

MAR 23

DEPARTMENT OF WATER SUPPLY • COUNTY OF HAWAII

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March 5, 2009

Ms. Katherine Puana Kealoha, Director  
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Honolulu, HI 96813

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QUALITY CONTROL

WILSON OKAMOTO CORPORATION

**FINAL ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT AND FINDING OF NO SIGNIFICANT IMPACT (FONSI)  
KALAOA WATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS  
NORTH KONA DISTRICT, HAWAII  
TAX MAP KEY 7-3-004:PORTION OF 011 AND 017, UTILITY EASEMENTS IN 005, AND  
MĀMALAHOA HIGHWAY AND OLD GOVERNMENT ROAD**

The Department of Water Supply has reviewed the subject Final Environmental Assessment (FEA) and has made a Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) determination. We request that notice of this determination be published in the Environmental Notice at your earliest convenience. In conjunction with this request, we are submitting the following enclosures:

1. A completed OEQC Environmental Notice Publication Form.
2. A CD containing a copy of the Final EA and FONSI in pdf format and OEQC Publication Form in Word format
3. Two (2) copies of the Final EA and FONSI, prepared in compliance with requirements of Chapter 343, Hawaii Revised Statutes, and Hawaii Administrative Rules, Title 11, Department of Health, Chapter 200.

If you have any questions, please contact Mr. Finn McCall of our Water Resources and Planning Branch at (808) 961-8070, extension 255.

Sincerely yours,

  
Milton D. Pavao, P.E.  
Manager

FM:dfg

Enc.

*... Water brings progress...*

# **Final Environmental Assessment (EA) and Finding of No Significant Impact**

## **KALAOA WATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS**

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North Kona District, Island Of Hawai'i

Prepared For

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**Seascape Development LLC**  
**P.O. Box 2808**  
**Kailua-Kona, Hawai'i 96745**

Prepared By

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**Wilson Okamoto Corporation**  
Engineers & Planners  
1907 South Beretania Street, Suite 400  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96826

**March 2009**

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**Final Environmental Assessment and  
Finding of No Significant Impact**

**Kalaoa Water System Improvements**

**Prepared for:  
Seascape Development, LLC  
P.O. Box 2808  
Kailua-Kona, Hawaii 96745**

**Prepared by:  
Wilson Okamoto Corporation  
Engineers and Planners  
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**March 2009**

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## **PREFACE**

This Final Environmental Assessment (EA) and Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) was prepared pursuant to Chapter 343, Hawai'i Revised Statutes, and Title 11, Chapter 200, Hawai'i Administrative Rules (HAR), Department of Health. This Final EA reflects changes in responsibilities for implementing the proposed project resulting from an agreement between Seascope Development, LLC, the applicant, and the County of Hawaii Department of Water Supply (DWS, the accepting authority), after the Draft EA was published. The proposed project described and assessed in the Draft EA, however, is unchanged.

The applicant proposes to acquire, subdivide and convey and approximately one-acre parcel of land to the DWS for the construction of a new reservoir to supplement the existing DWS Kalaoa Reservoir facility. In addition, the applicant is preparing engineering design plans for the proposed reservoir and various proposed source and transmission improvements associated with the new reservoir. These design plans will be given to the DWS, which will be responsible for constructing all of the proposed improvements.

Portions of the proposed project are located on the State-owned but County-administered Kalaoa Reservoir facility site and within County easements, as well as State-owned roads, including Mamalahoa Highway and Old Government Road. The use of State and County lands and funds for the proposed project requires compliance with Chapter 343, HRS.

This EA was processed as an anticipated FONSI by the DWS, and subsequently prepared as a Final EA and FONSI, determining that the impacts of the proposed project will not warrant the preparation of an environmental impact statement pursuant to Chapter 343, Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS).

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**SUMMARY**

**PROPOSING AGENCY:** Seascape Development, LLC

**ACCEPTING AUTHORITY:** Department of Water Supply, County of Hawaii

**PROJECT LOCATION:** Kalaoa, Kailua-Kona, Hawai'i

**TAX MAP KEY:** 7-3-004: portion 11 and 17, and utility easements in 5 and Mamalahoa Highway and Old Government Road

**AREA:** Approximately 1.1 acres

**EXISTING USE:** DWS Kalaoa well, reservoir and transmission route, Agriculture, Mamalahoa Highway, and Old Government Road

**STATE LAND USE DESIGNATION:** Agriculture

**ZONING DESIGNATION:** Agriculture (A-20a and A-1a) and road

**PROPOSED ACTION:** Seascape Development, LLC proposes to acquire, subdivide and convey an approximately one-acre parcel of land to the DWS for the construction of a new reservoir to supplement the existing DWS Kalaoa Reservoir facility. Also proposed is the construction of the new 1.0 million gallon reservoir and associated source and transmission improvements by the DWS.

**IMPACTS:** No significant long-term adverse impacts are anticipated to result from the proposed project. In the short-term, construction activities requiring periodic lane closures will inconvenience area residents and businesses. Construction activities will also have short-term air quality and noise impacts on the surrounding area.

**ANTICIPATED DETERMINATION:** Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI)

**PERMITS AND APPROVALS  
THAT MAY BE REQUIRED:**

National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Notice of Intent for Storm Water Associated with Construction Activities; Grading Permit; Building Permit; and, Department of Transportation Permit to Perform Work on State Highways

**PARTIES CONSULTED  
DURING PRE-ASSESSMENT:**

Federal

U.S. Army Engineer Division  
U.S. Natural Resources Conservation Services

State

Department of Business, Economic Development and Tourism (DBEDT)  
DBEDT, Office of Planning  
DBEDT, Land Use Commission  
Department of Health (DOH)  
DOH, Office of Environmental Quality Control  
Department of Land and Natural Resources (DLNR)  
DLNR, Historic Preservation Division  
DLNR, Engineering Division  
Office of Hawaiian Affairs

County of Hawaii

Department of Parks and Recreation  
Planning Department  
Department of Public Works  
Department of Water Supply

Organizations

Kona Palisades Estates Community Association

Surrounding Landowners

Mauna Ziona Congregational Church  
Hawaii Conference of the United Church  
Earl Wheaton  
Hoona  
Robert Freitas

Pine Tree Land Company  
Akaiko G Akana Trust  
Kelvin Anderson

**PARTIES CONSULTED  
DURING DRAFT EA  
COMMENT PERIOD:**

Federal

U.S. Army Engineer Division, Regulatory  
Branch

U. S. Army Engineer Division, Civil Works  
Technical Branch

National Park Service

State

Department of Business, Economic  
Development and Tourism (DBEDT)

Department of Health (DOH), Environmental  
Planning Office

DOH, Office of Environmental Quality Control

Department of Land and Natural Resources  
(DLNR), Land Division

DLNR, Historic Preservation Division

Office of Hawaiian Affairs

Department of Transportation

County of Hawaii

Department of Parks and Recreation

Planning Department

Department of Public Works

Department of Water Supply

Organizations/Individuals

Kona Palisades Estates Community  
Association

Kailua-Kona Public Library

Ruby McDonald (OHA-Kailua-Kona)

Janice Yang (Association of Hawaiian Civic  
Clubs-Kona Branch)

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## **1. INTRODUCTION**

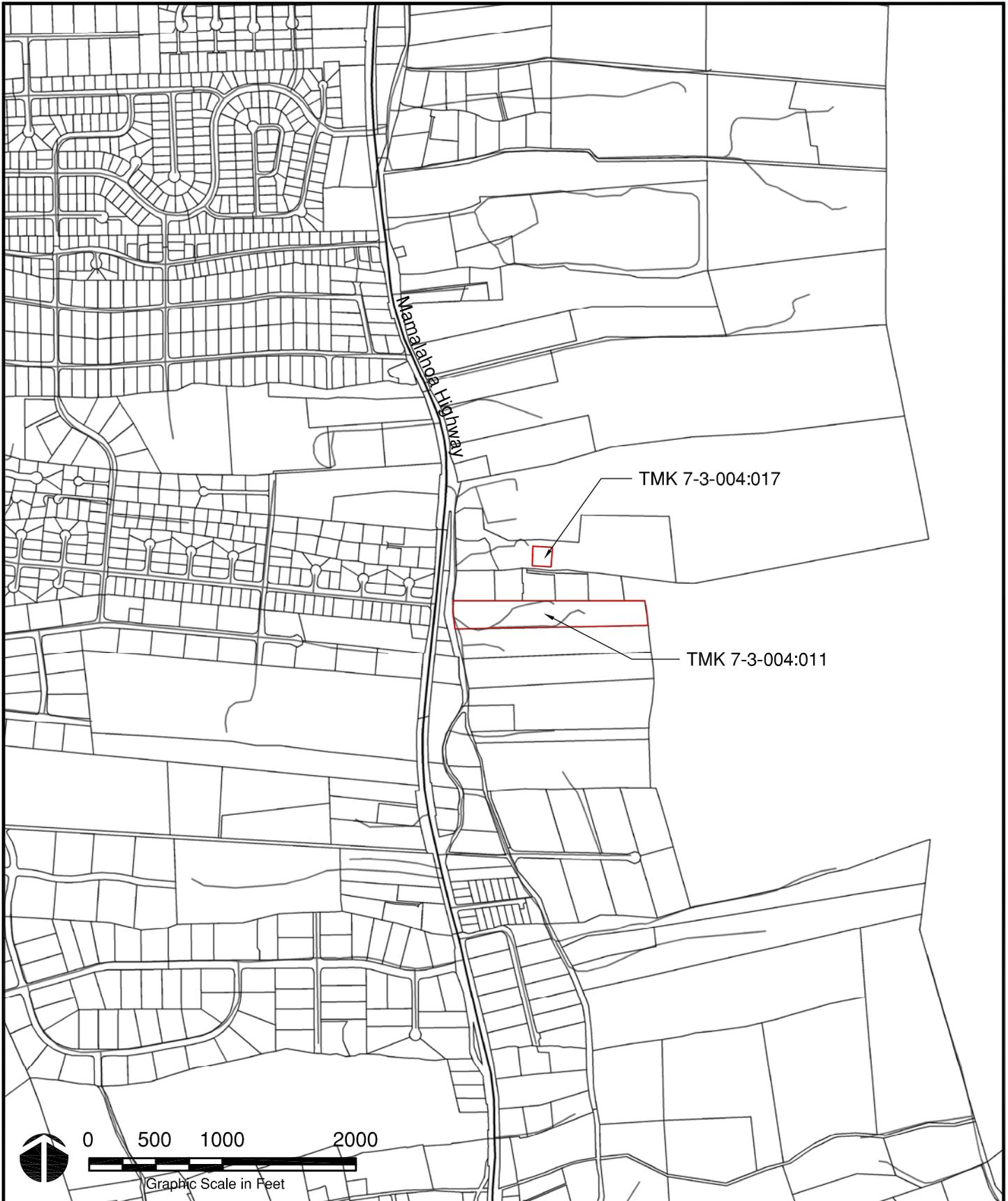
In October 2004, the County of Hawaii granted a request for rezoning of the 10-acre Lokahi Ka'u Seascope Condominium property, which is located approximately 2.75 miles west of the project site. The applicant, Seascope Development, LLC subsequently developed 108-units of affordable multi-family housing at that site.

In granting the rezoning, the County of Hawaii imposed a condition that the applicant participate in the development of water source, storage, and transmission-system improvements that serve the region. In consultation with the County of Hawaii Department of Water Supply (DWS) and other agencies, it was determined that the applicant's participation in providing improvements supplementing the existing DWS Kalaoa Reservoir facility would fulfill this condition.

Therefore, pursuant to the terms of a water facilities agreement with the DWS, the applicant installed a new 700 gallons per minute (gpm) pump at the existing Kalaoa well, which supplies the existing Kalaoa Reservoir. The new pump is currently operated at a maximum 500 gpm until the proposed water facility improvements are completed. The applicant also proceeded to acquire a one-acre parcel of land to develop a new 1.0 million gallon (mg) reservoir and prepare engineering design plans for the new reservoir and associated source and transmission facility improvements. Under the terms of a subsequent agreement, the applicant completed acquisition, subdivision and conveyance of the one-acre parcel of land to the DWS. The applicant will also give the DWS the design plans for the new reservoir and associated source and transmission facility improvements. The DWS will be responsible for constructing all of the proposed improvements. In addition to the new reservoir, proposed associated water facility improvements include those within the existing DWS Kalaoa Reservoir site and upgraded transmission lines within County utility and road easements, the Old Government Road, and Mamalahoa Highway to Kaiminani Drive.

### **1.1 Project Location**

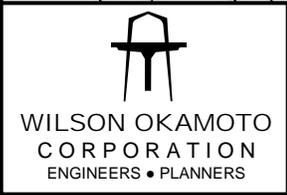
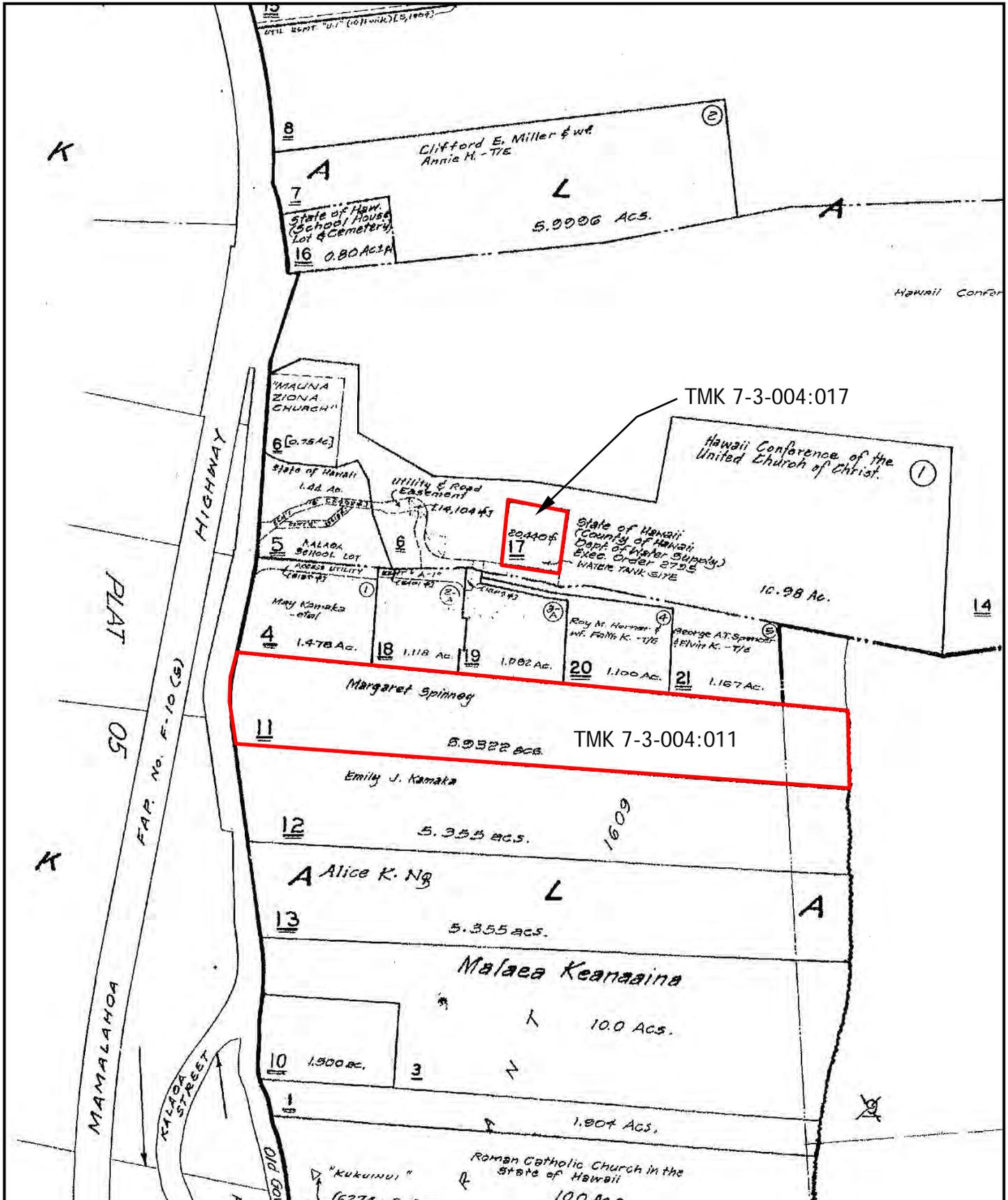
The proposed project site is located in North Kona, mauka (east) of Mamalahoa Highway, opposite of Kona Palisades Estates (see Figure 1). The proposed one million gallon reservoir will occupy an approximately one-acre portion of an approximately 5.9 acre parcel identified as TMK 7-3-04:11 (see Figure 2). The privately owned parcel contains one residence which will remain. The reservoir is proposed to be located approximately 400 feet south of DWS's existing Kalaoa Reservoir facility, at the same elevation of 1,820 feet. The existing reservoir occupies an approximately 20,440 square-foot parcel (TMK 7-3-04:17), which is owned by the State of Hawaii but administered by DWS pursuant to Executive Order No. 2795. Transmission lines will extend along the existing utility and road easement within TMK 7-3-04: 5 and 6, Old Government Road, and Mamalahoa Highway.



KALAOA WATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS

# LOCATION MAP

FIGURE  
1



**KALAOA WATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS**  
**TAX MAP KEY 7-3-004**

## **1.2 Project Need**

The proposed water system improvements are needed to address a portion of the existing and future demand for potable water and fire protection in the service area. The opportunity for the Department of Water Supply to involve a private developer in addressing this demand arose through the rezoning request for the Seascape Condominium Development. A condition of the rezoning, granted in 2004, resulted in water facility agreements between the DWS and the applicant for improvements at the Kalaoa Reservoir Facility.

## **1.3 Existing and Surrounding Land Uses**

The existing DWS Kalaoa Reservoir facility includes a 0.3 million gallon reinforced concrete reservoir, well, pumps, and chlorine system. The existing piping is located within private road/utility easements, TMK 7-3-04: 11 and 17, and public right of way in Old Government Road and Mamalahoa Highway. Existing uses in the vicinity of the project site include residential parcels, Mauna Ziona Congregational Church, Old Government Road, Mamalahoa Highway and Kona Palisades Estates residential subdivision makai of the Highway (see Figure 3).

The existing well at the Kalaoa Reservoir site has been reactivated by installing a replacement pump for the previously existing inoperable pump. The previous pump had a capacity of 500 gallons per minute (gpm), but was operated at 300 gpm before it became inoperable. The replacement pump has a capacity of 700 gallons per minute (gpm), but is being operated at 500 gpm, the capacity of the pump that was replaced, until the proposed reservoir and pipeline improvements have been completed. The replacement pump includes control systems, associated pipelines, and electrical hookups. An existing chlorination system has also been reactivated.



Photo source:  
Google Earth



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**KALAOA WATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS**

**SURROUNDING USES**

Figure

**3**

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## 2. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

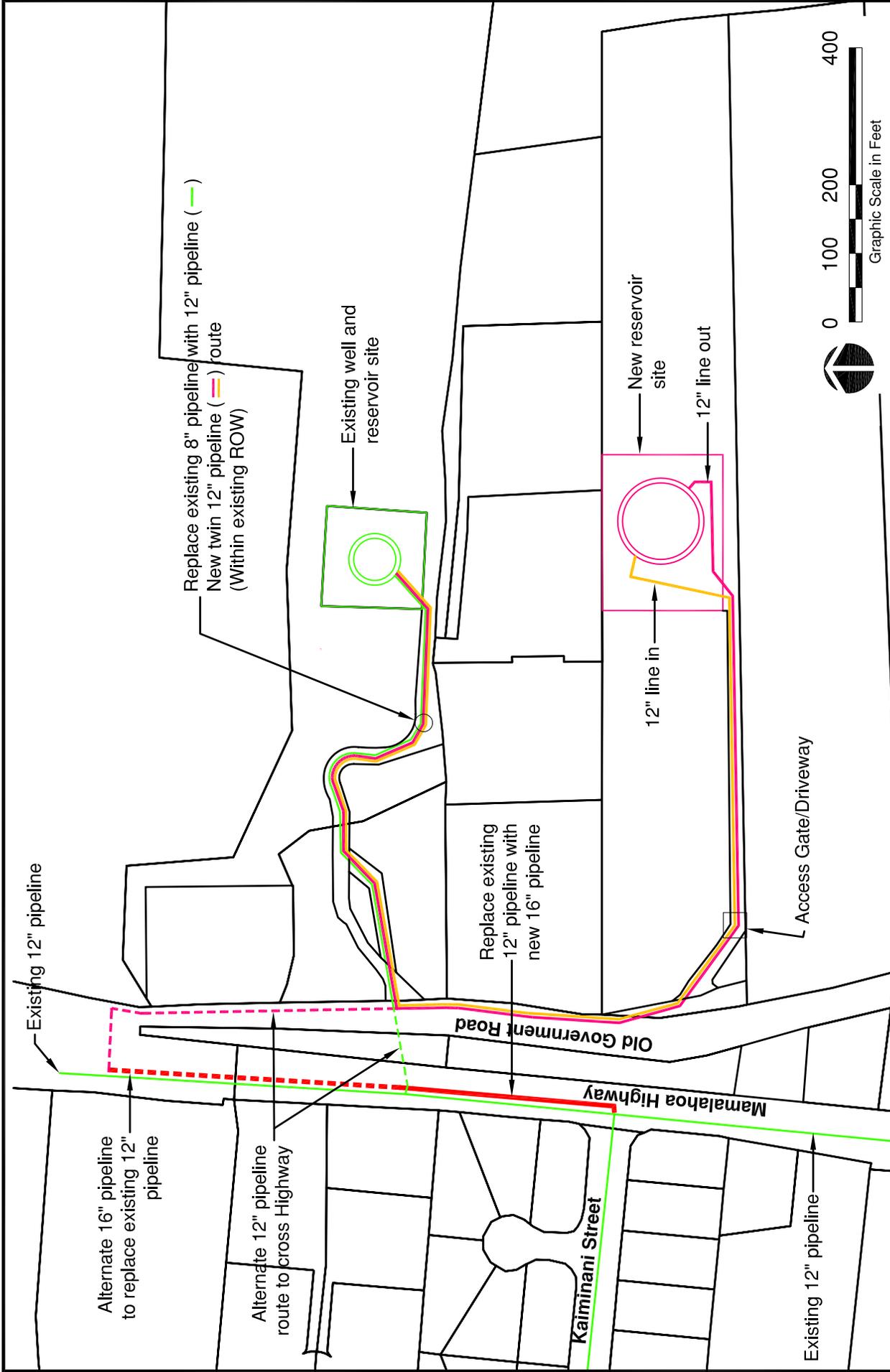
The proposed project includes the following major components (see Figure 4 and Photograph A and B):

- Construction of a new 1.0 million gallon reservoir supplementing the existing DWS Kalaoa Reservoir facility. The new reservoir will be located approximately 400 feet south of DWS's existing 300,000 gallon reservoir on an approximately one-acre site to be subdivided from TMK 7-3-04:11 and acquired by the Developer. Ownership of the site will subsequently be transferred to DWS.
- Upgrading approximately 800 feet of the existing 8-inch transmission line to a 12-inch diameter line that extends from the existing reservoir to Old Government Road.
- Connecting the existing and proposed reservoirs with nearly 2,000 feet of new twin, in- and out-flow, 12-inch diameter pipes. These pipes will be placed in existing utility easements, existing and new easements within Mamalahoa Highway and Old Government Road, as well easements to be acquired over private land.
- Upgrading the approximately 320 feet of the existing 12-inch transmission to a 16-inch diameter line that extends from the existing 8-inch line connection in Mamalahoa Highway to the intersection of Kaiminani Drive.
- Two alternative pipeline routes for the new 12-inch transmission line crossing Mamalahoa Highway are being considered. The alternatives include:
  1. Maintaining the existing pipeline route, crossing the steep embankment between Mamalahoa Highway and Old Government Road (approximately 130 feet in length); or
  2. Following Old Government Road to the northern intersection of Mamalahoa Highway, and crossing the highway; and, replacing the existing 12-inch diameter pipeline with a 16-inch pipeline (approximately 425 feet) to the existing connection with the 12-inch line from the reservoir.
- Increasing the pumping rate at the Kalaoa Reservoir well from 500 gpm to 700 gpm

Following construction, the new reservoir, associated facility improvements and transmission line will be dedicated to DWS.

### 2.1 Project Schedule and Cost

The construction work for the entire proposed project is anticipated to span approximately six to nine months, with an approximate project finish date of December 2012. The total project cost is estimated at \$6 million.





Proposed reservoir site maintains the same elevation as existing reservoir (behind structure)



Mauka of proposed reservoir site



Proposed reservoir site



Makai of proposed reservoir site



Direction from Proposed Reservoir Site



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**KALAOA WATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS**

**PROPOSED PROJECT SITE - RESERVOIR**

Photographs

**A**

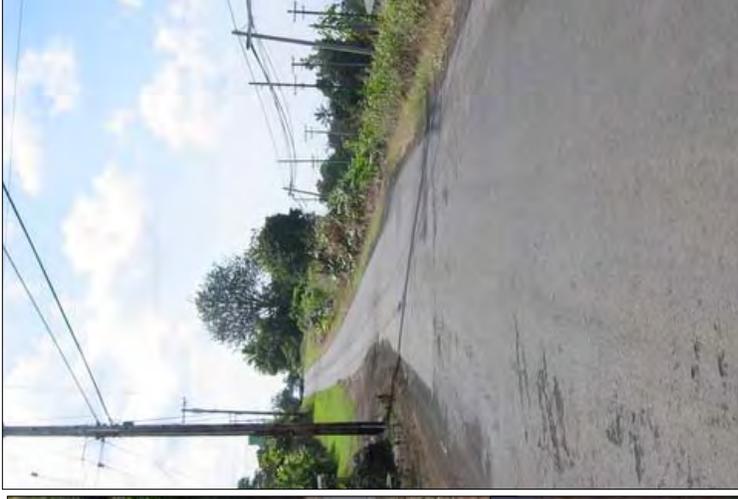


Kaiminani Street heading makai



Top: Mamalahoa Highway heading north

Bottom: Mamalahoa Highway heading south towards Kaiminani Street



Old Government Road facing south



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**KALAOA WATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS**

**PROPOSED PROJECT SITE – PIPELINE ROUTES**

Photographs

**B**

## **2.2 Required Permits and Approvals**

- NPDES Notice of Intent for Storm Water Associated with Construction Activities
- Grading Permit
- Building Permit
- Department of Transportation Permit to Perform Work on State Highways

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### **3. DESCRIPTION OF THE EXISTING ENVIRONMENT, IMPACTS, AND MITIGATION MEASURES**

The following is a description of the existing environment, assessment of potential impacts and proposed measures to mitigate potential adverse impacts resulting from the proposed project.

#### **3.1 Climate**

The project area is located on the western side of Hawaii Island where the climate is typically semi-tropical with uniform temperatures, moderate humidity and two identifiable seasons. The “summer” season, between May and October, is generally warmer and drier. The “winter” season, between October and April, is cooler and wetter. The western, or leeward side of Hawaii Island is sheltered from the northeasterly trade winds that prevail throughout the state for most of the year. Thus, rainfall in the region is relatively low, averaging about 30 inches annually.

#### **3.2 Geology and Topography**

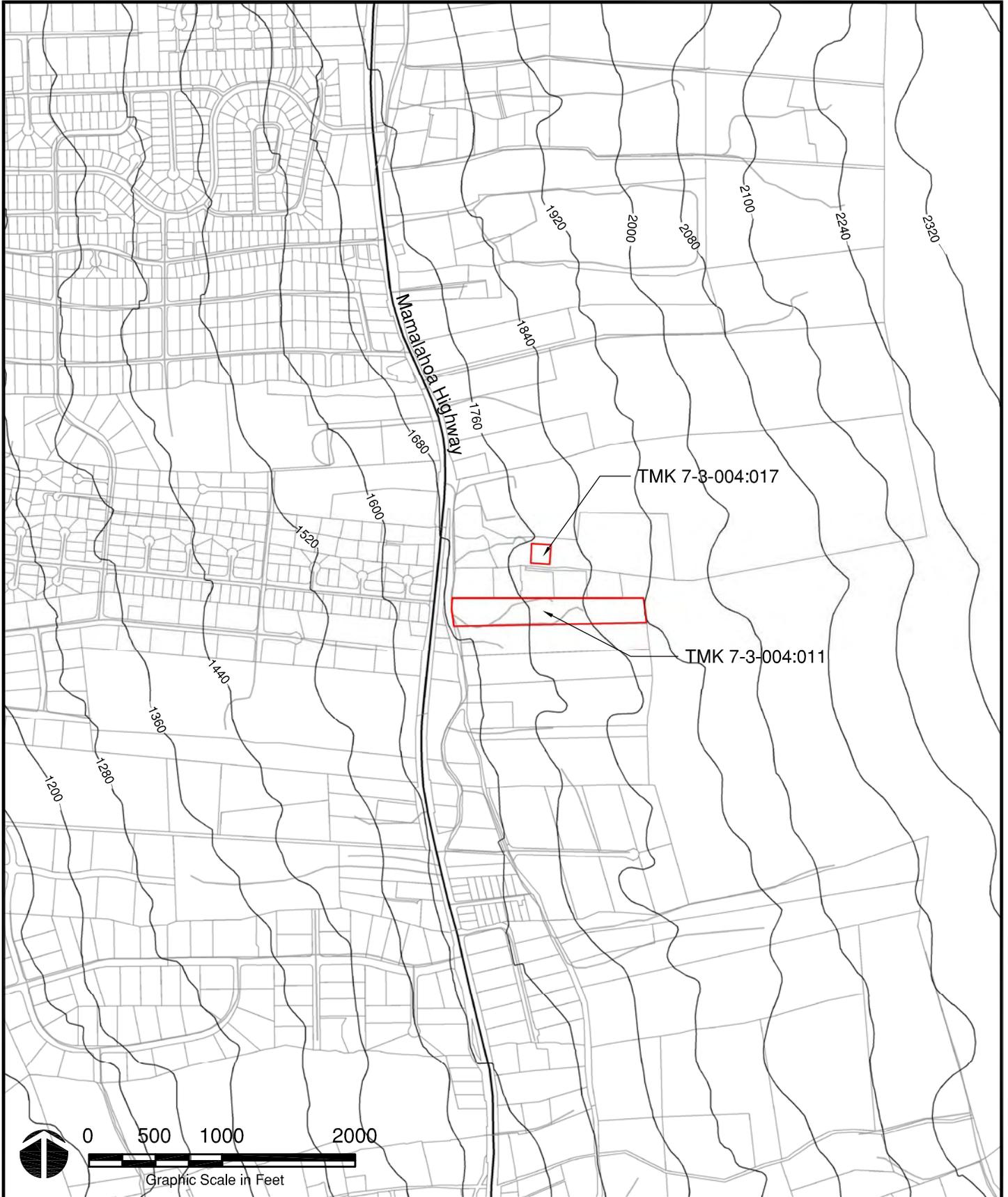
Hawaii Island was formed by lava from five volcanoes: Kohala, Mauna Kea, Mauna Loa, Hualalai, and Kilauea. Of these five volcanoes, only three (Hualalai, Mauna Loa, and Kilauea) remain active within historical times (late 1700’s). In recent years, only Mauna Loa and Kilauea have erupted.

