State of Hawai‘i  
DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES  
Division of Forestry and Wildlife  
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813  

January 13, 2012

Chairperson and Members  
Board of Land and Natural Resources  
State of Hawaii  
Honolulu, Hawaii

Land Board Members:

SUBJECT: REQUEST TO CONDUCT A PUBLIC HEARING REGARDING A SET ASIDE OF APPROXIMATELY 169 ACRES AS AN EXTENSION OF KIPAOHEHOE NATURAL AREA RESERVE, TMK (3) 8-8-01:08, SOUTH KONA, HAWAII

AND

REQUEST APPROVAL OF DECLARATION OF EXEMPTION FROM CHAPTER 343, HRS, ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT REQUIREMENTS FOR THIS ACTION

SUMMARY:

TMK (3) 8-8-01:08 is proposed as an extension of Kipahoehe Natural Area Reserve (NAR), under the Division of Forestry and Wildlife (DOFAW), Department of Land and Natural Resources (DLNR). The proposal includes an area of approximately 169 acres in the Agricultural District. Attachment 1 contains maps and a description of the strategic importance of this area that led to the nomination of this area as a NAR.

BACKGROUND:

In 2001, contractors hired to log koa on adjacent then-Damon Estate property constructed haul roads and logged koa and other native trees from this property and the adjacent NAR. Subsequently, a team from the Division of Forestry and Wildlife (DOFAW) surveyed the parcel and assessed that approximately 200 trees were felled or harvested and half an acre was disturbed for landing construction and haul roads (DLNR, 2003). The DLNR’s enforcement action for unpermitted removal of koa on this parcel remains unresolved as Board of Land and Natural Resources (BLNR) actions have been contested and the quiet title determination in the State’s favor has been appealed.

DISCUSSION:

ITEM C-6
Pursuant to Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS) §195-4, a public hearing is required to designate State lands into the Natural Area Reserves System. Designating this area a NAR would enhance the ability of the Division of Forestry and Wildlife to participate and contribute to conservation and restoration actions in this area. While portions of this parcel were logged a decade ago, with restoration this parcel can provide habitat for rare species. This parcel also contains roads that, if included in the NAR, would facilitate access to the adjacent conservation lands.

The Natural Area Reserves System Commission recommended this extension of the NAR on November 18, 2011, following a supportive recommendation from DOFAW.

CHAPTER 343 – ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT:

In accordance with the requirements of Chapter 343, HRS, and Hawaii Administrative Rules (HAR) § 11-200-8 (A) (10) Continuing administrative activities including, but not limited to purchase of supplies and personnel-related actions, this subject action is exempt from the preparation of an environmental assessment.

RECOMMENDATION: That the Board:

1) Declare that, after considering the potential effects of the proposed action as provided by Chapter 343, HRS, and Chapter 11-200, HAR, this action will probably have minimal or no significant effect on the environment and is therefore exempt from the preparation of an environmental assessment.

2) Grant permission to conduct a public hearing on Hawaii Island to add TMK (3) 8-8-01:08 into the Natural Area Reserves System;

3) Authorize the Chairperson to set the dates and times for the public hearing and;

4) Authorize the Chairperson to appoint a hearing master for the public hearing.

Respectfully Submitted,

[Signature]

PAUL J. CONRY, Administrator
Division of Forestry and Wildlife

APPROVED FOR SUBMITTAL:

[Signature]

WILLIAM J. AILA, JR., Chairperson

Attachment: Kipahoehoe NAR Extension Nomination
PROPOSAL FOR THE EXTENSION OF KĪPĀHOEHOE
NATURAL AREA RESERVE

December 2011

I  EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

An approximately 169-acre parcel is proposed to be added to the Kīpāhoehoe Natural Area Reserve (NAR) on the southwestern slope of Mauna Loa. NAR designation will facilitate management access, restoration and protection of the native forest and shrubland.

II  INTRODUCTION (General)

The Kīpāhoehoe NAR was designated to protect a rare lowland dry grassland, mesic forests, lava tubes, and montane wet and mesic forests. This proposed extension of the NAR is adjacent to Hawaii Volcanoes National Park, the Kona Hema Preserve, and Yee Hop Ranch. This unencumbered State land was logged in 2001 and is in the Agricultural State land use district.

III  BACKGROUND AND HISTORY

Past and Present Land Use and Conservation History

A cultural study prepared for the NAR System in 2002 details land tenure and use of Kīpāhoehoe NAR and vicinity (Maly, 2002). In the mid 1800s large portions of the existing Kīpāhoehoe NAR and surrounding areas were leased for pasturage. In 1911, the Kīpāhoehoe section of the South Kona Forest Reserve was established adjacent to the proposed parcel. Ralph Hosmer, Superintendent of Forestry testified to the Board of Commissioners of Agriculture and Forestry that especially valuable koa timber grows in the Forest Reserve and commercial use, rather than protective use for watershed values should be pursued on this land. Koa was harvested in this region, especially in adjacent Yee Hop property where a mill was located. In 1982, the Kīpāhoehoe Section of the South Kona Forest Reserve was set aside as the Kīpāhoehoe Natural Area Reserve. Since the mid-1800s and into the present, cattle trespass into the then-Forest Reserve and the Natural Area Reserve and adjacent areas has been documented.

In 2001, contractors hired to log koa on adjacent then-Damon Estate property constructed haul roads and logged koa and other native trees from this property and the adjacent NAR. Subsequently, a team from the Division of Forestry and Wildlife (DOFAW) surveyed the parcel and assessed that approximately 200 trees were felled or harvested and half an acre was disturbed for landing construction and haul roads (DLNR, 2003). The DLNR’s enforcement action for unpermitted removal of koa on this parcel remains unresolved as Board of Land and Natural Resources (BLNR) actions have been contested and the quiet title determination in the State’s favor has been appealed.

