	1	BEFORE THE PLANNING COMMISSION OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU					
	2	STATE OF HAWAII					
	3	OIVIE AL UVANTI					
	4	In the Matter o Application of	f the)	FILE NO. 2008/SUP-2(RY) AND 86/SUP-5			
	5	DEPARTMENT OF E) NVIRONMENTAL)				
	6	SERVICES, CITY OF HONOLULU	AND COUNTY)				
	7	Por a New Chooi)				
	8	For a New Speci Permit to super Existing Specia	sede)				
	9	to allow a 92.5					
	10	Expansion and Time Extension) For Waimanalo Gulch Sanitary)					
	11	Landfill, Waimanalo Gulch,) Oahu, Hawaii, Tax Map Key)					
	12	Nos. (1)9-2-003:072 and 073)					
	13						
	14	TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING					
	15	held on Wednesday, July 1, 2009, at 9:05 a.m., at the First					
	16	Floor Committee Meeting Room, Kapolei Hale, 1000 Uluohia Street, Kapolei, Hawaii,					
	17	APPEARANCES:	KARIN L. HOLMA, ESQ. Bays Deaver Lung Rose Holma 16th Floor, Alii Place 1099 Alakea Street Honolulu, Hawaii 96813				
	18	AFFBARANCES.					
	19						
	20						
	21		COLLEEN HANABU 1157 Fort Stre Honolulu, Hawa	et Mall			
	22						
	23		GARY Y. TAKEUC JESSE K. SOUKI Deputies Corpo	, ESQ.			
	24		City and Count	y of Honolulu			
	25	•	Honolulu, Hawa	ii 96813			



1	COMMITTEE	MEMBERS	PRESENT:
2			

James C. Pacopac Kerry M. Komatsubara Vicki Gaynor Rodney Kim Andrew M. Jamila, Junior Beadie K. Dawson

Harold J. Dias, Junior

1
_

2	
3	
4	JOSEPH R. WHELAN
5	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. HANABUSA
6	EXAMINATION BY MR. JAMILA 74
7	EXAMINATION BY MS. DAWSON
8	RICHARD VON PEIN DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. TAKEUCHI
9	AFTERNOON SESSION94
10	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. HANABUSA
	RECROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. HANABUSA
11	EXAMINATION BY MS. HOLMA
12	EDANIC FOOTE
13	FRANK DOYLE DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. TAKEUCHI
14	EXAMINATION BY MS. GAYNOR
15	EXAMINATION BY MS. DAWSON
16	EXAMINATION BY MR. KOMATSUBARA
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

INDEX





- 1 And what is the boundary, the City and County
- 2 property boundary line?
- 3 A. It's the same.
- 4 Q. It's exactly the same? Okay, so that's what generated
- 5 the request for the --
- 6 A. Yes, yes.
- 7 Q. Okay, thank you.
- 8 MS. HOLMA: I have nothing further.
- 9 THE WITNESS: Thank you.
- 10 (Mr. Von Pein was excused at 3:19 p.m.)
- MR. TAKEUCHI: Shall we proceed?
- MS. HOLMA: Yes.
- MR. TAKEUCHI: Thank you.
- We are going to call Mr. Frank Doyle, please.
- 15 (Mr. Doyle approached the witness stand.)
- MS. HOLMA: Mr. Doyle, good afternoon.
- 17 THE WITNESS: Good afternoon.
- 18 MS. HOLMA: Do you solemnly swear or affirm that the
- 19 testimony you are about to give will be the truth, the whole
- 20 truth, and nothing but the truth?
- THE WITNESS: I do.
- 22 FRANK DOYLE,
- 23 called as a witness, having been duly sworn to tell the truth,
- 24 the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, was examined and
- 25 testified as follows:



