

# The Hawai'i Volcanic Aquifer Study

## Assessing Groundwater Availability in Hawai'i



**Scot Izuka, U.S. Geological Survey**

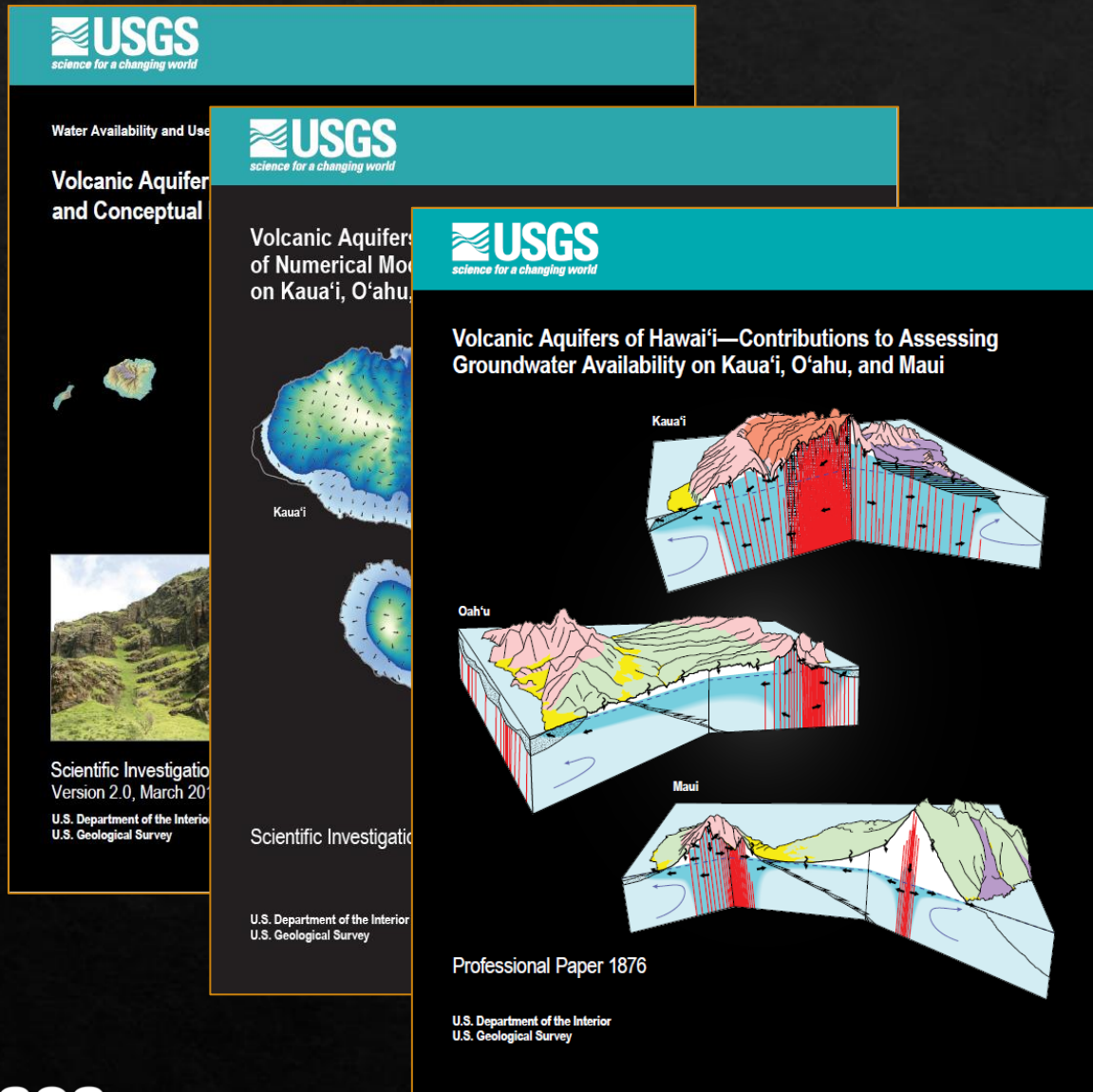
Presented to the State of Hawai'i Commission on Water Resource Management, Honolulu, Hawai'i, July 26, 2023

# Hawai'i Volcanic Aquifer Study

Izuka, S.K., Engott, J.A., Rotzoll, K., Bassiouni, M., Johnson, A.G., Miller, L.D., and Mair, A., 2018, Volcanic aquifers of Hawai'i—Hydrogeology, water budgets, and conceptual models (v. 2.0): USGS Scientific Investigations Report 2015–5164, <https://doi.org/10.3133/sir20155164>

Izuka, S.K., Rotzoll, K., and Nishikawa, T., 2021, Volcanic aquifers of Hawai'i—Construction and calibration of numerical models for assessing groundwater availability on Kaua'i, O'ahu, and Maui: USGS Scientific Investigations Report 2020–5126, <https://doi.org/10.3133/sir20205126>

Izuka, S.K., and Rotzoll, K., in press, Volcanic aquifers of Hawai'i—Contributions to assessing groundwater availability on Kaua'i, O'ahu, and Maui: USGS Professional Paper 1876. <https://doi.org/10.3133/pp1876> (\*\*NEW\*\*)



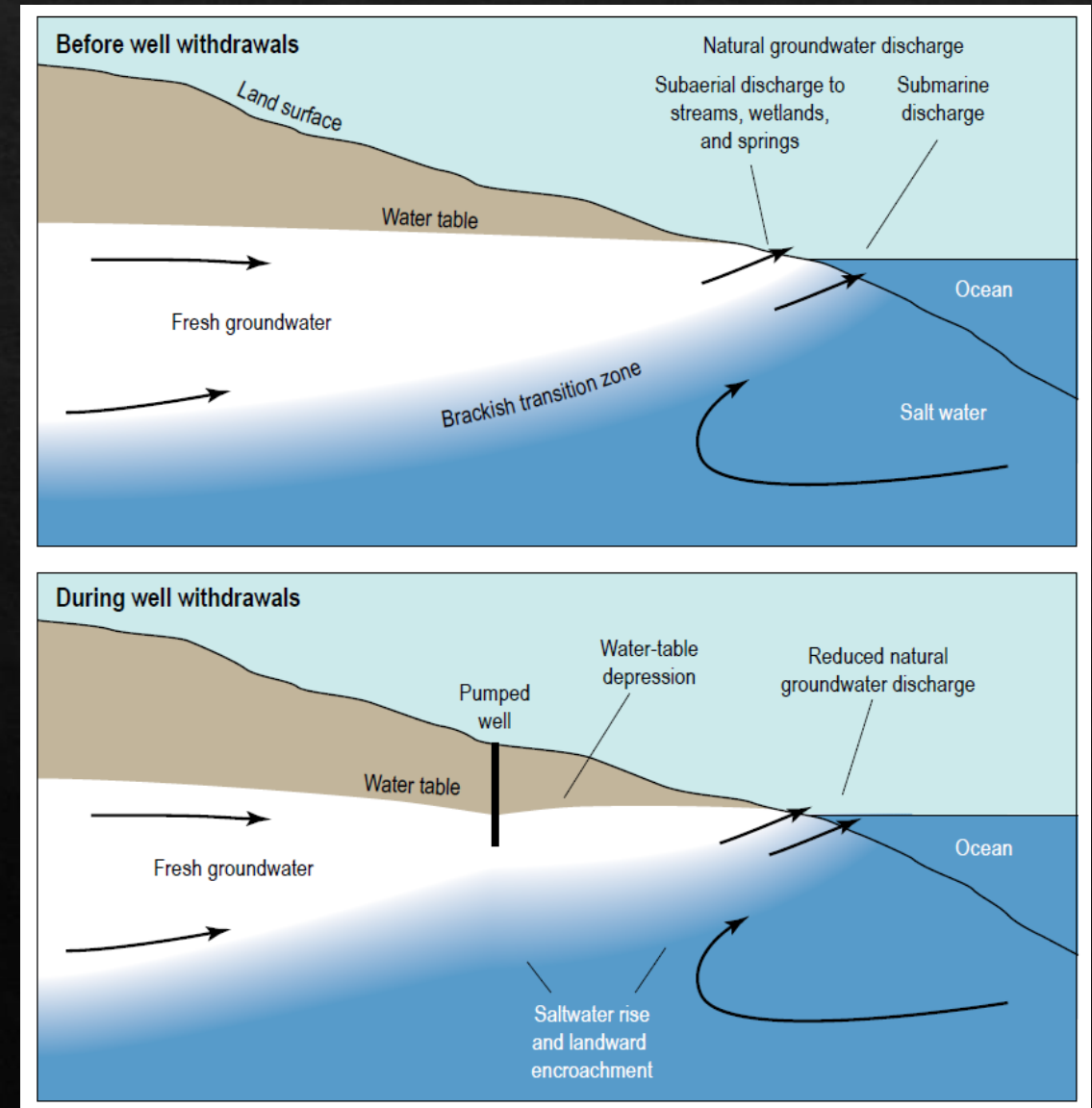


# How Much Groundwater is Available?

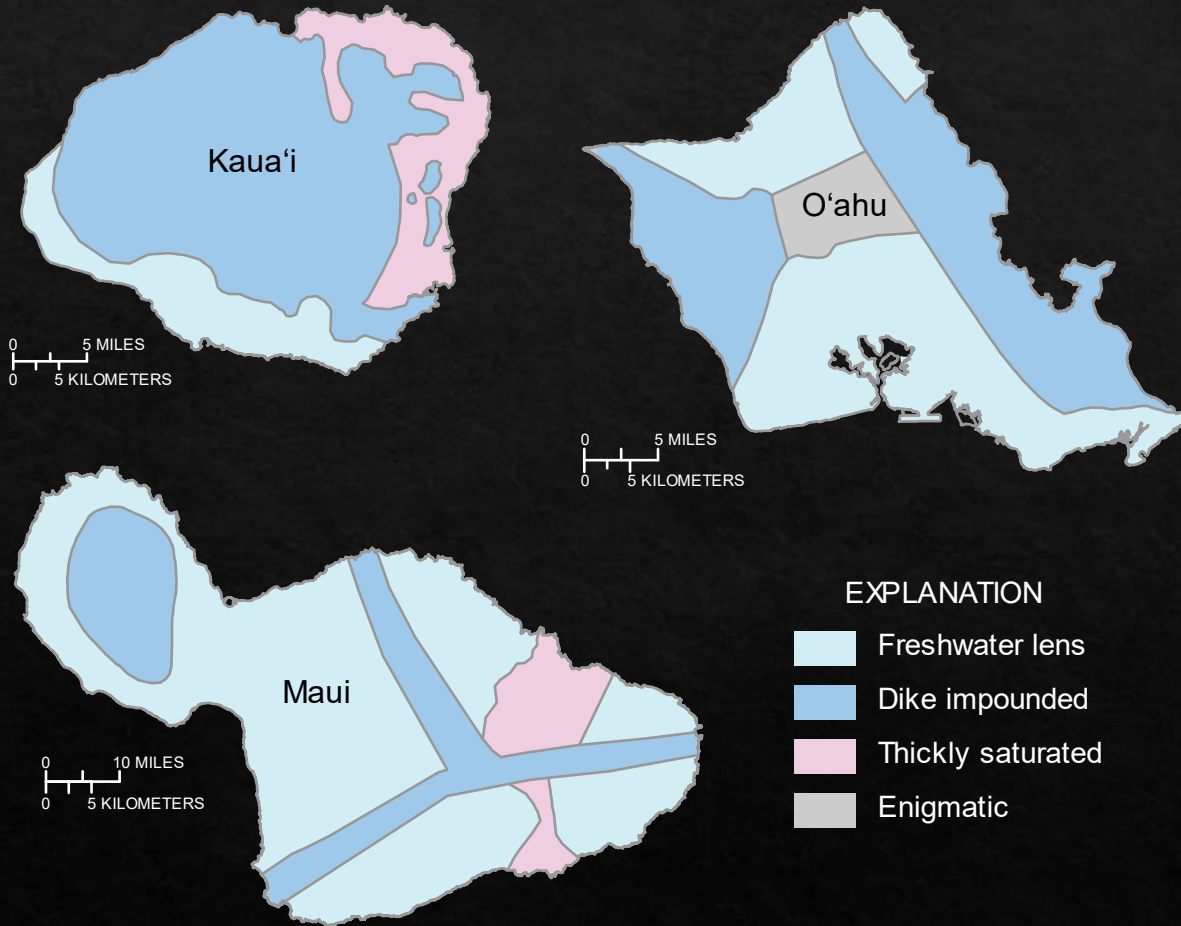
All groundwater withdrawals have consequences

- Water-table decline
- Saltwater rise, encroachment
- Reduction of groundwater discharge to springs, streams, wetlands, and ocean

Groundwater availability depends on the severity of consequences a community is willing to accept



