DEPARTMENT OF DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU

650 SOUTH KING STREET, 2ND FLOOR HONOLULU, HAWAII 96813 PHONE: (808) 523-4564 • FAX: (808) 523-4567

JEREMY HARRIS MAYOR



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RANDALL K. FUJIKI, AIA DIRECTOR 99 JUL 28 A 9ROLAND D. LIBBY, JR., AIA DEPUTY DIRECTOR

DCP 99-537

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July 22, 1999

Ms. Genevieve Salmonson, Director Office of Environmental Quality Control 235 South Beretania Street, Suite 702 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Dear Ms. Salmonson:

SUBJECT: Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) Waimalu Tract Reconstructed Sewer Waimalu, Aiea, Oahu, Hawaii TMK: 9-8-10, 22, 23 and 24

The Department of Design and Construction (DDC), City and County of Honolulu, is the proposing and accepting agency for the above referenced project. DDC has reviewed and responded to comments on the draft environmental assessment for the project. The 30-day review period began on March 23, 1999. DDC has determined that implementation of this project will not have significant environmental effects. Therefore, the agency is issuing a Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI). Please publish this notice in the August 8, 1999 Environmental Notice. We have enclosed a completed OEQC Bulletin Publication Form and four (4) copies of the final environmental assessment (EA).

Identification of the Proposing Agency

The Department of Design and Construction, City and County of Honolulu

Identification of the Accepting Agency

The Department of Design and Construction, City and County of Honolulu

Brief Description of Proposed Action

The proposed project consists of the replacement and rehabilitation of existing gravity sewers that are cracked and experience adverse grade due to soil consolidation.

Determination Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) Ms. Genevieve Salmonson Page 2 July 22, 1999

Reasons supporting the determination

This determination is based on the significance criteria listed in §11-200-12 of the Environmental Impact Statement Rules. Specifically, these significance criteria are addressed below:

- The proposed project will not result in an irrevocable commitment to loss or destruction 1. of any natural or cultural resources. The project site is fully developed and utilized for residential, apartment, and business purposes. No significant natural or cultural resources are known to exist at the site.
- The range of the beneficial uses of the environment will not be curtailed. The project site 2. will beneficially affect the environment since possibilities of wastewater spills and overflows would be reduced.
- The project will not conflict with the State's long-term environmental policies or goals 3. and guidelines as expressed in Chapter 344, Hawaii Revised Statutes, and any revisions thereof and amendments thereto, court decisions or executive orders. The project will not damage sensitive natural resources and will beneficially affect the natural resources since possible wastewater spills and overflows would be reduced.
- The project will not adversely affect the economic or social welfare of the community or 4. State. The community will benefit from the project since the reconstructed sewer system would have less probability of system backups.
- The project will not substantially affect public health. The proposed project will improve 5. public health by repairing the existing deteriorated sewer lines and realigning the sewer lines to avoid backups and overflows in the collection system.
- The project will not involve substantial secondary impacts, such as population change or 6. effects on public facilities. The project will not induce population growth since the site is fully developed and does not contain public recreation facilities.
- The project will not involve a substantial degradation of environmental quality. 7.
- The project is individually limited and cumulatively does not have a significant effect 8. upon the environment nor involves a commitment for larger actions. The proposed project is an individual project and essentially involves the replacement and rehabilitation of existing defective gravity sewers.

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Ms. Genevieve Salmonson Page 3 July 22, 1999

- 9. The project will not substantially affect a rare, threatened or endangered species, or its habitat. The site is primarily residential and does not contain known threatened or endangered flora, fauna or habitats.
- 10. The project will not detrimentally affect air quality, water quality or ambient noise levels. Short-term impacts may occur during construction of the project. The contractor will comply with current Department of Health regulations and provide best management practices where applicable.
- 11. The project will not affect an environmentally sensitive area such as a flood plain, tsunami zone, erosion-prone area, geologically hazardous land, estuary, fresh water, or coastal waters. The project is not located in a tsunami evacuation zone or flood inundation zone as shown on the flood insurance maps.
- 12. The project will not substantially affect scenic vistas or view lanes as identified in County or State plans or studies. The construction activities will occur within City-owned right-of-ways and existing sewage easements. The project will not affect scenic views.
- 13. The project will not require substantial energy consumption.

Contact Persons for Further Information Proposing Agency: Mr. Carl Arakaki

Mr. Carl Arakaki Department of Design and Construction City and County of Honolulu 650 South King Street Honolulu, Hawaii 96813 (808) 523-4671

Consultant:

Mr. David B. Bills, Senior Vice President Gray, Hong, Bills & Associates, Inc. 119 Merchant Street, Suite 607 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813 (808) 521-0306

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Very truly yours,

FOR LL K. FUJIKI Director

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cc: Gray, Hong, Bills & Associates, Inc.

FILE COPY

DEPARTMENT OF DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU

WAIMALU TRACT RECONSTRUCTED SEWER WAIMALU, OAHU, HAWAII TMK: 9-8-10, 22, 23 and 24

FINAL ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT

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Gray · Hong · Bills & Associates, Inc. CONSULTING ENGINEERS

119 Merchant Street, Suite 607, Honolulu, Hawaii 96813, Tel: (808) 521-0306, Fax: (808) 531-8018

1999-08-09-0A-FEA

DEPARTMENT OF DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU

WAIMALU TRACT RECONSTRUCTED SEWER

WAIMALU, OAHU, HAWAII

TMK: 9-8-10, 22, 23 and 24

FINAL ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT

This environmental document was prepared pursuant to Chapter 343, Hawaii Revised Statutes

PROPOSING AGENCY:

Department of Design & Construction City and County of Honolulu 650 South King Street Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL:

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7.21.99

Prepared By:

Gray, Hong, Bills & Associates, Inc. 119 Merchant Street, Suite 607 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

July 1999

DEPARTMENT OF DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU

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Determination

Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI)

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Ms. Genevieve Salmonson Page 2 July 22, 1999

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Contact Persons for Further Information

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Consultant:

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Mr. David B. Bills, Senior Vice President Gray, Hong, Bills & Associates, Inc. 119 Merchant Street, Suite 607 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813 (808) 521-0306

Very truly yours,

LK.FUJ Director

cc: Gray, Hong, Bills & Associates, Inc.

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FINAL ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT

WAIMALU TRACT RECONSTRUCTED SEWER WAIMALU, AIEA, OAHU, HAWAII

I. DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPOSED ACTION and STATEMENT OF OBJECTIVES

The Environmental Assessment (EA) is prepared in accordance with Hawaii Revised Statues (HRS), Chapter 343, Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) and Hawaii Administrative Rules, Title 11, Chapter 200, Department of Health, Environmental Impact Statement Rules. The City and County of Honolulu is required to assess the significant potential impacts of the proposed action under HRS, Chapter 343 since the proposed action utilizes county funds.

An assessment at the earliest practicable time is necessary in order to determine and evaluate any significant environmental impacts from the proposed action. The potential impacts must be identified and evaluated to determine if there is a need for an environmental impact statement. Other agencies having jurisdiction or expertise were consulted during this assessment process. Review comments on the draft EA have been incorporated herein. The responses to the comments are included in Appendix A.

A. <u>PROJECT DESCRIPTION</u>

The proposed project is located in Waimalu, Aiea, Oahu, Hawaii (see Figure 1) and is part of the Honouliuli Wastewater System. Kamehameha Highway, Waimalu Stream, Moanalua Loop, and Moanalua Road (see Figure 2) bound the project area. The Waimalu Tract area generates wastewater flows from a primarily residential area and the Waimalu Shopping Center commercial area. Currently, the project site requires regular maintenance to prevent possible sewage spills and overflows due to grease build-up. The proposed project consists of the replacement and rehabilitation of existing gravity sewers that are cracked and experience adverse grade due to uneven soil consolidation.

B. STATEMENT OF OBJECTIVES

The objective of the proposed project is to evaluate the inadequacy of the Waimalu Tract collection system and recommend the most effective solution to replace sagging sewerlines. The Waimalu Tract sewer collection system was constructed during the 1950's within an area containing soils consisting of deep deposits of Pearl Harbor Clays that are generally soft and highly compressible. Over the years, the sewer system has deteriorated and cracked due to subsurface soil consolidation. A recent topographic survey identified that several stretches of pipeline within the project are at adverse grade

with manhole elevations significantly different from original construction. Television camera surveys have shown that many lines experience grease build-up and longitudinal and circumferential cracks from uneven settling of manholes. These conditions increase the possibility of spills, overflows, and/or backups within the collection system. The existing sewerlines require quarterly maintenance by City Collection System Maintenance crews to remove grease build-up. Therefore, the existing system should be replaced or rehabilitated in areas of soil settlement to improve current conditions and prevent possible spills or overflows.

ALTERNATIVES TO THE PROPOSED ACTION C.

Proposed Action 1.

The proposed remediation of the Waimalu Tract area sewer system replaces and realigns adverse grade sewer segments to provide positive grade throughout the project site and rehabilitates existing cracked sewerlines at positive grade (see Figure 3). The primary feature of the proposed action is the construction of a new upstream siphon manhole over the existing siphon sewer that runs below Waimalu Stream (see Figure 3). The new siphon manhole lowers the invert of the reconstructed sewer system to allow minimum-required sewerline grade. Defective sewer segments experiencing adverse grade will be replaced and abandoned in place by new sewers. Remedial work will also be completed to repair leaking joints at the manholes and longitudinal and circumferential cracks along the sewerlines. The proposed method of new sewer line installation is the conventional open trenching technique that includes excavation and backfill for the length of the pipeline.

No Action 2.

The No Action Alternative will be inconsistent with the planned policies of the City and County of Honolulu to provide an adequate and reliable wastewater collection system for the Waimalu Tract area. The sewer system will require continuing regular maintenance that may increase in frequency as the system continues to age. Therefore, without replacement of inadequate sewer segments, clogging and grease buildup will continue to occur due to sagging pipelines.

Delay the Project 3.

Delaying the proposed project will not remedy the problem of sagging pipelines and adverse grade sewer segments. The clogging and grease build-up of the sewerlines would continue to occur. Construction at a later date will result in an increase in construction cost due to inflationary escalations and maintenance costs to regularly clean and maintain the aging sewerlines. Therefore, the Delay the Project alternative is not recommended.

4. <u>Rejected Alternatives</u>

Two (2) other alternatives were presented as solutions to replace the sagging sewer lines within the Waimalu Tract area. Both rejected alternatives utilize a low point at an easily accessible location for maintenance by City and County of Honolulu's Collection System Maintenance crews. Continuing regular maintenance would be required to prevent backups and possible overflows and spills. In addition, the estimated construction and maintenance costs for both rejected alternatives are higher than the proposed alternative. Therefore, implementing one of the rejected alternatives is not appropriate.

a. Rejected Alternative I

Rejected Alternative I utilizes the same horizontal and vertical alignment for the reconstructed sewer system as the Proposed Action with one exception. A new siphon manhole is not constructed and thereby avoids bypass pumping across Waimalu Stream. However, to provide positive grade throughout the site, the invert of the reconstructed sewer system is lowered by creating a system low point at the sewer manhole immediately upstream of the siphon manhole. Therefore, the majority of the grease build-up and cleaning would be consolidated at the forced low point. Since, the created low point and siphon manhole are both located within a City and County of Honolulu-owned parcel, maintenance crews would have convenient access for ongoing quarterly maintenance.

b. Rejected Alternative II

Similar with Rejected Alternative I, Rejected Alternative II creates a low point within the system at the sewer manhole immediately upstream of the siphon manhole within a City & County of Honolulu-owned parcel. However, Rejected Alternative II replaces the existing sewer with new sewer in the original horizontal and vertical alignment as shown on the original construction with sizes altered to accommodate future flows. The concern is that the soil prism beneath the roadway may not be homogenous and sewer reinstallation at the identical location would minimize future settling. As with Rejected Alternative I, this alternative allows convenient access for ongoing quarterly maintenance at the forced system low point.

5. <u>Alternate Construction Method</u>

A trenchless construction method of microtunneling that utilizes hydraulic jacks to push pipes through the ground behind a tunnel-boring machine was considered as an alternative construction method. This construction method traditionally requires jacking (start of pipeline) pits approximately 20-feet long by 10-feet wide by 15-feet deep and approximately 100-feet of on- or off-road "setup" area for the control room, pipes and other miscellaneous equipment. The project site is primarily residential and a microtunneling "setup" area may interfere with the daily activities of the residents. Since the project site also contains many narrow streets, tight utility corridors and numerous laterals, microtunneling was dismissed as the preferred construction method.

II. AGENCIES CONSULTED IN THE ASSESSMENT PROCESS

The proposed project is an agency-proposed action by the City and County of Honolulu and must undergo evaluation to determine the significance of the various environmental impacts. The assessment process provides for such an evaluation by publishing the contents of the agency's environmental assessment and soliciting comments from other agencies and the general public. The solicited comments provide information for filing a determination. Comments solicited include but are not limited to the following agencies.

- A. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
 - Department of the Interior, Fish & Wildlife Services

Department of the Army, Corps of Engineers

B. STATE OF HAWAII

Department of Health (DOH) Clean Water Branch (CWB) Clean Air Branch (CAB) Hazard Evaluation & Emergency Response Office (HEER) Noise, Radiation and Indoor Air Quality Branch (NR&IAQB) Office of Environmental Quality Control (OEQC) Wastewater Branch (WWB)

Department of Land and Natural Resources (DLNR) Historic Preservation Division

Department of Transportation (DOT)

Department of Business, Economic Development and Tourism (DBEDT) Office of Planning

C. <u>CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU</u>

Aiea Neighborhood Board No. 20

Board of Water Supply (BWS)

Department of Facility Maintenance (DFM)

Department of Environmental Services (ENV) Storm Water Quality Branch

Department of Planning & Permitting (DPP)

Department of Transportation Services (DTS)

Honolulu Fire Department (HFD)

Honolulu Police Department (HPD)

Planning Department (DPL)

D. <u>OTHERS</u>

Hawaiian Electric Company, Inc. (HECO)

GTE Hawaiian Telephone Company

GASCO, Inc.

Oceanic Cablevision

III. DESCRIPTION OF THE AFFECTED ENVIRONMENT

A. PROJECT LOCATION

The Waimalu Tract Reconstructed Sewer project location is shown on Figure 2. The proposed project serves a tributary area of 116 acres (Figure 4). However, the proposed sewer replacement and rehabilitation are limited to the right-of-ways in these affected roadways: Olepe Loop, Lokowai Street, Kauwa Street, Hekaha Street, Pahemo Street, Lii-Ipo Street, and Kanuku Street. The project also includes construction within an existing easement off Hekaha Street near Moanalua Road. The proposed project will be constructed within existing street right-of-ways or sewage easements in favor of the City and County of Honolulu.

B. <u>TOPOGRAPHY and CLIMATE</u>

The project location is within the central coastal lowland area of Oahu along the East Loch of Pearl Harbor. The topography of the project area is relatively flat with a slight upward incline to the project's eastern end (east of Kanuku Street). The existing ground elevation ranges between 3 feet and 12 feet mean sea level (MSL).

Along with the other islands of Hawaii, Oahu lies within the tropic zone between the Tropic of Cancer and the Tropic of Capricorn. The average daily minimum temperature is in the low 70s (Fahrenheit) during the coolest months, February through March. During the hottest months of August through September, the average daily maximum temperature is approximately 85 degrees Fahrenheit.