Kona is situated along the western slopes of both Hualalai and Mauna Loa volcanoes, and is geologically quite young, being covered by recent prehistoric and historic lavas. Kona has not experienced extensive erosion and lacks streams or well-defined drainage channels due to the climate and young geology of the region. The project area is located on the western slope of Hualalai Volcano. Much older than Kilauea or Mauna Loa, Hualalai last erupted from 1800 to 1801. These flows reached the ocean near Kiholo Bay and at Keahole Point.

The existing Kalaoa Reservoir site and proposed reservoir site ranges from approximately 1,660 to 1,820 feet in elevation (see Figure 5). The topography slopes generally to the west, with a steep embankment immediately mauka of Mamalahoa Highway between Old Government Road.

#### **Impacts and Mitigation Measures**

The proposed project will not alter the geology or overall topography of the respective project sites. Cut and fill grading will be required to prepare an approximate one-acre level area for the proposed reservoir at the Kalaoa Reservoir site. The transmission line improvements will include trenching between both reservoirs approximately 2,000 feet to install new lines and replace existing pipelines. The trenches will be filled to restore the existing grade and topography.



0 500 1000 2000

Graphic Scale in Feet



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KALAOA WATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS

**TOPOGRAPHIC MAP**

FIGURE

**5**

### 3.3 Ground Water Hydrology

Water resources in the Kona area are associated with groundwater reserves. The North and South Kona districts overlie the Hualalai and Southwest Mauna Loa Aquifers. The project site is situated over the Keauhou Aquifer System of the Hualalai Aquifer Sector. This Sector has a sustainable yield of approximately 56 million gallons per day (mgd), and the Keauhou Aquifer System has a sustainable yield of approximately 38 mgd (CWRM, 1995). None of the project sites is located within in an area designated by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency as being supported by a sole source aquifer.

#### Impacts and Mitigation Measures

Reservoir construction and the replacement of pipelines are not likely to introduce, nor release any materials that could adversely affect ground water. Construction earthwork at the project site will not extend to the depth of the water table. Construction debris will be removed and appropriately disposed of to prevent their leaching into receiving bodies of water.

No significant direct, secondary or cumulative impacts to ground water resources, including the role of groundwater in coastal environments is anticipated. The previously replaced 500 gallon per minute (gpm) capacity pump was operated at 300 gpm. Following completion of pump tests, the replacement pump is currently permitted to operate at 700 gpm. It is presently operated at 500 gpm, the capacity of the pump that was replaced. Following completion of the proposed water system improvements, the replacement pump will be operated at 700 gpm.

According to a May 2008 report by the US Geological Survey (USGS), the Keauhou Aquifer, which includes the Kalaoa well among others, has been pumped at less than one-third its sustainable yield.<sup>1</sup> The Commission on Water Resources Management considered the cumulative impacts of wells drawing from the Keauhou Aquifer in issuing the pump permit for the Kalaoa well.

The relationship of groundwater on water quality along the Kona coast was addressed at the July 23, 2008 Kona Roundtable meeting.<sup>2</sup> Water quality sampling data collected over a 35-year period show nutrient concentrations vary tremendously by site and over time. Salinity levels also vary significantly and both nutrient and salinity levels in groundwater are highly influenced by mixing with seawater near the coast. Anchialine

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<sup>1</sup> US Geological Survey, "Recent Hydrologic Conditions, West Hawaii", Pacific Islands Water Science Center, May 7, 2008,

<sup>2</sup> Richard Brock, "Changes in West Hawaii Coastal Groundwater with Development" (PowerPoint presentation), Kona Water Roundtable Informational Meeting 2. July 23, 2008.

ponds along the coast are inhabited by species that evolved to tolerate great variations in nutrient and salinity. Therefore, slight variations, if any, that may result from the movement of groundwater originating in mauka aquifers would not be anticipated to affect anchialine pond ecosystems along the coast

### 3.4 Soils

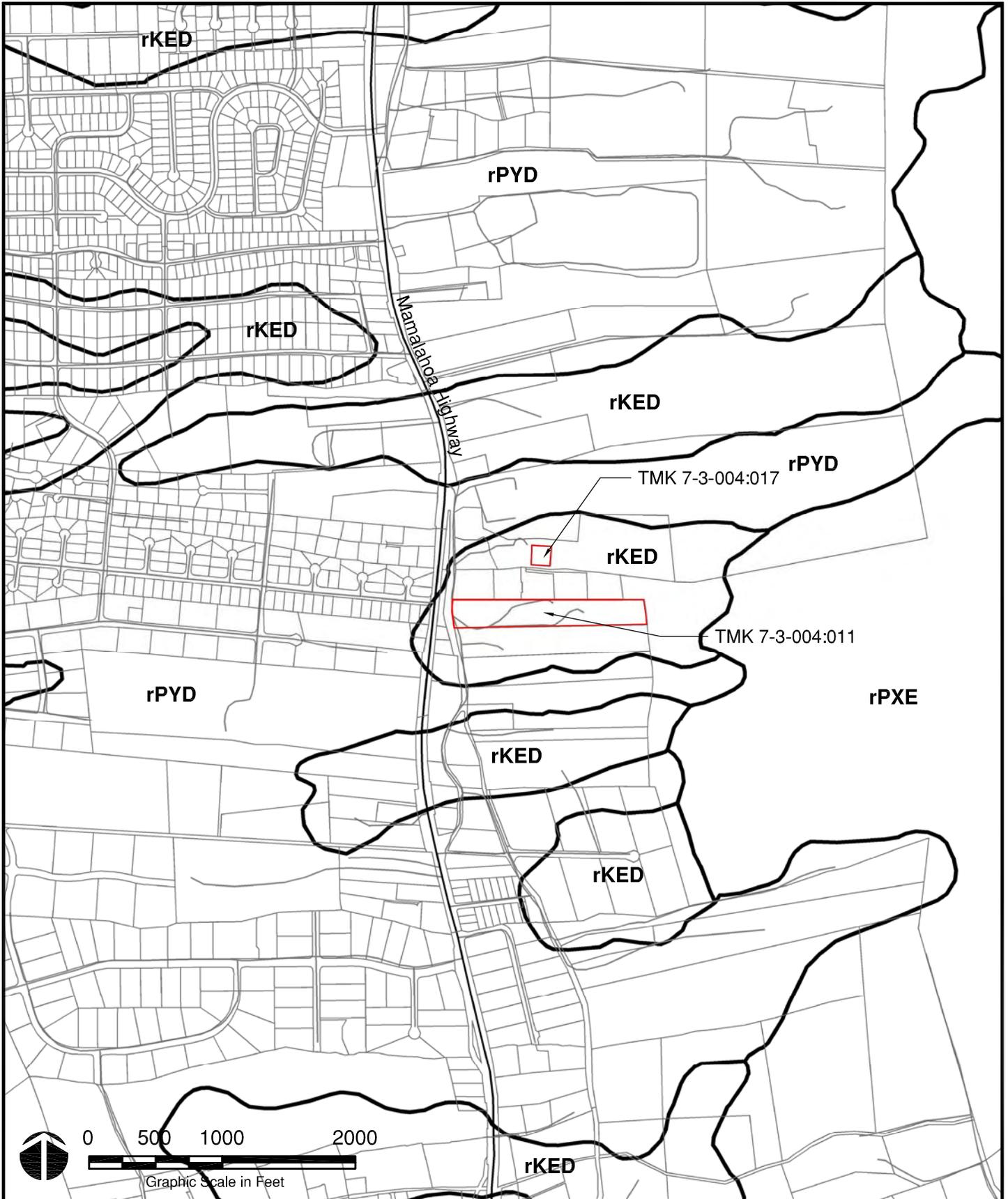
According to the U.S. Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), the soil type in the project area is Kaimu (rKED) and rPYD (see Figure 6):

Kaimu extremely stony peat, 6 to 20 percent slopes (rKED) – This series covers the majority of the project site and consists of well-drained, thin organic soils over Aa lava. This soil is at low elevations on Mauna Loa. They receive from 40 to 60 inches of rainfall annually. Permeability is rapid, runoff is slow, and the erosion hazard is slight. In a representative profile the surface layer is very dark brown, extremely stony peat about three inches thick. It is underlain by fragmental Aa lava. This soil is neutral in reaction. This soil is not suitable for cultivation. Most of it is in native woodland. Small areas are used for pasture, macadamia nuts, papaya, and citrus fruits.

Punaluu extremely rocky peat, 6 to 20 percent slope (rPYD) – This series extends in the alternative pipeline project area and consists of well-drained, thin organic soils over pahoehoe lava bedrock. These soils are gently sloping to moderately steep. They receive 60 to 90 inches of rainfall annually. Rock outcrops occupy 40 to 50 percent of the surface. The peat is rapidly permeable and the pahoehoe lava is very slowly permeable, although water moves rapidly through the cracks. Runoff is slow, and erosion hazard is slight. Roots are matted over the pahoehoe lava. The soil is good for pasture.

The 1965 *Detailed Land Classification – Island of Hawaii* published by the University of Hawaii Land Study Bureau (LSB), evaluates the productive quality and capacity for selected crops, as well as the overall suitability for agricultural use on the Island of Hawaii. A five-class productivity rating system was established with “A” representing the highest productivity and “E” the lowest. The project site was rated within the “D” and “E” which indicates very poor productivity. The proposed reservoir and majority of transmission lines and twin lines are within category “D”. The alternate pipeline located on Old Government Road and crossing through the northern intersection of Old Government Road and Mamalahoa Highway is located in category “E”.

The *Agricultural Lands of Importance in the State of Hawaii (ALISH) Map*, prepared by the State Department of Agriculture, classifies lands into three



KALAOA WATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS

# SOILS MAP

FIGURE  
6

categories: 1) prime agricultural land, 2) unique agricultural land, and 3) other important agricultural land. The project site is classified "Other Important Agricultural Land". The alternate pipeline located on Old Government Road and crossing through the northern intersection of Kalaoa and Mamalahoa Highway is not located in any designated ALISH (see Figure 7).

### **Impacts and Mitigation Measures**

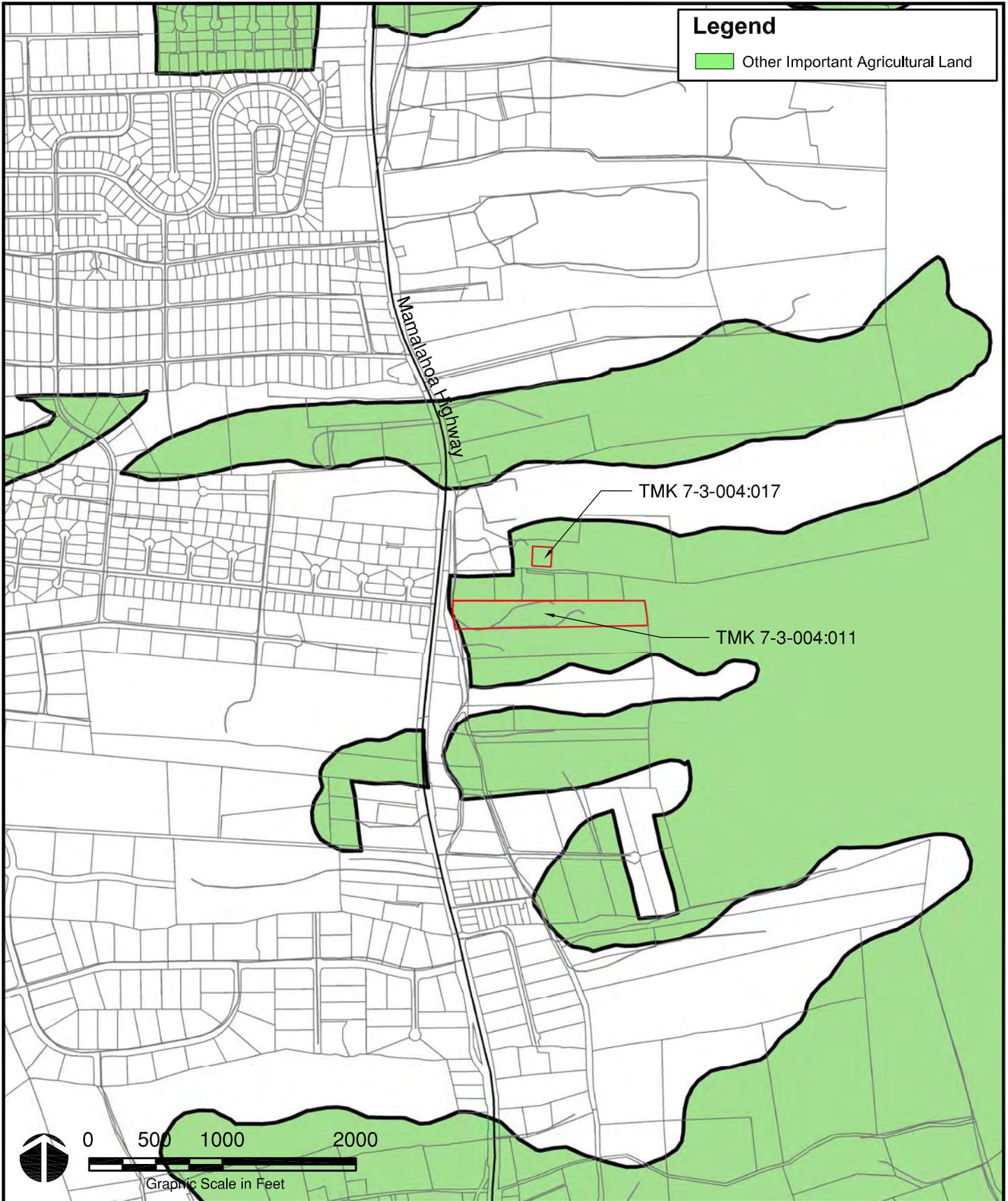
No significant short-term impacts on soils are anticipated as a result of construction at the project site. Storm runoff from the project site during site preparation will be controlled in compliance with the Hawaii County's "Storm Drainage Standard," October 1970. All grading work will comply with Chapter 10 of the Hawaii County Code. Grading operations will also comply with the Erosion and Sedimentation Control Standards and Guidelines of the County of Hawaii Department of Public Works, as well as Hawaii Administrative Rules (HAR), Title 11, Chapters 54 and 55 regarding Water Quality Standards and Water Pollution Control, respectively. The area of soil disturbance at the project site, which includes the reservoir site and transmission lines will exceed one acre. Therefore, pursuant to HAR Chapter 11-55, a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit for Construction Storm Water Activities will be required from the State of Hawaii Department of Health (DOH) before construction begins at the proposed project site. In conjunction with the NPDES permit, a Best Management Practices (BMP) Plan will be prepared for construction activities within the project site. The BMP may include typical mitigation measures such as using silt fences, protecting inlets and catch basins, appropriately stockpiling materials on-site to prevent runoff and building over, and establishing landscaping as early as possible on disturbed soils to minimize length of exposure.

No significant long-term impacts on soils are anticipated in or near the project site. To minimize erosion and sedimentation, areas disturbed during construction will be built over, paved, or landscaped as soon as possible.

With the use of appropriate erosion controls, no significant cumulative short-term or long-term impacts are anticipated as a result of the proposed development.

### **3.5 Coastal Water Quality**

There are no surface streams within or near the project site. The nearest coastal water body is the Pacific Ocean, located approximately 4.9 miles west of the project site. The coastal waters in this area are designated Class AA by the DOH. As stated in HAR, 11-54-03(c)(1), "it is the objective of Class AA waters that these waters remain in their natural pristine state as nearly as possible, with an absolute minimum of pollution or alteration of water quality from any human-



KALAOA WATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS

ALISH MAP

FIGURE  
7

caused source or actions. To the extent practicable, the wilderness character of these areas shall be protected". No part of the project site is located within or adjacent to a wetland identified by or delineated on maps issued by the U.S. Department of Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service.

### **Impacts and Mitigation Measures**

No significant short-term impacts on coastal or surface waters are anticipated as a result of construction activities for the proposed project. Storm runoff from the project site during site preparation will be controlled in compliance with the Hawaii County's "Storm Drainage Standard," October 1970. All grading work will comply with Chapter 10 of the Hawaii County Code. Grading operations will also comply with the Erosion and Sedimentation Control Standards and Guidelines of the County of Hawaii Department of Public Works, as well as Chapters 11-54 and 11-55, HAR, regarding Water Quality Standards and Water Pollution Control, respectively. The area of soil disturbance at the project site, which includes the proposed reservoir and improved transmission lines will exceed one acre. Therefore, pursuant to HAR Chapter 11-55, a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Notice of Intent (NOI) for Construction Storm Water Activities will be required from the State of Hawaii Department of Health (DOH) before construction begins at the proposed project site. In conjunction with the NPDES NOI, a Best Management Practices (BMP) Plan will be prepared for construction activities within the project site. The BMP may include typical mitigation measures such as using silt fences, protecting inlets and catch basins, appropriately stockpiling materials on-site to prevent runoff and building over, and establishing landscaping as early as possible on disturbed soils to minimize length of exposure.

No significant long-term impacts on coastal or surface waters are anticipated as a result of construction activities for the proposed project. Areas disturbed during construction will be built over, paved, or landscaped to minimize erosion and sedimentation.

No significant cumulative short-term or long-term impacts on coastal waters are anticipated as a result of the proposed Kalaoa Reservoir improvements at the project site. With appropriate erosion-control measures applied during and following construction, the potential for significant cumulative impacts will be minimized.

### **3.6 Flood Hazard**

Based on the Flood Insurance Rate Map prepared by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, the project site is designated Zone X, "areas determined to be outside of the 500-year flood plain.

**Impacts and Mitigation Measures**

The project site is outside the 500-year flood plain; no impacts related to flooding are anticipated.

**3.7 Volcanic Hazard**

The U.S. Geological Survey has prepared maps to determine the history and severity of volcanic hazards on the island of Hawaii. The island is divided into nine zones based on past coverage of lava flows, Zone 1 being the most hazardous and Zone 9 being the least hazardous. The Kona districts are identified as having lava flow zones 1 through 4. According to the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS), the project site is located in Volcanic Hazard Zone 4. The project site is located on the slopes of Hualalai, an active volcano in the post shield stage whose most recent eruptions occurred 200 years ago. Hualalai is a potentially dangerous volcano that is likely to erupt in the next hundred years (Juvik and Juvik, 1998). Hazard zones from lava flows are primarily based on the location and frequency of both historic and prehistoric eruptions. Hualalai is in a single zone because its slopes are steep, and flows could cover the distance between potential vent sites and the coast (Juvik and Juvik, 1998). The hazard is essentially equal anywhere on the volcano.

**Impacts and Mitigation Measures**

The proposed project site is located close to previously developed areas subject to the same level of risk associated with volcanic hazards. Thus, the proposed project will marginally increase the amount of development in the vicinity that is exposed to those volcanic hazards.

**3.8 Seismic Hazard**

The entire island of Hawai'i is in Earthquake Zone 4 of the Uniform Building Code, which establishes structural design standards for earthquake resistance for certain types of buildings. This zone is prone to major damage from earthquake activity.

**Impacts and Mitigation Measures**

To protect structures subject to seismic activity, the County of Hawaii in 1991 adopted the International Conference of Building Officials' (ICBO) Uniform Building Code (UBC) construction standards for Seismic Zone 4, the highest standards for seismic protection. The proposed project will be constructed to those standards, as applicable.

**3.9 Flora**

Palmer & Associates Consulting conducted a botanical survey of the study parcels (TMK 7-3-4:11 and 17) in December 2006. The survey also included a visual survey of the parcels. The survey is included in Appendix A and is summarized below.

The proposed reservoir parcel (TMK 7-3-4:11) is highly disturbed and occupied by mostly alien, introduced plants. Much of the site is dominated by introduced elephant grass (*Pennisetum purpureum*), with scattered introduced silk-oak (*Grevillea robusta*) trees. A few remnant native ohia also occur.

No endangered or rare plants were found in either of the two parcels and neither parcel contains unique or sensitive habitats. Both parcels are highly modified from their pristine condition, with the original native forest vegetation having been removed many years ago. Mauka of the two parcels and adjacent to the existing reservoir native forest occurs, but none of the proposed project actions will significantly affect the native forest.

No federally protected, threatened or endangered species of plants or animals are known to inhabit the proposed project site. According to the maps contained in the Critical Habitat Updates available at the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service's (USFWS) website, the proposed project site is not located within USFWS-proposed critical habitats for 47 plant species on the Island of Hawaii.

### **Impacts and Mitigation Measures**

The proposed project will have no negative effects on botanical resources in the native forest, native habitats or rare and endangered plants. No listed, candidate or proposed endangered plant species are likely to be found on the proposed project site; therefore, no significant adverse effects on such species or their habitats are anticipated as a result of the proposed project.

### **3.10 Fauna**

Rana Productions, Ltd. conducted a faunal survey of the study parcels (TMK 7-3-4:11 and 17) in January 2007. The survey is included in Appendix B and is summarized below.

A total of 233 individual birds of 17 different species, representing ten separate families were recorded during station counts. All species detected are considered to be alien to the Hawaiian Islands.

A total of five mammalian species were detected during the course of this survey, several dogs were either seen and, or heard in various yards associated with the houses present within the project area. Three small Indian mongooses (*Herpestes a. auropunctatus*) were seen in various locations on the site, as were two cats (*Felis catus*), and one pig (*Sus s. scrofa*). The Hawaiian hoary bat was not detected during the survey. All of the alien mammalian species recorded during this survey are deleterious to avian and floristic components of the remaining native ecosystems present on the Island.

Although not detected during the course of the study, it is likely that the endangered Hawaiian Hawks (*Buteo solitarius*) forage over the subject property

occasionally, as they are relatively distributed in the Kalaoa and Kaloko mauka areas (Klavitter 2000, David 2007). They are regularly seen foraging in the general project area.

Although not detected during this survey, it is possible that small numbers of the endangered endemic Hawaiian Petrel (*Pterodroma sandwichensis*), and the threatened Newell's Shearwater (*Puffinus auricularis newelli*) over-fly the project area between the months of May and November (Banko 1980a, 1980b, Day et al. 2003a, Harrison 1990).

### **Impacts and Mitigation Measures**

No listed, candidate or proposed endangered animal species are likely to be found on the proposed project site; therefore, no significant adverse effects on such species or their habitats are anticipated as a result of the proposed project.

The proposed project located on the two study parcels is not expected to result in deleterious impacts to any avian or mammalian species currently listed as threatened, endangered or proposed for listing under either the Federal, or State of Hawai'i endangered species programs. Furthermore, the development of the site is not expected to have a significant deleterious impact on native faunal resources found within the North Kona District.

To reduce the potential for interactions between nocturnally flying Hawaiian Petrels and Newell's Shearwaters with external lights and man-made structures, it is recommended that any external service or safety lighting that may be required in conjunction with the reservoir or pump site be shielded (Reed et al. 1985, Telfer et al. 1987). In the unlikely event that a Hawaiian Hawk nest is found during construction, work in the immediate vicinity of the nest should be halted immediately and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service should be contacted, and consulted with before work is resumed in close proximity to the nest tree.

### **3.11 Noise**

Ambient noise levels in the project area are generally low. Existing noise levels in the typically upland agricultural setting is primarily affected by residential properties, churches, and traffic along Mamalahoa Highway. The nearby Mauna Ziona Congregational Church and residential properties are noise sensitive uses in the vicinity of the project site.

### **Impacts and Mitigation Measures**

In the short term, noise from the proposed project-related construction activities is unavoidable. Operation of construction equipment and vehicles for the proposed reservoir grading and construction will raise ambient noise levels in the project vicinity. Adverse impacts will be

mitigated by performing work only during daytime hours. Noise during construction and normal hours of operation will follow the guidelines as stipulated in Chapter 11-46, HAR, Community Noise Control Regulations.

Following the completion of the project, ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project site may increase slightly due to the reactivation of water pumping and machinery systems related to the use of the proposed reservoir. The adjacent residential and religious uses may be affected by an increase of short-term noise from reservoir and pipeline construction and experience a marginal increase in the long-term created by the reservoir pump and generator systems.

### **3.12 Air Quality**

According to the State Department of Health's (DOH) 2003 Annual Summary Hawaii Air Quality Data, "Air quality in the State of Hawai'i continues to be one of the best in the nation and criteria pollutant levels remain well below state and federal ambient air quality standards". The report contains a five-year trend based on annual averages for particulates, sulfur dioxide and nitrogen dioxide and annual averages of daily maximum 1-hour values recorded for ozone and carbon monoxide from 1999 to 2003. During this period, the averages were well below federal standards and the more stringent State standards for carbon monoxide and nitrogen dioxide.

The DOH maintains a special purpose air quality monitoring station for "vog" in Kealakekua. Located on the grounds of Konawaena High School, the station samples sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>). According to DOH's 2003 Annual Summary, levels measured at this station were well below State and federal standards.

Air quality in the vicinity of the project site may be affected by vehicle emissions from Mamalahoa Highway, Kaiminani Drive and Old Government Road. Agricultural activities, such as coffee farming, in the area may occasionally generate dust. The reservoir water is treated using a chlorine system, when operating properly, the chlorine system is odorless.

#### **Impacts and Mitigation Measures**

The proposed project will have short-term construction-related impacts on air quality, including the generation of dust and emissions from construction vehicles, equipment and commuting construction workers. The construction contractor is responsible for complying with Chapter 11-60.1, HAR, regarding air pollution control, and in particular, Chapter 11-60.1-32 and 11-60.1-33, fugitive dust and the prohibition of visible dust emissions at property boundaries.

Mitigation measures to address short-term impacts include:

- Minimizing the movement of construction vehicles during peak traffic periods to avoid traffic congestion and associated increase in vehicular emissions; and
- Controlling the generation of fugitive dust through frequent watering of unpaved vehicular access routes and areas of disturbed soil within the project site and building over or landscaping disturbed soils as soon as possible to minimize the time of exposure.

In the long-term, the proposed project will have negligible air quality impact, as it will expand an existing use that has minimal air quality impacts.

### **3.13 Views**

The project site, which includes the proposed reservoir, transmission line improvements and alternate pipeline routes lies at an elevation ranging from 1,660 to 1,820. Upland Forest is located mauka of the proposed reservoir site, high grasses and forest terrain are located to south, and a residential property is located between the existing and proposed reservoirs. Makai views from the proposed reservoir site include the ocean, coastline and area surrounding Keahole Point and the Natural Energy Laboratory of Hawaii Authority (NELHA) (see Photographs C).

#### **Impacts and Mitigation Measures**

The proposed project will impact the side views of the parcel adjacent and between to both reservoirs. However, the most scenic views facing makai will not be affected as the reservoir will be constructed behind, or at a lower elevation than the surrounding developments (see Figure 3).

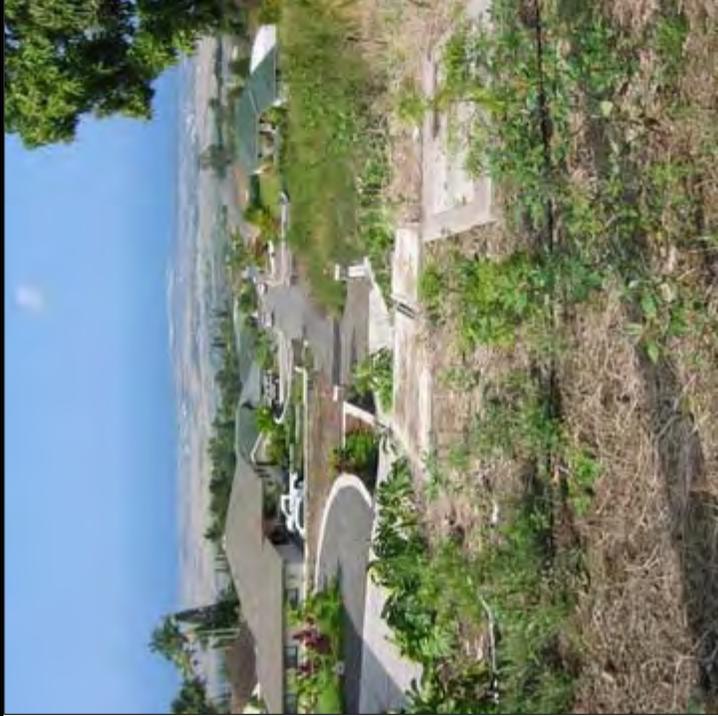
### **3.14 Archaeological, Historic and Cultural Resources**

Rechtman Consulting LLC submitted a request for determination of “no historic properties affected” associated with the placement of the proposed reservoir to the Department of Land and Natural Resources, State Historic Preservation Division (SHPD). Findings from previous studies were presented in the letter. The determination by SHPD is included in Appendix C and is summarized below.

