REGARDING: Request Approval of the Board of Land and Natural Resources to Implement Proposed Natural Resource Beach and Coastal Protection Projects Funded through Act 117, SESSION LAWS OF HAWAI'I (SLH), 2015, Pursuant to the Hawai'i Tourism Authority Strategic Plan, and Authorizing the Chairperson of the Department of Land Natural Resources to Review and Approve Natural Resource Protection Projects for Beaches and Coastal Areas for Fiscal Year 2016

REQUEST:

The Department of Land and Natural Resources (DLNR) is requesting the approval of the Board of Land and Natural Resources (BLNR) for proposed beach and natural resource protection projects funded through Act 117, SLH, 2015 for FY 2016. DLNR is also seeking the authorization of the Board to allow the Chairperson to enter into contracts or consulting services, including projects with a value over $100,000.

BACKGROUND:

The DLNR is responsible for the management and regulatory oversight of approximately 750-miles of general coastline. While Hawai'i ranks 43rd in terms of overall land area it has the 4th longest general coastline of the entire United States.

Hawai'i's coastal areas consist of a unique and diverse array of environments including sandy beaches, rocky coves and outcrops, towering coastal bluffs, and wetland areas. Hawai'i is famous for its sandy beaches and shorelines and these natural amenities attract visitors that fuel our multi-billion dollar visitor economy. Waikīkī alone generates approximately 42% of Hawai'i's visitor industry revenue and is responsible for 8% ($5 billion) of the Gross State Product.

The DLNR has management authority and regulatory oversight for nearly all of the beaches and shoreline areas around the State (excluding County Beach Parks and Federal lands). The Office of Conservation and Coastal Lands (OCCL) protects beaches from inappropriate uses and activities, and conducts beach restoration and improvement projects. The Division of State Parks (DSP) manages many State recreation and resource areas in coastal locations that require regular beach and shoreline management and remediation measures. The Division of Conservation and
Resource Enforcement (DOCARE) conducts education and outreach, as well as regulatory enforcement actions to hold perpetrators of land use violations accountable for their illegal actions.

As the number of visitors coming to Hawai‘i continues to increase, fragile coastal areas and resources are becoming increasingly more vulnerable to damage and overuse. The DLNR is committed to improving the stewardship of Hawai‘i’s coastal areas through a combination of proactive restoration and maintenance to improve the quality of beaches and parks, and regulatory enforcement to eliminate violations and unauthorized land uses.

Act 117, SLH 2015 (HB-444), authorized the use of $3M in State general funds (generated from the Transient Accommodations Tax) for beach and natural resource protection projects for FY2016 to be expended in accordance with the Hawai‘i Tourism Strategic Plan (Exhibit 1). Act 117 SLH 2015 provides for:

1. The protection, preservation, maintenance, and enhancement of natural resources, including beaches important to the visitor industry;
2. Planning, construction, and repair of facilities; and
3. Operation and maintenance costs of public lands, including beaches, connected with enhancing the visitor experience.

It is important to note that beginning in FY2017 (starting next fiscal year) Act 117, SLH 2015 allocates Transient Accommodations Tax (TAT) revenues to the Special Land Development Fund on a recurring annual basis. These funds are to be used by the DLNR for resource conservation projects, including beach restoration.

PROPOSAL:

The OCCL, DSP, and DOCARE propose to use funds appropriated for FY 2016 for a variety of projects related to beach protection and natural resource conservation that will benefit Hawai‘i’s visitor industry. OCCL has identified approximately $1,450,000 for beach restoration projects and data acquisition necessary to protect beaches and coastal areas from erosion damages. DSP has identified approximately $1,000,000 for the remediation of derelict military structures, installation of vehicular barriers to control vehicular access into sensitive coastal areas, and various beach park maintenance projects. DOCARE has identified $550,000 to expand existing enforcement capacity providing for the protection of the State’s coastal areas, beaches, parks and ocean recreation areas. All of these projects include natural resource restoration, facility improvements and/or maintenance and operating costs associated with the protection of natural resources important to Hawai‘i’s visitor industry. A “quick look” summary of the proposed projects is included below. A more detailed project proposal is included as Exhibit 2.