1 The Cultural Study may be viewed online at http://hawaii.gov/dlnr/dofaw/nars/reserves/big-island/Kipahoehoeecs.pdf or by requesting a paper copy of the 135-page document to the NARS Enhancement Coordinator at (808) 587-4170.
Following an environmental assessment finding of no significant impact in 2002, NARS staff constructed ungulate-proof fences on the upper portion of the NAR above approximately the 3,200-ft elevation. The NAR fence to the north and a Kona Hema fence to the south delineate portions of the parcel's boundary. Access roads have been constructed which connect to the Kona Hema Preserve of The Nature Conservancy and follow the southwestern boundary of the parcel. Non-native plant and animal control is ongoing in the adjacent properties designated for conservation.

In 2003, the Kahuku Ranch which forms the eastern boundary of the parcel was purchased from Damon Estate and included in the Hawaii Volcanoes National Park. These adjacent conservation areas are included in the Three Mountain Alliance watershed partnership.

Cultural and Historical Significance

Historically, human habitation in the Kipāhoe region concentrated along the coast and along the belt road (Highway 11), which is approximately 6 miles makai of the proposed parcel (Maly, 2002). The uplands where this parcel is located were used throughout the last 200 years for koa harvesting and cattle pastures (Maly, 2002).

IV JUSTIFICATION (Specifics)

Scientific Value and Natural Communities and their Status

This parcel contains `ōhi`a dry forest and montane shrubland, pioneer vegetation on lava (from the 1919 lava flow that covers approximately 1/3 of the parcel) and the koa-`ōhi`a montane mesic forest. The latter native community is the most diverse and likely to contain rare species.

Representativeness and Rarity

While portions of this parcel were logged a decade ago, with restoration this parcel can provide habitat for rare species. This area is above the range of mosquitoes and is within the range or recovery habitat of the endangered Hawaii creeper (Oreomystis mana), ʻakepa (Loxops coccineus coccineus), ʻio (Buteo solitarius), and ʻakiapōlāʻau (Hemignathus munroi), and is within critical habitat for the ʻalalā (Corvus hawaiensis) (Mitchell, et.al., 2005).

Biological/Ecological Design

This small parcel lies between the Kipāhoe NAR, Hawaii Volcanoes National Park, and the Kona Hema Preserve. The NARS Commission has indicated that it would be beneficial for Reserves to be adjacent to areas currently managed for conservation so that management activities could be leveraged. This parcel also contains roads that, if included in the NAR, would facilitate access to the adjacent conservation lands.

Location and Size

2
The approximately 169-acre parcel is southeast of the Kīpāhoehoe NAR, identified by TMK (3) 8-8-01:08 in the South Kona district of Hawaii island. Elevation of this rectangular parcel ranges from 5,200-5,800 ft and it is approximately 1.6 miles long and 0.25 miles wide.

**Threats (Human/Biological)**

Threats include browsing and disturbance from feral goats, sheep, pigs, as well as cattle trespass from nearby ranches.

Non-native grasses such as rice grass (*Ehrharta stipoides*) and kikuyu (*Pennisetum clandestinum*) replace the native understory vegetation. Other grasses such as fountain grass (*Pennisetum setaceum*), beardgrass (*Schyzachrium condensatum*), and broomsgedge (*Adropogon virginicus*) could become established in this area as well, creating a fire hazard. Fires could also be ignited by vehicles or people traversing the area.

Rats (*Rattus* ssp.), dogs (*Canis familiaris*), cats (*Felis catus*), mice (*Mus musculus*), and mongoose (*Herpestes javanicus*) prey on endangered birds, native insects, and damage native plants.

This parcel is not protected by Conservation District rules so future uses of the area could include cattle grazing, timber harvest, and other agricultural uses.

**Present Level of Protection and Long-term Ecological Viability**

This area is currently within the Agricultural District. It is surrounded on three sides by lands designated for conservation, however threats from both human use and invasive species continue.

**Environmental Consequences of No Action/Urgency**

Designating this area a NAR would enhance the ability of the Division of Forestry and Wildlife to participate and contribute to conservation and restoration actions in this area.

The NARS Enhancement initiative has created the capacity to dedicate areas to the Natural Area Reserves System or other conservation land designations at this time. Recent meetings with the Subcommittee of Enhancement and DOFAW staff have indicated an interest and current input into this process. If a Reserve is an appropriate designation for this area, this momentum should not be lost.

V. MANAGEMENT NEEDS
Threats Requiring Management

Reducing and/or eliminating invasive species and illegal human activities are the highest management priorities for this parcel. Re-planting native vegetation in areas disturbed by logging could aid restoration.

VI. PUBLIC NOTIFICATION

Agencies, Organizations, and Individuals Contacted*

*If this parcel is recommended as a Natural Area Reserve by the NARS Commission, interested parties will be notified and a formal public hearing and comment period will occur for this nomination pursuant to Hawaii Revised Statutes § 195-4.

VII. BIBLIOGRAPHY/REFERENCES


DLNR, 2003. Enforcement Action Involving Removal of Koa Timber on State Unencumbered Lands, Steve’s Ag Services, Ltd. and Contract Milling, Alleged, South Kona, Hawai’i; Tax Map Key: (3) 8-8-01:08. Submittal from the Land Division for the June 26, 2003 meeting of the Board of Land and Natural Resources, Agenda Item D-16.


Proposed Kipahoehoe NAR Extension

Legend
- Proposed NAR Extension
- NARS
- Hawaii Roads

DOFAW 3 2011
(808) 587-4170