-----McMANUS COURT REPORTERS 808-239-6148

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CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Back on the record.

The next agenda item is a status report on Docket No. A94-706, a Petition for reclassification of approximately 88 acres of land from the State Land Use Agricultural District to the State Land Use Urban District for a mix of retail, office, light industrial and commercial uses with approximately 200 apartment units at Ka'ono'ulu, Makawao-Wailuku, Maui, Hawaii TMK Nos. 3-9-01:16, and 170 through 174.

Will the parties please identify themselves for the record?

MR. SAKUMOTO: Good morning, Mr. Chairman,
Randall Sakumoto here for the Petitioners, Pi'ilani
Promenade South and Pi'ilani Promenade North. And
with me is Mr. Charlie Jenks, the Petitioner's
representative.

MS. THOMSON: Richelle Thomson, Corporation Counsel for the County of Maui. And Ann Cua from the Department of Planning.

MR. YEE: Good morning, Deputy Attorney

General, Bryan Yee, on behalf of Office of Planning.

With me is Rodney Funakoshi from Office of Planning.

MR. PIERCE: Good morning, Mr. Chair and Commissioners, Tom Pierce on behalf of Maui Tomorrow Foundation, Inc., South Maui Citizens for Responsible

Growth, and Daniel Kanahele.

And if I may, I'll just introduce this is who is with me today. Mark Hyde, who is the representative for South Maui Citizens. And behind me to my left is Albert Perez, the new Executive Director for Maui Tomorrow, and behind me is Daniel Kanahele.

CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Thank you.

Let me update the record in this docket.

On September 5th, 2014, the Commission met on Maui and voted that the Land Use Commission was the appropriate accepting are authority pursuant to Chapter 343, Hawaii Revised Statutes, and that the proposed action may have a "significant effect" to warrant the preparation of an Environmental Impact Statement pursuant to Chapter 343, Hawaii Revised Statutes an entered an order on September 10, 2013, to that effect.

On September 12th, Commission received the 18th annual report for A94-706.

On October 8, 2013, the Commission received Maui County Planning Department's amended comment letter on the 18th annual report.

On December 31, 2013, the Commission received Petitioner's Motion to Amend Findings of

Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision and Order dated February 10, 1995.

On January 21, 2014, the Commission received a status update letter from Petitioner's representative dated January 15, 2014.

On April 29, 2014, the Commission received a status update letter from Petitioner's representative.

On July 1, 2014, the Commission received copies of the Draft EIS and OEQC Publication forms from Petitioner. On the same date, the Commission requested the publication of the draft EIS in the next available issue of The Environmental Notice.

On July 9, 2014, the Commission received correspondence from the Office of Environmental Quality Control advising of the need for updating contact name changes before distributing the Draft EIS.

On July 22, 2014, the Commission advised OEQC that the Applicant wanted to address certain matters in the document before it was published and requested a deferral to a future date.

On August 11, 2014, the Commission renewed its request to publish the Draft EIS in the next available issue of The Environmental Notice.

On October 3, 2014, the Commission sent its comment letter to Petitioner's planner.

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From September 10, 2013, to December 9, 2015, various comment letters, correspondence and annual reports were received and put on file with the Commission.

On November 30th, 2015, the LUC mailed the December 10th, 2015 agenda notice to the Parties, and to individuals an entities on the Statewide and Maui County mailing lists.

For the members of the public, please be reminded that the Commission will not be considering the merits of the A94-706 petition; rather the Commission is interested in learning what the current state of the proceedings related to this docket is. Public Testimony in regards to this report will be heard after the Applicant has completed its report and the Parties and Commission have completed their questioning.

Let me go over our procedures for this docket.

First I will call for the Petitioner to provide status update on this matter.

After the Petitioner's report and the completion of questioning by the Intervenors, County,

OP, and the Commission, those individuals desiring to provide public testimony for the Commission's consideration will be asked to identify themselves and will be called in order to the witness box where they will be sworn in prior to their testimony.

The Chair would also note that from time to time I will be calling for a short break.

Are there any questions on our procedure for today?

Petitioner, would you please provide your status report?

MR. SAKUMOTO: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

The last time this matter was before the Commission it was almost two-and-a-half years ago, and I think between then and now the composition of the Commission has changed quite a bit, so what we thought we would do, if it pleases the Chair, would be to go over a brief chronology of this docket.

CHAIRPERSON ACZON: That would be helpful.

MR. SAKUMOTO: On that note, we prepared a very small packet, which we shared with you, that outlines the key dates and the key events that start from the filing of the docket until today.

So if you bear with me for a few minutes, I'll go through this timeline, then Mr. Jenks will

also probably provide some supplemental information as to where we are currently on this matter.

MR. PIERCE: Mr. Chair, Tom Pearce. One quick interruption. I'm wondering if there is another copy of the status report that Mr. Sakumoto is referring to. We haven't been provided a copy.