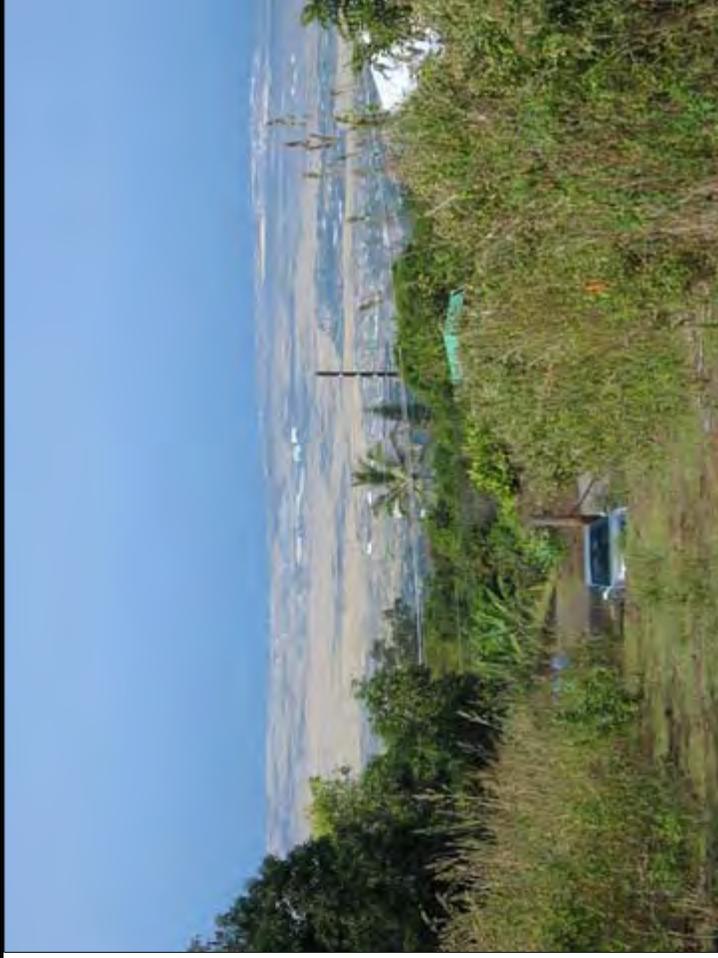
SHPD concluded that no historic properties will be affected by the proposed project because intensive cultivation has altered the land and, as noted in the request for determination letter, no historic properties are present at the project location.

#### **Impacts and Mitigation Measures**

No adverse impacts are anticipated. Should evidence of previously unknown historic properties, artifacts, lava tubes or blisters, human



Makai view from Mamalahoa Highway overlooking Kona Palisade Estates



Makai view from proposed reservoir site (TMK 7-3-004:11)



South facing view from Old Government Road and Mamalahoa intersection.



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**KALAOA WATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS**

**KALAOA VIEWPLANE**

Photographs

**C**

skeletal remains or other cultural materials be encountered during construction, all activities in the vicinity of the find will cease, the find shall be protected from harm, and the State Historic Preservation Division will be contacted, immediately.

There are no known cultural resources or practices occurring at the project site and the proposed project will not affect public access to cultural resources or for cultural practices such as hunting and gathering, which may occur mauka of the project site.

### **3.15 Socio-Economic Characteristics**

The proposed project site is within Census Tract (CT) 215.02. In 2000, the area had a population of 3,688 (US Census, 2000) (see Table 1). In comparison to the County as a whole, the following characterize CT 215.02:

- By age group, there is a higher proportion of people 20 to 64 years old, but a lower proportion of those 65 and older
- By racial mix, there are proportionately more Whites and fewer Asians
- Households have equally proportionate married-couple families and more non-family householders 65 years and older
- Homeownership is proportionately lower, and there are proportionately more vacant units; and
- Economic indicators show a higher percentage of those 16 and over in the work force, greater family and per capita income and lower proportion of families and individuals below the poverty level.

#### **Impacts and Mitigation Measures**

In the short-term, construction expenditures will confer some positive benefits to the local economy. This would include creation of some construction and construction support jobs, and generation of State and County Tax revenue, associated with construction expenditures.

In the long-term, the proposed project will provide needed improvements in the water system serving the area, to better serve domestic and fire protection needs.

### **3.16 Public Services and Facilities**

#### **3.16.1 Police Protection**

The project site is located within the Hawaii County Police Department's Kona District. The Kealakehe Police Station is located in Kealakehe, approximately five miles from the project site. Substations are located in Captain Cook, Kailua-Kona (Kailua Village), and Keauhou.

| <b>Table 1: Demographic Characteristics</b>           |                            |                |                         |                |
|---|----------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Subject</b>  | <b>Census Tract 215.02</b> |                | <b>County of Hawaii</b> |                |
|   | <b>Number</b>              | <b>Percent</b> | <b>Number</b>           | <b>Percent</b> |
| Total Population                                      | 3,688                      | 100            | 148,677                 | 100            |
| <b>AGE</b>  |                            |                |                         |                |
| Under 5 Years   | 183                        | 5              | 9,130                   | 6              |
| 5 to 19 years   | 751                        | 20             | 33,690                  | 23             |
| 20 to 64 years  | 2,329                      | 63             | 85,738                  | 58             |
| 65 years and over                                     | 425                        | 12             | 20,119                  | 13             |
| Median age (years)                                    | 40.9                       | --             | 38.6                    | --             |
| <b>RACE</b>   |                            |                |                         |                |
| White   | 1,806                      | 49             | 46,904                  | 32             |
| Asian   | 560                        | 15             | 39,702                  | 27             |
| Native Haw'n, other Pacific Islander                  | 416                        | 11             | 16,724                  | 11             |
| Two or more races                                     | 853                        | 23             | 42,288                  | 28             |
| Other   | 53                         | 2              | 3,059                   | 2              |
| <b>HOUSEHOLD (BY TYPE)</b>                            |                            |                |                         |                |
| <b>Total Households</b>                               | <b>1,419</b>               | <b>100</b>     | <b>52,985</b>           | <b>100</b>     |
| Family households (families)                          | 920                        | 65             | 36,903                  | 70             |
| children under 18 years                               | 413                        | 29             | 17,072                  | 32             |
| Married-couple family                                 | 726                        | 51             | 26,828                  | 51             |
| Children under 18 years                               | 304                        | 21             | 11,302                  | 21             |
| Female householder, no husband present                | 123                        | 9              | 7,000                   | 13             |
| Children under 18 years                               | 64                         | 5              | 4,095                   | 8              |
| Non-family households                                 | 499                        | 35             | 16,082                  | 30             |
| Average household size                                | 2.6                        | --             | 2.75                    | --             |
| <b>HOUSING OCCUPANCY AND TENURE</b>                   |                            |                |                         |                |
| <b>Total Housing Units</b>                            | <b>1,551</b>               | <b>100</b>     | <b>62,674</b>           | <b>100</b>     |
| Occupied units  | 1,419                      | 91             | 52,985                  | 85             |
| By owner  | 781                        | 50             | 34,175                  | 55             |
| By renter   | 638                        | 41             | 18,810                  | 30             |
| Vacant units  | 132                        | 9              | 9,689                   | 15             |
| Homeownership rate                                    | --                         | 55.0           | --                      | 64.5           |
| <b>SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>                         |                            |                |                         |                |
| Population 25 years and over                          | 2,610                      | 100            | 97,708                  | 100            |
| High school graduate or higher                        | 735                        | 28             | 30,653                  | 31             |
| Bachelor's degree or higher                           | 738                        | 28             | 21,595                  | 22             |
| <b>ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS</b>                       |                            |                |                         |                |
| In labor force (pop. 16 & over)                       | 2,073                      | 70             | 70,791                  | 62             |
| Median household income (dollars)                     | 46,100                     | --             | 39,805                  | --             |
| Median family income (dollars)                        | 60,724                     | --             | 46,480                  | --             |
| Per capita income (dollars)                           | 24,634                     | --             | 18,791                  | --             |
| Source: Census 2000, Summary File 1, 100-Percent Data |                            |                |                         |                |

### 3.16.2 Fire Protection

A 24-hour fire facility is located in Kailua-Kona with fire and emergency services and rescue capabilities. The Kailua-Kona Fire Station is approximately five miles from the project site. Fire stations are also located in Keauhou and Captain

Cook. A volunteer Fire Station is located in Kalaoa mauka, across of the Lokahi Subdivision on Kaiminani Drive.

#### **Impacts and Mitigation Measures**

Due to the nature of the proposed improvements, significant impacts to fire services and demand for fire services are not anticipated. The proposed project will have a beneficial impact on fire protection throughout the water service area by increasing water supply and storage capacity for more reliable service for domestic demand as well as fire protection.

### **3.16.3 Health Care Services**

Kona Community Hospital is a full service hospital located in Kealakehe, approximately 15 miles from the project site. Hospital services include acute in-patient medical and surgical care, obstetrics, skilled nursing, intensive care, and outpatient surgery. Outpatient and ancillary services include a 24-hour emergency room, laboratory, radiology, pharmacy, occupational, physical, respiratory, and speech therapy, and dietary services.

#### **Impacts and Mitigation Measures**

Due to the nature of the proposed improvements, significant impacts to medical services are not expected.

### **3.16.4 Public Education Services**

The Kona public school system comprises the Konawaena and Kealakehe High School complexes.

The Konawaena High School complex includes Konawaena Elementary School, Konawaena Middle School, Konawaena High School, Hookena Elementary School and Honaunau Elementary School.

The Kealakehe High School complex comprises Kealakehe High School, Kealakehe Intermediate School, Holualoa Elementary School, Kealakehe Elementary School, and Kahakai Elementary School.

#### **Impacts and Mitigation Measures**

The proposed project does not involve residential construction and will not increase demand for public school services.

### **3.16.5 Recreation**

Numerous public recreational resources are provided throughout North and South Kona. Kailua Park, Kona Imin Center, Hale Halawai and the Harold H. Higashihara Park are in close proximity to the project site.

#### **Impacts and Mitigation Measures**

The proposed project does not involve residential construction and will not increase demand for recreational facilities and services.

### 3.17 Roadway System and Traffic

The proposed one million gallon reservoir and facility improvements would be located within, and as far as, approximately 815 feet mauka of Mamalahoa Highway with alternative pipeline replacement work ranging from 450 to 1,250 feet along Mamalahoa Highway between Old Government Road and Kaiminani Drive.

#### Impacts and Mitigation Measures

In the short-term, construction activities at the project site will generate traffic associated with commuting construction workers, delivery of construction material, removal of construction wastes, and movement of construction equipment. Associated delays are expected to be intermittent and relatively brief. The installation of the larger diameter pipe along Mamalahoa Highway will likely cause delays due to the presence of heavy equipment and the movement of materials on and near the highway. In the short-term, construction activities requiring periodic lane closures will inconvenience area residents and businesses.

Traffic mitigation measures will be prepared to address all phases of construction activity. The State Department of Transportation (DOT) will be consulted in developing a specific traffic mitigation plan in conjunction with the design phase for improvements within or affecting State highways. The traffic mitigation plan will be submitted to the DOT for review and approval in conjunction with plans for proposed improvements within the highway right-of-way. In the long-term, traffic at the proposed project site will be limited to that associated with occasional maintenance and testing at the facility.

### 3.18 Utilities

#### 3.18.1 Water System

The existing water system is maintained by DWS. The proposed project consists of upgrading the DWS infrastructure at the site and constructing an additional reservoir system and transmission pipelines that will be dedicated to DWS.

#### Impacts and Mitigation Measures

Implementation of the reservoir improvements will not increase the demand for water in the vicinity. The improvements will increase water supply in the area for existing demand, fire protection, and domestic uses.

#### 3.18.2 Wastewater System

The project site is not served by a wastewater treatment facility.

#### Impacts and Mitigation Measures

The proposed project will not generate wastewater.

### 3.18.3 Drainage

The project site is located at the edge of a forested area extending up the slopes of Haulalai. There are no surface streams or drainage ways within or near the project site.

#### **Impacts and Mitigation Measures**

Storm runoff from the project site during site preparation will be controlled in compliance with the Hawaii County's "Storm Drainage Standard," October 1970. All grading work will comply with Chapter 10 of the Hawaii County Code. Grading operations will also comply with the Erosion and Sedimentation Control Standards and Guidelines of the County of Hawaii Department of Public Works, as well as Chapters 11-54 and 11-55, HAR, regarding Water Quality Standards and Water Pollution Control, respectively. The area of soil disturbance at the project site, which includes the proposed reservoir and improved transmission lines will exceed one acre. Therefore, pursuant to HAR Chapter 11-55, a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Notice of Intent (NOI) for Construction Storm Water Activities will be required from the State of Hawaii Department of Health (DOH) before construction begins at the proposed project site. In conjunction with the NPDES NOI, a Best Management Practices (BMP) Plan will be prepared for construction activities within the project site. The BMP may include typical mitigation measures such as using silt fences, protecting inlets and catch basins, appropriately stockpiling materials on-site to prevent runoff and building over, and establishing landscaping as early as possible on disturbed soils to minimize length of exposure.

### 3.18.4 Electrical and Communications Systems

Hawaii Electric Light Company (HELCO) supplies electrical power to the DWS facility.

#### **Impacts and Mitigation Measures**

The proposed increase in pumping rate from 500 gpm to 700 gpm at the reactivated well within the existing Kalaoa Reservoir facility will proportionately increase electrical demand.

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## 4. RELATIONSHIP TO LAND USE PLANS AND POLICIES

### 4.1 State Land Use Districts

The State Land Use Law, Chapter 205, Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS), is intended to preserve, protect and encourage the development of lands in the State for uses that are best suited to the public health and welfare of Hawaii's people. The State Land Use Commission classifies all lands in the State into four land use districts: Urban, Agricultural, Conservation, and Rural.

The project activities are within the State Land Use "Agricultural" district and are consistent with this designation (see Figure 8).

### 4.2 County Zoning

The County of Hawaii zoning ordinance sets forth specific development regulations to implement the policies of the County General Plan. The project site is within the Agricultural (A-20a) zoning district (see Figure 9). The reservoir and associated facility improvements are permitted uses in that Agricultural zoning district.

### 4.3 County General Plan

The County of Hawaii General Plan sets forth goals and policies for the long-range comprehensive development of the Island of Hawaii. The project site is within the Important Agricultural Lands and Low Density Urban area of the Land Use Pattern Allocation Guide (LUPAG) (see Figure 10). The proposed project is consistent with the following goals, policies and standards of the County of Hawaii General Plan, which was adopted by the Hawaii County Council in February 2005:

#### A. Economic

##### Goals

- Economic development and improvement shall be in balance with the physical, social, and cultural environments of the island of Hawaii.

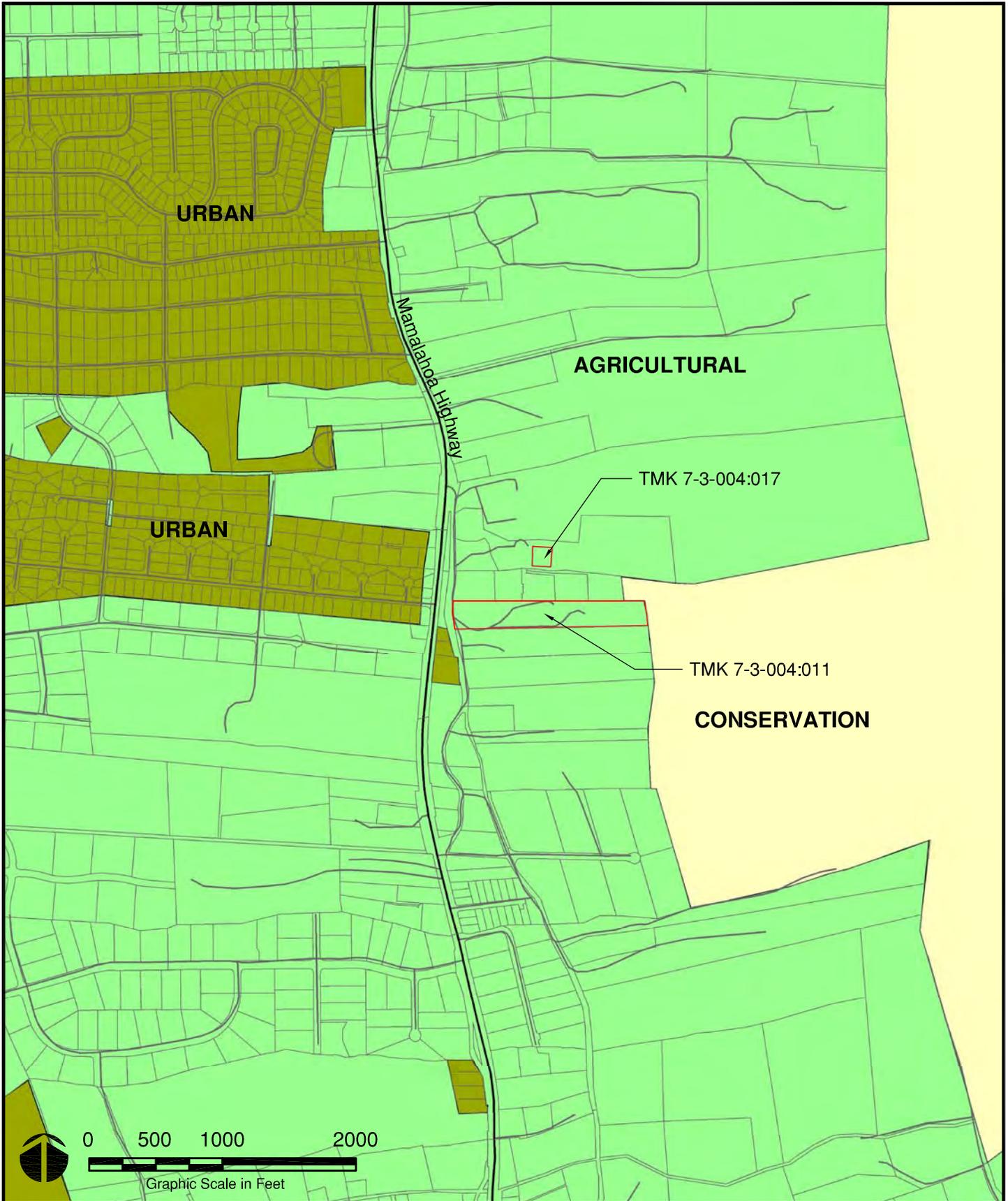
##### Policies

- Require a study of the significant cultural, social and physical impacts of large developments prior to approval.
- The land, water, sea, and people shall be considered as essential resources for present and future generations and should be protected and enhanced through the use of economic incentives.

#### B. Flooding and Other Natural Hazards

##### Goals

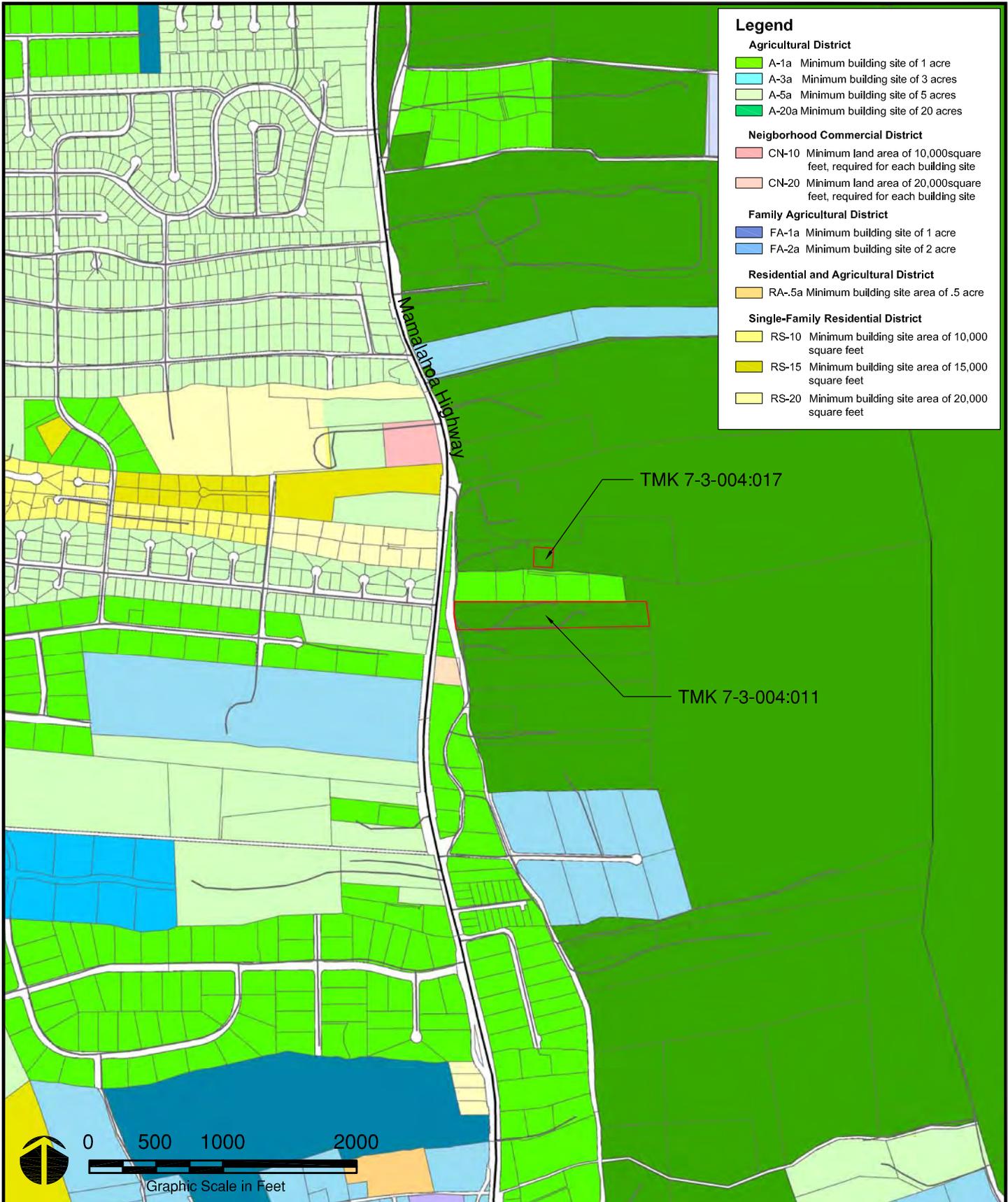
- Protect Human life.
- Prevent damage to man-made improvements

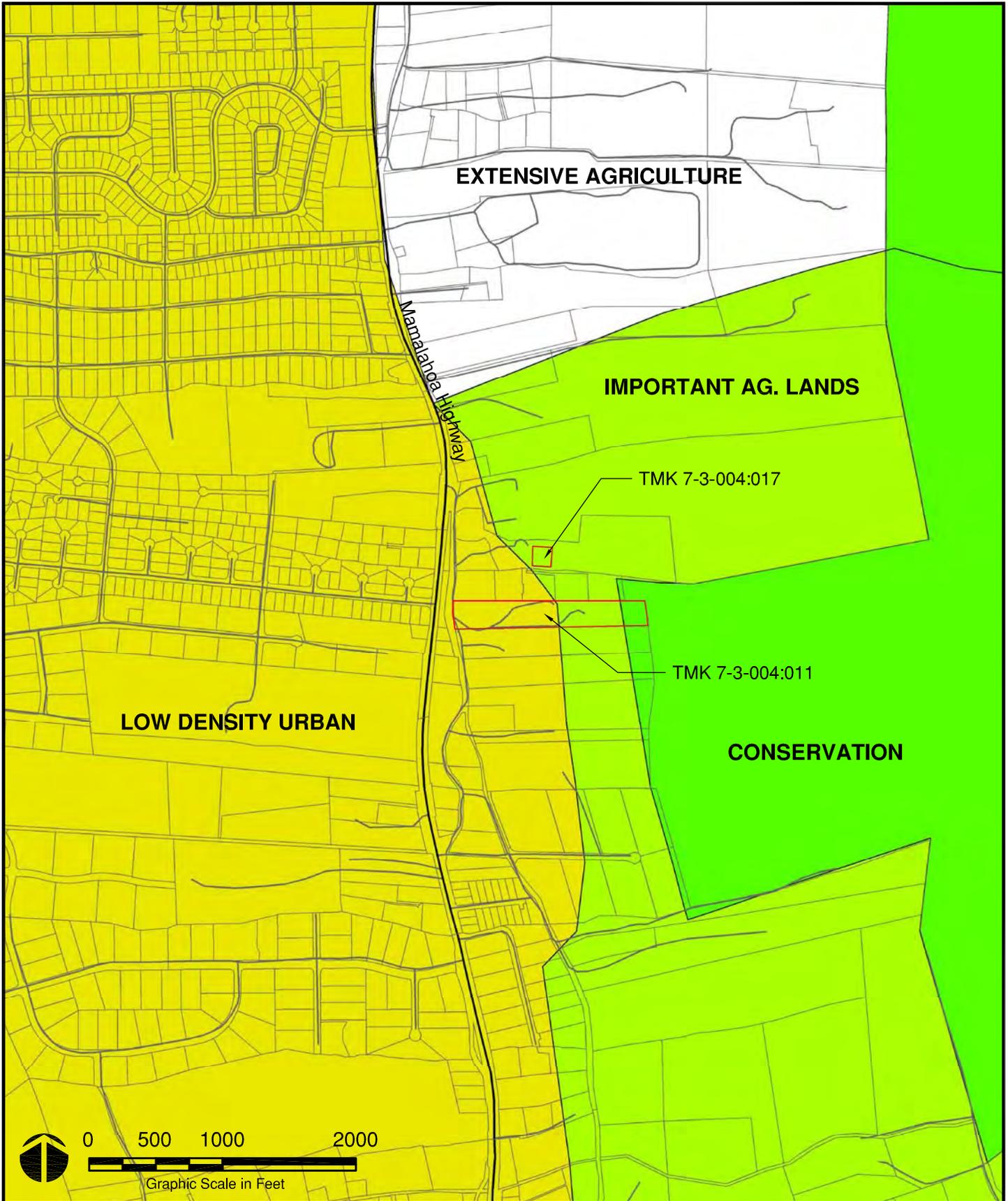


KALAOA WATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS

# STATE LAND USE MAP

FIGURE  
8





KALAOA WATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS

LAND USE PATTERN ALLOCATION GUIDE (LUPAG)

FIGURE  
10

- Control pollution.
- Reduce surface water and sediment runoff.
- Maximize soil and water conservation.

#### Policies

- Development-generated runoff shall be disposed of in a manner acceptable to the Department of Public Works and in compliance with State and Federal laws.
- The County and the private sector shall be responsible for maintaining and improving existing drainage systems and constructing new drainage facilities.

#### Standards

- “Storm Drainage Standards,” County of Hawaii, October, 1970, and as revised.
- Applicable standards and regulations of Chapter 10, “Erosion and Sedimentation Control,” of the Hawaii County Code.

### C. Natural Beauty

#### Goals

- Protect scenic vistas and view planes from becoming obstructed.
- Maximize opportunities for present and future generations to appreciate and enjoy natural and scenic beauty.

#### Policies

- Protect the views of areas endowed with natural beauty by carefully considering the effects of proposed construction during all land use reviews.

#### Standards

The following standards provide guidelines for designating sites and vistas of extraordinary natural beauty that shall be protected.

- Vistas of distinctive features.

### D. Public Utilities

#### Goals

- Ensure that properly regulated, adequate, efficient and dependable public and private utility services are available to users.
- Maximize efficiency and economy in the provision of public utility services.
- Design public utility facilities to fit into their surroundings or concealed from public view.

Policies

- Public utility facilities shall be designed to complement adjacent land uses and shall be operated to minimize pollution or disturbance.
- Provide utilities and service facilities that minimize total cost to the public and effectively service the needs of the community.
- Improvement of existing utility services shall be encouraged to meet the needs of users.
- All water systems shall be designed and built to Department of Water Supply standards.

Standards

- Public and private water systems shall meet the requirements of the Department of Water Supply and the Subdivision Control Code.

## **5. ALTERNATIVES TO THE PROPOSED ACTION**

### **5.1 No Action Alternative**

The No Action Alternative would not fulfill a water facilities agreement between the applicant and the DWS, nor would it help meet existing demand for fire protection and domestic needs in the service area.

### **5.2 Alternative Project Improvements**

After discussions regarding the acquisition of land from landowners of parcels in the vicinity of the project area, the present site was chosen based on the landowner's willingness to accommodate the proposed project and sell land to the applicant selected. Alternative routes for pipelines are being considered.

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## 6. DETERMINATION OF FONSI

This Final EA has been prepared and processed in compliance with Chapter 343, Hawaii Revised Statutes, and Title 11, Chapter 200, Hawaii Administrative Rules (HAR), Department of Health. Following a review of written comments received during the public comment period and of the written responses to those comments, potential impacts of the proposed project were evaluated in accordance with the significance criteria of Section 11-200-12 of the Department of Health's Administrative Rules. Based on its review, the County of Hawaii, Department of Water Supply has determined that the proposed project will not have a significant impact and, on that basis, is filing this Final EA and FONSI. Discussion of the project's conformance to the aforementioned significance criteria is presented as follows:

*(1) Involve an irrevocable commitment to loss or destruction of any natural cultural resource;*

The project will not involve irrevocable loss or destruction of any natural cultural resource, as discussed in Section 3.14.

*(2) Curtail the range of beneficial uses of the environment;*

The project will not curtail the beneficial uses of the environment.

*(3) Conflict with the state's long-term environmental policies or goals and guidelines as expressed in Chapter 344, HRS, and any revisions thereof and amendments thereto, court decisions, or executive orders;*

The proposed actions adhere to the State's long-term environmental policies, goals and guidelines for the State and County Agricultural district (see Figure 8, 9 and 10). Consistent with the State's environmental policy purpose in Section 344-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS), the proposed reservoir and pipeline improvements encourage, "productive and enjoyable harmony between people and their environment, promoting efforts which will prevent or eliminate damage to the environment and biosphere and stimulate the health and welfare of humanity".

*(4) Substantially affect the economic or social welfare of the community or state;*

Periodic road and lane closure during the alternative pipeline improvements will be an inconvenience for residents, businesses and visitors traveling through the project area. Proposed limitations on the time and days of road and lane closures would be permitted and are based on minimizing such inconvenience. In the long-term, the proposed project will benefit the economic or social welfare by meeting the water service needs in the region

by addressing existing and projected water demands for fire protection and domestic uses.

*(5) Substantially affect public health;*

No impacts to the public's health and welfare are anticipated.

*(6) Involve substantial secondary impacts, such as population changes or effects on public facilities;*

No substantial secondary impacts are anticipated as a result of the project since the proposed project does not affect population change or diminish the quality of public facilities.

*(7) Involve a substantial degradation of environmental quality;*

Construction activities associated with the proposed project are anticipated to result in relatively insignificant short-term impacts to noise, air quality, and traffic in the immediate project vicinity.

