professional in forming an opnion about the impact of nearby contaminated properties or, should contamination exist on the target property, what downgradient sites might be impacted. Refer to the Physical Setting Source Map following this summary for hydrologic information (major waterways and bodies of water).	FEMA FLOOD ZONE Flood Plain Panel at Target Property 1500030440E Additional Panels in search area: 1500030420E FEMA FIRM Flood data 1500030420E FEMA FIRM Flood data	NATIONAL WETLAND INVENTORY NWI Quad at Target Property NOT AVAILABLE YES - refer to the Overview Map and Detail Map	HYDROGEOLOGIC INFORMATION Hydrogeolic information obtained by installation of wells on a specific site can often be an indicator Hydrogeologic information obtained by installation of wells on a specific site can often be an indicator of groundwater flow direction in the immediate area. Such hydrogeologic information can be used to assist the environmental professional in forming an opinion about the impact of nearby contaminated properties or, should contamination exist on the target property, what downgradient sites might be impacted.	AQUIFLOW◎ Search Radius: 1.000 Mile.	EDR has developed the AQUIFLOW Information System to provide data on the general direction of groundwater flow at specific points. EDR has reviewed reports submitted by environmental professionals to regulatory authoritities at select sites and has extracted the date of the report, groundwater flow direction as determined hydrogeologically, and the depth to water table.	MAP ID LOCATION GENERAL DIRECTION Not Reported ROUNDWATER FLOW	
GEOCHECK [®] - PHYSICAL SETTING SOURCE SUMMARY	CROUNDWATER FLOW DIRECTION INFORMATION Groundwater for a particular site is best determined by a qualified environmental professional Groundwater for a latar. If such data is not reasonably ascertainable, it may be necessary to rety on other succes of information, such as surface topographic information, fundrologic information, hydrologic data collected on nearby properties, and regional groundwater flow information (from deep aquifers).	TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION Surface topography may be indicative of the direction of surficial groundwater flow. This information can be used to surface topography may be indicative of the direction of surficial groundwater flow. This information can be used to assist the environmental professional in forming an opinion about the impact of nearby contaminated properties or, should contamination exist on the target property, what downgradient sites might be impacted. TARGET PROPERTY TOPOGRAPHY General Topographic Gradientt: General NNW	SURROUNDING TOPOGRAPHY: ELEVATION PROFILES	1751 1740 1713 1639 1640 1629 1600 1605 1573 1542 1516 1473 1473 1472 1463 1473 1472 1463 1474 1376 1376 1377 1354	North TP South		Elevation (1)	Source: Topography has been determined from the USGS 7.5' Digital Elevation Model and should be evaluated on a relative (not an absolute) basis. Relative elevation information between sites of close proximity should be field verified.

GEOCHECK[®] - PHYSICAL SETTING SOURCE SUMMARY

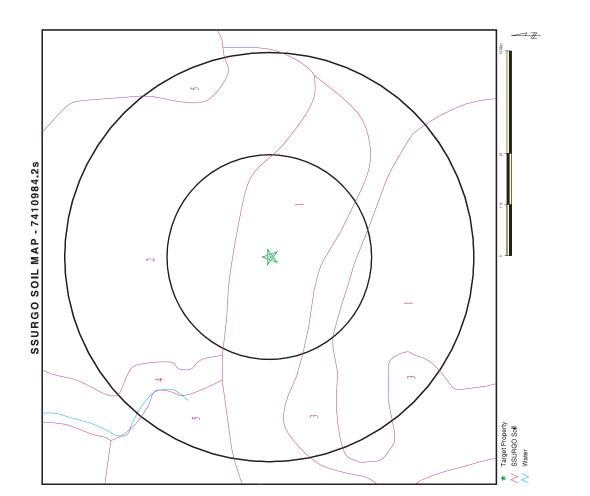
<u>GROUNDWATER FLOW VELOCITY INFORMATION</u> Coroundwater flow velocity information for a particular site is best determined by a qualified environmental professional using site specific geologic and soil strata data. If such data are not reasonably ascertainable, it may be necessary to rely on other sources of information, including geologic age identification, rock stratigraphic unit and soil tranacteristics data collected on nearby properties and regional soil information. In general, contaminant plumes move more quickly through sandy-gravely types of soils than sithy-clayey types of soils.

GEOLOGIC INFORMATION IN GENERAL AREA OF TARGET PROPERTY Geologic information can be used by the environmental professional in forming an opinion about the relative speed at which contaminant migration may be occurring.

0

GEOLOGIC AGE IDENTIFICATION	Category: -			N/A (decoded above as Era, System & Series)
	•	,	,	N/A
KOCK SI KALIGKAPHIC UNII	Era:	System:	Series:	Code:

Geologic Age and Rock Stratigraphic Unit Source: P.G. Schruben, R.E. Arndt and W.J. Bawiec, Geology of the Conterminous U.S. at 12,550,000 Scale - a digital representation of the 1974 P.B. King and H.M. Beikman Map, USGS Digital Data Series DDS - 11 (1994).



CLIENT: Element Environmental , LLC CONTACT: Angle Petiter INCOI IIRY #: 7410984.25	DATE: August 08, 2023 12:02 pm	Copyright 🗠 2023 EDR, Inc. 🗠 2015 TomTom Rol. 2015.
SITE NAME: Kalama Intermediate School ADDRESS: 120 MAKANI RD 187768	37	

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	ŋ	EOCHEC	K [®] - PHYSICA	GEOCHECK $^{\otimes}$ - PHYSICAL SETTING SOURCE SUMMARY	JURCE SUMM.	ARY		GEOCHECK [®] - PHYSICAL SETTING SOURCE SUMMARY	ETTING SOURCE SUMMARY	
DOMINAN	T SOIL COMP	OSITION IN	GENERAL AREA OF .	DOMINANT SOIL COMPOSITION IN GENERAL AREA OF TARGET PROPERTY						
The U.S. I	Department	of Agriculture	ə's (USDA) Soil Con	nservation Service (Si	CS) leads the Natior	nal Cooperative	Soil	Soil Map ID: 2		
Survey (N for private	ICSS) and is	responsible	for collecting, storin ited States. A soil m	Survey (NCSS) and is responsible for collecting, storing, maintaining and distributing soil survey information for privately owned lands in the United States. A soil map in a soil survey is a representation of soil patterns	listributing soil surve a representation of	y information soil patterns		Soil Component Name: Haliimaile		
in a lands	cape. Ine rc	ollowing intor	mation is based on ;	Soll Conservation Se	INICE SSURGU DATE			Soil Surface Texture: silty clay		
Soil Map ID: 1	D: 1							Hydrologic Group: Class B - Moderate int moderate int portinge	Class B - Moderate infiltration rates. Deep and moderately deep, moderately well and well drained soils with moderately coarse textures	
Soil Comp	Soil Component Name:		Haliimaile					Soli Dreinana Class. Wall Arainad		
Soil Surfa	Soil Surface Texture:		silty clay loam					/dric		
Hydrologic Group:	c Group:		Class B - Model moderately well textures	Class B - Moderate infiltration rates. Deep and moderately deep, moderately well and well drained soils with moderately coarse textures	. Deep and moderatuils with moderatuc	ely deep, :oarse		Corrosion Potential - Uncoated Steel: Moderate		
Soil Drain;	Soil Drainade Class		Well drained					Depth to Bedrock Min: > 0 inches		
Hvdric Sta	Hvdric Status: Not hvdric	tric	5					Depth to Watertable Min: > 0 inches		
Corrosion	Potential - L	Incoated Ste	Corrosion Potential - Uncoated Steel: Moderate					Soil Layer Information	rmation	
								Boundary	Classification	
Depth to t	Depth to Bedrock Min:		> 0 inches					Ilmor I outor Cont Totelino Class	d Coil	vity Soil Desetion
Depth to V	Depth to Watertable Min:	1in:	> 0 inches							sec (pH)
			Soil Laye	Soil Layer Information				1 0 inches 14 inches sily clay Silt-C Mate	Silt-Clay ML-K (proposed) Max: 4.23 Materials (more Min: 0.42	Max: 6 Min: 5.1
	Bou	Boundary		Classif	Classification	Saturated		than than base		
Layer	Upper	Lower	Soil Texture Class	s AASHTO Group	Unified Soil	₽°	Soil Reaction (pH)	2 4.4 incheas A.1 incheas all v. chur.	Clayey Mil K (newseld)	
~	0 inches	14 inches	sity clay loam	Silt-Clay Materials (more than 35 pct. passing No. 2001, Clayey Solis	ML-K (proposed)	Max: 4.23 Min: 0.42	Max: 6 Min: 5.1	14 moures 40 moures siny day 40 mohae 64 mohaes 1994	i (more mic-in (proposeu) oct. No. Mi -K (rimmeed)	
0	14 inches	40 inches	sity clay	Sift-Clay Materials (more than 35 pct. passing No. 2001, Clayey Solis	ML-K (proposed)	Max: 4.23 Min: 0.42	Max: 6 Min: 5.1	500 500000 00	s (more oct. No. iyey	5.1
n	40 inches	64 inches	clay	Sitt-Clay Materials (more than 35 pct.	ML-K (proposed)	Max: 4.23 Min: 0.42	Max: 6 Min: 5.1	Coll Man ID. 3		I
				200), Clayey Soils.				Soil Component Name: Haliimaile		
								Soil Surface Texture: silty clay loam		
								Hydrologic Group: Class B - Moderate in moderately well and w textures.	Class B - Moderate infiltration rates. Deep and moderately deep, moderately well and well drained soils with moderately coarse textures.	
								Soil Drainage Class: Well drained		

TC7410984.2s Page A-6

Hydric Status: Not hydric

GEOCHECK $^{\odot}$ - PHYSICAL SETTING SOURCE SUMMARY

Corrosion Potential - Uncoated Steel: Moderate

> 0 inches Depth to Bedrock Min:

> 0 inches Depth to Watertable Min:

		conductivity Soil Reaction micro m/sec (pH)	Max: 6 Min:	5.1					Max: 6 Min:	5.1					Max: 6 Min:	5.1				
	Saturated hvdraulic	conductivity micro m/sec	Max: 4.23	Min: 0.42					Max: 4.23	Min: 0.42					Max: 4.23	Min: 0.42				
	ication	Unified Soil	ML-K (proposed)						ML-K (proposed)						ML-K (proposed)					
Soil Layer Information	Classification	Soil Texture Class AASHTO Group Unified Soil	Silt-Clay	Materials (more	than 35 pct.	passing No.	200), Clayey	Soils.	Silt-Clay	Materials (more	than 35 pct.	passing No.	200), Clayey	Soils.	Silt-Clay	Materials (more	than 35 pct.	passing No.	200), Clayey	Soils.
Soil Laye		Soil Texture Class	silty clay loam						silty clay						clay					
	Boundary	Lower	14 inches						40 inches						64 inches					
	Boui	Upper	0 inches						14 inches						40 inches					
		Layer	-						2						ę					

Soil Map ID: 4

3011 Map ID: 4	
Soil Component Name:	Rock land
Soil Surface Texture:	silty clay loam
Hydrologic Group:	Class D - Very slow infiltration rates. Soils are clayey, have a high water table, or are shallow to an impervious layer.
Soil Drainage Class:	Well drained
Hydric Status: Unknown	
Corrosion Potential - Uncoated Steel: Moderate	Moderate
Depth to Bedrock Min:	> 0 inches

> 0 inches

Depth to Watertable Min:

TC7410984.2s Page A-8

GEOCHECK[®] - PHYSICAL SETTING SOURCE SUMMARY

		Y Soil Reaction c (pH)	Max: Min:	Max: Min:	Max: Min:
	Saturated	conductivity micro m/sec	Max: 0.42 Min: 0.02	Max: 0.42 Min: 0.02	Max: 0.42 Min: 0.02
	Classification		Not reported	Not reported	Not reported
Soil Layer Information	Classif	Soil Texture Class AASHTO Group Unified Soil	Silt-Clay Materials (more than 35 pct passing No. 200), Clayey Soils.	Silt-Clay Materials (more than 35 pct passing No. 200), Clayey Soils.	Silt-Clay Materials (more than 35 pct passing No. 200), Clayey Solis.
Soil Laye		Soil Texture Class	silty clay loam	silty clay	bedrock
	Boundary	Lower	3 inches	7 inches	20 inches
	Boui	Upper	0 inches	3 inches	7 inches
		Layer	-	2	e

Class B - Moderate infiltration rates. Deep and moderately deep, moderately well and well drained soils with moderately coarse textures. Well drained > 0 inches Corrosion Potential - Uncoated Steel: Moderate > 0 inches Haliimaile silty clay Hydric Status: Not hydric Depth to Watertable Min: Soil Component Name: Depth to Bedrock Min: Soil Surface Texture: Soil Drainage Class: Hydrologic Group: Soil Map ID: 5

GEOCHECK[®] - PHYSICAL SETTING SOURCE SUMMARY

							_	_											_
		Soil Reaction (pH)	Max: 6 Min: 5 1					Max: 6 Min:	5.1					Max: 6 Min:	5.1				
	Saturated	conductivity micro m/sec	Max: 4.23 Min: 0.42					Max: 4.23	Min: 0.42					Max: 4.23	Min: 0.42				
	Classification	Unified Soil	ML-K (proposed)					ML-K (proposed)						ML-K (proposed)					
Soil Layer Information	Classif	AASHTO Group	Sitt-Clay Materials (more	than 35 pct.	passing No.	200), Clayey	Soils.	Silt-Clay	Materials (more	than 35 pct.	passing No.	200), Clayey	Soils.	Silt-Clay	Materials (more	than 35 pct.	passing No.	200), Clayey	Soils.
		Soil Texture Class AASHTO Group Unified Soil	silty clay					silty clay						clay					
	Boundary	Lower	14 inches					40 inches						64 inches					
		Upper	0 inches					14 inches						40 inches					
		Layer	+					2						e					

LOCAL / REGIONAL WATER AGENCY RECORDS

EDR Local/Regional Water Agency records provide water well information to assist the environmental professional in assessing sources that may impact ground water flow direction, and in forming an opinion about the impact of contaminant migration on nearby drinking water wells.

WELL SEARCH DISTANCE INFORMATION

SEARCH DISTANCE (miles)	1.000 Nearest PWS within 1 mile 1.000	
DATABASE	Federal USGS Federal FRDS PWS State Database	

FEDERAL USGS WELL INFORMATION

LOCATION	FROM TP	
	WELL ID	
	MAP ID	No Wells Found

FEDERAL FRDS PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM INFORMATION

LOCATION	FROM TP	
	WELL ID	
	MAP ID	

TC7410984.2s Page A-10

GEOCHECK[®] - PHYSICAL SETTING SOURCE SUMMARY

FEDERAL FRDS PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM INFORMATION

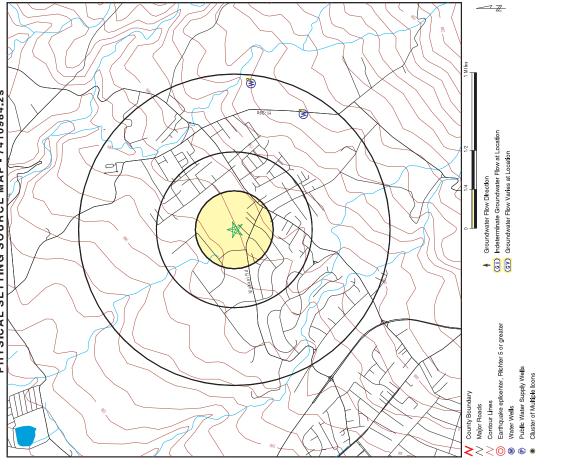
LOCATION FROM TP		
WELL ID		
MAPID	No PWS System Found	

Note: PWS System location is not always the same as well location.

STATE DATABASE WELL INFORMATION

LOCATION FROM TP	<u>1/2 - 1 Mile ES</u> E 1/2 - 1 Mile East
MELL ID	HI 130000003409 HI 130000003426
MAP ID	5 - 1

PHYSICAL SETTING SOURCE MAP - 7410984.2s



L SETTING SOURCE MAP FINDINGS
. SETTII
GEOCHECK® - PHYSICAL

1 ESE 1/2 - 1 Mile Higher Well #: 6-5018-001 Vorginal Name: Not Reported Vorginal Name: Not Reported		Database	EDR ID Number
I Name:		HI MELLS	HI130000003409
	001 borted	Well Name: Aquifer Type:	Maluhia Dike
		Driller:	Melvin E Lima (deceased)
Well Depth (ft): 1880			
Land Owner: Thomas B	Thomas Baldwin Nonexempt Trust	ust	
Pump Installer: Melvin E L	Melvin E Lima (deceased)		
Well Construction Type: Rotary		Casing Diameter (in):	8
Ground Elevation (ft): 1841		Solid Casing Depth (ft):	1820
Perf Casing Depth (ft): 1860			
	Agriculture-Crops and Processing	6	
Initial Water Level (ft): 23.5		Water Level After Drilling (ft):	Not Reported
Chloride Content (mg/l): 25		Date Tested:	Not Reported
Test Pump Rate (g/m): Not Reported	ported	Test Drawdown Rate (ft):	Not Reported
Test Chloride Content (mg/l): Not Reported	ported	Test Water Temp:	Not Reported
Test Unit: Not Reported	ported	Pump GPM:	48
Max Chloride Level: Not Reported	ported	Min Chloride Level:	Not Reported
Pump Installed: 2007		Draft Year:	Not Reported
Hole Bottom Elevation: -39		Solid Casing Bot Elevation:	21
Perf Casing Bot Elevation: -19		Pump Capacity (MM gal/day):	.069
Pump Intake Depth (ft): 1843		Latest WCR1 Report:	28-NOV-07
Latest WCR2 Report: 28-NOV-07	-01	Transmissivity:	Not Reported

LS HI130000003426	Pookela MDWS Basal	County of Maui	18 1800 County	Not Reported 14-DEC-02 4.2	900.7 Not Reported Not Reported	11 1.296 Not Reported 159410
HI WELLS	Well Name: Aquifer Type:	Inc. Land Owner:	Casing Diameter (in): Solid Casing Depth (ft): Maior Well Use	Water Level After Drilling (ft): Date Tested: Test Drawdown Rate (ft):	rest water remp: Pump GPM: Min Chloride Level: Draft Year:	Solid Casing Bot Elevation: Pump Capacity (MM gal/day): Latest WCR1 Report: Transmissivity:
	6-5118-002 Not Reported 2003	Water Resources International, Inc. 1950 Bevlik / Energetic A JV	Rotary 1811 1950	11.95 10 1400	nu F Not Reported 2006	-139 -139 Not Reported
2 East 1/2 - 1 Mile Higher	Well #: Original Name: Year Drilled:	Driller: Well Depth (ft): Pump Installer:	Well Construction Type: Ground Elevation (ft): Perf Casing Denth (ft):	Initial Water Level (ft): Chloride Content (mg/l): Test Pump Rate (g/m):	rest Critoride Content (mg/r): Test Unit: Max Chloride Level: Pump Installed:	Hole Bottom Elevation: Perf Casing Bot Elevation: Pump Intake Depth (tt): Latest WCR2 Report:

TC7410984.2s Page A-13

CULENT: Element Environmental , LLC CONTACT: Angle Petter NOUIPN#: 7410984.32 NOUIPN#: 7410984.32 AUGUST 08, 2023 12:02 pm DATE: Syndret 08, 2023 12:02 pm

SITE NAME: Kalama Intermediate School ADDRESS: 120 MAXANI RD MAXAWAO HI 96768 LAT/LONG: 20.850891 / 156.320367

GEOCHECK	- PHYSICAL S	GEOCHECK®- PHYSICAL SETTING SOURCE MAP FINDINGS	MAP FINDINGS	PHYSICAL SETTING SOURCE RECORDS SEARCHED
	œ	RADON		TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION
V INFORMATION				USGS 7.5' Digital Eevation Model (DEM) Source: United States Geologic Survey
<pre>tadon Zone for MAUI County: 3 tindoor average level > 4 pCi/L</pre>	Inty: 3 4 pCVL.			EDR acquired the USGS 7.5' DIBL Elevation Model in 2002 and updated it in 2006. The 7.5 minute DEM corresponds to the USGS 1:24,000- and 1:25,000-scale topographic quadrangle maps. The DEM provides elevation data with consistent elevation units and projection.
2 indoor average level >= 2 pC/L and <= 4 pC/L. ⋅3 indoor average level < 2 pC//L.	= 2 pCi/L and <= 4 pCi/L 2 pCi/L.	_1		Current USGS 7.5 Minute Topographic Map Source: U.S. Geological Survey
Radon Information for Zip Code:	Code: 96768			HYDROLOGIC INFORMATION
is tested: 9 Average Activity	tivity % <4 pCi/L	% 4-20 pCi/L	% >20 pCi/L	Flood Zone Data: This data was obtained from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). It depicts 100-year and
st Floor 0.522 pCi/L ind Floor 0.000 pCi/L 0.100 pCi/L	100% 100%		0% 0% 0%	isorgen mou zuitres as verineu by Fichwi, trinduces tre varona mood nazeri usyer (verru) wind indoporates mou Isorgen Map (FIRM) data and Q3 data from FEMA in areas not covered by NFHL. Source: FEMA Telephone: 877-385-827 Date of Government Version: 2003, 2015
				NWI: National Wetlands inventory. This data, available in select counties across the country, was obtained by EDR in 2002, 2006, 2010 and 2015 from the U.S. Fitsh and Wildlife Service.
				State Wetlands Data: Wetlands Inventory Source: Office of Planning Telephone: 808-587-2895
				HYDROGEOLOGIC INFORMATION
				AQUIFLOW ^R Information System Source: EDR proprietary database of groundwater flow information EDR has developed the AQUIFLOW information System (AIS) to provide data on the general direction of groundwater flow at specific points. EDR has reviewed reports submitted to regulatory authorities at select states and has extracted the date of the report, hydrogeologically determined groundwater flow direction and depth to water table information.
				GEOLOGIC INFORMATION
				Geologic Age and Rock Stratigraphic Unit Source: P.G. Schruben, R.E. Amdt and W.J. Bawlec, Geology of the Conterminous U.S. at 12,500,000 Scale - A digital representation of the 1974 P.B. King and H.M. Beikman Map, USGS Digital Data Series DDS - 11 (1994).
				STATSGO: State Soil Geographic Database Source: Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) The US: Department of Agriculture's (USDA) Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) leads the national The US: Department of Agriculture's (USDA) Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) leads the national Conservation Soil Survey (NCSS) and its responsible for collecting, storing, maintaining and distributing soil survey information for privately owned lands in the United States. A soil map in a soil survey is a representation of soil patterns in a landscape. Soil maps for STATSCO are compiled by generalizing more detailed (SSURGO) soil survey maps.
				SSURGO: Soil Survey Geographic Database Source: Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Telephone: 800-52553 SSURGO is the most deatafied level of mapping dome by the Natural Resources Conservation Service, mapping scales generally range from 1:12,000 to 1:63,360. Field mapping methods using national standards are used to construct the soil maps. In the Soil Survey Geographic (SSURGO) diatabase. SSURGO digitizing duplicates the original soil survey maps. This level of manapping level of national standards are used to natural resource planning and management.
			TC7410864.26 Pane A.14	

AREA RADON INFORMA

Federal EPA Radon Zone fo Note: Zone 1 indoor aver : Zone 2 indoor aver : Zone 3 indoor aver

Federal Area Radon Inform Area

Number of sites tested: 9				
Area	Average Activity	% <4 pCi/L	% 4-20 pCi/L	% >20 pCi/L
Living Area - 1st Floor	0.522 pCi/L	100%	%0	%0
Living Area - 2nd Floor	0.000 pCi/L	100%	%0	%0
Basement	0.100 pCi/L	100%	%0	%0

PHYSICAL SETTING SOURCE RECORDS SEARCHED

LOCAL / REGIONAL WATER AGENCY RECORDS

FEDERAL WATER WELLS

PWS: Public Water Systems Source: EPA/Office of Drinking Water Techone: 2.5264.3750 Public Water System data from the Federal Reporting Data System. A PWS is any water system which provides water to at least 25 people for at least 60 days annually. PWSs provide water from wells, rivers and other sources.

PWS ENF: Public Water Systems Violation and Enforcement Data Source: EPA/Office of Drinking Water Telepone: 2025643750 Violation and Enforcement data for Public Water Systems from the Safe Drinking Water Information System (SDWIS) after August 1995. Prior to August 1995, the data came from the Federal Reporting Data System (FRDS).

USGS Water Weils: USGS National Water Inventory System (NWIS) This database contains descriptive information on siles where the USGS oblects or has collected data on surface water and/or groundwater. The groundwater data includes information on wells, springs, and other sources of groundwater.

STATE RECORDS

Well Index Database Source: Commission on Water Resource Management Telephone: 806-587-0214 CWRM maintains a Vell Index Database to track specific information pertaining to the construction and installation of production wells in Hawaii.

OTHER STATE DATABASE INFORMATION

RADON

Area Radon Information Sources: 105:556:4020 Teleprone: 703:56:4020 The National Radon Database has been developed by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USER) and a somplation of the EPAX State Residential Radon Survey and the National Residential Radon Survey. The study covers they east 1982. Where necessary data has been supplemented by information collected at private sources such as universities and research institutions.

Source: EPA Telephone: 703-356-4020 Sections 307 & 309 of IRAA directed EPA to list and identify areas of U.S. with the potential for elevated indoor radion levels: EPA Radon Zones

OTHER

Airport Landing Facilities: Private and public use landing facilities Source: Federal Aviation Administration, 800-457-6656

Epicenters: World earthquake epicenters, Richter 5 or greater Source: Department of Commerce, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

Earthquake Fault Lines: The fault lines displayed on EDR's Topographic map are diglitzed quatemary faultlines, prepared in 1975 by the United State Geological Survey

PHYSICAL SETTING SOURCE RECORDS SEARCHED

STREET AND ADDRESS INFORMATION

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SCHOOL		
XALAMA INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL	JI RD	, HI 96768
KALAMA IN	120 MAKANI RD	MAKAWAO, HI 96768

Inquiry Number: 7410984.7S AUGUST 11, 2023

EDR Environmental Lien and AUL Search

6 Armstrong Road, 4th floor Shelton, CT 06484 Toll Free: 800.352.0050 www.edmet.com

EDR Environmental Lien and AUL Search

The EDR Environmental Lien Search Report provides results from a search of available current land title records for environmental cleanup liens and other activity and use limitations, such as engineering controls and institutional controls.

A network of professional, trained researchers, following established procedures, uses client supplied address information to:

- search for parcel information and/or legal description; search for ownership information. research official and title documents recorded at jurisdictional agencies such as recorders' offices, registries deeds, courty clerks' offices, etc.;

 - access a copy of the deed;
 - search for environmental encumbering instrument(s) associated with the deed; provide a copy of any environmental encumbrance(s) based upon a review of key words in the instrument(s) (title, parties involved, and description); and provide a copy of the deed or citle documents reviewed. • •
- •

Thank you for your business. Please contact EDR at 1-800-352-0050 with any questions or comments.

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EDR Environmental Lien and AUL Search		EDR Environmental Lien and AUL Search
EORMATION	ENVIRONMENTAL LIEN	TEN
	Environmental Lien:	Found Not Found X
TESCHOOL	Comments:	NONE IDENTIFIED.
	OTHER ACTIVITY A	DTHER ACTIVITY AND USE LIMITATIONS (AULS)
	Other AUL's:	Found Not Found X
07 SEARCHED, BASED ON AVAILABLE INFORMATION EVALUATED BY THE TITLE SEARCH INTERIORION DOES NOT REQUIRE A SEARCH OF JUDICIAL RECORDS IN ORDER TO NUTAL I LIENS	Comments:	NONE IDENTIFIED.

TARGET PROPERTY INFORMATION

ADDRESS

KALAMA INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL MAKAWAO, HI 96768 120 MAKANI RD

RESEARCH SOURCE

JUDICIAL RECORDS **NOT** SEARCHED. BASED ON AVAILABLE INFOR PROFESSIONAL, THE JURISDICTION **DOES NOT** REQUIRE A SEARCI IDENTIFY ENVIRONMENTAL LIENS.

Source 1: MAUI COUNTY RECORDER'S OFFICE

Source 2: HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Source 3: UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

PROPERTY INFORMATION

BLD 10 CAFETERIA STATE OF HAWAII 2-2-4-032-109-0000 NO DEED FOUND 1980 - PRESENT. Legal Description: Current Owner: Property Identifiers: Comments:

EDR Environmental Lien and AUL Search

MISCELLANEOUS Comments:

NONE IDENTIFIED.

Kalama Intermediate School	20 MAKANI RD	AWAO, HI 96768
Kalama I	120 MAK	MAKAWA

Inquiry Number: 7410984.6 August 08, 2023

EDR Property Tax Map Report

Environmental Data Resources, Inc.'s EDR Property Tax Map Report is designed to assistenvironmental professionals in evaluating potential environmental conditions on a target property bunderstanding property boundaries and other characteristics. The report includes a search of a valiable property tax maps, which include information on boundaries for the target property and neighboring properties, addnesses, parcei identification ninformation so ther data typically used in property location and identification.

NO COVERAGE

Thank you for your business. Please contact EDR at 1-800-352-0050 with any questions or comments.

The EDR Property Tax Map Report

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	EDF	EDR Aerial Photo Decade Package	ecade Package	08/08/23
	Site N	Site Name:	Client Name:	
	Kalam 120 M MAKA EDR I	Kalama Intermediate School 120 MAKANI RD MAKAWAO, HI 96768 EDR Inquiry # 7410984.11	Element Environmental , LLC 98-030 Hekaha Street Aiea, HI 96701-0000 Contact: Angie Peltier	EDR
	Environment environment professional per decade.	mental Data Resources, In mental professionals in eva onal researchers provide d ade.	Environmental Data Resources, Inc. (EDR) Aerial Photo Decade Package is a screening tool designed to assist environmental professionals in evaluating potential itability on a target property resulting from past activities. EDR's professional researchers provide digitally reproduced historical aerial photographs, and when available, provide one photo per decade.	sing tool designed to assist thing from past activities. EDR's and when available, provide one photo
	Search	Search Results:		
	Year	Scale	Details	Source
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	1976 1950	1"=500' F	Flight Date: February 09, 1976 Flight Date: September 28, 1950	USGS
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Kalama Intermediate School

Inquiry Number: 7410984.11

August 08, 2023

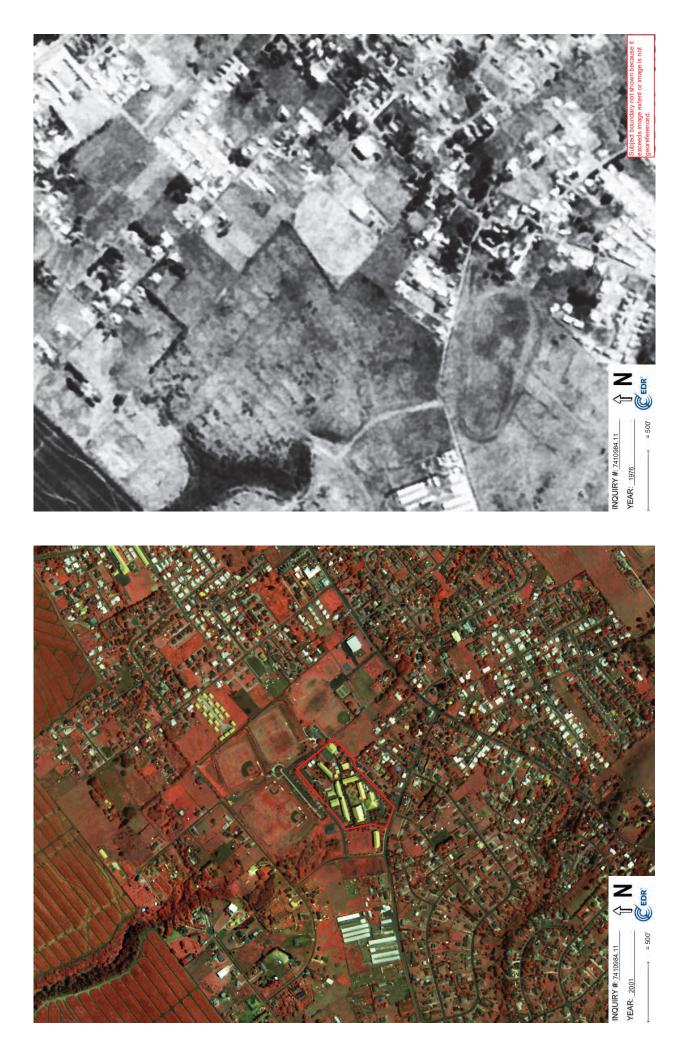
120 MAKANI RD MAKAWAO, HI 96768 The EDR Aerial Photo



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	Certified Sanborn® Map Report	Report	08/08/23
	Site Name:	Client Name:	
	Kalama Intermediate School 120 MAKANI RD MAKAWAO, HI 96768 EDR Inquiry # 7410984.3	Element Environmental , LLC 98-030 Hekaha Street Aiea, HI 96701-0000 Contact: Angie Peltier	LC
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	The Sanborn Library is continually enhance day this report was generated.	with newly identified map archives. This	The Sanborn Library is continually enhanced with newly identified map archives. This report accesses all maps in the collection as of the day this report was generated.
	Certified Sanborn Results:		
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	UNMAPPED PROPERTY		
	This report certifies that the complete holdings of the Sanborn Library.	dings of the Sanborn Library,	Samborn® Library search results Certification #: A89D-4958-B69C
	LLU collection have been searched based on client supplied target property information, and fire insurance maps covering the target property	a on client supplied target naps covering the target property	The Sanborn Library includes more than 1.2 million
	were not found.	• • •	fire insurance maps from Sanborn, Bromley, Perris & Browne, Hopkins, Barlow and others which track
Certified Sanborn® Map Report			historical property usage in approximately 12,000 American cities and towns. Collections searched:
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Kalama Intermediate School 120 MAKANI RD MAKAWAO, HI 96768

Inquiry Number: 7410984.3 August 08, 2023



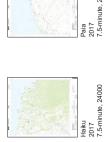
		EDR Histo	EDR Historical Topo Map Report		08/08/23
		Site Name:	Client Name:	Name:	_
Kalama Intermediate School		Kalama Intermediate School 120 MAKANI RD MAKAWAO, HI 96768 EDR Inquiry # 7410984.4	-	Element Environmental , LLC 98-030 Hekaha Street Alea, HI 96701-0000 Contact: Angie Petitier	EDR [®]
120 MAKANI RD MAKAWAO, HI 96768 Inquiry Number: 7410984.4 August 08, 2023		EDR Topographi Element Environ assist profession Map Report indu 1800s.	EDR Topographic Map Library has been searched by EDR and maps covering the target property location as provided by Element Environmental , LLC were identified for the years listed below. EDR's Historical Topo Map Report is designed to assist professionals in evaluating potential liability on a target property resulting from past activities. EDRs Historical Topo Map Report includes a search of a collection of public and private color historical topographic maps, dating back to the late 1800s.	EDR and maps covering the targ ears listed below. EDR's Historic: a target property resulting from pr a target property resulting from pr : and private color historical topog	EDR Topographic Map Library has been searched by EDR and maps covering the target property location as provided by Element Environmental , LLC were identified for the years listed below. EDR's historical Topo Map Report is designed to assist professionals in evaluating potential liability on a target property resulting from past activities. EDR's Historical Topo Map Report includes a search of a collection of public and private color historical topographic maps, dating back to the late 1800s.
		Search Results:		Coordinates:	
		P.O.# Project:	230044 230044 Kalama Intermediate S	Latitude: Longitude: UTM Zone: UTM X Meters: UTM Y Meters:	20.850891 20° 51' 3" North -156° 19' 13" West Zone 4 North 778843.14 2307967.56
		Maps Provided:		Elevation:	1546.03' above sea level
	EDR Historical Topo Map Report	2017 2013			
	with QuadMatch TM	1991, 1992 1983			
		1961 1954, 1957 1922			
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Topo Sheet Key This EDR Topo Map Report is based upon the following USGS topographic map sheets.

2017 Source Sheets





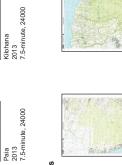
2013 Source Sheets





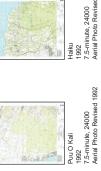






1991, 1992 Source Sheets

Haiku 2013 7.5-minute, 24000











7.5-minute, 24000 Aerial Photo Revised 1991 1983 Source Sheets

Kilohana 1991





Kilohana

⊃uu O Kali

1983 7.5-minute, 24000 Aerial Photo Revised 1976

Paia 1983 7.5-minute, 24000 Aerial Photo Revised 1977



Topo Sheet Key This EDR Topo Map Report is based upon the following USGS topographic map sheets.