DIRECT EXAMINATION

- 2 BY MR. TAKEUCHI:
- 3 Q. Thank you.
- 4 Good afternoon. Would you please state your name,
- 5 place of employment, and business address for the record.
- 6 A. My name is Frank Doyle. I am employed by the City and
- 7 County of Honolulu, Chief of Division of Refuse. And I work
- 8 right here in this building, at 1000 Uluohia Street, Kapolei,
- 9 Hawaii.
- 10 Q. Would you please briefly describe your educational,
- 11 professional background?
- 12 A. I have a bachelor's degree from the Pennsylvania Military
- 13 College, in Chester, Pennsylvania, and a master's degree from
- 14 the University of Hawaii, which I got in 1976.
- 15 Q. And what were those degrees in? What fields?
- 16 A. Both of them were in civil engineering, and concentrating
- 17 on environmental in my masters.
- 18 Q. And can you briefly describe your professional
- 19 background?
- 20 A. On the mainland, after graduation, I worked primarily for
- 21 chemical companies, building chemical plants throughout the
- 22 United States and Mexico.
- 23 And I moved here in 1970 and went to work for a
- 24 consulting firm, and worked for them for seven years, then
- 25 came to the city, and I have been here ever since.





- 1 Q. And, once again, what is your current position with the
- 2 city?
- 3 A. I am Chief Division of Refuse.
- 4 Q. And that's in what department?
- 5 A. Environmental Services.
- 6 Q. And how long have you been employed in that position?
- 7 A. Approximately 26 years roughly -- uh, 32 years, actually.
- 8 Q. As the chief of refuse?
- 9 A. As the chief of refuse. But I did do some other work, as
- 10 the deputy director of Environmental Services, and director of
- 11 Environmental Services.
- 12 Q. Okay.



- As the chief of the Refuse Division, what are your
- 14 primary duties and responsibilities?
- 15 A. I oversee the planning and operations for the collection,
- 16 design -- collection and disposal of city operations. Also,
- 17 the collection of private operations with respect to
- 18 licensing, landfilling, and disposal at H-Power.
- 19 We operate transfer stations, convenience stations
- 20 and our two major disposal sites are at H-Power and the
- 21 Landfill.
- 22 Q. And, more generally, what does the Department of
- 23 Environmental Services do in addition to the kind of things
- 24 that the Refuse Division handles?
- 25 A. In addition to solid waste, the Department of





- about \$1 million, for improvements to park areas; and the
- 2 other \$1 million was for nonprofit organizations that
- 3 submitted money for grants for improvements throughout the
- 4 community.
- 5 Q. And when you say the community, what area of that are you
- 6 referring to?
- 7 A. The Waianae Coast.
- 8 O. Now, in terms of alternatives to landfill disposal, what
- 9 kind of actions has ENV taken -- and I'm referring the
- 10 Department of Environmental Services by "ENV" -- what kind of
- 11 actions has ENV taken to reduce the waste volumes that are
- 12 going to the landfills?



- 13 A. Well, the two major efforts, of course, are the H-Power
- 14 facility and our recycling operations.
- 15 And, in those two areas, H-Power has been in
- 16 operation now since 1990, we have done over 10 million tons of
- 17 refuse.
- 18 We have saved almost 10 million barrels of oil
- 19 coming into the state because of the factor that we generate
- 20 electricity from that material which does not have to be
- 21 generated by HECO, therefore saving us the oil.
- We have also saved a lot of space in any landfill
- 23 because you reduce the volume considerably when you combust
- 24 it.
- And it made sense, and we are very happy that we are



- 1 moving forward with the expansion of 300,000 tons per year.
- 2 That facility is now in design, some of the equipment is being
- 3 purchased, and we hope to bring that facility on line in late
- 4 2011 or early 2012. So that's going to really make a big
- 5 increase in reducing additional material from going into the
- 6 landfill.
- 7 And our recycling efforts, we of course are holding
- 8 out curbside recycling island-wide, and there will be an
- 9 increase with that as we move forward.
- 10 We have a goal of having everything that can have
- 11 carts, with our automated collection, in place in May of next
- 12 year. So those two efforts are some of our bigger efforts
- 13 with respect to reducing the amount of materials.
- 14 We also have other things that we do. Right now we
- 15 have bulky item pickup, and bulky item pickup is everything
- 16 that you see on the curb.
- 17 And, in the bulky item pickup, a lot of that
- 18 material had been going to the landfill because it isn't
- 19 conducive to H-Power.
- The best example is, if you had, for instance, lawn
- 21 chairs and furniture, you can't just crunch them all up and
- 22 put them into the H-Power facility because we refine the fuel
- 23 there before we burn it.
- But our new facility is what we call mass burn.
- 25 With mass burn, you take the fuel and put everything in there.