*(8) Individually limited but cumulatively has considerable effect upon the environment or involves a commitment for larger actions;*

The proposed project will not have significant cumulative impacts or involve a commitment for larger actions. Its purpose is to address water needs of a previously approved development, the Seascape Condominium affordable housing project, as well as existing demand in the water service area.

*(9) Substantially affect a rare, threatened or endangered species, or its habitat;*

There are no known rare, threatened or endangered species of flora or fauna or associated habitat on the project site that could be adversely affected, as discussed in Section 3.9 and 3.10.

*(10) Detrimentially affect air or water quality or ambient noise levels;*

No significant short or long term detrimental impacts on water quality, ambient noise levels, or air are anticipated, as discussed in Sections 3.3, 3.11, and 3.12, respectively.

*(11) Affect or is likely to suffer damage by being located in an environmentally - sensitive area such as a flood plain, tsunami zone, beach, erosion-prone area, geologically hazardous land, estuary, fresh water, or coastal waters;*

No significant short- or long-term impacts on environmentally sensitive areas are anticipated. The proposed reservoir and transmission line improvement

measures will not suffer damage by being located in the geological hazardous zone as discussed in Sections 3.6, 3.7, and 3.8.

- (12) *Substantially affect scenic vistas and view planes identified in county or state plans or studies; or*

No significant impact on scenic vistas and view planes identified in county or state plans or studies is anticipated, as discussed in Section 3.13.

- (13) *Require substantial energy consumption.*

Project construction will not require a substantial increase in energy consumption as discussed in Section 3.18.4.

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## 7. REFERENCES

1. Brock, Richard. *Changes in West Hawaii Coastal Groundwater with Development* (PowerPoint presentation). Kona Water Roundtable Informational Meeting 2. July 23, 2008.
2. County of Hawaii, Civil Defense Agency. *Multi-Hazard Mitigation Plan*. February 2005.
3. George A.L. Yuen & Associates. *State Water Resources Protection Plan*. State of Hawaii, Review Draft March 1992.
4. Hawaii State Department of Agriculture. *The Agricultural Lands of Importance in the State of Hawaii*. 1977.
5. Hawaii State, Department of Business Economic Development & Tourism (DBEDT). *State of Hawaii Data Book 2005*. <http://www.hawaii.gov/dbedt/info/economic/databook>.
6. Hawaii State Department of Health. *Annual Summary Hawaii Air Quality Data*. 2000.
7. Hawaii State Department of Business, Economic Development, and Tourism. *The Hawaii Census 2000*. <http://www.hawaii.gov/dbedt/census2k/index.html> (November 6, 2002).
8. Land Study Bureau. *Detailed Land Classification- Island of Oahu*. L.S.B. Bulletin No. 11, December 1972.
9. Macdonald, Gordon A., A.T. Abbott and Frank L. Peterson. *Volcanoes in the Sea, The Geology of Hawaii, Second Edition*. 1986.
10. State Commission on Water Resource Management (CWRM) (1995). *Ground Water Hydrologic Unit Map – Island of Hawaii*. <http://www.hawaii.gov/dlnr/cwrn/data/gwhawaii.pdf>
11. Stearns, Harold T. *Geology of the State of Hawaii, Second Edition*. 1985
12. University of Hawaii, Department of Geography. *Atlas of Hawaii*. The University Press of Hawaii, Honolulu, Third Edition 1998.
13. United States Department of Agriculture Soil Conservation Service. *Soil Survey of Islands of Kauai, Oahu, Maui, Molokai, and Lanai, State of Hawaii*, August 1972.

14. U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency. *Flood Insurance Rate Map, Panel Number 15003C0370 E*. November 20, 2000.
15. U.S. Geological Survey. *Recent Hydrologic Conditions, West Hawaii*. Pacific Islands Water Science Center, May 7, 2008.

## 8. CONSULTATION

### 8.1 Pre-Assessment Consultation

Pre-assessment consultation was conducted in December 8, 2006. The following agencies and organizations were contacted during the preparation of the Draft EA. Of the seven parties that formally replied during the pre-assessment period, some had no comments, as indicated by the ✓, while others provided substantive comments, as indicated by ✓✓. All written comments are reproduced herein.

#### Federal

- ✓✓ U.S. Army Engineer Division
- U.S. Natural Resources Conservation Services

#### State

- Department of Business, Economic Development and Tourism (DBEDT)
- DBEDT, Office of Planning
- ✓ DBEDT, Land Use Commission
- Department of Health (DOH)
- ✓ DOH, Office of Environmental Quality Control
- ✓ Department of Land and Natural Resources (DLNR)
- DLNR, Historic Preservation Division
- ✓ DLNR, Engineering Division
- ✓✓ Office of Hawaiian Affairs

#### County of Hawaii

- Department of Parks and Recreation
- ✓✓ Planning Department
- Department of Public Works
- Department of Water Supply

#### Organizations/Individuals

- Kona Palisades Estates Community Association
- Mauna Ziona Congregational Church
- Earl Wheaton
- Hoona
- Robert Freitas
- Pine Tree Land Company
- Akaiko G Akana Trust
- Kelvin Anderson

## 8.2 Parties Consulted During the Draft EA Comment Period

Copies of the Draft EA were transmitted to the following agencies and organizations for review and comment during the public comment period. Notice of the availability of the Draft EA was noticed in the April 23, 2008 issue of The Environmental Notice. The public comment period extended from April 23, 2008 to May 23, 2008. Of the nine parties that replied, some had no comments, as indicated by the ✓, while others provided substantive comments, as indicated by ✓✓. All written comments are reproduced herein.

### Federal

- ✓✓ U.S. Army Engineer Division, Regulatory Branch
- ✓ U.S. Army Engineer Division, Civil Works Technical Branch
- ✓✓ National Park Service

### State

- Department of Business, Economic Development and Tourism (DBEDT)
- ✓✓ Department of Health (DOH), Environmental Planning Office
- DOH, Office of Environmental Quality Control
- ✓ Department of Land and Natural Resources (DLNR), Land Division
- ✓✓ DLNR, Historic Preservation Division
- ✓✓ Office of Hawaiian Affairs
- ✓✓ Department of Transportation

### County of Hawaii

- Department of Parks and Recreation
- ✓ Planning Department
- Department of Public Works
- Department of Water Supply

### Organizations/Individuals

- Kona Palisades Estates Community Association
- Kailua-Kona Public Library
- Ruby McDonald (OHA-Kailua-Kona)
- Janice Yang (Association of Hawaiian Civic Clubs-Kona Branch)

# Pre Assessment Comment Letters





DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY  
U.S. ARMY ENGINEER DISTRICT, HONOLULU  
BUILDING 223  
FORT SHAFTER, HAWAII 96858-5440

REPLY TO  
ATTENTION OF: CEPOH-EC-T

December 12, 2006

EM  
FD

Civil Works Technical Branch

Mr. Earl Matsukawa, Project Manager  
Wilson Okamoto Corporation  
1907 South Beretania Street, Suite 702  
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

RECEIVED  
DEC 12 2006  
WILSON OKAMOTO CORPORATION

Dear Mr. Matsukawa:

Thank you for the opportunity to review and comment on the Pre-Assessment Consultation for a Draft Environmental Assessment for the Kalaoa Reservoir Improvements, Kalaoa, Island of Hawaii (Tax Map Keys: 7-3-4: 11 and 17). According to the Flood Insurance Rate Map Index dated April 2, 2004, panels have not been printed for this area. These areas have been determined as Zone X (unshaded; outside of the 500-year floodplain).

The documents have been forwarded to our Regulatory Branch to determine Department of the Army permit requirements. They will respond to your office under separate cover. Should you require additional information, please contact Ms. Jessie Dobinchick of my staff at (808) 438-8876.

Sincerely,

James Pennaz, P.E.  
Chief, Civil Works Technical Branch



**STATE OF HAWAII**  
DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT & TOURISM  
**LAND USE COMMISSION**

P.O. Box 2359  
Honolulu, Hawaii 96804-2359  
Telephone: 808-587-3822  
Fax: 808-587-3827

Em

January 2, 2007

Mr. Earl Matsukawa, Project Manager  
Wilson Okamoto Corporation  
1907 S. Beretania Street, Suite 400  
Honolulu, Hawaii 96826

RECEIVED  
JAN 04 2007  
WILSON OKAMOTO CORPORATION

Dear Mr. Matsukawa:

Subject: Pre-Assessment Consultation  
Draft Environmental Assessment  
Kalaoa Reservoir Improvements  
Tax Map Key Nos.: 7-3-004:017 and 11 (por.)

We have reviewed the project summary forwarded by your correspondence dated December 8, 2006, for the proposed improvements to the existing County of Hawaii Department of Water Supply Kalaoa Reservoir facility.

Based upon review of the subject application, we have the following comments:

1. We confirm that the subject parcels are located within the State Land Use Agricultural District.
2. Pursuant to §205-4.5 (7), Hawai'i Revised Statutes, and given the location, scope, and nature of the proposed activity, we have no further comments to offer at this time.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on the proposed action. Please feel free to contact Max Rogers of my office at 587-3822 if you have any questions or need clarification.

Sincerely,

  
ANTHONY J. H. CHING  
Executive Officer

LINDA LINGLE  
GOVERNOR OF HAWAII



**STATE OF HAWAII**  
**DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES**  
**LAND DIVISION**

POST OFFICE BOX 621  
HONOLULU, HAWAII 96809

**PETER T. YOUNG**  
CHAIRPERSON  
BOARD OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES  
COMMISSION ON WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

**ROBERT K. MASUDA**  
DEPUTY DIRECTOR

**DEAN NAKANO**  
ACTING DEPUTY DIRECTOR - WATER

AQUATIC RESOURCES  
BOATING AND OCEAN RECREATION  
BUREAU OF CONVEYANCES  
COMMISSION ON WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT  
CONSERVATION AND COASTAL LANDS  
CONSERVATION AND RESOURCES ENFORCEMENT  
ENGINEERING  
FORESTRY AND WILDLIFE  
HISTORIC PRESERVATION  
KAHOOLAWE ISLAND RESERVE COMMISSION  
LAND  
STATE PARKS

January 8, 2007

EM

Wilson Okamoto Corporation  
1907 South Beretania Street Suite 400  
Honolulu, Hawaii 96826

Attention: Earl Matsukawa



Gentlemen:

Subject: Pre-Assessment Consultation for Kalaoa Reservoir Improvements,  
Kalaoa, Hawaii, Tax Map Key: (3) 7-3-4:17 and portion 11

Thank you for the opportunity to review and comment on the subject matter. The Department of Land and Natural Resources' (DLNR) Land Division distributed or made available a copy of your report pertaining to the subject matter to DLNR Divisions for their review and comment.

Other than the comments from the Engineering Division, the Department of Land and Natural Resources has no other comments to offer on the subject matter. Should you have any questions, please feel free to call our office at 587-0433. Thank you.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "Russell Y. Tsuji".

Russell Y. Tsuji  
Administrator

Cc: Central Files

LINDA LINGLE  
GOVERNOR OF HAWAII



PETER T. YOUNG  
CHAIRPERSON  
BOARD OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES  
COMMISSION ON WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

ROBERT K. MASUDA  
DEPUTY DIRECTOR

DEAN NAKANO  
ACTING DEPUTY DIRECTOR - WATER

AQUATIC RESOURCES  
BOATING AND OCEAN RECREATION  
BUREAU OF CONVEYANCES  
COMMISSION ON WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT  
CONSERVATION AND COASTAL LANDS  
CONSERVATION AND RESOURCES ENFORCEMENT  
ENGINEERING  
FORESTRY AND WILDLIFE  
HISTORIC PRESERVATION  
KAHOOLAWE ISLAND RESERVE COMMISSION  
LAND  
STATE PARKS



STATE OF HAWAII  
DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES  
LAND DIVISION

POST OFFICE BOX 621  
HONOLULU, HAWAII 96809

December 15 2006

RECEIVED  
LAND DIVISION  
2006 DEC 28 A 9:42  
DEPT. OF LAND &  
NATURAL RESOURCES  
STATE OF HAWAII

MEMORANDUM

TO: **DLNR Agencies:**  
\_\_\_ Div. of Aquatic Resources  
\_\_\_ Div. of Boating & Ocean Recreation  
x **Engineering Division**  
\_\_\_ Div. of Forestry & Wildlife  
\_\_\_ Div. of State Parks  
\_\_\_ Div. of Water Resource Management  
\_\_\_ Office of Conservation & Coastal Lands  
x Land Division – Hawaii District

FROM: Russell Y. Tsuji  
SUBJECT: Pre-Assessment Consultation for Draft Environmental Assessment  
LOCATION: Kalaoa, Hawaii, TMK: (3) 7-3-4:17 and por 11  
APPLICANT: Wilson Okamoto Corporation on behalf of Seascape Development, LLC by Westpro Holdings, LLC

Transmitted for your review and comment on the above referenced document. We would appreciate your comments on this document. Please submit any comments by December 26, 2006.

A copy of the document is available for your review in Land Division office, Room 220.

If no response is received by this date, we will assume your agency has no comments. If you have any questions about this request, please contact my office at 587-0433. Thank you.

Attachments

- ( ) We have no objections.
- ( ) We have no comments.
- (x) Comments are attached.

Signed: *Caitie*  
Date: 12/27/06

DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES  
ENGINEERING DIVISION

LD/RYT

ReF.: PreConDEAKalaoaedsImpvts  
Hawaii.343

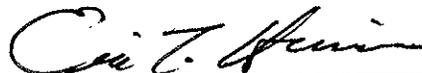
COMMENTS

- ( ) We confirm that the project site, according to the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), is located in Flood Zone \_\_\_\_.
- (X) **Please take note that the project site, according to the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), is located in Flood Zone X. The National Flood Insurance Program does not have any regulations for developments within Zone X.**
- ( ) Please note that the correct Flood Zone Designation for the project site according to the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) is \_\_\_\_.
- ( ) Please note that the project must comply with the rules and regulations of the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) presented in Title 44 of the Code of Federal Regulations (44CFR), whenever development within a Special Flood Hazard Area is undertaken. If there are any questions, please contact the State NFIP Coordinator, Ms. Carol Tyau-Beam, of the Department of Land and Natural Resources, Engineering Division at (808) 587-0267.

Please be advised that 44CFR indicates the minimum standards set forth by the NFIP. Your Community's local flood ordinance may prove to be more restrictive and thus take precedence over the minimum NFIP standards. If there are questions regarding the local flood ordinances, please contact the applicable County NFIP Coordinators below:

- ( ) Mr. Robert Sumimoto at (808) 523-4254 or Mr. Mario Siu Li at (808) 523-4247 of the City and County of Honolulu, Department of Planning and Permitting.
  - ( ) Mr. Kelly Gomes at (808) 961-8327 (Hilo) or Mr. Kiran Emler at (808) 327-3530 (Kona) of the County of Hawaii, Department of Public Works.
  - ( ) Mr. Francis Cerizo at (808) 270-7771 of the County of Maui, Department of Planning.
  - ( ) Mr. Mario Antonio at (808) 241-6620 of the County of Kauai, Department of Public Works.
- ( ) The applicant should include project water demands and infrastructure required to meet water demands. Please note that the implementation of any State-sponsored projects requiring water service from the Honolulu Board of Water Supply system must first obtain water allocation credits from the Engineering Division before it can receive a building permit and/or water meter.
  - ( ) The applicant should provide the water demands and calculations to the Engineering Division so it can be included in the State Water Projects Plan Update.
  - ( ) Additional Comments:
  - ( ) Other: \_\_\_\_\_

Should you have any questions, please call Ms. Alyson Yim of the Planning Branch at 587-0259.

Signed:   
ERIC T. HIRANO, CHIEF ENGINEER

Date: 12/27/06

LINDA LINGLE  
GOVERNOR OF HAWAII



GENEVIEVE SALMONSON  
DIRECTOR

**STATE OF HAWAII**  
**OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY CONTROL**

235 SOUTH BERETANIA STREET  
SUITE 702  
HONOLULU, HAWAII 96813  
TELEPHONE (808) 586-4185  
FACSIMILE (808) 586-4186  
E-mail: oeqc@health.state.hi.us

EM ✓  
TO

December 14, 2006

RECEIVED  
DEC 15 2006  
WILSON OKAMOTO CORPORATION

Mr. Earl Matsukawa  
Wilson Okamoto  
1907 South Beretania Street, Suite 400  
Honolulu, Hawaii 96826

Subject: Pre-Consultation for Kalaoa Reservoir Improvements

Dear Mr. Matsukawa,

We are in receipt of your letter dated December 8, 2006 for the Kalaoa Reservoir Improvements.

At this time, we have no comments. We will review the documents and will offer any comment if need. Thank you for the opportunity to review your request and should you have any questions, please feel free to call our office at 586-4185.

Sincerely,

*Genevieve Salmonson*  
Genevieve Salmonson  
Director



EM  
TD

**STATE OF HAWAII**  
**OFFICE OF HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS**  
711 KAPI'OLANI BOULEVARD, SUITE 500  
HONOLULU, HAWAII 96813

January 2, 2007

HRD06/2841

Earl Matsukawa  
Wilson Okamoto Corporation  
1907 South Beretania Street, Suite 702  
Honolulu, HI 96826

RECEIVED  
JAN 05 2007  
WILSON OKAMOTO CORPORATION

**RE: Pre-Environmental Assessment Consultation for the Proposed Improvements to the Kalaoa Reservoir Facility, Kailua-Kona, Hawai'i Island, TMK 7-3-04: 17 and 11 (por.).**

Dear Mr. Matsukawa,

The Office of Hawaiian Affairs (OHA) is in receipt of your December 14, 2006 submission and offers the following comments:

Our staff recommends that the applicant contact Ruby McDonald of OHA's Kailua-Kona office as well as Janice Yang of the Kona Branch of the Association of Hawaiian Civic Clubs in support of your pre-Environmental Assessment consultation effort. Thank you for your continued correspondence.

OHA asks that, in accordance with Section 6E-46.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes and Chapter 13-300, Hawaii Administrative Rules, if the project moves forward, and if any significant cultural deposits or human skeletal remains are encountered, work shall stop in the immediate vicinity and the State Historic Preservation Division (SHPD/DLNR) shall be contacted.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment. If you have further questions or concerns, please contact Jesse Yorck, Native Rights Policy Advocate, at (808) 594-0239 or [jessey@oha.org](mailto:jessey@oha.org).

Aloha,

Clyde W. Nāmu'o  
Administrator

C: Ruby McDonald  
OHA Community Affairs Coordinator (Kailua-Kona)  
75-5706 Hanama Pl., Suite 107  
Kailua-Kona, HI 96740

Harry Kim  
Mayor



Christopher J. Yuen  
Director

Brad Kurokawa, ASLA  
LEED® AP  
Deputy Director

County of Hawaii  
PLANNING DEPARTMENT

101 Pauahi Street, Suite 3 • Hilo, Hawaii 96720-3043  
(808) 961-8288 • FAX (808) 961-8742

EM

December 28, 2006

Mr. Earl Matsukawa  
Project Manager  
Wilson Okamoto Corporation  
1907 S. Beretania St., Suite 400  
Honolulu HI 96826

RECEIVED  
JAN 04 2007  
WILSON OKAMOTO CORPORATION

Dear Mr. Matsukawa:

**SUBJECT: Pre-Assessment Consultation for Draft Environmental Assessment**  
**Applicant: Seascape Development, LLC by Westpro Holdings, LLC**  
**Project: Kalaoa Reservoir Improvements**  
**Tax Map Key: 7-3-4:17 and Portion of 11**

This is to acknowledge receipt of your December 8, 2006 letter requesting our comments on the Kalaoa Reservoir Improvements.

The project consists of the following:

1. Construction of a new 1.0 million gallon reservoir on a parcel to be subdivided from TMK: 7-3-4:11.
2. Facility improvements to the existing well at Kalaoa Reservoir facility on TMK: 7-3-4:17.
3. Pipeline improvements that include upgrading approximately 1,800 feet of existing 8-inch transmission line to 12-inch diameter pipe.
4. Replace 800 feet of existing 12-inch pipe with new 16-inch diameter pipe.
5. Connecting the new and existing reservoirs with approximately 800 feet of new 12-inch pipe.

After reviewing the project summary, we affirm the State, County and General Plan land use designations and that the project site is not located in the County's Special Management Area.

Mr. Earl Matsukawa  
Project Manager  
Wilson Okamoto Corporation  
Page 2  
December 28, 2006

For your information, Hawaii County Code, Chapter 25, Section 25-4-11 states the following:

- (a) Communication, transmission, and power lines of public and private utilities and governmental agencies are permitted uses within any district.*
- (b) Any substation used by a public utility for the purpose of furnishing telephone, gas, electricity, water, radio, or television shall be a permitted use in any district provided that the use is not hazardous or dangerous to the surrounding area and the director has issued plan approval for such use."*

Therefore, although the Kalaoa Reservoir Improvements is considered to be a permitted use on the subject parcel, Plan Approval is required from the Planning Director prior to obtaining a building permit for the proposed improvements.

Please provide us with a copy of the Draft Environmental Assessment for our review and file.

If you have questions, please feel free to contact Esther Imamura of our office at 961-8288, extension 257.

Sincerely,

  
CHRISTOPHER J. YUEN  
Planning Director

ETI:cd  
P:\wpwin6\NET\EA\draft\Pre-consul\Matsukawa Kalaoa Reservoir Imp.doc

xc: Planning Department, Kona

# Draft EA Consultation





DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY  
U.S. ARMY ENGINEER DISTRICT, HONOLULU  
FORT SHAFTER, HAWAII 96858-5440

EM

REPLY TO  
ATTENTION OF:

June 4, 2008

Regulatory Branch

File Number POH-2008-110

Mr. Earl Matsukawa  
Wilson Okamoto Corporation  
1907 South Beretania Street, Suite 400  
Honolulu, HI 96826

RECEIVED  
JUN 6 2008

WILSON OKAMOTO CORPORATION

Dear Mr. Matsukawa:

This letter responds to your April 15, 2008 request for comments regarding the Draft Environmental Assessment for the proposed Kalaoa Water System Improvements. The project site is located within TMK 7-3-004:11 and 7-3-004:17, and Mamalahoa Highway and Old Government Road, utility easements, at Latitude 19.717° N. and Longitude 155.975° W., near Kalaoa, Kailua-Kona, Hawaii. Your project has been assigned number POH-2008-110, which should be referred to in all correspondence with us.

Based on our review of the information you provided and available to this office, we have determined the subject area does not contain waters of the United States (U.S.) under Corps jurisdiction (see enclosure titled, Jurisdictional Determination). Therefore, a Department of the Army (DA) permit is not required. Please contact us if you decide to alter the method, scope, or location of your proposed activity.

Section 404 of the Clean Water Act requires that a DA permit be obtained for the discharge of dredged and/or fill material into waters of the U.S., including jurisdictional wetlands (33 U.S.C. 1344). The Corps defines wetlands as those areas that are inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions.

Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 requires that a DA permit be obtained for structures or work in or affecting navigable waters of the U.S. (33 U.S.C. 403). Section 10 waters are those waters subject to the ebb and flow of the tide extending shoreward to the mean high water mark.

This approved jurisdictional determination is valid for a period of five (5) years from the date of this letter, unless new information supporting a revision is provided to us before the expiration date.

Also, enclosed is a Notification of Administrative Appeal Options and Process and Request for Appeal form regarding this approved jurisdictional determination (see section labeled "Approved Jurisdictional Determination").

Nothing in this letter excuses you from compliance with other Federal, State, or local statutes, ordinances, or regulations.

You may contact Mr. Benjamin Soiseth of my staff via email at [Benjamin.N.Soiseth@usace.army.mil](mailto:Benjamin.N.Soiseth@usace.army.mil) , or by mail to Regulatory Branch (CEPOH-EC-R/B.Soiseth); U.S. Army Engineer District, Honolulu; Building 230; Fort Shafter, Hawaii 96858-5440 or by phone at (808) 438-2039, if you have questions. For additional information about our Regulatory Program, visit our web site at <http://www.poh.usace.army.mil/EC-R/EC-R.htm>.

Sincerely,



George P. Young, P.E.  
Chief, Regulatory Branch

Enclosures

Copy Furnished (w/o encls):

Katherine Kealoha, Director, DOH, OEQC, 235 South Beretania St. # 702, Honolulu, HI 96813  
Milton D. Pavao, Manager, Dept. of Water Supply, County of Hawaii, 345 Kekuanaoa Street,  
Hilo, HI 96720

**APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION FORM  
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers**

**SECTION I: BACKGROUND INFORMATION**

---

**A. REPORT COMPLETION DATE FOR APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (JD):** 03-Jun-2008

**B. DISTRICT OFFICE, FILE NAME, AND NUMBER:** Honolulu District, POH-2008-00110-JNA-JD1

**C. PROJECT LOCATION AND BACKGROUND INFORMATION:**

State : HI - Hawaii  
 County/parish/borough: Hawaii  
 City: Kalaoa  
 Lat: 19.712  
 Long: -155.976  
 Universal Transverse Mercator: []  
 Name of nearest waterbody: Pacific Ocean  
 Name of nearest Traditional Navigable Water (TNW):  
 Name of watershed or Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC):



Check if map/diagram of review area and/or potential jurisdictional areas is/are available upon request.



Check if other sites (e.g., offsite mitigation sites, disposal sites, etc.) are associated with the action and are recorded on a different JD form.

**D. REVIEW PERFORMED FOR SITE EVALUATION:**



Office Determination Date: 03-Jun-2008



Field Determination Date (s):



**SECTION II: SUMMARY OF FINDINGS**

---

**A. RHA SECTION 10 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION**

There  "navigable waters of the U.S." within Rivers and Harbors Act (RHA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 329) in the review area.



Waters subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.



Waters are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

Explain:

**B. CWA SECTION 404 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION.**

There  "waters of the U.S." within Clean Water Act (CWA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 328) in the review area.

**1. Waters of the U.S.**

**a. Indicate presence of waters of U.S. in review area:<sup>1</sup>**

| Water Name                       | Wetland Type |
|----------------------------------|--------------|
| Kalaoa Water System Improvements | Uplands      |

**b. Identify (estimate) size of waters of the U.S. in the review area:**

Area: (m<sup>2</sup>)

Linear: (m)

**c. Limits (boundaries) of jurisdiction:**

based on:  [ ]

OHWM Elevation: (if known)

**2. Non-regulated waters/wetlands:<sup>3</sup>**

Potentially jurisdictional waters and/or wetlands were assessed within the review area and determined to be not jurisdictional. Explain: Based on information provided in a Draft Environmental Assessment, the National Wetland Inventory Map, and the Island of Hawaii Soil Survey, the review area is entirely uplands.

**SECTION III: CWA ANALYSIS**

**A. TNWs AND WETLANDS ADJACENT TO TNWs**

**1. TNW**

Not Applicable.

**2. Wetland Adjacent to TNW**

Not Applicable.

**B. CHARACTERISTICS OF TRIBUTARY (THAT IS NOT A TNW) AND ITS ADJACENT WETLANDS (IF ANY):**

**1. Characteristics of non-TNWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNW**

**(i) General Area Conditions:**

Watershed size:  [ ]

Drainage area:  [ ]

Average annual rainfall: inches

Average annual snowfall: inches

**(ii) Physical Characteristics**

**(a) Relationship with TNW:**

Tributary flows directly into TNW.

Tributary flows through  [ ] tributaries before entering TNW.

:Number of tributaries

Project waters are  [ ] river miles from TNW.

Project waters are  [ ] river miles from RPW.

Project Waters are  [ ] aerial (straight) miles from TNW.

Project waters are  [ ] aerial(straight) miles from RPW.

Project waters cross or serve as state boundaries.

Explain:

Identify flow route to TNW:<sup>5</sup>

**Tributary Stream Order, if known:**

Not Applicable.

**(b) General Tributary Characteristics:**

**Tributary is:**

Not Applicable.

**Tributary properties with respect to top of bank (estimate):**

Not Applicable.

**Primary tributary substrate composition:**

Not Applicable.

**Tributary (conditions, stability, presence, geometry, gradient):**

Not Applicable.

**(c) Flow:**

Not Applicable.

**Surface Flow is:**

Not Applicable.

**Subsurface Flow:**

Not Applicable.

**Tributary has:**

Not Applicable.

**If factors other than the OHWM were used to determine lateral extent of CWA jurisdiction:**

**High Tide Line indicated by:**

Not Applicable.

**Mean High Water Mark indicated by:**

Not Applicable.

**(iii) Chemical Characteristics:**

**Characterize tributary (e.g., water color is clear, discolored, oily film; water quality; general watershed characteristics, etc.).**

Not Applicable.

**(iv) Biological Characteristics. Channel supports:**

Not Applicable.

**2. Characteristics of wetlands adjacent to non-TNW that flow directly or indirectly into TNW**

**(i) Physical Characteristics:**

**(a) General Wetland Characteristics:**

**Properties:**

Not Applicable.

**(b) General Flow Relationship with Non-TNW:**

**Flow is:**

Not Applicable.

**Surface flow is:**

Not Applicable.

**Subsurface flow:**

Not Applicable.

**(c) Wetland Adjacency Determination with Non-TNW:**

Not Applicable.

**(d) Proximity (Relationship) to TNW:**

Not Applicable.

**(ii) Chemical Characteristics:**

Characterize tributary (e.g., water color is clear, discolored, oily film; water quality; general watershed characteristics, etc.).

Not Applicable.

**(iii) Biological Characteristics. Wetland supports:**

Not Applicable.

**3. Characteristics of all wetlands adjacent to the tributary (if any):**

All wetlands being considered in the cumulative analysis:

Not Applicable.

Summarize overall biological, chemical and physical functions being performed:

Not Applicable.

**C. SIGNIFICANT NEXUS DETERMINATION**

---

A significant nexus analysis will assess the flow characteristics and functions of the tributary itself and the functions performed by any wetlands adjacent to the tributary to determine if they significantly affect the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of a TNW. For each of the following situations, a significant nexus exists if the tributary, in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, has more than a speculative or insubstantial effect on the chemical, physical and/or biological integrity of a TNW. Considerations when evaluating significant nexus include, but are not limited to the volume, duration, and frequency of the flow of water in the tributary and its proximity to a TNW, and the functions performed by the tributary and all its adjacent wetlands. It is not appropriate to determine significant nexus based solely on any specific threshold of distance (e.g. between a tributary and its adjacent wetland or between a tributary and the TNW). Similarly, the fact an adjacent wetland lies within or outside of a floodplain is not solely determinative of significant nexus.