1961 Source Sheets



1954, 1957 Source Sheets



7.5-minute, 24000 Aerial Photo Revised 1950

Puu O Kali 1954 7.5-minute, 24000 Aerial Photo Revised 1950



MAKAWAO 1922 7.5-minute, 31680



HAIKU 1922 7.5-minute, 31680

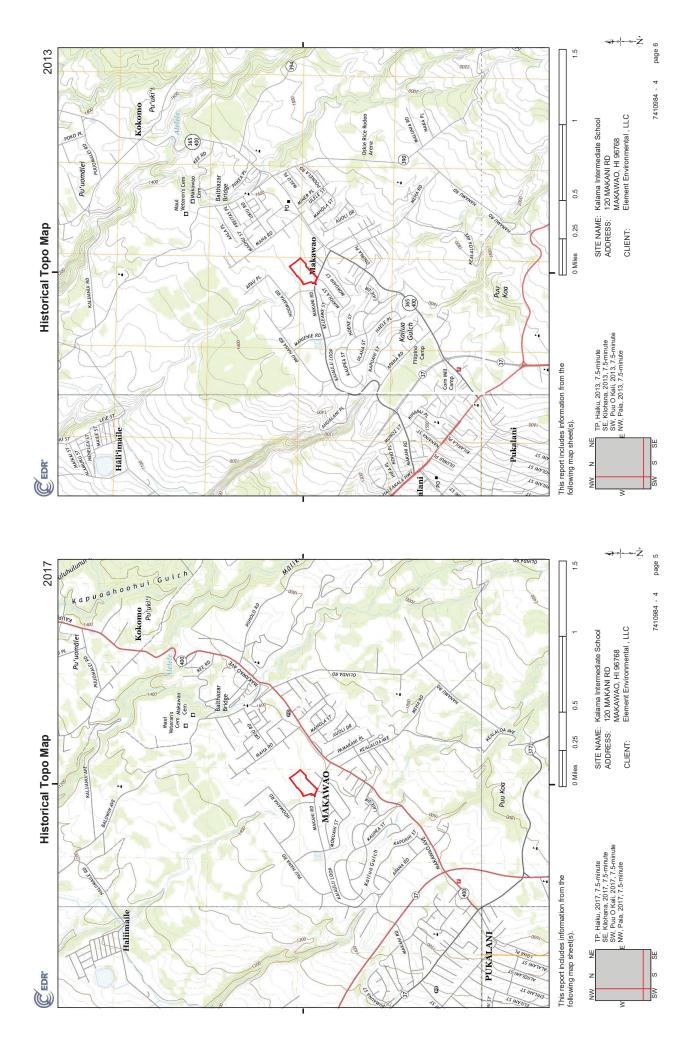


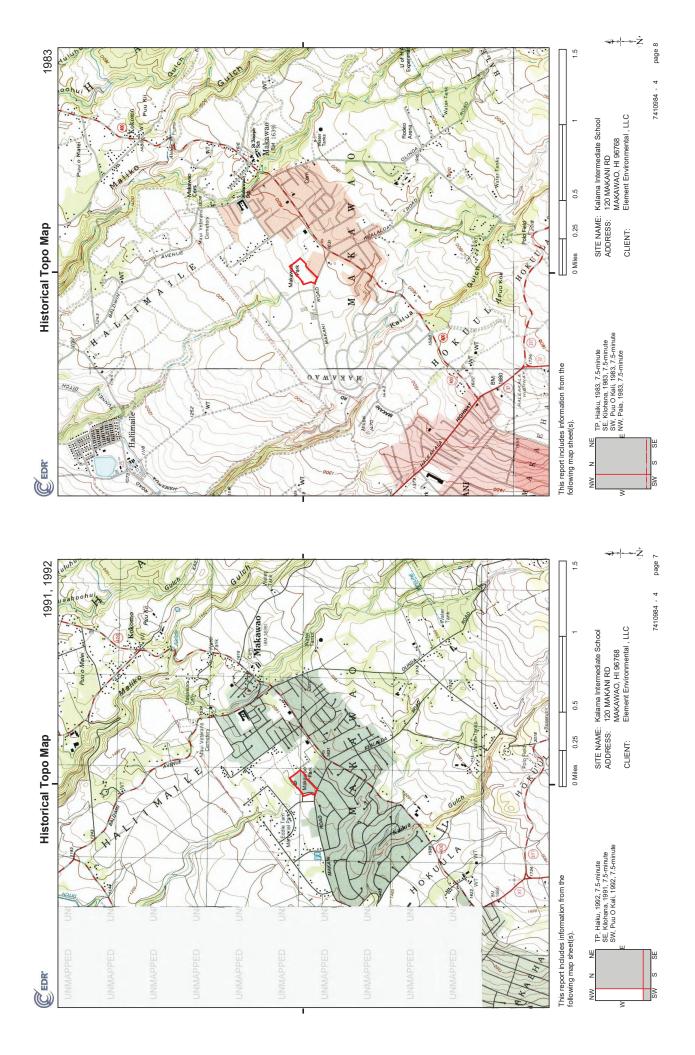


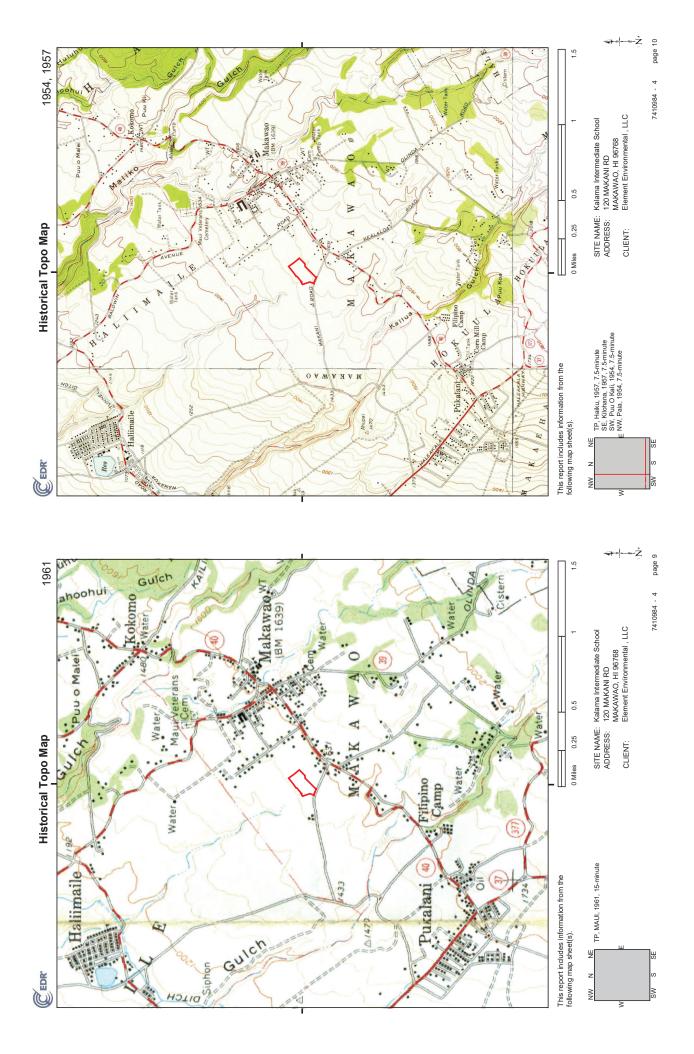
7.5-minute, 24000 Aerial Photo Revised 1950











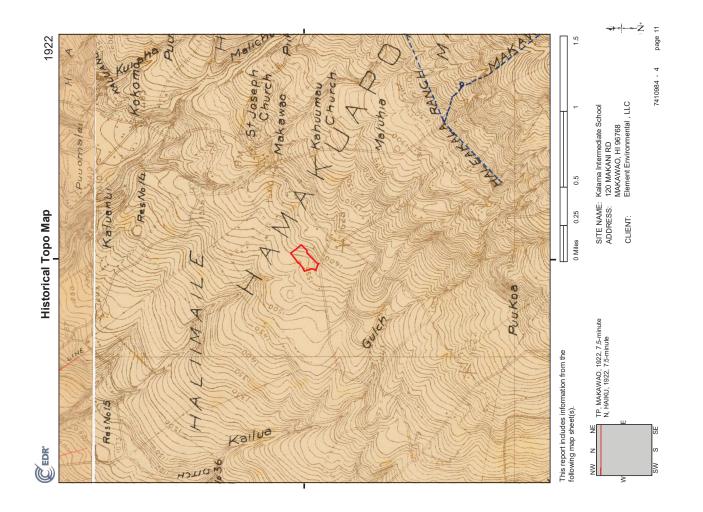


TABLE OF CONTENTS SECTION Executive Summary Findings	City Directory Images	y Image Report	Disclaimer - Copyright and Trademark Notice The Report contains certain information obtained from a variety of puble and other sources reasonably available to Environmental Data Resources. LLC. Leanot be controlled from this Report that coverage information for the target and surrounding properties does not exist from other sources. This Report Bepovided on an "AS IS", "AS AVAILABLE" basis. No warkawitr Peresso RIM PILEID. Is Mace www.rsov.rem. Commercinon With Intelling Report that coverage information for the target and surrounding properties does not exist from other sources. This Report Instruction With Intelling Report that coverage information for the target and surrounding properties does not exist from other sources. This Report S. "AS AVAILABLE" basis. No warkawitr Sussibilizating Sussibilizating Report Instruction With Intelling Report and MLL WARANTIES. Resources. LLC AND IN SUSSIBILIZE AND THIND PARTY SUPPLIERS DISCLAIM ALL WARANTIES RESOURCES. LLC AND IN THIS REPORT. INCL. UDNA WITHOUL MIN WARANTIES RESOARTING ACCUMACY. QUALITY, CORRECTIERS, COMPLETIERS, COMPRETIENDS, SUSSIDAREALL BAYLS ARTILLAR PURPORE TITLE, NON-INTENDER IN MIRAMITES RESOARTING ACCUMACT 2014. The GRESS COMPLETIES SUBJECTIANT AND AND WARANTIES RESOARTING ACCUMACT AND INFORMATION REVOLUDING BUT DUTI AREOLOGICS. J.DECLIN, ARTILATE SESSIDING AND THING REPORT. ANY analyses, estimates, raintys, environmental risk Weels, or fright ARTILATION AND UNITES REPORT. ANY analyses, estimates, raintys, environmental risk Weels, or fright DO AND THE REPORT AND AND INFORMED TO AND AND DURE FORMAN AND THINE REPORT. ANY analyses, estimates, raintys, environmental risk weels, or fright DO AND THE REPORT AND AND AND THINE REPORT. ANY analyses, estimates, raintys, environmental risk weels, or fright DO AND INFORMATION REVOLUDING BUT AND THINE REPORT. ANY analyses, estimates, raintys, environmental risk weels, or fright DO AND INFORMATION REVOLUDING THINE REPORT. ANY analyses, estimates, raintys, environmental risk weels, or fright D	6 Amstrong Road Copyright 2023 by Environmental Data Resources. LLC. All rights reserved. Reproducin in any molecor in converting molecor in any molecor in
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Kalama Intermediate School 120 MAKANI RD MAKAWAO, HI 96768

Inquiry Number: 7410984.5 August 08, 2023



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION Environmental Data Resources, Inc.'s (EDR)City Directory Report is a screening tool designed to assist environmental professionals in evaluating potential liability on a target property resulting from past activities. EDR St Dy Report includes a search of available business directory data at approximately five year intervals. RECORD SOURCES TRECORD SOURCES <td activities="" and="" assist="" colspand="" complement="" eac<="" th="" to=""><th>Ito assist ast</th><th>TARGET PROPERTY STREET</th><th>FINDINGS</th></td>	<th>Ito assist ast</th> <th>TARGET PROPERTY STREET</th> <th>FINDINGS</th>	Ito assist ast	TARGET PROPERTY STREET	FINDINGS
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FINDINGS

CROSS STREETS

<u>Year</u> <u>CD Image</u>

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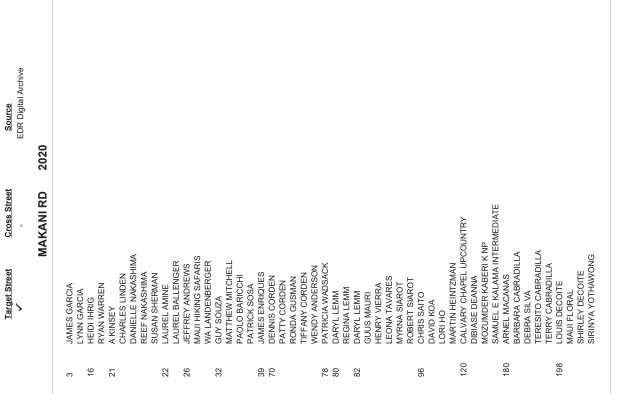
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City Directory Images

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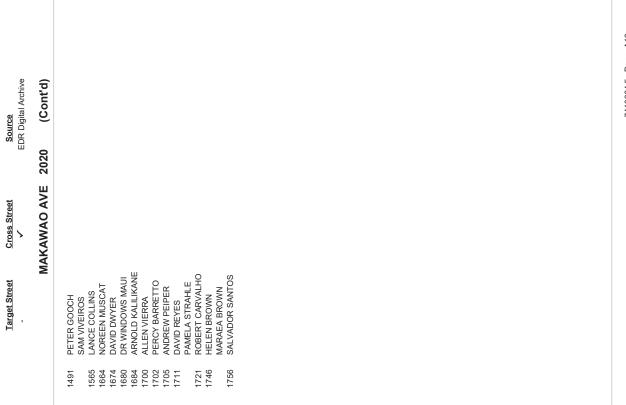
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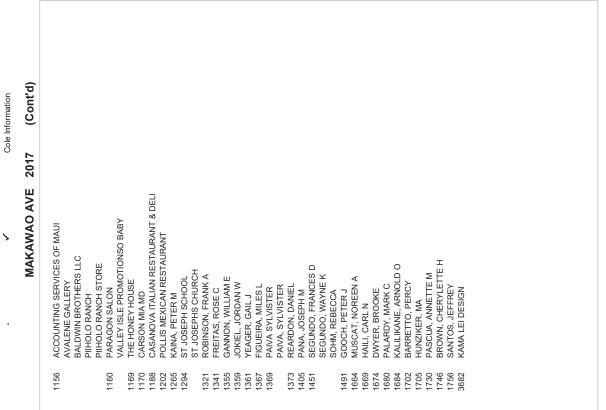
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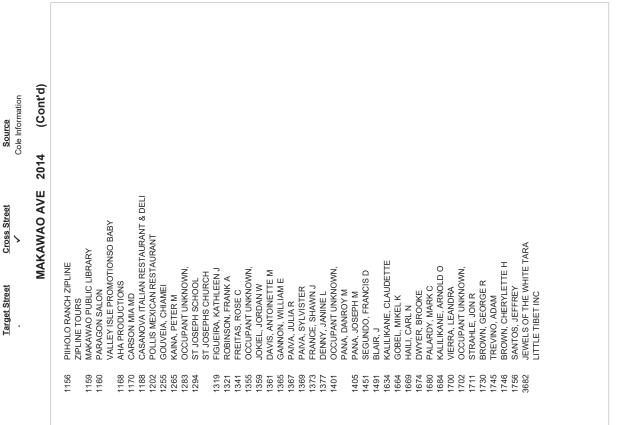
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<u>Source</u> Cole Information	2010																																		
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<u>Target Street</u>	E	GARCIA, JAMES A LINDEN, CHARLES B NAKASHIMA, REEF I OWEN, BERIT C SHFRMAN SIISAN R	BALLENGER, LAUREL P		HERNANDEZ, JAMES E SOUZA, GUY P	ENRIQUES, JAMES R PERRFIRA I INDA I	KIYABU, DURWIN A	ANDERSON, WENDY A	LEMM, DARYL F	MAURI, GUUS	HEALLICH, PAMELA	MIRANDA, LEON C	SAMUELE KALAMA INTERMEDIATE	CABRADILLA, TERRY J OCCUPANT UNKNOWN,	OCCUPANT UNKNOWN,	GOMEZ, MARIA RECOPUERTO, BRIAN	FUNK, CLAYTON	POOUAHI, DANIDEAN K	SMITH, TERRANCE	SPRING, GEORGE E	MCCANN, ALVIS	BERMAN, HAROLD J	ZACHARSKI, EDWIN R	CABOS, ROY W	BUGTONG, MARINA B	GERNER, MARGARET L	HARTMAN, TOM	MARGARET INC	OCCUPANT UNKNOWN, AKI-BI IKOSKI R A	FIGUEIRA, VERONICA	HOBBS, JACQUELYN R		OCCUPANT UNKNOWN.	ANDAYA, KAILANA R	SOARES, BRIAN P
		ю <mark>7</mark>	22	20 32	:	39 41	52	70 78	80	82	96		120	180	230	284	291	300	331	390 410	430	540	500 566	620	640 600	000			RED	869	880	881	888	890	



<u>Source</u> Cole Information	0 (Cont'd)		7410984.5 Page: A29
Target Street Cross Street	MAKANI RD 2010	95 OCCUPANT UNKNOWN, 97 OCCUPANT UNKNOWN, 98 TANAKA, KEITH E 1014 BUUJVAN, SABEL 1101 OCCUPANT UNKNOWN, UYESUGI, GARRETT K 1105 FRANCO, RICHIE R FRANCO, RICHIE R	
Target Street Cross Street Source Cole Information	MAKANI RD 2010 (Cont'd)	 MOSES. JOSEPHIMA BILERE, JENNERE B HERKOL, CRANKI BLERER, JENNERC A LARE, STEVIN DERELLO, STEVINT DERELLO, STEVINT COCUPART INKNOWN, COCUPART INKNOWN, COCUPART INKNOWN, COCUPART INKNOWN, COCUPART INKNOWN, COCUPART INKNOWN, COCUPART INKNOWN, COCUPART INKNOWN, COCUPART INKNOWN, SLAL TIMIR VOSHKAM, GLEIN, MASON, JANNA GLEIN, MASON, JANNA GLEIN, COCUPART INKNOWN, SLAL TIMIR COCUPART INKNOWN, COCUPART INKNOWN, COCUPART INKNOWN, SLAL TIMIR COCUPART INKNOWN, SLAL AND CORPUSART INKNOWN, SLAL AND CONTRACT INKNOWN, SCAL AND NAMA CONTRACT INKNOWN, SLAL AND CONTRACT INKNOWN, SCAL AND CONT	7410984.5 Page: A28

Target Street Cross Street Source - Cole Information	MAKAWAO AVE 2010 (Cont'd)	370 HEYMAN, HEATHER KAIWI, DONDI S	SYLVA, ALFRED 431 DECAMBRA, LARRY	LINDSEY, SONNY 441 OCCUPANT UNKNOWN.		444 MAKAWAO BOARDING KENNEL MAKAMAO VETERIMARY CI INIC	605 MIRANDA, ELOISE	OCCUPANT UNKNOWN, 618 HAILL DANIFI F		659 LINUGKEN, ANN L 660 HOLMES, ANNE M	686 CROSSLEY, DON J		717 NUNEZ, MANUEL P	VALS CRUISE & TRAVEL	732 RANDALL, DAVID B		746 SAKAMOTO, JOHN A	746 DCCUPANT UNKNOWN, 746 HABT JAMES I		754 MERTENS, WILLIAM A		771 OCCUPANT UNKNOWN,	775 HAWTHORNE JOYCE I			795 HANADA, BRYCE K 800 DECOTTE CLARENCE		-	805 MONIZ, DAVID J	808 REZENTS, ALENE M TRFF & LANDSCAPE DESIGNS LLC	,	-	825 YAGI, TERRY L
Cross Street Source	MAKAWAO AVE 2010	ETTE	ESTATE INC	& ASSOC INC TIC OFFICES	, NWC	ANK						NC	AL	ERAPY	ANCY	ACY	EUP & SKIN CARE	HERAPY	ANNI INC		JIALTIES	AL CAL CTD NIC		'NMC	CLINIC		EPT		×		5		HY P

PERMANENT MAKEUP & SKIN CARE PUKALANI PHYSICAL THERAPY PUKAUNI SQUARE ROBERT MASTROIANNI INC ROSEN MERI DC SUNNY MAUI SPECIAL TIES UPCOUNTRY DENTAL UPCOUNTRY MEDICAL CTR INC AKU EYES