C. INFRASTRUCTURE

Utilities such as water, drainage, sewer, aboveground power, cable and telephone are available within the project area. The proposed routes were chosen to avoid crossing and interfering with existing utility lines to the best possible extent based on the topographic survey.

D. LAND USE and ZONING

The State Department of Land and Natural Resources designates the project area as an Urban District. The City and County of Honolulu, Department of Planning & Permitting designate the project's tributary area as residential R-5, business B-2 and apartment A-2 (see Figure 5).

E. <u>NATURAL HAZARDS</u>

The project is within an area where the flood hazard is not determined (Zone D) by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM). The project site is located *mauka* of the Special Management Area (SMA) boundary as designated by the City

Department of Planning and Permitting. The project site is not located in a *tsunami* evacuation zone. The entire island of Oahu is in seismic Zone 2A as determined in the 1994 edition of the Uniform Building Code.

F. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES

There are no known conditions of significant impact on wildlife in the area. There are no known endangered flora or fauna within the project area.

G. ARCHAEOLOGICAL and HISTORIC SITES

There are no known natural, historical or archaeological sites within the project area. However, should any evidence of historical and/or archaeological sites be encountered during excavation, the contractor shall immediately stop work and notify the State Historic Preservation Office for a field investigation.

H. <u>SOILS</u>

Test borings indicated that the following subsurface materials were found at the project site: 1) fill that generally consists of very stiff clayey silts with sand and gravel or medium dense silty gravel; 2) alluvial soils comprising of clayey silts or silty sands and gravel; and 3) lagoonal silts that consist of very soft to soft clayey and organic silts. A detailed evaluation of the subsurface materials may be found in the Waimalu Tract Reconstructed Sewer Geotechnical Engineering Report completed by Fewell Geotechnical Engineering, Ltd. (1998).

Possible subsurface hydrocarbon odors were observed in a test boring completed near the Olepe Loop Drainage Pump Station (see Figure 6) in August 1996. During April 1997, a diesel underground storage tank (UST) at the drainage pump station was closed and removed. The Olepe Loop Drainage Pump Station Closure Report (Edward K. Noda & Associates, Inc., 1997) indicates that the system had no indication of corrosion holes, damage or leakage. Petroleum contamination was not observed in the soil or groundwater around the tank or UST system during excavation. However, minor groundwater sheen was detected two (2) days after excavation. Soil and groundwater samples were taken and analyzed for various petroleum compounds. The petroleum concentrations in the samples did not exceed the State Department of Health's Action Levels for Soil and Groundwater (ALSG) limits. Other parameters tested for indicated concentrations below or slightly above the method reporting limit for the following analytes: total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel (TPH-D), benzene, ethylbenzene, toluene, and xylene (BTEX), polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH), total lead and total cadmium. The UST closure report stated that no significant release(s) of petroleum products was detected during the removal and closure of the UST and the limited release was satisfactorily cleaned up. Additional investigative or remedial activities regarding the UST system were not deemed necessary. Therefore, soil contamination encountered at the project site is not anticipated.

During construction, best management practices (BMPs) will be employed to reduce and control discharge of potential pollutants (i.e., silt and fines). In addition, the contractor will visually monitor the soil excavation and groundwater for possible contamination (such as sheen on the groundwater or odors). If possible contamination is suspected, the contractor should obtain and analyze the soil for hazardous substances. Once contamination is detected and confirmed, the contractor will treat the excavated materials to comply with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and State Department of Health (DOH) requirements. The proper handling and disposal measures are discussed in Section VI.A.

I. WATER OUALITY

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The subject site is located *mauka* (up gradient) of the Department of Health's Underground Injection Control (UIC) line. The UIC map for Waipahu (O-9) shows that there are a few drinking water wells *mauka* of the project site, particularly near the sewage easement off Hekaha Street. The map also indicates that there are no known underground injection wells near the site. The University of Hawaii Water Resources Research Center (WRRC) Aquifer Identification and Classification Report for Oahu (Mink and Lau, 1990) indicates that the groundwater located beneath the site is part of the Waimalu aquifer system. According to the classification system used in the WRRC report (see Table 1 on the following page), the basalt Waimalu aquifer is suitable for drinking water purposes and currently used. Public drinking water wells are situated *mauka* of the project site.

As stated previously, possible hydrocarbon contamination was suspected on a soil test boring in the vicinity of the Olepe Loop Drainage Pump Station. However, the UST closure report for the drainage pump station indicated that remedial actions for the minor sheen detected were unnecessary. Although groundwater contamination is not anticipated, the contractor will visually monitor the groundwater and dewatering effluent for changes in water quality, including color, turbidity, suspended solids, and petroleum sheen. If hazardous materials are suspected, the contractor will have the groundwater tested for hazardous substances. Should the presence of hazardous materials be confirmed, work shall be halted until the contamination is assessed and procedures in accordance with the State Hazard and Emergency Response rules are arranged. The contractor will be required to visually monitor groundwater discharges throughout the project's duration.

Table 1. WRRC REPORT AQUIFER CLASSIFICATION*					
Aquifer Code	30201111				
Island Code	3 - Oahu				
Aquifer Sector	02 - Pearl Harbor				
Aquifer System	01 - Waimalu				
Aquifer Type, Hydrology	1 - Basal				
Aquifer Type, Confinement	1 - Unconfined				
Aquifer Type, Geology	1 - Flank				
Status Code (Groundwater)	(11111)				
Development Stage	1 - Currently used				
Utility	1 - Drinking water				
Salinity	1 - Fresh (<250 mg/l Cl ⁻)				
Uniqueness	1 - Irreplaceable				
Vulnerability to Contamination	1 - High				

*See Appendix B for report map.

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Most dewatering discharges are expected to occur along the proposed sewer alignment where the invert is below 2.0 feet mean sea level (MSL). Since the project site is near Pearl Harbor and the groundwater lies close to the ground surface, the use of area-wide dewatering may cause ground and building foundation instability. Therefore, a practical means of dewatering is hydraulic isolation of the working (dewatering) trench section from the surrounding groundwater and limiting the dewatering to only that trench section. There are many methods to accomplish hydraulic isolation and may be chosen by the contractor. The most common method includes sheeting and shoring along the trench and constructing a dam within the trench to create a working (dewatering) section and inactive (recharge) section. To provide dry working conditions, the working trench section is pumped out. The inactive (recharge) trench section is utilized to percolate dewatering discharge back into the groundwater. Although this method of dewatering should have negligible impacts, the contractor should monitor the groundwater table and surrounding soil stability and possible ground settlement.

Dewatering effluent may be returned either into the ground via a recharge trench, discharged to a surface water body via a drainage system, or to the municipal sanitary sewer system after proper treatment in accordance with governing statutes and rules. Should trench dewatering effluent

discharge to State waters, a NPDES General Permit for Discharges Associated with Construction Activity Dewatering must be obtained from the State Department of Health (DOH). In addition, a NPDES General Permit for Discharges Associated with Hydrotesting Activity will be required if hydrotesting effluent is discharged to state waters.

The NPDES General Permits are consistent with Hawaii Administrative Rules (HAR) Chapter 11-54, "Water Quality Standards" and Chapter 11-55, "Water Pollution Control" and approved by DOH, Clean Water Branch. The contractor will be required to implement best management practices (BMPs) for dewatering treatment prior to commencing dewatering activities in accordance with HAR Chapter 11-55. DOH has approved BMPs that include the use of sedimentation tanks and filtration for removal of soil. Where petroleum contamination is confirmed, free product may be skimmed off the surface and an oil/water separator will be utilized to remove the miscible oils. Granular activated carbon (GAC) filters may also be utilized to remove any dissolved organics and contaminants. If the above methods of BMPs cannot reduce the level of contaminants to allowable levels of storm water discharge as allowed in HAR, the dewatering effluent may either be returned to the ground if permitted by DOH or transported to authorized vendors for treatment and disposal. Groundwater test reports must also be submitted to DOH with the testing frequency depending on the type of discharge (continuous or intermittent).

In addition, should dewatering effluent be discharged to State waters via a City storm drain system, a construction dewatering discharge permit will be required by the City Department of Planning and Permitting (DPP). During construction, best management practices will be employed to reduce and control discharge of pollutants.

The proposed project includes the construction of a new siphon manhole with a bypass pumping setup to convey wastewater across Waimalu Stream Channel during the interim. The contractor may choose the method of bypass pumping. However, precautions must be taken by the contractor such as backup bypass pumping capacity and pipeline jacket to prevent a spill. Temporary bypass pumping across waterways is not regulated. However, should a spill occur, Department of the Army Corps of Engineers, Department of Health and Department of Land and Natural Resources reporting, monitoring and cleanup requirements must be fulfilled. The proper handling and bypass techniques are discussed in Section VI.B.

J. <u>AIR QUALITY</u>

The primary source of air pollution is from vehicular emissions with carbon monoxide being the most abundant pollutant emitted. The Department of Health (DOH) Clean Air Branch enforces the State of Hawaii Ambient Air Quality Standards (AAQS); and the standards are provided in Hawaii Administrative Rules (HAR) Title 11, Chapter 59. The proposed construction activities are expected to affect the air quality, primarily from construction equipment and vehicle exhaust emissions that would produce short-term impacts.

The proposed method of new sewerline construction is conventional open trenching, which includes excavation and backfill for the entire length of pipeline. As a result, there is a potential for fugitive dust to be generated during construction. However, fugitive dust is not expected to be significant because construction will take place in saturated soils and excavated soils will be continually wetted down to keep dust from migrating. Construction activities will comply with provisions of HAR Chapter 11-60 on Fugitive Dust. Further mitigative measures are discussed in Section VI.C.

K. <u>NOISE</u>

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The primary source of ambient noise is from vehicular traffic. The State of Hawaii noise limits are stated in the "Vehicular Noise Control for Oahu," Title 11, Chapter 42 and the "Community Noise Control" Title 11, Chapter 46 Standards of the Hawaii Administrative Rules (HAR). The enforcing agency of these standards is the Department of Health (DOH) Noise, Radiation and Indoor Air Quality Branch. The current DOH allowable noise limits for residential, apartment and community business properties on Oahu are shown below.

Table 2.

Allowable Noise Level at Property Line							
Zoning	Daytime (7:00 a.m 10:00 p.m.)	Nighttime (10:00 p.m 7:00 a.m.)					
Residential	55 dBA*	45 dBA					
Apartment	60 dBA	50 dBA					
Community Business	60 dBA	50 dBA					
[•] dBA (decibels)							

The proposed construction activities would increase the noise level in excess of the allowable noise limits. Mitigation measures to reduce the noise level impacts to the surrounding environment are discussed in Section VI.D.

L. <u>TRAFFIC</u>

The proposed sewer line alignment runs within two (2) moderately heavily traveled side streets, Kanuku Street and Hekaha Street, and near the heavily used Kamehameha Highway. Construction activities may temporarily affect traffic on all roadways, especially near the working trench section(s). Kauwa Street is primarily used as a backdoor access road for larger vehicles that stock and supply merchants of the Waimalu Shopping Center. Therefore, construction activities along Kauwa Street may pose a traffic-related impact. The other streets within the project area may have less of a construction-related traffic impact since they are used primarily by residential traffic. Detailed traffic impacts and mitigation measures are discussed in Section VI.E.

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GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE ACTION'S TECHNICAL, SOCIAL and ECONOMIC IV. CHARACTERISTICS

TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS Α.

The proposed method of new sewer pipeline installation is "cut and cover" trench construction. This conventional open trenching technique requires excavation and backfill for the length of the new sewer line. An alternative construction method using microtunneling, a trenchless construction method that utilizes hydraulic jacks to push pipes through the ground behind a tunnel-boring machine, was briefly considered. Since the project area is primarily residential with numerous laterals throughout the alignment and narrow corridors, microtunneling was dismissed as the preferred construction method.

The conventional open trenching technique will need to include sheeting and shoring to hydraulically isolate and dewater the working trench section. The bottom of the dewatering (working) trench may be constructed with interlocking sheet pile sidewalls and may be sealed with mudsills of hydraulic grout. The contractor must be cognizant of the possibility of ground subsidence while dewatering the working trench. Therefore, the contractor will be required to provide inclinometers throughout the entire sewer line alignment to monitor subsidence from changes in the groundwater table.

There are two common methods used for pipe rehabilitation. One method is the insertion of a flexible high-density polyethylene (HDPE) liner pipe and injection of concrete grout in the annular space between the line and the original pipe. The other method is a cured-in-place fiberglass pipe (CIPP) that is hydraulically pressurized to be flush to the existing pipes (or may bridge any voids), then thermally cured to rigid form.

In order to accomplish the sewer line reconstruction, various segments of the sewer line must be temporarily taken out of service. The contractor will be required to setup temporary bypass pumping stations through the construction period to ensure continuous sewage flow within the tributary area. The use of temporary bypass pumping stations should not have any impact on the general public.

The technical characteristics of the proposed project are based on preliminary studies. Changes are anticipated during the design and construction stages to correspond with final engineering calculations and to accommodate actual field conditions. Nevertheless, the proposed project construction will be specified to meet all City and County of Honolulu standards.

B. SOCIAL and ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

The project area lies within a primarily residential district in Leeward, Oahu. The general mix of land uses consists of residential, apartment and community business. The estimated construction capital cost is approximately \$2.3 million. Construction funds will be appropriated from the City and County of Honolulu's Capital Improvement Program. The City Sewer Collection System user service fees are assessed uniformly islandwide. The total cost of the proposed project and other unrelated capital improvement projects may increase the user service fees for all serviced Oahu residents, not only the residents served by the proposed project.

V. <u>IDENTIFICATION and SUMMARY OF MAJOR IMPACTS and PROPOSED MITIGATION</u> <u>MEASURES</u>

The probable impacts to the environment resulting from the proposed project can be divided into two (2) categories: 1) short term impacts associated with construction activities and 2) long term impacts that follow the construction period. The long term impacts of the proposed construction would be negligible and the project would improved sewer services for the residents and businesses. The environmental impacts are primarily short-term.

A. EXCAVATED MATERIAL

The contractor will be required to monitor the soil for petroleum contamination during construction. If contamination is suspected (such as sheen on groundwater or hydrocarbon odors), the contractor will test the soil for hazardous substances. Testing shall determine if such substances comprise hazardous waste according to the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). If the samples indicate contamination, the contractor will treat excavated materials to comply with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and State Department of Health (DOH) requirements.

The State of Hawaii has a Contingency Plan that is outlined in 1996 DOH Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) that provides interim guidelines only. Adherence to the information contained in the TGM is voluntary. However, the guidelines and the rules and regulations on Environmental Response or any other applicable federal, state and county requirements will be incorporated in this project as best management practices to minimize soil contamination and control hazardous substance releases. As such, the contractor will be responsible for treating and disposing contaminated soil at an approved site.

Petroleum impacted soil may be left in place at the release site. However, the contractor shall consult with DOH Solid and Hazardous Waste Branch prior to such action. Contaminated soil may be spread on windrows or the ground to let the volatile organics such as benzene, ethylbenzene evaporate into the atmosphere, if space is available. The contaminated soil may also be bio-remediated with the use of microorganisms. For faster results or if land is not readily available, the contaminated soil may be thermally treated. The treated soil will be first tested to determine whether it is below action levels, then hauled to a city landfill for disposal.