Significant Nexus: Not Applicable

**D. DETERMINATIONS OF JURISDICTIONAL FINDINGS. THE SUBJECT WATERS/  
WETLANDS ARE:**

---

**1. TNWs and Adjacent Wetlands:**

Not Applicable.

**2. RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs:**

Not Applicable.

Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area:

Not Applicable.

**3. Non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs:<sup>8</sup>**

Not Applicable.

Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area:

Not Applicable.

**4. Wetlands directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.**

Not Applicable.

Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area:

Not Applicable.

**5. Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs:**

Not Applicable.

Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area:

Not Applicable.

**6. Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs:**

Not Applicable.

**Provide estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area:**

Not Applicable.

**7. Impoundments of jurisdictional waters:<sup>9</sup>**

Not Applicable.

**E. ISOLATED [INTERSTATE OR INTRA-STATE] WATERS INCLUDING ISOLATED WETLANDS, THE USE, DEGRADATION OR DESTRUCTION OF WHICH COULD AFFECT INTERSTATE COMMERCE, INCLUDING ANY SUCH WATERS:<sup>10</sup>**

Not Applicable.

**Identify water body and summarize rationale supporting determination:**

Not Applicable.

**Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area:**

Not Applicable.

**F. NON-JURISDICTIONAL WATERS. INCLUDING WETLANDS**

If potential wetlands were assessed within the review area, these areas did not meet the criteria in the 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual and/or appropriate Regional Supplements:

Review area included isolated waters with no substantial nexus to interstate (or foreign) commerce:

Prior to the Jan 2001 Supreme Court decision in "SWANCC," the review area would have been regulated based solely on the "Migratory Bird Rule" (MBR):

Waters do not meet the "Significant Nexus" standard, where such a finding is required for jurisdiction (Explain):

Other (Explain):

**Provide acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area, where the sole potential basis of jurisdiction is the MBR factors (ie., presence of migratory birds, presence of endangered species, use of water for irrigated agriculture), using best professional judgment:**

Not Applicable.

**Provide acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area, that do not meet the "Significant Nexus" standard, where such a finding is required for jurisdiction.**

Not Applicable.

**SECTION IV: DATA SOURCES.**

**A. SUPPORTING DATA. Data reviewed for JD**

(listed items shall be included in case file and, where checked and requested, appropriately reference below):

| Data/Reviews   | Source Label                                       | Source Description              |
|--|--|---------------------------------|
| --Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant | Draft Environmental Assessment                     | Kalaoa Water System Improvement |
| --U.S. Geological Survey map(s).   | Topo Map (automated USACE eGIS)                    | -                               |
| --USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey.                         | Island of Hawaii Soil Survey                       | -                               |
| --National wetlands inventory map(s).  | US Fish and Wildlife Service Wetland Online Mapper | wetlandsfws.er.usgs.gov         |
| --Photographs  | -  | -                               |
| ----Other  | DOQQ Imagery 1977                                  | automated USACE eGIS            |
| ----Other  | Satellite Imagery 2003-2006                        | automated USACE eGIS            |

**B. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS TO SUPPORT JD:**

Not Applicable.

- 
- 1-Boxes checked below shall be supported by completing the appropriate sections in Section III below.
  - 2-For purposes of this form, an RPW is defined as a tributary that is not a TNW and that typically flows year-round or has continuous flow at least "seasonally" (e.g., typically 3 months).
  - 3-Supporting documentation is presented in Section III.F.
  - 4-Note that the Instructional Guidebook contains additional information regarding swales, ditches, washes, and erosional features generally and in the arid West.
  - 5-Flow route can be described by identifying, e.g., tributary a, which flows through the review area, to flow into tributary b, which then flows into TNW.
  - 6-A natural or man-made discontinuity in the OHWM does not necessarily sever jurisdiction (e.g., where the stream temporarily flows underground, or where the OHWM has been removed by development or agricultural practices). Where there is a break in the OHWM that is unrelated to the waterbody's flow regime (e.g., flow over a rock outcrop or through a culvert), the agencies will look for indicators of flow above and below the break.
  - 7-Ibid.
  - 8-See Footnote #3.
  - 9 -To complete the analysis refer to the key in Section III.D.6 of the Instructional Guidebook.
  - 10-Prior to asserting or declining CWA jurisdiction based solely on this category, Corps Districts will elevate the action to Corps and EPA HQ for review consistent with the process described in the Corps/EPA Memorandum Regarding CWA Act Jurisdiction Following Rapanos.

## NOTIFICATION OF ADMINISTRATIVE APPEAL OPTIONS AND PROCESS AND REQUEST FOR APPEAL

|  |                           |                   |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Applicant: Wilson Okamoto Corporation,<br>Mr. Earl Matsukawa | File Number: POH 2008 110 | Date: 4 June 2008 |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------|

|              |  |   |
|--------------|--|---|
| Attached is: | See Section below  |   |
|              | INITIAL PROFFERED PERMIT (Standard Permit or Letter of Permission) | A |
|              | PROFFERED PERMIT (Standard Permit or Letter of Permission)         | B |
|              | PERMIT DENIAL  | C |
| XX           | APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION                              | D |
|              | PRELIMINARY JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION                           | E |

**THIS REQUEST FOR APPEAL FORM MUST BE RECEIVED BY: 4 August 2008**

**SECTION I -** The following identifies your rights and options regarding an administrative appeal of the above decision. Additional information may be found at: <http://usace.army.mil/inet/functions/cw/cecwo/reg> or Corps regulations at 33 CFR Part 331.

**A: INITIAL PROFFERED PERMIT:** You may accept or object to the permit.

- **ACCEPT:** If you received a Standard Permit, you may sign the permit document and return it to the District Engineer for final authorization. If you received a Letter of Permission (LOP), you may accept the LOP and your work is authorized. Your signature on the Standard Permit or acceptance of the LOP means that you accept the permit in its entirety, and waive all rights to appeal the permit, including its terms and conditions, and approved jurisdictional determinations associated with the permit.
- **OBJECT:** If you object to the permit (Standard or LOP) because of certain terms and conditions therein, you may request that the permit be modified accordingly. You must complete Section II of this form and return the form to the District Engineer. Your objections must be received by the District Engineer within 60 days of the date of this notice, or you will forfeit your right to appeal the permit in the future. Upon receipt of your letter, the District Engineer will evaluate your objections and may: (a) modify the permit to address all of your concerns, (b) modify the permit to address some of your objections, or, (c) not modify the permit, having determined that the permit should be issued as previously written. After evaluating your objections, the District Engineer will send you a proffered permit for your reconsideration, as indicated in Section B below.

**B: PROFFERED PERMIT:** You may accept or appeal the permit

- **ACCEPT:** If you received a Standard Permit, you may sign the permit document and return it to the District Engineer for final authorization. If you received a Letter of Permission (LOP), you may accept the LOP and your work is authorized. Your signature on the Standard Permit or acceptance of the LOP means that you accept the permit in its entirety, and waive all rights to appeal the permit, including its terms and conditions, and approved jurisdictional determinations associated with the permit.
- **APPEAL:** If you choose to decline the proffered permit (Standard or LOP) because of certain terms and conditions therein, you may appeal the declined permit under the Corps of Engineers Administrative Appeal Process by completing Section II of this form and sending the form to the Division Engineer. This form must be received by the Division Engineer within 60 days of the date of this notice.

**C: PERMIT DENIAL:** You may appeal the denial of a permit under the Corps of Engineers Administrative Appeal Process by completing Section II of this form and sending the form to the Division Engineer. This form must be received by the Division Engineer within 60 days of the date of this notice.

**D: APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (JD):** You may accept or appeal the approved JD or provide new information.

- **ACCEPT:** You do not need to notify the Corps to accept an approved JD. Failure to notify the Corps within 60 days of the date of this notice means that you accept the approved JD in its entirety, and waive all rights to appeal the approved JD.
- **APPEAL:** If you disagree with the approved JD, you may appeal the approved JD under the Corps of Engineers Administrative Appeal Process by completing Section II of this form and sending the form to the Division Engineer. This form must be received by the Division Engineer within 60 days of the date of this notice.

**E: PRELIMINARY JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:** You do not need to respond to the Corps regarding the Preliminary JD. The Preliminary JD is not appealable. If you wish, you may request an approved JD (which may be appealed), by contacting the Corps district for further instruction. Also, you may provide new information for further consideration by the Corps to reevaluate the JD.

**SECTION II - REQUEST FOR APPEAL or OBJECTIONS TO AN INITIAL PROFFERED PERMIT**

**REASONS FOR APPEAL OR OBJECTIONS:** (Describe your reasons for appealing the decision or your objections to an initial proffered permit in clear concise statements. You may attach additional information to this form to clarify where your reasons or objections are addressed in the administrative record.)

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:** The appeal is limited to a review of the administrative record, the Corps memorandum for the record of the appeal conference or meeting, and any supplemental information that the review officer has determined is needed to clarify the administrative record. Neither the appellant nor the Corps may add new information or analyses to the record. However, you may provide additional information to clarify the location of information that is already in the administrative record.

In order for a Request For Appeal to be accepted by the Corps, the Corps must determine that it is complete, that it meets the criteria for appeal under 33 CFR Part 331.5, and that it has been received by the Division Office within 60 days of the date of the Notice of Appeal Process. It is not necessary to submit a Request For Appeal form to the Division office if you do not object to the decision.

**POINT OF CONTACT FOR QUESTIONS OR INFORMATION:**

If you have questions regarding this decision and/or the appeal process you may contact:

**Benjamin Soiseth, Regulatory Specialist**  
Honolulu District Corps of Engineers  
Regulatory Branch  
CEPOH-EC-R  
Building 230  
Fort Shafter, HI 96858-5440  
(808) 438-2039

If you only have questions regarding the appeal process you may also contact:

Commander  
USAED, Pacific Ocean Division  
ATTN: CEPOD-PDC/Linda Hihara-Endo, P.E.  
Building 525  
Fort Shafter, HI 96858-5440

**To submit this form, mail to the address above**

**RIGHT OF ENTRY:** Your signature below grants the right of entry to Corps of Engineers personnel, and any government consultants, to conduct investigations of the project site during the course of the appeal process. You will be provided a 15-day notice of any site investigation, and will have the opportunity to participate in all site investigations.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of appellant or agent.

Date:

Telephone number:



7384-03  
March 10, 2009

1907 South Beretania Street  
Artesian Plaza, Suite 400  
Honolulu, Hawaii, 96826 USA  
Phone: 808 946 2277  
Fax: 808 946 2253  
www.wilsonokamoto.com

Mr. George P. Young, P. E.  
Chief, Regulatory Branch  
Department of the Army  
U.S. Army Engineering District, Honolulu  
Fort Shafter, Hawaii 96858-5440

Attention: Mr. Benjamin Soiseth

Subject: Draft Environmental Assessment for Kalaoa Water System  
Improvements  
North Kona District, Hawaii  
Tax Map Key: 7-3-004: portion 11 and 17, and utility easements in 5  
and Mamalahoa Highway and Old Government Road 7

Dear Mr. Young:

Thank you for your letter dated June 4, 2008 (Ref. POH-2008-110) commenting on the subject Draft Environmental Assessment (EA). We acknowledge and appreciate your determination that the proposed project site does not contain waters of the United States (U.S.) under Corps jurisdiction.

We appreciate your interest and participation in the public review phase of the Draft EA. Your letter, along with this response, will be reproduced in the forthcoming Final EA.

Sincerely,

Earl Matsukawa, AICP, Project Manager

EM/YT/jm

cc: Mr. Bill Brooks, Seascape Development, LLC  
Mr. Finn McCall, Department of Water Supply



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY  
U.S. ARMY ENGINEER DISTRICT, HONOLULU  
BUILDING 223  
FORT SHAFTER, HAWAII 96858-5440

EM

REPLY TO  
ATTENTION OF: CEPOH-EC-T

April 23, 2008

Civil Works Technical Branch

RECEIVED  
APR 23 2008  
WILSON OKAMOTO CORPORATION

Mr. Earl Matsukawa, Project Manager  
Wilson Okamoto Corporation  
1907 South Beretania Street, Suite 400  
Honolulu, Hawaii 96826

Dear Mr. Matsukawa:

Thank you for the opportunity to review and comment on the Draft Environmental Assessment (DEA) for the Kalaoa Reservoir Improvements Project, Kalaoa, Island of Hawaii (Tax Map Key: 7-3-4: 11 and 17). We do not have any additional comments to offer beyond those previously provided in our letter dated December 12, 2006.

The DEA has been forwarded to our Regulatory Branch to review Department of the Army permit requirements. They will respond to your office under separate cover. Should you require additional information, please contact Ms. Jessie Dobinchick of my staff at (808) 438-8876.

Sincerely,

James Pennaz, P.E.  
Chief, Civil Works Technical Branch



7384-03  
March 10, 2009

1907 South Beretania Street  
Artesian Plaza, Suite 400  
Honolulu, Hawaii, 96826 USA  
Phone: 808 946 2277  
Fax: 808 946 2253  
www.wilsonokamoto.com

Mr. James Pennaz, P. E.  
Chief, Civil Works Technical Branch  
Department of the Army  
U.S. Army Engineering District, Honolulu  
Building 223  
Fort Shafter, Hawaii 96858-5440

Attention: Ms. Jesse Dobinchick

Subject: Draft Environmental Assessment for Kalaoa Water System  
Improvements  
North Kona District, Hawaii  
Tax Map Key: 7-3-004: portion 11 and 17, and utility easements in 5  
and Mamalahoa Highway and Old Government Road 7

Dear Mr. Pennaz:

Thank you for your letter dated April 23, 2008 indicating that you have no additional comments to offer on the subject Draft Environmental Assessment (EA) beyond those offered in your letter dated December 12, 2006. That letter, which was solicited during pre-assessment consultation, along with our response, were included in the Draft EA.

We appreciate your interest and participation in the public review phase of the Draft EA. Your letter, along with this response, will be reproduced in the forthcoming Final EA.

Sincerely,

Earl Matsukawa, AICP, Project Manager

EM/YT/jm

cc: Mr. Bill Brooks, Seascape Development, LLC  
Mr. Finn McCall, Department of Water Supply



# United States Department of the Interior

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE  
Kaloko-Honokohau National Historical Park  
73-4786 Kanalani St., Suite 14  
Kailua-Kona, HI 96740

EM

IN REPLY REFER TO:

L7621

May 23, 2008

RECEIVED  
MAY 27 2008

WILSON OKAMOTO CORPORATION

Mr. Earl Matsukawa  
Wilson Okamoto Corporation,  
1907 South Beretania Street, 4th Floor  
Honolulu, HI 96826

RE: Review of Kalaoa Water Systems Improvements Draft Environmental Assessment

Dear Mr. Matsukawa:

Thank you for providing the National Park Service with the opportunity to review and comment on the draft Environmental Assessment (EA) for the Kalaoa Water Systems Improvements proposed by the Applicant, Seascope Development, LLC. The Applicant is proposing to construct a 1.0 million gallon reservoir and to upgrade transmission lines to improve the existing Hawaii County Department of Water Supply (DWS) Kalaoa Reservoir facility. These improvements fulfill a condition of rezoning imposed by the County of Hawaii for the Applicant's proposed Seascope Condominium development project, and are needed to meet the demand for water created by the 108-unit affordable housing project in addition to future lots within the Lokahi Ka`u Subdivision. When completed, the improvements will be dedicated to the DWS.

The new storage facility and transmission line will allow the DWS to reactivate as well as increase the productive capacity of the Kalaoa well, located about 3.7 mi upgradient from Kaloko-Honokohau National Historical Park in the Keauhou high-level aquifer. Kaloko-Honokohau National Historical Park was authorized in 1978 by Congress to preserve, interpret, and perpetuate traditional native Hawaiian activities and culture (Public Law 95-625). The authorization was based on a study and report by a congressional advisory commission recommending that the site that is the Honokohau Settlement National Historical Landmark (designated in 1962) and its adjacent waters be preserved for the benefit of the Hawaiian people and the nation as part of the national park system. Water quality and quantity are vital to the integrity of the Park's mission. The National Park contains two large (11 and 15- acre) ancient Hawaiian fishponds with large associated wetlands, more than 140 known anchialine pools, and 596 acres of marine waters. Each of these water bodies is a significant cultural resource and they also provide habitat for nine federally protected and candidate endangered species. The National

Park water resources are fed by, and in the case of the anchialine pools and `Aimakapa Fishpond, are solely dependent upon, groundwater inputs. The anchialine pools support three known candidate endangered species. `Aimakapa Fishpond and wetland is a significant foraging and nesting habitat for the endangered Hawaiian stilt and the Hawaiian coot, and is an important habitat for migratory waterfowl. The Park boundaries also encompass 546 acres of class AA marine waters which include extensive coral reef habitat, and supports four federally protected marine species.

The Kalaoa well will be capable of pumping 1.0 Mgd when the project is completed. This project is of concern to the NPS because of the proximity of the Kalaoa well to the National Park, and potential for the Park's ground-water dependent cultural and natural resources, and traditional and customary practices to be adversely impacted by the cumulative impacts of increased ground-water pumping in the high-level aquifer. Our specific comments are below.

### *Comments*

#### 1. Change in pumping rate and capacity

It is not clear if the pumping rate of the Kalaoa well will be 500 gpm or 700 gpm. Page 4 of the Draft EA states that "the replacement pump will have a capacity of 700 gallons per minute (gpm), but will be operated at 500 gpm, the capacity of the pump being replaced, until the proposed reservoir and pipeline improvements have been completed." Page 7 states that a major component of the project includes "Increasing the pumping rate at the Kalaoa Reservoir well from 500 gpm to 700 gpm." But Page 15 states that "the replacement pump could potentially operate at 700 gpm, but will be operated at 500 gpm, the allowable limit and the capacity of the pump being replaced." The Draft EA should clarify the rate at which ground water will ultimately be pumped at the Kalaoa well.

#### 2. Secondary and cumulative impacts

The document states that no significant cumulative short-term or long-term impacts to ground water underlying the project site or coastal waters are anticipated as a result of the proposed project (Pages 15 & 20). It also states that no substantial secondary impacts are anticipated and that the proposed project will not have significant cumulative impacts or involve a commitment for large actions (Page 42). The NPS disagrees with these statements. This project along with other proposed DWS projects (e.g., draft EAs for Waiaha Water Systems and Hina Lani Street Reservoir and Transmission Lines) and DWS projects already underway are cumulative. The direct, indirect, and cumulative impacts of ground water development and water infrastructure in the Hualalai Aquifer Sector should be analyzed as a whole rather than piecemeal.

The Draft EA is inadequate in that it does not describe the hydrologic impacts associated with increased pumping at the Kalaoa well or propose any mitigation. The U.S. Geological Survey

notes that “Arguably, there is no volume of ground-water use that can be truly free of any adverse consequence, especially when time is considered. The direct hydrologic effects will be equal to the volume of water removed, but those effects may require decades to centuries to be manifest” (Anderson & Woosley, USGS Circular 1261, 2005). Likewise, if pumping at the Kalaoa well is planned to increase by 1.0 Mgd (700 gpm) as a direct result of this project, then the Draft EA should clearly acknowledge that aquifer storage in combination with ground-water discharge to the basal aquifer and the nearshore area will decrease by 1.0 Mgd in the vicinity of the Kalaoa well.

The report does not describe the overall long-term impacts to water quality from ground-water pumping. Increased pumping at the Kalaoa well will decrease aquifer discharge to the basal aquifer over the long term and contribute to saltwater intrusion in the basal aquifer.

The cumulative impacts of existing ground-water withdrawals, in addition to the future demand for water in the Kona area, pose a serious threat to the purposes and values for which Honokohau Settlement National Historic Landmark and Kaloko-Honokohau National Historical Park were established. According to recent reports, pumping in the Keauhou aquifer system averages 12.08 Mgd. The NPS estimates that proposed development in the vicinity of Kaloko-Honokohau NHP will *more than double* production in the Keauhou aquifer system.

To address and mitigate these concerns, and to confirm the Draft EA’s determination of no significant long-term secondary or cumulative impacts, a network of observation wells to monitor ground-water levels and saltwater intrusion should be installed in the Keauhou aquifer system.

The NPS recognizes that water managers do not yet fully understand how the aquifer responds to pumping stresses, nor does the NPS fully understand the quantity of ground water necessary to sustain resources at Kaloko-Honokohau NHP. Adequate monitoring of well withdrawals and any changes in water levels and salinity are critical to understanding how the Keauhou aquifer system responds to development and managing for sustainability into the future. The NPS is developing a program to monitor water levels and water quality in three shallow wells within the Park’s boundaries and is committed to improving our understanding of the National Park’s ground-water needs.

Similarly, the DWS should identify or construct an observation well in the high-level aquifer near the Kalaoa well, in which water levels and fluid conductivity will be monitored on at least a monthly basis to measure changes in aquifer storage and salinity over time and to ultimately evaluate whether current and proposed water use in the Keauhou aquifer system is sustainable.

Thank you for the opportunity to participate in your environmental review process and to provide our comments and concerns on the proposed project.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Geraldine K. Bell". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name being the most prominent.

Geraldine K. Bell  
Superintendent

cc:

B. Brooks, Seascape Development, LLC  
F. McCall, County of Hawaii, Dept. of Water Supply  
M. Pavao, County of Hawaii, Dept. of Water Supply  
R. Hardy, Commission on Water Resources Management  
Office of Environmental Quality Control  
C. Yuen, County of Hawaii, Office of Planning  
P. Leonard, US Fish and Wildlife Service  
National Park Service Pacific West Regional Office  
C. Pettee, NPS Water Rights Branch  
G. Lind, Office of the Solicitor



7384-03  
March 10, 2009

1907 South Beretania Street  
Artesian Plaza, Suite 400  
Honolulu, Hawaii, 96826 USA  
Phone: 808 946 2277  
Fax: 808 946 2253  
www.wilsonokamoto.com

Ms. Geraldine K. Bell, Superintendent  
National Park Service  
United States Department of the Interior  
Kaloko-Honokohau National Historical Park  
73-4786 Kanalani St., Suite 14  
Kailua-Kona, HI 96740

Subject: Draft Environmental Assessment for Kalaoa Water System  
Improvements  
North Kona District, Hawaii  
Tax Map Key: 7-3-004: portion 11 and 17, and utility easements in 5  
and Mamalahoa Highway and Old Government Road 7

Dear Ms. Bell:

Thank you for your letter dated May 23, 2008 (L7621) commenting on the subject Draft Environmental Assessment (EA). The following is offered in the respective order of your comments:

1. Change in Pumping rate and capacity

The Final EA will clarify in Section 1.3 (page 4 of the Draft EA) that since the Draft EA was published, the Department of Water Supply (DWS) has replaced the inoperable pump at the Kalaoa well. The inoperable pump had a capacity of 500 gallons per minute but was previously operated at a maximum of 300 gpm. The new pump has a capacity of 700 gpm, but the DWS is currently pumping a maximum of 500 gpm pending completion of the proposed water system improvements; after which that maximum 700 gpm pump capacity will be used.

The statement on page 7 of the Draft EA is correct. After the proposed water system improvements have been completed, the pump rate will be increased from 500 gpm to 700 gpm.

The Final EA will clarify in Section 3.3 (page 15 of the Draft EA) that the pump is currently permitted to operate at 700 gpm and will do so after the proposed water system improvements have been completed.

2. Secondary and cumulative impacts

The Final EA will state that the proposed Kalaoa water system improvements will not create secondary impacts and will not have a cumulative effect on the environment. The May 2008 report by the USGS shows the yields and pumpage



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Letter to Ms. Geraldine K. Bell, Superintendent

Page 2

March 10, 2009

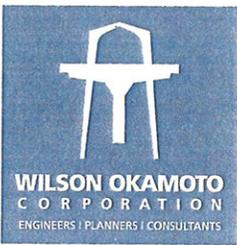
by aquifer for the high level areas along the Kona coast. This report also states that "records show that no aquifer system has ever been pumped at more than one-half the State's sustainable yield value." This same report shows the Keauhou aquifer, which includes the Kalaoa well among others, has been pumped at less than one-third its sustainable yield and the most recent 12-month moving average of the pumpage shows a decline by about one-third from previous levels. The CWRM approves pump permits in consideration of sustaining these high level aquifers. As stated in our preceding response regarding pump rates, the Final EA will clarify past, current and proposed pump rates, which are based on CWRM's pump permit.

The Final EA will note the information presented at the July 23, 2008 Kona Roundtable meeting regarding monitoring and sampling of water quality along the Kona coast. The Roundtable presentation showed the findings related to water quality monitoring and sampling along the Kona coast over a 35-year period at 359 sampling sites and yielding approximately 9,000 samples. The findings show that nutrient concentrations vary tremendously by site and over time. At some locations, concentrations are naturally elevated while others are low. However, all the locations have high variability in concentrations over time.

The sampling also shows, with development, the quality of the groundwater will change and, in some cases, the changes are large. However, the changes have not impacted the aquatic biota, since when nutrients are in excess, adding more nutrients does not cause a response.

Findings were also presented from monitoring and sampling in the Kohanaiki parcels immediately north of the National Park boundary. Data has been collected since 2003 at over 100 sites, yielding about 1,800 samples, including marine biota in ponds. These data show there appears to be inputs of nutrients occurring at monitoring wells located just makai of Queen Kaahumanu Highway and in anchialine pools along the coast. The highest concentration of nutrients and greatest variability are found at these inland sites. When nutrients reach the ocean, the concentrations are reduced by dilution with seawater. The findings show these high concentrations and variability do not have an impact to the biota in the anchialine ponds. Moreover, the counts taken in the ponds show an increase in the biota over a three-year period.

Information presented at the Kona Roundtable shows that the anchialine biota evolved in an environment with high variability in nutrient and salinity concentrations so the biota are not sensitive to the changes. The studies show no



7384-03  
Letter to Ms. Geraldine K. Bell, Superintendent  
Page 3  
March 10, 2009

decline or impact to biota related to water quality in the ponds monitored along the Kona coast. Species are found in anchialine ponds where the salinity ranges from 0.5 to 32 parts per thousands (ppt). Further, in deep ponds with variable salinity, the same species can be found moving up and down the salinity range. Lastly, research and models have shown the salinity and water levels in the shoreline anchialine ponds are affected by tidal conditions, not just inland freshwater levels.

Therefore, based on these findings, your recommendation for DWS to install a network of observations wells does not appear to be warranted.

We appreciate your interest and participation in the public review phase of the Draft EA. Your letter, along with this response, will be reproduced in the forthcoming Final EA.

Sincerely,

Earl Matsukawa, AICP, Project Manager

EM/YT/jm

cc: Mr. Bill Brooks, Seascope Development, LLC  
Mr. Finn McCall, Department of Water Supply

LINDA LINGLE  
GOVERNOR OF HAWAII



CHIYOME L. FUKINO, M.D.  
DIRECTOR OF HEALTH

STATE OF HAWAII  
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH  
P.O. Box 3378  
HONOLULU, HAWAII 96801-3378

In reply, please refer to:  
EPO-08-070

May 20, 2008

EM

Mr. Earl Matsukawa  
Wilson Okamoto Corporation  
1907 South Beretania Street, Suite 400  
Honolulu, Hawaii 96826

RECEIVED  
MAY 27 2008  
WILSON OKAMOTO CORPORATION

Dear Mr. Matsukawa:

SUBJECT: Draft Environmental Assessment for Kalaoa Water System Improvements  
North Kona, Island of Hawaii, Hawaii  
TMK: (3) 7-3-004: 011 (por.) and 017

Thank you for allowing us to review and comment on the subject application. The document was routed to the various branches of the Department of Health (DOH) Environmental Health Administration. We have the following Wastewater Branch, Clean Water Branch and General comments.

Wastewater Branch

The Seascape Development, LLC proposes to acquire land, develop water source storage and make transmission-system improvements to supplement the existing County of Hawaii, Department of Water Supply (DWS) Kalaoa Reservoir facility.

The project is located in the Critical Wastewater Disposal Area (CWDA) with Five (5) Acre Lot Exception where no new cesspools will be allowed. Our records indicate that there may be homes with septic tank systems that are located within 1000 feet of the DWS Kalaoa potable well.

We have no objections to the proposal but recommend that continuous monitoring of the potable well is performed because there may be homes with septic tank systems that are located within 1000 feet from the well that may potentially contaminate the water source.

All wastewater plans must meet Department's Rules, HAR Chapter 11-62, "Wastewater Systems." We do reserve the right to review the detailed wastewater plans for conformance to applicable rules. If you have any questions, please contact the Planning & Design Section of the Wastewater Branch at 586-4294.

Mr. Matsukawa  
May 20, 2008  
Page 2

Clean Water Branch

The Department of Health, Clean Water Branch (CWB), has reviewed the subject document and offers these comments on your project. Please note that our review is based solely on the information provided in the subject document and its compliance with Hawaii Administrative Rules (HAR), Chapters 11-54 and 11-55. You may be responsible for fulfilling additional requirements related to our program. We recommend that you also read our standard comments on our website at <http://www.hawaii.gov/health/environmental/env-planning/landuse/CWB-standardcomment.pdf>.

1. Any project and its potential impacts to State waters must meet the following criteria:
  - a. Antidegradation policy (HAR, Section 11-54-1.1), which requires that the existing uses and the level of water quality necessary to protect the existing uses of the receiving State water be maintained and protected.
  - b. Designated uses (HAR, Section 11-54-3), as determined by the classification of the receiving State waters.
  - c. Water quality criteria (HAR, Sections 11-54-4 through 11-54-8).
2. You are required to obtain a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit for discharges of wastewater, including storm water runoff, into State surface waters (HAR, Chapter 11-55). For the following types of discharges into Class A or Class 2 State waters, you may apply for NPDES general permit coverage by submitting a Notice of Intent (NOI) form:
  - a. Storm water associated with construction activities, including clearing, grading, and excavation, that result in the disturbance of equal to or greater than one (1) acre of total land area. The total land area includes a contiguous area where multiple separate and distinct construction activities may be taking place at different times on different schedules under a larger common plan of development or sale. An NPDES permit is required before the start of the construction activities.
  - b. Hydrotesting water.
  - c. Construction dewatering effluent.