OCCUPANT UNKNOWN, UPCOUNTRY MEDICAL CLINIC

HALE O HEALING

111

BUYERS PARADISE

133

MONIZ, ALLEN W

GUENTHER DIANNA L HEART & SOUL THERAPY INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY NATURE CONSERVANCY PARADISE PHARMACY

RODRIGUES, LEROY BARKLEY BASTIAN INC

74

WATERHOUSE, JR

DRAEGER JOHN MD

ABBOTT, C M BARBER, JANET H EDWARDS, TONY G EGERER, KLAUS F KANG, MOON S LEBRON, MELINDA K PAGE, JAMES E PAGE, BRIAN M SECKLER, SARAH SUZUKI, ROBERT N

Target Street

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EQUITY ONE EQUITY ONE REAL ESTATE INC HUNTON CONRAD & ASSOC INC RYAN CHIROPRACTIC OFFICES OCCUPANT UNKNOWN, FIRST HAWAIIAN BANK

55 57 67 71

PUKALANI SUPERETTE

5 15 37

FREITAS, J

7410984.5 Page: A30

SPEERE, CHRIS MARMACK, TIMOTHY P OCCUPANT UNKNOWN,

263 340 350

DECOITE, JAMES P OCCUPANT UNKNOWN,

147

TAM, SING D

MAKAWAO FIRE DEPT GALLAGHER, LINDA MANDE, ROXANNE M

134 137

Target Street Cross Street Source - ✓ Cole Information	MAKAWAO AVE 2010 (Cont'd)	107 HESSELT U COMNSON ROBERTE COMNSON ROBERTE COMNSON ROBERTE COMNSON ROBERTE COMNSON ROBERTE COMNSON ROBERTE COMNSON ROBERTE COMNSON ROBERTE ROBINSON ANTERNE ROBINSON MARCHARTE ROBINSON MARCHARTE ROBINSON MARCHARTE ROBINSON ANTERNE STERMART ELSIE MINTE ROOR ANTERNE STERMART ELSIE MINTERNO MINTERN	711/08/ F D 733
Target Street Cross Street Source - Cole Information	MAKAWAO AVE 2010 (Cont'd)	 KI, YADAO, VIDALITO P COCUPANT UNKNOM, COCUPANT UNKNOM, COCUPANT UNKNOM, CHIRO, ANGTHAR D CHIRO, ANGTHAR D CHIRO, ANGTHAR D CONGEL HARRY MICHTO P COURT HARD NICHTEL THOMAS G COURT HARD NICHTEL THOMAS G COURT UNKNOM, MANDOTO, ALNIN T DECARRAD, MICHTEL ACCESSORIES IN LIFERAL MANDOTO, LORIN M. J COCUPANT UNKNOM, SILON MANDOTO, LORIN M. J COLOPANT UNKNOM, SILON MANDOTO, LORIN M. MACHIELO COLMANT SALON ANGLE YOURG HARD MANDOTO, LORIN MACHIELACE COLOMIETICAL CLAINS MANDOTO, LORIN MACHIELACE COLMIEL ANCEN COLMILLANCE COLMULERAL TANIN COLMULERAL CLAINS MANDOTO, LORIN MACHIELACE MANDOTO, LORIN MACH	7410084 5 Pare: A32

Target Street Cross Street Source - ✓ Cole Information	MAKAWAO AVE 2010 (Cont'd)	1491 VIVERIOS. SAMUEL W 1668 ENLH 1668 ROEL IMICEL K 1660 ANUL CARL N 1671 ANUD R 1671 ANUD R 1700 VIERAA ALENL I 1700 VIERAA ALENL I 1700 OCCUPANT UNKNOWN, 1711 STRAHLE, JON R 1716 BEOWN, CHERVLETE H 1738 BEOWN, CHERVLETE H 1738 BEOWN CHERVLETE H 1738 BEOWN CHERVLETE H 1738 BEOWN CHERVLETE H 1738 BEOWN CHERVLETE H	7110001 E David AC
Target Street Cross Street Source - Cole Information	MAKAWAO AVE 2010 (Cont'd)	1136 DEE, GARY T POSTAL PLUS POSTAL PLUS PSYCHOLOGICAL SERVICE CTR.LLC RYCHOLOGICAL SERVICE CTR.RLC RYCHOLOGICAL SERVICE	7110001 E Door A21

<u>Source</u> Cole Information	5 (Cont'd)																																										
	2005																																										
Cross Street	MAKANI RD	ter J	< -		۲.						, 7			1	۲,	;	וארפרי		SC			_			3ARA	, 7				Ж		A	ŕ7		_		P			, 7			
Target Street		JIO, RACHAEL M RANDELS, CHRISTOPHER J	HOBBS, JACQUELYN R	JIO, NOBUYOSHI FRFITAS JIOHN V	OCCUPANT UNKNOWN,	VACCA, RICHARD L	MENOR, GUY	SUAKES, BRIAN	TRFU. WILBUR H	WATSON, JOHN	OCCUPANT UNKNOWN,	LAKE, STEVEN W STEVES ALITO OLIICK ELY INC	DEMELLO-ORTA RAENEL	ESTRELLA, FRANK	OCCUPANT UNKNOWN,	UJIIE, DUANE S	MATSUMURA, TSUZUKI		REBOLLEDO, EDWARD S	RODRIGUEZ, MARIA D	YOSHIKAWA, GLEN K		CLARK KFRSTON	WINTER, COHEN B	WINTER-COHEN, BARBARA	OCCUPANT UNKNOWN,	OCCUPANT UNKNOWN	WYLIE, DEBRA L	CORPUZ, DEANNA	CORPUZ, FREDERICO R	DCCLIPANT LINKNOWN	FERNANDEZ, ROWDY A	OCCUPANT UNKNOWN,	FERNANDEZ, PAUL A	IWAISHI, KYLE H		KAPOL CRANSTON K	YOGI. SHERMAN	ISAGAWA, RONALD S	OCCUPANT UNKNOWN,	OKUHAMA, FRED	ISAGAWA, KUY K	
		869 870	880	881 889	200		890				891	893	898	899	006		904	106			916	920	924			925	926		929		935	936		940	945	010	940 953	957	960		967 220	9/0	
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<u>Source</u> Cole Information																																											
<u>Source</u> Cole Inforr	2005																				ō	OL																					

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LANDENBERGER, WALLE ALOHA HIDDEN DOG FENCE HERNANDEZ, JAMES E OCCUPANT UNKNOWN, SOUZA, G P ENROUES, JAMES R HILL, JIM L

Cross Street

Target Street

5

MAKANI RD

KLUHERZ, DEBORAH J OWEN, BERIT C PUHA, MORALES L SHERMAN, SUSAN H

AMINE, WAYNE T

22 32 32

GARCIA, JAMES DIBBEN, CHRISTINA

3 21 21

- PERREIRA, L S
- CORDEN, DENNIS H PACHECO, HERMINA S BURGESS, SMOKEY 39 41 70 82 82
 - - FRIMODT, EINAR JENNIFER, N
- MAURI, GUUS TAVARES, LEONA
 - 84 96
- VUICH, JOHN CORPUZ, JASON K HAZEN, DONNIE J KALAMA SAMUEL E INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL CAB & CORD LLC 120 180

 - CABRADILLA, TERRY J OCCUPANT UNKNOWN, OCCUPANT UNKNOWN, SIMMONS, ANGELA M SIMMONS, ANGELA M SEARS, SHARI L HIGA, RAYMOND T HIGA, RAYMOND T RECOPUERTO, BRIAN FUNK, CLAYTON SMITH, TERRANCE SMI
 - 198
- 228 250 284 281 331 346 364 410

- CHUN, STUART
- BALLARD FAMILY MORTUARY MAUSHARDT, JEAN A

 - CABOS, ROY W
- BUGTONG, MARINA B 430 440 563 620 680 680

- GERNER, HEINZ J KMENTT, WALDEMAR D MARGARET INC OCCUPANT UNKNOWN, PAIO, JON 860

Target Street Cross Street Source - ✓ Cole Information	MAKAWAO AVE 2005	 PUKALANI SUPERETTE COUTY ORE REAL ESTATE BOUNTORE REAL ESTATE COULTY ORE REAL ESTATE FROM NOT ORE REAL ESTATE RESINCY ACTIVATION FOR THE ALL FOR THE RELATION FOR THE ALL FOR THE RELATION FOR THE ALL FOR THE RELATION FOR THE ALL FOR THE ALL THE ALL FOR THE ALL THE ALL FOR THE ALL THE ALL FOR THE ALL THE ALL THE ALL FOR THE ALL THE ALL THE ALL FOR THE ALL THE ALL THE ALL THE ALL THE ALL FOR THE ALL T	
Target Street Cross Street Source ✓ - Cole Information	MAKANI RD 2005 (Cont'd)	980 KAMIYA, ALAM M 935 DCUPART LUKKOWA, 935 LONG, JOFN 936 LONG, JESE M 937 ALCER, BRAND 938 TAYAC, LYDIA C 938 TAYAC, HIROM 1014 DAMELS, MIRENE 000 DAMELS, MIRENE 000 DAMELS, MIRENE 1014 DCCUPART LUKKOWA, 1105 DCCUPART LUKKOWA, 1106 DCCUPART LUKKOWA, 1106 DCCUPART LUKKOWA, 1106 DCCUPART LUKKOWA, 1106 DCCUPART LUKKOWA, 000 DCUPART LUKKOWA, 1106 DCCUPART LUKKOWA, 000 DCUPART LUKKOWA, 1106 DCCUPART LUKKOWA, 1106 DCCUPART LUKKOWA, 1107 DCCUPART LUKKOWA, 1108 DCCUPART LUKKOWA, 1108 DCCUPART LUKKOWA,	

Target Street Cross Street Source - Cole Information	MAKAWAO AVE 2005 (Cont'd)	973 PETERSON, KENNETH A		_	1040 ASADA, WAYNE I 1042 MATSUMURA, YUWAO	ANGIE, YOUNG H	ANTHONYS HAIR SALON	FIDELITY NATIONAL TITLE INSURANCE CO	HEALTHSOUTH REHAB CENTER OF HI	HOOHANA ENTERPRISES LTD MAKANI NII ASSOCIATES LLD	MARANI NUI ASSUCIATES LLO MAKAWAO AUTO PARTS CO	MAKAWAO VIDEO	MAUI SCHOOL OF THERAPEUTIC MASSAGE	PROFESSIONAL BUSINESS SERVICES INC REVELLE THOMAS W CPA MRA	SMITH CONSTRUCTION CONSULTANTS	-	1044 FRIAS, KEITH K 1046 COSTA INSTRIN		APPLEWHITE, MATILDA	AKAKAN, YOSHIO	BUVER, FAI BERENJER SHIRI FY	DAVIS, MELBA L	DIEGO, ISABEL		GRISWOLD, MYKILE S HAI BAWOLD, MYKILE S	HALE, EHA	HARRIS, POLLY B	HESSELT, LU		LAIRD, LOIS W	MENDELSON, STANLEY M	MILLER, ARLENE	MONTALEO, ROSALE	OFLENN, ITOMAS F DOLETIN, ITOMAS F	PTLE, EMILT L ROBINSON, RUTH	SAITO, NANCY M	SEEGER, BARBARA C	STEWART, ELSIE M	
Target Street Cross Street Source - ✓ Cole Information	MAKAWAO AVE 2005 (Cont'd)	444 MAKAWAO VETERINARY CLINIC MALII ANIMALI AL CHA CENTED ANIMI	055 HILL, FREDERICK T		618 HAILI, DANIELE 640 MACANAS, MARK A	 657 ABROAD ADVENTURE LLC		659 LINUGREN, PAIRICKJ 660 PAULSEN, DANIELLE		686 CROSSLEY, DON J				746 SAKAMOTO, JOHN A 754 MERTENS WILLIAM	757 DELEON, DUANE	-	764 MALAQUI, ANELA		0,	700 IAVARES, ELFRIEDE M 200 Occurrants initiational	790 OCCUPANT UNNOWN, 791 OCCUPANT UNKNOWN		_	803 WOJCIESKI, WALTER J	813 MIVAHIDA VOSHIO				851 YAUAU, VIUALITU P 867 CII VA T				887 BLACKBURN, JOSEPH G	896 OCCUPANI UNKNOWN, BAD OPSAHI THOMAS G			_	938 OCCUPANT UNKNOWN,	

Target Street Cross Street Source - Cole Information	MAKAWAO AVE 2005 (Cont'd)	1159 MAKAWAO DUBLIC LIBRARY 1160 PARAGON SUCIN 1160 DOWNTO EXTENTIALAN TESTALIBART RECORS 1170 BOWNTO EXTENTIALAND RESTALIBART ROLOS 1170 STRETCHAWNYPAIN 1181 COLLIS NETALIANS RESTALIBART AND BELI 1282 CALANOXA FTALIAN RESTALIBART AND BELI 1283 VALENTINE, ADDREW 1283 VALENTINE, ADDREW 1385 COLIPANT UNKOWN, 1481 FEETINS, SANNONDIP 1585 COCUPANT UNKOWN, 1405 FRANKS, STRENCH, ANNO J 1585 CONNON, JOHN J 1585 CONNON, JOHN J 1585 COCUPANT UNKOWN, 1405 FRANKS, STRENCE KIN 1405 FRANKS, STRENCH, ANNO J 1405 FRANKS, STREWS, STREW 1406 FRANKS, STREWS, STREWS	
Target Street Street Source - Cole Information	MAKAWAO AVE 2005 (Cont'd)	 1057 SWENGON, SHRLEY A WHTE, NORMAJ J WHTE, NORMAJ J TAKEY, EMILY H MINITSDE F 1100 MINITSDE F 1110 MINITSDE F 1111 MASUBARO, HERMANE 1112 F 1111 MASUBARO, MERNANE CURRES FOR WORK UPCOUNTRY CURVES FOR WORK U	

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	Cross Stree															-	ŕ						FICATION DEVE						
907 916 917 925 925 925 925 940 945 946 945 946 945 940 945 940 945 940 945 940 945 1014 1101		MASON, DAVID	YOSHIKAWA, GLEN	UEHARA, JERRY		FIGUEIRA, GUY	SAMPSON, MARK	WYLIE, DEBRA L	BARTON, DENNIS	CORPUZ, F	BAISA, FREDDIE	FERNEIRA, STAUE	MEDEIROS, JOSEPH	PANEK, GUY	FALLONE, KIM E	KAPOI, C		UNUTAIWA, FRED ISAGAWA, ROY K	KAMIYA, ALAN	MANTHEI, RICHARD	OTHMAN, SALINA	TANAKA, MITZI H	ABC SOFTWARE MODI	BULUSAN, TEODORA	JUHNSUN, RUSE MCGOWAN BRIAN	POEPOE, DONALD	ASATO, CARL S		
		206	916	917	920	925	926		929		935 076	070	945		946	953	960	106	980		266	966	1014			1101	1105		

Cole Information KALAMA SAMUEL E INTER SCHOOL SPEC EDUC KALAMA SAMUEL E INTER SCHOOL V PRINCIPALS OFFICE KALAMA SAMUEL E INTERNEDIATE SCHOOL DAND ROOM KALAMA SAMUEL E INTERNEDIATE SCHOOL CAFETERIA KALAMA SAMUEL E INTERNEDIATE SCHOOL COUNSELORS KALAMA SAMUEL E INTERNEDIATE SCHOOL HEALTH ROOM KALAMA SAMUEL E INTERNEDIATE SCHOOL LIBRARY KALAMA SAMUEL E INTERNEDIATE SCHOOL REGISTRAR 2000 SCLAFANİ, JAMES BAISA, ELLIOTT GESCO SALES AND SUPPLY INCORPORATED **MAKANI RD** GERNER, HEINZ J OCCUPANT UNKNOWN, OCCUPANT UNKNOWN, EDMISTON, STEPHEN P ENRIQUES, JAMES MIYAHIRA, E PERREIRA, L S KIYABU, AKIRA PACHECO, GEORGE GILBERT, TIP HAZEN, DONNIE ARAKAKI, YOSHIO MAUSHARDT, JEAN BUGTONG, M NICKENS, KAREN A YACOBY, HAZEN S MIRANDA, LEON C DECOITE, LOUIS J VACCA, RICHARD FREITAS, JOHN V HERNANDEZ, JIM DECAMBRA, C UJIIE, DUANE MATSUMURA, T SPARKS, KEITH BLEIER, J R LAKE, STEVEN SYRON, LESLIE AMINE, WAYNE VAIRETTA, V SPRING, G E 5 BENCE, V SYLVA, D HOBBS, J PUHA, D JABER, L 181 198 300 410 417 563 640 680 869 870 880 880 890 891 899 900 904 120 893 5

Source

Cross Street

Target Street

Target Street Cross Street Source . Cole Information . MAKAWAO AVE 2000 (Cont'd)	 MAWIE, SFENCE K MAKWAO BOARDING KENNEL MALAWAO BOARDING KENNEL MAUI ANIMAL ALOHA CENTER THERAPEUTIC HORSEBACK RIDING MAUI HORSE CENTER THERAPEUTIC HORSEBACK RIDING MAUI HORSE CENTER THERAPEUTIC HORSEBACK RIDING MAUI HORSE CENTER MALI ANALI HORSE CENTER MACANAS, MA MACANAS, MA MACANAS, ILAN MACANAS, ILAN MANURA, A MORES, HERBERT MANAL, BANO MANURA, DANO MANURA, A MANURA, A MORES, HERBERT MANURA, A MANURA, ALM MANURA, ALM MANURA, ALM MANURA, ALM MASIONI, LEONORNA, ALM MARSIONI, LEONORNA, ALM MARSIONA, LEONORNA, ALM MARKE CONCERTER AACESSONERE INCORPORATED MARKE CONCENTRA, ALM MARKE CONCENTRA, ALM MARKE CONCENTRA, ALM MARK
Target Street Cross Street Source - ✓ Cole Information MAKAWAO AVE 2000	 EINOD CONSTRUCTION INCORPORATED RESNUCE ROMAND B MU UPCOUNTRY MEDICAL CLUNC RESNUCE ROMAND B MU UPCOUNTRY MEDICAL CLUNC UPCOUNTRY MEDICAL CLUNC MEDICAL CLUNC MEDICAL RESNUE IN SAME REARCHES FEST RESNAM SOLO MACTOR SOLO /li>

MAKAWAO AVE 2000 (Cont'd)	ATED CORPORATE OFFICE STAURANT AND DELI AURANT BLCS ASSOCIATION BLS ANS
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	1169 1265 1266 1286 1284 1284 1331 1361 1361 1367 1491 1491 1491 1491 1491 1491 1491 149
onťd)	
2000 (Cont'd)	
MAKAWAO AVE 2000 (Cont'd)	Mull School, OF THERAPEUTIC MASSAGE WOUDARD, RUTH, EVARDA ZIGS SEWING BOUTIQUE COSTA, JUSTIN DUN, EDWARD, A TEXERA, EVERETT TEXERA, EVERETT DUN, EDWARD, A TEXERA, EVERETT TEXERA, EVERETT TEXERA, EVERETT BOWER, PAT BOWER,