(A copy was provided.)

CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Please proceed.

MR. SAKUMOTO: Thank you, Mr. Chair.

On July 6, 1994, Ka'ono'ulu Ranch filed a petition for LUC District Boundary Amendment with the Commission. This matter was assigned A94-706.

At that time, Ka'ono'ulu Ranch was a fee simple owner of approximately 88 acres of land located at Ka'ono'ulu, Makawao, Wailuku, which at that time was identified as a portion of tax map key nos.: 2-2-2 parcel 15, and 3-9-1 parcel 16.

These 88 acres of land constituted what I'll call the original petition area. Ka'ono'ulu Ranch sought to reclassify the original petition area from Agriculture to Urban; and in its petition, it proposed to develop a 123 lot commercial and light industrial subdivision known as Ka'ono'ula Industrial Park.

On February 10, 1995, the Commission issued

its Findings of Fact, conclusions of Law and Decision and Order reclassifying the original Petition area from Agriculture to Urban subject to 20 conditions.

During the course of discussion with the Commission, the County of Maui had embarked on updating all of the community plans for Maui County.

And on March 6, 1998, they adopted by ordinance the Kihei-Makena Community Plan identifying the subject lands as light industrial.

As required by Condition 1, of the 1995

Decision and Order, Ka'ono'ulu Ranch applied to the

County of Maui for a change in the zoning of the

original petition area from Agricultural to M1 light

industrial.

In 1999 County of Maui Ordinance No. 2772 was passed granting the change in zoning application. After obtaining the change in zoning of the original petition area, Ka'ono'ulu Ranch applied for and obtained from County of Maui final approval for a large lot subdivision for the 88-acre original petition area. This happened in 2001.

And subsequently a large lot subdivision consisting of four lots for which preliminary approval was granted in 2003.

In 2005 the original petition area was sold

by Ka'ono'ulu Ranch to Maui Industrial Partners LLC, which obtained approval of a further large lot subdivision of the original petition area.

On August 14, 2009, the County of Maui approved the subdivision of the original petition area into seven lots, six of which are affected by the Motion to Amend that's now before the Commission.

These six lots are referred to as the petition area.

The final subdivision map was approved, and the subdivision performance was guaranteed by bonds totaling in excess of \$22 million.

On August 20, 2009, Maui Industrial

Partners sold one of the parcels of the original

petition area identified by tax map key 3-9-1, parcel

169, comprising approximately 13 acres, and located

in the northeast corner of the original petition area

to Honua'ula Partners LLC.

We note that although the parcel sold to Honua'ula Partners, and the petition area are covered by the same 1995 Decision and Order.

Honua'ula Partners is not related to the Petitioner and does not share any common ownership, members, shareholders, or controller with the Petitioner.

On September 10, 2010, Maui Industrial Partners sold the parcels which comprised the petition area to the Petitioner.

2.1

The original plan was to develop a retail complex on the petition area known as Pi'ilani Promenade.

And on April 11th -- April 18, 2012, Maui County issued two grading permits to the Petitioner placing the Petitioner in a position to begin construction of on-site and off-site infrastructure for the Petition area.

However, on May 23, 2012, Maui Tomorrow

Foundation, Inc., South Maui Citizens for Responsible

Growth and Daniel Kanahele filed a motion for a

hearing issuance of Order to Show Cause and other

relief with the Commission.

On September 11, 2012, the Commission entered a prehearing order wherein it stated that the Commission would consider this matter in two phases.

In Phase 1 the Commission would hold hearings to consider whether the Petitioner and Honua'ula Partners had violated the 1995 Decision and Order. If the Commission determined in Phase I a that violation occurred, the Commission would then hold hearings to determine whether the appropriate

remedy for such violation is to revert the land use designation of the original petition area to the state Agricultural District or to a different designation.

On February 7, 2013, majority of the members of the Commission determined that the Petitioner's proposed use of the petition area and Honua'ula Partners proposed use of the Honua'ula parcel would violate Conditions 5 and 15 of the 1995 Decision and Order, and that Condition 17 had also been violated.

The specific findings where that Condition 5, civil construction plans approved by the state Department of Transportation, did not provide for nor would the DOT approve installation of the condition frontage road.

Condition 15, the findings was that the proposed plan was not consistent with the representations made by the original Petitioner in 1994 for a commercial and light industrial complex.

And Condition 17, the finding was that the and annual reports were not timely submitted.

On April 18, 2013, the Petitioner filed a motion to stay Phase II of the Order to Show Cause proceeding. The Petitioner represented that it

intended to file a Motion to Amend the 1995 Decision and Order to allow the development of a project different from that originally presented to the Commission when the 1995 Decision and Order was issued.

The Petitioner requested that the Commission stay Phase II to allow the Commission to consider the Motion to Amend.