- condominiums to do recycling, and we are making some headway with those programs.
- 3 Over the years we have kind of got to remove things
- 4 from the landfill. There was a time in the initial part of
- 5 our operations that we had construction and demolition
- 6 materials go to landfill. They don't go to our landfill now.
- 7 There was talk at one time of recovering gypsum
- 8 board from the landfill because the percentage was fairly
- 9 high, Now that percentage is quite low, which gives you an
- 10 understanding that a lot of the C and D material is now out of
- 11 the landfill.
- 12 Green waste, we don't accept truck loads with more
- 13 than ten percent. The same thing with cardboard. So, in
- 14 general, we think that has pushed a lot of material out of the
- 15 landfill.
- And that segues into green waste recycling, along
- 17 with our mixed recyclables. You have seen our blue cans. We
- 18 have our green cans out there for green waste. And today we
- 19 take all of that green waste to a composter, who chops it up
- 20 into mulch, and then uses some of that mulch, but also turns
- 21 that mulch into compost.
- We have a program that we are going to be going out
- 23 for in September, for a new green waste recycling facility.
- 24 And, in that facility, we are also going to include food waste
- 25 sewage sludge. And hopefully that facility -- the program is





- 1 to get it online in 2012.
- We also, with that facility, will make a pretty good
- 3 cut in some of the bio-solids that are presently going to the
- 4 landfill.
- 5 Today, at our Sand Island sewage treatment plant,
- 6 which is our largest plant, we're turning bio-solids into -- I
- 7 don't have to describe bio-solids, right?
- 8 Q. No.
- 9 A. Okay.
- 10 We're turning bio-solids into pellets. And they
- 11 look almost like small BB's. And we are hoping that we can do
- 12 well with that on golf courses, and other areas like that.



- 13 We had, in the beginning, been sending that material
- 14 to the landfill. Last year, I understand we did about 50
- 15 percent product; and now we are shooting for 75 percent
- 16 product this year.
- 17 So eventually we will get to 100 percent product for
- 18 the reuse of that material.
- 19 But that leaves us all the rest of the sewage
- 20 treatment plants that presently go to landfill, and that's the
- 21 material that we're going to be sending to this green
- 22 waste/food waste sludge facility to either compost it into
- 23 compost materials, or some people have come to us and said
- 24 that we are going to have an opportunity to look at turning
- that into biofuel, or some form of energy, perhaps even





- 1 Q. When did it change from Public Works to Environmental
- 2 Services?
- 3 A. It changed about the second term of the Harris
- 4 administration.
- 5 Q. Now, this decision and order, condition number ten, is
- 6 that, within five years of the date of the special use permit,
- 7 whichever occurs later, but not beyond May 1, 2008, the --
- 8 (inaudible) -- acre property shall be restricted from
- 9 accepting any additional waste material, and be closed in
- 10 accordance with the -- (inaudible).
- 11 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 12 Q. And this permit actually granted a 21 acre expansion,
- which basically is 14.9 acres of landfill space; correct?
- 14 A. Correct.
- 15 Q. Now, my recollection is that it was the position of the
- 16 City and County of Honolulu at that time that the landfill
- would close on May 1, 2008; is that also correct?
- 18 A. That's correct.
- 19 Q. So this was not a condition which was imposed by the
- 20 planning commission, it was something that, as I recall, the
- 21 city basically came forward and said, this is what's going to
- 22 happen?
- 23 A. That's correct.
- 24 Q. And I believe it was you who put forth that position for
- 25 the City and County of Honolulu?



- 1 A. To the Land Use Commission, that's correct.
- 2 Q. And, in fact, if you look at A-17, that is the decision
- 3 of June 9th, '03, before the Land Use Commission, regarding
- 4 the addition of -- I think the 21 acres, and also the
- 5 condition in the Land Use Commission decision, on Page --
- 6 A. Small numbers on there --
- 7 Q. I think it's Page 9, condition 12.
- 8 A. Yeah.
- 9 Q. And, again, it's the same restriction, on May 1, 200- --
- 10 A. That's correct.
- 11 Q. And that was the position of the city that you presented
- 12 to the Land Use Commission?