Office of Conservation and Coastal Lands Beach Protection Projects

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Waikiki Beach Improvements, O'ahu</th>
<th>Planning and design</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Offshore Sand Exploration, Statewide</td>
<td>Exploration and permitting</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Division of State Parks Beach Recreation Areas

Kaʻena Point State Park, Oʻahu  
Sand Island State Recreation Area, Oʻahu  
Polihele State Park, Kauaʻi  
Hāʻena State Park, Kauaʻi  
Makena State Park, Maui  
Hāpuna Beach State Recreation Area, Hawaiʻi

Coastal barrier resource protection  
Remediation and erosion control  
Coastal barrier resource protection  
Remediation and erosion control  
Remediation and maintenance  
Planning, design, and improvements

Division of Conservation and Resources Enforcement

The Division of Conservation and Resources Enforcement (DOCARE) proposal is to improve operational support by purchasing equipment to improve the enforcement capacity of the Department in providing for the protection of the State’s coastal areas, beaches, parks and ocean recreation areas.

DOCARE is a relatively small agency charged with upholding Federal and State laws, administrative rules, and county ordinances that serve to protect Hawaiʻi’s unique and limited natural, cultural, and historic resources, many of which are frequently used by visitors to the State. DOCARE’s jurisdiction encompasses nearly 1.3 million acres of State lands, 3 million acres of ocean and coastal waters, and 750 miles of coastline.

The proposed funding amount that DOCARE would receive would primarily be used toward the purpose of equipment in order to increase DOCARE’s enforcement capacity within beach and coastal areas, including State beach recreation areas and areas regulated by OCCL. The equipment proposed to be purchased with this funding includes the following:

- Night vision scopes to observe areas in low light and dark conditions.
- Observational equipment such as waterproof binoculars and spotting scopes; and
- All Terrain Vehicles and related equipment such as trailers and safety gear that can be used to patrol coastal and off-road areas.

Hawaiʻi Tourism Strategic Plan

Funds allocated pursuant to Act 117, SLH must be expended in accordance with the Hawaiʻi Tourism Strategic Plan. Although the plan is currently being updated, staff believes that all of the projects being proposed for the FY2016 period are consistent with the goals of the existing Hawaiʻi Tourism Strategic Plan.
2005-2015 Strategic Plan, Background:

“Hawai‘i’s diverse array of natural resources such as parks, beaches, trials, and waterfalls are unique attributes that make the islands a wonderful place for residents to live and an attractive destination for tourist to visit.”

and

“To continue to provide areas to recreate for residents and visitors alike, natural resource sites need to be maintained, and in some cases, restored.”

The Natural Resources Strategic Framework included in the Hawai‘i Tourism Strategic Plan establishes the following goals and objectives:

Goal:
To respect, enhance and perpetuate Hawai‘i’s natural resources to ensure a high level of satisfaction for residents and visitors.

Objectives:
• Improve value-added amenities at the natural resource sites.
• Explore innovative means to repair, maintain and improve Hawai‘i’s natural resources.
• Raise awareness of all stakeholders about the responsible use of natural resources.
• Increase collaboration among government agencies, the visitor industry and the community.
• Raise awareness of commercial operators, information providers and others about the responsible use of natural resources.

HTA is currently developing specific Strategic Directives in its draft 2016 Strategic Plan (anticipated to be finalized in August 2015) including:

• Decrease impacts on Hawai‘i’s cultural and natural resources; and
• Support programs that manage, improve and protect Hawai‘i’s natural environment and areas frequented by visitors.

HTA is currently preparing its Strategic Plan for FY2016. The Strategic Directives listed above may change or be revised. Also, DLNR divisions may face changes in funding, program activities, and unforeseen resource protection activities and support during this period. Flexibility in implementing these objectives and activities is important to ensure that funding is applied to the needed program areas and activities. The implementation of these projects and activities will be expedited if the Chairperson is authorized to execute these projects, including receiving approval by the Board to enter into contracts or consulting services, including projects with a value over $100,000.
RECOMMENDATION:

Based on the preceding analysis, staff recommends that the Board of Land and Natural Resources (Board) APPROVE this request to allocate funds appropriated by Act 117, SLH 2015 to the Office of Conservation and Coastal Lands, Division of State Parks, and Division of Conservation and Resources Enforcement to maintain, restore and operate natural resources in coastal areas of the State of Hawai‘i, subject to the following:

1. Authorize the Chairperson to act on behalf of the BLNR for FY2016 to enter into contracts or consulting services, including projects with a value over $100,000, to expend Act 117 funds pursuant to this report, to make adjustments in project scope/purposes, as well as make adjustments in contract amounts where practical or required; and
2. Acknowledge that the actions and projects proposed in this report are consistent with the HTA Strategic Plan.