On June 27, 2013, the Commission granted the Motion to Stay Phase II of the Order to Show Cause proceeding and ordered that Phase II would be stayed on the condition that Pi'ilani, the Petitioner, file a Motion to Amend not later than December 31, 2013, and that no construction on the property occur during the stay.

In accordance with the Commission's order, the Petitioner filed Motion to Amend on December 31, 2013.

And very briefly, the Petitioner plans to develop a mix of light industrial and business commercial uses with 226 apartment units on the petition area.

The project would also include the installation of significant infrastructure and off-site improvements addressing the requirements

from both County of Maui and state Department of 1 2 Transportation. 3 That concludes my summary. 4 CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Thank you, Mr. 5 Sakumoto. 6 Mr. Pierce, any questions for the 7 Petitioner? MR. PIERCE: No questions, Mr. Chair, but I 8 9 would like to, at the appropriate time, clarify a few points on the record. 10 11 CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Okay. County? 12 MS. THOMSON: We have no questions. 13 you. 14 CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Mr. Yee? 15 MR. YEE: Just a quick question. 16 If you know, who represents Honua'ula 17 Partners in this matter, if you know? MR. SAKUMOTO: I don't know right now. 18 19 law firm was representing them as well, but I don't 20 know about the status of that representation right 21 now. 22 The partner who was actually doing the work 23 is no longer partner at my firm, so I'm not sure. I 24 don't want to speculate. 25 MR. YEE: May I only ask that at some point

in the future we can clarify the status of 1 2 representation for the party to make sure that proper 3 notice is sent, because if it is not appropriately sent to you, we should send it to someone else. 4 5 CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Thank you. 6 Commissioners, any questions for the 7 Petitioner? Mr. Pierce -- we will just go to the public 8 9 testimony first. 10 MR. PIERCE: Mr. Chair, if I may retract 11 and ask one question if there is no questions from the Commissioners? 12 13 I guess one of the questions, Mr. Sakumoto, was that the end of your presentation, or did you 14 plan on talking about future events? 15 16 MR. SAKUMOTO: We actually -- you know, Mr. Jenks could go through some of the maps that are 17 included in the handout and talk about the 18 19 Environmental Impact Statement just to bring the Commission as current as possible. So if we could. 20 21 CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Why don't you do it now 22 so we can ask questions. 23 MR. JENKS: Thank you. 24 CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Let me swear you in 25 first.

Do you affirm that the testimony that you're about to give is the truth?

CHARLES JENKS

Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the

Petitioner, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined

and testified as follows:

DIRECT EXAMINATION

CHAIRPERSON ACZON: State your name and address for the record.

THE WITNESS: Charles Jenks, 75 Ka'a Drive, Kula Kai, Kula, Maui.

CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Please proceed.

THE WITNESS: The packet we handed out includes not only the summary that Mr. Sakumoto just gave, but also a series of maps. I thought it'd be helpful for the presentation to run you through those to understand how the property has evolved.

The first exhibit is a large lot map which separated out the 88 acres along the 5,000 acre parcel that was originally a part of the original petition filed by Ka'ono'ulu Ranch Ranch in the early '90s.

The second exhibit is the approved large lot subdivision dividing the 88 acres into four large parcels, also identified are the future right-of-way

for the highway down through the middle of the property. As Mr. Sakumoto stated, this map you see final subdivision approval from the County of Maui and approved by the State of Hawaii in 2009. It was a bonded final subdivision approval with --

CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Please clarify for us which map you're referring to.

MR. JENKS: It's the second map. This subdivision was approved with a \$22 million bond that has been since converted to a cash bond being held by the County of Maui for all of the improvements.

The third map is associated with the original large lot subdivision that I just described to you, but includes a water tank lot that is required by the County of Maui for the construction of a one million gallon water tank that is a part of the off-site civil improvements that will have to be made by the Petitioner as a part of the subdivision improvements.

attachments. The Chair mentioned the processing of an EIS, th N notice. This document here is the actual notice filed in the OEQC Bulletin. It came out in September of 2013. Petitioner then developed a Draft EIS. That EIS was posted for review and

comment by the public. We received the comments and we are now in the process of finalizing that document.

After the receipt of all the public comments, the biggest delay that we have had is the traffic engineer for the project became ill and has not been able to complete his studies, even though he had done the work on the previous subdivision work for me. So we have recently hired a new traffic engineer.

We will start over again and complete an updated TIAR with current counts for the Environmental Impact Statement that will then be transmitted to the Commission for review and acceptance in the near future, hopefully by sometime in the second quarter of this coming year.

 $\label{eq:concludes} \mbox{ so that concludes my discussion and } \\ \mbox{ presentation.}$

CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Thank you. Mr. Pierce, you can ask the question now. And I'll give you time to comment later.

MR. PIERCE: Thank you, Mr. Chair.

CROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MR. PIERCE:

2.1

Q Mr. Jenks, because it was a status

conference today, can you provide a bit of any expectations for 2016 in terms of either the Honua'ula project, which is separate, or the Pi'ilani projects, and I guess -- are you able to speak on both of those? Can you speak to both Pi'ilani as well as Honua'ula?

MR. JENKS: Yes, I can.

MR. PIERCE: Can you assist in understanding what the expectations are for 2016? Potentially any activities before the Land Use Commission?

A Certainly.

As I just stated, it's our expectation that we will deliver -- the Petitioner will deliver to the Commission a Final EIS in the second quarter of 2016 that you will then review and decide on prior to then the hearing on the Motion to Amend which has also been filed -- I think that was December 31st of 2013, as I recall.

So you're holding now the Motion to Amend documents. The Final EIS will be given to you hopefully second quarter of 2016, and then the process will run its course from that part on for the petition area.

For the Honua'ula parcel 13 acres that was

is going to happen on that piece of land until we have some clarity, Mr. Pierce, on the lawsuit settlement process that we're going through together, that we have spent a lot of quality time together on. Hopefully that will take place also maybe the first quarter of 2016, then we will decide how we are going to proceed with the Motion to Amend, or what are we are going to do with that parcel.

But nothing is happening on any of the land until those issues are resolved.

Q Just to be clear, for the sake of the Commissioners, the settlement that you're referring to does not relate to the issues -- it may or may not relate, but that settlement is really related to separate lawsuit that was filed by Sierra Club against Honua'ula, that's the one you're referring to?

A Right.

Q Just to understand, the EIS is submitted, the Applicant for the EIS is Pi'ilani North and Pi'ilani South?

A Correct.

Q And Honua'ula is not and Applicant to that?

A That's correct.

- 1 Q But Honua'ula is part of the Petition area?
 - A That's correct.

- Q So can you explain how the EIS, the focus
 of the EIS as opposed to the Honua'ula project?
 - A I'll do the best I can.

The EIS that has been developed for the Motion to Amend for the Petitioner includes the 13-acre affordable housing site owned by Honua'ula Partners, to the extent we can, we have analyzed traffic.

Many of the other drainage -- those kind of issues have been included as part of the EIS evaluation and included in that discussion.

So to the best of our ability, we have taken what we know about the Honua'ula parcel and included the impacts in the context of the EIS for the Promenade properties.

Q Okay. One of the dates that Mr. Sakumoto gave was actually the very last date, December 31, 2013 when it says that the Petitioner filed a Motion to Amend. Now, Petitioner there is the Pi'ilani North and South, the Promenade North and South?

- A Right.
- Q But, Mr. Jenks, can you explain for the Commissioners and for us that Motion to Amend, the

reason that was necessary relates back to the fact that Ka'ono'ulu Ranch, when they made a proposal for the light industrial, it was related to the entire property before it was subdivided, what we would call the entire petition area; is that right?

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$$ SAKUMOTO: Maybe I can try and answer that.

The reason the Motion to Amend was filed was because the ruling of the Commission when we requested a Motion to Stay Phase II, was that we would have to file a Motion to Amend the District Boundary Amendment by December 31st, 2013, to reflect the project that in fact we want to build.

So that was the problem with the docket in general was that the project that was contemplated in 1994 when Ka'ono'ulu Ranch first started this matter was not, in the eyes of the Commission, similar enough to the project which Pi'ilani Promenade wants to proceed with.

So we are now doing an EIS that reflect the project that Pi'ilani Promenade wants to proceed with.

MR. PIERCE: No other questions, Mr.

Commissioner. I reserve the opportunity to clarify a few things for the Commission when you would like to

1 have me do so. 2 CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Ms. Thomson, do you 3 have questions? 4 MS. THOMSON: No, thank you, no questions. 5 CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Mr. Yee. 6 MR. YEE: I'm just going to have to 7 clarify. 8 CROSS-EXAMINATION 9 BY MR. YEE: 10 I'm going to have to clarify the discussion 11 between the Pi'ilani Promenade, includes both North and South in that description, and the Honua'ula 12 13 project. 14 So if I understand it correctly, the Draft 15 EIS is for Pi'ilani Promenade; is that right? 16 That's correct. 17 But it includes information about the 18 Honua'ula project as part of its analysis of the impacts? 19 20 Α That's correct. 21 The Motion to Amend, is that only for Pi --22 intended to be only for Pi'ilani Promenade? 23 MR. SAKUMOTO: Yes, and one of the things 24 that we are requesting the Commission to rule on is 25 that Pi'ilani promenade parcels basically be given

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their own District Boundary Amendment ruling. In
other words, we're requesting that the Honua'ula and
Pi'ilani projects basically be separated.
They're unrelated projects, owned by
different companies, and we're asking that basically
the Commission have separate decision and orders for
both properties.
MR. YEE: I think that clarifies my
understanding. Thank you.
CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Commissioners? Thank
you.
Are there any individuals desiring to
provide public testimony on this docket?
EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Mr. Chair, we have two
testifiers, Mike Moran and Daniel Kanahele.
CHAIRPERSON ACZON: We will be enforcing
the three minute limit on all the testimony.
Do you affirm that the testimony that
you're about to give is the truth?
THE WITNESS: I do.
MIKE MORAN
Was called as a public witness, was sworn to tell the
truth, was examined and testified as follows:
DIRECT EXAMINATION

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and address for the record?