# Consequences Differ by Hydrogeologic Setting

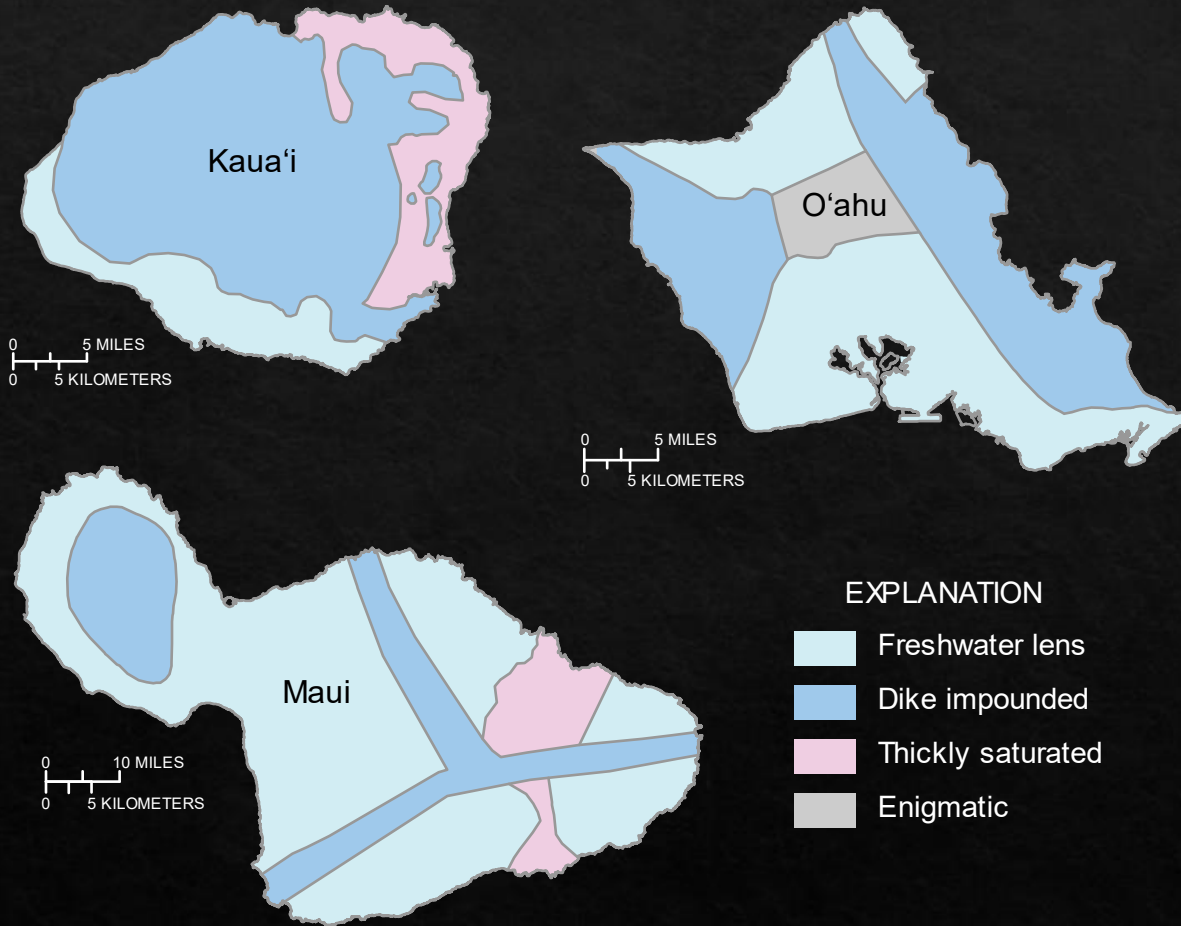


## Principal hydrologic settings in Hawai'i

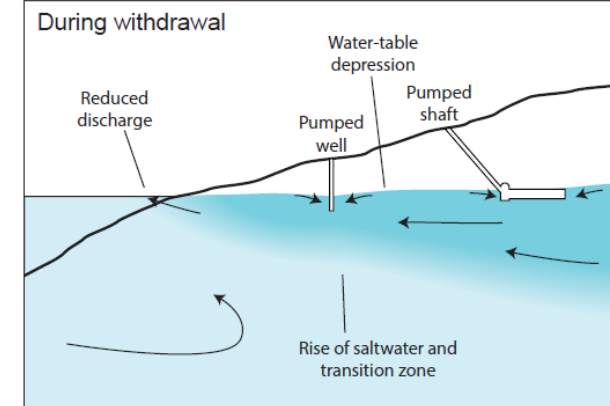
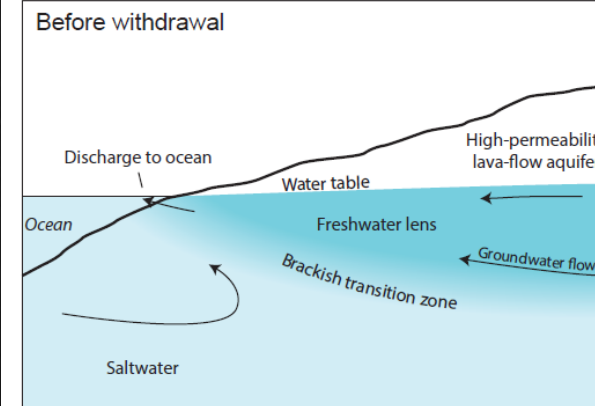
- **Freshwater (“basal”) lens**
- **Dike-impounded groundwater**
- **Thickly saturated aquifers**
- **Perched groundwater**
- **Enigmatic**



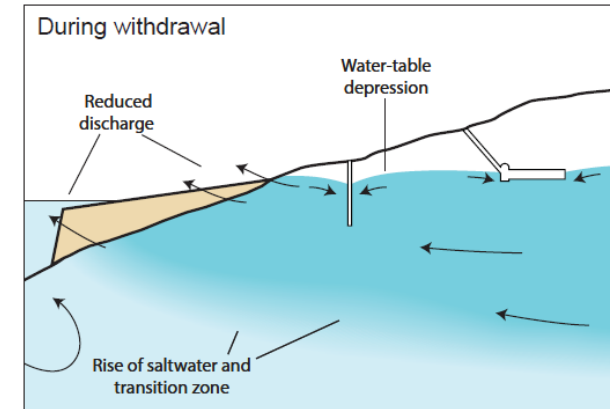
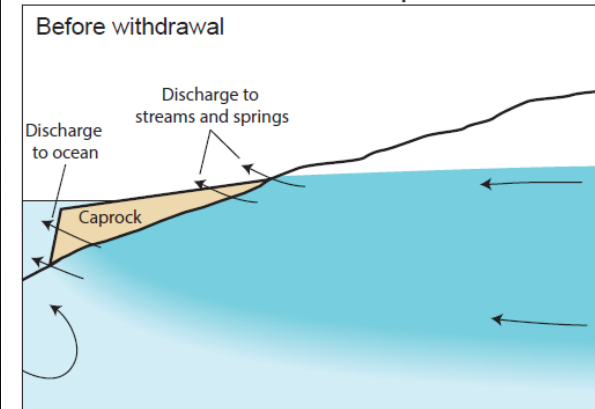
# Freshwater (Basal) Lens



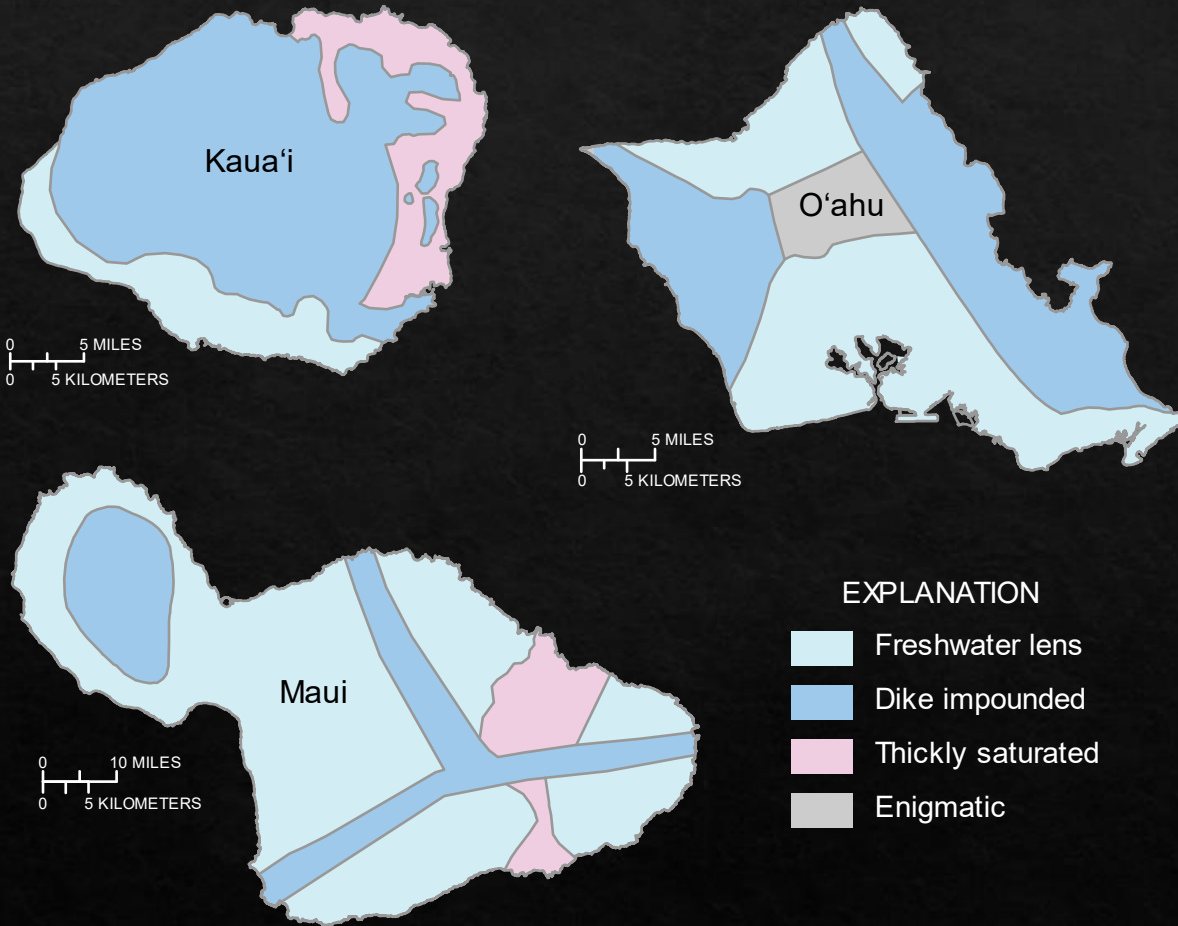
## Freshwater Lens



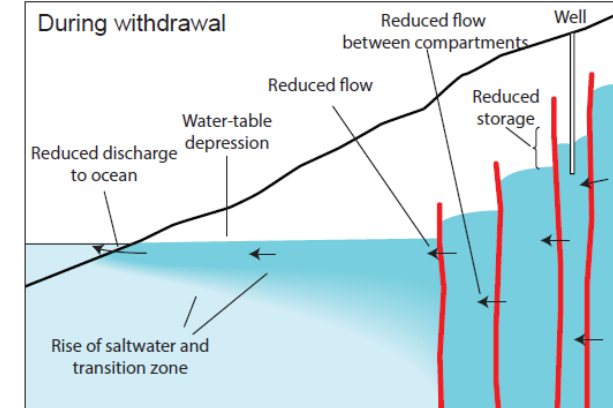
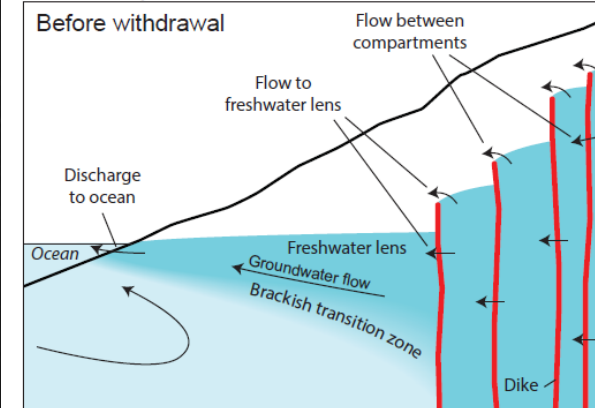
## Freshwater Lens with Caprock



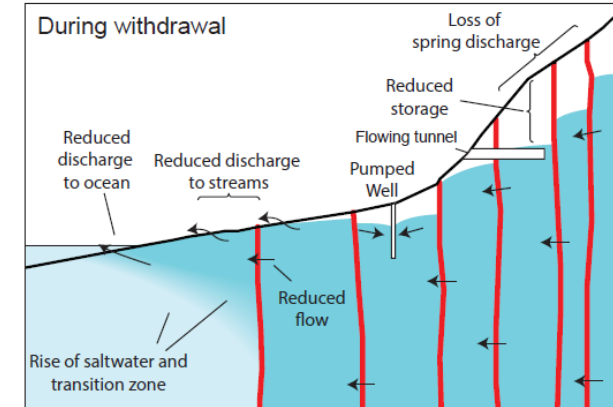
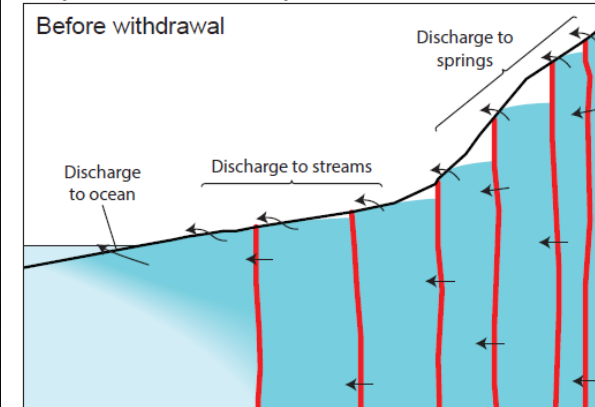
# Dike-Impounded Groundwater