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<u>Source</u> Cole Information	1995 (Cont'd)	
Cross Street	MAKANI RD	
Target Street		MATSUMURA, T TEICHEIRA, V UEHARA, JERRY TAGUCHI, PATRICK S FIGUEIRA, GUY SAMPSON, MARK WYLIE, D L CORPUZ, F BAISA, FREDDIE KUNI, RUTH PANEK, GUY YOGI, SHERMAN ISAGAWA, ROY K KAMIYA, ALAN ISAGAWA, ROY K KAMIYA, ALAN TANAKA, MITZI BULUSAN, F M JOHNSON, ROCKY ASATO, CARL S
		904 925 926 928 967 1014 105
<u>Source</u> Cole Information	1995	
Target Street Cross Street	MAKANI RD	WELKER, JUDY G AWOHI, M MEYER, TED BROWN, DANIEL GOMES, ANTHONY V. JR HERNANDEZ, S WILHELM, ERNEST K N S DISCO TECH MIYAHIRA, SHOYEI PERREIRA, L S KIYABU, AKIRA PACHECO, GEORGE BOTELHO, DANIEL W ESSER, BILL FRIMDDT, EINAR MURI, GUUS PETRY, TRACI CHANEY, RANDY MURI, GUUS ADAMS, RENEE KALAMA INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL CABRAL, TERRY MURI, GUUS ADAMS, RENEE KALAMA INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL CABRAL, PETER MURI, GUUS PRING, G BUGTONG, M GERNER, HEINZ J KAULI, TIA MAUI FRESH EGGS INC YAMADA, NANCY L BAISA, ELLIOTT POOUAHI, D SPRING, G BUGTONG, M GERNER, HEINZ J KAULI, TIA MULI, TIA MULI FRESH EGGS INC YAMDER, OOUNCH, D SPRING, G BUGTONG, M GERNER, HEINZ J KAULI, TIA MULI, TIA
		2 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

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Target Street Cross Street Source - ✓ Cole Information	MAKAWAO AVE 1995 (Cont'd)	 FERGUSON, CAROL A FERGUSON, CAROL A HALI, ALAM COX, ELLENJ MUDGER, PARTRICK MUDGER, PARTRICK MUDGER, PARTRICK MUDGER, PARTRICK MUDGER, PARTRICK MUDGER, PARTRICK MUDGER, DUNE MARAN, JL TAMARI, JL TAMARI, JL TAMARI, JL TAMARI, JL MUNCH, MARI, JL TAMARI, JL MUTZ, DIN MARAN, PARCHARI, CHARA MULTZ, DIN MARAN, PARCHARI, CHARA MULTZ, DIN MARAN, PARCHARI, CANARA MARANDA STERNEN MARANDA STER AND STERNEN MARANDA STERNEN	
Target Street Cross Street Source - ✓ Cole Information	MAKAWAO AVE 1995	15 US POST OFFICE 16 US POST OFFICE 17 HERT HAWMUNG ANK 16 HERT HAWAUNA BANK 17 BISHOP, TED 18 C.L. PACFIC TRAVEL 17 BISHOP, TED 18 C.L. PACFIC TRAVEL 17 BISHOP, TED 18 C.L. PACFIC TRAVEL 18 C.C. PACFIC TRAVEL 18 C.C. PACFIC TRAVEL 19 C.C. PACFIC TRAVEL 11 LANTREALOR COSOLIFICS 12 C.C. PACFIC TRAVEL 13 LUNTREVORT 14 TELEAN VICT 15 MAULI RELINIC COSOLIFIC SALANCY 14 PECONDITY SALANCY <tr< th=""><th></th></tr<>	

MAKAWAO AVE 1995 (Cont'd)	
MAKA	1680 HAWAIIAN CUSTOM HOMES RCARES, JOHN P 1730 BROWN, M R 1746 HOKANA, D
Joe (Cont'd)	
MAKAWAO AVE 1995	PIZZA FRESH COST, JUSTIN CONTA, JUSTIN CONTA, JUSTIN GOMES, LELAND A US POST OFFICE MAKAWAO 76 MAKAWAO 76 MAKAWAO 76 A JANNA FINEBERG PHD ALFREDS HAIR SALON ANURGA MASSAGE THERAPIST A JANNA FINEBERG PHD ALFREDS HAIR SALON ANURGA MASSAGE THERAPIST A JANNA FINEBERG PHD ALFREDS HAIR SALON ANURGA MASSAGE THERAPIST A JANNA FINEBERG PHD ALFREDS HAIR SALON ANURGA MASSAGE THERAPIST COLA HA HOLISTIC SPINAL CLINIC COLA HA HOLISTIC SPINAL CLINIC CARRAL, MICHAEL HAWAIIAN HAWGS MOTORCYCLE INC MAKAWAO PUBLIC LIBRARY DOWN TO EARTH FOODS MAKAWAO PUBLIC LIBRARY DOUL NICHAEL ARIN, FEED & GARDEN INC SCHOULS MEXICAN RESTAURANT BARER, KENIN F COPELLAND, RICHARD FREITAS, MARY R FREITAS, MARY R PARIA, FIRC GOVELIANA FREITAS, MARY R PANAN, S K BROWN, C MARON, D FREITAS, MARY R PANAN, S K BRONN, C MARON, C MARON

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Target Street Cross Street Source Cole Information	MAKANI RD 1992 (Cont'd)	 838 FERNANDEZ ALBERT 845 KUNI, RUTH 845 KUNI, RUTH 841 REICIOS, JOSERH 853 CORDERO, SI 854 CORDERO, SI 851 YGGI, SHERMANI 860 GAMES, G 852 YGGI, SHERMANI 860 NAJTA, S 861 NAJTA, S 861 NAJTA, S 861 NAJTA, S 862 TANAKA, FRED 970 ISAGAWA, SACHIO 971 SI SI VALAC, MIZI 971 ULLSAN, FRED 971 ULLSAN, FRED 971 JOHNSON, DUNCANI 1105 ASATO, CARL S
Source Cole Information	1992	
Target Street Cross Street	MAKANI RD 1	PIPPENGER, POLLY BAKER, MARILYN HAZZARO, L GOMES, ANTHONY V JR WILHELM, ERNEST K MIYAHIRA, SHOYEI CAVIN, M PERREIRA, L S KIYABU, WATARU BROWN, J CRAMER, T MAURI, GUUS CANIR, GUUS CANIR, GUUS CANIR, RANDY HANSEN, K MONASTERIO, RONALD REDEKER, MARK ADANS, RENEE ADAMS, RENEE CABRAL, PETER ADAMS, RENE BAISA, ELLIOTT SPRING, G E APAK, CARRIE BAISA, ELLIOTT SPRING, G E APAKKI, YOSHIO SCHAEFFER, MIMI BUGTONG, M GERNER, HEINZ J HENRIQUES, M Z HOBBS, J JIO, N FREITAS, JOHN V VACCA, RICHARD PAHUKOA, R JR BUGTONG, M GERNER, HEINZ J HENRIQUES, M Z HOBBS, J JIO, N FREITAS, JOHN V VACCA, RICHARD PORTILLO, PAUL R RUSSELL, CHARLIE RUST, JAMES P PAHUKOA, R JR GOUVELA, HAROLD S DECOMBRA, C UJIIE, NORBERT N MATSUMURA, T NISHIDA, SHERRY UEHARA, JERRY ULHARA, JERRY JERRY JERRY JERRY JERRY JERRY JERRY JERRY JERRY JERRY JERRY

7410984.5 Page: A57

	d)		
<u>Source</u> Cole Information	1992 (Cont'd)		
Cross Street	MAKAWAO AVE		
Target Street	2	 GOMES, HARRY M MISHIDA, ZENZO NISHIDA, ZENZO NISHIDA, ZENZO NISHIDA, ZENZO NISHIDA, ZENZO NISHIDA, ZENZO PARSONS, KEITH DOHNSON, BJ SIERRA, FETER O OOKIMOTO, GLENN SIERRA, FETER O OOKIMOTO, GLENN COSTA, JUSTIN COSTA, JUNN, EDWARD T116 T116 MASUSAKO, MASAMI T116 MASUSAKO, MASAMI T116 MASUSAKO, MASAMI T116 MARULAR T117 KOA, MOLLY CODY, MILLIAM T283 DEATON, CHARLES H T116 MALLAR T283 DEATON, CHARLES H T116 MARUARA T283 DEATON, CHARLES H T116 MARUARA T283 DEATON, CHARLES H T116 MARUARA T283 DEATON, CHARLES H T333 GOUVEIA, MC T283 DEATON, CARRES AN T333 GOUVEIA, MC TAVARA, DHNIK RESCAN, BROWN, C T34 BROWN, C T3204FINEBRG, AJ 	
		902 905 905 905 905 905 905 1064 1064 1064 1065 1064 1065 1066 1116 1116 1116 1116 1116 1116	
	[
<u>Source</u> Cole Information	1992		

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OWEN, L SPILLER, ROBERT ZEHM, GILLIES YOKOYAMA, PAUL OPSAHL, THOMAS

> 867 900

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MAKAWAO AVE

TAMSING, D BLAKER, MACK MARMACK, TIMOTHY

BEHRMANN, B R RICHARDS, DREW

81

LEE, M

137 147 340

Cross Street

Target Street

,

KUTZ, BÓB LARUSSO, P AQUINDE, AUDREY S HAYASHI, DEAN SAKAMOTO, JOHN M AUGUST, RAYMOND COUTURE, STEVEN PETROCHENKO, ROSE BUTCHART, TRACY ELENEKI, HELEN HOL DER, ROBERT HOL T, REDA A TAVARES, RAYMOND DECOTTE, GEORGE S REZENTS, ERNEST H MIYAHIRA, YOSHIO AINA, LYDELL FEITEIRA, JAMES ODOSHI, RAMON DECAMBRA, LARRY JR DECAMBRA, MARY R FORT, JC FOTI, FRANK CIRRINCIONE, JOSEPH MASTERS, P FERGUSON, CAROL A LINDGREN, PATRICK IMAMURA, TSURUO JENKINS, PAUL COELHO, JAMES KAHOOKELE, RAY PASALO, RONNIE HYDER, PETER HAILI, ALAN N MARIYA, D COX, E J 350 370 431 441 442 647 659 660 686 692 717 726 746 749 754 759 771 775 780 800 803 805 805 808 812 823 825 830 851 866 605 618

Kalama Intermediate School 120 MAKANI RD MAKAWAO, HI 96768

Inquiry Number: 7410984.8 August 08, 2023

EDR Building Permi	EDR Building Permit Report: Search Documentation	8/08/23
Site Name:	Client Name:	
Kalama Intermediate	Element Environmental, LLC	
120 MAKANI RD	98-030 Hekaha Street	
MAKAWAO, HI 96768	Aiea, HI 96701-0000	
EDR Inquiry # 7410984.8	Contact: Angie Peltier	

Search Documentation

DATA GAP

The complete collection of Building Permit data available to EDR has been searched, and as of 8/08/23, EDR does not have access to building permits in the city where your target property is located (MAKAWAO, HI).

Target Property and Adjoining Properties EDR Building Permit Report



6 Armstrong Road Shelton, CT 06484 800.352.0050 www.edrnet.com

This Report contains certain information obtained from a variety of public and form seasonaby anailable to Environmental Data Resources, Inc. It cannot be concluded from this Report that coverage information for more and as a conculted from this Report that coverage information for the sources reasonaby and analosi to Environmental Data Resources, Inc. It was ware the work of the more and sources for the sources reasonaby and and the more and sources. More and sources and the sources in the relativity of them of the more and a source and or ware the work of them of the more and a source and or ware the work of them of the sources in the source and the sources of the sources. Note that the source and the sources of the sources. Note that the source and the sources of the source and the sources of the sources of the sources. Note that the source of the sources of the source and the sources of the sources of the sources. Inc. It was the sources of the sources. Inc. It is under ware the source of the sources of the EDR and its logos (including Sanborn and Sanborn Map) are trademark sof Environmental Data Resources, Inc. or its affiliates. All oth ertrademarks used herein are the property of their respectiveownes. Copyright2011by Environmental Data Resources, inc. All rights reserved. Reproduction in any media or format, in whole or in part, of any mport or map of Environmental Data Resources, inc., or its affiliates, is prohibited with out prior written permission.

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EDR BUILDING PERMIT REPORT

About This Report

The EDR Building Permit Report provides a practical and efficient method to search building department records for indications of environmental conditions. Seteneated vira a search of numicipal building permit records agheet from more than 1,800 class nationwork. This report will assist you in meeting the search requirements of EPA's Standards and Practices for All Appropriate Inquires (40 CFR Part 312), the ASTM Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments (E1527 - 21), or cusban requirements developed for the evaluation of environmental Site Assessments (E1527 - 21), or cusban requirements developed for the evaluation of environmental fisk associated with a proceid real estate. Building permit data can be used to identify current and/or former operations and structures/features of environmental concern. The data can provide information on atarget property and adjoining properties such as the persence of underground storage tanks, pump islands, sumps, drywells, etc., as well as information regarding water, sewer, natural gas, ledicinal connection dates, and current/former septic tanks.

ASTM and EPA Requirements

ASTME 1527 - 21 lists building department records as a "standard hisbrical source," as detailed in § 8.3.4.7: "Building Department Records - The tam building department records means those records of the local government in which the property is located indicating permission of the local government to construct, alter, or demolish improvements on the property." ASTM also states that "Uses in the area surrounding the property shall be recarding in perport butthis task is required only to the extent that this inform ation is revealed in the course of researching the property lister." EPA's Standards and Practices for All Appropriate Inquires (AAI) states. "\$312.24: Reviews of historical sources of information. (a) Historical documents and records mustbe reviewed for the purpose of achieving the objectives and performance factors of \$312.20(e) and (f). Historical documents and records may include, but are not limited to, aerial photographs, frie insurance maps, building department records, chain of the documents, and land use records."

Methodology

EDR has developed the EDR Building Permit Report through our partnership with Build Fax, the nation's largest propository of building department records. Build Fax collects, updates, and manages building department records from local municipal governments. The database now includes 30 million permits, on more than 10 million properties across 1,600 cities in the United States. The EDR Building Permit Report com prises local municipal building permit records, gathered directly from local discictions, including both target property and adjoining properties. Years of coverage varyby municipality, Data reported includes (where evaluable), iconservation of permit type, permit number, status, valuation, contractor company, contractor name, and description.

Incoming permit data is checked at seven stages in a regimented quality control process, from initial data source therever, to data preparation, through final auditing. To ensure the building department is accurate, each of the seven quality control stages contains, no neverge, 15 additional quality checks, resulting in a process of approximately 105 quality control "touch points." For more information about the EDR Building Permit Report, please contact your EDR Account Executive at (800) 352-0050.





APPENDIX D

Vapor Encroachment Screening

Kalama Intermediate School	NI RD), HI 96768
Kalama Intern	120 MAKANI RD	MAKAWAO, H

Inquiry Number: 7410984.2s October 10, 2023

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SECTION

EDR Vapor Encroachment Screen

Prepared using EDR's Vapor Encroachment Worksheet

Thank you for your business. Please contact EDR at 1-800-352-0050 with any questions or comments.

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The EDR Vapor Encroachment Worksheet enables EDR's customers to make cartain online modifications that effects maps, text and calculations contained in this Report. As a result, mass, text and calculations contained in this Report any lave been so modified. EDR has not taken any action to why any such modifications, and this report and value fundings set forth herein must be readed in pilor this fact. Environmental bata Resources shall not be responsible for any customer's decision to include or not include in any final report any record determined to be within the relevant minimum seatch distances.

This report contains information obtained from a variety of public and other sources reasonably available to Environmental Data Resources. In: It cannot be conduced from this Repeter Merican for the arge and surroundar properties does not exist from other sources. Not: Report Experimental Data Resources in the arge and surroundar properties does with Rescher Environmental Data RESOURCES IN: SPECIFICALI DISCLAIMS THE MAKING OF ANYIOCH MARARTIES. IN: NINDOMMENTAL DATA RESOURCES IN: SECIFICALI DISCLAIMS THE MAKING OF ANYIOCH WARARTIES. IN: NINDOMMENTAL DATA RESOURCES IN: SECIFICALIT DO ATTINESS FOR D PARTICOLLIAR USE OR ERFORMENT ENVIRONMENTAL DATA RESOURCES IN: SECIFICALIT DO ATTINESS FOR D PARTICOLLIAR USE OR ERFORMENT SECIENCIAR SASUMED ATTINCTION, MERCHANTAULTT OR TITNESS FOR D PARTICOLLIAR USE OR ERFORMENT SECIES IN: SASUMED ATTINCTION, MERCHANTAULTT OR TITNESS FOR D PARTICOLLIAR USE OR ERFORMENT SECIES IN: SECIENCIAR OF DEPARTICULAR OF A RESOURCES IN: CORRECTIONS SASUMED ATTINCTION, MERCHANTAULTT OR TITNESS FOR D PARTICOLLIAR USE OR ERFORMENT SECIES IN: SECIENCIAR OF DEPARTICULAR OF A RESOURCES IN: CORRECTIONS SASUMED ATTINCTION, MERCHANTAULTT OR ATTINGS FOR D PARTICOLLIAR USE OF A ENTROPINE OF DUPORATION OF DEPARTICULAR OF DEPARTICULAR OF A RESOURCES INC. CORRECTIONS RESOURCES INC. CORRECTIONS RESOURCES INC. D RESOURCES INC

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6 Armstrong Road, 4th floor Shelton, CT 06484 Toll Free: 800.352.0050 www.edmet.com

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A search of available environmental records was conducted by EDR. The report was designed to assist parties seeking to meet the search requirements of the ASTM Standard Practice for Assessment of Vapor Encroachment into Structures on Property Involved in Real Estate Transactions (E 2600).

STANDARD ENVIRONMENTAL RECORDS	Dofault Area of Concern (Milae)*	broperty	01/1	01/1 <
Lists of Endered NIDI / Superfind) sites	10		C	C
FISS OF LEARENT ALLE (ORDERING) SIES		>	>	>
Lists of Federal Delisted NPL sites	1.0	0	0	0
Lists of Federal sites subject to CERCLA removals and CERCLA orders	0.5	0	0	0
Lists of Federal CERCLA sites with NFRAP	0.5	0	0	0
Lists of Federal RCRA facilities undergoing Corrective Action	1.0	0	0	0
Lists of Federal RCRA TSD facilities	0.5	0	0	0
Lists of Federal RCRA generators	0.25	0	0	0
Federal institutional controls / engineering controls registries	0.5	0	0	0
Federal ERNS list	0.001	0	0	'
Lists of state- and tribal (Superfund) equivalent sites	not searched	1		
Lists of state- and tribal hazardous waste facilities	1.0	0	0	4
Lists of state and tribal landfills and solid waste disposal facilities	0.5	0	0	0
Lists of state and tribal leaking storage tanks	0.5	0	0	~
Lists of state and tribal registered storage tanks	0.25	0	0	-
State and tribal institutional control / engineering control registries	0.5	0	0	0
Lists of state and tribal voluntary cleanup sites	0.5	0	0	0
Lists of state and tribal brownfield sites	0.5	0	0	0

ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL RECORDS

Local Brownfield lists	0.5	0	0	0
Local Lists of Landfill / Solid Waste Disposal Sites	0.5	0	0	0
Local Lists of Hazardous waste / Contaminated Sites	0.001	0	0	,
Local Lists of Registered Storage Tanks	not searched	,	,	,
Local Land Records	0.001	0	0	'
Records of Emergency Release Reports	0.001	0	0	,
Other Ascertainable Records	1.0	0	0	2

EDR HIGH RISK HISTORICAL RECORDS				
EDR Exclusive Records	1.0	0	0	0
Exclusive Recovered Govt. Archives	0.001	0	0	

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

EDR RECOVERED GOVERNMENT ARCHIVES				
EDR Exclusive Records	1.0	0	0	0
Exclusive Recovered Govt. Archives	0.001	0	0	

*The Default Area of Concern may be adjusted by the environmental professional using experience and professional judgement. Each category may include several databases, and each database may have a different distance. A list of individual databases is provided at the back of this report.