THE WITNESS: My name is Mike Moran, 167

Aha Aina in Kihei. I'm president of the Kihei

Community Association, and I am speaking for them this morning.

CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Please proceed.

THE WITNESS: Aloha, Chair and Commissioners. Welcome back to Maui. Mahalo for your service and your endurance.

I am here today mostly to listen to the status report, as I am charged by our community to be acutely aware of the status of a massive retail commercial project proposed for this land.

This single project creates input just shy of the total of all other proposed projects of all kinds in South Maui to our all volunteer unfunded non-profit.

While the mass of required land needed for this is certainly a factor, an almost adjacent project, the research and technology also of great mass, creates much less comment and concern.

Much of the community concern on this one is how it was presented or not presented to the community. Much of this goes back to a much media quoted statement by then the proposed developer,

Eclipse of Irvine, California, Mr. Douglas Gray in 2011. And the quote is: We didn't get community input, but I'm confident they will like it.

This Commission's very valid and prudent action in 2012 and continued into 2013 caused a great change in the attitude and conduct of the land owners and their representatives to the community, but of course most of you were not a part of the LUC at the time, so we felt it was prudent to fill in that information.

Lastly the title of this segment of your meeting is a challenge to many in the community, since ka'ono'ulu Ranch advises they are not connected in any way any longer, and the community identifies this project as the Pi'ilani Promenade, often called the Mega Mall.

One further update since your last actions, a large commercial project in the same area identified as the Krause project or downtown Kihei, an infill retail project is now beginning construction, and our community believes this provides even less need for a large commercial project mauka of the highway.

Now we have listened along with you to the report and we wish you a safe trip home and a joyful

Christmas season. Mahalo.	
CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Any questions for the	
testifier, Mr. Sakumoto?	
MR. SAKUMOTO: No questions.	
MR. PIERCE: No questions.	
MS. THOMSON: No questions.	
MR. YEE: No questions.	
CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Commissioners, any	
questions? Thank you, next testifier.	
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR: Daniel Kanahele	
followed by Lucienne de Naie.	
CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Let me swear you in.	
Do you affirm that the testimony you are	
about to give is the truth?	
THE WITNESS: Yes, I do.	
DANIEL KANAHELE	
Was called as a public witness, was sworn to tell the	
truth, was examined and testified as follows:	
CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Please state your name	
and address for the record?	
THE WITNESS: My name is Daniel Kanahele.	
I live in the ahupua'a Paiau (phonetic) in the moku	
of Honua'ula.	
Aloha mai kakou high, staff and everyone	
else that's present. I'm here not testifying as an	

individual but I'm testifying on behalf of Maui
Cultural Lands. Our president is Ekolu Lindsey. His
father, Ed Lindsey founded Maui Cultural Lands. The
mission of Maui Cultural Lands is to protect and
perpetuate and stabilize Hawaiian culture resources,
which include native plants and archeological sites/

Maui Cultural Lands has done great

preservation work in Honokowai Valley and also at

Kaheawa Wind Farm where they have done a lot of

native plant restoration.

On behalf of Maui Cultural Lands, I submitted written testimony to the Commission and I hope that you got it. Basically what I submitted was a letter, which I have in my hand that we sent to the State Historic Preservation Division on July 7th, regarding some considerations that we wanted to share with them with regard to the updated review of the archaeological inventory survey for this project.

And so I'm here because -- and I sent that along with a photo because I just wanted to briefly apprise of those concerns that pertain to potential cultural impacts of the project.

And so in February of 2014, there was a meeting held, a consultation meeting held, cultural consultation meeting with interested parties and

other stakeholders with Charlie Jenks, and also Eric Frederickson, who is the archaeological consultant, works for Xamanek. And we were very interested in what was happening with regard to the survey. They gave an update of what was found.

And we also talked about doing a site visit which hasn't occurred yet, but the stakeholders and all parties are interested in doing that and the owner's representative as well as Eric was willing to do that at some point.

The concerns that we have since then, and submitted to SHPD, we have are included in the letter. We are concerned that upon the new review of the archaeological inventory survey that some sites haven't been relocated. And there has been culture -- there was a culture access in which we believe one of those sites previously recorded has been found.