## Dike-Impounded Groundwater

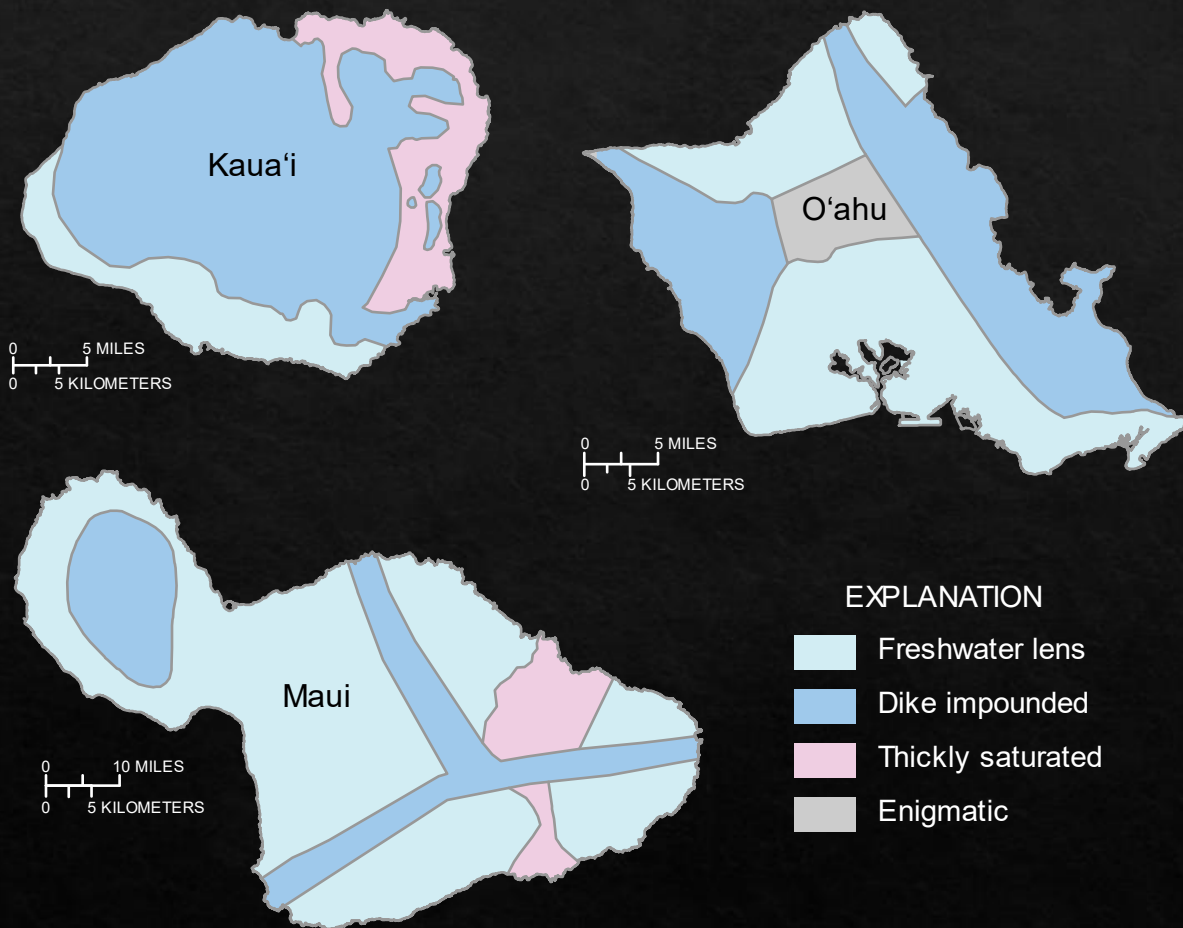


## Exposed Dike-Impounded Groundwater

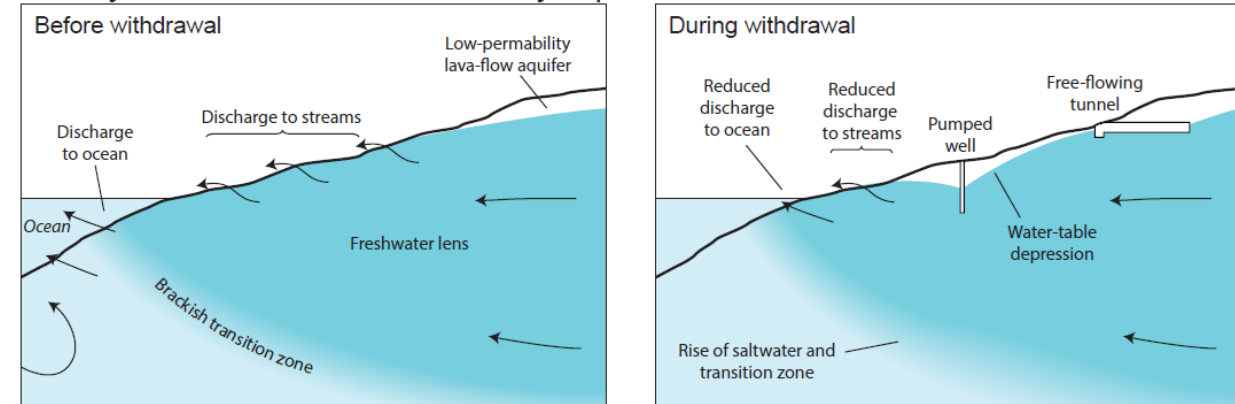




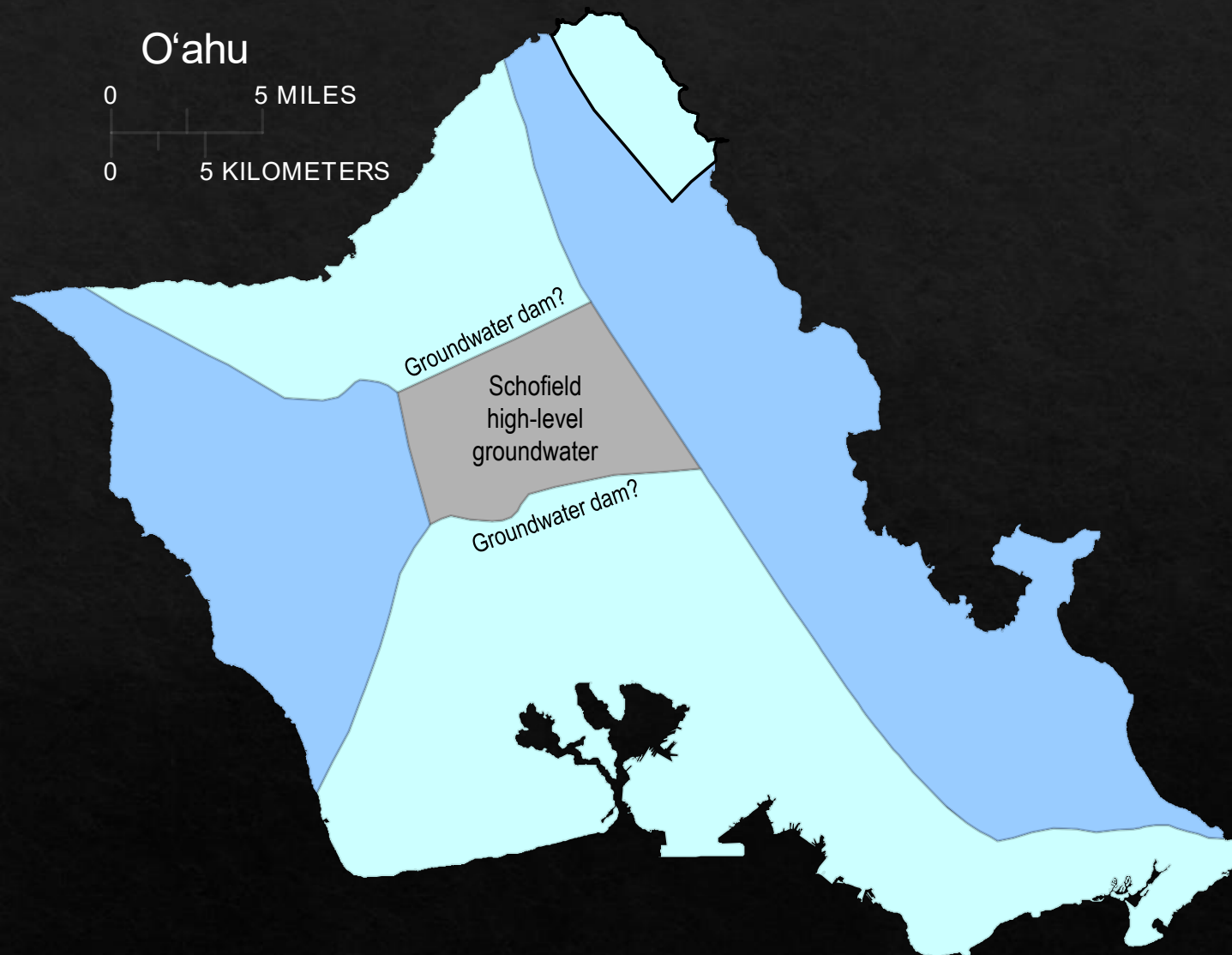
# Thickly Saturated Aquifers



## Thickly Saturated Low-Permeability Aquifer

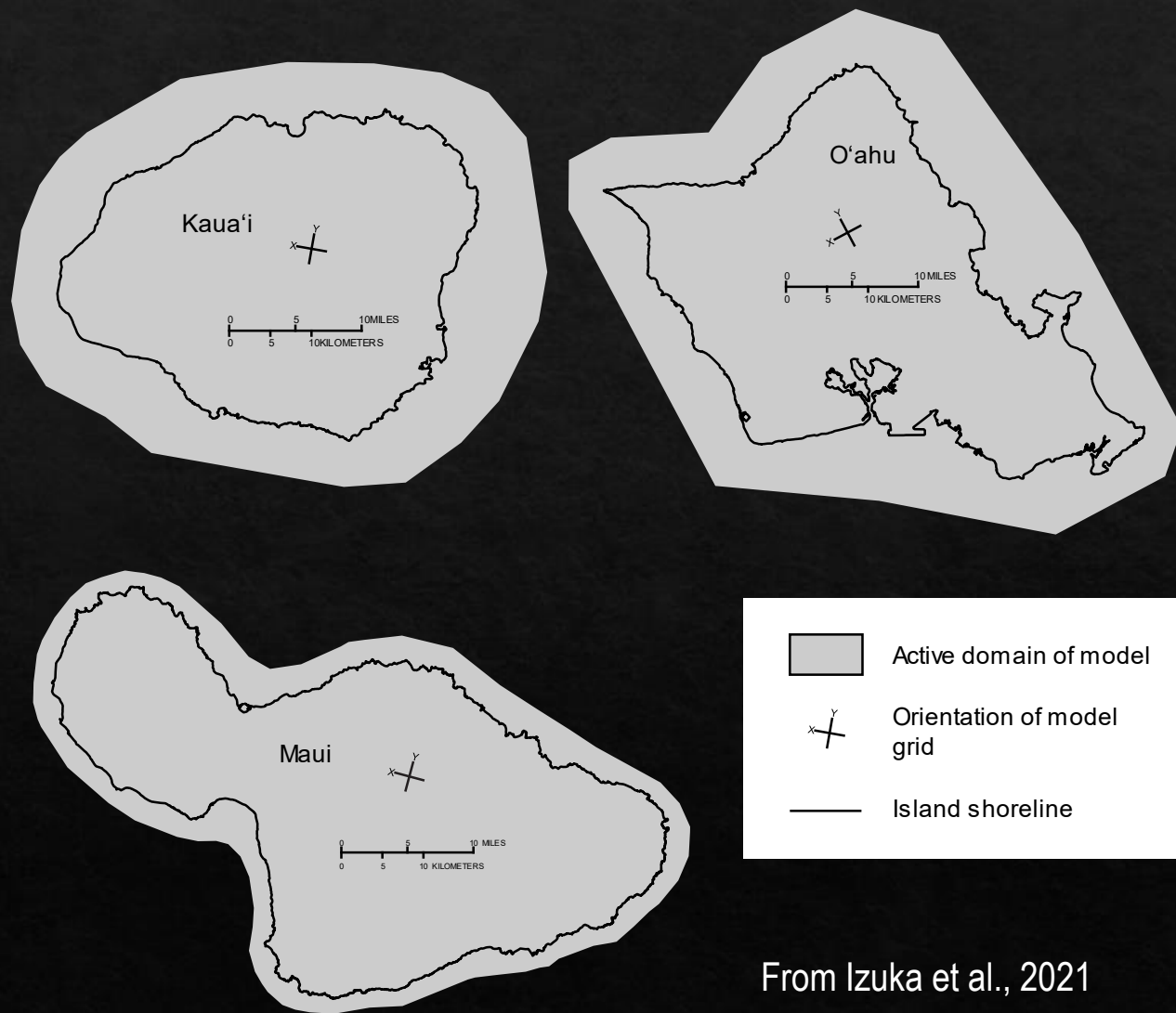
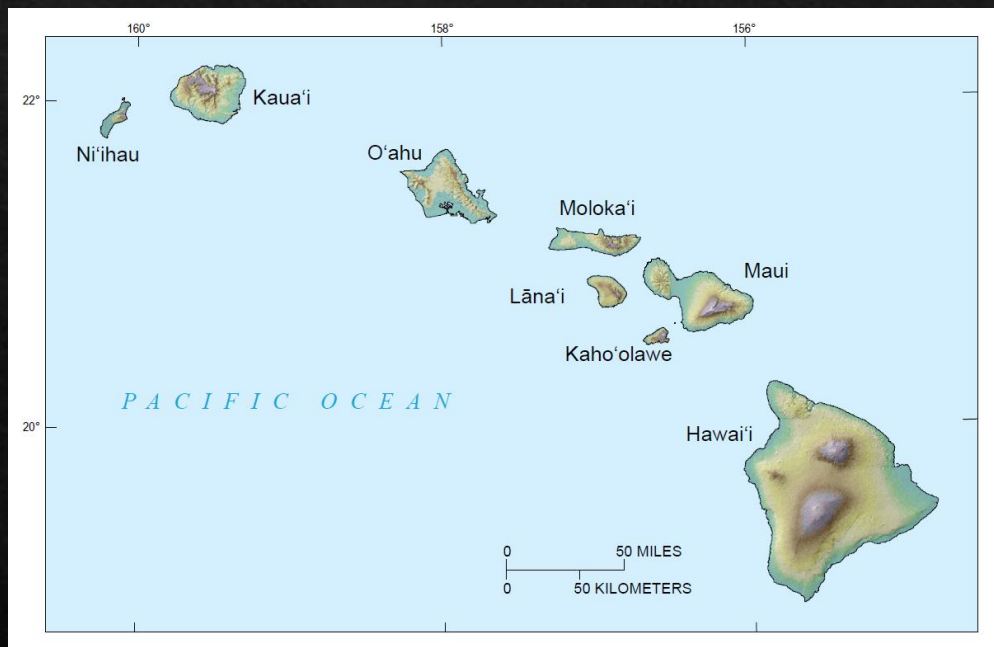