TC EXECUTIVE SUMMARY 1

					ſ
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	EXECI	EXECUTIVE SUMMARY			
	SEARCH RESULTS				
	Unmappable (orphan) sites are not considered in the foregoing analysis.	joing analysis.			
TE SCHOOL	STANDARD ENVIRONMENTAL RECORDS				
	Name	Address	Dist/Dir	Map ID	Page
20.850891 - 20°51 3.2080078 156.320367 - 156°19'13.344727	MECO POLE-MOUNT TRANSFORMER NO. 6159 SPILLS: SPILLS SHWS: SHWS	1130 NAKUI ST	1/3 - 1/2 ENE	1	œ
1542 ff. above sea level	MINIT STOP MAKAWAO UST: UST Financial Assurance: Financial Assurance LUST: LUST	1100 MAKAWAO AVE	1/3 - 1/2 ENE	N	10
	MECO TRANSFORMER 3633 SHWS: SHWS	1159 MAKAWAO AVE	1/2 - 1 ENE	°? ◀	16
	MAKAWAO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL SHWS: SHWS	3542 BALDWIN AVENUE	1/2 - 1 NE	▲ A5	18
	MECO POLE-MOUNT TRANSFORMER NO. 6259 SHWS: SHWS ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL RECORDS	BALDWIN AVE	1/2 - 1 NE	▲ A6	21
	Mame MECO POLE-MOUNT TRANSFORMER NO. 6159 SPILLS. SPILLS SHWS: SHWS	Address 1130 NAKUI ST	Dist/Dir 1/3 - 1/2 ENE	Map ID	Page 8
	MINIT STOP MAKAWAO UST: UST Finandial Assurance LUST: LUST: LUST:	1100 MAKAWAO AVE	1/3 - 1/2 ENE	N	10
	MAKAWAO STATION HOSPITAL FUDS: FUDS	Not Reported	1/2 - 1 NNE	4	17
	EDR HIGH RISK HISTORICAL RECORDS				
	Not Reported Not Reported EDR RECOVERED GOVERNMENT ARCHIVES	Address	Dist/Dir	Map ID	Page
	<u>Name</u> Not Reported	Address	Dist/Dir	Map ID	Page

KALAMA INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL 120 MAKANI RD MAKAWAO, HI 96768

Latitude (North): Longitude (West): Elevation:

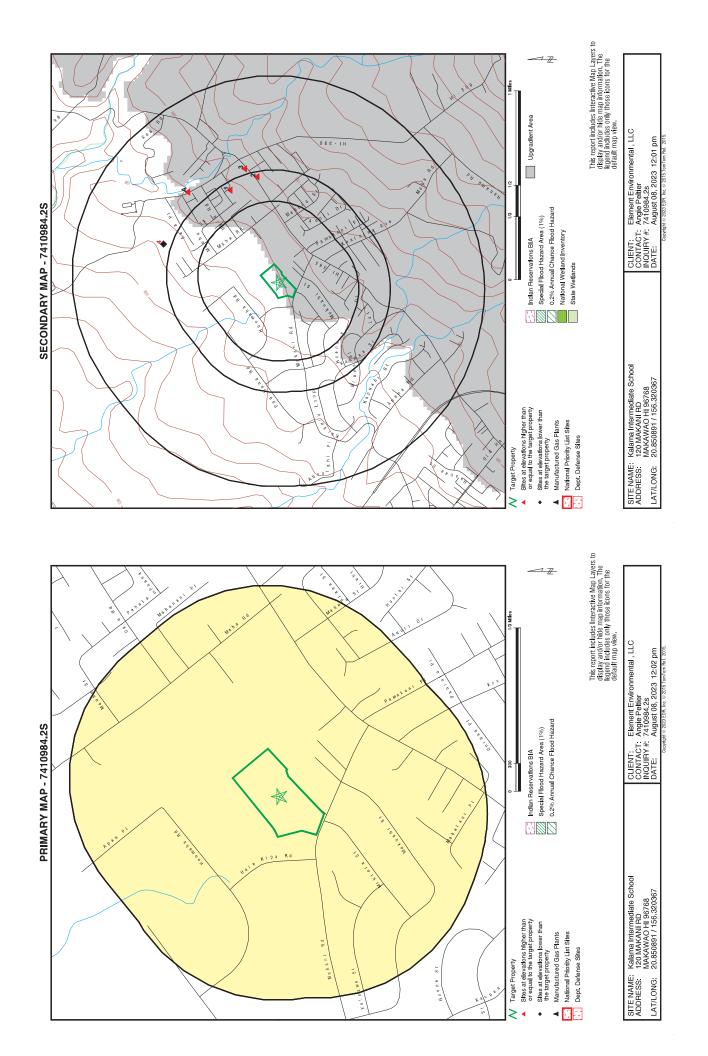
COORDINATES

TARGET PROPERTY INFORMATION

ADDRESS

TC EXECUTIVE SUMMARY 3

TC EXECUTIVE SUMMARY 4



LEGEND

FACILITY NAME FACILITY ADDRESS, CITY, ST, ZIP	SS, CITY, ST, ZIP		EDR SITE ID NUMBER
	Direction Distance Range	(Distance feet / miles)	ASTM 2600 Record Sources found in this report. Each database searched has been assigned to one or more
♦ MAP IU#	Relative Elevation	Feet Above Sea Level	categories. For detailed information about categorization, see the section of the report Records Searched and Currency.
Worksheet:			
Comments:			

Comments may be added on the online Vapor Encroachment Worksheet.

DATABASE ACRONYM: Applicable categories (A hoverbox with database description).

S113230498	Lists of state- and tribal hazardous waste facilities Records of Emergency Release Renords	
. 6159	(2397 ft. / 0.454 mi.)	1587 ft. Above Sea Level
MECO POLE-MOUNT TRANSFORMER NO. 6159 1130 NAKUI ST, MAKAWAO, HI, 96768	ENE 1/3 - 1/2	45 ft. Higher Elevation
MECO POLE-MOU 1130 NAKUI ST, M		•

Worksheet:

Impact on Target Property: VEC does not exist Comments. The source is cross-gradient. The distance between the source and the larget property is greater than the critical distance plus a factor to account for plume width. The source is cross-gradient. The distance between the source and the target property is greater than the critical distance plus a factor to account for plume width. Conditions:

Both COC & PHC: YES Groundwater Flow Gradient:

Topographically: YES

AQUIFLOW: YES

Crossgradient: YES

Experience: YES Geological Attributes - Physical Barrier:

Impermeable soil layer: YES Geological Attributes - Soil Geology:

Silty-clay, low-permeability soil: YES

SHWS: Lists of state- and tribal hazardous waste facilities

Name:	MECO POLE-MOUNT TRANSFORMER NO. 6159
Address:	1130 NAKUI ST
City,State,Zip:	MAKAWAO, HI 96768
Supplemental Location:	Not Reported
Island:	Maui
Environmental Interest:	MECO Pole-Mount Transformer No. 6159

TC Page 8

MECO POLE-MOUNT TRANSFORMER NO. 6159, 1130 NAKUI ST, MAKAWAO, HI 96768 (Continued)

HID Number:	Not Reported
Facility Registry Identifier:	Not Reported
Lead Agency:	HEER Office
Program:	State
Project Manager:	Amelia Hicks
Hazard Priority:	NFA
Potential Hazards And Controls:	No Hazard
Island:	Maui
SDAR Environmental Interest Name:	MECO Pole-Mount Transformer No. 6159
HID Number:	Not Reported
Facility Registry Identifier:	Not Reported
Lead Agency:	HEER Office
Potential Hazard And Controls:	No Hazard
Priority:	NFA
Assessment:	Response Necessary
Response:	Response Complete
Nature of Contamination:	Not Reported
Nature of Residual Contamination:	PAH detected at <0.1 mg/kg; PCB detected at <0.51 mg/kg; TPH detected at 620 mg/kg
Use Restrictions:	No Hazard Present For Unrestricted Residential Use
Engineering Control:	No Engineering Control Required
Description of Restrictions:	Not Reported
Institutional Control:	Not Reported
Within Designated Areawide	Not Reported
Deciment Dete:	NO FULTIER ACTORI LELLET - UTILESLICIEU RESIDENUAL USE
	21.07/01/CO
Document Number:	Z012-290-AM
Document Subject:	terthier Action Determination for MECO Pae-Mount Transformer No 15683 (Incident ID 2009125- 1412), Pole-Mount Transformer No 6156 (Incident ID 20090626-1149), No 6748 (Incident ID 20091203- 1124) and No 3935 (Incident ID 20090526-1427)
Project Manager:	Amelia Hicks
Contact Information:	(808) 586-4249 2385 Waimano Home Rd, Pearl City, HI 96782
Facility ID:	2584
Location Description:	1130 Nakui St
Is Public:	True
Update On:	05/30/2019
Latitude:	20.854637
Longitude:	-156.31276
Aliases:	Not Reported
Status Name:	NFA
SPILLS: Records of Emergency Release Reports	aports
Name:	MECO POLE-MOUNT TRANSFORMER NO. 6159
Address:	1130 NAKUI ST
Address 2:	Not Reported
City, State, Zip:	MAKAWAO, HI 96768
Island:	Maui
Supplemental Loc. Text:	Not Reported
Case Number:	20080626-1149
Facility Registry ID:	Not Reported

MECO POLE-MOUNT TRANSFORMER NO. 6159, 1130 NAKUI ST, MAKAWAO, HI 96768 (Continued)

																																			U001236824	Lists of state and tribal leaking storage tanks	Lists of state and inbarregistered storage tarities Other Ascertainable Records
Not Reported HEER EP&R	None	Not Reported	MECO Pole-Mount Transformer No. 6159	Response	Liz Galvez	Not Reported	Refer to SDAR	MECO-Kahului Baseyard	Transformer Oil		Gallons	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	96768	(2481 ft. / 0.47 mi.)	1640 ft. Above Sea Level
							Re	ME		1	Ge				No	No	No	is Noteworthy for Reports: No	Is the Release a Fugitive Dumping: No				Response Measures Taken: No		Veeded:			ived On:				No	No	Z	MINIT STOP MAKAWAO 1100 MAKAWAO AVE, MAKAWAO, HI, 96768	ENE 1/3 - 1/2	98 ft. Higher Elevation
HID Number: Lead and Program:	ER:	Less Or Greater Than:	Units:	Activity Type:	Activity Lead:	Assignment End Date:	Result	File Under:	Substances:	Quanity:	Units:	Reported Date:	Release Date:	Release Duration:	Media:	Waterbody:	Summary:	Is Noteworth	Is the Releas	Tax Map Key:	Assigned SOSC:	Notified Agencies:	Response M	Incident Report Number:	Coordination Needed:	Tier II Facility:	RMP:	Follow-up Received On:	Cost Recovery:	Invoice To:	Closed Date:	Comments:	Latitude:	Longitude:	MINIT STOP M 1100 MAKAWA		N •

Worksheet:

Impact on Target Property: VEC does not exist comments the source is cross-gradient. The distance between the source and the larget property is greater than the critical distance plus a factor to account for plume width. The distance between the source and the larget property is greater than the critical distance plus a factor to plume width. The distance between the source and the larget property is greater than the critical distance plus a factor to plume width.

MAP FINDINGS

plume width. Conditions:

Petroleum Hydrocarbon Chemicals of Concern: YES Geological Attributes - Physical Barrier: Impermeable soil layer: YES Geological Attributes - Soil Geology: Silty-clay, low-permeability soil: YES Groundwater Flow Gradient: Topographically: YES Crossgradient: YES AQUIFLOW: YES Experience: YES

LUST: Lists of state and tribal leaking storage tanks

MINIT STOP MAKAWAO	1100 MAKAWAO AVE	MAKAWAO, HI 96768	9-502183	Site Cleanup Completed (NFA)	11/29/1999	000035	Renato Maniulit	
Name:	Address:	City, State, Zip:	Facility ID:	Facility Status:	Facility Status Date:	Release ID:	Project Officer:	

UST: Lists of state and tribal registered storage tanks

ST: Lists of state and tribal registered storage tanks Name: MINIT STO!	orage tanks MINIT STOP MAKAWAO
Address:	1100 MAKAWAO AVE
City,State,Zip:	MAKAWAO, HI 96768
Facility ID:	9-502183
Owner:	MAUI PETROLEUM
Owner Address:	385 Hukilike St.
Owner City, St, Zip:	Makawao, 96768 96768
Latitude:	20.852322999999998
Longitude:	-156.31171900000001
Horizontal Reference Datum Name:	NAD83
Horizontal Collection Method Name:	GPS
Tank ID:	-
Date Installed:	02/01/1996
Tank Status:	Currently In Use
Date Closed:	Not Reported
Tank Capacity:	10000
Substance:	Gasohol
Name:	MINIT STOP MAKAWAO
Address:	1100 MAKAWAO AVE
City, State, Zip:	MAKAWAO, HI 96768
Tank ID:	-
Date Installed:	02/01/1996

MINIT STOP MAKAWAO, 1100 MAKAWAO AVE, MAKAWAO, HI 96768 (Continued)

C urrently In Use Not Reported 10000 Gasohol	MINIT STOP MAKAWAO 1100 MAKAWAO AVE MAKAWAO, HI 96768 2 02/01/1996 02/01/1996 NG Reported 10000 Gasohol	MINIT STOP MAKAWAO 1100 MAKAWAO AVE MAKAWAO, HI 96768 2 0201/1996 Currently In Use Not Reported 10000 Gasohol	MINT STOP MAKAWAO 1100 MAKAWAO AVE MAKAWAO, HI 96768 R-1 05/2011990 Permanently Out of Use 3001/1994 3001/1994 3001 Gasoline	MINT STOP MAKAWAO 1100 MAKAWAO AVE MAKAWAO, HI 96768 R-1 65/20/1990 Permanentiy Out of Use 03/01/1994 3000 3001/1994 Gasoline MINT STOP MAKAWAO 1100 MAKAWAO AVE MAKAWAO, HI 96768 R-2 05/20/1990 65/20/1990	
Tank Status: Date Chosed: Tank Capacity: Substance:	Name: Address: City.State.Zp: Tank ID: Date Installed: Tank Capacity: Tank Capacity: Substance:	Name: Address: City.State,ZIp: Tank ID: Date Installed: Tank Capacity: Substance: Substance:	Name: Address: City State, Zip: Tank ID: Date Instilled: Tank Status : Tank Capacity: Substance	Name: Address: City State, Zip: Tank ID: Date Installed: Tank Status: Date Installed: Substance: Name: Address: City State, Zip: Tank ID: Date Installed:	

MAP FINDINGS

MINIT STOP MAKAWAO, 1100 MAKAWAO AVE, MAKAWAO, HI 96768 (Continued)

Permanently Out of Use 03/01/1994 3000 Gasoline MINIT STOP MAKAWAO	1100 MAKAWAO 1100 MAKAWAO AVE MAKAWAO, HI 96768 R-2 05/20/1990 03/01/1994 03/01/1994 03/01/1994 Gasoline	MINIT STOP MAKAWAO 1100 MAKAWAO AVE MAKAWAO, HI 96768 R-3 55/21/1990 03/01/1994 03/01/1994 60/0 Gasoline	MINIT STOP MAKAWAO MINIT STOP MAKAWAO AVE MAKAWAO. HI 96768 R-3 05/21/1990 Permanently Out of Use 8000 Gasoline Gasoline Gasoline MINIT STOP MAKAWAO 1100 MAKAWAO AVE MAKAWAO. HI 96768	R.44 0.5/21/1990 Permanentiy Out of Use 03/01/1994 550 Kerosene MINIT STOP MAKAWAO AND ANKAWAO AVE MAKAWAO, HI 96768 R.4 MAKAWAO, HI 96768 R.4 65/21/1990
Tank Status: Tank Status: Tank Capacity: Substance: Nanne:	s: te,Zlp: stalled: tatus: osed: teaturs: osed: toe:	Name: Address: City,State,Zip: Tank (D: Date installed: Tank Status: Tank Capacity: Substance:	Name: Address: City,State.Zip: Tank U. Date Olosed: Tank Capadiy: Tank Capadiy: Name: Address: City.State.Zip:	Tank ID: Date Installed: Date Installed: Date Closed: Tank Capa city: Substance: Name : Name : City State, Zip: City State, Zip: Tank ID: Date Installed:

MINIT STOP MAKAWAO, 1100 MAKAWAO AVE, MAKAWAO, HI 96768 (Continued)

Permanently Out of Use	03/01/1994	550	Kerosene	scertainable Records	MINIT STOP MAKAWAO	1100 MAKAWAO AVE
Tank Status:	Date Closed:	Tank Capacity:	Substance:	HI Financial Assurance: Other Ascertainable Records	Name:	Address:

Audress: Address: Address: Tank Ki Tank Ki FRATYPE: FRATYPE: FRATYPE: FRATYPE: Classinger Address: Address: Address: Tank ki Tank ki Tank ki Tank ki Tank ki Tank ki Marte: Tank ki Marte: Tank ki Marte: Tank ki Marte: Tank ki Marte: M	MAKAWAO, HI 96788 9-502183 R-1 Permanently Out of Use Insurance 1101/2012 True MINIT STOP MAKAWAO AVE MAKAWAO AVE MAKAWAO AVE Permanently Out of Use Insurance 1101/2012 True MINIT STOP MAKAWAO AVE MAKAWAO, HI 96768 9-502183 R-3 MINIT STOP MAKAWAO AVE MAKAWAO, HI 96768 9-502183 R-3 Permance Insurance Insurance Insurance Insurance Intue MINIT STOP MAKAWAO MINIT STOP MAKAWAO MINIT STOP MAKAWAO MINIT STOP MAKAWAO MINIT STOP MAKAWAO
Address: City,State,Zip: Tank KG Tank KG FRTYPE: FRTYPE: FRArchive: FR Archive: Address: Address: Address: Tank Id: Tank Id:	1100 MAKAWAO AVE MAKAWAO, HI 96788 9-502183 R-2 R-2 Permanently Out of Use Insurance 1101/2012 True MINIT STOP MAKAWAO MINIT STOP MAKAWAO 1100 MAKAWAO HI 96768 9-502183 2