B. WATER QUALITY

The proposed project includes the construction of a new siphon manhole that will require bypass pumping of wastewater across Waimalu Stream Channel during construction. Currently, there are no regulations regarding the temporary bypass pumping across a waterway. Should a spill occur, the Department of the Army-Corps of Engineers, Department of Land and Natural Resources and the Department of Health each have cleanup, testing and monitoring requirements that must be fulfilled. In addition, the Department of Health, Clean Water Branch will be contacted and the "Protocol for Sewage Spills, Spills to Surface Waters section (revised September 1995)" will be followed.

C. <u>AIR QUALITY</u>

All construction activities will need to comply with Hawaii Administrative Rules (HAR), Title 11, Chapter 60, "Air Pollution Control". The proposed construction activities are expected to affect the air quality in the vicinity of the work area. The long-term impacts will be negligible but construction equipment and vehicle exhaust emissions will primarily produce short-term impacts to the ambient air quality.

Hydrocarbon emissions from the construction equipment and vehicles are expected. This should not significantly change the air environment in the project area which is bounded by heavily-traveled roadways (Kamehameha Highway, Moanalua Road and H-1 Freeway). The contractor will be required to use emission control devices on all construction vehicles.

Fugitive dust generated from the excavation and sheet piling activities are not anticipated to be significant since the soils in the area are generally saturated. The depth to groundwater is shallow along most of the proposed sewer alignments. The contractor will be required to implement best management practices (BMPs) to minimize the effects of possible fugitive dust. Adequate means of dust control during construction activities may include, but not limited to:

- a) Planning different phases of construction, focus on minimizing the amount of dust generating materials and activities, centralizing material transfer points and on-site vehicular traffic routes, and locating potentially dusty equipment in areas of least impact;
- b) Providing an adequate water source at the site prior to construction for frequent wetting down of loose soil areas;
- c) Covering dirt hauling trucks; and
- Providing adequate dust control measures during weekends, after hours and prior to daily startup of construction activities.

Since permanent on-street lane closure is not allowed, excavated soil may be stockpiled at a temporary location away from the job site or at the Olepe Loop Drainage Pump Station yard with Department of Facility Maintenance approval. The temporary stockpile will be wetted down with water and

covered to suppress dust. The contractor will be responsible for general housekeeping of the site and keeping adjacent areas free of mud and sediment.

D. <u>NOISE</u>

The proposed construction activities may increase noise levels in the vicinity of the working trench sections. The Hawaii Administrative Rules (HAR) Chapter 11-42 "Vehicular Noise Control for Oahu" and Chapter 11-46 "Community Noise Control" Standards are enforced by the Department of Health (DOH), Noise, Radiation and Indoor Air Quality Branch. The contractor will need to comply with the DOH HAR 11-42 and HAR 11-46 for the duration of the project.

Certain construction activities may exceed maximum allowable daytime and/or nighttime noise levels. Therefore, construction activities should be completed during the day as not to disturb the residents during the evening and night. A noise permit from DOH will be required to operate any excessive noise source that may emit noise levels in excess of the maximum permissible sound levels (MPSLs) as stated in HAR 11-46-6(a), provided that the activities are in the public interest and meet permit conditions. The permit allows for working hours between 7:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. of the same day, Monday through Friday, and between 9:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. on Saturday depending on the emitting noise level of the particular construction activity. The contractor will comply with the requirements retaining to construction activities as specified in the rules and conditions issued with the permit as stated in HAR 11-46. In addition, construction equipment and on-site vehicles requiring an exhaust of gas or air must be equipped with mufflers as stated in HAR 11-46-6(b)(1)(A).

The construction activities must also comply with the provisions of Chapter 11-42, HAR, "Vehicular Noise Control for Oahu" as enforced by the DOH Noise, Radiation and Indoor Air Quality Branch. DOH inspectors and independent construction management personnel hired by the Department of Design and Construction will monitor the construction activities. Violations and/or noncompliance with terms of the permit or complaints from citizens may result in reductions or revocation of the noise permit.

E. <u>TRAFFIC</u>

The proposed sewer alignments are along two (2) moderately heavy traveled side-streets, Hekaha Street and Kanuku Street, in the vicinity of Kamehameha Highway and Moanalua Road. Any construction on these roads would cause adverse traffic impacts, especially during the peak hours from 7:00 a.m. to 8:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. to 6:00 p.m. Since the project area is primarily residential, local vehicular and pedestrian access should try to be maintained at all times. The degree of traffic impacts

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is related to open working trench location and allowable work hours. Therefore, construction in the roadway area may be limited to the non-peak hours between 8:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, to avoid interference with normal daytime activities. The contractor will temporarily cover the open trench sections with a material that has live vehicle bearing load capacity (such as steel plates) when construction activities are through for the day.

Open working trench sections along the proposed sewer alignments will require either decreasing the usable lanes from two to one with monitoring or allowing only local traffic access depending on the location of the trench section. Closing of the roadway to all thru traffic will require non-local vehicles to take other parallel streets (e.g., With construction along Lokowai Street, vehicles may use Lii-Ipo Street).

Proposed work on Kauwa Street will be within a roadway used primarily for backdoor access by merchants of Waimalu Shopping Center. Although the roadway is 20 feet wide, with an open working trench section, larger vehicles may lose access to the back doors of the shops. Construction along Kauwa Street may be specified for night work with the appropriate noise variance and community consideration. However, night construction may not be desirable since it will occur adjacent to residential properties. The affected merchants should be contacted to determine a construction schedule that will least affect business.

Special arrangements may be required to complete the sewer line replacement work proposed for the 10-foot wide sewage easement off Hekaha Street near Moanalua Road. The property owners and residents abutting the easement may experience some inconvenience from construction-related noises and disrupted "backyard" landscaping near the easement. Excavation and construction equipment required to replace the sewer will need to enter private property to access the existing sewer line within the easement. Therefore, an arrangement between the contractor, Department of Design and Construction and the property owners should be worked out to provide access to the easement so construction may proceed. If an arrangement cannot be agreed upon or construction equipment cannot access the easement, regular maintenance will be continued to prevent backup and possible spills and overflows.

The contractor must comply with safety precautions and measures as prescribed in the "Rules and Regulations Governing Use of Traffic Control Devices at Work Sites or Adjacent to Public Streets and Public Highways," as adopted by the State Highways Safety Coordinator, and part VI, "Traffic Controls for Highway Construction and Maintenance Operations," of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic

Control Devices for Streets and Highways," 1988.

If roadway closures are required, the contractor shall publish a "Notice to Motorist" in the daily newspaper(s) detailing the closure of roadways and clearly indicating the suggested/recommended routes motorists are to take. The area residents, businesses and neighborhood board will be informed of the proposed roadwork. In addition, emergency personnel (ambulance, fire and police) will be informed of the roadwork. Lastly, in the event of roadway closures, the City Department of Transportation Services (DTS) will be provided with information regarding the construction activities and scheduling. DTS will alert the transit operator of the construction activity, if necessary.

All existing street improvements (i.e., pavement, traffic control devices, curbs, gutters, etc.) will be restored to original or better condition after installation of the sewer line. Traffic to and from the private properties will be provided at all times or the contractor will provide suitable accommodations. The contractor will be required to minimize inconveniences to the property owners. Private right-of-ways and driveways will be kept open at all times, unless the owners at the properties using these right-of-ways are provided for satisfactorily. All driveway approaches and other private property improvements will be restored to original or better condition after the installation of the sewerline.

The service of off-duty police officers must be obtained for traffic control. The Department of Environmental Services will monitor compliance with the Street Usage Permit conditions; and the State Department of Transportation (DOT) and City and County of Honolulu, Department of Transportation Services (DTS) will enforce the permit conditions.

VI. LIST OF PERMITS

The project area (*mauka* of Kamehameha Highway) is not subject to Special Management Area (SMP), Corps of Engineers (COE), Coastal Zone Management (CZM), Shoreline Setback Variance (SSV), and Historic Preservation permits. However, the project shall be subject to the provisions of HRS Chapter 343 and HAR Chapter 11-200, Environmental Impact Statement Rules, since government funds will be used to implement the project. The following permits and clearances may be required as part of this project:

State of Hawaii:

Noise Permit (DOH, Noise, Radiation and Indoor Air Quality Branch)

NPDES General Permit for Discharges Associated with Construction Activity Dewatering (DOH, Clean Water Branch)

City & County of Honolulu

Construction Dewatering Permit to Discharge into City & County of Honolulu Separate Storm Sewer System (DPP)

Sewer Connection Permit (WWM)

Public Right-of-Way - Permit to Excavate (DPP)

Street Usage Permit (DTS)

Grubbing, Grading, and Stockpiling Permit (DFP)

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VII. DETERMINATION

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In accordance with Chapter 343, Hawaii Revised Statutes, this Environmental Assessment has characterized the technical and environmental issues of the Waimalu Tract Reconstructed Sewer project, identified potential impacts and their significance. It is anticipated that the proposed project will not significantly impact the environment. Therefore, the determination of a Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) is anticipated, and an Environmental Impact Statement would not be required for this project. This determination is based on the significant criteria listed in HAR, Chapter 11-200-12 of the Environmental Impact Statement Rules. Specifically these significant criteria are addressed below:

- a. The project will not involve an irrevocable commitment to loss or destruction of any natural or cultural resources. The Site is fully developed and utilized for residential, apartment and business purposes. No significant natural or cultural resources are known to exist at the Site.
- b. The project will not curtail the range of beneficial uses of the environment. The Site will beneficially affect the environment since possibilities of wastewater spills and overflows would be reduced.
- c. The project will not conflict with the State's long-term environmental policies or goals and guidelines as expressed in Chapter 344, Hawaii Revised Statutes, and any revisions thereof and amendments thereto, court decisions or executive orders. The proposed project will not conflict with the environmental policies of set forth in the State Plan and Chapter 344, Hawaii Revised Statues in that the project will not damage sensitive natural resources nor emit contaminants. The project will beneficially affect the natural resources since possible wastewater spills and overflows would be reduced.
- d. The project will not substantially affect the economic or social welfare of the community or State. The short term social welfare of the community may be negatively affected by the inconveniences (e.g., increased traffic due to road closures, daytime noise, etc.) during the project's construction. However, the community would benefit from the project since the reconstructed sewer system would have reduced the possibility of system backups. The total cost of the proposed project and other unrelated City capital improvement projects may increase the user services charges for all serviced Oahu residents.
- e. *The project will not substantially affect public health.* The proposed project will beneficially affect public health by decreasing the possibility wastewater spills, overflows and backups caused by sewerlines at adverse grade.
- f. The project will not involve substantial secondary impacts, such as population change or effects on public facilities. The proposed project will not induce population growth since the Site is fully

developed and does not contain public recreation facilities.

- g. The project will not involve a substantial degradation of environmental quality. The proposed project will beneficially affect the environmental quality by decreasing the possibility of wastewater spills, overflows and backups.
- h. The project is individually limited and will not cumulatively have a considerable effect upon the environment nor involves a commitment for larger actions. The proposed project is an individual project and is not part of a larger overall plan of action. The proposed project will beneficially affect the environment.
- i. *The project will not substantially affect a rare, threatened or endangered species, or its habitat.* The Site is primarily residential and does not contain known threatened or endangered flora, fauna or habitats.
- j. *The project will not detrimentally affect air quality, water quality or ambient noise levels.* Shortterm impacts may occur during construction of the project. The contractor will comply with current DOH regulations and provide best management practices where applicable.
- *The project will not affect an environmentally sensitive area such as a flood plain, tsunami zone, erosion-prone area, geologically hazardous land, estuary, fresh water, or coastal waters.* The Site is not located in a tsunami evacuation zone or a flood inundation zone as shown on the flood insurance maps. The Site is not located in the Special Management Area.
- 1. The project will not substantially affect scenic vistas or view lanes as identified in County or State plans or studies. The proposed project will occur within City and County of Honolulu-owned right-of-ways and existing sewage easements and will not affect scenic views.
- m. *The proposed project will not require substantial energy consumption.* Since a gravity sewer system will be reconstructed, the proposed project will not require energy consumption.