# Schofield High-Level Groundwater



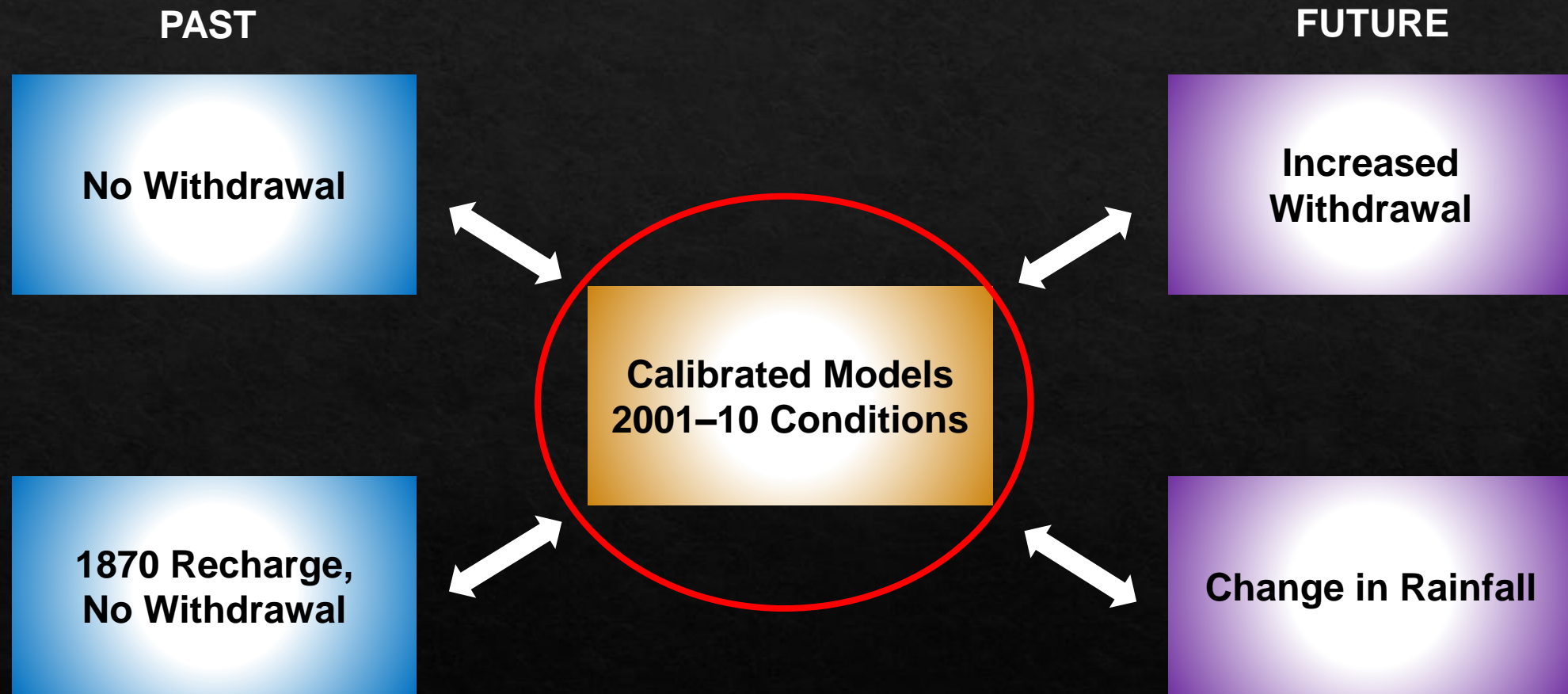


# MODFLOW-SWI Models of Kaua'i, O'ahu, and Maui



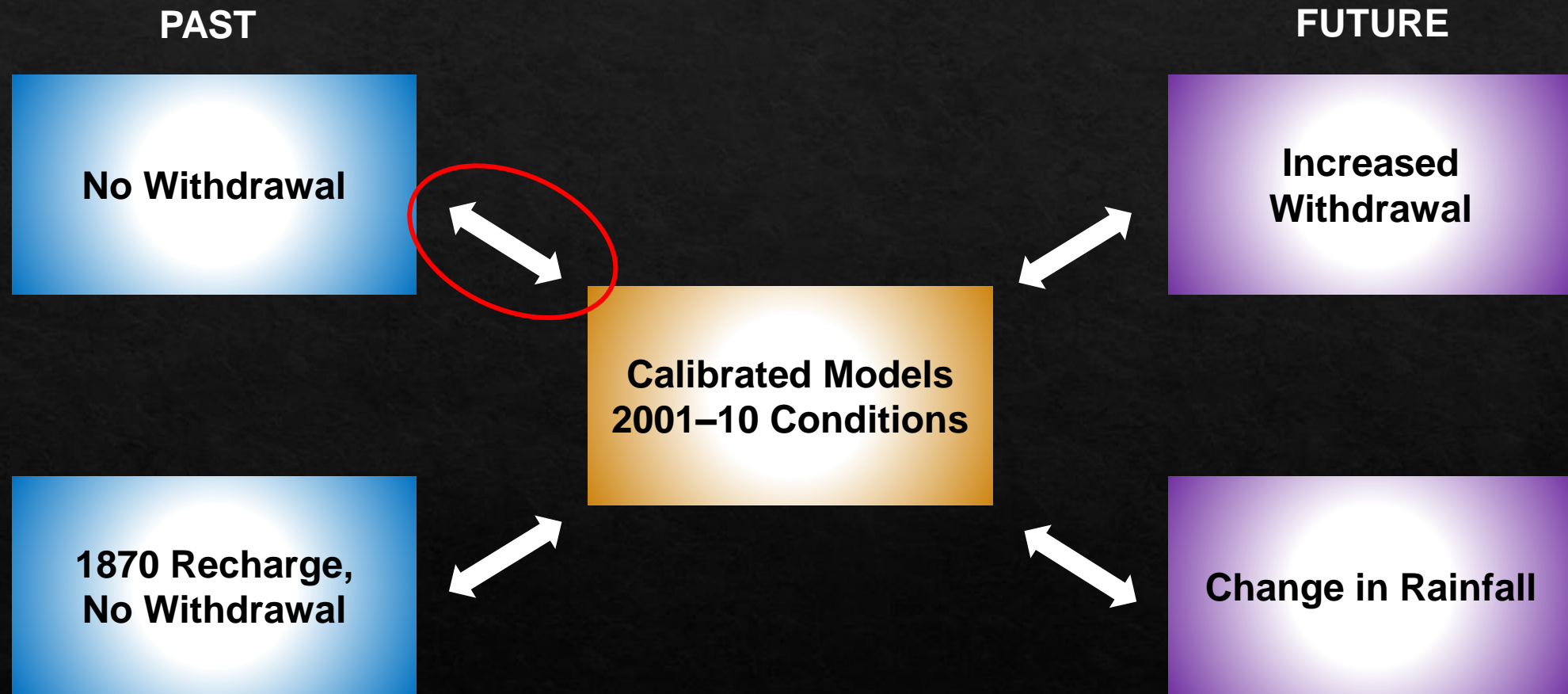
From Izuka et al., 2021

# Calibrated Model and Multiple Scenarios

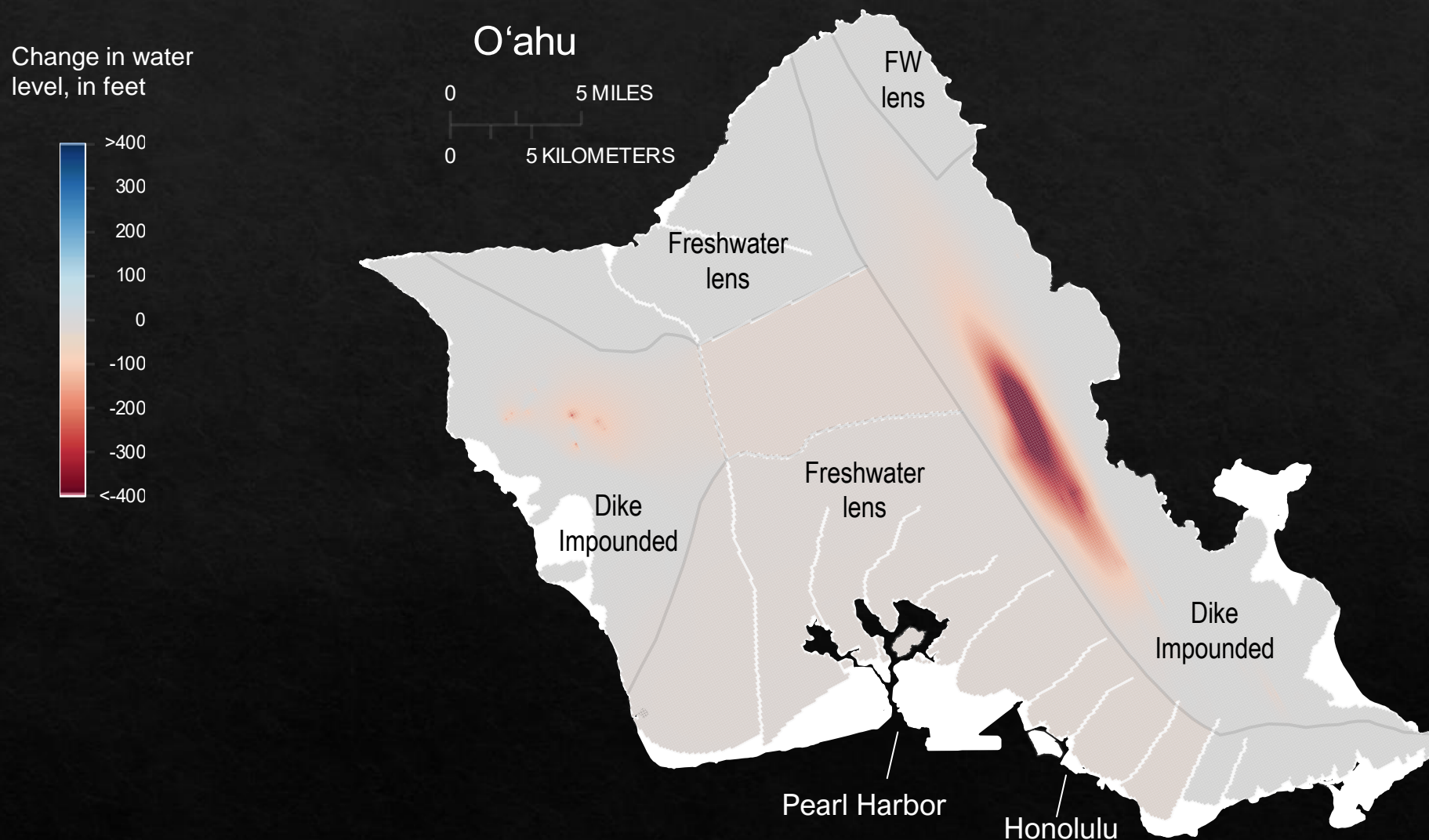




# Effect of 2001–10 Groundwater Withdrawal Rate



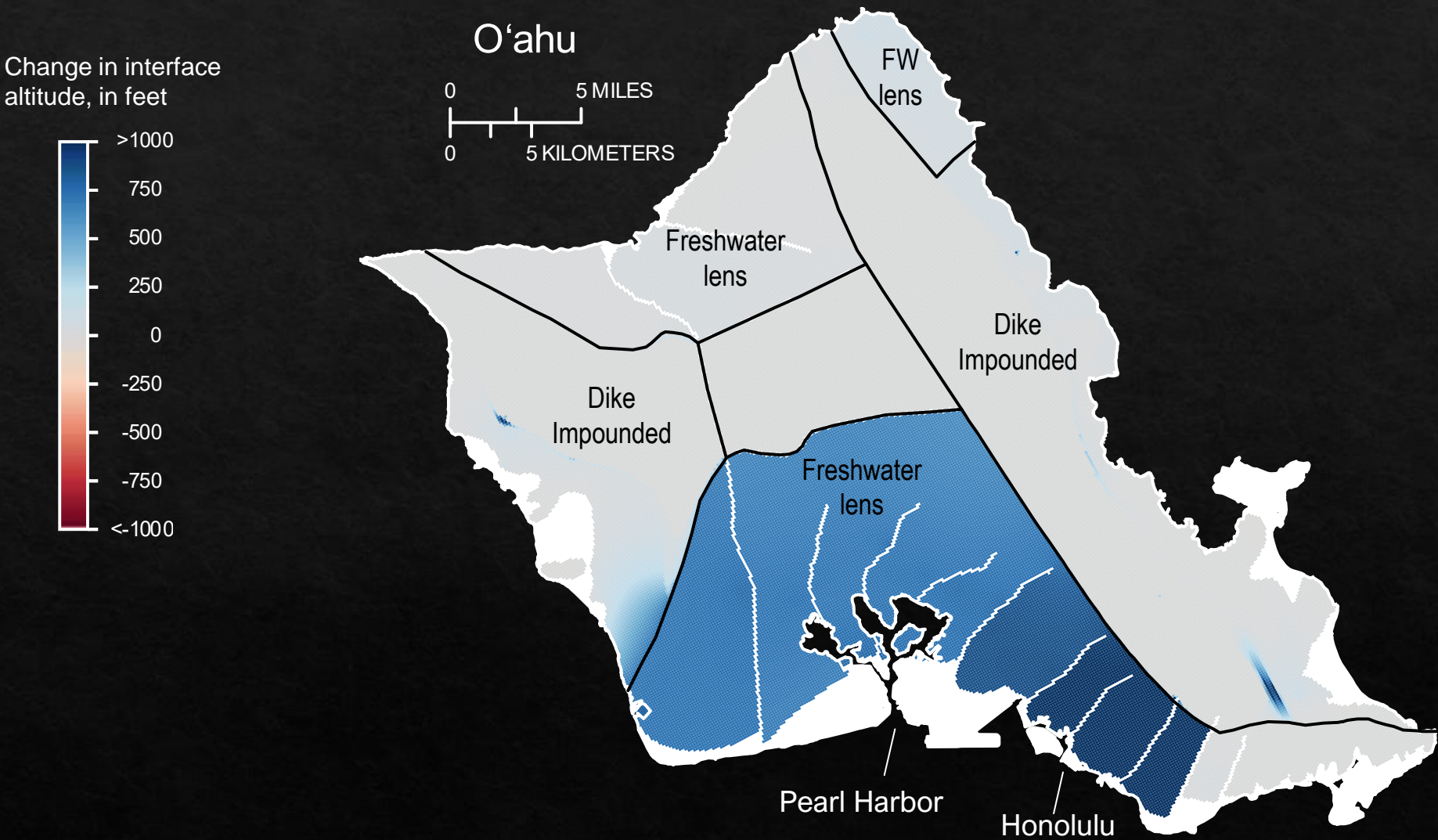
# Effect of 2001–10 Withdrawal on Water Levels