You must submit a separate NOI form for each type of discharge at least 30 calendar days prior to the start of the discharge activity, except when applying for coverage for discharges of storm water associated with construction activity. For this type of discharge, the NOI must be submitted 30 calendar days before to the start of construction activities. The NOI

Mr. Matsukawa  
May 20, 2008  
Page 3

forms may be picked up at our office or downloaded from our website at <http://www.hawaii.gov/health/environmental/water/cleanwater/forms/genl-index.html>.

3. For types of wastewater not listed in Item No. 2 above or wastewater discharging into Class 1 or Class AA waters, you may need an NPDES individual permit. An application for an NPDES individual permit must be submitted at least 180 calendar days before the commencement of the discharge. The NPDES application forms may be picked up at our office or downloaded from our website at <http://www.hawaii.gov/health/environmental/water/cleanwater/forms/indiv-index.html>.
4. Please note that all discharges related to the project construction or operation activities, whether or not NPDES permit coverage and/or Section 401 Water Quality Certification are required, must comply with the State's Water Quality Standards. Noncompliance with water quality requirements contained in HAR, Chapter 11-54, and/or permitting requirements, specified in HAR, Chapter 11-55, may be subject to penalties of \$25,000 per day per violation.

If you have any questions, please visit our website at <http://www.hawaii.gov/health/environmental/water/cleanwater/index.html>, or contact the Engineering Section, CWB, at 586-4309.

#### General

We strongly recommend that you review all of the Standard Comments on our website: [www.hawaii.gov/health/environmental/env-planning/landuse/landuse.html](http://www.hawaii.gov/health/environmental/env-planning/landuse/landuse.html). Any comments specifically applicable to this project should be adhered to.

If there are any questions about these comments please contact Jiakai Liu with the Environmental Planning Office at 586-4346.

Sincerely,



KELVIN H. SUNADA, MANAGER  
Environmental Planning Office

c: EPO  
WWB  
CWB  
EH-Hawaii



7384-03  
March 10, 2009

1907 South Beretania Street  
Artesian Plaza, Suite 400  
Honolulu, Hawaii, 96826 USA  
Phone: 808.946.2277  
Fax: 808.946.2253  
www.wilsonokamoto.com

**Mr. Kelvin H. Sunada, Manager**  
Environmental Planning Office  
Department of Health  
State of Hawaii  
Post Office Box 3378  
Honolulu, Hawaii 96801

Attention: Mr. Jiakai Liu

Subject: Draft Environmental Assessment for Kalaoa Water System  
Improvements  
North Kona District, Hawaii  
Tax Map Key: 7-3-004: portion 11 and 17, and utility easements in 5  
and Mamalahoa Highway and Old Government Road 7

Dear Mr. Sunada:

Thank you for your letter dated May 20, 2008 (Ref. EPO-08-070) commenting on the subject Draft Environmental Assessment (EA). The following is offered in the respective order of your comments:

Wastewater Branch

1. Inasmuch as the potable well will continue to be operated by the Hawaii County Department of Water Supply (DWS), your recommendation for continuous monitoring of the well will be forwarded to the DWS.
2. The proposed project does not involve the construction of any wastewater facilities.

Clean Water Branch

1. The proposed project will comply with all applicable requirements in regard to construction practices as well as long-term impacts of drainage from the property that may affect State waters.
2. As discussed in the Draft EA, project construction is anticipated to disturb more than one acre of the project site. Therefore, a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit will be obtained prior to commencing construction activities. Inasmuch as the project site is located



7384-03  
Letter to Mr. Kelvin H. Sunada, Manager  
Page 2  
March 10, 2009

more than four miles from the coast, stormwater discharges during construction will be into State surface waters and will, therefore, require a general permit. A Notice of Intent (NOI), including a Best Management Practices Plan will be submitted to the DOH for review and approval.

General

The applicant will review the Standard Comments on your website and shall adhere to those applicable to the proposed project.

We appreciate your interest and participation in the public review phase of the Draft EA. Your letter, along with this response, will be reproduced in the forthcoming Final EA.

Sincerely,

Earl Matsukawa, AICP, Project Manager

EM/YT/jm

cc: Mr. Bill Brooks, Seascape Development, LLC  
Mr. Finn McCall, Department of Water Supply

LINDA LINGLE  
GOVERNOR OF HAWAII



Laura H. Thielen  
Chairperson  
Board of Land and Natural Resources  
Commission on Water Resource Management

EM



STATE OF HAWAII  
DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES  
LAND DIVISION

POST OFFICE BOX 621  
HONOLULU, HAWAII 96809

May 22, 2008

RECEIVED  
MAY 23 2008

WILSON OKAMOTO CORPORATION

Wilson Okamoto Corporation  
1907 S. Beretania Street, Suite 400  
Honolulu, HI 96826

Attention: Mr. Earl Matsukawa

Dear Mr. Matsukawa:

SUBJECT: Kalaoa Water System Improvements – Draft of Environmental Assessment – Seascape Development, LLC; North Kona, Hawaii; TMK: (3) 7-3-004: por. 11 and 17, and utility easements in 5 and Mamalahoa Highway and Old Government Road 7

Thank you for the opportunity to review and comment on the subject matter. The Department of Land and Natural Resources' (DLNR) Land Division distributed or made available a copy of your report pertaining to the subject matter to DLNR Divisions for their review and comments.

At this time, enclosed are comments from the (a) Engineering Division, (b) Forestry & Wildlife, and (c) Hawaii District office of the Land Division on the subject matter. Should you have any questions, please feel free to call my office at 587-0433. Thank you.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Morris M. Atta".

Morris M. Atta  
Administrator

Enclosures

cc: Ms. Katherine Puana Kealoha (w/copies)  
Director, Department of Health  
Mr. Milton D. Pavao (w/copies)  
Manager, Department of Water Supply

LINDA LINGLE  
GOVERNOR OF HAWAII



STATE OF HAWAII  
DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES

POST OFFICE BOX 621  
HONOLULU, HAWAII 96809

LAURA H. THIELEN  
CHAIRPERSON  
BOARD OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES  
COMMISSION ON WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

RUSSELL Y. ISUJI  
FIRST DEPUTY

KEN C. KAWAHARA  
DEPUTY DIRECTOR - WATER

AQUATIC RESOURCES  
BOATING AND OCEAN RECREATION  
BUREAU OF CONVEYANCES  
COMMISSION ON WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT  
CONSERVATION AND COASTAL LANDS  
CONSERVATION AND RESOURCES ENFORCEMENT  
ENGINEERING  
FORESTRY AND WILDLIFE  
HISTORIC PRESERVATION  
KAHOOLAWE ISLAND RESERVE COMMISSION  
LAND  
STATE PARKS

April 24, 2008

MEMORANDUM

TO: **DLNR Agencies:**  
 Div. of Aquatic Resources  
 Div. of Boating & Ocean Recreation  
 **Engineering Division**  
 Div. of Forestry & Wildlife  
 Div. of State Parks  
 Div. of Water Resource Management  
 Office of Conservation & Coastal Lands  
 Land Division – Hilo District

RECEIVED  
LAND DIVISION  
2008 MAY -9 A 8:20  
09 APR 25 PM 03:00 ENGINEERING  
DEPT OF LAND & NATURAL RESOURCES  
STATE OF HAWAII

FROM: *for* Morris M. Atta *Malene*  
SUBJECT: Kalaoa Water System Improvements – Draft of Environmental Assessment  
LOCATION: North Kona District, Hawaii, TMK 93) 7-3-004: portion 11 and 17 and utility easements in 5 and Mamalahoa Highway and Old Government Road  
APPLICANT: Seascape Development, LLC

Transmitted for your review and comments on the above referenced document. We would appreciate your comments on this document. Please submit any comments by May 21, 2008.

If no response is received by this date, we will assume your agency has no comments. If you have any questions about this request, please contact my office at 587-0433. Thank you.

Attachments

- ( ) We have no objections.
- ( ) We have no comments.
- (X) Comments are attached.

Signed: *Chris T. Quinn*  
Date: 5/7/08

cc: Central Files

DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES  
ENGINEERING DIVISION

LD/MorrisAtta

Ref.: DEAKalaoaWater SystemImprovements  
Oahu.610

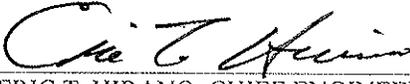
COMMENTS

- ( ) We confirm that the project site, according to the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), is located in Zone \_\_\_\_\_.
- ( ) Please take note that the project site, according to the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), is located in Zone \_\_\_\_\_.
- ( ) Please note that the correct Flood Zone Designation for the project site according to the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) is Zone D. The National Flood Insurance Program does not have any regulations for development within Zone D.
- ( ) Please note that the project must comply with the rules and regulations of the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) presented in Title 44 of the Code of Federal Regulations (44CFR), whenever development within a Special Flood Hazard Area is undertaken. If there are any questions, please contact the State NFIP Coordinator, Ms. Carol Tyau-Beam, of the Department of Land and Natural Resources, Engineering Division at (808) 587-0267.

Please be advised that 44CFR indicates the minimum standards set forth by the NFIP. Your Community's local flood ordinance may prove to be more restrictive and thus take precedence over the minimum NFIP standards. If there are questions regarding the local flood ordinances, please contact the applicable County NFIP Coordinators below:

- ( ) Mr. Robert Sumitomo at (808) 768-8097 or Mr. Mario Siu Li at (808) 768-8098 of the City and County of Honolulu, Department of Planning and Permitting.
- ( ) Mr. Kelly Gomes at (808) 961-8327 (Hilo) or Mr. Kiran Emler at (808) 327-3530 (Kona) of the County of Hawaii, Department of Public Works.
- ( ) Mr. Francis Cerizo at (808) 270-7771 of the County of Maui, Department of Planning.
- ( ) Mr. Mario Antonio at (808) 241-6620 of the County of Kauai, Department of Public Works.
  
- ( ) The applicant should include project water demands and infrastructure required to meet water demands. Please note that the implementation of any State-sponsored projects requiring water service from the Honolulu Board of Water Supply system must first obtain water allocation credits from the Engineering Division before it can receive a building permit and/or water meter.
- ( ) The applicant should provide the water demands and calculations to the Engineering Division so it can be included in the State Water Projects Plan Update.
  
- ( ) Additional Comments: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
  
- (X) **Other: Our comments dated December 27, 2006 to the Pre-Assessment Consultation for the Draft Environmental Assessment (DEA) that was incorporated at the DEA for the subject project, still apply.**

Should you have any questions, please call Ms. Suzie S. Agraan of the Planning Branch at 587-0258.

Signed:   
ERIC T. HIRANO, CHIEF ENGINEER

Date: 5/7/08

LINDA LINGLE  
GOVERNOR OF HAWAII



STATE OF HAWAII  
DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES

POST OFFICE BOX 621  
HONOLULU, HAWAII 96809

Laura H. Thielen  
CHAIRPERSON  
BOARD OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES  
COMMISSION ON WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

RUSSELL Y. TSUJI  
FIRST DEPUTY

KEN C. KAWAHARA  
DEPUTY DIRECTOR - WATER

AQUATIC RESOURCES  
BOATING AND OCEAN RECREATION  
BUREAU OF CONVEYANCES  
COMMISSION ON WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT  
CONSERVATION AND COASTAL LANDS  
CONSERVATION AND RESOURCES ENFORCEMENT  
ENGINEERING  
FORESTRY AND WILDLIFE  
HISTORIC PRESERVATION  
KAHOOLAWE ISLAND RESERVE COMMISSION  
LAND  
STATE PARKS

April 24, 2008

MEMORANDUM

TO:

DLNR Agencies:

- Div. of Aquatic Resources
- Div. of Boating & Ocean Recreation
- Engineering Division
- Div. of Forestry & Wildlife
- Div. of State Parks
- Div. of Water Resource Management
- Office of Conservation & Coastal Lands
- Land Division – Hilo District

RECEIVED  
LAND DIVISION  
2008 APR 29 A 10: 29  
DEPT. OF LAND &  
NATURAL RESOURCES  
STATE OF HAWAII

FROM:

Morris M. Atta *Maalene*

SUBJECT:

Kalaoa Water System Improvements – Draft of Environmental Assessment

LOCATION:

North Kona District, Hawaii, TMK 93) 7-3-004: portion 11 and 17 and utility easements in 5 and Mamalahoa Highway and Old Government Road

APPLICANT:

Seascape Development, LLC

Transmitted for your review and comments on the above referenced document. We would appreciate your comments on this document. Please submit any comments by May 21, 2008.

If no response is received by this date, we will assume your agency has no comments. If you have any questions about this request, please contact my office at 587-0433. Thank you.

Attachments

- We have no objections.
- We have no comments.
- Comments are attached.

Signed:

*Paul J. Conry*

Date:

APR 28 2008

PAUL J. CONRY, ADMINISTRATOR

DIVISION OF FORESTRY AND WILDLIFE

cc: Central Files

LINDA LINGLE  
GOVERNOR OF HAWAII



LAURA H. THIELEN  
CHAIRPERSON  
BOARD OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES  
COMMISSION ON WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

RUSSELL Y. TSUJI  
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KEN C. KAWAHARA  
DEPUTY DIRECTOR - WATER

AQUATIC RESOURCES  
BOATING AND OCEAN RECREATION  
BUREAU OF CONVEYANCES  
COMMISSION ON WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT  
CONSERVATION AND COASTAL LANDS  
CONSERVATION AND RESOURCES ENFORCEMENT  
ENGINEERING  
FORESTRY AND WILDLIFE  
HISTORIC PRESERVATION  
KAPOLAHE ISLAND RESERVE COMMISSION  
LAND  
STATE PARKS

STATE OF HAWAII  
DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES

POST OFFICE BOX 621  
HONOLULU, HAWAII 96809

April 24, 2008

MEMORANDUM

TO: **DLNR Agencies:**  
 Div. of Aquatic Resources  
 Div. of Boating & Ocean Recreation  
 Engineering Division  
 Div. of Forestry & Wildlife  
 Div. of State Parks  
 Div. of Water Resource Management  
 Office of Conservation & Coastal Lands  
 Land Division – Hilo District

FROM: *for* Morris M. Atta *Maalene*  
SUBJECT: Kalaoa Water System Improvements – Draft of Environmental Assessment  
LOCATION: North Kona District, Hawaii, TMK 93) 7-3-004: portion 11 and 17 and utility easements in 5 and Mamalahoa Highway and Old Government Road  
APPLICANT: Seascope Development, LLC

Transmitted for your review and comments on the above referenced document. We would appreciate your comments on this document. Please submit any comments by May 21, 2008.

If no response is received by this date, we will assume your agency has no comments. If you have any questions about this request, please contact my office at 587-0433. Thank you.

Attachments

- We have no objections.
- We have no comments.
- Comments are attached.

Signed: *for* *Maalene*  
Date: 5/8/08

cc: Central Files

2008 APR 28 11:11 AM  
RECEIVED  
LAND DIVISION  
HILO, HAWAII

DEPT. OF LAND & NATURAL RESOURCES  
STATE OF HAWAII  
2008 MAY 12 10:17  
RECEIVED  
LAND DIVISION



1907 South Beretania Street  
Artesian Plaza, Suite 400  
Honolulu, Hawaii, 96826 USA  
Phone: 808.946.2277  
Fax: 808.946.2253  
www.wilsonokamoto.com

7384-03  
March 10, 2009

Mr. Morris M. Atta, Administrator  
Land Division  
Department of Land and Natural Resources  
State of Hawaii  
Post Office Box 621  
Honolulu, Hawaii 96809

Subject: Draft Environmental Assessment for Kalaoa Water System  
Improvements  
North Kona District, Hawaii  
Tax Map Key: 7-3-004: portion 11 and 17, and utility easements in 5  
and Mamalahoa Highway and Old Government Road 7

Dear Mr. Atta:

Thank you for your letter dated May 22, 2008 transmitting your department's comments on the subject Draft Environmental Assessment (EA). The following is offered in response to each of your commenting divisions:

Engineering Division (Memorandum signed May 7, 2008) – We acknowledge that you have no additional comments to offer on the subject Draft Environmental Assessment (EA) beyond those contained in your letter dated December 27, 2006. That letter, which was solicited during pre-assessment consultation, along with our response, were included in the Draft EA.

Division of Forestry & Wildlife (Memorandum signed April 28, 2008) – We acknowledge that you have no objections to the proposed project.

Land Division – Hawaii District Office (Memorandum signed May 5, 2008) – We acknowledge that you have not comments to offer on the subject Draft EA.

We appreciate your interest and participation in the public review phase of the Draft EA. Your letter, along with this response, will be reproduced in the forthcoming Final EA.

Sincerely,

Earl Matsukawa, AICP, Project Manager

EM/YT/jm

cc: Mr. Bill Brooks, Seascape Development, LLC  
Mr. Finn McCall, Department of Water Supply

EM

LINDA LINGLE  
GOVERNOR OF HAWAII



RECEIVED  
JUL 23 2008  
WILSON OKAMOTO CORPORATION

LAURA H. THIELEN  
CHAIRPERSON  
BOARD OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES  
COMMISSION ON WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

RUSSELL Y. TSUJI  
FIRST DEPUTY

KEN C. KAWAHARA  
DEPUTY DIRECTOR - WATER

AQUATIC RESOURCES  
BOATING AND OCEAN RECREATION  
BUREAU OF CONVEYANCES  
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ENGINEERING

FORESTRY AND WILDLIFE  
HISTORIC PRESERVATION  
KAHOOLAWE ISLAND RESERVE COMMISSION  
LAND  
STATE PARKS

STATE OF HAWAII  
DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES

STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION DIVISION  
601 KAMOKILA BOULEVARD, ROOM 555  
KAPOLEI, HAWAII 96707

July 21, 2008

Mr. Earl Matsukawa, AICP, Project Manager  
Wilson Okamoto Corporation  
1907 South Beretania Street, Suite 400  
Honolulu, Hawaii 96826

LOG NO: 2008.1474  
DOC NO: 0807TD18  
Archaeology

Dear Mr. Matsukawa:

Subject: **Chapter 6E-42 Historic Preservation Review –  
Draft Environmental Assessment (DEA) for Kalaoa Water System Improvements  
Kalaoa 4<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup> Ahupua'a, North Kona District, Island of Hawai'i  
TMK: (3) 7-3- 04: 11 (por.) and 17**

Thank you for requesting comments on this DEA, which we received April 24, 2008. We apologize for the delay in responding. The project involves construction of a new 1.0 million gallon water reservoir and associated facility improvements near the existing Kalaoa Reservoir. Associated existing transmission lines will also be upgraded. These upgrades will occur within county utility and road easements. Total area of the new construction is approximately 1.0 acre. Our records indicate that this project area for the new water reservoir site in has been subjected to an archaeological field inspection, which found that the entire project area has been previously graded (B. Retchman letter to J. Taomia, August 7, 2006).

We believe that **no historic properties will be affected** by this proposed activity because:

- New construction or land alteration will not occur in connection with the permit
- Residential development/urbanization has altered the land
- Previous grubbing/grading has altered the land
- An accepted archaeological assessment found no historic properties
- SHPD previously reviewed this project and mitigation has been
- Other: *SHPD has previously issued a "no historic properties affected" letter, following receipt and review of a report on the archaeological filed inspection of the project area (M. Chinen letter to R. Rechman, August 11, 2006, Log No. 2006.2729, Doc No. 0608JT36)*

Should evidence of previously unknown historic properties, artifacts, lava tubes or blisters, human skeletal remains or other cultural materials be encountered during construction, all activities in the vicinity of the find should cease, the find should be protected from harm, and the State Historic Preservation Division should be contacted immediately at (808) 981-2979. If you have any questions or wish to discuss this letter, please contact Theresa Donham at (808) 981-2979.

Aloha,

Dr. Pua Aiu, Administrator  
Historic Preservation Division



1907 South Beretania Street  
Artesian Plaza, Suite 400  
Honolulu, Hawaii, 96826 USA  
Phone: 808.946.2277  
Fax: 808.946.2253  
www.wilsonokamoto.com

7384-03  
March 10, 2009

Dr. Pua Aiu, Administrator  
Historic Preservation Division  
Department of Land and Natural Resources  
State of Hawaii  
601 Kamokila Boulevard, Room 555  
Kapolei, Hawaii 96707

Subject: Draft Environmental Assessment for Kalaoa Water System  
Improvements  
North Kona District, Hawaii  
Tax Map Key: 7-3-004: portion 11 and 17, and utility easements in 5  
and Mamalahoa Highway and Old Government Road 7

Dear Dr. Aiu:

Thank you for your letter dated July 21, 2008 (DOC NO: 0807TD18) stating your belief that no historic properties will be affected by the proposed project due to previous land alteration activity at the project site. We acknowledge that a previous "no historic properties affected" letter dated August 11, 2006 was issued by your agency. That letter was reproduced in Appendix C of the subject Draft EA and will also be included in the forthcoming Final EA.

The Final EA will also include the following statement in Section 3.14  
Archaeological and Historic Resources – Impacts and Mitigation Measures:

"Should evidence of previously unknown historic properties, artifacts, lava tubes or blisters, human skeletal remains or other cultural materials be encountered during construction, all activities in the vicinity of the find will cease, the find shall be protected from harm, and the State Historic Preservation Division will be contacted immediately."

We appreciate your interest and participation in the public review phase of the Draft EA. Your letter, along with this response, will be reproduced in the Final EA.

Sincerely,

Earl Matsukawa, AICP, Project Manager

EM/YT/jm

cc: Mr. Bill Brooks, Seascape Development, LLC  
Mr. Finn McCall, Department of Water Supply



EM

**STATE OF HAWAII'**  
**OFFICE OF HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS**  
711 KAPI'OLANI BOULEVARD, SUITE 500  
HONOLULU, HAWAII 96813

HRD08/2841B

May 28, 2008

RECEIVED  
JUN 4 2008  
WILSON OKAMOTO CORPORATION

Earl Matsukawa  
Wilson Okamoto Corporation  
1907 South Beretania St., Suite 400  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96826

**RE: Request for comments on the proposed Kalaoa water system improvements, Draft Environmental Assessment (DEA), North Kona District, Hawai'i, TMKs: 7-3-004: 11 and 17.**

Aloha e Earl Matsukawa,

The Office of Hawaiian Affairs (OHA) is in receipt of the above-mentioned letter dated April 15, 2008. OHA has reviewed the project and offers the following comments.

OHA understands that the reservoir and associated improvements are permitted uses in this agricultural zoning district. However, we also note that these improvements represent a substantial amount of ground disturbance as well as a substantial new draw on groundwater in the area.

As such, we rely on the assurances found in section 3.3 of the DEA regarding the sustainable yield of the aquifer and also section 3.14 of the DEA regarding assurances from the applicant that if any archeological resources are uncovered, work in the immediate vicinity will cease and the State Historic Preservation Department (SHPD) will be notified immediately.

OHA also points out that National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit listed in section 2.2 of the DEA is trigger for SHPD. The applicant must submit a notice of intent (NOI) from at least 30 days prior to start of construction activities. The applicant must also submit a copy of the NOI or NPDES permit application to SHPD, or demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Department of Health (DOH) Clean Water Branch that SHPD has or is in the process of evaluating your project. Page 19 of the DEA mentions the NPDES NOI for construction storm water activities as required by the DOH, but does not mention the SHPD connection related to this permit.

On April 26, 2000, the Governor approved House Bill No. 2895 H.D.1 as Act 50 which amended Chapter 343 Hawaii Revised Statutes to require a cultural impact assessment to be included in the preparation of an Environmental Impact Statement/Environmental Assessment.

According to the Guidelines for Assessing Cultural Impacts established by the Hawai'i State Office of Environmental Quality Control:

The types of cultural practices and beliefs subject to assessment may include subsistence, commercial, residential, agricultural, access-related, recreational, and religious and spiritual customs. The types of cultural resources subject to assessment may include traditional cultural properties or other types of historic sites, both manmade and natural, which support such cultural beliefs.

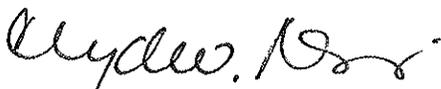
OHA points out that a cultural impact assessment is required in this DEA.

OHA also notes that the DEA on page 23 mentions mitigations for the Newell's Shearwaters and we would like to offer the following suggestions. Every effort should be made to avoid lighting situations where light glare projects upwards or laterally. Large, high-intensity floodlights should also be avoided. Use of amber colored or other color (such as blue or green) filters or bulbs should be used to assist in decreasing risk of seabird attraction. For the same reasons, OHA also recommends the use of motion detection-activated lights to prevent lights from being on for extended periods of time.

Additionally, OHA would also like to suggest that the project area be landscaped with drought tolerant native or indigenous species that are common to the area. Any invasive species should also be removed. Doing so would not only serve as practical water-saving landscaping practices, but also serve to further the traditional Hawaiian concept of mālama 'āina and create a more Hawaiian sense of place.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment. If you have further questions, please contact Grant Arnold (808) 594-0263 or e-mail him at [granta@oha.org](mailto:granta@oha.org).

'O wau iho nō me ka 'oia'i'o,



Clyde W. Nāmu'o  
Administrator

C: OHA Kona CRC Office

C: Office of Environmental Quality Control  
235 South Beretania St., Suite 702  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

Earl Matsukawa  
May 28, 2008  
Page 3

C: Department of Water Supply  
County of Hawai'i  
345 Kekuaaoa St., Hilo, Hawai'i 96720  
Attention: Mr. Finn McCall



7384-03  
March 10, 2009

1907 South Beretania Street  
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Fax: 808 946 2253  
www.wilsonokamoto.com

Mr. Clyde W. Nāmu'o, Administrator  
Office of Hawaiian Affairs  
State of Hawai'i  
711 Kapi'olani Boulevard, Suite 500  
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Attention: Mr. Grant Arnold

Subject: Draft Environmental Assessment for Kalaoa Water System  
Improvements  
North Kona District, Hawaii  
Tax Map Key: 7-3-004: portion 11 and 17, and utility easements in 5  
and Mamalahoa Highway and Old Government Road 7

Dear Mr. Nāmu'o:

Thank you for your letter dated May 28, 2008 (Ref. HRD08/2841B) commenting on the subject Draft Environmental Assessment (EA). The following is offered in the respective order of your comments:

1. We acknowledge your citations of assurances provided in the Draft EA regarding the sustainable yield of the aquifer and immediate cessation of work and notification of the State Historic Preservation Division (SHPD) should any archaeological resources be uncovered.
2. Section 11-200-10 (11), Administrative Rules (DOH) pertaining to the contents of an environmental assessment specifies a "(l)ist of all permits and approvals (State, federal, county) required." It does not specifically require an identification of the various agencies, whose review and approval may be required in the course of processing a permit. The letter from SHPD dated August 11, 2006, which is reproduced in Appendix C of the Draft EA, is sufficient to document their review for the NPDES NOI.
3. Act 50 specifically required environmental impact statements to disclose effects on cultural practices. While the requirements in this regard for environmental assessments is not specific, the Final EA will include statements that there are no known cultural resources or practices occurring at the project site and that the project will not affect public access to cultural resources or for cultural practices such as hunting and gathering that may occur mauka of the project site.



7384-03  
Letter to Mr. Clyde W. Nāmu'o, Administrator  
Page 2  
March 10, 2009

4. The proposed project does not include any exterior lighting.
5. The proposed project does not include landscaping, although naturally occurring vegetation in the immediate vicinity of the reservoir will be managed in conjunction with the operation and maintenance of the facility.

We appreciate your interest and participation in the public review phase of the Draft EA. Your letter, along with this response, will be reproduced in the forthcoming Final EA.

Sincerely,

Earl Matsukawa, AICP, Project Manager

EM/YT/jm

cc: Mr. Bill Brooks, Seascapes Development, LLC  
Mr. Finn McCall, Department of Water Supply

LINDA LINGLE  
GOVERNOR



STATE OF HAWAII  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
869 PUNCHBOWL STREET  
HONOLULU, HAWAII 96813-5097

BRENNON T. MORIOKA  
DIRECTOR

Deputy Directors  
MICHAEL D. FORMBY  
FRANCIS PAUL KEENO  
BRIAN H. SEKIGUCHI

IN REPLY REFER TO:

STP 8.2877

May 21, 2008

EM

Mr. Earl Matsukawa, AICP  
Project Manager  
Wilson Okamoto Corporation  
1907 South Beretania Street, Suite 400  
Honolulu, Hawaii 96826

RECEIVED  
MAY 27 2008  
WILSON OKAMOTO CORPORATION

Dear Mr. Matsukawa:

Subject: Kalaoa Water System Improvements  
Draft Environmental Assessment (Draft EA)

Thank you for requesting the Department of Transportation's (DOT) review of the subject project. The proposed project to construct a new 1.0 million gallon reservoir and associated water facility improvements with upgrades of the associated transmission lines will impact DOT's transportation facilities. DOT's comments are as follows:

1. The DOT is concerned with the location of the new water transmission line on Mamalahoa Highway. The Draft EA should identify and discuss this location. The DOT requests that the developer consider installing the water transmission line outside the State highways rights-of-way, or at minimum outside the travel lane.
2. Section 2.2 Required Permits and Approvals of the Draft EA should include DOT's Permit to Perform Work on State Highways for work to be done on or along the Mamalahoa Highway right-of-way.
3. Section 3.17 Roadway System and Traffic should include discussion on proposed traffic control mitigation measures for the entire term of the subject project.
4. DOT's prior comments on the proposed Seascape Lokahi Ka'u Subdivision in letter STP 8.2500 dated 5/25/07 (copy attached) to the Hawaii Planning Department for the State Land Use Boundary Amendment and Change of Zone Application are still applicable.

Mr. Earl Matsukawa  
Page 2  
May 21, 2008

STP 8.2877

The DOT appreciates the opportunity to provide comments.

Very truly yours,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'BM', with a horizontal line extending from the end of the signature.