VIII. <u>REFERENCES</u>

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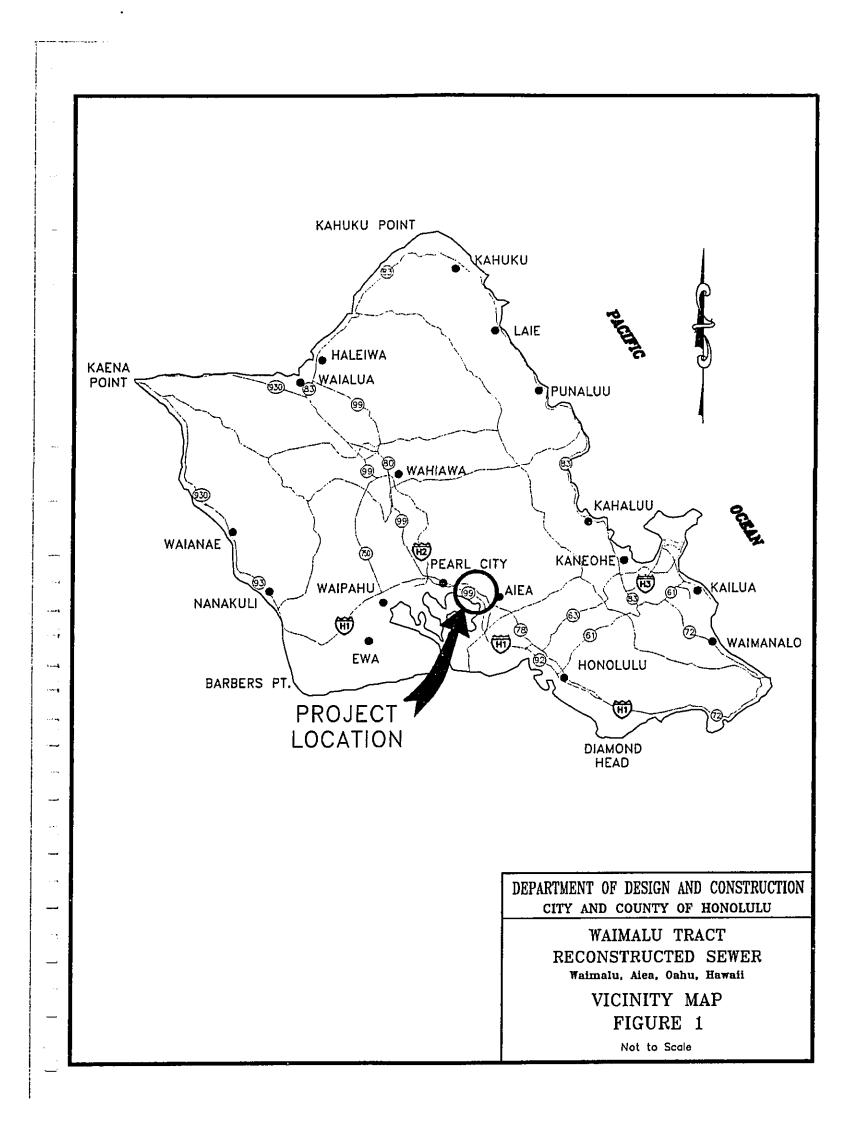
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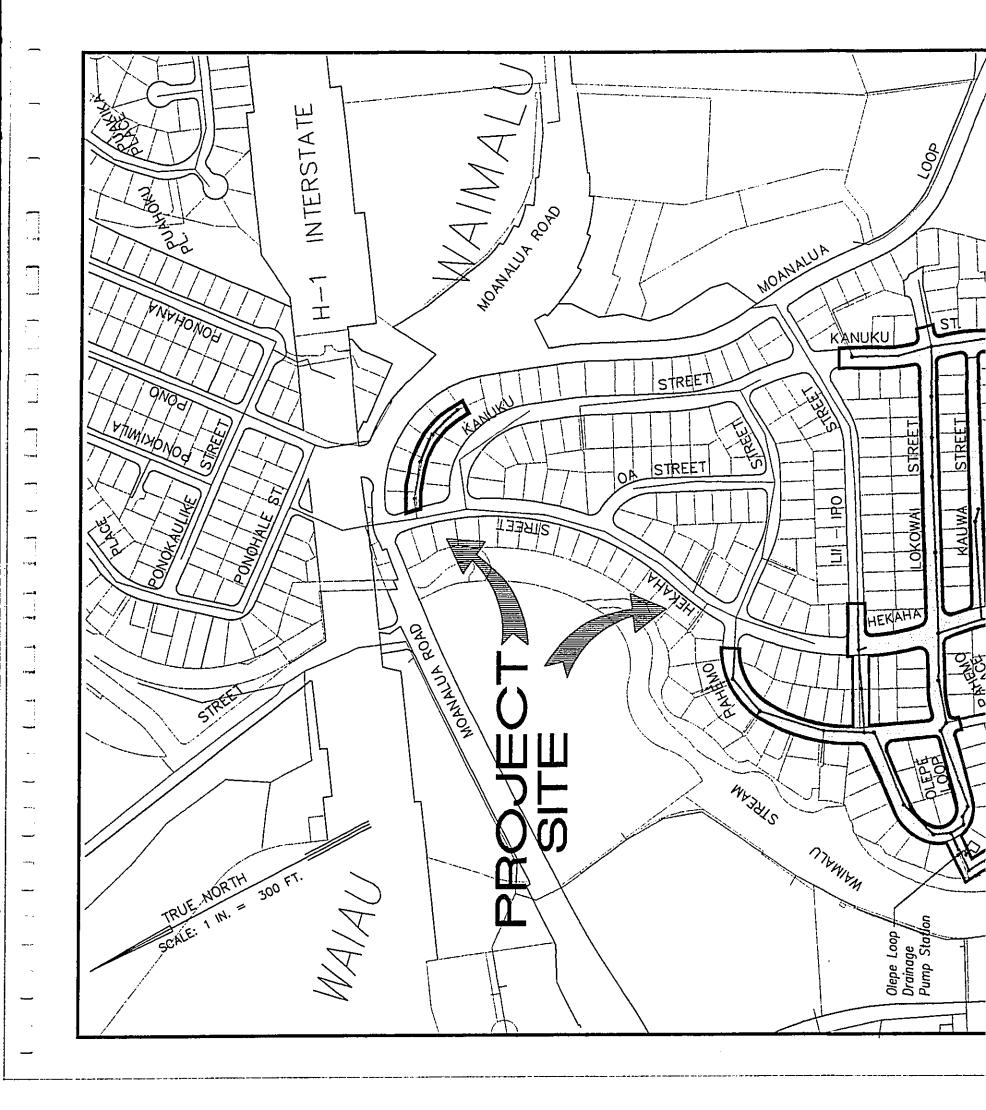
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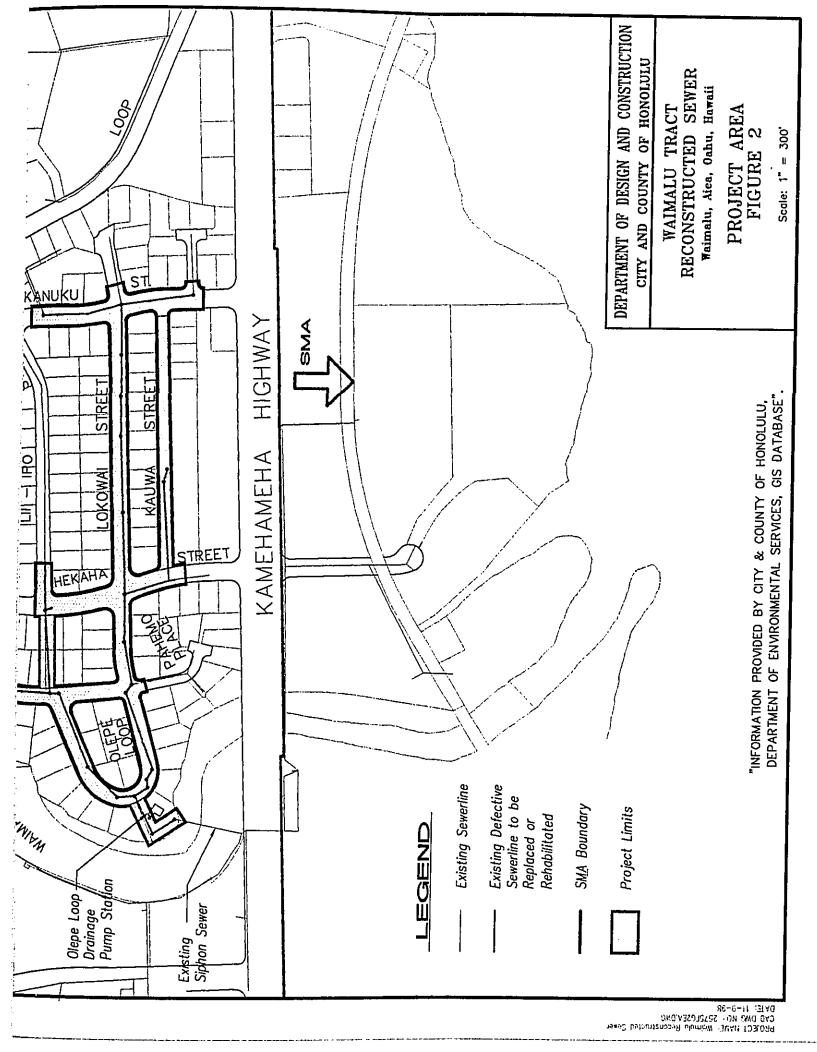
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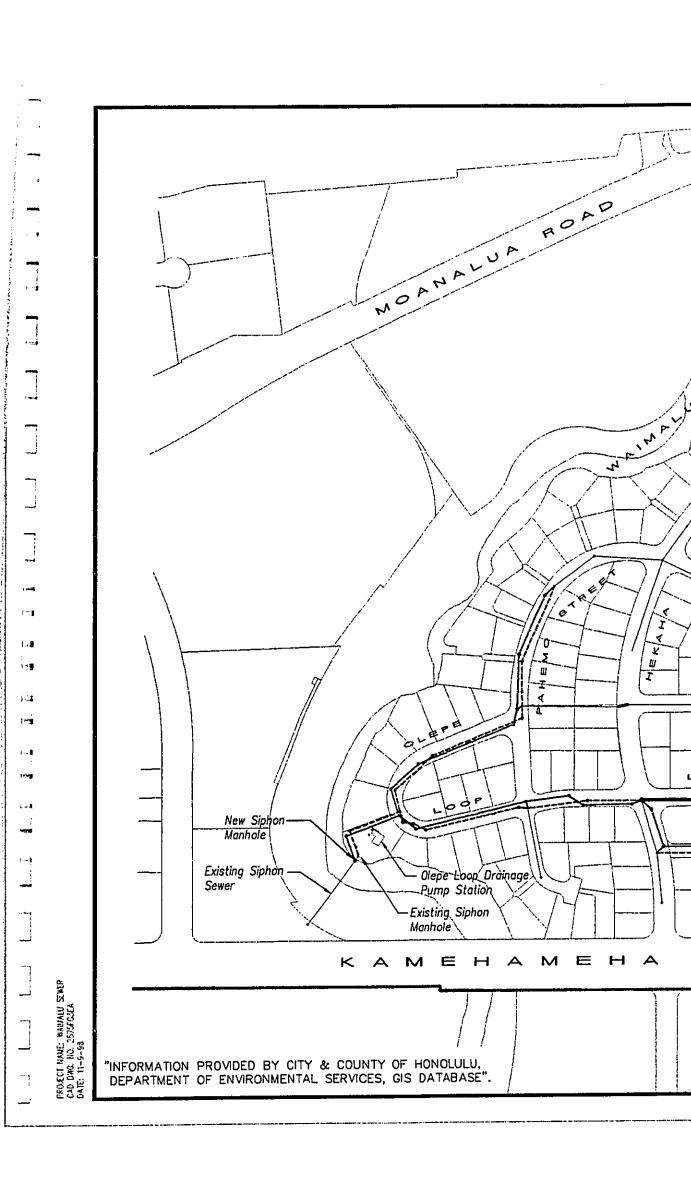
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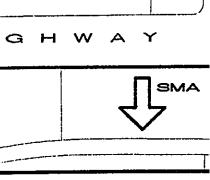
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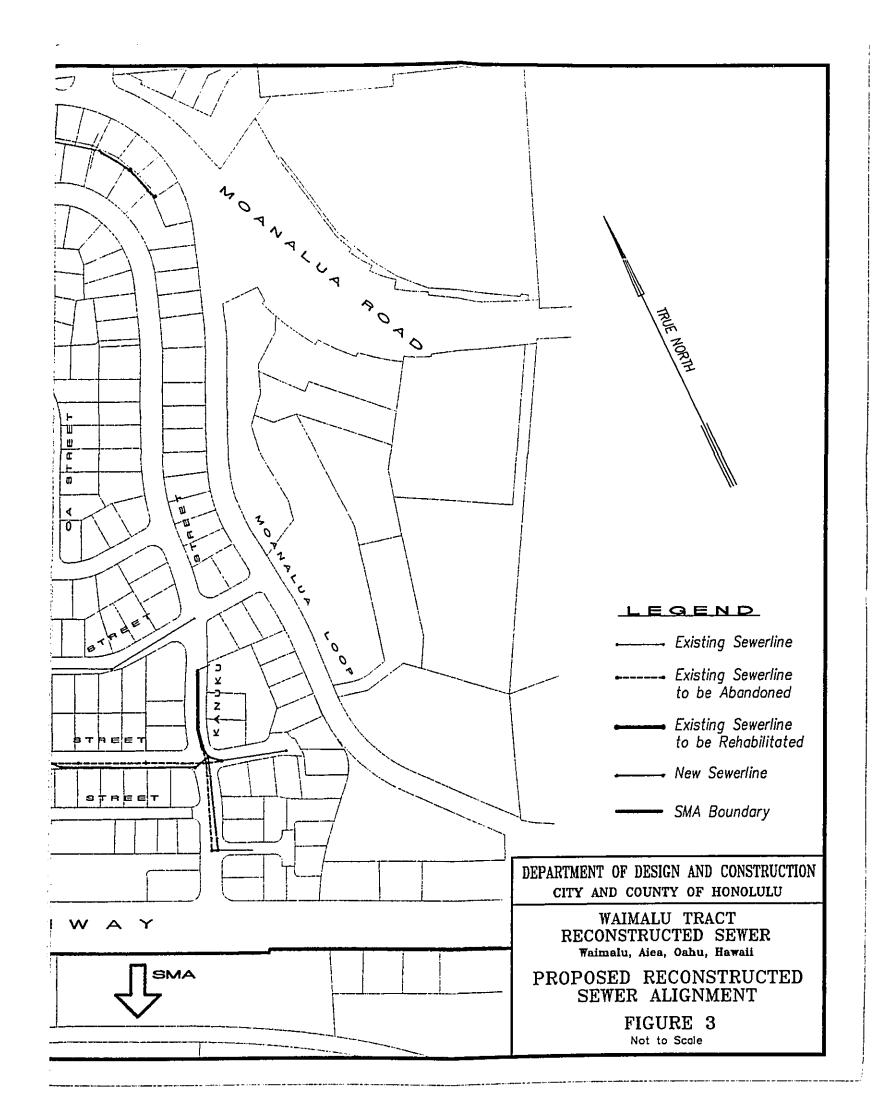
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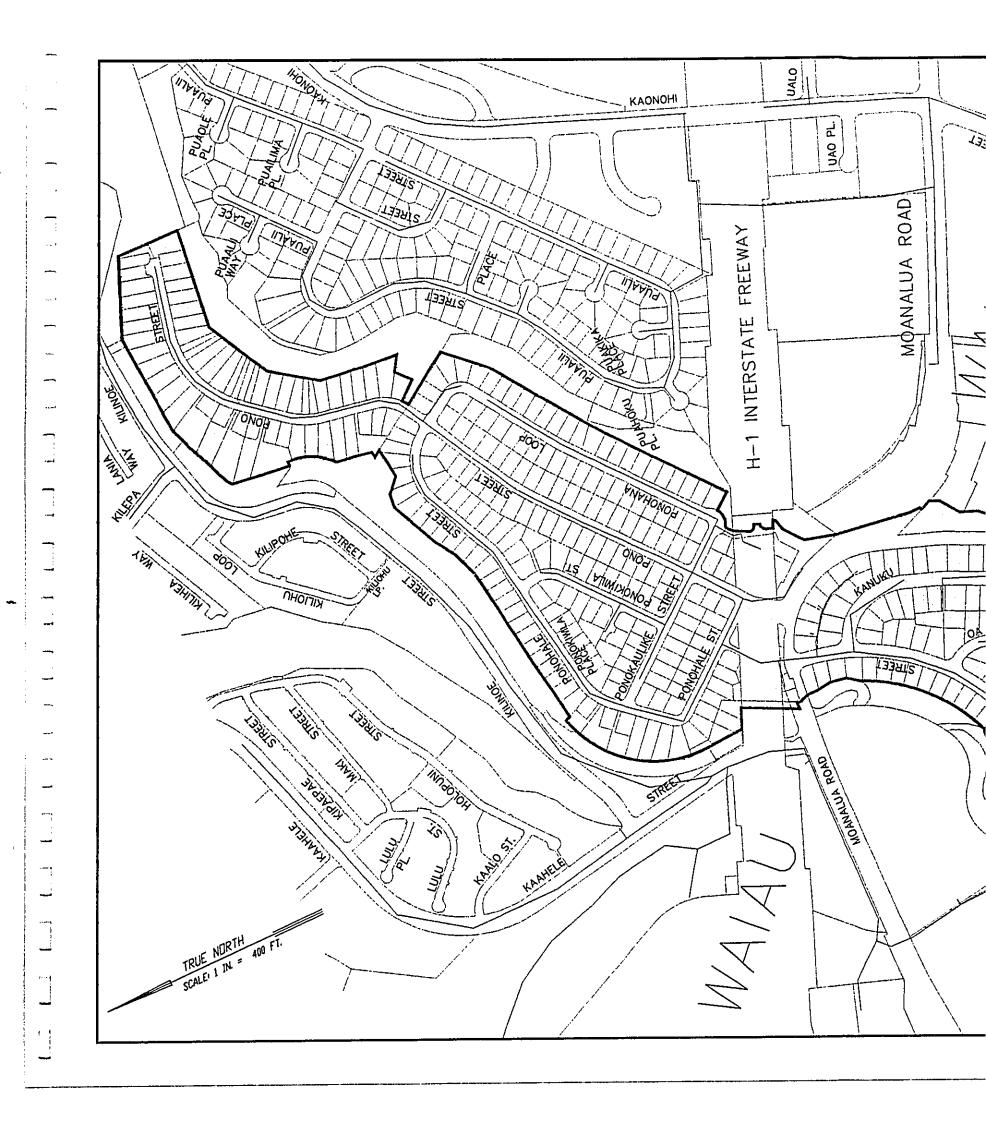
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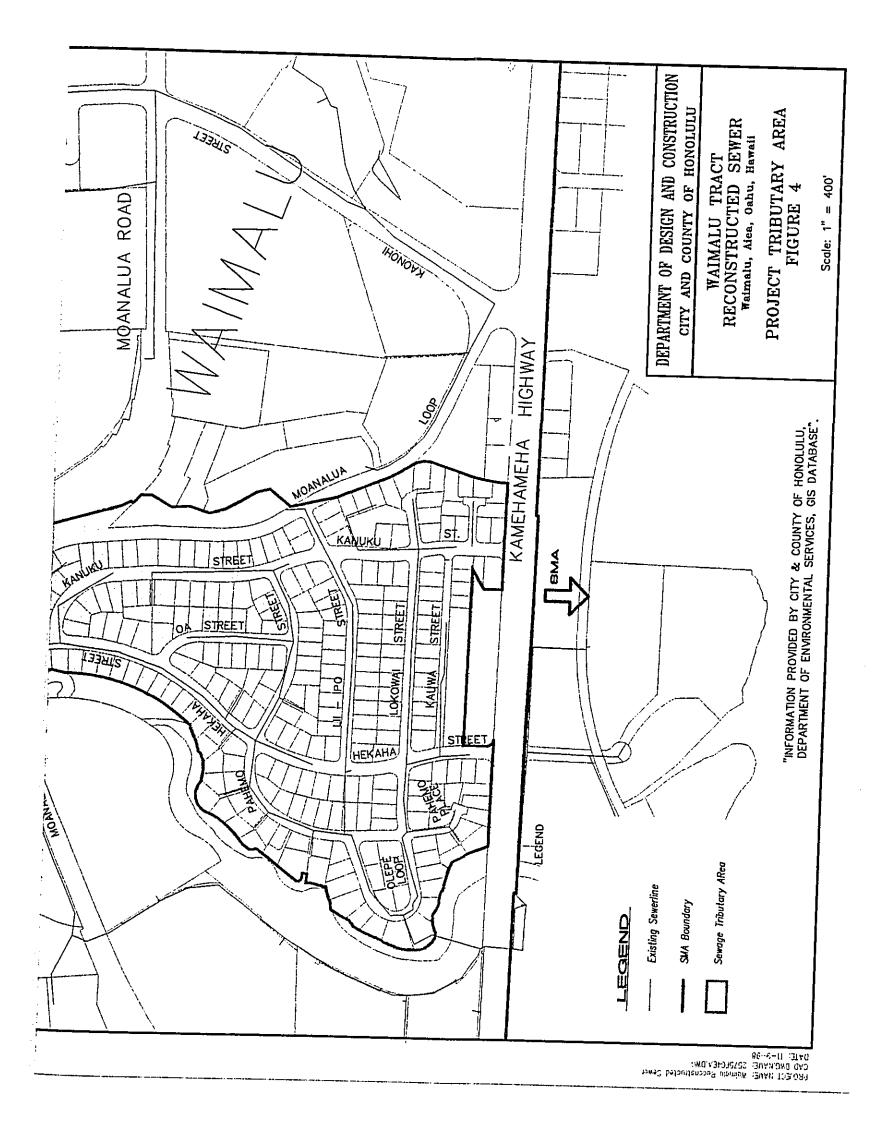
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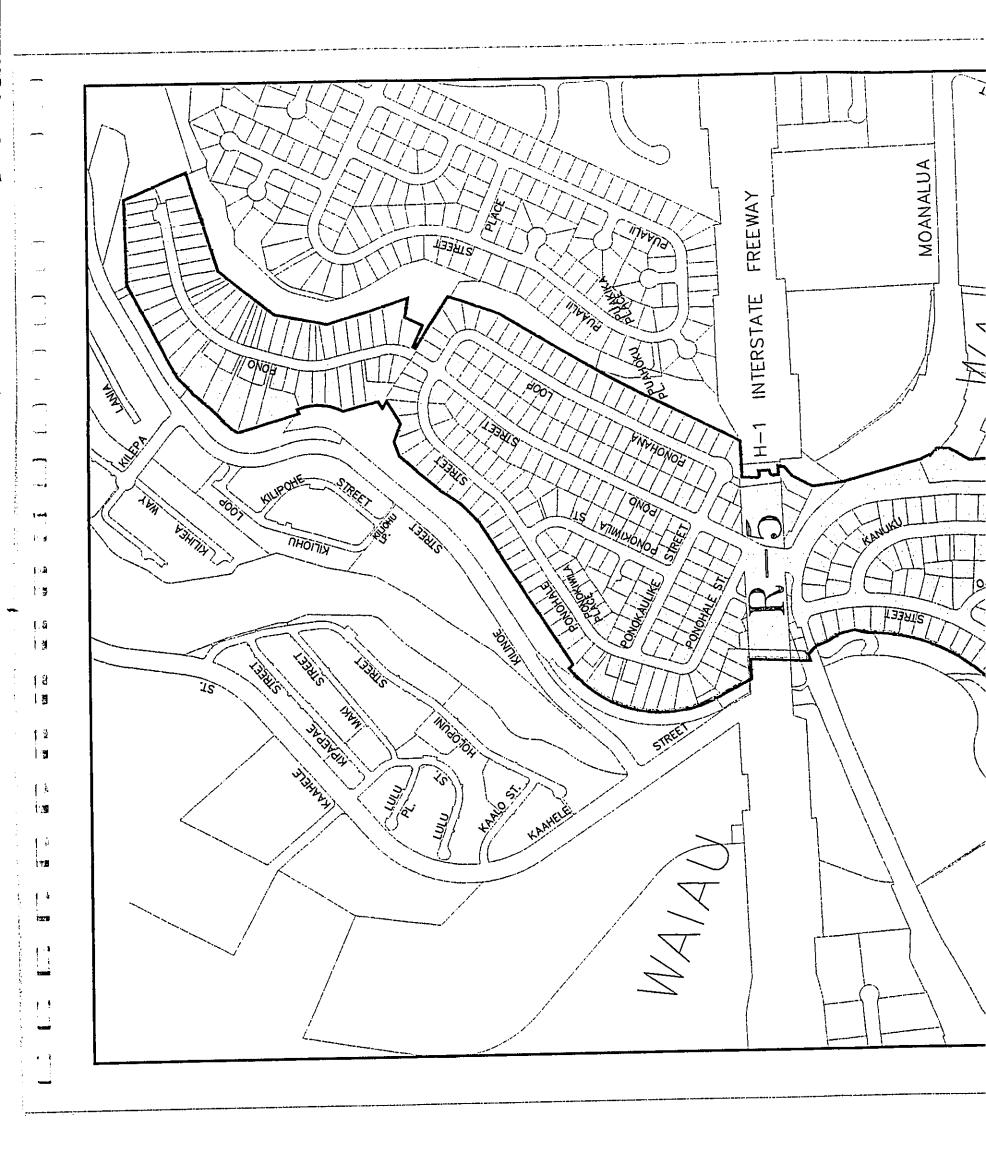
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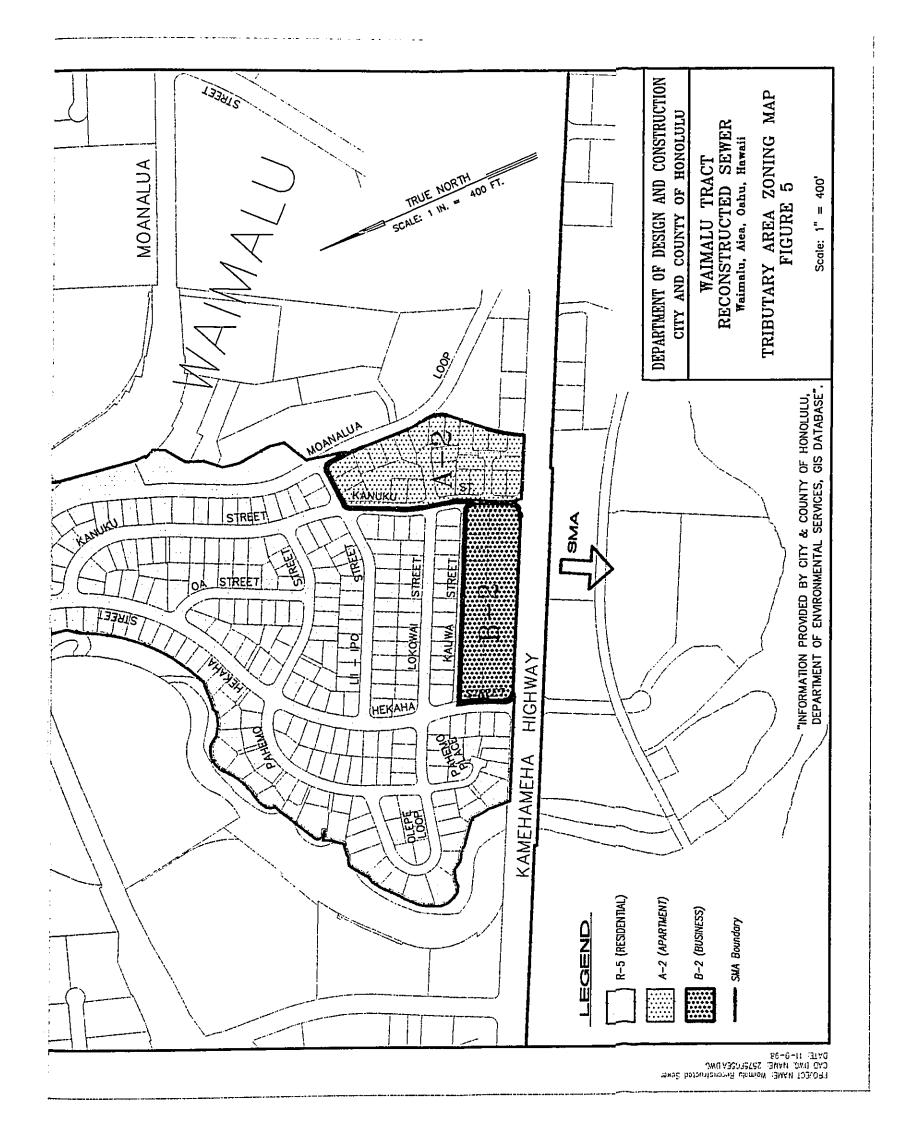
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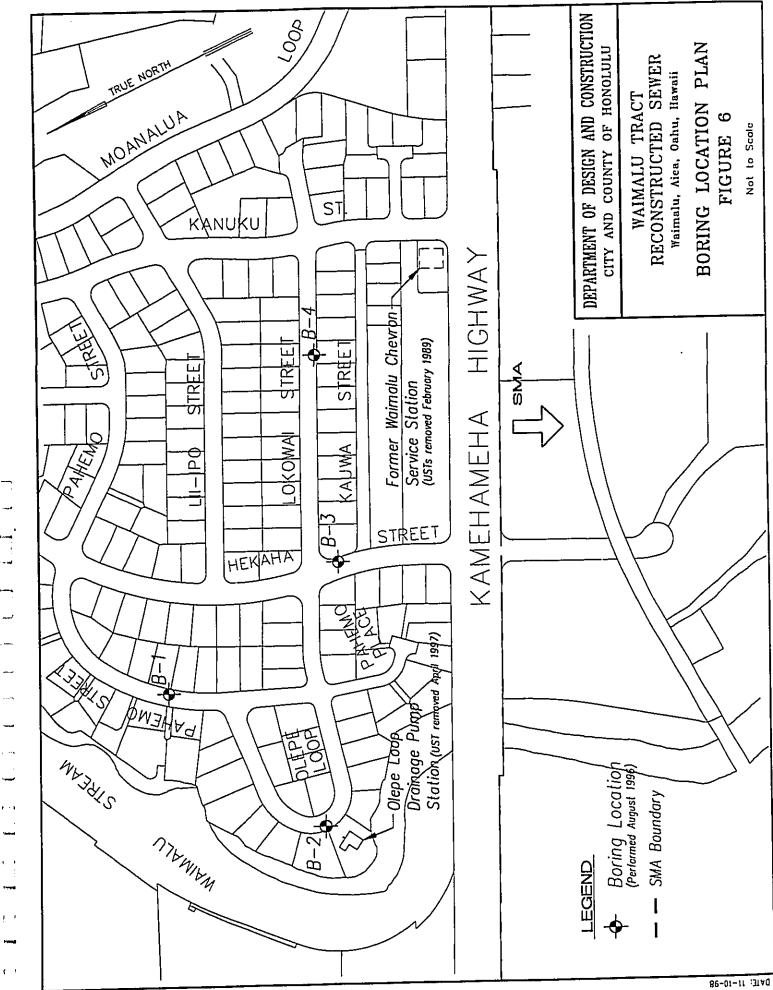