- 13 A. That's correct, on behalf of the administration.
- 14 Q. And that was the Harris administration at that time?
- 15 A. That's correct.
- 16 Q. And I think you heard the testimony of Mr. Von Pein, when
- 17 he said that he recalls that the original request that --
- well, the original, I guess, expansion that he worked on, in
- 19 1999, was for 15 years?
- 20 A. That's correct.
- 21 Q. And was my recollection correct? Was it for 60 acres at
- 22 that time? 60 additional acres at that time?
- 23 A. I don't recall, but it was for, definitely, greater
- 24 property.
- 25 Q. Do you know if it would be what is being requested here,





- 1 Waimanalo; but, in actuality, you have run out of space
- 2 sooner, even with the anticipated reduction.
- 3 Do you have an explanation for why that has
- 4 happened?
- 5 A. Well, it could be a number of things. It could have been
- 6 the rate that we were filling the materials that we had going
- 7 in, the amount of time -- I would have to check -- that
- 8 H-Power was on or off. All of those things come into play.
- 9 Q. Mr. Doyle, can you tell me -- I think Mr. Whelan
- 10 testified that H-Power is off maybe three weeks, and I think I
- 11 asked him whether H-Power actually accepted rubbish on
- 12 Saturdays and Sundays.



- 13 Do you know if they accept rubbish on Saturdays and
- 14 Sundays, or --
- 15 A. We are open half a day on Saturday, and, when necessary,
- on Sunday, but not very frequently.
- 17 We do, however -- because we supply HECO with
- 18 electricity, we are on the grid burning during those periods,
- 19 24/7.
- 20 Q. So, on Sundays, for example, if rubbish needed to be
- 21 disposed of, it would have to be at Waimanalo Gulch?
- 22 A. Correct, right.
- But at that time, there's a very reduced amount,
- 24 because, one, all of our collection trucks are not operating,
- 25 a lot of the private haulers are not -- we have probably only





- 1 A. No, I have not.
- 2 Q. So, H-Power produces how many kilowatts, or --
- 3 A. We export approximately 45 megawatts.
- 4 Q. 45 megawatts?
- 5 A. Correct.
- 6 Q. Is that on a daily basis?
- 7 A. Every time we are operating.
- 8 Q. Okay, so when you say every time you operate --
- 9 A. We're putting 45 megawatts into the grid, and -- for
- instance, I think they power at the new place at something
- 11 like 150, 180, something like that.
- 12 Q. 100-something?



- 13 A. Yes. Maybe it's 120.
- 14 Q. And they are also supposed to burn biofuel. Maybe you
- 15 can sell them the pellets...
- 16 A. Maybe we can sell them what comes out of, maybe, the
- 17 green waste: Food waste and sewage sludge. That would be
- 18 nice.
- 19 Q. That would be nice.
- 20 So, when you said, whenever you're operating, we
- 21 have already established that you don't usually -- do you
- 22 operate on Sundays, as well?
- 23 A. We are burning 24/7. The only time we are not operating
- 24 is when we go down for our scheduled maintenance, and
- 25 sometimes when we have to go down because of an unusual





- 1 repair.
- 2 Q. And how often do you go down for scheduled maintenance?
- 3 A. We go down for scheduled maintenance about six weeks a
- 4 year.
- 5 O. And is that a consistent six weeks?
- 6 A. No. We try to go down one boiler at a time, so that we
- 7 are always burning on one side. There are some times, though,
- 8 that we have to, maybe, do some work on our electrical
- 9 systems, which requires us to shut down both boilers.
- 10 H-Power originally was designed for 561,600 tons.
- 11 Our average that we are putting out is 600,000 tons a year, so
- 12 we are meeting more than our capacity.



- 13 HECO and us had a little thing about what we call
- 14 firm energy. Actually, we are getting paid firm energy, which
- 15 means that we are getting paid because we are there when they
- 16 want us.
- 17 They now have -- in discussing some new things with
- 18 them, when they look at how they perceive energy's value to
- 19 them, they have what they call dispatchable energy, which
- 20 means they control, totally, your operation; not that you're
- 21 there always when you should be there, according to contract,
- but that they want to be able to push the boiler up or down.
- 23 So we are working with them to see how they can do
- that, because that's going to be best for them and best for
- 25 us.