Respectfully Submitted,

SAMUEL J. LEMMO, Administrator
Office of Conservation and Coastal Lands

APPROVED FOR SUBMITTAL

SUZANNE D. CASE, Chairperson
Board of Land and Natural Resources
A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO BEACH PROTECTION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

PART I

SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Hawaii's beaches are important and unique components of the array of natural resources that make our islands a special place for our residents and an attractive destination for visitors. Recent studies by researchers at the University of Hawaii indicate that our beaches are disappearing at an alarming rate, with seventy per cent of beaches undergoing chronic erosion, over thirteen miles of beach completely lost to erosion, and inappropriate shoreline development over the past century. Because of the growing demand for the use of beaches, the State needs to reinvest in its beaches, as one of its important and valuable natural resources, to conserve and restore these important assets by more efficiently distributing limited financial resources.

The purpose of this part is to allocate transient accommodations tax revenues to the special land and development
H.B. NO. 444
H.D. 3
S.D. 2
C.D. 1

1 fund to finance beach restoration and conservation and other
2 activities authorized under section 237D-6.5(b)(5), Hawaii
3 Revised Statutes. This part takes effect on July 1, 2016.
4
5 SECTION 2. Section 171-19, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
7 "(a) There is created in the department a special fund to
8 be designated as the "special land and development fund".
9 Subject to the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, as
10 amended, and section 5(f) of the Admission Act of 1959, all
11 proceeds of sale of public lands, including interest on deferred
12 payments; all moneys collected under section 171-58 for mineral
13 and water rights; all rents from leases, licenses, and permits
14 derived from public lands; all moneys collected from lessees of
15 public lands within industrial parks; all fees, fines, and other
16 administrative charges collected under this chapter and chapter
17 183C; a portion of the highway fuel tax collected under chapter
18 243; all moneys collected by the department for the commercial
19 use of public trails and trail accesses under the jurisdiction
20 of the department; transient accommodations tax revenues
21 collected pursuant to section [237D-6.5(b)(2)] 237D-6.5(b)(5);
22 and private contributions for the management, maintenance, and
development of trails and accesses shall be set apart in the
fund and shall be used only as authorized by the legislature for
the following purposes:

(1) To reimburse the general fund of the State for
advances made that are required to be reimbursed from
the proceeds derived from sales, leases, licenses, or
permits of public lands;

(2) For the planning, development, management, operations,
or maintenance of all lands and improvements under the
control and management of the board, including but not
limited to permanent or temporary staff positions who
may be appointed without regard to chapter 76;

(3) To repurchase any land, including improvements, in the
exercise by the board of any right of repurchase
specifically reserved in any patent, deed, lease, or
other documents or as provided by law;

(4) For the payment of all appraisal fees; provided that
all fees reimbursed to the board shall be deposited in
the fund;

(5) For the payment of publication notices as required
under this chapter; provided that all or a portion of
the expenditures may be charged to the purchaser or
lessee of public lands or any interest therein under
rules adopted by the board;

(6) For the management, maintenance, and development of
trails and trail accesses under the jurisdiction of
the department;

(7) For the payment to private land developers who have
contracted with the board for development of public
lands under section 171-60;

(8) For the payment of debt service on revenue bonds
issued by the department, and the establishment of
debt service and other reserves deemed necessary by
the board;

(9) To reimburse the general fund for debt service on
general obligation bonds issued to finance
departmental projects, where the bonds are designated
to be reimbursed from the special land and development
fund;

(10) For the protection, planning, management, and
regulation of water resources under chapter 174C; and

(11) For other purposes of this chapter."
SECTION 3. Section 237D-6.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:

"(b) Revenues collected under this chapter shall be distributed as follows, with the excess revenues to be deposited into the general fund:

(1) $26,500,000 shall be allocated to the convention center enterprise special fund established under section 201B-8;