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APPENDIX A

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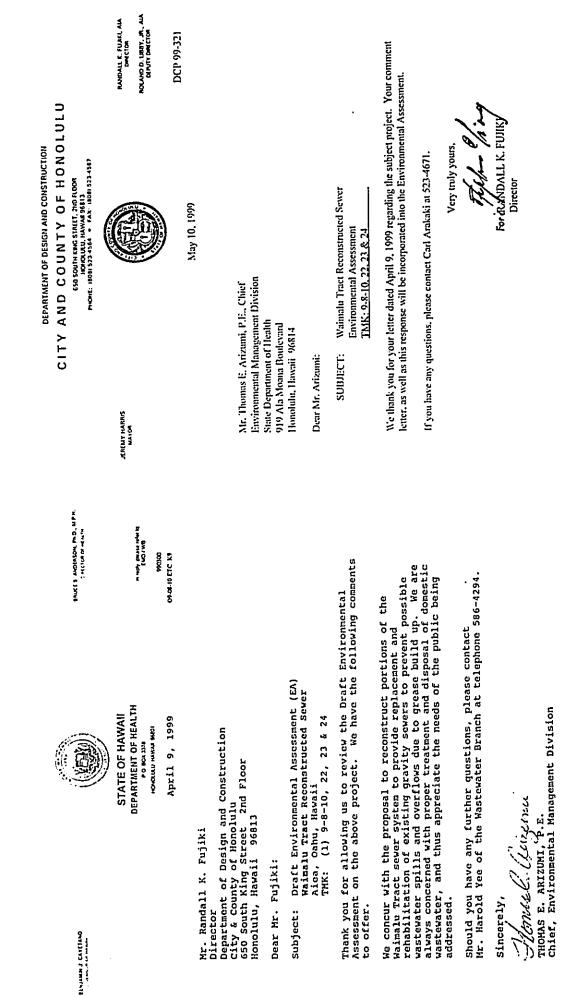
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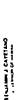
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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH HONCLURU HAWAR \$6001-3378 STATE OF HAWAII P 0 BOX 3378

SADA PARATA

March 17, 1999

03044CJS.99

Mr. Randall K. Fujiki, AIA Director Director Department of Design and Construction City and County of Honolulu 650 South King Street, 2nd Floor Honolulu, HI 96813

Attention: Mr. Carl Arakaki

Dear Mr. Fujiki:

Haimalu Tract Reconstructed Sewer Alea, Oahu, Hawaii THK: (1)9-8-10, 22, 23 £ 24 Subject:

The Department of Health's Clean Water Branch (CHB) acknowledges receipt of the March 3, 1999 City and County of Honolulu, Department of Design and Construction letter (DCP 99-119) requesting review and comments on the subject project's Draft Environmental Assessment. The CWB has the following comments:

- The applicant should contact the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE) to identify whether a Federal Permit (including a Department of Army (DA) permit) is required for this project. Pursuant to Section 401(a)(1) of the Federal Mater Pollution Act (commonly known as the "Clean Mater Act (CMA)), a Section 401 Mater Quality Certification (WOC) is required for "Any applicant for Federal license or permit to required any activity including, but not limited to, the construction or operation of facilities, which may result in any discharge into the navigable waters... 1.
 - A National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) general permit coverage is required for each of the following activities which discharges into State waters: 2.
- a. Discharge of hydrotesting water; and
- Discharge associated with construction activity dewatering. ÷,

BALCES ANDERSON, PAID, MP.H. MALESSAND, MP.D. MP.H. CHECKERS MALES

Hr. Randall K. Fujikí, AIA March 17, 1999 Page 2

The applicant may be required to apply for an Individual NPDES Permit if there is any type of process wastewater discharge from the project into State waters. ы.