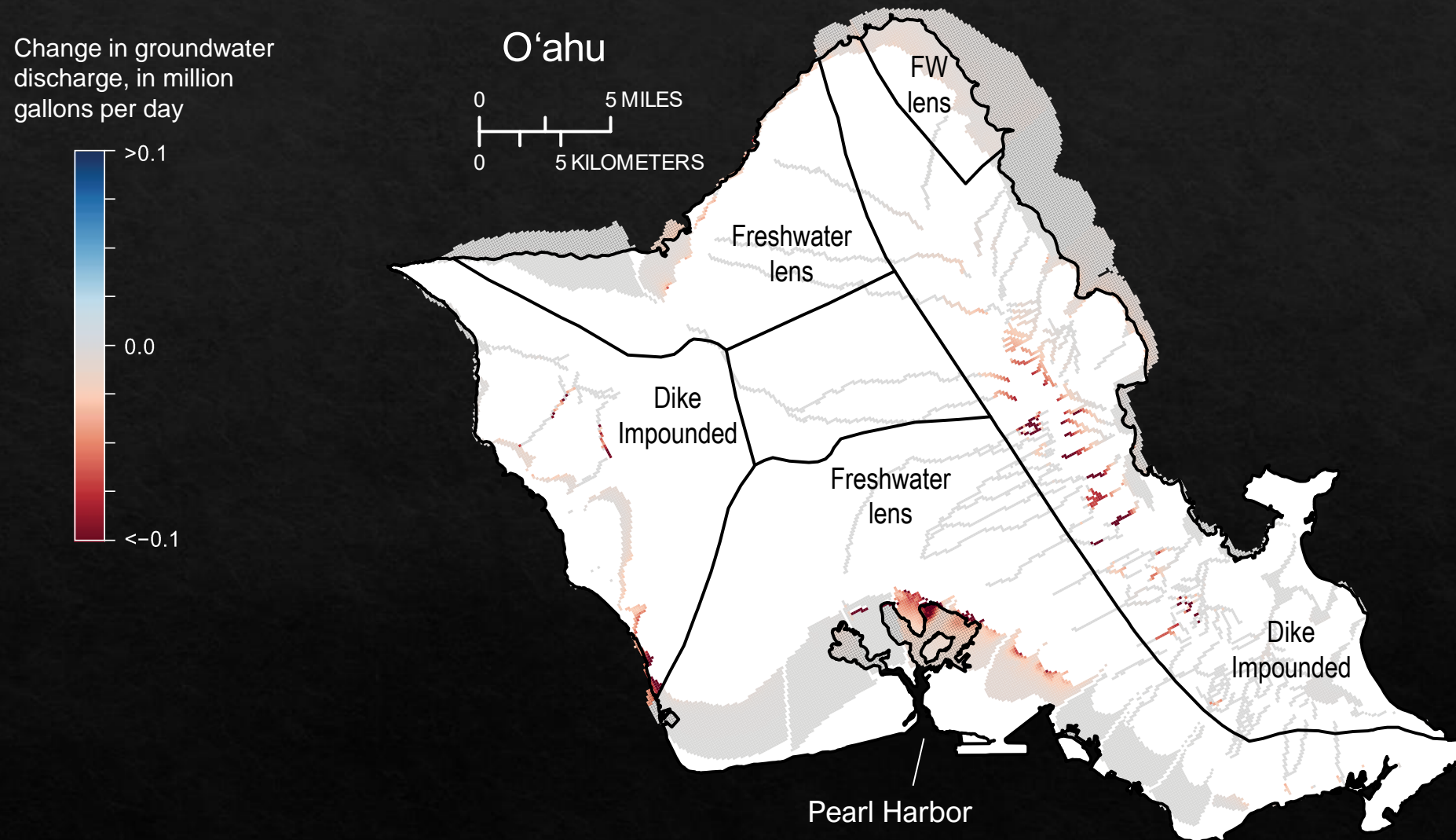
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# Effect of 2001–10 Withdrawal on Saltwater/Freshwater Boundary

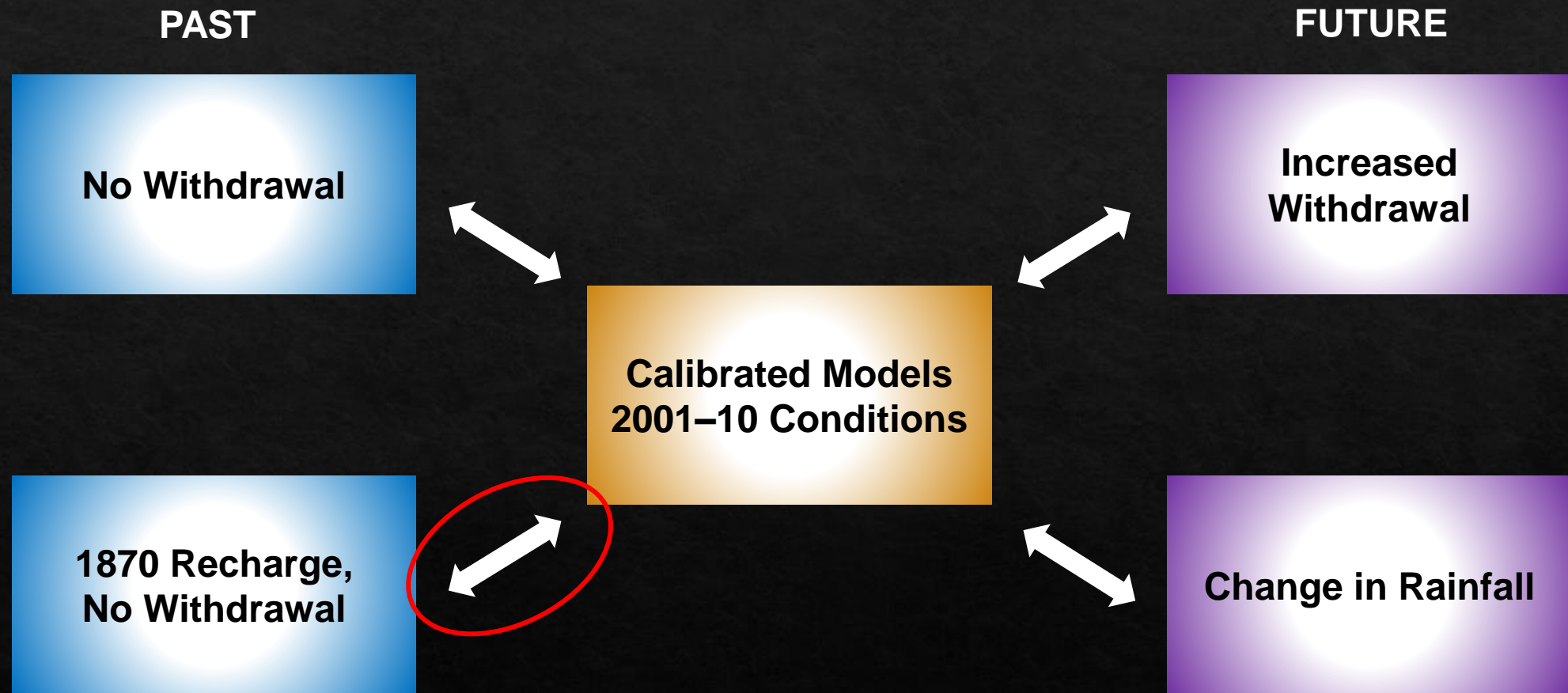


# Effect of 2001–10 Withdrawal on Streams and Ocean





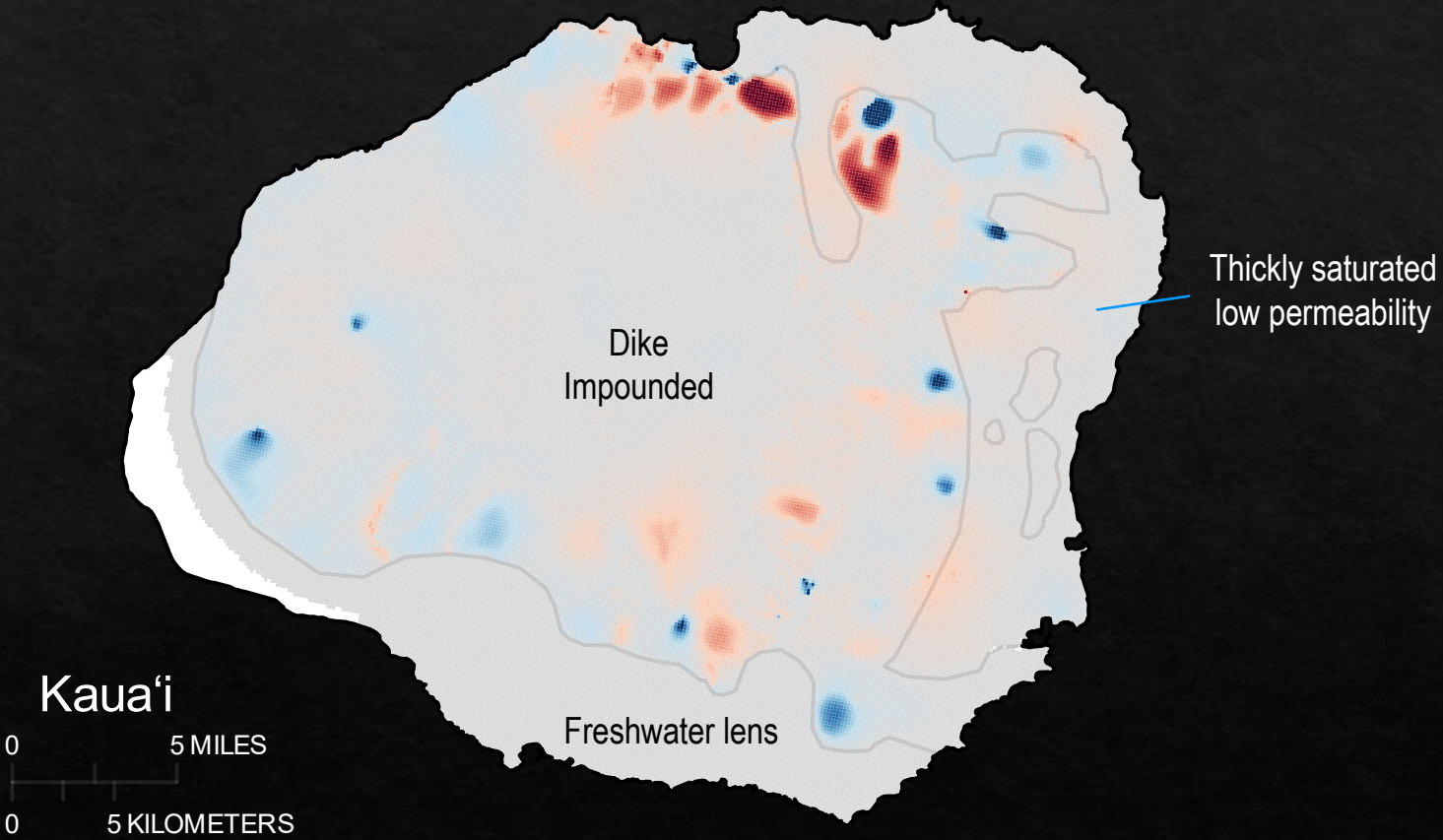
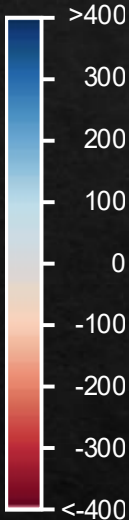
# Combined Effect of Withdrawal and Recharge Changes