MAP FINDINGS

MINIT STOP MAKAWAO, 1100 MAKAWAO AVE, MAKAWAO, HI 96768 (Continued)

Currently In Use	Insurance 11/01/2012	True	MINIT STOP MAKAWAO	1100 MAKAWAO AVE	MAKAWAO, HI 96768	9-502183	-	Currently In Use	Insurance 11/01/2012	True	MINIT STOP MAKAWAO	1100 MAKAWAO AVE	MAKAWAO, HI 96768	9-502183 P-1	Permanently Out of Use	Insurance	07/01/2022	False	MINIT STOP MAKAWAO	1100 MAKAWAO AVE	MAKAWAO, HI 96768	9-502183	R-2	Permanently Out of Use	Insurance	07/01/2022 Faise	Laise		1100 MAKAWAO AVE	MAKAWAO, HI 96768	9-502163	T Currantiv In Llee	lasticance	07/01/2022	False	MINIT STOP MAKAWAO	1100 MAKAWAO AVE	MAKAWAO, HI 96768	9-502183	R-3	Permanently Out of Use	Insurance
Tank Status:	FRTYPE: Expiration Date:	FR Archive:	Name:	Address:	City, State, Zip:	Alt Facility ID:	Tank ld:	Tank Status:	FKTYPE: Evniration Date:	FR Archive:	Name:	Address:	City, State, Zip:	Alt Facility I.D. Tank Id:	Tank Status:	FRTYPE:	Expiration Date:	FR Archive:	Name:	Address:	City, State, Zip:	Alt Facility ID:	Tank ld:	Tank Status:	FRTYPE:	Expiration Date: ED Archive:		Name:	Address:	City, State, Zip:	Alt Fadility IU: T1-14:	Tank Statue:	FRTVPF	Expiration Date:	FR Archive:	Name:	Address:	City,State,Zip:	Alt Facility ID:	Tank Id:	Tank Status:	FRTYPE:

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MINIT STOP MAKAWAO, 1100 MAKAWAO AVE, MAKAWAO, HI 96768 (Continued)

	MECO TRANSFORMER 3633
False	FR Archive:
07/01/2022	Expiration Date:
Insurance	FRTYPE:
Currently In Use	Tank Status:
2	Tank Id:
9-502183	Alt Facility ID:
MAKAWAO, HI 96768	City,State,Zip:
1100 MAKAWAO AVE	Address:
MINIT STOP MAKAWAO	Name:
False	FR Archive:
07/01/2022	Expiration Date:
Insurance	FRTYPE:
Permanently Out of Use	Tank Status:
R.4	Tank ld:
9-502183	Alt Facility ID:
MAKAWAO, HI 96768	City,State,Zip:
1100 MAKAWAO AVE	Address:
MINIT STOP MAKAWAO	Name:
False	FR Archive:
07/01/2022	Expiration Date:

VIECU IRANSFURMER 3633 1159 MAKAWAO AVE, MAKAWAO, HI, 96768	ENE 1/2 - 1	A 3 86 ft. Hiaher El
33 (AWAO, HI, 96768	- 1	ther Elevation
	(2785 ft. / 0.527 mi.)	1628 ft. Above Sea Level
S110061658	Lists of state- and tribal hazardous waste facilities	

Worksheet:

Impact on Target Property: VEC does not exist comments: The source is cross-gradient. The distance between the source and the target property is greater than the critical distance plus a factor to account for plume width. The source is cross-gradient. The distance between the source and the target property is greater than the critical distance plus a factor to account for plume width. Conditions:

Chemicals of Concern: YES Groundwater Flow Gradient:

Topographically: YES

AQUIFLOW: YES

Crossgradient: YES

Experience: YES Geological Attributes - Physical Barrier:

Impermeable soil layer: YES Geological Attributes - Soil Geology:

Silty-clay, low-permeability soil: YES

SHWS: Lists of state- and tribal hazardous waste facilities

MECO TRANSFORMER 3633 Name:

MAP FINDINGS

MECO TRANSFORMER 3633, 1159 MAKAWAO AVE, MAKAWAO, HI 96768 (Continued)

1159 MAKAWAO AVE	MAKAWAO, HI 96768	Makawao Library Site	Maui	MECO Transformer 3633	Not Reported	Not Reported	HEER Office	State	Richard Palmer	NFA	No Hazard	Maui	MECO Transformer 3633	Not Reported	Not Reported	HEER Office	No Hazard	NFA	Response Necessary	Self Implementing TSCA Cleanup	Found: PCBs in soil	Not Reported	No Hazard Present For Unrestricted Residential Use	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	No Further Action Letter - Unrestricted Residential Use	02/02/2011	2011-062-PC	Pad-Mount Transformer 3633 PCB Release	Richard Palmer	(808) 586-4249 2385 Waimano Home Rd, Pearl City, HI 96782	570	1159 Makawao Ave	True	12/10/2020	20.8537	-156.311	MECO Pad-Mount Transformer No. 3633	NFA	
Address:	City, State, Zip:	Supplemental Location:	Island:	Environmental Interest:	HID Number:	Facility Registry Identifier:	Lead Agency:	Program:	Project Manager:	Hazard Priority:	Potential Hazards And Controls:	Island:	SDAR Environmental Interest Name:	HID Number:	Facility Registry Identifier:	Lead Agency:	Potential Hazard And Controls:	Priority:	Assessment:	Response:	Nature of Contamination:	Nature of Residual Contamination:	Use Restrictions:	Engineering Control:	Description of Restrictions:	Institutional Control:	Within Designated Areawide Contamination:	Site Closure Type:	Document Date:	Document Number:	Document Subject:	Project Manager:	Contact Information:	Facility ID:	Location Description:	Is Public:	Update On:	Latitude:	Longitude:	Aliases:	Status Name:	

1024902029	Other Ascertainable Records	
	(2852 ft. / 0.54 mi.)	1461 ft. Above Sea Level
ON HOSPITAL (AWAO, HI,	NNE 1/2 - 1	81 ft. Lower Elevation
MAKAWAO STATION HOSPITAL Not Reported, MAKAWAO, HI,		♦

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Worksheet:

Comments: The source is not within the area of concern, based on its distance, gradient and suspected chemical of concern. The source is cross-gradient. The distance between the source and the target property is greater than the critical distance plus a factor to account for plure width. Impact on Target Property: VEC does not exist Experience: YES Geological Attributes - Physical Barrier: Impermeable soil layer: YES Geological Attributes - Soil Geology: Silty-clay, low-permeability soil: YES FUDS: Other Ascertainable Records Chemicals of Concern: YES Groundwater Flow Gradient: Topographically: YES Crossgradient: YES AQUIFLOW: YES Conditions:

EPA Region:	60
Installation ID:	HI99799F394400
Congressional District Number:	2
Name:	MAKAWAO STATION HOSPITAL
FUDS Number:	H09HI0206
City:	MAKAWAO
State:	H
County:	MAUI
Object ID:	4040
USACE Division:	POD
USACE District:	Honolulu District (POH)
Status:	Properties without projects
Current Owner:	STATE: STATE STATE OF HAWAII, DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
EMS Map Link:	https://fudsportal.usace.army.mil/ems/inventory/map?id=55755
Eligibility:	Eligible
Has Projects:	No
NPL Status:	Not Reported
Project Required:	No
Feature Description:	The Army converted 3 existing school buildings into a mess hall morgue, and nurses quarters. A large red cross was placed on the rook of one building Site was also known as the 22nd hospital. Bit statistion hospital, and Makawas 2010oi. The site was exturned to Territory of Havaii Shortly Hedre the Japarese surreider. Site is stall a school. One building condiming the morgue was demo lished. A site wist on May 1, 1992 doit not reveal any environmental hazards.
Latitude:	20.85972222
Longitude:	-156.3172222
MAKAWAO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL 3542 BALDWIN AVENUE, MAKAWAO, HI, 96768	DL AO, HI, 96768 S121405971

TC Page 18

Lists of state- and tribal hazardous waste facilities

1572 ft. Above Sea Level (2974 ft. / 0.563 mi.)

30 ft. Higher Elevation

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MAP FINDINGS

Worksheet:

Impact on Target Property: VEC does not exist Comments: The source is not within the area of concern, based on its distance, gradient and suspected chemical of concern. Conditions:

Chemicals of Concern: YES

Geological Attributes - Physical Barrier: Impermeable soil layer: YES Groundwater Flow Gradient: Topographically: YES Crossgradient: YES AQUIFLOW: YES Experience: YES

SHWS: Lists of state- and tribal hazardous waste facilities

Geological Attributes - Soil Geology: Silty-clay, low-permeability soil: YES

WS: Lists of state- and tribal hazardous waste facilities	waste facilities
Name:	FUDS MAKAWAO STATION HOSPITAL
Address:	3542 BALDWIN AVE
City, State, Zip:	MAKAWAO, HI 96768
Supplemental Location:	H09HI020600
Island:	Maui
Environmental Interest:	FUDS Makawao Station Hospital
HID Number:	Not Reported
Facility Registry Identifier:	Not Reported
Lead Agency:	HEER Office
Program:	DOD-IRP
Project Manager:	Not Reported
Hazard Priority:	Low
Potential Hazards And Controls:	Hazard Undetermined
Island:	Maui
SDAR Environmental Interest Name:	FUDS Makawao Station Hospital
HID Number:	Not Reported
Facility Registry Identifier:	Not Reported
Lead Agency:	HEER Office
Potential Hazard And Controls:	Hazard Undetermined
Priority:	Low
Assessment:	Assessment Ongoing
Response:	Not Reported
Nature of Contamination:	Not Reported
Nature of Residual Contamination:	Not Reported
Use Restrictions:	Undetermined
Engineering Control:	Not Reported
Description of Restrictions:	Not Reported
Institutional Control:	Not Reported
Within Designated Areawide Contamination:	Not Reported
Site Closure Type:	Not Reported
Document Date:	Not Reported

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MAP F	

MAKAWAO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL, 3542 BALDWIN AVENUE, MAKAWAO, HI 96768 (Continued)

AKAWAU ELEMEN I AKY SCHOUL, 3542	AKAWAU ELEIMEN IARY SCHUUCI, 3532 BALDWIN AVENUE, MAKAWAU, HI 96768 (CONTINUED)
Document Number:	Not Reported
Document Subject:	Not Reported
Project Manager:	Not Reported
Contact Information:	(808) 586-4249 2385 Waimano Home Rd, Pearl City, HI 96782
Facility ID:	1927
Location Description:	3542 Baldwin Ave
Is Public:	True
Update On:	04/28/2022
Latitude:	20.85665
Longitude:	-156.313692
Aliases:	22nd Station Hospital, 8th Station Hospital, FUDS No. H09HI020600, Makawao School
Status Name:	Assessment
Name:	MAKAWAO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL
Address:	3542 BALDWIN AVENUE
City,State,Zip:	MAKAWAO, HI 96768
Supplemental Location:	Not Reported
Island:	Maui
Environmental Interest:	Not Reported
HID Number:	Not Reported
Facility Registry Identifier:	Not Reported
Lead Agency:	HEER Office
Program:	PA/SI
Project Manager:	Not Reported
Hazard Priority:	Not Reported
Potential Hazards And Controls:	Not Reported
Island:	Maui
SDAR Environmental Interest Name:	Not Reported
HID Number:	Not Reported
Facility Registry Identifier:	Not Reported
Lead Agency:	HEER Office
Potential Hazard And Controls:	Not Reported
Priority:	Not Reported
Assessment:	Not Reported
Response:	Not Reported
Nature of Contamination:	Not Reported
Nature of Residual Contamination:	Not Reported
Use Restrictions:	Not Reported
Engineering Control:	Not Reported
Description of Restrictions:	Not Reported
Institutional Control:	Not Reported
Within Designated Areawide Contamination:	Not Reported
Site Closure Type:	Not Reported
Document Date:	Not Reported
Document Number:	Not Reported
Document Subject:	Not Reported
Project Manager:	Not Reported
Contact Information:	Not Reported
Facility ID:	3197
Location Description:	3542 Baldwin Avenue

MAP FINDINGS

MAKAWAO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL, 3542 BALDWIN AVENUE, MAKAWAO, HI 96768 (Continued)

True	10/21/2022	20.856717	-156.313881	Not Reported	Site Discovery	
Is Public:	Update On:	Latitude:	Longitude:	Aliases:	Status Name:	

S126282974	Lists of state- and tribal hazardous waste facilities	
5259	(3083 ft. / 0.584 mi.)	1566 ft. Above Sea Level
MECO POLE-MOUNT TRANSFORMER NO. 6259 BALDWIN AVE, MAKAWAO, HI, 96768	NE 1/2 - 1	24 ft. Higher Elevation
MECO POLE-MOU BALDWIN AVE, M/		A A A

Worksheet:

Impact on Target Property: VEC does not exist comments. The source is cross-gradient. The distance between the source and the target property is greater than the critical distance plus a factor to accountion plume width. Conditions:

Chemicals of Concern: YES Groundwater Flow Gradient:

Topographically: YES

AQUIFLOW: YES

Crossgradient: YES

Experience: YES Geological Attributes - Physical Barrier:

Impermeable soil layer: YES Geological Attributes - Soil Geology:

Sitty-clay, low-permeability soil: YES

SHWS: Lists of state- and tribal hazardous waste facilities

Name:	MECO POLE-MOUNT TRANSFORMER NO. 6259
Address:	BALDWIN AVE
City, State, Zip:	MAKAWAO, HI 96768
Supplemental Location:	Not Reported
Island:	Maui
Environmental Interest:	Not Reported
HID Number:	Not Reported
Facility Registry Identifier:	Not Reported
Lead Agency:	HEER Office
Program:	State
Project Manager:	Not Reported
Hazard Priority:	Not Reported
Potential Hazards And Controls:	Not Reported
Island:	Maui
SDAR Environmental Interest Name:	Not Reported
HID Number:	Not Reported
Facility Registry Identifier:	Not Reported

MECO POLE-MOUNT TRANSFORMER NO. 6259, BALDWIN AVE, MAKAWAO, HI 96768 (Continued)

HEER Office	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	2485	Baldwin Ave	True	02/14/2020	20.857818	-156.312967	MECO Pole Mount Transformer 6259	NFA
Lead Agency:	Potential Hazard And Controls:	Priority:	Assessment:	Response:	Nature of Contamination:	Nature of Residual Contamination:	Use Restrictions:	Engineering Control:	Description of Restrictions:	Institutional Control:	Within Designated Areawide Contamination:	Site Closure Type:	Document Date:	Document Number:	Document Subject:	Project Manager:	Contact Information:	Facility ID:	Location Description:	Is Public:	Update On:	Latitude:	Longitude:	Aliases:	Status Name:

GOVERNMENT	GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CURRENCY TRACKING	ENCY TRACKING			
St Acronym	Full Name	Government Agency	Gov Date	Gov Date Arvl. Date Active Date	Active Date
ENVIRONMENTAL RECORDS					
Federal NPL site list US NPL US Proposed NPL US NPLLIENS	National Priority List Proposed National Priority List Sites Federal Superfund Liens	EPA EPA EPA	06/22/2023 06/22/2023 10/15/1991	07/06/2023 07/06/2023 02/02/1994	07/24/2023 07/24/2023 03/30/1994
Federal CERCLIS list US SEMS	Superfund Enterprise Management System	EPA	06/22/2023	07/06/2023	07/24/2023
Federal RCRA CORRACTS facilities list US CORRACTS	st Corrective Action Report	EPA	03/06/2023	03/09/2023	03/20/2023
Federal RCRA TSD facilities list US RCRA-TSDF	RCRA - Treatment, Storage and Disposal	Environmental Protection Agency	03/06/2023	03/09/2023	03/20/2023
Federal RCRA generators list US RCRALQG US RCRASQG US RCRAVSQG	RCRA - Large Quantity Generators RCRA - Smail Quantity Generators RCRA - Very Smail Quantity Generators (Formerly Conditional	Environmental Protection Agency Environmental Protection Agency Environmental Protection Agency	03/06/2023 03/06/2023 03/06/2023	03/09/2023 03/09/2023 03/09/2023	03/20/2023 03/20/2023 03/20/2023
Federal Institutional controls / engineering controls registries LLCIS LUCIS LUCIS UN LUCIS UN LUCIS Controls Situ US US ENGCONTROLS Engineering Controls Situ US US INST CONTROLS Institutional Controls Situ	rring controls registries Lendues control information System Engineering Controls Stea List Institutional Controls Stea List	Department of the Navy Environmental Protection Agency Environmental Protection Agency	05/25/2023 05/22/2023 05/22/2023	05/31/2023 05/23/2023 05/23/2023	07/24/2023 07/24/2023 07/24/2023
Foderal ERNS list US ERNS	Emergency Response Notification System	National Response Center, United States Coast	03/20/2023	03/21/2023	05/30/2023
State and tribal - equivalent CERCLIS HI SHWS	Sites List	Department of Health	11/22/2022	03/07/2023	05/24/2023
State and tribal landfill / solid waste disposal HI SWF/LF	sposal Permitted Landfills in the State of Hawaii	Department of Health	03/22/2023	03/29/2023	06/13/2023
State and trial feaking storage tank fields ULST LUST I LUST	sts Leaking Underground Stonage Tank Dalatase Leaking Underground Stonage Tanks on Indian Land Leaking Underground Stonage Tanks on Indian Land Lanking Lanking	Department of Health EPA Region 10 EPA Region 10 EPA Region 10 EPA Region 6 EPA Region 7 EPA Region 1 EPA Region 1	02/21/2023 04/19/2023 04/14/2023 04/14/2023 04/19/2023 04/19/2023 04/20/2023 04/20/2023 04/20/2023	03/01/2023 05/09/2023 05/09/2023 05/09/2023 05/09/2023 05/09/2023 05/09/2023 05/09/2023 05/09/2023	05/19/2023 07/14/2023 07/14/2023 07/14/2023 07/14/2023 07/14/2023 07/14/2023 07/14/2023 07/14/2023 07/14/2023