The application form(s) for those discharges which need to obtain a certification, coverage, and/or permit will be provided upon request.

If you have any questions, please call M5. Joanna L. Seto, P.E., Engineering Section of the Clean Water Branch, at 586-4309.

Min Fills Denis R. Lau, P.E., CHIEF Clean Water Branch Sincerely,

JLS:CL

c: Alex Ho, Department of Environmental Services, City and County of Honolulu Jan Hone Sullivan, Department of Planning and Permitting, City and County of Honolulu David B. Bills, Gray, Hong, Bills & Associates, Inc.

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ROLAND D. LEBY, JR., ALA DENTY DIRECTOR NAKDALL K. FUJKL AM Drector DCP 99-322 DEPARTMENT OF DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION May 10, 1999 Mr. Denis Lau, P.F., Chief Clean Water Branch State Department of Health 919 Ala Meana Boulevard JERCIAY MARRIS MAYON

Nunchelu, Hawaii 96813 Dear Mr. Lau: Waimalu Tract Reconstructed Sewer Environmental Assessment TMK: 9-8-10, 22, 23 & 24 SUBJECT:

We thank you for your letter dated March 17, 1999 acgarding the subject project and are providing the following comments. Your comment letter, as well as this response will be incorporated into the Environmental Assessment.

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE) has reviewed and commented on the subject Environmental Assessment. The COE indicated that a Department of the Army (DA) permit will not be required hased on the information provided. A Section 401 Water Quality Certification (WQC) is not anticipated for the subject project. -:

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- A National Poltutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) general permit will be obtained for the following activities prior to discharges into State waters: a. Discharge of hydrotesting water, and b. Discharge associated with construction activity dewatering. ri
- An Individual NPDES Permit will be obtained if there is any type of process wastewater discharge from the project into State waters. m,

If you have any questions, please contact Carl Arakaki at 523-4671.

For KANDALL K. FUJIKL Director Rich-Very truly you

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	Mr. Randall K. Fujiki April 21, 1999 Page 2	 b. providing an adequate water source at site prior to start-up of construction activities; c. controlling of dust from shoulders, project entrances, and access roads; and 	d. providing adequate dust control measures during weekends, after hours, and prior to daily start-up of construction activities. If you have any questions regarding fugitive dust, please contact Mr. Timothy Carvalho	of my staff at 586-4200.	Sincerely.	Wilfred K. Nadamine	TC:sw			CERTIFIED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED (#Z 452 231 780)	
	BACES ANDERSOL PAGE	99-193 CAB				ion Sewer	f Health for the onsists of the ed and		I open trenching the pipeline. As a uring all phases dential and tion of adequate onstruction inistrative Rules,	ureas and during o:	nizing the amount transfer points y equipment in
Γ - 1 Γ - 1 Γ - 1 Γ - 1 Γ - 1 Γ - 1 Γ - 3 Γ - 4 Γ - 4 Γ - 4 Γ - 4 Γ - 5 Γ	STATE OF HAWAII	рерантмент ог неалтн роводиц нилия 9500 Аргії 21, 1999	Mr. Randall K. Fujiki Director, Department of Design and Construction City and County of Honolulu 650 South King Street Honolulu, Hawaii 96813	art Arakaki		Comments on the "Proposed Waimalu Tract Reconstruction Sewer Project," Aiea, Oahu, TMK: 9-8-10, 22 thru 24	A Draft Environmental Assessment was submitted to the Department of Health for It proposed Waimalu Tract Reconstruction Sewer Project. The project consists of the replacement and rehabilitation of existing gravity sewers that are cracked and experience adverse grade due to uneven soil consolidation.	ive Dust:	The proposed method of new sewer line installation is the conventional open trenching technique that includes excavation and backful for the entire length of the pipeline. As a result, there is a significant potential for fugitive dust to be generated during all phases of construction for this project. The close proximity to neighboring residential and business establishments may exacerbate dust problems. Implementation of adequate dust control measures during all phases of the project is warranted. Construction activities must comply with provisions of Chapter 11-60.1, Hawaii Administrative Rules, section 11-60.1-33 on Fugitive Dust.	Contractor should provide adequate means to control dust from road areas and during the various phases of construction activities, including but not limited to:	planning the different phases of construction, focusing on minimizing the amount of dust-generating materials and activities, centralizing material transfer points and on-site vehicular traffic routes, and locating potentially dusty equipment in areas of the least impact:
k man 2 1 − 3 2 − 2 2 − 2 2 − 2 2 − 2 4 − 1 - − - − - − - − - − - − - − - −	Over 1 in South 1		Mr. Randall K. Fujiki Director, Department of Desi City and County of Honolulu 650 South King Street Honolulu, Hawaii 96813	Attention: Mr. Cart Arakaki	Dear Mr. Fujiki:	SUBJECT: Co	A Draft Erviron proposed Wain replacement ar experience adv	Control of Fugitive Dust:	The proposed in technique that result, there is, of construction business estab dust control me activities must section 11-60.1	Contractor sho the various ph	a. planning of dust- and on- areas ol

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	DEPARTMENT OF DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION A N D C O U N T Y O F H O N O L U L U 650 SOUTH KNG STALEL, 200 R.000 2000 NU H NAMA 5611 2000 N 523 4564 • 742, 10001 121 455		May 10. 1999	ne. Manager alth ard		Waimalu Tract Reconstructed Sewer Environmental Assessment TMK: 9-8-10, 22, 23 & 24	We thank you for your letter dated April 21, 1999 regarding the subject project. Your comment letter, as well as this response will be incorporated into the Environmental Assessment. We concur with your concerns and have included them in the Final Environmental Assessment.	Construction activities will comply with the provisions of Chapter 11-60, Hawaii Administrative Rules section 11-60.1-33 on Fugitive Dust.	The contractor will provide adequate means to control dust from road areas and during the various phases of construction activities.	If you have any questions. please contact Carl Arakaki at 523-4671.	Very truly yours
	СІТҮ	JERLAY HARRIS BATOR		Mr. Wilfred K. Nagamine, Manager Clean Air Branch State Department of Health 919 Ala Moana Boulevard Honelult, Hawaii 96814	Dear Mr. Nagamine:	sublect: v	We thank you for your letter, as well as this res concur with your conce	 Construct Adminis 	2. The conduting the	If you have any questio	
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DCP 19-119

March 23, 1999

Department of Design and Construction City and County of Honolulu 650 South King Street Honolulu, Hawaii 96813 ATTENTION: Mr. Carl Arakaki Waimalu Tract Reconstructed Sewer Aiea, Oahu, Hawaii, TNIK (1)9-8-10, 22, 23 & 24 Draft Environmental Assessment (EA) SUBJECT:

Chapter 11-43 "Community Noise Control" was incorrectly referenced on page 17 of the Draft Environmental Assessment. Chapter 11-43 was superseded by Chapter 11-46, Hawaii Administrative Rules, "Community Noise Control" on September 23, 1996.

- Activities associated with the construction of the project must comply with the Department of Health's Administrative Rules, Chapter 11-46, "Community Noise Control." <u>_</u>:
- The contractor must obtain a noise permit if the noise levels from the construction activities are expected to exceed the maximum permissible sound levels of the regulations as stated in Section 11-46-6(a). ej
- Construction equipment and on-site vehicles requiring an exhaust of gas or air must be equipped with mufflers as stated in Section 11-46-6(b)(1)(A). .
- The contractor must comply with the requirements pertaining to construction activities as specified in the rules and the conditions issued with the permit as stated in Section 11-46-7(d)(4). ರ

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Mr. Carl Arakaki March 23, 1999 Page 2

Should there be any questions on this matter, please call Mr. Daryn Yamada, Supervisor, Noise Section at 586-4700.

- mgatam Sincerely.

Jerry Y. Hanuno Environmental Health Frogram Maanager Noise, Radiation & Indoor Air Quality Branch

- U L U nursdall r. Fujer, Aux borctor Rouve D. Lebr. A. Aux DCP 99-320		vject. Your comment letter, ment.	ssessment to correctly c Control" which superseded inuction of the project will -46, "Community Noise Final Environmental is from the construction e sound levels. hausting gas or air will be ag to construction activities as ermit.	
DEPARTMENT OF DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU 650 SOUTH REAS STREET, PROFILOON MODEL (2011) 24 MAN SEELJ MODEL (2011) 24 MAN SEELJ MODEL (2011) 24 MAN SEELJ MODEL (2011) 24 MAN SEELJ MODEL (2011) 24 MAN SEELJ MAN 10, 1999	Mr. Jerry Y. Haruno Euriconneual Realth Program Manager Noise. Radiation & Indowr Air Quality Branch State Department of Health State Department of Health Up La Mouan Boulevard Houolutu, Hawaii 96814 Dear Mr. Haruno: SUBJECT: Waimalu Tract Reconstructed Sewer Environmental Assessment	<u>IMN: 4-& IU. 54 & 10 & 54 & 10 & 54 & 5</u>	as went as this response on your comments, we have revised the Final Environmental Assessment to correctly are forence Chapter 11-46. Hawaii Administrative Rules, "Community Noise Control" which superseded reference Chapter 11-43 on September 23. 1996. Activities associated with the construction of the project will Chapter 11-43 on September 23. 1996. Activities associated with the Department of Health's Administrative Rules, "Chapter 11-46, "Community Noise comply with the Department of Health's Administrative Rules, Chapter 11-46, "Community Noise comply with the Department of Health's Administrative Rules, Chapter 11-46, "Community Noise Control." In addition, we have included the following comments into the Final Environmental Assessment: Assessment: a. The contractor will obtain a noise permit if the noise levels from the construction a scivilies are expected to exceed the maximum permissible sound levels. b. Construction equipment and on-site vehicles requiring exhausting gas or air will be equipped with mufflets. c. The contractor will comply with the requirement pertaining to construction activities as recified in the rules and the conditions issued with the permit. Ir your have any questions, please contact Carl Arabaki at 523-4671. Ir your have any questions, please contact Carl Arabaki at 523-4671. Kory Indy Yourg	
урган талаган т	Mr. Jerry Y. Harum Eavironmental Health Progr Noise, Radiation & Indowr State Dypartment of Health 919 Ala Meana Boutevard I Jouolulu, Hawaii 96814 Dear Mr. Harumo: SUBJECT: Wa Eav	We thank you set to be the	as veit as uns In response to reference Cha Chapter 11-41 Assessment: A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A.	
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STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES LAND DANSON - 00 DOLINO - 00 DANSON

AFR 30 1999

Ref:PS:EH

Mr. Randall K. Fujiki, Director Department of Design and Construction City and County of Honolulu G50 South King Street Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Atten: Mr. Carl Arakaki

Dear Mr. Fujiki:

Subject: Waimalu Tract Reconstructed Sewer Draft Environmental Assessment (DEA)

We have reviewed the subject DEA and offer the following comment.

Engineering Branch:

Cur current projects and programs are not affected by the proposed project.

We have no other comments to offer.

Thank you for the opportunity to review the subject DEA.

Should you have any guestions, or require further assistance please contact staff planner Ed Henry at phone: 587-0380.

Very truly yours,

CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU DEPARTMENT OF DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION 650 SOUTH KENG STREET, 2ND FLOOR HOMOLULU, MAWAN 96813 PHONE: (8021 523 4564 + FAX: (8031 523 4567



JERENT HARRIS WATON

NOLAND D. LINBY, JR., ALA DENIT DACTOR RAVIDALL K. FUJEL ALA DATCTON

DCP 99-318

May 10, 1999

State Department of Land & Natural Resources 1151 Punchbow! Street, Room 130 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813 Mr. Timothy E. Johns, Chairperson Bourd of Land & Natural Resources

Dear Mr. Johns:

SUBJECT: Waimalu Tract Reconstructed Sewer Environmental Assessment TMK: 9-8-10, 22, 23 & 24 We thank you for your letter dated April 30, 1999 regarding the subject project. Your comment letter, as well as this response will be incorporated into the Environmental Assessment.

If you have any questions, please contact Carl Arakaki at 523-4671.