So our concern that perhaps maybe other sites are still in existence, but being that the survey was conducted during the rainy season and there was a lot of growth, that maybe it was difficult to actually see those sites, so maybe another site visit might be able to discover other sites.

1	We also feel that there should be included
2	in the survey some new information, some
3	archaeological studies done in adjacent lands that we
4	feel should also be included as part of the
5	archaeological survey. And that's all in the letter.
6	CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Please summarize.
7	THE WITNESS: It's all in the letter that
8	we submitted to SHPD, and we encourage you to review
9	those things. And thank you for the time.
10	CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Any questions for Mr.
11	Kanahele?
12	MR. SAKUMOTO: No questions, Mr. Chair.
13	CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Mr. Pierce?
14	MR. PIERCE: No questions.
15	CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Ms. Thomson?
16	MS. THOMSON: No questions.
17	MR. YEE: No questions.
18	CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Commissioners? Thank
19	you.
20	EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Lucienne de Naie.
21	CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Do you affirm that the
22	testimony that you're about to give is the truth?
23	THE WITNESS: I do.
24	-000-
25	

1 LUCIENNE de NAIE

Was called as a public witness, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined and testified as follows:

CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Please state your name and address.

THE WITNESS: Lucienne de Naie, P.O. Box 610, Haiku.

DIRECT EXAMINATION

THE WITNESS: Welcome back, and thank you for the marathon session last Monday. I've never seen a session like that before in 20 years of going to Land Use Commission meetings, but I know that you're a very consciousness group of Commissioners.

I'm here to just speak to the land of Ka'ono'ulu where the Pi'ilani Promenade project is located. It's described as its potential for commercial or industrial development, but actually it's quite a place. And it's located kind of between two branches of a very major waterway. Now, these waterways, because the trees have been cut upslope and the rainfall conditions have changed over the last 200/300 years, these waterways don't have the water in them that they used to.

But this project is bordered by a gulch or stream, intermittent stream called Kulanihakoi. And

that name refers to a very special concept in

Hawaiian culture which is a heavenly pool. And when

it overflows this pool, the rains come to the earth.

Now, the fact that this place bordered by a stream or river that has a name connoting abundance of water and that it has a little branch of the stream that goes through the middle of the property as well, shows that it maybe had a very, very different phase 200 years, 300 years ago.

And in truth, if you look at cultural surveys, which I do, of areas that are just mauka of the Pi'ilani Highway, the major highway in the South Maui area, none have had the concentration of cultural sites that this property has, including a petroglyph stone, which I'm not aware of any other petroglyph stones found on any of the properties mauka.

That stone has since been removed for safekeeping by Mr. Rice who owned the property, but it denotes the fact that we really should look deeper into what is on this land. I have been taken there by cultural practitioners, and to see it through their eyes, is very different than to see it through the eyes of someone who is just looking at its development potential.

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                Things that may look very unprepossessing,
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      like a mound of rocks, could have very, very specific
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      spiritual purposes.
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                So we just urge you folks, we know your due
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     diligence is to look at the broad range of resources
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      in any parcel, agricultural, cultural, biological,
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     please keep that in mind as the EIS comes to you for
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      review.
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                Thank you for your time.
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                CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Thank you. Any
     questions for the testifier?
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                MR. SAKUMOTO: No questions, Mr. Chair.
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               MR. PIERCE: No questions, none.
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               MS. THOMSON: No questions.
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               MR. YEE: No questions.
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                CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Commissioners? Next
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     testifier, please?
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               EXECUTIVE OFFICER: No more testifiers, Mr.
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     Chair.
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                CHAIRPERSON ACZON: So we're done with
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     public testimony.
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                Mr. Sakumoto, do you have any final
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     comments?
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               MR. SAKUMOTO: No other comments. Thank
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     you.
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CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Mr. Pierce?

MR. PIERCE: Mr. Chair, if I may, and

Commissioners, just like to spend a minute or two. I

understand the reason for this meeting is mostly just

to get an understanding from the Pi'ilani and

Honua'ula with respect to what their plans are for

2016. And to a degree this relates to potentially

your schedule over the upcoming year.

I guess what I would say, Commissioners, most of you who are -- almost all of you who were not here back in 2012 when this came up, this was a very contentious issue. And I think Mr. Sakumoto has done a very good job of laying out some of the primary facts.

There's just a couple of things that I would point out that do affect. And I'm just limiting myself today to what might affect your decision-making going forward. Not to stir up things that were settled before, but there remain a couple of complications with the case that I think will be important for the Commissioners to hear quickly about today.

And keep in mind, because almost certainly it will require my clients to be back here at that point in time when these things come up to try and

have them addressed. Of course, we're interested in trying to figure out something that works that will simplify things, but also meet our original objectives when we filed our motion -- or petition for an Order to Show Cause.

So, Commissioners, just by way of background, as was laid out in this summary of significant dates and events, there was an original petition filed by Ka'ono'ulu Ranch that related to this entire property. And as result of that, we had a decision and order issued by the Land Use Commission back in 1995.