- 1 Q. You made a comment about the fact that the solid waste
- 2 management plan, you are going to begin a new plan -- was it
- 3 next year? Did I hear you correctly?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Actually, we have money in the budget for initiating
- 6 a study for a secondary landfill.
- 7 Q. Is that like going through and doing another solid waste
- 8 management plan, or is this a separate plan?
- 9 A. No, it's going through another five-year plan.
- 10 Of course, it takes time to do this, so it's not all
- 11 going to be done in 2010. The bulk of it will probably be
- 12 done in 2011.



- 13 Q. And that's for what time period? The next five years?
- 14 A. The next five years after our submittal to the Department
- of Health, which was in June of this year.
- 16 Q. So --
- 17 A. Or, June of last year, I'm sorry.
- 18 O. So it would be 2008 to -- is the plan that's been
- 19 approved from 2008 to 2013?
- 20 A. Well, let's just say the plan will be approved this year,
- or submitted formally to the Department of Health this year,
- 22 and then we'll go from there for the next five years.
- 23 Q. So this solid waste plan that has been accepted is a plan
- 24 for the past?
- 25 A. It covered a period of the past, yes.





- 1 Q. Does the City and County pay --
- 2 A. The city pays at H-Power; it does not pay at the
- 3 landfill.
- 4 Q. So what is it that you pay at the H-Power right now, in
- 5 terms of tipping fee?
- 6 A. Approximately \$45 a ton.
- 7 Q. Does a private entity pay the same tipping fee --
- 8 A. They pay more.
- 9 Q. They pay more?
- 10 A. They pay more.
- 11 Q. Do they pay the same tipping fee for the landfill as they
- 12 do for H-Power?



- 13 A. Yes, they do.
- 14 Q. And do you know what that tipping fee is?
- 15 A. I think it's approximately \$81 a ton.
- 16 Q. I thought it went up?
- 17 A. It has gone up recently, but you may be thinking about
- 18 the addition of the 12 percent surcharge, and the money that
- 19 goes to the state, which gets it to about \$92.
- 20 Q. \$92? That's the figure I was thinking about.
- 21 A. Okay.
- 22 Q. So, a private -- somebody who picks up my rubbish that I
- 23 have to pay separate for would be charging -- well, would be
- 24 charging probably a premium, but they would have to pay \$92?
- 25 A. Correct.





- 1 questions.
- MS. HOLMA: Commissioners, any questions for
- 3 Mr. Doyle?
- 4 MS. GAYNOR: I have some questions.
- 5 EXAMINATION
- 6 BY MS. GAYNOR:
- 7 Q. Mr. Doyle, I am wondering if you can just tell us -- you
- 8 know, since back in the eighties, when Waimanalo was
- 9 identified and permitted as, I guess, Oahu's only landfill
- 10 then, right?
- 11 A. No, actually, at that time we were still operating our
- 12 Kalaheo landfill on the other side of the island.



- 13 Q. And how much time did we continue to have --
- 14 A. About a year and a half, roughly, because we had to make
- 15 the transition.
- 16 Q. So how long did it take to identify Waimanalo, and permit
- 17 it, and get it operational?
- 18 A. Well, we went in there in '87. Took about two-and-a-half
- 19 years. It's easier to start new sometimes than to add on.
- 20 Q. Well, Ewa was a different place than it is now.
- 21 A. That's true.
- 22 Q. Can you tell us -- we are hearing a lot, and reading a
- lot, so, can you tell us a little bit more about this
- 24 discussion, and this promise that was made to the region back
- 25 in 2003, that the landfill was going to cease to operate in





- 1 2008?
- 2 A. Yeah.
- 3 We were before the planning commission, and it was
- 4 our intention -- it was the intention of the division at that
- 5 time, and the department, that we would go for the 15-year
- 6 extension, which was basically the rest of the landfill that
- 7 we are looking at today, excluding the part that we got,
- 8 those 21 acres. And that's what we would have done.
- There was a lot of discussion at that time, from the
- 10 community, as well as whatever, to the mayor, and based on
- 11 whatever his inputs were giving him, and where he decided to
- 12 go, it was his decision, which I conveyed, that we would only
- 13 go for a five-year extension,
- 14 Q. Okay, so --
- 15 A. So, after that, we did that, and we were instructed at
- 16 that time as to -- under the conditions of the LUC decision,
- 17 that we were to go out and find a new landfill. And that that
- 18 was supposed to be done by the council by a certain date.
- 19 We weren't able to do it by that certain date, and
- 20 we went back in and got an extension for about six months, so
- 21 the county could make their decision.
- 22 What happened was, when the mayor made that
- 23 decision, he also, because we were told to go find a new
- 24 landfill, established the blue ribbon committee. And the blue
- 25 ribbon committee looked at, has it in their report, a lot of