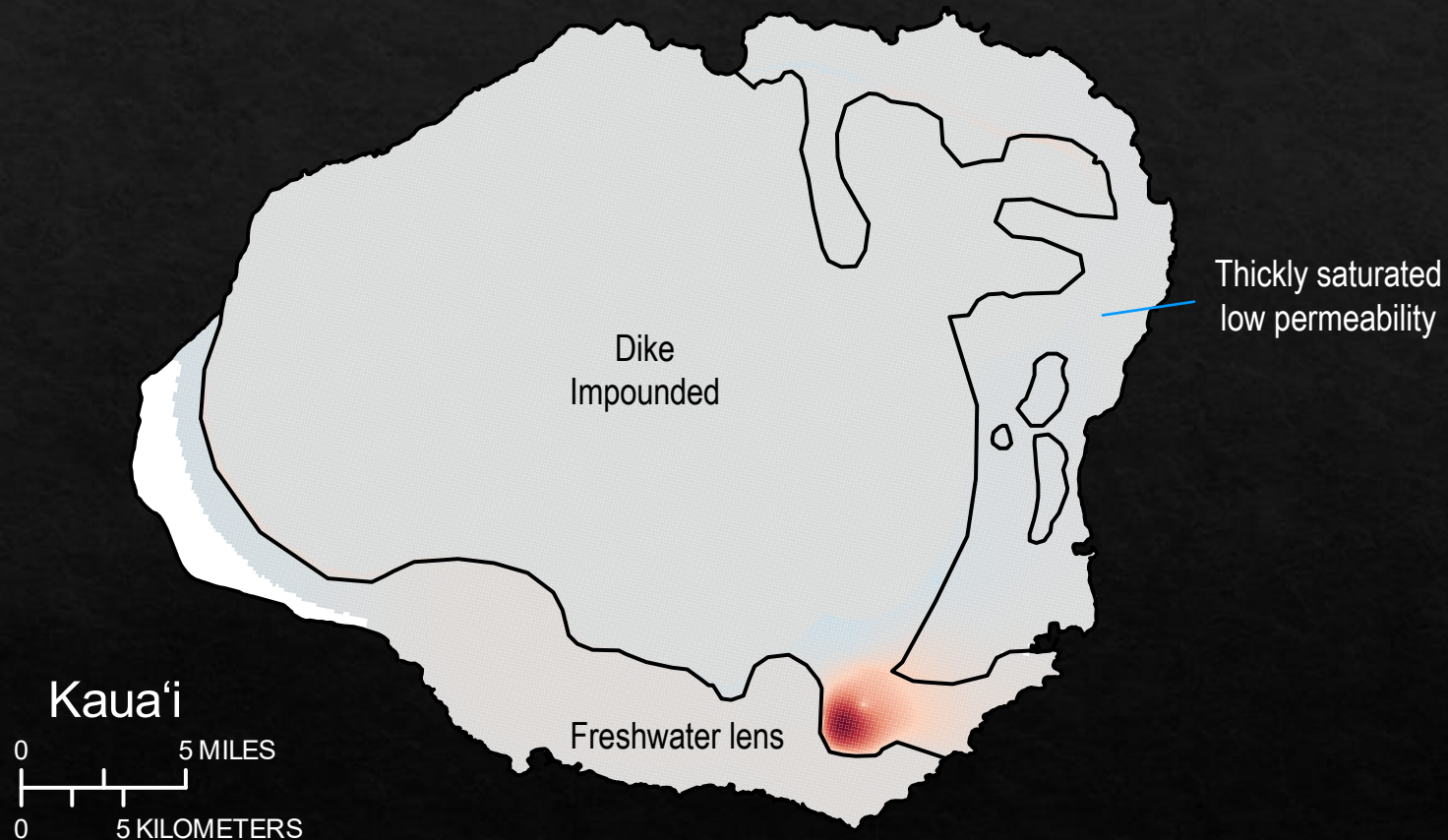
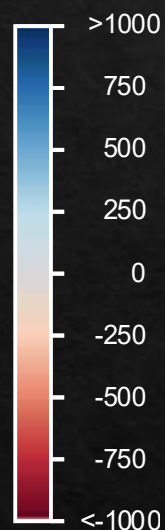
# Effect of Withdrawal and Recharge Changes on Water Levels

Change in water level, in feet



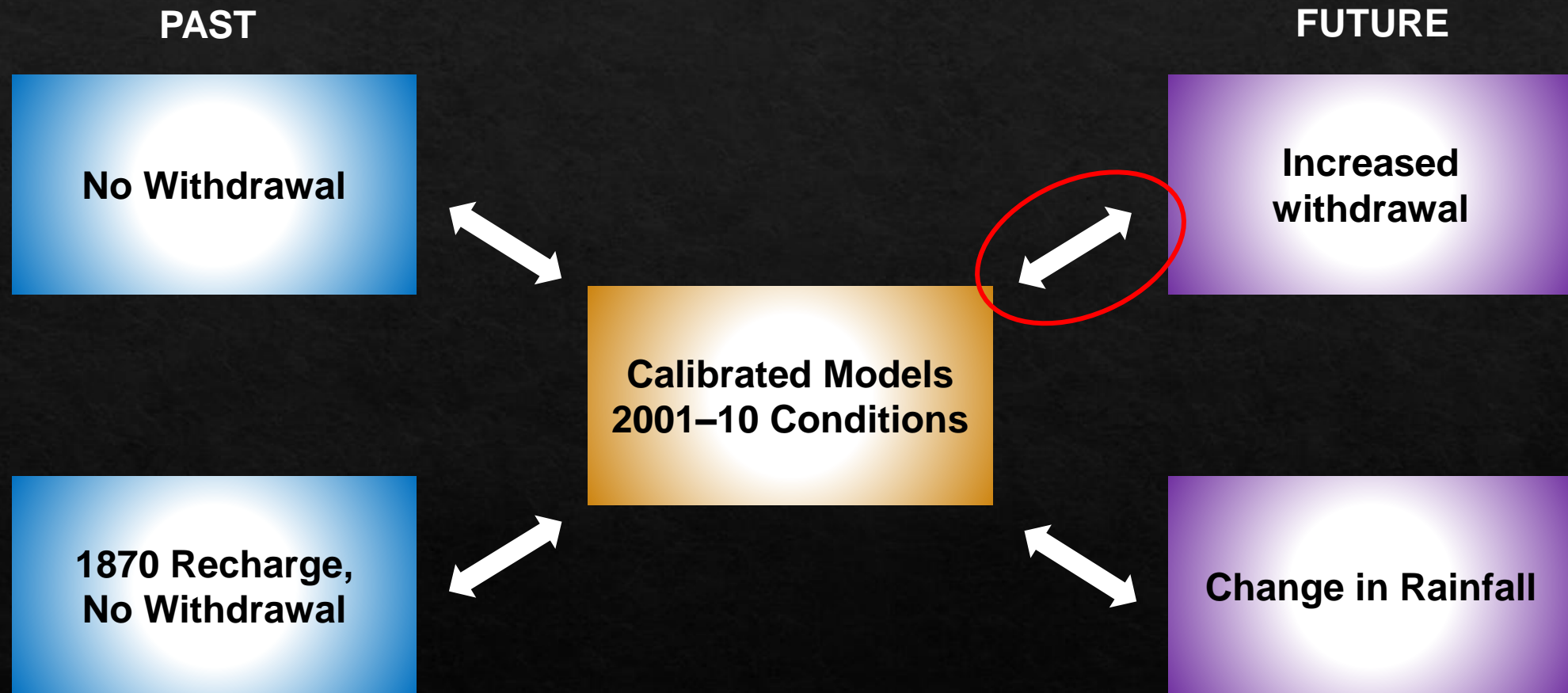
# Effect of Withdrawal and Recharge Changes on Interface