(2) $82,000,000 shall be allocated to the tourism special fund established under section 201B-11; provided that:

(A) Beginning on July 1, 2012, and ending on June 30, 2015, $2,000,000 shall be expended from the tourism special fund for development and implementation of initiatives to take advantage of expanded visa programs and increased travel opportunities for international visitors to Hawaii;

(B) Of the $82,000,000 allocated:

(i) $1,000,000 shall be allocated for the operation of a Hawaiian center and the
(i) 0.5 per cent of the $82,000,000 shall be transferred to a sub-account in the tourism special fund to provide funding for a safety and security budget, in accordance with the Hawaii tourism strategic plan 2005-2015; and

(C) Of the revenues remaining in the tourism special fund after revenues have been deposited as provided in this paragraph and except for any sum authorized by the legislature for expenditure from revenues subject to this paragraph, beginning July 1, 2007, funds shall be deposited into the tourism emergency trust fund, established in section 201B-10, in a manner sufficient to maintain a fund balance of $5,000,000 in the tourism emergency trust fund;
county shall receive 18.6 per cent, city and county of Honolulu shall receive 44.1 per cent, and Maui county shall receive 22.8 per cent; provided that commencing with fiscal year 2018-2019, a sum that represents the difference between a county public employer's annual required contribution for the separate trust fund established under section 87A-42 and the amount of the county public employer's contributions into that trust fund shall be retained by the state director of finance and deposited to the credit of the county public employer's annual required contribution into that trust fund in each fiscal year, as provided in section 87A-42, if the respective county fails to remit the total amount of the county's required annual contributions, as required under section 87A-43;

$3,000,000 shall be allocated to the Turtle Bay conservation easement special fund established under section 201B-8.6 for the payment of debt service on revenue bonds, the proceeds of which were used to acquire the conservation easement in Turtle Bay, Oahu, until the bonds are fully amortized; and
Of the excess revenues deposited into the general fund pursuant to this subsection, $3,000,000 shall be allocated subject to the mutual agreement of the board of land and natural resources and the board of directors of the Hawaii tourism authority to the special land and development fund established under section 171-19; provided that the allocation shall be expended in accordance with the Hawaii tourism authority strategic plan for:

(A) The protection, preservation, maintenance, and enhancement of natural resources, including beaches, important to the visitor industry;

(B) Planning, construction, and repair of facilities; and

(C) Operation and maintenance costs of public lands, including beaches, connected with enhancing the visitor experience.

All transient accommodations taxes shall be paid into the state treasury each month within ten days after collection and shall be kept by the state director of finance in special accounts for distribution as provided in this subsection.
As used in this subsection, "fiscal year" means the twelve-month period beginning on July 1 of a calendar year and ending on June 30 of the following calendar year."

PART II

SECTION 4. The purpose of this part is to appropriate general funds to be expended in fiscal year 2014-2015 in accordance with section 237D-6.5(b)(5), Hawaii Revised Statutes, for visitor industry-related programs and projects.

The legislature finds that, for technical reasons, the $3,000,000 in general funds set aside from the transient accommodations tax revenues under section 237D-6.5(b)(5), Hawaii Revised Statutes, for fiscal year 2014-2015 for visitor industry-related programs and projects cannot be expended. The legislature further finds that the moneys set aside for fiscal year 2014-2015 should be expended to implement the legislature's policy decision to commence the set aside.

SECTION 5. There is appropriated out of the general revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of $3,000,000 or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2014-2015 for the following:
(1) The protection, preservation, maintenance, and enhancement of natural resources, including beaches, important to the visitor industry;
(2) Planning, construction, and repair of facilities; and
(3) Operation and maintenance costs of public lands, including beaches, connected with enhancing the visitor experience.

The sum appropriated shall be expended by the board of land and natural resources, subject to mutual agreement with the board of directors of the Hawaii tourism authority, in accordance with the Hawaii tourism authority strategic plan.

SECTION 6. The appropriation in section 5 shall be deemed an appropriation of the $3,000,000 in general funds set aside under section 237D-6.5(b)(5), Hawaii Revised Statutes, for fiscal year 2014-2015.