BRENNON T. MORIOKA, PH.D., P.E.  
Director of Transportation

Attach.

c: State of Hawaii, Dept. of Health, Office of Environmental Quality Control (K. Kealoha)  
County of Hawaii, Dept. of Water Supply (M. Pavao)



STATE OF HAWAII  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
869 PUNCHBOWL STREET  
HONOLULU, HAWAII 96813-5097

BARRY FUKUNAGA  
DIRECTOR

Deputy Directors  
FRANCIS PAUL KEENO  
BRENNON T. MORIOKA  
BRIAN H. SEKIGUCHI

IN REPLY REFER TO:

STP 8.2500

May 25, 2007

Mr. Christopher J. Yuen  
Director  
Planning Department  
County of Hawaii  
101 Pauahi Street, Suite 3  
Hilo, Hawaii 96720-3043

Dear Mr. Yuen:

Subject: Seascape Development, LLC  
State Land Use Boundary Amendment Application (SLU 07-000014) and  
Change of Zone Application (REZ 07-000064)  
TMK: 7-3-10: 3

Thank you for transmitting the subject applications ("application") for the proposed 306-unit affordable housing rental project for our review. We have the following comments.

1. The proposed project will have an impact on our two highways (Queen Kaahumanu and Mamalahoa) through the project's contribution of traffic particularly at the highway's intersections with Kaiminani Street.
2. Our Highways Division disagrees with the position in the Road and Traffic section of the application that states that no mitigation measures are needed at the Kaiminani Street intersections with the two highways. Also, we noted that the TIAR used the 5<sup>th</sup> Edition of the ITE Trip Generation manual and not the current 7<sup>th</sup> Edition and did not account for any traffic increase due to the UH West Hawaii Campus or the Palamanui project by Hihuhilu Development. The applicant may contact our Highways Hawaii District Office to further discuss this matter.
3. We appreciate the County recognizing that the incremental rise of development projects, such as the subject project, occurring in the surrounding area that use or plan to use Kaiminani Street as a primary access route to both highways will need to be addressed with roadway and intersection improvements to ensure that the improvements are adequately designed and phased to address the cumulative impact of the increasing traffic.

Mr. Christopher J. Yuen  
Page 2  
May 25, 2007

STP 8.2500

4. The applicant should be responsible to implement traffic improvements for project impacts and participate in and contribute its share towards implementing highway intersection and/or regional roadway improvements to mitigate the impacts as may be determined by our Department and/or the County.

We appreciate the opportunity to provide our comments.

Very truly yours,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Barry', written over the typed name below.

BARRY FUKUNAGA  
Director of Transportation



7384-03  
March 10, 2009

1907 South Beretania Street  
Artesian Plaza, Suite 400  
Honolulu, Hawaii, 96826 USA  
Phone: 808 946 2277  
Fax: 808 946 2253  
www.wilsonokamoto.com

Mr. Brennon T. Morioka, PH.D., P.E.  
Director of Transportation  
Department of Transportation  
State of Hawaii  
869 Punchbowl Street  
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Subject: Draft Environmental Assessment for Kalaoa Water System  
Improvements  
North Kona District, Hawaii  
Tax Map Key: 7-3-004: portion 11 and 17, and utility easements in 5  
and Mamalahoa Highway and Old Government Road 7

Dear Mr. Morioka:

Thank you for your letter dated May 21, 2008 (Ref. STP8.2877) commenting on the subject Draft Environmental Assessment (EA). The following is offered in the respective order of your comments:

1. The Draft EA describes alternative routes being considered for the transmission lines as a basis for assessing potential environmental impacts. The DOT will be consulted early in the design phase of determining the final alignment of the transmission lines to minimize potential impact to DOT's highway facilities.
2. The Final EA will include the DOT's Permit to Perform Work on State Highways in Section 2.2 Required Permits and Approvals.
3. In the Final EA, Section 3.17 Roadway System and Traffic will include a discussion that mitigation measures will be prepared to address all phases of construction activity. The DOT will be consulted in developing a specific traffic mitigation plan in conjunction with the design phase for improvements within or affecting State highways. The traffic mitigation plan will be submitted to the DOT for review and approval in conjunction with plans for proposed improvements within the highway right-of-way.
4. We acknowledge your position on transportation and traffic issues pertaining to the State Land Use Boundary Amendment and Rezoning for TMK parcel 7-3-10:03, as articulated in your letter dated May 25, 2007. As stated in the Draft EA, the current proposal to implement water system



7384-01

Letter to Mr. Brennon T. Morioka, PH.D., P.E.

Page 2

March 10, 2009

improvements arose as a condition of a State Land Use Boundary Amendment and rezoning approved by the County of Hawaii in October 2004. Therefore, the subsequent entitlement processes mentioned in your letter have no bearing on the current proposal.

We appreciate your interest and participation in the public review phase of the Draft EA. Your letter, along with this response, will be reproduced in the forthcoming Final EA.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Earl Matsukawa", is written over a large, stylized loop.

Earl Matsukawa, AICP, Project Manager

EM/YT/jm

cc: Mr. Bill Brooks, Seascapes Development, LLC  
Mr. Finn McCall, Department of Water Supply

Harry Kim  
Mayor



Christopher J. Yuen  
Director

Brad Kurokawa, ASLA  
LEED® AP  
Deputy Director

County of Hawaii  
PLANNING DEPARTMENT  
101 Pauahi Street, Suite 3 • Hilo, Hawaii 96720-4224  
(808) 961-8288 • FAX (808) 961-8742

EM

May 5, 2008

Mr. Earl Matsukawa  
Wilson Okamoto Corporation  
1907 S. Beretania St., Suite 400  
Honolulu, HI 96826

RECEIVED  
MAY 08 2008  
WILSON OKAMOTO CORPORATION

Dear Mr. Matsukawa:

**Subject: Draft Environmental Assessment**  
**Applicant: Seascape Development, LLC**  
**Project: Kalaoa Water System Improvements**  
**Tax Map Key: 7-3-4: portion 11 and 17, and utility easements in 5 and**  
**Mamalaho Highway and Old Government Road 7**

This is to acknowledge receipt of the subject Draft Environmental Assessment. We have reviewed the subject document and have no comments.

Should you have questions, please contact Ron Whitmore of my staff at 961-8288, ext. 250.

Sincerely,

CHRISTOPHER J. YUEN  
Planning Director

RW:pak

P:\wpwin60\RWhitmore\EA-EIS\Kalaoa Water System 7-3-004 Draft EA.doc

xc: Ms. Katherine Puana Kealoha, Director  
State of Hawaii, Department of Health  
Office of Environmental Quality Control  
235 South Beretania Street, Suite 702  
Honolulu, HI 96813

Mr. Earl Matsukawa  
Wilson Okamoto Corporation  
Page 2  
May 5, 2008

xc: Mr. Finn McCall  
Department of Water Supply  
County of Hawaii  
345 Kekuanaoa St.reet  
Hilo, HI 96720

Planning Department, Kona



7384-03  
March 10, 2009

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Honolulu, Hawaii, 96826 USA  
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Mr. Christopher J. Yuen, Director  
Planning Department  
County of Hawaii  
101 Pauahi Street, Suite 3  
Hilo, Hawaii 96720-4224

Attention: Mr. Ron Whitmore

Subject: Draft Environmental Assessment for Kalaoa Water System  
Improvements  
North Kona District, Hawaii  
Tax Map Key: 7-3-004: portion 11 and 17, and utility easements in 5  
and Mamalahoa Highway and Old Government Road 7

Dear Mr. Yuen:

Thank you for your letter dated May 5, 2008 indicating that you have no comments to offer on the subject draft environmental assessment.

We appreciate your interest and participation in the public review phase of the Draft EA. Your letter, along with this response, will be reproduced in the forthcoming Final EA.

Sincerely,

Earl Matsukawa, AICP, Project Manager

EM/YT/jm

cc: Mr. Bill Brooks, Seascape Development, LLC  
Mr. Finn McCall, Department of Water Supply

## Appendix A

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Botanical Survey  
Palmer & Associates Consulting



**Botanical Surveys**

**Existing Kalaoa Water Tank**  
**(TMK 7-3-4: 17)**

**and**

**Proposed Tank and Associated Easements**  
**(TMK 7-3-4: 11)**

**North Kona, Hawaii**

Prepared for:  
Wilson/Okamoto Corp.  
1907 S. Beretania St., Suite 400  
Honolulu, Hawaii 96826

by:  
Palmer & Associates Consulting  
P. O. Box 637  
Pahoa, Hawaii 96778  
December 2006

# Contents

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| Results                             | 2           |
| Conclusions                         | 3           |
| References                          | 4           |
| Appendix: Plant Species Encountered | 5           |

## Introduction

We conducted a botanical survey of two TMKs (project area) near Kailua-Kona, Island of Hawaii, as part of planning studies for a proposed water storage tank and pump facility. TMK 7-3-4: 17 is the site of an existing water tank. TMK 7-3-4: 11, one parcel south of the existing tank, is the site of a proposed additional water storage tank and associated pipeline easements (Figures 1 and 2).

The existing tank (TMK 7-3-4: 17) site would be unmodified except for the addition of a proposed new pump. The proposed new tank project (TMK 7-3-4: 11) would change the site from its current use, with existing vegetation on the site being removed or highly altered.

## Methods

The Botanical survey was conducted as follows: A field team of two botanists ( Rex Palmer, Ph.D. and a field assistant.) carried out a 100% visual survey of the project area. Significant botanical resources found during the field surveys, including botanically rare plants, U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service designated plant species (USFWS Listed Endangered, USFWS Threatened, USFWS Candidate, and USFWS Species Of Concern plants) and any sensitive or unique habitats or vegetation types were to be documented. Any rare plants, USFWS designated plants, and sensitive habitats were located by GPS coordinates, photographed, mapped,

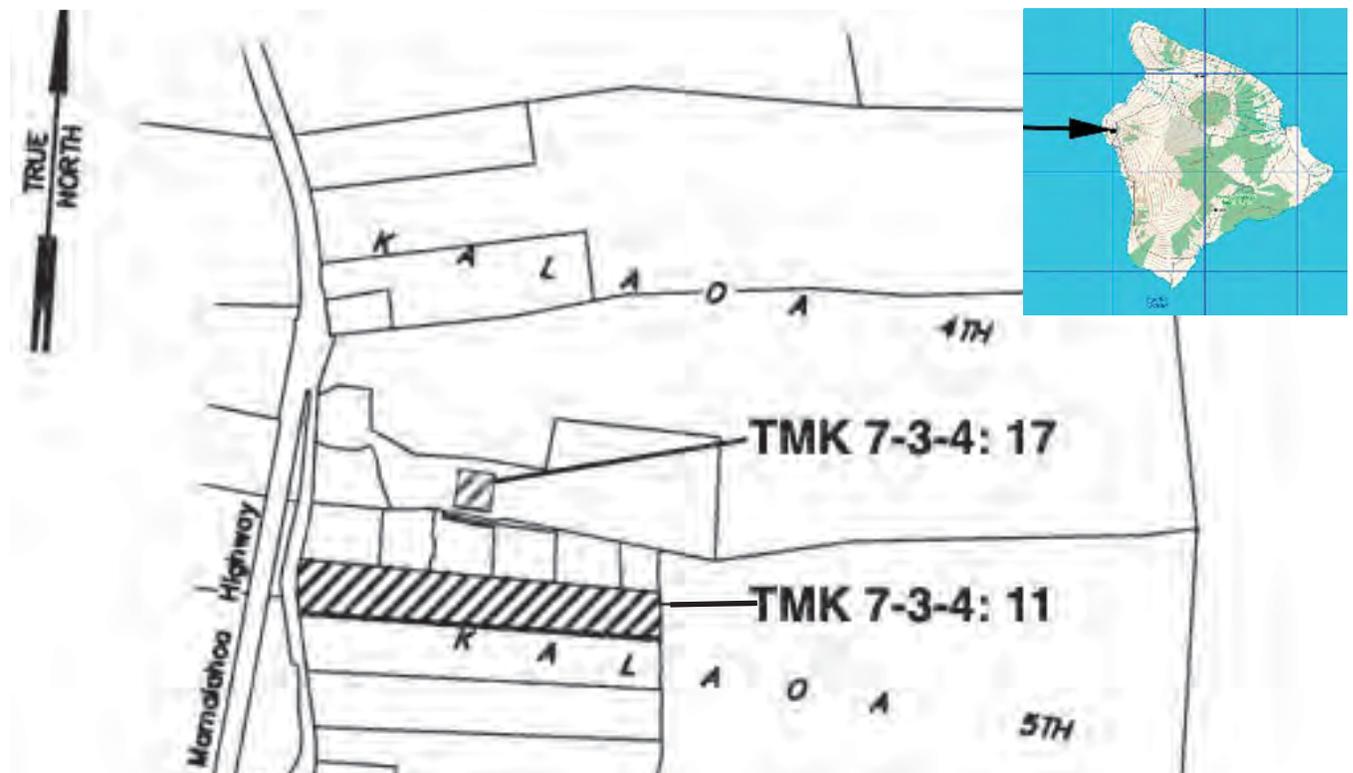


Figure 1. Location of areas surveyed.



Figure 2. Air photo of TMKs surveyed. The existing water storage tank (TMK 7-3-4: 17) can be seen in the upper part of the photo.

and described. Field surveys were conducted on November 30, 2006. Plant nomenclature follows Wagner, et al (1999) for flowering plants and Palmer (2003) for ferns. Staples and Herbst (2005) and Neil (1965) were used for names of cultivated plants and some weeds.

## Results

The existing water storage tank (TMK 7-3-4: 17) is surrounded by a chain-link fence. Within the fence, the ground around the tank is gravel and devoid of plant life. Outside the fence, the land is forested. On the north, west, and south sides of the tank site the forest is dominated by introduced rose apple (*Syzygium jambos*) with a mixture of other introduced alien plant species (see species list in the appendix). On the east, mauka side of the tank site native 'ohi'a forest occurs. In the vicinity of the tank site this native forest is infested with alien plants including rose apple and Christmas berry (*Schinus terebinthifolius*). We were not allowed access to the native 'ohi'a forest further upslope, but from what we observed from the tank site, the native forest there is less invaded by alien plants than that adjacent to the tank site. Still further upslope is the Makaula-Ooma Forest Reserve. The native forest mauka of the project area may support rare and endangered plants. The proposed project, however, will have no direct effects on botanical resources in the native forest or the forest reserve.

TMK 7-3-4: 11 is highly disturbed and occupied by mostly alien, introduced plants

(see appendix). Much of the site is dominated by introduced elephant grass (*Pennisetum purpureum*), with scattered introduced silk-oak (*Grevillea robusta*) trees. A few remnant native 'ohi'a also occur.

No endangered or rare plants were found in either of the two TMKs and neither TMK contains unique or sensitive habitats. Both TMKs are highly modified from their pristine condition, with the original native forest vegetation having been removed many years ago. The existing water storage tank (TMK 7-3-4: 17) is adjacent to native 'ohi'a forest but none of the proposed project actions would affect significant native vegetation.

## **Conclusions**

The TMKs surveyed do not support rare and endangered native plants nor unique or sensitive habitats. Both TMKs are highly disturbed and modified from their pristine condition, and there is essentially no native vegetation on either TMK. Mauka of the two TMKs native forest occurs, but none of the proposed project actions will affect the native forest. We conclude that the proposed project will have no negative effects on botanical resources, native habitats or rare and endangered plants.

## REFERENCES

- Neil, M.C. 1965. *In Gardens of Hawaii*. BMSP # 50. Bishop Museum Press. Honolulu, HI. 924p.
- Palmer, D.D. 2003. *Hawai'i's Fern and Fern Allies*. University of Hawai'i Press. Honolulu, HI. 324p.
- Staples, G.W. & Herbst, D.R. 2005. *A Tropical Garden Flora*. Bishop Museum Press. Honolulu, HI. 908p.
- USFWS. 2005. *Listed and Candidate Species, as Designated Under the U.S. Endangered Species Act: Hawaiian Islands Plants*. USFWS Pacific Islands Office. Honolulu, HI. 25p.
- Wagner, W.L., Herbst, D.L., & Sohmer, S.H. 1999. *Manual of the Flowering Plants of Hawai'i: Revised Edition*. University of Hawai'i Press. Honolulu, HI. 1919p.

# **Appendix**

## **Plant Species List**

Plants encountered during field surveys on November 30, 2006

**PLANTS of TMK 7-3-4: 17 and TMK 7-3-4: 11  
NORTH KONA DISTRICT  
ISLAND of HAWAI'I**

The following list represents vascular plant species encountered on November 30, 2006

**DICOTYLEDONS**

| FAMILY                                       |                    |                      |
|--|--------------------|----------------------|
| <u>Genus / species</u>                       | <u>Common Name</u> | <u>Distribution*</u> |
| ACANTHACEAE                                  | Acanthus Family    |                      |
| <i>Justica betonica</i> L.                   | shrimp plant       | A                    |
| <i>Thunbergia alata</i> Bojer ex Sims        | black-eyed Susan   | A                    |
| AMARANTHACEAE                                | Amaranth Family    |                      |
| <i>Amaranthus spinosus</i> L.                | spiny amaranth     | A                    |
| ANACARDIACEAE                                | Mango Family       |                      |
| <i>Mangifera indica</i> L.                   | mango              | A                    |
| <i>Schinus terebinthifolius</i> Raddi        | Christmasberry     | A                    |
| ARAILIACEAE                                  | Ginseng Family     |                      |
| <i>Schefflera actinophylla</i> (Endl.) Harms | octopus tree       | A                    |
| ASTERACEAE                                   | Sunflower Family   |                      |
| <i>Bidens pilosa</i> L.                      | Spanish needles    | A                    |
| <i>Conyza bonariensis</i> (L.) Cronq.        | hairy horseweed    | A                    |
| <i>Crepis capillaris</i> (L.) Wallr.         | hawk's beard       | A                    |
| <i>Pluchea symphytifolia</i> (Mill.) Gillis  | sourbush           | A                    |
| <i>Senecio madagascariensis</i> Poir         | groundsel          | A                    |
| <i>Senecio mikanioides</i> Otto ex Walp.     | German ivy         | A                    |
| <i>Sigesbeckia orientalis</i> L.             | small crown beard  | A                    |
| <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i> L.                  | sow thistle        | A                    |
| <i>Synedrella nodiflora</i> (L.) Gaertn.     | nodeweed           | A                    |
| BEGONIACEAE                                  | Begonia Family     |                      |
| <i>Begonia reniformis</i> Dryander           | grape-leaf begonia | A                    |
| BIGNONIACEAE                                 | Bignonia Family    |                      |
| <i>Spathodea campanulata</i> P. Beauv.       | African tulip tree | A                    |
| BRASSICACEAE                                 | Mustard Family     |                      |
| <i>Brassica nigra</i> (L.) W. Koch           | black mustard      | A                    |
| <i>Lepidium virginicum</i> L.                | pepperwort         | A                    |

|  |                       |   |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| BUDDLEIACEAE   | Butterfly Bush Family |   |
| <i>Buddleia asiatica</i> Lour.                         | dog tail              | A |
| CACTACEAE  | Cactus Family         |   |
| <i>Hylocereus undatus</i> (Haw.) Britton & Rose        | night-blooming cereus | A |
| CARYOPHYLLACEAE  | Pink Family           |   |
| <i>Drymaria cordata</i> (L.) Willd. ex Roem. & Schult. | pipili                | A |
| CASUARINACEAE  | She-Oak Family        |   |
| <i>Casuarina equisetifolia</i> L.                      | ironwood              | A |
| CONVOLVULACEAE   | Morning Glory Family  |   |
| <i>Ipomoea alba</i> L.                                 | moon flower           | A |
| <i>Merremia tuberosa</i> (L.) Rendle                   | wood rose             | A |
| CRASSULACEAE   | Orpine Family         |   |
| <i>Kalanchoe pinnata</i> (Lam.) Pers.                  | air plant             | A |
| CUCURBITACEAE  | Cucumber Family       |   |
| <i>Momordica charantia</i> L.                          | bitter melon          | A |
| EUPHORBIACEAE  | Poinsettia Family     |   |
| <i>Aleurites moluccana</i> (L.) Willd.                 | kukui                 | P |
| <i>Chamaesyce hirta</i> (L.) Millsp.                   | hairy spurge          | A |
| <i>Euphorbia heterophylla</i> L.                       | kaliko                | A |
| <i>Ricinus communis</i> L.                             | castor bean           | A |
| FABACEAE   | Bean Family           |   |
| <i>Chamaecrista nictitans</i> (L.) Moench              | partridge pea         | A |
| <i>Desmodium incanum</i> DC                            | Spanish clover        | A |
| <i>Glycine wightii</i> (Wight & Arnott) Verdc.         | beggar weed           | A |
| <i>Leucaena leucocephala</i> (Lam.) de Wit             | haole koa             | A |
| LAMIACEAE  | Mint Family           |   |
| <i>Hyptis pectinata</i> (L.) Poit.                     | comb hyptis           | A |
| LAURACEAE  | Laurel Family         |   |
| <i>Persea americana</i> Mill.                          | avocado               | A |
| MALVACEAE  | Hibiscus Family       |   |
| <i>Sida rhombifolia</i> L.                             | false 'ilima          | A |
| MENISPERMACEAE   | Moonseed Family       |   |
| <i>Cocculus trilobus</i> (Thunb.) DC                   | huehue                | I |

|  |                       |   |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| MYRTACEAE                                    | Myrtle Family         |   |
| <i>Metrosideros polymorpha</i> Gaud.         | ‘ohi’a                | A |
| <i>Psidium cattleianum</i> Sabine            | strawberry guava      | A |
| <i>Psidium guajava</i> L.                    | guava                 | A |
| <i>Syzygium jambos</i> (L.) Alston           | rose apple            | A |
| OXALIDACEAE                                  | Wood Sorrel Family    |   |
| <i>Oxalis corniculata</i> L.                 | ‘ihi                  | P |
| PIPERACEAE                                   | Pepper Family         |   |
| <i>Peperomia leptostachya</i> Hook. & Arnott | ‘ala ‘ala wai nui     | I |
| PLANTAGINACEAE                               | Plantain Family       |   |
| <i>Plantago lanceolata</i> L.                | lance-leaved plantain | A |
| <i>Plantago major</i> L.                     | common plantain       | A |
| PROTEACEAE                                   | Protea Family         |   |
| <i>Grevillea robusta</i> A. Cunn. ex R. Br.  | silver oak            | A |
| RUBIACEAE                                    | Coffee Family         |   |
| <i>Coffea arabica</i> L.                     | coffee                | A |
| SCROPHULARIACEAE                             | Snapdragon Family     |   |
| <i>Lophospermum erubescens</i> D. Don        | creeping gloxinia     | A |
| SOLANACEAE                                   | Nightshade Family     |   |
| <i>Nicotiana glauca</i> R. C. Graham         | tree tobacco          | A |
| TROPAEOLACEAE                                | Nasturtium Family     |   |
| <i>Tropaeolum majus</i> L.                   | nasturtium            | A |

## MONOCOTYLEDONS

|  |                   |   |
|--|-------------------|---|
| AGAVACEAE                                | Agave Family      |   |
| <i>Cordyline fruticosa</i> (L.) A. Chev. | ti / ki           | P |
| <i>Dracena fragrans</i> (L.) K. Gawler   | pleomele          | A |
| ARACEAE                                  | Aroid Family      |   |
| <i>Epipremnum pinnatum</i> (L.) Engl.    | taro vine         | A |
| COMMELINACEAE                            | Spiderwort Family |   |
| <i>Commelina diffusa</i> N.L. Burm.      | honohono          | A |

|   |                  |   |
|---|------------------|---|
| CYPERACEAE  | Sedge Family     |   |
| <i>Fimbristylis dichotoma</i> (L.) Vahl                     | mau'u 'aki 'aki  | I |
| <i>Kyllinga brevifolia</i> Rottb.                           | Kili'o'opu       | A |
| POACEAE   | Grass Family     |   |
| <i>Digitaria violascens</i> Link                            | violet crabgrass | A |
| <i>Eleusine indica</i> (L.) Gaertn.                         | wiregrass        | A |
| <i>Eragrostis brownei</i> (Kunth) Nees ex Steud.            | sheepgrass       | A |
| <i>Eragrostis tenella</i> (L.) P. Beauv. ex Roem. & Schult. | lovegrass        | A |
| <i>Melinis minutifolia</i> P. Beauv.                        | molasses grass   | A |
| <i>Oplismenus hirtellus</i> (L.) P. Beauv.                  | basketgrass      | A |
| <i>Panicum maximum</i> Jacq.                                | Guinea grass     | A |
| <i>Pennisetum purpureum</i> Schumach.                       | elephant grass   | A |
| <i>Rhynchelytrum repens</i> (Willd.) Hubb.                  | Natal redtop     | A |
| <i>Sporobolus indicus</i> (L.) R. Br.                       | smutgrass        | A |
| ZINGIBERACEAE   | Ginger Family    |   |
| <i>Hedychium flavescens</i> N. Carey ex Roscoe              | yellow ginger    | A |
| <i>Hedychium gardnerianum</i> Sheppard ex Ker-Gawl.         | kahili ginger    | A |

## FERNS

|  |                    |   |
|--|--------------------|---|
| NEPHROLEPIDACEAE   | Sword Fern Family  |   |
| <i>Nephrolepis multiflora</i><br>(Roxb.) F.M. Jarrett ex C.V. Morton | sword fern         | A |
| POLYPODIACEAE  | Common Fern Family |   |
| <i>Phymatosorus grossus</i><br>(Langsd.& Fisch.) Brownlie            | laua'e             | I |
| PTERIDACEAE  | Wire Fern Family   |   |
| <i>Pityrogramma austroamericana</i> Domin                            | gold fern          | A |
| <i>Pteris vittata</i> L.   | ladder brake       | A |

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\*Distribution (Geographical origin of a species)

- A = Alien; introduced to Hawai'i after 1778 AD.
- P = Polynesian; introduced to Hawai'i prior to 1778 AD.
- I = Indigenous: native to Hawai'i and elsewhere.
- E = Endemic: unique to Hawai'i.

## Appendix B

Faunal Study  
Rana Production, Ltd.



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A Survey of Avian and Terrestrial Mammalian  
Species on TMK (3) 7-3-04:11 portion, and 17  
Portion, at Kalaoa, North Kona District,  
Island of Hawai‘i.

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January 27, 2007

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## ***Introduction***

This report summarizes the findings of avian and mammalian surveys conducted on portions of two parcels of land identified as TMK (3) 7-3-04:11, and 17. The property is located in Kalaoa, North Kona District, Island of Hawai'i (Figure 1). The Hawaii County Department of Water Supply (DWS) is proposing to upgrade pumping infrastructure associated with an existing water tank located on a portion of TMK (3) 7-3-04:17. DWS is also proposing to construct a new storage tank and associated piping and infrastructure associated with connecting the new reservoir to the pump station on a portion of TMK (3) 7-3-04:11

The primary purpose of the surveys was to determine if there were any avian or mammalian species currently listed as endangered, threatened, or proposed for listing under either the federal or the State of Hawai'i's endangered species programs on, or within in the immediate vicinity of the site. Federal and State of Hawai'i listed species status follows species identified in the following referenced documents (Division of Land and Natural Resources (DLNR) 1998, Federal Register 2005, U. S. Fish & Wildlife Service (USFWS) 2005, 2006). Fieldwork was conducted on January 13, 2007.

Avian phylogenetic order and nomenclature follows *The American Ornithologists' Union Check-list of North American Birds 7<sup>th</sup> Edition* (American Ornithologists' Union 1998), and the 42<sup>nd</sup> through the 47<sup>th</sup> supplements to *Check-list of North American Birds* (American Ornithologists' Union 2000; Banks et al. 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006). Mammal scientific names follow *Mammals in Hawaii* (Tomich 1986). Naturalized flowering plant names follow *Manual of the Flowering Plants of Hawai'i* (Wagner et al. and Wagner and Herbst, 1990, 1999). Place names follow *Place Names of Hawaii* (Pukui et al. 1974).

Hawaiian and scientific names are italicized in the text. A glossary of technical terms and acronyms used in the document, which may be unfamiliar to the reader, are included at the end of the narrative text on Page 10.

## ***General Site Description***

The existing water tank is located on a portion of TMK (3) 7-3-4:17. It is surrounded with a chain link fence. The habitat within the fence line is graded and covered with gravel. The surrounding forest is dominated by alien species including rose apple (*Syzygium jambos*), Christmas berry (*Shinus terebinthifolius*), strawberry guava (*Psidium cattleianum*), guava (*Psidium guajava*), silk oak (*Grevillea robusta*) and numerous weedy species. The area to the north and east of the tank enclosure is vegetated in a mixed native forest. The other site, TMK (3) 7-3-04:11 is highly disturbed, having been almost completely cleared in the not-to-distant past. Vegetation on the site is almost totally alien, and is dominated by elephant grass (*Pennisetum purpureum*), with scattered silk oak and a few remnant 'Ōhia (*Metrosiderous polymorpha*), and several mango (*Mangifera indica*). There are several homes located between this parcel and the existing water tank which is located on TMK (3) 7-3-04:17.

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The sites gently slope from east to west from a maximum elevation of ~ 1800-feet above mean sea level (ASL) on the eastern boundary, down to ~ 1685-feet ASL along the Old Government Road which serves as a frontage road paralleling Māmalahoa Highway (USGS 1996).

***Figure 1- Kalaoa Water System Project Site***

***Aerial Photo showing the two parcels surveyed, the existing water tank can be seen in the upper center of the photograph***



***Avian Survey Methods***

Four avian count stations were sited within the two parcels. Three were spaced equidistantly along a linear transect running from east to west through TMK (3) 7-3-04:11, another count station was sited adjacent to the existing water tank enclosure on TMK (3) 7-3-04:17. One eight-minute point count was conducted at each station. Field observations were made using Leitz 10 X 42 binoculars to sight birds and by listening for vocalizations. Counts took place between 07:30 a.m. and 10:30 a.m., the peak of daily bird activity. In an attempt to detect nocturnally flying seabirds over-flying the project area. An additional two hours were spent within the general project area on the evening of January 13, 2007. Time not spent counting was used to search the study site for species and habitats not detected during count sessions.

***Avian Survey Results***

A total of 233 individual birds of 17 different species, representing 10 separate families were recorded during station counts. All 17 species detected are considered to be alien to the Hawaiian

Islands, with one of them, Red Junglefowl (*Gallus gallus*) a domesticated species, not currently considered to be established in the wild on the Island of Hawai‘i (Table 1).

No avian species currently listed as endangered, threatened, or proposed for listing under either the federal or the State of Hawai‘i’s endangered species programs were detected during the course of this survey.