- 1 landfills.
- The blue ribbon committee, based on all that you
- 3 heard, from Brian, who was involved, about the double-blind
- 4 tests that went on, had selected Waimanalo Gulch by consensus,
- 5 and points, and scoring.
- I understand it, and I wasn't at any of the meetings
- 7 except, as I said, the very first meeting. At the last
- 8 meeting, the rules got changed, or whatever, people got
- 9 persuaded, Waimanalo Gulch was taken out by that committee.
- 10 They wrote a report, and made the report as to Waimanalo Gulch
- 11 being not part of the selection process.
- 12 Q. So, given the fact that you already had a land use
- 13 condition, and an SUP condition that said Waimanalo couldn't
- 14 be --
- 15 A. Right.
- 16 Q. -- Waimanalo needed to close down, why was the blue
- 17 ribbon committee ever allowed to even go that far?
- 18 A. Well, the blue ribbon committee could look at whatever
- 19 they wanted to.
- In fact, when we went back to the extension of time,
- 21 for six months more that the council wanted, that particular
- 22 question was asked of the Land Use Commission: Could we
- 23 consider Waimanalo Gulch? And they said, it's up to you.
- And so, in considering landfills, even the -- you
- 25 know, one of the -- I forget all of the testimony, but one of





- 1 That's the kind of decisions that we're going to have to make.
- 2 And if that's the decision that we make, that's the decision
- 3 that's made.
- 4 Q. I think that's pretty clear, that nobody wants the
- 5 landfill, but nobody wants to pay for it.
- 6 A. Well --
- 7 Q. Pay to not have a landfill.
- 8 A. Well, we are, though. We have made a decision that we
- 9 wanted to conserve Waimanalo Gulch by building the first
- 10 H-Power. And that was to conserve that resource for as long
- 11 as we could conserve it. And we are continuing to do that.
- 12 Q. So, are there viable sites in the future, if we need
- another landfill, that ENV is considering?
- I mean, even if we say 15 years, given how
- 15 controversial and critical this is, in two years you are going
- 16 to be working on it.
- 17 A. We are going to be working on it next year, because we
- 18 are looking at what we call the secondary landfill. Not that
- 19 Waimanalo Gulch is going away, but what is the secondary
- 20 landfill?
- In fact, we have to look at that and decide whether
- 22 we want to not only have a landfill for -- what's going into
- 23 the landfill today, but do we want a separate separate ash
- 24 landfill? Is there any credibility to having a separate ash
- 25 landfill somewhere?





- You know, we consider, well, hauling it over
- 2 mountains to someplace else may not be as good as what we
- 3 have, but -- maybe.
- 4 We can only look, okay.
- A lot of this is going to be going over what we did
- 6 for Waimanalo Gulch way back in the seventies. Some of the
- 7 same sites are now gone because they have been taken over by,
- 8 actually, developments, in some areas.
- 9 But we'll look, again, at every nook and cranny that
- 10 we can. I mean, everybody knows that there are big holes in
- 11 the ground in different locations.
- Some of them are beyond Waimanalo Gulch, out towards
- 13 the windward side, the windward coast. Some of them are over
- 14 here in Kapaa. Some of them might not be available, like
- 15 Kapaa, for a certain period of time.
- 16 Certainly, that's a -- Kapaa quarry is a big barn,
- with a big hole, so, logically, you'd think about that.
- 18 So we will look, we will talk, we will ask, we will
- 19 start this process again in 2010.
- 20 O. So, next year, you guys will start looking for a
- 21 secondary -- I mean you will start studying the possibility of
- 22 a secondary landfill, and what type of materials it would
- 23 take, and where it might be?
- 24 A. Yes. And maybe it's going to be more than one location.
- MS. GAYNOR: Okay.