PART III

SECTION 7. The purpose of this part is to appropriate general funds to be expended in fiscal year 2015-2016 in accordance with section 237D-6.5(b)(5), Hawaii Revised Statutes, for visitor industry-related programs and projects.
The legislature finds that, for technical reasons, the $3,000,000 in general funds set aside from the transient accommodations tax revenues under section 237D-6.5(b)(5), Hawaii Revised Statutes, for visitor industry-related programs and projects cannot be expended. The legislature further finds that the moneys set aside for fiscal year 2015-2016 should be expended to implement the policy decision of the legislature to commence the set aside.

In part I of this Act, the legislature amends section 237D-6.5(b)(5), Hawaii Revised Statutes, to deposit the $3,000,000 into the special land and development fund for expenditure on visitor industry-related programs and projects. The amendments take effect on July 1, 2016. The legislature has delayed the effective date in order to review the special land and development fund during the interim between the regular sessions of 2015 and 2016. The legislature finds that depositing the revenues into the special land and development fund from July 1, 2015, may complicate the planned review of the fund.

SECTION 8. There is appropriated out of the general revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of $3,000,000 or so much
thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2015-2016 for the following:

(1) The protection, preservation, maintenance, and enhancement of natural resources, including beaches, important to the visitor industry;

(2) Planning, construction, and repair of facilities; and

(3) Operation and maintenance costs of public lands, including beaches, connected with enhancing the visitor experience.

The sum appropriated shall be expended by the board of land and natural resources in accordance with the Hawaii tourism authority strategic plan.

Notwithstanding section 237D-6.5(b)(5), Hawaii Revised Statutes, the board of land and natural resources may expend the appropriation without the agreement of the board of directors of the Hawaii tourism authority.

SECTION 9. The appropriation in section 8 shall be deemed an appropriation of the $3,000,000 in general funds set aside under section 237D-6.5(b)(5), Hawaii Revised Statutes, for fiscal year 2015-2016.
PART IV

SECTION 10. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

SECTION 11. This Act shall take effect upon its approval; provided that part I shall take effect on July 1, 2016.
Report Title:
Transient Accommodations Tax; Special Land and Development Fund; Appropriation

Description:
Authorizes the use of certain transient accommodations tax revenues for beach restoration and conservation. Makes appropriations for fiscal year 2014-2015 and 2015-2016. Effective upon approval, except for part 1 which is effective 7/1/2016. (CD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal Year</th>
<th>Division</th>
<th>Program/Project Area</th>
<th>Project Description</th>
<th>Proposed cost</th>
<th>Status/Comments</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2015/2016</td>
<td>OCCL</td>
<td>Waikiki Beach</td>
<td>Planning and design to nourish Waikiki Beach with sand. Periodic maintenance activities and monitoring will be covered under a separate project. The first step, approved to proceed with beach nourishment, is the first of a two-step process for environmental assessment. The second step will be beach nourishment.</td>
<td>$800,000</td>
<td>Approved Oct 2016, 3rd quarter, for FY 2017 for planning and design and FY 2018 for execution. $500,000 was approved for FY 2016 for planning and design and $600,000 for FY 2017 for construction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015/2016</td>
<td>OCCL</td>
<td>Offshore Sand</td>
<td>Planning and design to nourish Offshore Beach with sand. Periodic maintenance activities and monitoring will be covered under a separate project.</td>
<td>$200,000</td>
<td>Approval to construct services was received from the Director of CCCLO on 3/28/14.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015/2016</td>
<td>OCCL</td>
<td>Small Scale Beach</td>
<td>Develop and implement a State Programmatic General Permit (SPGP) for Small Scale Beach Restoration (SSBR) projects through the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers agree to an SPGP that expired in 2010. Agreements, similar to the SPGP, will streamline the permitting process.</td>
<td>$150,000</td>
<td>Authorization to construct services was received from the Director of CCCCL on 3/28/14.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fiscal Year/Division</td>
<td>Program/Project Area</td>
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<td>Proposed Cost</td>
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<tr>
<td>2015/2016 State Parks</td>
<td>Kaena Point State Park</td>
<td>Resource protection barriers: implementation of vehicle barriers</td>
<td>$225,000</td>
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<td>This project will focus on vehicle barriers including installation of vehicle barriers</td>
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<td>This equipment will be used to increase the Enforcement Division's capacity to enforce laws, rules, and regulations at the State's Beaches, shorelines and coastal management areas.</td>
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<td>This project will be used to plan for and prepare for response to the State's Beaches, shorelines and coastal management areas.</td>
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<tr>
<td>2015/2016 DCCARE</td>
<td>Conservation Projects</td>
<td>Under Existing Cost-Share Agreement between DLNR-CCCL and the UH Sea Grant College Program</td>
<td>$510,000</td>
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<td>This project will provide technical support and program management for cost-sharing arrangements between DLNR-CCCL and the UH Sea Grant College Program</td>
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<td>This project will support the development of a coastal management program within the DLNR-CCCL and the UH Sea Grant College Program</td>
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<tr>
<td>2015/2016 DCCARE</td>
<td>Coastal Lands</td>
<td>Under Existing Cost-Share Agreement between DLNR-CCCL and the UH Sea Grant College Program</td>
<td>$500,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>2015/2016 DCCARE</td>
<td>Coastal Lands</td>
<td>Support/Commissions</td>
<td>$235,000</td>
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</table>