And what happened is, back in 2011/2012 was that Pi'ilani -- and I'll -- that will be for north and south, and Honua'ula had gone to the county and requested permits, including grading permits, and they weren't granted. And it was the position of Pi'ilani and Honua'ula who you understand are now standing in the position of Ka'ono'ulu Ranch.

They're now the petitioner, having moved forward almost however many years that is, 17 years. So they're standing in the same position, and having to fulfill the same obligations that were under that Decision and Order that was obtained by Ka'ono'ulu Ranch.

But it was their position that the project that they were proposing was a light industrial project. And met the requirements of the D and O. And as this summary status shows in February 7th of 2013, there was an oral ruling by the Land Use Commission that there had been a violation, that in fact, portions of the property did not constitute light industrial -- or excuse me -- portions of the development that were being proposed did not constitute light industrial.

And this was a very significant issue for my clients and for the community, because the expectations have been that that's what the project was going to be, and there has never been an opportunity for the community to weigh in on this issue, because it never came back before the Land Use Commission. So that's what caused this case to happen.

Procedurally, what I think is important,
was because there had never been a petition or
request for amendment filed by either Honua'ula or
Pi'ilani, when our petition for an Order to Show
Cause came before the Land Use Commission, it related
to both the properties, and to this day, both the
properties, both of the owners are tied at the hip.

They are still owners of a property that is subject to this 1995 Decision and Order.

Everyone recognized that when we were going through our contested case process a couple of years ago, but that is one of the outstanding issues that is a complication, and that goes to some of the questions that were being asked, which is who representing Honua'ula, and who is representing Pi'ilani, and what does the EIS cover.

Because, in fact, we have two different projects here that were part of the original petition. And the LUC was aware of this, and that's why LUC did include a requirement that the Petitioner file a Motion to Amend, but there has been no decision made on that Motion to Amend, so the idea is that the Petitioner now, having gone through years and years of this, one of the Petitioner, the Pi'ilani Petitioner wants to bifurcates from Honua'ula.

There are complications associated with it, and I'm not in a position to go into it today, but that's one of the issues we need to consider.

The other thing that is a complication,

Commissioners, is the fact that although the Land Use

Commission ruled orally that there was going to be --

they orally ruled that there was a violation. What happened after that was they ordered the parties to do what is normally -- that's required by an agency. They asked the parties to submit their proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law. And that did occur.

And we, on behalf of my clients, we asked the Commission at that point in time to go ahead and complete their decision-making.

But at that point there was a motion filed to stay the proceeding that was filed by the Petitioner. And as a result of that, we still do not have a final Decision and Order that was rendered in this matter.

What that potentially means, and we need to evaluate this, and with my clients, as to what happens when the EIS is being submitted and being requested to be submitted, and we still have -- we don't have a final Decision and Order.

I'm not here today or prepared to say what that means, but it's one of the issues that I think is important for the Commissioners to understand.

So what it means, there might come a time where we may ask you to enter those Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, or maybe we can figure out a way

1 | that it doesn't need to happen.

But at any rate, what it does mean for sure is that there remains an existing contested case proceeding that was started back in 2012 and that remains.

So that when you're looking at the EIS or looking at the Petition, the Motion to Amend has been filed by Pi'ilani, we can't look at those in a vacuum because there's still this outstanding contested case that left unresolved issues outstanding.

So if I may, Mr. Chair. One moment, please.

I'll leave it at that, Mr. Chair. Thank you, Commissioners for your time today.

CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Thank you. Ms.

Thomson, any comments?

MS. THOMSON: No, none.

18 CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Mr. Yee, any final comment?

MR. YEE: At the risk of delaying this process, I am going to try to hopefully give a brief summary as to where we are and where we're going.

The highlights of this are that in 1995 the Commission urbanized the petition area for light industrial uses.

And then about 15 years later the land was sold to new owners, and the new owners decided instead of doing light industrial uses, they were going to do residential and retail on two separate parcels.

And that process continued at the county level. When it came to LUC, and through Maui Tomorrow's motion for Order to Show Cause, the Office of Planning looked at it. And our position was, you know, when you change the use, you potentially change the impacts of the project.

And one of the requirements, or the conditions of this case, was that you substantially comply with your representation. So where your representation in 1995 was, we are going to put in light industrial commercial, and all the analysis was about impact for light commercial. We don't think you can, consistent with the representation, then change the use to something we had not considered.

The Commission agreed that it was not consistent with -- did not substantially comply with the representation. And then -- but the Office of Planning had suggested that a Motion to Amend be filed. And so subsequently at some point a motion, I believe in December 2013, a Motion to Amend was

filed.

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It's our view, that if a Motion to Amend is granted, that would probably then moot out the Order to Show Cause proceeding that was stayed, so because it was based upon the old conditions.