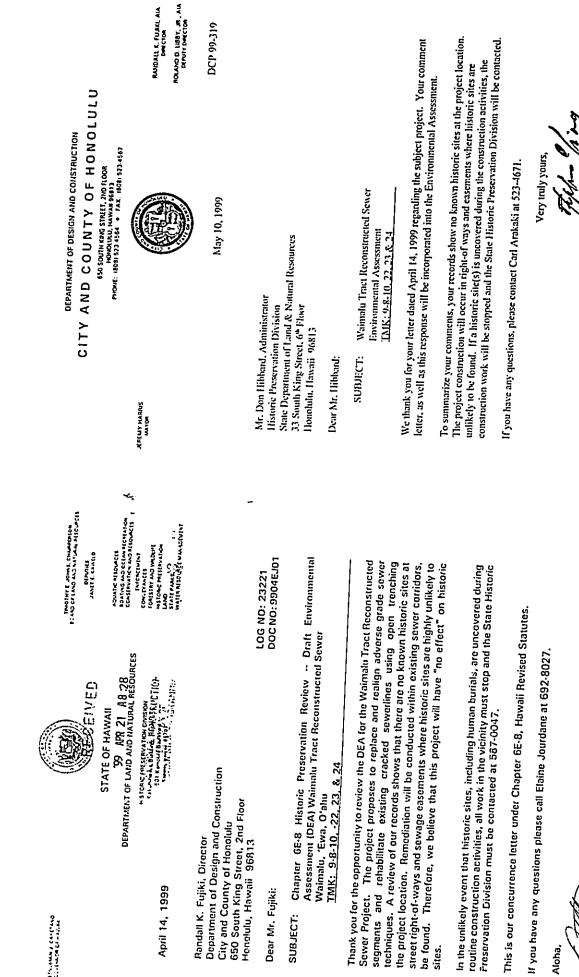
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For & NDALL K. FUJIKJ Director

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State Historic Preservation Division Don Hibbard, Administrator бL

For & WDALL K. FUJIKJ Director

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4 Q	DCP 99-326			.ct. Your comment Assessment.	
DEFARIMENT OF DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU 600 SOUTH AND STREET, 200 FLOOR HOOME TO STREET, 200 FLOOR HOUME TO STREET, 200 FLOOR HOUM	009 July 10, 1999	Mr. Kazu Hayashida, Director State Department of Transportation 869 Punchbowl Street Honolulu, Hawaii, 96813 Dear Mr. Hayashida:	SUBJECT: Waimalu Tract Reconstructed Sewer Environmental Assessment TAK: 9-8-10, 22, 23 & 24	We thank you for your letter dated May 3, 1999, regarding the subject project. Your comment letter, as well as this response wilt be incorporated into the Environmental Assessment.	lf you have any questions, please contact Carl Arakaki at 523-4671.
Sitan Handre		Mr. Kazu Hayashida, J State Department of T 869 Punchlowd Street Honolulu, Hawaii 968 Dear Mr. Hayashida:	สกร	We thank you letter, as well	lf you have a
MATUMMASIERA MATUMMASIERA MATUMMATUMMA Geralu domoto Geralu domoto HWY-PS 2.3573				lor our review	
STATE OF HAWAII BEPARIMENT OF TRANSPORTATION 685 PUNCHDOWL STREETL (HOUOLUUL, HAWAII 93313-3077		Mr. Randall K. Fujiki, Director Department of Design and Construction City and County of Honolulu 650 South King Street, 2nd Floor Honolulu, Hawaii 96813	Dear Mr. Fujiki: Subject: Draft Environmental Assessment, Waimalu Tract Reconstructed Sewer Aica, Oaltu, Hawaii, TMK: 9-8-10, 22, 23 & 24	Thank you for your letter of March 3, 1999, transmitting the above project document for our review and comments.	The proposed project will not adversely impact Kamehameha Highway.
CALTANO Reserved		Mr. Randall K. Fujiki, D Department of Design an City and County of Hone 650 South King Street, 2 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813	Dcar Mr. I'ujiki: Subject: Drafi Aica,	Thank you for and comments.	The proposed

Very truly yours, Profile of ing cor KANDALL K. FUJIKI Director

Very truly yours, Long Chryce hill KAZU HAY ASHIDA Director of Transportation

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	DEPARTMENT OF DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU 450 SOUTH REAS TREET 200 LOOM 1000LE 10013334410 • 1A32 1001 3234450		DCP 99-311 May 10, 1999	MEMORANDIM	TO: MR. CLIFFORD S. JAMILE, MANAGER AND CHIEF ENGINEER BOARD OF WATER SUPPLY	FROM: THE REAL R. FUJIKI, DIRECTOR DEPARTMENT OF DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION	SUBJECT: WAIMALU TRACT RECONSTRUCTED SEWER ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT TMK: 9-8-10, 22, 23 AND 24.	We thank you for your mentorandum dated March 25, 1999 regarding the subject project. Your comments, as well as this response, will be incorporated into the Environmental Assessment.	In accordance with your comments, we are confirming that construction plans will be submitted to your department for review and approval. Board of Water Supply approved reduced pressure principle backfill prevention assemblies will be installed after all water meters, used during	construction.	Should you have any questions. please contact Carl Arakaki at 523-4671. cc: Gray, Hong. Bills & Associates, Inc.			
	רערט	ANDALL K FUST AN MANY PARTON NOLMO D. LBBY, JA, AIA DCP 99-119		ENGINEER			tion (DDC) is proposing r your review and i Tract Reconstructed ses received during the							
	 4¹,1 DEPARTMENT OF DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION F Y AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU 400 SOUTH HERE STATES. 200 FLOOM 400 SOUTH HERE STATES. 200 FLOOM 400 SOUTH HERE STATES. 200 FLOOM 		February 24, 1999	MR. CLIFFORD S. JAMILE, MANAGER AND CHIEF ENGINEER BOARD OF WATER SUPPLY	Archandarte K. FUIKI, DIRECTOR DEPARTMENT OF DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION	WAIMALU TRACT RECONSTRUCTED SEWER AIEA, OAHU, HAWAII, TMK: (1) 9-8-10, 22, 23 & 24 DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT (EA)	The City and County of Honolulu's Department of Design and Construction (DDC) is proposing to reconstruct portions of the Waimalu Tract sever system. Enclosed for your review and comments is the Draft Environmental Assessment (EA) for the Waimalu Tract Reconstructed Sever project. The Final EA will incorporate all comments with responses received during the	r sease sear oughtar continents to. Design and Construction	City and County of Honolulu 650 South King Street Honolulu, Hawaii 96813 ATTENTION: Mr. Carl Arakaki	Please send copies of the comments to the following:	Department of Planning and Permitting City and County of Honolulu 650 South King Street Honolulu, Hawaii 96813 ATTENTION: Ms. Jan Naoe Sullivan		Gray, Hong, Bills & Associates, Inc. 119 Merchant Street, Suite 607 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813 ATTENTION: Mr. David B. Bills	
and the second	CITY	SUMANH YAN	MEMORANDUM	TO: MR. CL BOARD	FROM: MARANDA	SUBJECT: WAIMA AIEA, C DRAET	The City and County of to reconstruct portions (comments is the Draft I Sewer project. The Fin	province review period. I	City and County of Hone 650 South King Street Honolulu, Hawaii 96813 ATTENTION: Mr. Carl	Please send copies of th	Department of Planning and F City and County of Honolulu 650 South King Street Honolulu, Hawaii 96813 ATTENTION: Ms. Jan Naoe	and	Gray, Hong, Bills & Associates 119 Merchant Street, Suite 607 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813 ATTENTION: Mr. David B. B	Enclosure

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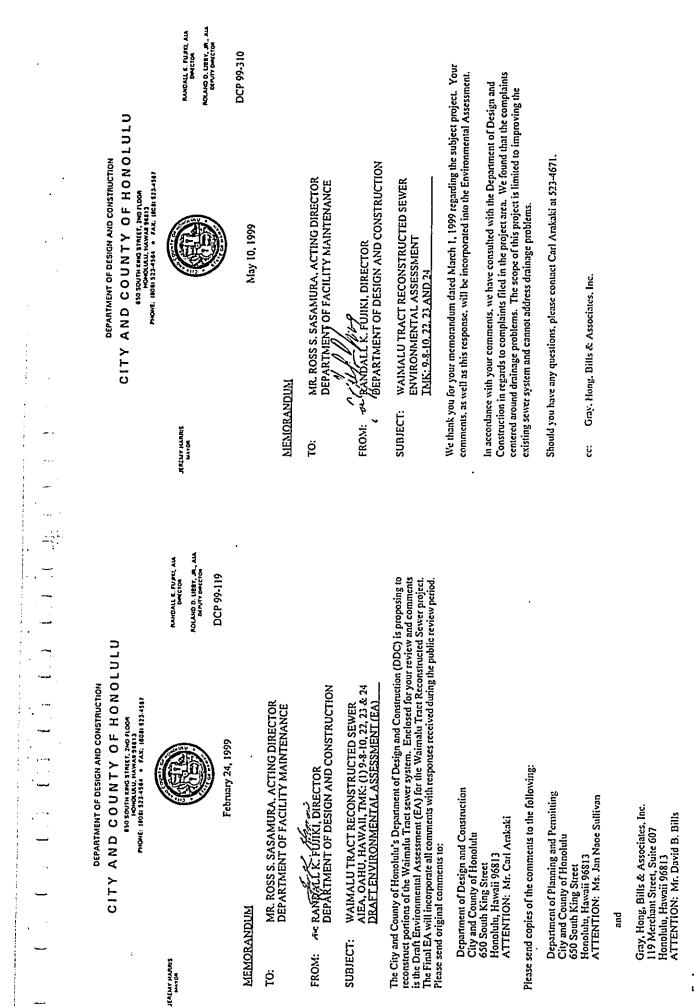
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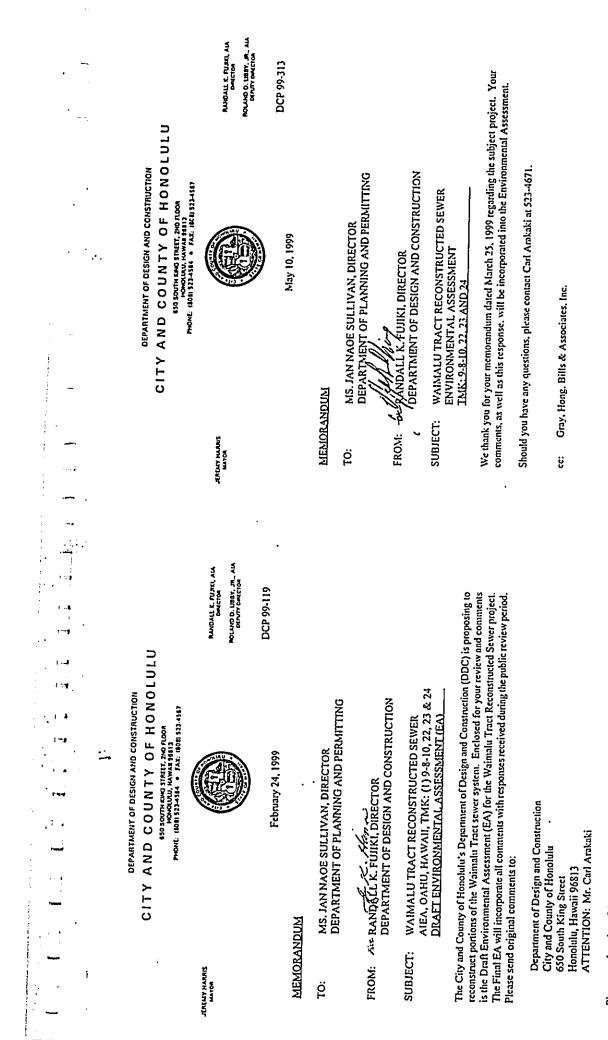


Enclosure

		DEPARTMENT OF DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU 450 SOUTH AND STAFFT, 2005 ADDCA MONEL 11001 523 4314 0 FAX: 10051 533 4369	DCP 99-314	Nay 10, 1999	MIX	DR. KENNETH E. SPRAGUE, DIRECTOR DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES	DEPARTMENT OF DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION	WAIMALU TRACT RECONSTRUCTED SEWER ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT T <u>MK: 9-8-10.22.23 AND 24</u>	We thank you for your memorandum dated March 9, 1999 regarding the subject project. Your comments, as well as this response, will be incorporated into the Environmental Assessment. We concur with your concerns and have included the following in the Final Environmental Assessment.	The contractor will employ the best management practices (BMPs) during construction to reduce and control discharge of pollutants.	The contractor will obtain a stormwater NPDES permit for construction dewatering from the State Department of Planning and Permitting if trench dewatering activity is anticipated.	Should you have any questions. please contact Carl Arakaki at 523-4671.	·· Pille & Associated Inc	Gray, Hong. Buils & Associates, me.			
			JULEN HANNES MATOR		MENORANDUM	Ţ	FROM:	SUBJECT:	We thank yo comments. a We concur v Assessment.		ri	Should you		29 ;;			
-	Jack	, ULU	NVIOALLE, FUJALI, AAA PACLOA BELVITE DACCOA DCP 99-119					ion (DDC) is proposing - your review and Tract Reconstructed	es received during the								
		DEPARTMENT OF DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU 400 SOUTH CHOSTRETT JHO TOOR 400 SOUTH CHOSTRETT JHO TOOR 400 MULLUL MAWA 31811 70006 10011 3234454 • 1AX2 18081 3234455		February 24, 1999	DR. KENNETH E. SPRAGUE, DIRECTOR DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES	A. RANDALL K. FUIKI, DIRECTOR DEPARTMENT OF DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION	WAIMALU TRACT RECONSTRUCTED SEWER AIEA, OAHU, HAWAII, TMK: (1) 9-8-10, 22, 23 & 24 DP A ET ENVIRONMENTAL, ASSESSMENT (EA)	The City and County of Honolulu's Department of Design and Construction (DDC) is proposing to reconstruct portions of the Waimalu Tract sewer system. Enclosed for your review and	l EA will incorporate all comments with respon ease send original comments to: esign and Construction of Honotulu	650 South King Street Honolulu, Hawaii 96813 ATTENTION: Mr. Carl Arakaki	Please send copies of the comments to the following: Department of Planning and Permitting Comment Comment of Hondhultu	City and County of research 650 South King Street Honolulu, Hawaii 96813 ATTENTION: Ms. Jan Naoe Sullivan		Gray, Hong. Bills & Associates, Inc. 119 Merchant Street, Suite 607 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813 ATTENTION: Mr. David B. Bills		·	
		СIТҮ '	JEALAT HANNES	MEMORANDUM	TO: DR. KEN DEPARTI	FROM: N-RANDAL	SUBJECT: WAIMAL AIEA, OA	The City and County of to reconstruct portions of	Sewer project. The Fina Sewer project. The Fina public review period. Pl Department of D	CIO South King 650 South King Honolulu, Hawa ATTENTION: 1	Picase send copies of th Department of P	CIIY and County 600 South King Honolulu, Hawa ATTENTION: 1	pua	Gray, Hong, Bi 119 Merchant S Honolulu, Haw ATTENTION:	Enclosure		

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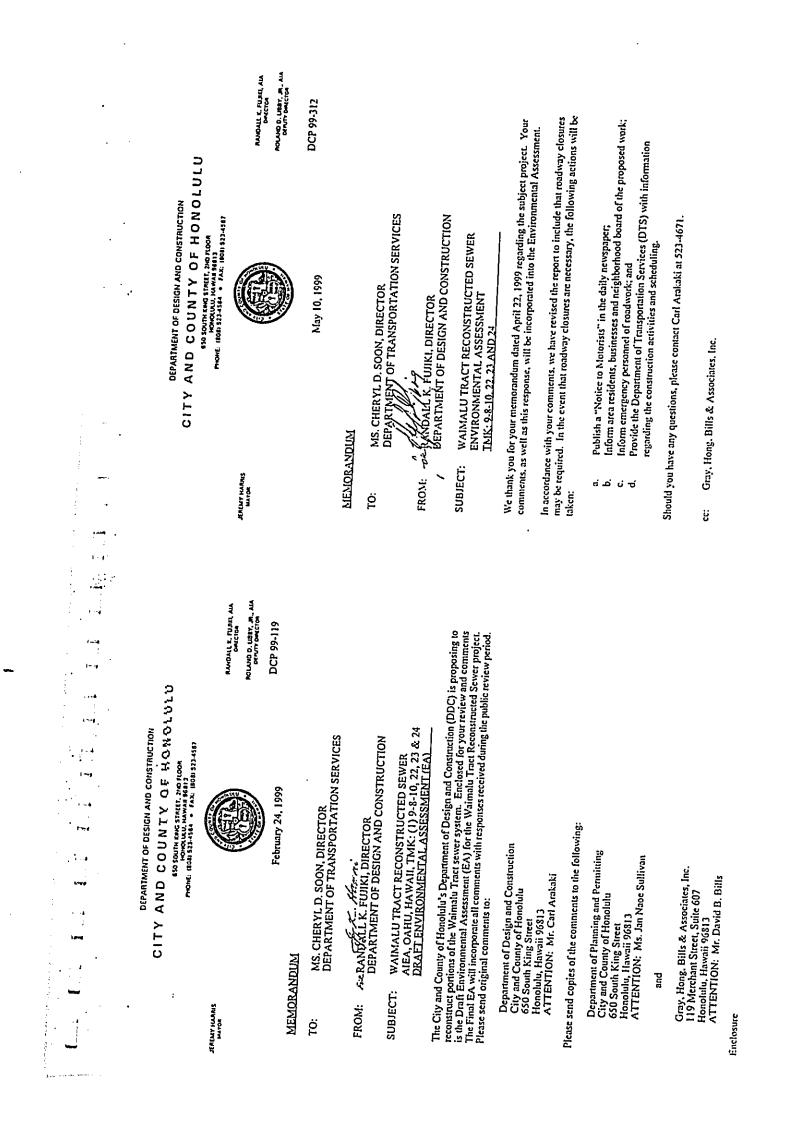
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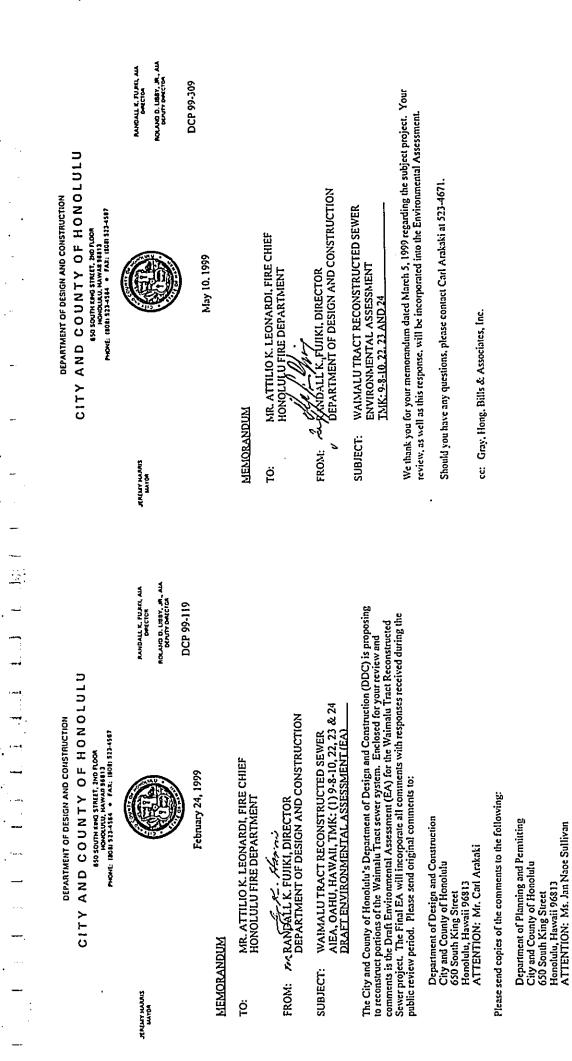