Change in interface  
altitude, in feet



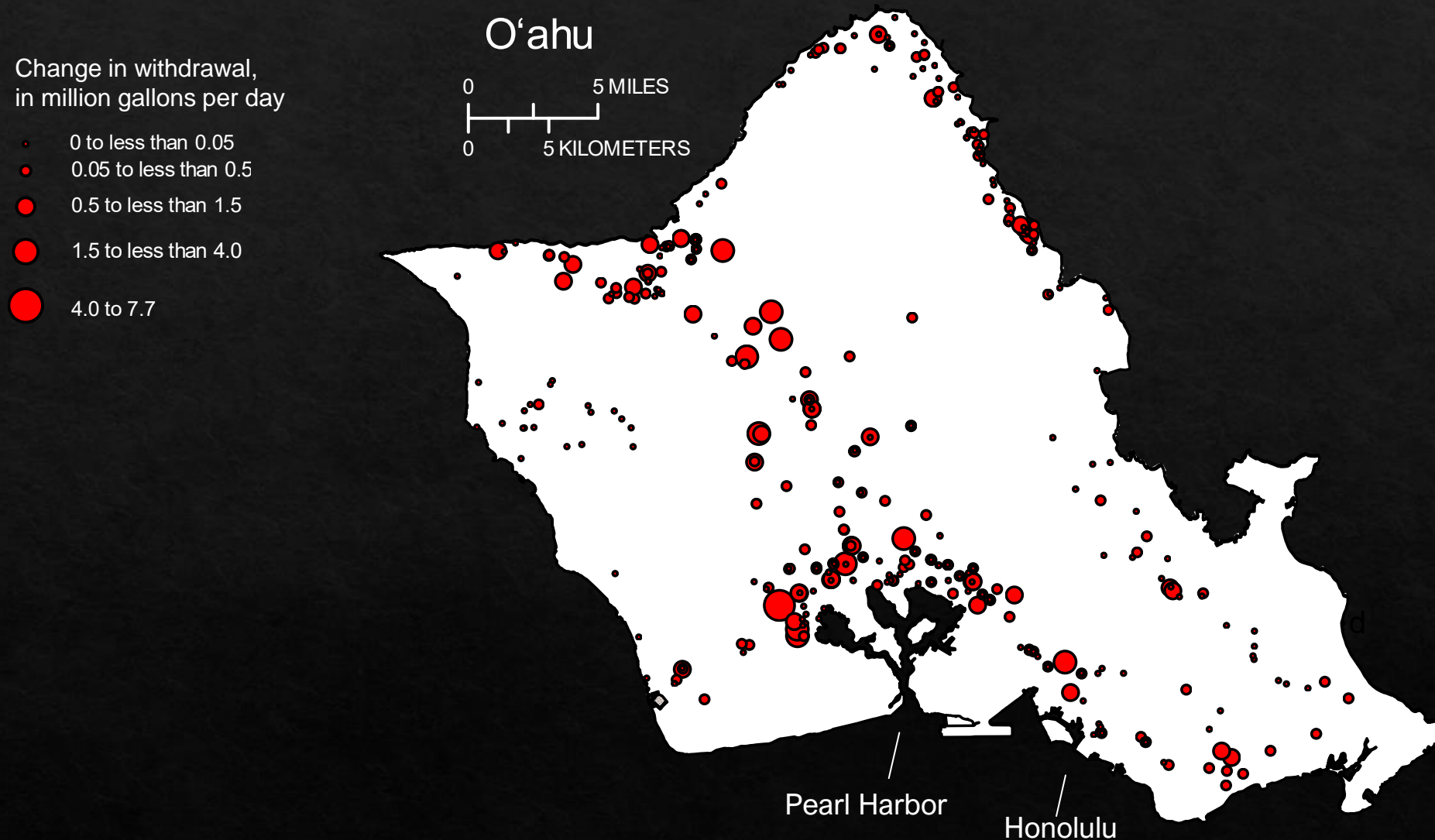


# Effect of Future Changes in Withdrawal

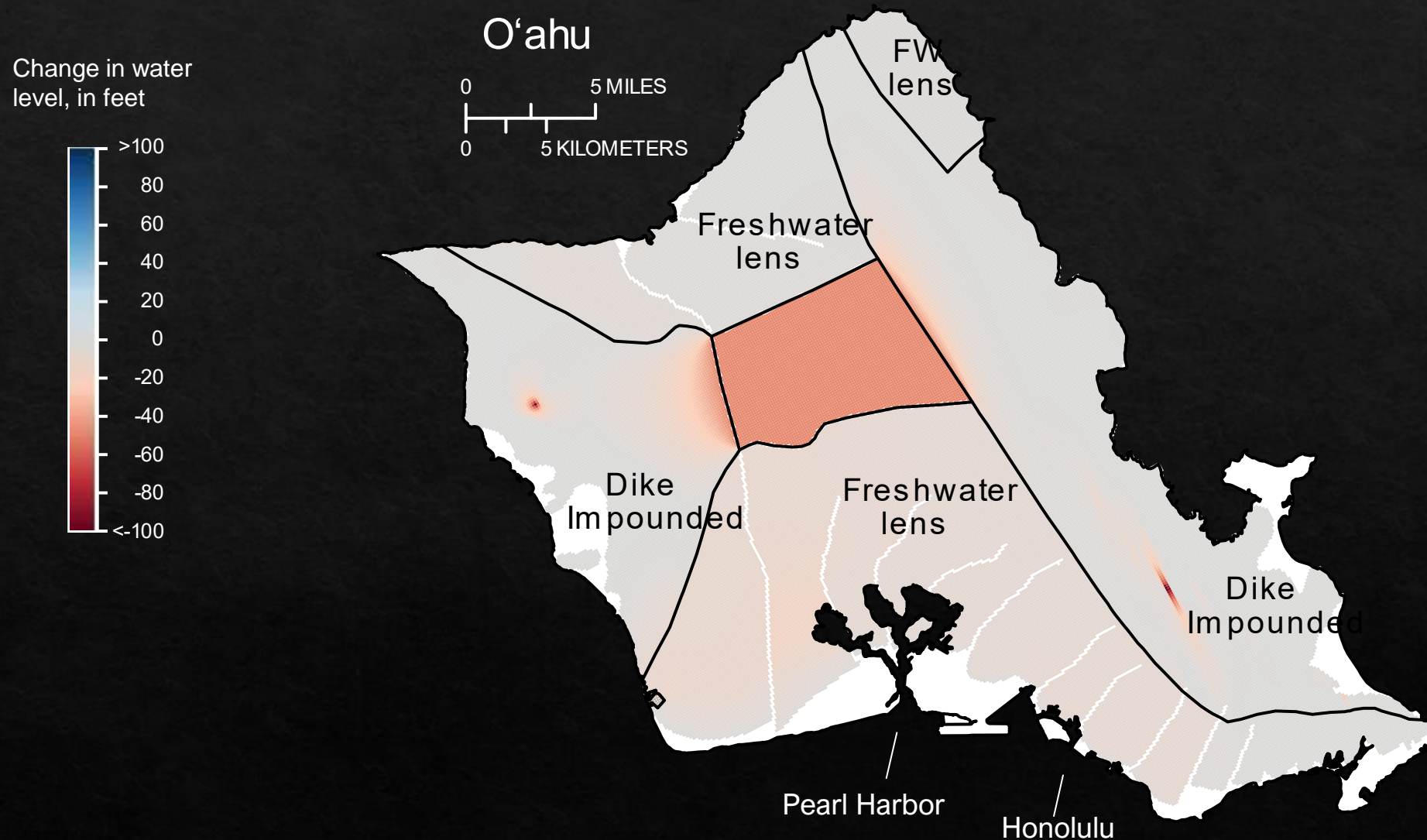




# Simulated Future Withdrawal Change



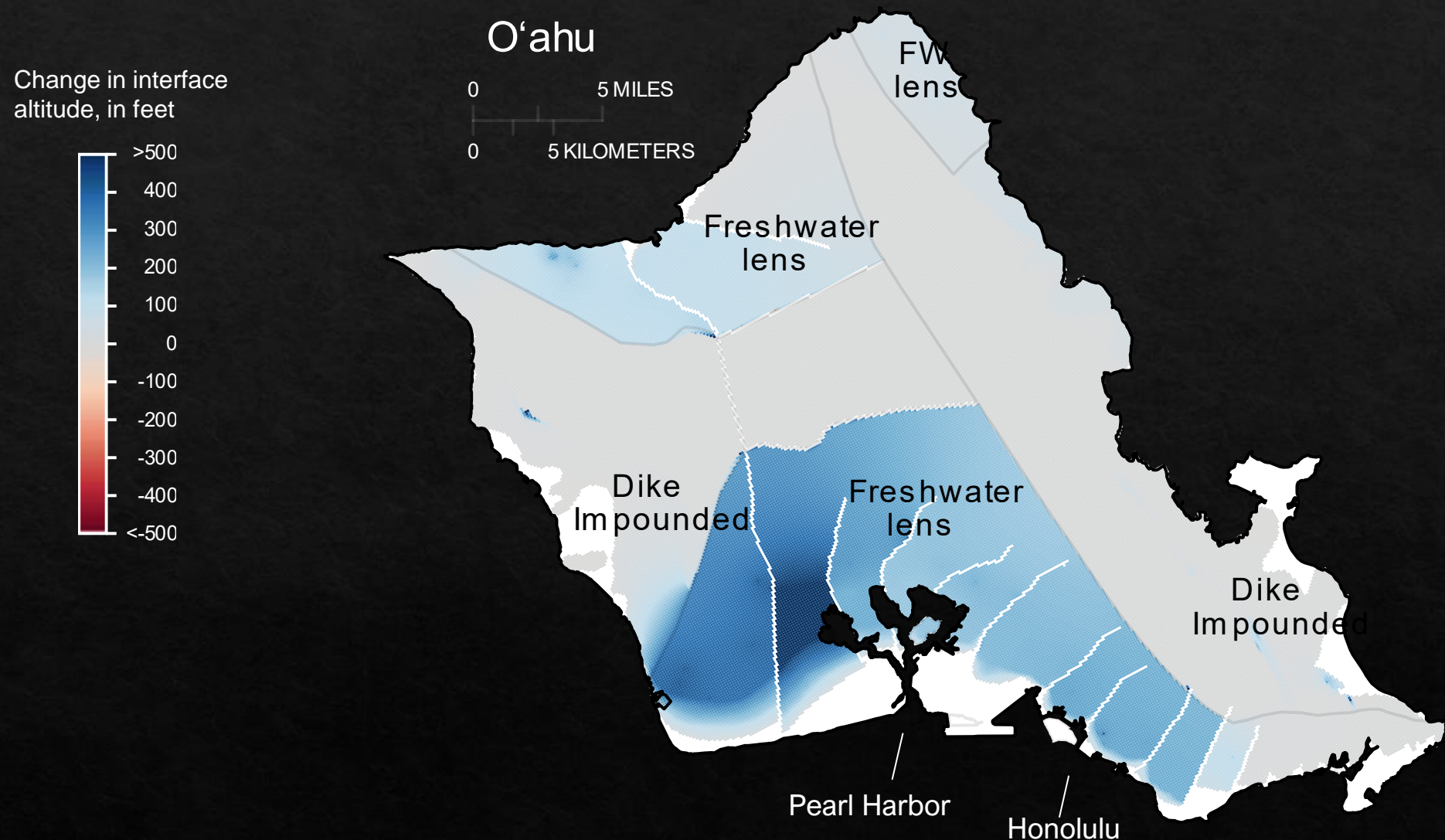
# Effect of Future Withdrawal Change on Water Levels



Preliminary Information-Subject to Revision. Not for Citation or Distribution.