Avian diversity and densities were in keeping with the habitat present on the site. Four species, Japanese White-eye (*Zosterops japonicus*), Zebra Dove (*Geopelia striata*), Common Myna (*Acridotheres tristis*), and House Finch (*Carpodacus mexicanus*), accounted for 41% of the total number of individual birds recorded. Japanese White-eyes were the most frequently recorded species, accounting for 16% of the total number of individual birds recorded during station counts. An average of 58 birds were recorded per station count .

| <b>Table 1- Avian Species Detected Within Kalaoa Well and Reservoir Sites</b> |                                  |           |           |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| <b>Common Name</b>  | <b>Scientific Name</b>           | <b>ST</b> | <b>RA</b> |
| GALLIFORMES   |                                  |           |           |
| PHASIANIDAE - Pheasants & Partridges  |                                  |           |           |
| Phasianinae - Pheasants & Allies  |                                  |           |           |
| Gray Francolin  | <i>Francolinus pondicerianus</i> | A         | 0.50      |
| Red Junglefowl  | <i>Gallus gallus</i>             | D         | 1.75      |
| Kalij Pheasant  | <i>Lophura leucomelanos</i>      | A         | 1.50      |
| Meleagridinae - Turkeys   |                                  |           |           |
| Wild Turkey   | <i>Meleagris gallopavo</i>       | A         | 2.50      |
| COLUMBIFORMES   |                                  |           |           |
| COLUMBIDAE – Pigeons & Doves  |                                  |           |           |
| Spotted Dove  | <i>Streptopelia chinensis</i>    | A         | 4.00      |
| Zebra Dove  | <i>Geopelia striata</i>          | A         | 5.25      |
| PASSERIFORMES   |                                  |           |           |
| TIMALIIDAE – Babblers   |                                  |           |           |
| Hwamei  | <i>Garrulax canorus</i>          | A         | 2.25      |
| Red-billed Leiothrix  | <i>Leiothrix lutea</i>           | A         | 2.75      |
| ZOSTEROPIDAE – White-eyes   |                                  |           |           |
| Japanese White-eye  | <i>Zosterops japonicus</i>       | A         | 9.25      |
| STURNIDAE – Starlings   |                                  |           |           |
| Common Myna   | <i>Acridotheres tristis</i>      | A         | 4.75      |
| EMBERIZIDAE - Emberizids  |                                  |           |           |
| Yellow-billed Cardinal  | <i>Paroaria capitata</i>         | A         | 0.75      |
| CARDINALIDAE – Cardinals Saltators & Allies                                   |                                  |           |           |
| Northern Cardinal   | <i>Cardinalis cardinalis</i>     | A         | 2.25      |
| FRINGILLIDAE – Fringilline and Carduline Finches & Allies                     |                                  |           |           |

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| Common Name                             | Scientific Name             | ST | RA   |
|---|-----------------------------|----|------|
| Carduelinae – Carduline Finches         |                             |    |      |
| House Finch                             | <i>Carpodacus mexicanus</i> | A  | 4.50 |
| Yellow-fronted Canary                   | <i>Serinus mozambicus</i>   | A  | 4.25 |
| PASSERIDAE - Old World Sparrows         |                             |    |      |
| House Sparrow                           | <i>Passer domesticus</i>    | A  | 3.00 |
| ESTRILDIDAE - Estrildid Finches         |                             |    |      |
| <i>Estrildinae - Estrildine Finches</i> |                             |    |      |
| African Silverbill                      | <i>Lonchura cantans</i>     | A  | 3.25 |
| Java Sparrow                            | <i>Padda oryzivora</i>      | A  | 5.75 |

**Key to table 1**

- ST** Status  
D Domesticated Species – Not currently considered established in the wild on Hawai‘i  
A Alien Species – Species introduced to Hawai‘i by humans  
**RA** Relative Abundance – Number of birds detected divided by the number of count stations (4)
- 

***Mammalian Survey Methods***

All observations of mammalian species were of an incidental nature. With the exception of the endangered Hawaiian hoary bat (*Lasiurus cinereus semotus*), or ‘ōpe‘ape‘a as it is known locally, all terrestrial mammals currently found on the Island of Hawai‘i are alien species, and most are ubiquitous. The survey of mammals was limited to visual and auditory detection, coupled with visual observation of scat, tracks, and other animal sign. A running tally was kept of all vertebrate species observed and heard within the study area. Visual and electronic scans, using a Broadband AnaBat II<sup>®</sup> ultrasonic bat detector, were made for bats during crepuscular periods on the evening of January 13, 2007.

***Mammalian Survey Results***

A total of five mammalian species were detected during the course of this survey, several dogs (*Canis f. familiaris*), were either seen and, or heard in various yards associated with the houses present within the project area. Three small Indian mongooses (*Herpestes a. auropunctatus*) were seen in various locations on the site, as were two cat (*Felis catus*), and one pig (*Sus s. scrofa*). Tracks, scat and sign of dogs, cats, pig, and horse (*Equus c. caballus*) were seen at various locations within the site. Hawai‘i’s sole endemic terrestrial mammalian species, the endangered Hawaiian hoary bat, was not detected during the survey, All of the alien mammalian species recorded during this survey are deleterious to avian and floristic components of the remaining native ecosystems present on the Island.

***Discussion***

***Avian Resources***

Avian diversity and densities detected during this survey were in keeping with the results of at least one recent previous survey conducted on lands close to this site (David 2004). The findings of this survey are in keeping with the habitat present on the site.

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Although not detected during the course of this survey, it is likely that the endangered Hawaiian Hawks (*Buteo solitarius*) forage over the subject property occasionally, as they are relatively widely distributed in the Kalaoa and Kaloko mauka areas (Klavitter 2000, David 2007). Hawaiian Hawks are currently found in nearly all habitats that still have some large tree components on the island. They are regularly seen foraging in the general project area. Hawk densities are highest in mature, native species dominated forests, with grassy under-stories. This habitat, with high amounts of forest edge, supports large populations of game birds and the four species of introduced rodents known from the island, all of which are prey items for the hawk. Additionally, this type of habitat also provides numerous perches and nesting sites suitable for this species (Klavitter 2000).

The Hawaiian Hawk, or 'io, is the only extant *falconiforme* in Hawai'i. It is currently endemic to the Island of Hawai'i. Sub-fossil remains indicate that it was also formerly found on Moloka'i and Kaua'i (Olson & James 1997). Several incidental unconfirmed sightings of this species exist from Kaua'i (Dole 1879, Beaglehole, 1967) and Maui (Banko 1980c). This species was first mentioned in the western literature by Cook and King in 1784 and was scientifically described by Peale in 1848 from a specimen collected in "Kealakekua" (Medway 1981, Peale 1848).

Current population estimates based on John Klavitter's research extrapolates that there are currently 1,457 Hawaiian Hawks that, in his estimation, is equal to or higher than what was present in pre-contact times (Klavitter 2000).

Hawaiian Hawks, like many other Hawaiian endemic avian species, have low mortality  $\leq 9\%$ , and reproductive rates, lay only one egg per season, fledge one chick, and live  $\sim 20$  years (Klavitter 2000). The Hawaiian Hawk breeding season starts in late March, chicks hatch in May, and begin fledge in July (Griffin et al. 1998). Although hawks use resources in most forest habitats they usually pick 'ōhi'a trees in which to nest. Of 112 nests found during the 1998 and 1999 nesting seasons, 82% of the nests were located in 'ōhi'a trees (Klavitter 2000).

Although not detected during this survey it is possible that small numbers of the endangered endemic Hawaiian Petrel (*Pterodroma sandwichensis*), or ua'u, and the threatened Newell's Shearwater (*Puffinus auricularis newelli*), or 'a'o, over-fly the project area between the months of May and November (Banko 1980a, 1980b, Day et al. 2003a, Harrison 1990).

Hawaiian Petrels were formerly common on the Island of Hawai'i (Wilson and Evans 1890–1899). This pelagic seabird reportedly nested in large numbers on the slopes of Mauna Loa and in the saddle area between Mauna Loa and Mauna Kea (Henshaw 1902), as well as at the mid to high elevations of Mount Hualālai. It has, within recent historic times, been reduced to relict breeding colonies located at high elevations on Mauna Loa and, possibly, Mount Hualālai (Banko 1980a, Banko et al. 2001, Cooper and David 1995, Cooper et al. 1995, Day et al. 2003, Harrison 1990, Hue et al. 2001, Simons and Hodges 1998).

Newell's Shearwaters were formerly common on the Island of Hawai'i (Wilson and Evans 1890–1899). This species breeds on Kaua'i, Hawai'i and Moloka'i in extremely small numbers.

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Newell's Shearwater populations have dropped precipitously since the 1880s (Banko 1980b, Day et al., 2003b). This pelagic species nests high in the mountains in burrows excavated under thick vegetation, especially 'uluhe (*Dicranopteris linearis*) fern.

The primary cause of mortality in both Hawaiian Petrels and Newell's Shearwaters is thought to be predation by alien mammalian species at the nesting colonies (U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service 1983, Simons and Hodges 1998, Ainley et al. 2001). Collision with man-made structures is considered to be the second most significant cause of mortality of these seabird species in Hawai'i. Nocturnally flying seabirds, especially fledglings on their way to sea in the summer and fall, can become disoriented by exterior lighting. When disoriented, seabirds often collide with manmade structures, and if they are not killed outright, the dazed or injured birds are easy targets of opportunity for feral mammals (Hadley 1961, Telfer 1979, Sincock 1981, Reed et al. 1985, Telfer et al. 1987, Cooper and Day 1998, Podolsky et al. 1998, Ainley et al. 2001). There is no suitable nesting habitat within, or close to the proposed project site for either of these pelagic seabird species.

### ***Mammalian Resources***

The findings of the mammalian survey are consistent with the results of at least one previous survey conducted within the general project area in the recent past (David 2004), and with the habitat currently present on the sites.

Although no Hawaiian hoary bats were detected during the course of this survey it is likely that this species forages over the subject property occasionally, as they are relatively widely distributed within the general project area (Klavitter 2000, David 2007).

None of the four established *muridae* were detected during the course of this survey it is probable that, European house mice (*Mus musculus domesticus*), roof rat (*Rattus r. rattus*), Norway rat (*Rattus norvegicus*), and possibly Polynesian rat (*Rattus exulans hawaiiensi*) use resources within the subject property at least occasionally.

### ***Potential Impacts to Protected Species***

#### ***Hawaiian Hawk***

The principal potential impact that the construction and maintenance of the proposed potable water infrastructure poses to the Hawaiian Hawk, is disturbance to nesting hawks during the clearing and grubbing stages of construction.

There is no suitable habitat around the existing water tank on TMK (3) 7-3-04:17 in which hawks are likely to nest, and since no further vegetation is proposed to be removed during the upgrading of his facility it is highly unlikely that those actions will result in any deleterious impacts to this species.

Some clearing will be required on TMK (3) 7-3-04:11 to built the new reservoir and install the necessary piping to support that facility. Currently there are several fairly large trees on this property, none of which showed any signs of having been used as a hawk nesting platform. Due

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to the exposed nature of the remaining trees on this site, it is unlikely that hawks are likely to use these as nest trees, since there is so much better edge habitat within the general project area.

### ***Hawaiian Petrel and Newell's Shearwater***

The principal potential impact that the development of this site poses to Hawaiian Petrels and Newell's Shearwaters is the increased threat that birds will be downed after becoming disoriented by external lights associated with the proposed action.

### ***Hawaiian Hoary Bat***

As previously discussed, it is likely that Hawaiian hoary bats over-fly the general project area on a seasonal basis. The proposed development of potable water infrastructure on these two sites is not likely to have impacts one way or the other on this species.

## ***Conclusions***

The modification of the current habitat on the two sites is not expected to result in deleterious impacts to any avian or mammalian species currently listed as threatened, endangered or proposed for listing under either the Federal, or State of Hawai'i endangered species programs (DLNR 1998, Federal Register 2005, USFWS 2005, 2006). Furthermore, the development of the site is not expected to have a significant deleterious impact on native faunal resources found within the North Kona District.

## ***Recommendations***

- To reduce the potential for interactions between nocturnally flying Hawaiian Petrels and Newell's Shearwaters with external lights and man-made structures, it is recommended that any external maintenance, or safety lighting that may be required in conjunction with the reservoir or pump site be shielded (Reed et al. 1985, Telfer et al. 1987). This mitigation would serve the dual purpose of minimizing the threat of disorientation and downing of Hawaiian Petrels and Newell's Shearwaters, while at the same time complying with the Hawaii County Code § 14 – 50 *et seq.* which requires the shielding of exterior lights so as to lower the ambient glare caused by unshielded lighting to the astronomical observatories located on Mauna Kea.
- In the unlikely event that a Hawaiian Hawk nest is found on TMK (3) 7-3-04:11 during construction, work in the immediate vicinity of the nest should be halted immediately and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service should be contacted, and consulted with before work is resumed in close proximity to the nest tree.

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***Glossary:***

Alien - Introduced to Hawai'i by humans.

Crepuscular – Twilight hours.

Diurnal – Daytime

Domesticated – Feral species, not considered established in the wild on the Island of Hawai'i.

Endangered – Listed and protected under the ESA as an endangered species.

Endemic – Native and unique to the Hawaiian Islands.

Indigenous - Native to the Hawaiian Islands, but also found elsewhere naturally.

Muridae – Rodents, including rats, mice and voles, one of the most diverse families of mammals.

Nocturnal – Nighttime, after dark.

Threatened - Listed and protected under the ESA as a threatened species.

ASL – Above mean sea level.

DLNR – Hawaii State Department of Land & Natural resources.

ESA – Endangered species act of 1973, as amended.

TMK – Tax Map Key.

USFWS – U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service

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## Appendix C

Archaeological Determination  
Rechtman Consulting, LLC



LINDA LINGLE  
GOVERNOR OF HAWAII



STATE OF HAWAII  
DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES

STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION DIVISION  
601 KAMOKILA BOULEVARD, ROOM 555  
KAPOLEI, HAWAII 96707

PETER I. YOUNG  
GOVERNOR

DEAN HAKAHOE  
GOVERNOR

DEAN HAKAHOE  
GOVERNOR

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 08-22-2006 BY 60322 UCBAW/STP  
EXEMPT FROM AUTOMATIC  
DOWNGRADING AND DECLASSIFICATION  
AUTHORITY: 50 USC 1701  
KAPOLANI DEPARTMENT OF LAND  
STATE PARKS

August 11, 2006

Dr. Robert Rechtman  
Rechtman Consulting, LLC  
11C1 P.O. Box 4149  
Kaa'u, HI 96749

LOG NO: 2006.2729  
DOC NO: 0608JT36  
Archaeology

Dear Dr. Rechtman:

**SUBJECT: Chapter 6E-42 Historic Preservation Review--  
No Historic Properties Affected Request  
Kalaoa 5<sup>th</sup> Ahupua'a, North Kona District, Island of Hawai'i  
TMK: (3) 7-3-004:011**

Thank you for your letter on behalf of Seascape Development LLC requesting that we evaluate the subject parcel location for a water reservoir in Kalaoa 5<sup>th</sup> for any effect on historic properties.

We believe that **no historic properties will be affected** by this undertaking because:

- a) intensive cultivation has altered the land
- b) residential development/urbanization has altered the land
- c) previous grubbing/grading has altered the land
- d) an acceptable archaeological assessment or inventory survey found no historic properties
- e) this project has gone through the historic review process, and mitigation has been completed
- f) other: *As noted in your letter RC-0433 report, no historic properties are present at this project location.*

In the event that historic resources, including human skeletal remains, are identified during the construction activities, all work needs to cease in the immediate vicinity of the find, the find needs to be protected from additional disturbance, and the State Historic Preservation Division, Hawai'i Section, needs to be contacted immediately at (808) 327-3691.

Aloha,  
  
Melanie Chinen, Administrator  
State Historic Preservation Division

JJ

## RECHTMAN CONSULTING, LLC

HC 1 Box 4149 Kea'au, Hawai'i 96749-9710  
phone: (808) 966-7636 fax: (808) 443-0065  
e-mail: bob@rechtmanconsulting.com  
ARCHAEOLOGICAL, CULTURAL, AND HISTORICAL STUDIES

August 7, 2006

RC-0433

Julie Taomia, Ph.D.  
Hawai'i Island Archaeologist  
DLNR-SHPD  
74-383 Kealakehe Parkway  
Kailua-Kona, HI 96740  
Fax: 327-3693

via fax (original mailed)

Dear Julie:

On behalf of our client, Seascope Development LLC, Rechtman Consulting, LLC has prepared this request for determination of "no historic properties affected" associated with the placement of a water reservoir on a roughly 5.93 acre parcel known as TMK:3-7-3-004:011, in Kalaoa 5th Ahupua'a, North Kona District, Island of Hawai'i (Figures 1 and 2). The project is part of a water transmission system for the low-cost housing project to be constructed within the Lōkahi Ka'ū development area. The current study parcel is situated on the *mauka* side of the old Māmalahoa Highway at elevations ranging from 1,690 to 1,920 feet above sea level. The entire study parcel has been previously graded (Figures 3 and 4). The parcel is a portion of the 45 acre Grant 1609 issued in 1855 to Kama (see Figure 2).

The Cordy et al. (1991) study of nearby Kaloko Ahupua'a provides a useful archaeological and culture-historical model that is relevant for the current study area. The project parcel is elevationally at the upper limits of what Cordy et al. (1991) defined as the Upland Zone. Their study indicated that "all of the land within this zone above the 1,100 foot elevation had been greatly altered by housing, modern agriculture and ranching activities" (Cordy et al. 1991:409). The primary area of upland *Māhele* awards was between the 800 and 1,200-foot elevations, above this the lands were farmed in a traditional manner and then later converted to grants used for cash crop farming and cattle ranching. Very few sites were recorded during their 1971 field survey of the upland zone in Kaloko; although they did encounter a Precontact temporary habitation lava tube, and several walled areas. They attributed most of the walls to the post 1850 grant period. Their conclusions relative to large-scale ground disturbance and the limited number of extant archaeological sites were further supported by fieldwork and interview data collected by Barrera (1985).

Haun and Henry (2003), as part of an inventory survey at TMK: 3-7-3-23:88 within Kalaoa 3rd Ahupua'a, prepared a comprehensive summary of all archaeological studies conducted within the Kalaoa (1-5) *ahupua'a* and the adjacent *ahupua'a* of 'O'oma. Haun and Henry relate that more than forty archaeological studies have been conducted within these *ahupua'a*. The studies have covered nearly 7,000 acres and identified over 484 sites with 4,923 features (2003:12). Summarizing these studies, Haun and Henry write:

Overall, the studies have identified 53 permanent habitation features, 379 temporary habitations, 3,739 agricultural features, 25 burials, 17 ritual features, 34 trail segments, 65 *ahu*, and 18 petroglyphs. Two hundred and twenty-three habitation features were not categorized by residential permanence. Historic features were not segregated by function. The majority of the historic features are ranch walls. (2003:12)

Haun and Henry also report that, "burial and ritual sites are present near the coast with a few reported for surveys between 500 ft and 1,800 ft elevation" (2003:12). Radiocarbon data from the surveys "indicate initial use of the area in the 1400s followed by a gradual increase during the 15<sup>th</sup> century. The most intensive use dates to the 1600s to early historic period" (2003:12). According to Cordy (1985), the

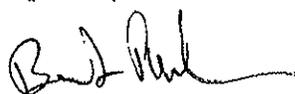
Precontact population of Kalaoa (1-5) and 'O'oma Ahupua'a was never more than approximately 100 people who, as reported by Ellis (1963), lived in small fishing villages along the coast and had upland agricultural fields with scattered residences.

Three previous archaeological studies have been conducted at proximate elevations in Kalaoa 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> ahupua'a, all, to the north of the current project area. One of these studies was conducted by Barrera (1992) at a roughly 10-acre property (TMKs:3-7-3-002:007, 008 por., and 045) for the LDS Church. As a result of that study Barrera (1992) identified seven sites including a large agricultural complex containing fifty features (Site 17994), two sealed lava tubes that were not investigated (Sites 17995 and 17998), a Habitation terrace (Site 17996), a lava tube containing a burial (Site 17997), a habitation enclosure (Site 17999), and a Historic house site (Site 18000). The agricultural complex recorded by Barrera (1992) covered all previously undisturbed sections of the project area. Recorded features included various mounds, *kuaiwi* walls, and retaining walls. Clark et al. (2004) conducted a study on a roughly 23-acre parcel (TMK:3-7-3-002:009) immediately north and east of the Barrera (1992) study area, and recorded two sites (SIHP Sites 24213 and 24214). They noted, however, that at the time of the study nearly the entire parcel had been bulldozed and newly constructed rock walls had been erected along the boundaries. Only a 50 x 20 meter area surrounding a series of small lava tubes (one containing burials) located in the northwestern portion of the project area had escaped mechanical clearing on the property. The third study was conducted by Clark and Rechtman (2006) on a roughly 17-acre parcel (TMK:3-7-3-002:022) located in Kalaoa 1<sup>st</sup> Ahupua'a. They recorded a single archaeological site (SIHP Site 25033) that consisted of the core-filled walls enclosing the study parcel. These walls appear to have been erected during a single construction episode in about 1895, when the property was purchased as Grant No. 3771. The remainder of the parcel had been completely grubbed and graded.

On April 10, 2006, Matthew R. Clark, B.A. and Robert B. Rechtman, Ph.D. conducted a field inspection of the study parcel. The property boundaries were clearly evident and the vegetation cover was minimal (Figure 5). As mentioned above the entire study parcel has been graded, and there is an access road extending along the southern side of the parcel (Figure 6). There were no archaeological resources observed on the surface of the parcel and the likelihood of subsurface resources is extremely remote given the extensive grading and exposed bedrock throughout the parcel. Based on these negative findings, on behalf of our client, we are requesting that DLNR-SHPD issue a written determination of "no historic properties affected" in accordance with HAR 13§13-284-5(b)1.

Should you require further information, or wish to visit the parcel, please contact me directly.

Respectfully,



Bob Rechtman, Ph.D.  
Principal Archaeologist

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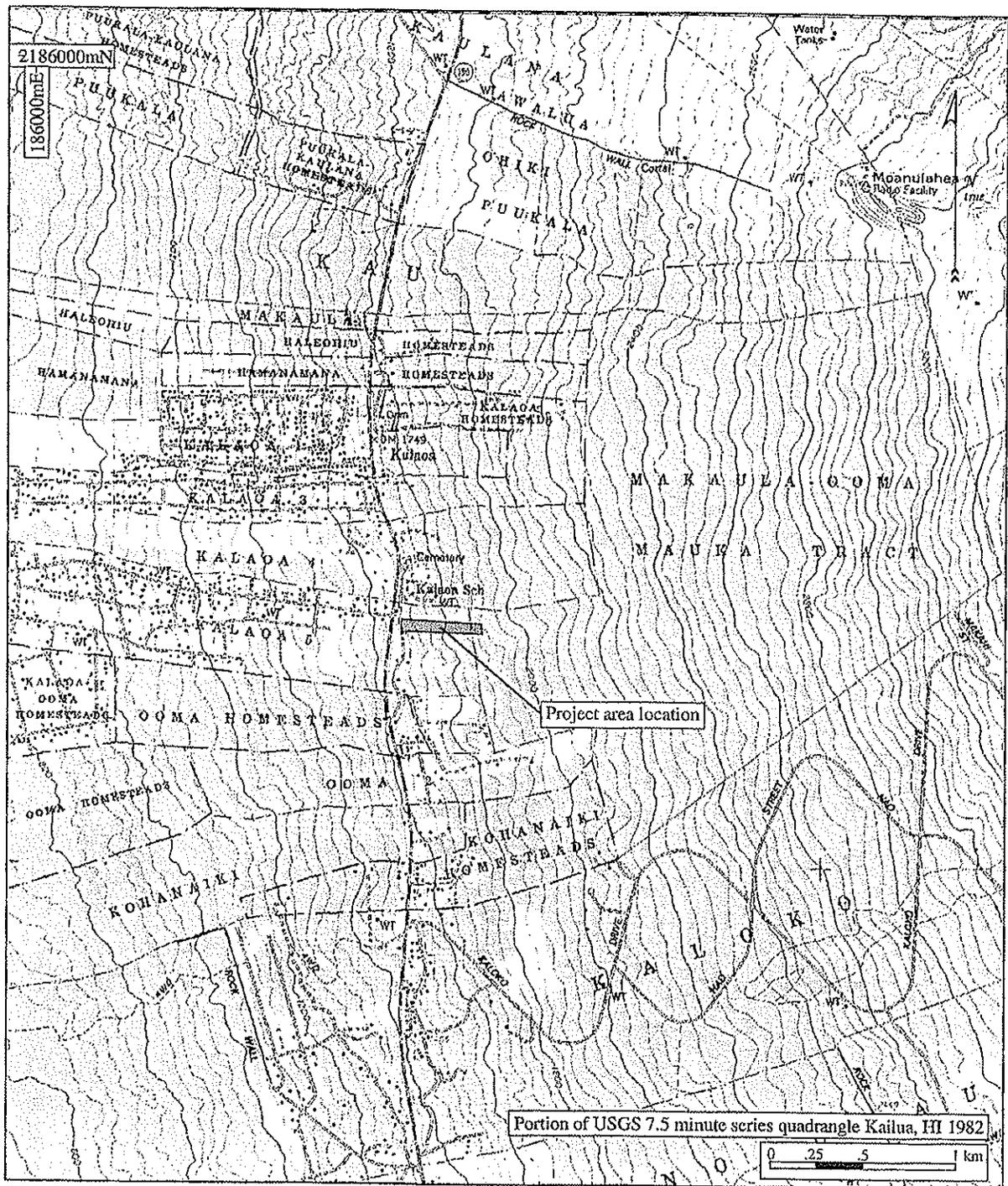


Figure 1. Project area location.

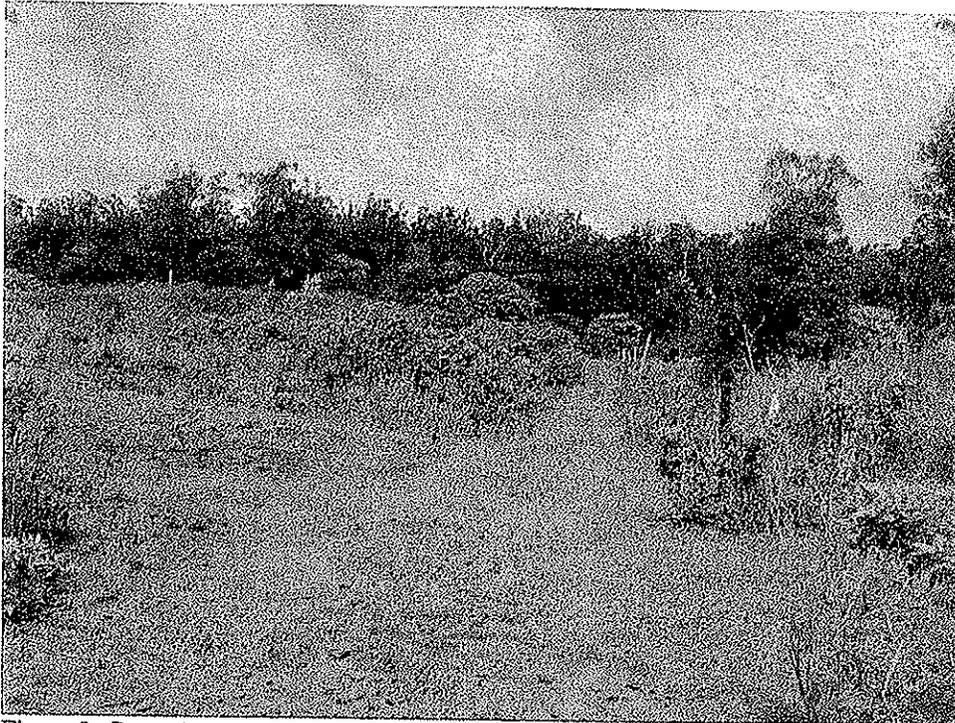


Figure 3. Ground cover and terrain in the *mauka* portion of the parcel, view to the east.

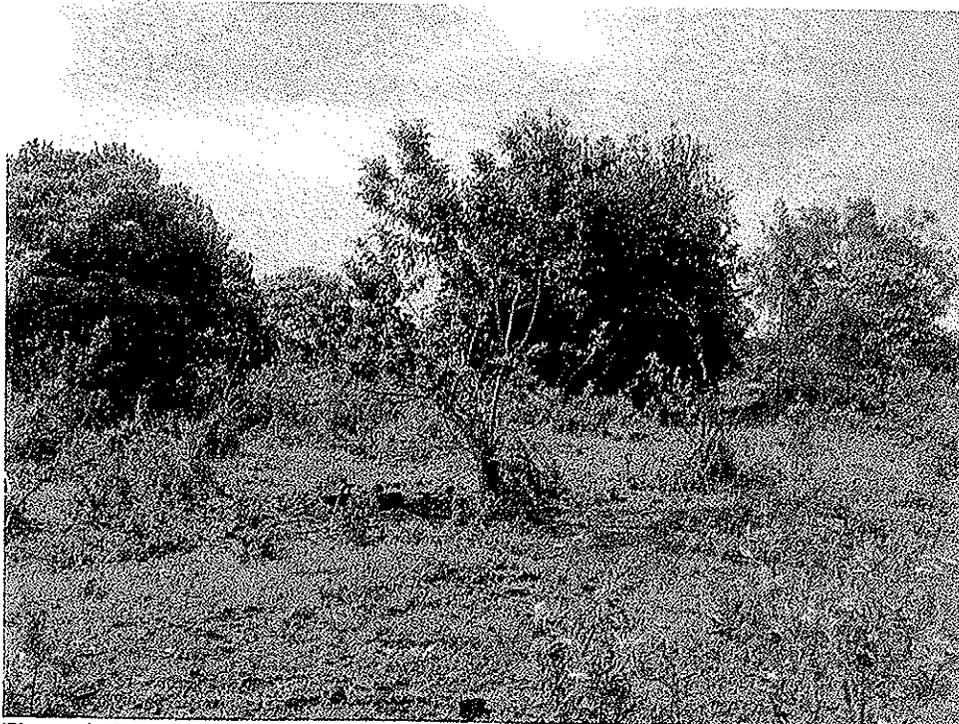


Figure 4. Ground cover and terrain in the central portion of the parcel, view to northeast.