TC7410984.2s Page GR-1

URRENCY TRACKING	Government Agency Gov Date Arvl. Date Active Date	Department of Health 022:12C03 03012023 65/19/2023 E-M Region 4 0.4202023 03012023 05/19/2023 E-M Region 4 0.4202023 05/09/2023 07/19/2023 E-M Region 5 0.4202023 05/09/2023 07/19/2023 E-M Region 6 0.4202023 05/09/2023 07/14/2023 E-M Region 9 0.4202023 05/09/2023 07/14/2023 E-M Region 9 0.4202023 05/09/2023 07/14/2023 E-M Region 1 0.4202023 05/09/2023 07/14/2023 E-M Region 5 0.4202023 05/09/2023 07/14/2023 E-M Region 7 0.4202023 06/09/2023 07/14/2023 E-M Region 7 0.4202023 09/09/2023 07/14/2023 E-M Region 7 0.4202023 09/09/2023 07/14/2023 E-M Region 7 0.4202023 09/19/2023 07/14/2023 E-M Region 7 0.4202023 09/19/2023 07/14/2023 E-M Region 7 0.4202023 09/19/2023 07/14/2023	Department of Health 04/172019 05212019 05302019 Department of Health 04/172019 05212019 05302019	EPA, Region 7 0320/2008 04/2/2008 05/19/2008 Department of Health 11/2/2002 030/2/2023 05/4/2023 EPA, Region 1 07/27/2015 03/28/2016	Department of Health 11/22/2022 03/07/2023 05/24/2023	Department of Justice, Consent Decree Library 0531/2023 04202023 0710/2023 R.M. Environmental Protection Agency 0923/2023 04202023 0710/2023 F.M. Environmental Protection Agency 0922/2023 0710/2023 0710/2023 F.M. Environmental Protection Agency 0122016 10222010 0222201 F.M. Environmental Protection Agency 0122016 10222010 0222201 Demotronmental Protection Agency 0122016 10222010 0222201 00220211 Demotronmental Protection Agency 0122010 00230203 00230203 00230201 Demotronmental Protection Agency 01405/2001 00230203 00230203 00230203 Demotronmental Protection Agency 01405/2001 00230203 00230203 00230203 Demotronmental Protection Agency 01405/2001 00230203 00230203 00102203 Demotronmental Protection Agency 01405/2001 01405/2001 0111/101/101 0023023 Demotronmental Protection Agency 01405/2001 01405/2001 0111/101/101 0111
GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CURRENCY TRACKING	St Acronym Full Name	Sate and tradit registered storage tank fast 10 UT UT UT UT UT UT UT Underground Storage Tank Ontdates 13 NOUNN UST R4 Underground Storage Tank Ontdate. Land 14 NOUNN UST R4 Underground Storage Tank on Inden Land 15 NOUNN UST R5 Underground Storage Tank on Inden Land 16 NOUNN UST R5 Underground Storage Tank on Inden Land 16 NOUNN UST R5 Underground Storage Tank on Inden Land 18 NOUNN UST R5 Underground Storage Tank on Inden Land 18 NOUNN UST R5 Underground Storage Tank on Inden Land 18 NOUNN UST R5 Underground Storage Tank on Inden Land 18 NOUNN UST R5 Underground Storage Tank on Inden Land 18 NOUNN UST R5 Underground Storage Tank on Inden Land 18 NOUNN UST R5 Underground Storage Tank on Inden Land 18 NOUNN UST R5 Underground Storage Tank on Inden Land 18 NOUNN UST R5 Underground Storage Tank on Inden Land 18 NOUNN UST R5 Underground Storage Tank on Inden Land	Sate and trabal institutional control / engineering control registries H ENG CONTROLS H INST CONTROLS Sites Sites with institutional Controls	Sate and trabal voluntary cleanup sites VI NDMVVCP R7 Voluntary Cleanup Proving Lating Voluntary Response Program Stats US NDMVVCP R1 Voluntary Cleanup Priority Listing	State and tribal Brownfields sites HI BROWNFIELDS	Other Records Specified (CERCLA) Consent Decrees 0.5.00%ST/F Specified (Section Science) 0.5.00%ST/F Specified (Section Science) 0.5.00ÅST/F Provincidenerer Machines Alexanderer 0.5.00ÅST/F Provincidenerer Alexanderer 0.5.00ÅST/F Provincidenerer Alexanderer 0.5.00ÅST/F Provincidenerer Alexanderer 0.5.00ÅST/F Provincidenerer Alexanderer

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TC7410984.2s	

GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CURRENCY TRACKING

	GOVERNMENT	GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CURRENCY TRACKING	ENCY TRACKING			
ů	A crec stant	Eull Namo	Coursessond A root of	Gov Date	And Date	Active Date
ŝ	DOT OPS	Incident and Accident Data	Department of Transporation, Office of Pipeli	01/02/2020	01/28/2020	04/17/2020
Ν	US CDL	Clandestine Drug Labs	Drug Enforcement Administration	05/22/2023	05/23/2023	07/10/2023
Ω		A Listing of Brownfields Sites	Environmental Protection Agency	04/06/2023	04/13/2023	04/19/2023
ŝ		Department of Defense Sites	USGS	06/07/2021	07/13/2021	03/09/2022
S C	FEDLAND	Federal and Indian Lands	U.S. Geological Survey	04/02/2018	04/11/2018	11/06/2019
n s	UMTRA	romeny osed Deteriors ones Uranium Mill Tailinds Sites	Department of Energy	08/30/2019	11/15/2019	01/28/2020
ŝ		Open Dump Inventory	Environmental Protection Agency	06/30/1985	08/09/2004	09/17/2004
SU	-	MSHA Violation Assessment Data	DOL, Mine Safety & Health Admi	04/03/2023	04/04/2023	06/09/2023
NS		Mines Master Index File	Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health A	05/01/2023	05/24/2023	07/24/2023
S ∩		Ferrous and Nonferrous Metal Mines Database Listing	USGS	01/07/2022	02/24/2023	05/17/2023
ŝ	US MINES 3	Active Mines & Mineral Plants Database Listing	USGS	04/14/2011	06/08/2011	09/13/2011
ŝ	TXF TEIS	Potentially Responsible Parties Tavia Chamber Datassa Investory Souther	EPA	12/2/2/2023	07/06/2023	0///24/20/23
	TSCA	Toxic Stitistance Control Act	EPA EPA	12/31/2021	05/14/2022	03/24/2023
ŝ		FIFRA/ TSCA Tracking System - FIFRA (Federal Insecticide: Fu	EPA/Office of Prevention. Pesticides and Toxi	04/09/2009	04/16/2009	05/11/2009
SU		FIFRA' TSCA Tracking System - FIFRA (Federal Insecticide, Fu	EPA	04/09/2009	04/16/2009	05/11/2009
SU	HIST FTTS	FIFRATSCA Tracking System Administrative Case Listing	Environmental Protection Agency	10/19/2006	03/01/2007	04/10/2007
SU	HIST FTTS INSP	FIFRATSCA Tracking System Inspection & Enforcement Case Lis	Environmental Protection Agency	10/19/2006	03/01/2007	04/10/2007
Ω	SSTS	Section 7 Tracking Systems	EPA	04/17/2023	04/18/2023	07/10/2023
ŝ	ICIS	Integrated Compliance Information System	Environmental Protection Agency	11/18/2016	11/23/2016	02/10/2017
S C	PADS	PCB Activity Database System	EPA	03/20/2023	04/04/2023	06/09/2023
0 0	ML 15	Material Licensing Tracking System	Nuclear Kegulatory Commission	03/15/2023	03/21/2023	00/30/2023
ŝ	FINDS	Facility Index System/Facility Registry System		05/04/2023	05/25/2023	07/24/2023
ns	RATS	RCRA Administrative Action Tracking System	EPA	04/17/1995	07/03/1995	08/07/1995
SU	RMP	Risk Management Plans	Environmental Protection Agency	04/27/2022	05/04/2022	05/10/2022
SU	BRS	Biennial Reporting System	EPA/NTIS	12/31/2021	03/09/2023	03/20/2023
Ν		Public Water System Data	EPA	12/17/2013	01/09/2014	10/15/2014
Ω	INDIAN RESERV	Indian Reservations	USGS	12/31/2014	07/14/2015	01/10/2017
ŝ	INDIAN ODI	Report on the Status of Open Dumps on Indian Lands	Environmental Protection Agency	12/31/1998	12/03/2007	01/24/2008
n u	AP ANDONED MINES	Open Dumps on Indian Land Abordenced Minace	Department of Health & Human Servces, Indian	03/17/2014	08/06/2014	01/23/2013
ŝŦ	AIRS	List of Permitted Facilities	Department of Health	06/28/2022	06/30/2022	09/14/2022
Ξ	CDL	Clandestine Drug Lab Listing	Department of Health	08/04/2010	09/10/2010	10/22/2010
Ī	DRYCLEANERS	Permitted Drycleaner Facility Listing	Department of Health	01/23/2023	02/23/2023	05/12/2023
Ξ	PFAS	PFAS Contamination Site Listing	Department of Health	02/25/2022	02/28/2022	03/10/2022
Ŧ	Financial Assurance	Financial Assurance Information Listing	Department of Health	03/30/2023	04/04/2023	06/14/2023
Ŧ	LEAD Spii 1.5	Lead Inspection Listing	Department of Health	03/07/2023	03/09/2023	05/24/2023
ĪĪ	SPILLS SPILLS ON	Release Notifications SPILL SQD data from FirstSearch	Department of Health FirefSearch	05/30/2023	05/31/2023	07/12/2023
Ī	UIC 20	Underground Injection Wells Listing	Department of Health	02/07/2013	02/12/2013	04/09/2013
Ŧ	SWRCY	Solid Waste Recycling Information	Department of Health	09/14/2022	09/28/2022	10/05/2022
Ν	PFAS TSCA	PFAS Manufacture and Imports Information	Environmental Protection Agency	03/30/2023	03/30/2023	06/09/2023
SU	ECHO	Enforcement & Compliance History Information	Environmental Protection Agency	03/25/2023	03/31/2023	06/09/2023
n s	PFAS NPL PFAS TRIS	Supertund Sites with PFAS Letections Information List of PFAS Added to the TRI	Environmental Protection Agency Environmental Protection Agency	06/07/2023	06/08/2023	06/09/2023

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GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CURRENCY TRACKING

ŝ	Acronym	Full Name	Government Agency	Gov Date	Gov Date Arvl. Date Active Date	Active Date
SU	DOCKET HWC	Hazardous Waste Compliance Docket Listing	Environmental Protection Agency	05/06/2021	05/21/2021	08/11/2021
SU	MINES MRDS	Mineral Resources Data System	nsgs	08/23/2022	11/22/2022	02/28/2023
SU	PFAS WQP	Ambient Environmental Sampling for PFAS	Environmental Protection Agency	03/30/2023	03/30/2023	05/02/2023
SU	PFAS RCRA MANIFEST	PFAS Transfers Identified In the RCRA Database Listing	Environmental Protection Agency	03/30/2023	03/30/2023	05/02/2023
SU	AQUEOUS FOAM NRC	Aqueous Foam Related Incidents Listing	Environmental Protection Agency	04/27/2023	04/27/2023	05/02/2023
SU	PFAS ATSDR	PFAS Contamination Site Location Listing	Department of Health & Human Services	06/24/2020	03/17/2021	11/08/2022
SU	FUELS PROGRAM	EPA Fuels Program Registered Listing	EPA	05/15/2023	05/17/2023	07/10/2023
SU	NXO	Unexploded Ordnance Sites	Department of Defense	11/09/2021	10/20/2022	01/10/2023
SU	PFAS FEDERAL SITES	Federal Sites PFAS Information	Environmental Protection Agency	03/30/2023	03/30/2023	04/07/2023
SU	PFAS ECHO FIRE TRAINING	Facilities in Industries that May Be Handling PFAS Listing	Environmental Protection Agency	03/30/2023	03/30/2023	04/03/2023
SU	PFAS PART 139 AIRPORT	All Certified Part 139 Airports PFAS Information Listing	Environmental Protection Agency	03/30/2023	03/30/2023	04/03/2023
SU	PFAS ECHO	Facilities in Industries that May Be Handling PFAS Listing	Environmental Protection Agency	03/30/2023	03/30/2023	04/03/2023
SU	PFAS NPDES	Clean Water Act Discharge Monitoring Information	Environmental Protection Agency	03/30/2023	03/30/2023	04/07/2023
SU	FEDERAL FACILITY	Federal Facility Site Information listing	Environmental Protection Agency	03/26/2023	03/28/2023	05/30/2023
HIS	HISTORICAL USE RECORDS					
SU	EDR MGP	EDR Proprietary Manufactured Gas Plants	EDR, Inc.			
SU	EDR Hist Auto	EDR Exclusive Historical Auto Stations	EDR, Inc.			
SU	EDR Hist Cleaner	EDR Exclusive Historical Cleaners	EDR, Inc.			
Ŧ	RGA HWS	Recovered Government Archive State Hazardous Waste Facilitie	Department of Health		07/01/2013	01/08/2014
Ŧ	RGA LF	Recovered Government Archive Solid Waste Facilities List	Department of Health		07/01/2013	01/17/2014
Ŧ	RGA LUST	Recovered Government Archive Leaking Underground Storage Tan	Department of Health		07/01/2013	01/03/2014

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<u>APPENDIX E</u>

Qualifications of Environmental Professionals

John Ellis, Field Technician



EDUCATION:

B.S., Oregon State University, In progress

SPECIALIZED TRAINING:

OSHA 40-hour Initial HAZWOPER Training C4 HAZWOPER Supervisor **OSHA 30-hour Construction Safety** 40-hour Construction Safety Hazard Awareness ASTM E1527 Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessment: Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Process Certification Asbestos Worker Certification Asbestos Inspector Certification Lead-Based Paint Activities Certification **XRF Safety Training Certification** First Aid and CPR AED **Bloodborne Pathogens** Maritime Security Awareness Course Certification Medical Examiner's Certification Level I Antiterrorism Awareness Training **Operations Security Training** PHNSY and IMF Code 106 Occupational Health, Safety, and Environmental Brief Certification SERE 100.2 Level A SERE Education and Training in Code of Conduct Certification

SUMMARY OF EXPERIENCE:

Mr. Ellis is an Environmental Technician at Element Environmental, LLC (E2). Mr. Ellis joined E2 in November 2015. He has over 5 years of experience in Hawaii, Guam, Japan, and Singapore in the environmental consulting field. His specific expertise includes site assessment, characterization, and remediation; hazardous materials survey; and storm water monitoring.

Mr. Ellis has assisted in many environmental projects involving Phase I Environmental Site Assessments (ESAs), Phase II ESAs, remediation activities, and Construction Environmental Hazard Management Plan (C-EHMP) monitoring and implementation during construction at contaminated sites. He has been the field supervisor for surface and subsurface investigations and groundwater monitoring projects and has assisted with various underground structure closures, including USTs, hoists, oil/water separators, and sumps. He has also assisted with the management and operations and maintenance for remediation systems; hazardous materials assessments/surveys and reporting, industrial waste water and illicit discharge inspections, and AMAP monitoring.

Mr. Ellis has completed training for the ASTM E1527 Standard Practice for ESA and attends periodic training and update presentations to stay current with Phase I ESA trends and upcoming 2021 revisions to the practice.

Angela K. Peltier, Geologist



EDUCATION:

B.S., Geology and Geophysics - University of Hawaii, 2004

SPECIALIZED TRAINING:

OSHA 40-hour Initial HAZWOPER Training

ASTM E1527 Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessment: Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Process Certification

SUMMARY OF EXPERIENCE:

Ms. Peltier is a Geologist at Element Environmental, LLC (E2). Ms. Peltier joined E2 on July 1, 2006, when E2 merged with Mountain Edge Environmental, Inc. She has 17 years of experience in Hawaii in the environmental consulting field. Her specific expertise includes site assessment, characterization, and remediation.

Ms. Peltier has assisted in many environmental projects involving Phase I Environmental Site Assessments (ESAs), Phase II ESAs, Environmental Hazard Evaluations (EHEs), Environmental Hazard Management Plans (EHMPs), Environmental Condition of Property (ECP) evaluations, preliminary assessments, emergency spill response, subsurface investigation, groundwater monitoring, assessment of fate and transport of surface and groundwater contaminants, soil and groundwater remediation, risk assessment, groundwater monitoring, and explosive gas monitoring. She has also assisted in underground storage tank (UST) removal projects which included preparation of plans and specifications for UST removal, UST removal monitoring, release response activities such as overexcavation, installation of soil borings and groundwater monitoring wells, long-term remediation design and implementation, and report preparation.

Ms. Peltier has also performed Phase I ESAs and has assisted with the preparation of environmental impact statements and environmental assessments. She has also performed environmental and hydrogeological investigations and has conducted remediation activities for several illegal landfill sites.

Ms. Peltier has been involved in several water quality related projects, including preparation of National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit applications for an auto recycling facility, an aquarium, and a well drilling operation, preparation of Storm Water Pollution Control Plans for an auto recycling facility and a solid waste transfer station; storm water and industrial discharge monitoring at various sites.

Ms. Peltier has completed training for the ASTM E1527 Standard Practice for ESA and attends periodic training and update presentations to stay current with Phase I ESA trends and upcoming 2021 revisions to the practice.

Arlene H. Campbell, L.G., Senior Geologist



EDUCATION:

Graduate Work in Geology - Vanderbilt University, 1988 - 1989 B.A., Geology (minor in Hydrology) - Austin Peay State University, 1988

PROFESIONAL REGISTRATIONS:

Licensed Geologist, Washington State, No. 1664, 2002

SPECIALIZED TRAINING:

OSHA 40-hour Initial HAZWOPER Training and Current 8-hour Refresher Hazardous Waste Site Supervisor Training

SUMMARY OF EXPERIENCE:

Ms. Campbell is an Associate and Senior Geologist at Element Environmental, LLC (E2). Ms. Campbell joined E2 on July 1, 2006, when E2 merged with Mountain Edge Environmental, Inc. She has over 31 years of experience in Hawaii in the environmental consulting field. Her specific expertise includes site assessment, characterization, and remediation. Ms. Campbell has assisted with several state level task forces to assess environmental risk and address petroleum contaminated soils.

Ms. Campbell has managed many environmental projects involving Phase I Environmental Site Assessments (ESAs), preliminary assessments, emergency spill response, subsurface investigation, groundwater monitoring, assessment of fate and transport of surface and groundwater contaminants, soil and groundwater remediation, and risk assessment. She has also managed numerous underground storage tank (UST) removal projects which included preparation of plans and specifications for UST removal, UST removal monitoring, release response activities such as over-excavation, installation of soil borings and groundwater monitoring wells, long-term remediation design and implementation, and report preparation.

Ms. Campbell has also managed a number of complex hazardous and biological waste removal and site closure projects which involved geophysical surveys, preparation of plans and specifications, waste characterization, and removal and disposal activities. She has performed Phase I ESAs and has assisted with the preparation and review of environ mental impact statements. She has also performed environmental and hydrogeological investigations and has conducted remediation activities for several illegal landfill sites. Noteworthy projects Ms. Campbell has managed included several large emergency response site investigations and remediation projects involving the release of petroleum and polychlorinated biphenyls. One of these projects included an emergency response to a major gasoline spill on Kauai that impacted air, soil, surface water, and groundwater. For this project, Ms. Campbell coordinated with the U.S. Coast Guard, county fire and police departments, EPA Region 9, HDOH, responsible parties, property owners, tenants, and the community. She monitored explosivity and contaminant migration in the subsurface, underground structures/utilities, buildings, a private sewage pumping station, an adjacent stream and the Pacific Ocean; coordinated emergency medical treatment and medical monitoring of affected spill response personnel and civilians; monitored installation of soil vapor points, soil borings, and groundwater monitoring wells; collected soil vapor, soil, groundwater, and stream water samples; prepared release response report; and provided technical support to legal team.

Ms. Campbell has been the principal investigator for several water quality related projects, including preparation of National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit applications for an auto recycling facility, an aquarium, a well drilling operation, a cemetery, and a museum; preparation of Storm Water Pollution Control Plans for an auto recycling facility and a solid waste transfer station; storm water and industrial discharge monitoring at various sites; and assisting clients in addressing NPDES compliance issues.