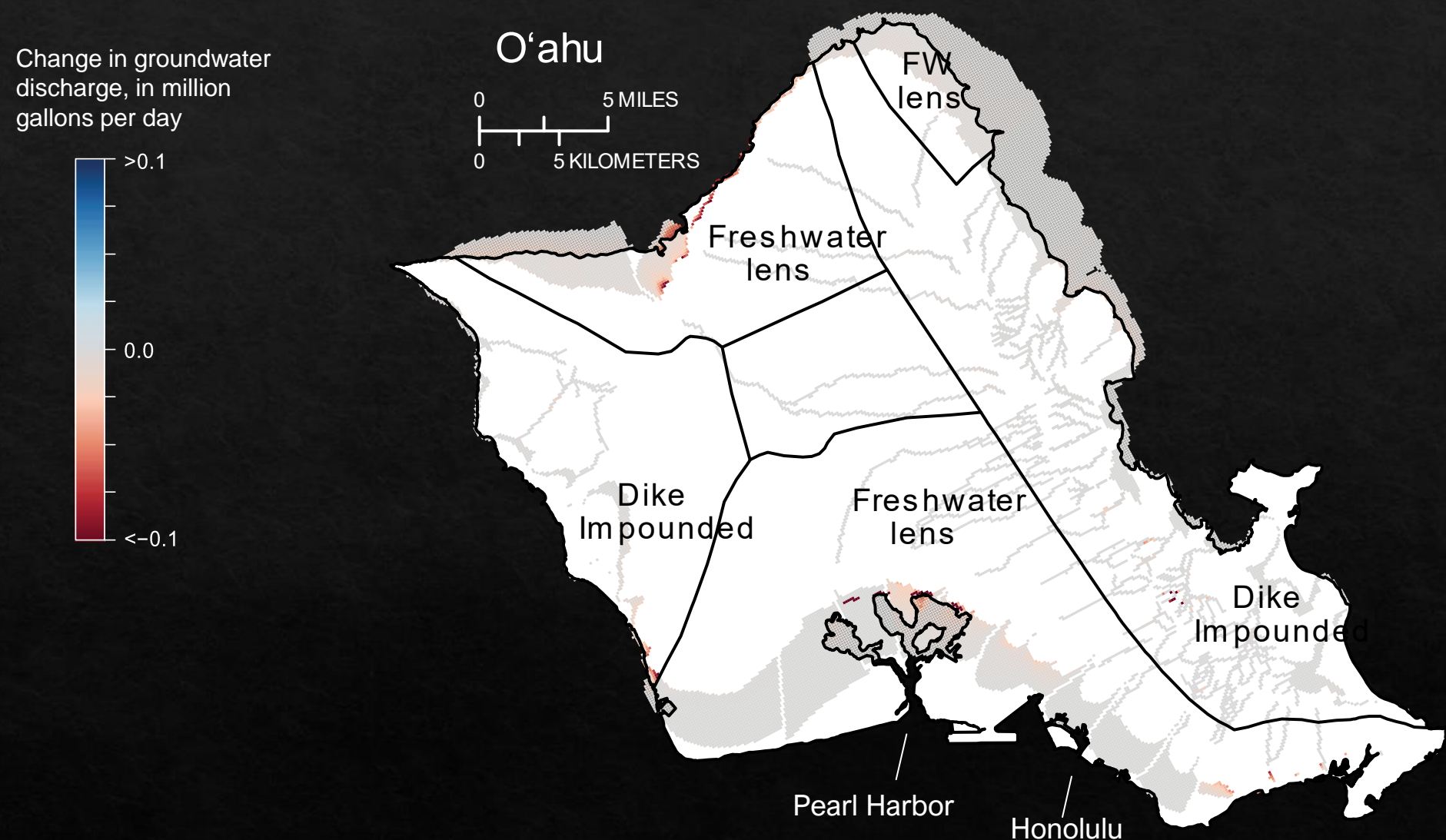


# Effect of Future Withdrawal on Saltwater/Freshwater Boundary

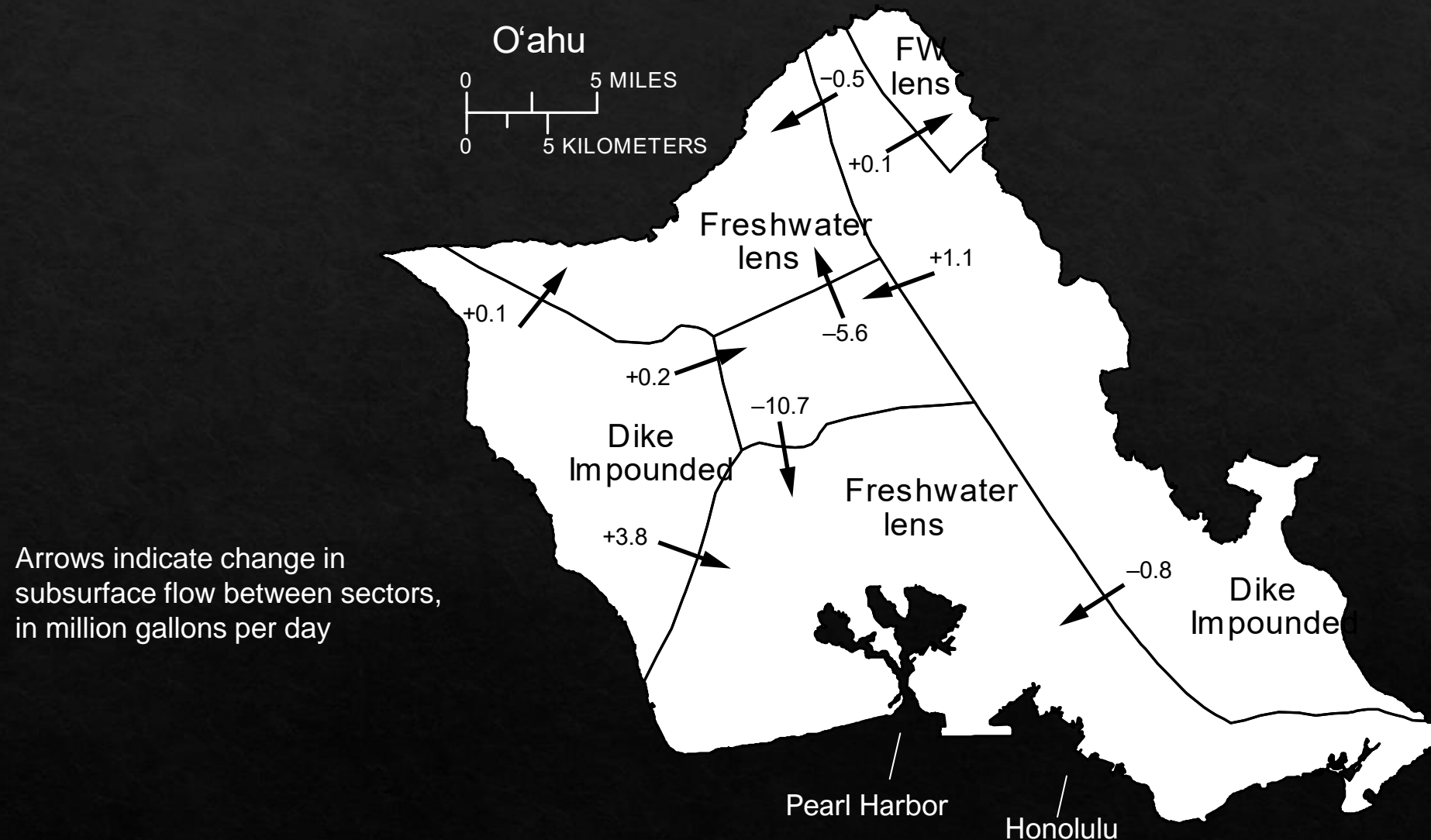




# Effect of Future Withdrawal Change on Streams and Ocean

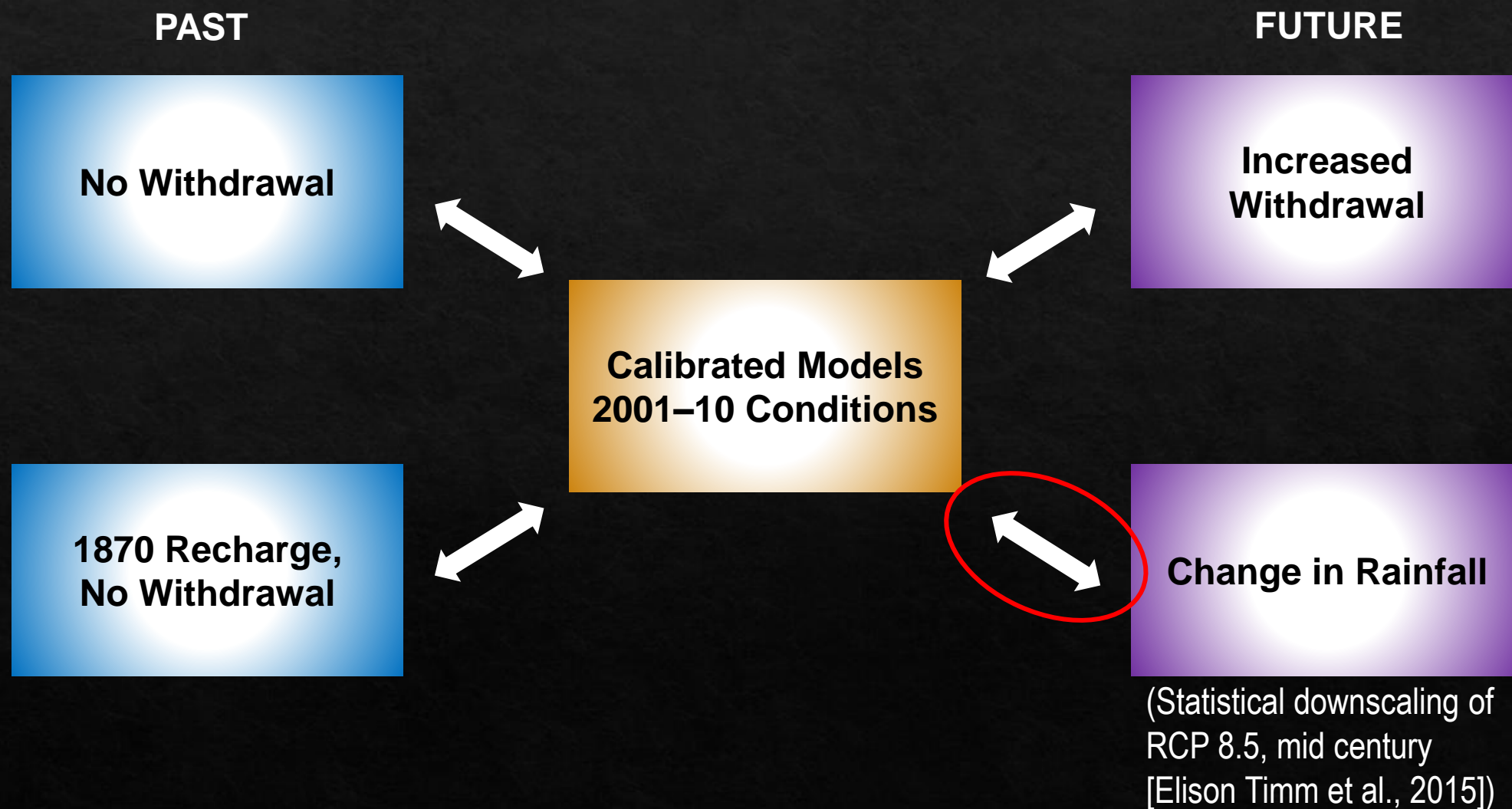


# Effect of Future Withdrawal Change on Subsurface Flow



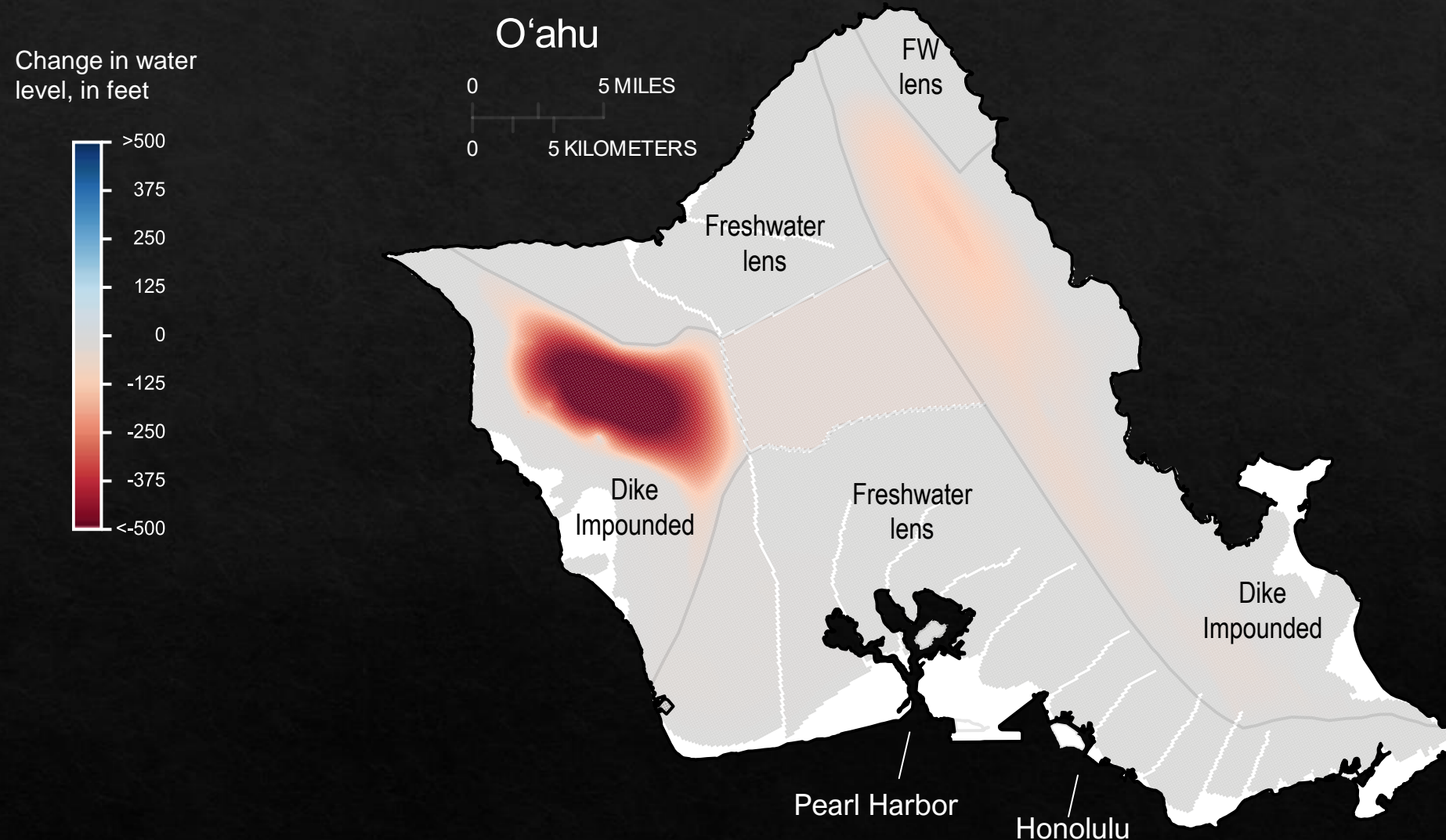
Preliminary Information-Subject to Revision. Not for Citation or Distribution.

# Effect of Future Changes in Rainfall

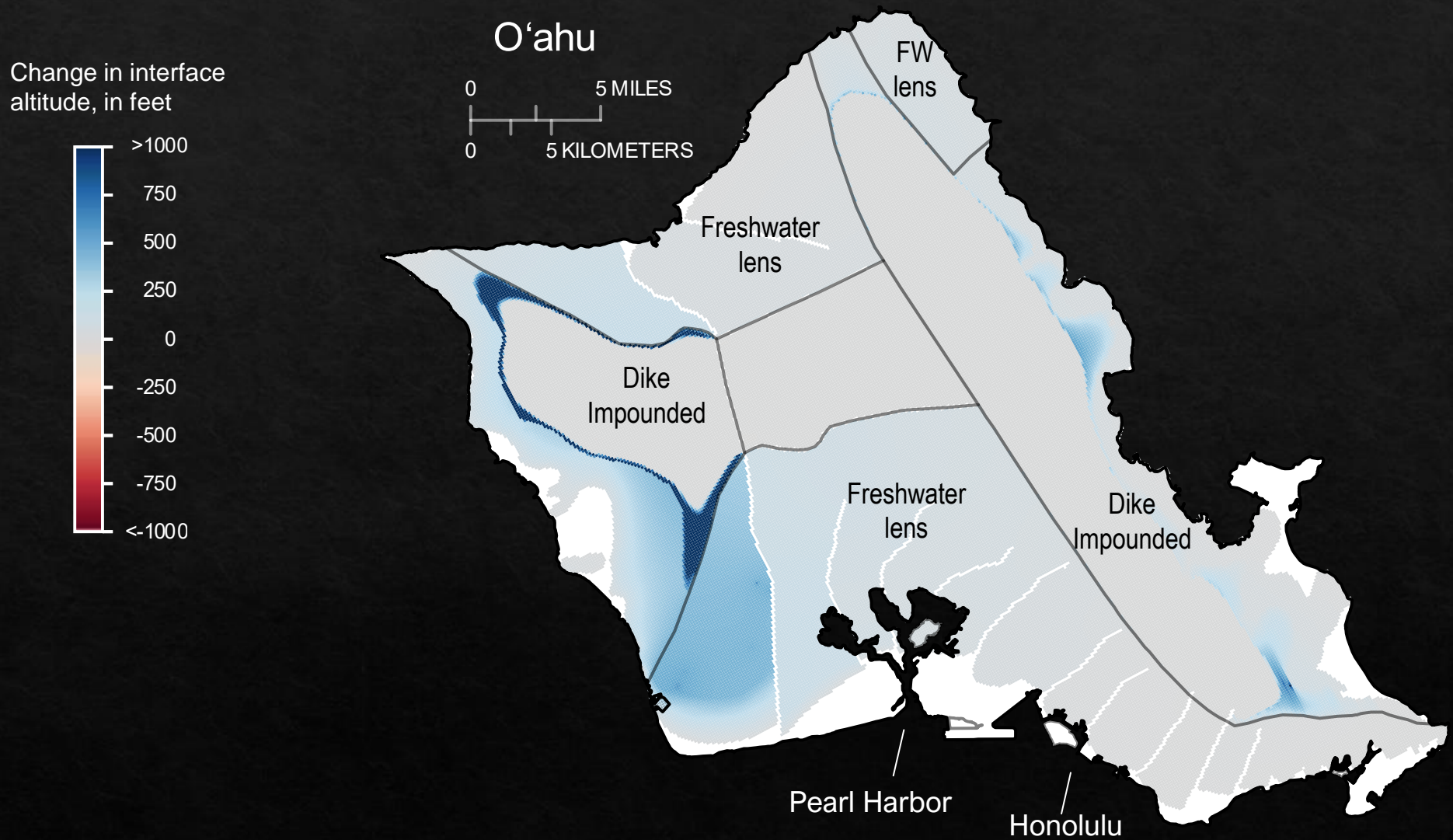




# Effect of Future Rainfall Change on Water Levels



# Effect of Future Rainfall Change on Saltwater/Freshwater Boundary





# Summary

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**Primary consequences limiting availability differ among hydrogeologic settings**

- **Freshwater lens—Saltwater rise and encroachment, reduction of groundwater discharge to the ocean (also to springs where there is caprock)**
- **Dike-impounded, thickly saturated aquifers—Water-level decline, reduction of discharge to streams and springs**
- **Upgradient aquifers—Reduced flow to adjacent aquifers**

**Consequences depend on magnitude of withdrawals and can change with changes in recharge**

**Collaboration between management and science can work toward a balance between groundwater withdrawal and the need to limit the consequences**



# Acknowledgments and Contact Information

Funding source

**USGS Water Availability and Use Science Program**

Coauthors

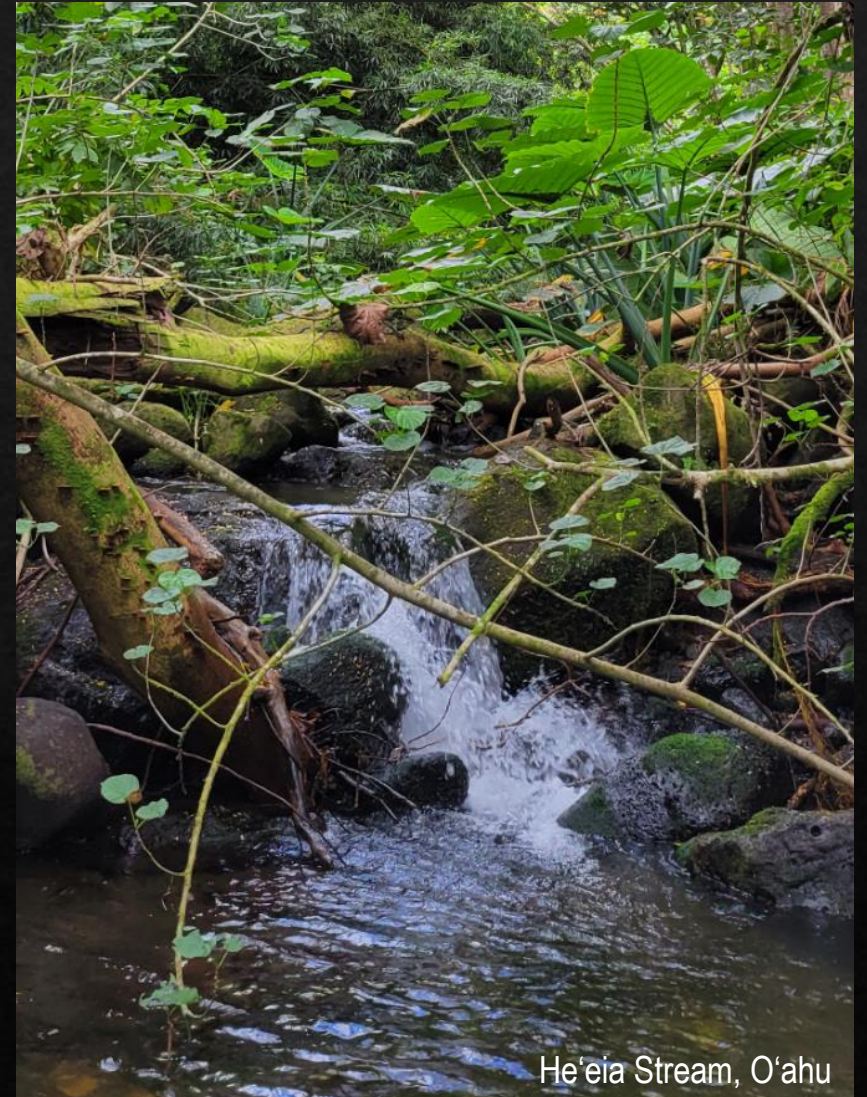
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