Please send copies of the comments to the following:

Gray, Hong, Bills & Associates, Inc. 119 Merchant Street, Suite 607 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813 ATTENTION: Mr. David B. Bills

Enclosure





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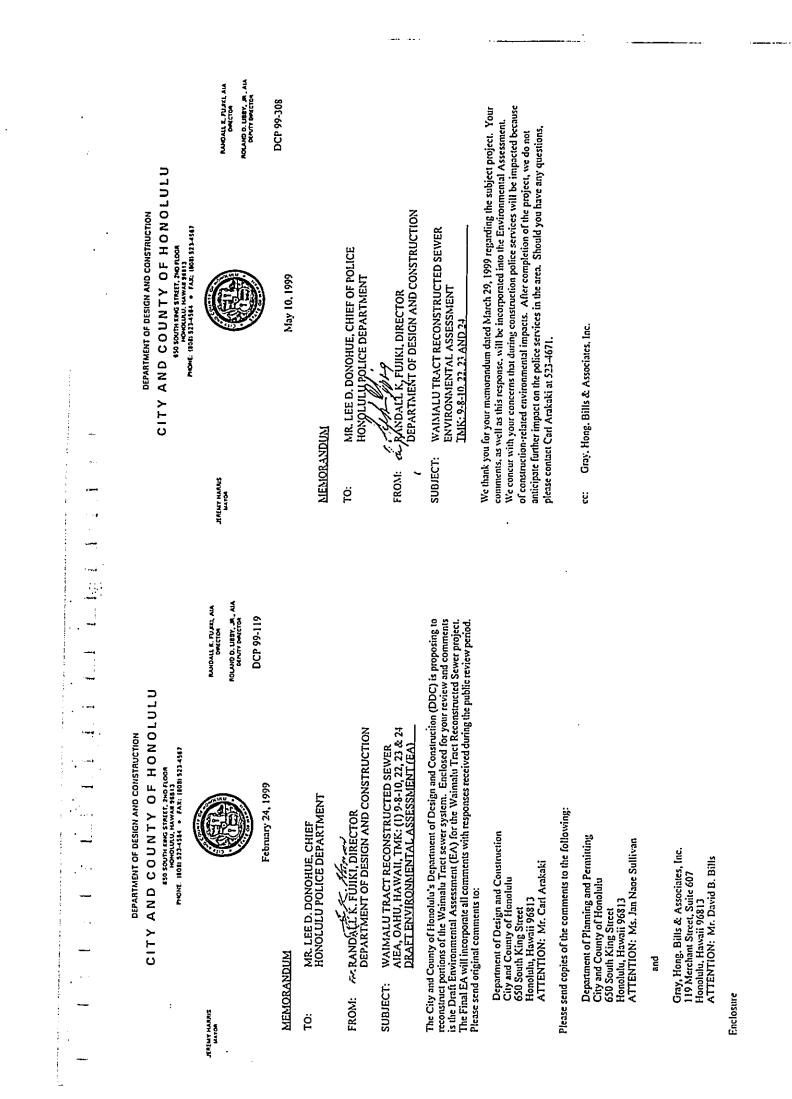
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Gray, Hong, Bills & Associates, Inc. 119 Merchant Street, Suite 607 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813 ATTENTION: Mr. David B. Bills

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Enclosure



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RANDALL R. FUJEL AIA DAVETOA FIOLAND D. LEBY, JR., AIA KAUT DAVETOA

איזער האינושי, אין יארא אינונשי, אין יאראער אינע איזעראנט נופאר אינע ר ה ה היאר אינער אינ	DCP 99-316 i project. Your comment al Assessment. ass aerial facilities fites are performed in or erly supported at alt	
DEPARTMENT OF DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU 630 SCOTH FRAG STRILL 700 COCA HONOLULU INWARTS 1000 STRILL 700 COCA HONOLULU INWARTS 1000 STRILL 700 STRILL HONOLULU INWARTS 1000 STRILL 700 STRILL HONOLULU INWARTS 1000 STRILL 700 STRILL 700 STRILL HONOLULU INWARTS 1000 STRILL 700 STRILL 700 STRILL 700 STRILL HONOLULU INWARTS 1000 STRILL 700 ST	May 10, 1999 DCP 99-31 Mr. Mark K. Faosaka, Section Manager Access Design & Construction GTF: Hawaiian Telephone Company, Inc. D. Box 220 GTF: Hawaiian Telephone Company, Inc. D. Box 220 Ifornolulu, Hawaii 96,841 Dear Mr. Dear Mr. Faosaka: SUBJECT: Waimalu Tract Reconstructed Sewer Environmental Assessment Environmental Assessment Mr. Hank you for your letter dated March 17, 1999 regarding the subject project. Your comment We thank you for your letter dated March 17, 1999 regarding the subject project. Your comment Mrs: os.ell as this response will be incorporated into the Environmental Assessment. In response to your comments, we understand that Hawaiian Telephone has acrial facilities around the poles that support your cables to assure that the poles are properly supported at all rines. If you have any questions. please contact Carl Arakaki at 523-4671.	Very truly yours,
GIE Haman Tergrone Contany rearcourd Po Bai 2000 - Hondal, M 90341 - 1863, 546-4511 HIABY3 Honolulu, HI	FED SEWER MENT MENT ment on the proposed Draft Environmental ad Sewer Project. GTE Hawaiian Tel does falle proposed project. Our facilities are in the proposed project. Our facilities are project. However, caution should be project. However, caution should be intes. project. The at 840-5858.	
Gif Hawaijan Tel Beyond the call March 17, 1999	Mr. Carl Arakaki Dear Mring Street GG South King Street Honolulu, Hawaii 90813 Dear Mr. Arakaki: Subject: WAIMALU TRACT RECONSTRUCTED SEWER Dear Mr. Arakaki: Subject: WAIMALU TRACT RECONSTRUCTED SEWER Draft Environmental Intank you for the opportunity of review and comment on the proposed Draft Environmental not have underground facilities within the area of the proposed project. Our facilities are adverse affects to our network as a result of this project. However, caution should be to assure that they are properly supported at all times. If you should have any questions on this matter, please call me at 840-5858. Multic Traces Design & Construction Mark K. Taosaka Mark K. Taosaka	c: D. Osato – HIABY3 Ms. J. N. Sullivan – City Mr. D. B. Bitls – Gray, Hong, Bitls & Asso.

A part of GTE Corporation

Form 90006055

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THE GAL CONTRANT

April 21, 1999

Department of Design and Construction City and County of Honolulu 650 South King Street Honolulu, 111–96813

Aucrution: Mr. Carl Arakaki

Cientlemen:

Subject: Draft Environmental Assessment

Waimalu Traet Reconstructed Sewer

Please be advised that The Gas Company maintains underground utifity gas mains in the project vicinity, which serves commercial and residential customers in the area and is interconnected with the utility network in Aica. We would appreciate your consideration during the project planning and design process to minimize any potential conflicts with the existing gas facilities in the project area.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on the Draft Environmental Assessment. Should there be any questions, or if additional information is desired, please call me at 594-5574.

Very truly yours.

-Al 1 10 i Heller

Keith K. Yamamoto Supervisor, Engineering

KKYAn 99-107 cc: Ms. Jan Naoe Sullivan, Department of Planning and Permitting *A*ftr. David B. Bills, Gray, Hong. Bills and Associates, Inc.

JEREMY HARRIS MAIDA

CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU

650 500°H KING STREET, 2HD FLOOR HOROLURU, HAWAR 96813 PHONE: 12081 523-4564 + FAX: 18081 523-4567

DEPARTIAENT OF DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

ROLAND D LUBY, M. ALA DI NIT DALCTON

DCP 99-315

RUNDALL K. FUJFKLAIA DINCTON

May 10, 1999

Mr. Keith K. Yamamoto The Gas Company, Inc. 515 Kamakee Street Honolulu, Plawaii 96814

Dear Mr. Yamamoto:

SUBJECT: Waimalu Tract Reconstructed Sewer Environmental Assessment TMK: 9-8-10.22.23 & 24 We thank you for your letter dated April 21. 1999 regarding the subject project. Your comment letter, as well as this response will be incorporated into the Environmental Assessment. In concurrence with your comments, we will work with your office during the project design phase to minimize potential conflicts with existing gas facilities in the area.

If you have any questions, please contact Carl Arakaki at 523-4671.

For RANDALL K. FUJIKI Phil-Very truly yours

APPENDIX B

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WRRC AQUIFER CLASSIFCATION MAP Waipahu, Oahu, Hawaii

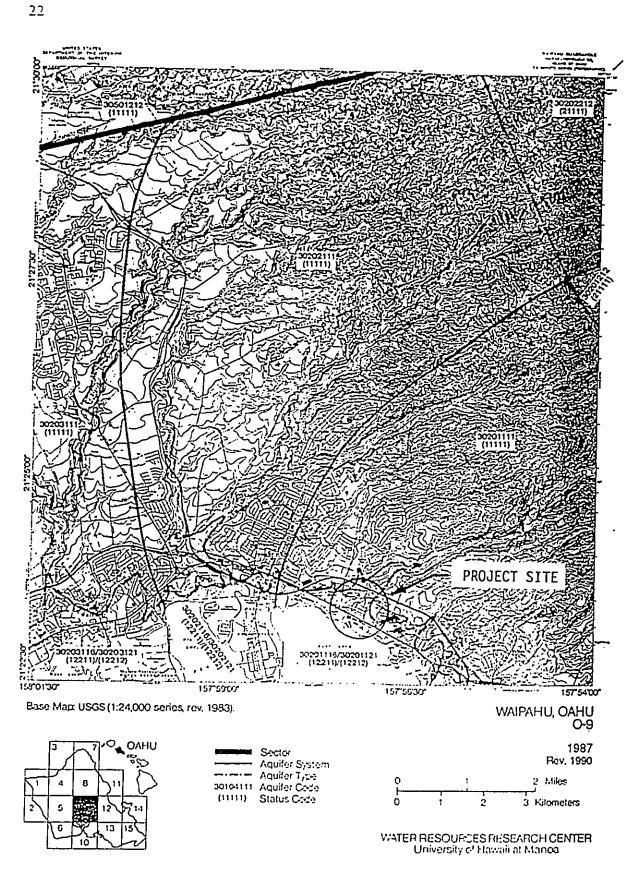


Figure 1.9. Aquifer classification map, Waipahu, O'ahu, Hawai'i

DOCUMENT CAPTURED AS RECEIVED

AQUIFER CLASSIFICATION EXPLANATION

AQUIFER AND STATUS CODES*	AQUIFER TYPE: Hydrology†
Aquifer Code = Island + Aquifer Sector	1 Basal Fresh water in contact with seawater
+ Aquifer System + Aquifer Type	2 High Level Fresh water not in contact with seawater
Thus, $30104111 = Aquifer Code$ where $3 = Oahu$	1 Unconfined Where water table is upper surface of saturated aquifer
01 = Honolulu $04 = Moanalua$ $1 = basal$ $1 = unconfined$ $1 = flank$	2 Confined Aquifer bounded by impermeable or poorly permeable formations, and top of saturated aquifer is below groundwater surface
and (11111) = Status Code where 1 = currently used	3 Confined or Where actual condition is Unconfined uncertain
1 = drinking 1 = fresh, <250 mg/l Cl ⁻	AQUIFER TYPE: Geology [‡]
1 = irreplaceable 1 = high vulnerability to contamination	1FlankHorizontally extensive lavas2DikeAquifers in dike compartments3Flank/DikeIndistinguishable4PerchedAquifer on an impermeable layer5Dike/PerchedIndistinguishable
	6 Sedimentary Nonvolcanic lithology
3 01 Honolulu 01 Palolo 02 Nuuanu 03 Kalihi 04 Moanalua 05 Waialac	 †1st two digits from hydrologic descriptors (pts. 1, 2). ‡Last digit from geologic descriptor. STATUS CODE (GROUNDWATER)
02 Pearl Harbor 01 Waimalu 02 Waiawa 03 Waipahu 04 Ewa 05 Kunia	Development Stage 1 Currently used 2 Potential use 3 No potential use
03 Waianac 01 Nanakuli 02 Lualualei 03 Waianac 04 Makaha 05 Keaau	Utility 1 Drinking 2 Ecologically important 3 Neither Salinity (mg/1 Cl ⁻)
04 North 01 Mokulcia 02 Waialua 03 Kawailoa	 Fresh (<250) Low (250-1000) Moderate (1000-5000) High (5000-15,000)
05 Central 01 Wahiawa 02 Koolau	5 Seawater (>15,000)
06 Windward 01 Koolauloa 02 Kahana 03 Koolaupoko 04 Waimanalo	Uniqueness 1 Inteplaceable 2 Replaceable Vulnerability to Contamination 1 High 2 Modernia
Where sedimentary caprock aquifers rest on primary basalt aquifers, two Aquifer and Status Codes separated by a slash indicate numerator code is upper aquifer and	Lav web 1

basalt aquifers, two Aquifer and Status Cours separated by a slash indicate numerator code is upper aquifer and lenominator is lower aquifer.

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