**Proposed Equipment Purchase**

This project will be used to procure law enforcement equipment to be used in enforcing statutes, rules and regulations relating to Beaches, coastal areas and shorelines.

$550,000

**DLNR - Proposal pursuant to Act 117, 2015 SLH**

**DLNR-proposal pursuant to Act 117, 2015 SLH**

**DLNR**

**Division: 000** Office of Conservation and Coastal Lands; DOCARE = Division of Conservation and Resource Enforcement; and State Parks = Division of State Parks
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal Year</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>State Parks</td>
<td>Sand Island State Beach and coastal protection measures: removal of collapsed and deteriorated structures in the beach and coast.</td>
<td>The project will utilize contractor services and staff support to remove and mitigate measures; and maintain and improve existing structures and coastal resources.</td>
<td>$175,000</td>
<td>Regional Location, Hwy 80, Oahu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>State Parks</td>
<td>Polihale State Park, Beach and coastal protection barriers: implementation of vehicle barriers</td>
<td>The project will focus on vehicle barriers including installation of Kauai barriers and other measures to safeguard beach areas from vehicle-related damage.</td>
<td>$150,000</td>
<td>Regional Location, Hwy 56, Kauai; Project will focus on vehicle barriers including installation of Kauai barriers and other measures to safeguard beach areas from vehicle-related damage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>State Parks</td>
<td>Haena State Park, Beach and coastal protection measures: removal and mitigation of tree hazards</td>
<td>The project will utilize contractor services and staff support to remove and mitigate tree hazards affecting the beach and coastal areas.</td>
<td>$100,000</td>
<td>Regional Location, Hwy 586, Kauai; Project will utilize contractor services and staff support to remove and mitigate tree hazards affecting the beach and coastal areas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DLNR-proposal pursuant to Act 117, 2015 SLH as of 7/27/2015</td>
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<td>2016</td>
<td>State Parks</td>
<td>Makena State Park, Beach and coastal protection measures: removal of collapsed and deteriorated military structures in the beach and dunes</td>
<td>$150,000</td>
<td>The project will focus on the removal of structures that have been damaged by high surf incidents.</td>
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<td>2020</td>
<td>State Parks</td>
<td>Hapuna Beach State Recreation Area, beach and coastal protection measures: realignment of the existing walkway and beach access</td>
<td>$200,000</td>
<td>The project will focus on the realignment of the existing walkway and beach access.</td>
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<tr>
<td>2021</td>
<td>State Parks</td>
<td>Hapuna Beach State Recreation Area, beach and coastal protection measures: realignment of the existing walkway and beach access</td>
<td>$500,000</td>
<td>The project will focus on the realignment of the existing walkway and beach access.</td>
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| TOTAL | $3,000,000 |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project Area</th>
<th>Program/Area</th>
<th>Proposal Description</th>
<th>Status/Comments</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>State Parks</td>
<td>Makena State Park</td>
<td>Beach and coastal protection measures: removal of structures that have been damaged by high surf incidents.</td>
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<tr>
<td>State Parks</td>
<td>Hapuna Beach State Recreation Area</td>
<td>Beach and coastal protection measures: realignment of the existing walkway and beach access.</td>
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