So if you change the conditions, the new conditions are no longer being violated, because you're amending it to be consistent with your proposed action. The idea being in the Motion to Amend, you're proposing your new uses. You explain what the impacts are. The Commission would look at those impacts, and if appropriate, impose such additional -- or different conditions as may be needed.

Just give you one simple example.

There was a requirement in the old decision, initial decision for a frontage road.

There's sort of a universal agreement, frontage road doesn't make any sense now. But the condition is still there.

So that would be among the kinds of things that would need to be changed to make sure that everything is consistent and proceeding accurately.

Before they filed a Motion to Amend, however, they needed to file the they believed they

needed to file the Environmental Impact Statement.

So what is happening now is we're waiting for the Environmental Impact Statement in order to proceed with the Motion to Amend, which if granted, would then moot out the Order to Show Cause proceeding that was entered back in 2013 or so. So that's where we are.

Moving forward, we understand then from the testimony today that in the second quarter of 2016 we can expect the Draft EIS to be filed. That then goes through the process and eventually getting to the Final EIS.

What needs to be clarified at some point in this process is this Draft EIS solely for Pi'ilani Promenade, or is it for Pi'ilani Promenade and Honua'ula as well.

I understand that they included the Honua'ula development in consideration of the impacts, so you sort of have to. The roadway that will service both properties is the same roadway. So in order to consider the traffic impact, you have to know how big the road to be -- in order to figure out how big the road to be, you need to know how many people will travel on it, and where they're going to be traveling, because commercial travels different

than residential travel, it has different impacts.

So we understand that even if this EIS was solely for Pi'ilani Promenade, they do need to consider the Honua'ula development.

But the question arises whether, in addition to Pi'ilani Promenade, are they also proposing that this Draft EIS be needed or be used for Honua'ula. And if Honua'ula ever filed a Motion to Amend, what they want to do.

So that takes us back to my initial question of, which we would like clarity on who represents Honua'ula. And I know there's different owners, and they're geographically located next to each other. And so there is an inherent interrelationship between the two projects, so they sort of have to you work together. They're the same road, next to each other. Got to be sure all the uses are consistent with each other.

But that clarity would be useful. It doesn't have to happen today, but it's our suggestion moving forward is that we get that clarity, certainly by the time -- hopefully the Draft EIS will be clear, but it will have to be before you accept the Final EIS.

So that would be the comments from Office

of Planning in terms of what is happening and what will happen as we move forward. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Thank you, Mr. Yee.

Commissioners, do you have any kinds final questions or comments for the parties?

Commissioner Hiranaga.

COMMISSIONER HIRANAGA: So I don't really have firsthand information regarding this particular item, but Mr. Pierce brought up the term "light industrial use" -- and you guys correct me if I am wrong, because this is just from memory -- but one of the issues which I guess contributed to this situation is that under the Maui County Code the proposed, initial proposed use is a permitted use in light industrial zoned lands, which is I believe M1 which is light industrial. And examples -- and you can correct me if I am wrong -- Kaahumanu Shopping Center is located on M1 zone land. The Maui Mall is zoned -- located on M1 zoned land. Maui Marketplace, which has Sports Authority, Lowes, couple other stores there, all located on M1 zoned land. Target, Walmart, COSTCO, Home Depot, and I believe the county during this hearing in 2012, testified that as far as they were concerned, this was a permitted use that was proposed under the county code. And that -- what

created this conflict, confusion for the proposed development -- I'm not saying who's right and who's wrong, but since you did bring up the term "light industrial use" for the proposed shopping center, I just wanted to bring clarity to that, that it was not -- I think the initial developer consulted with their legal attorneys, and it was a permitted use, and there was precedence for it, so that's why they proceeded.

I'm not saying that what they proposed was right or wrong, so I think there was some unforeseen circumstances. And then with this particular -- I don't know what the term is -- challenge, I guess.

I'm not sure what the County of Maui is doing so that something like this doesn't happen in the future.

Because no one has challenged Maui Mall or Maui

Marketplace. It's kind of an accepted permitted use within M1 zone land.

So the question becomes -- I'll be very brief -- is why not zone it B1 or B2, which is business, which is another permitted use under that, because typically when you do B1/B2 zoning, the subdivision improvement requirements are greater, which increases the cost of the project, which increasing the value of the land, which then

increased if you are going to sell or lease, raises those rates. That's why a lot of developers go the M1 route.

Just for clarity. You're welcome to comment, Mr. Pierce, if I'm correct or wrong.

MR. PIERCE: Thank you.

Well, what I understand Commissioner

Hiranaga is referring to is the County -- the Maui

County Code and what the interpretation of the Maui

County Code is.

Once again, this is why this gets

complicated. Things weren't finalized a couple years

ago, because -- if the Commissioners need to, we will

be able to point in the record to the fact that it

was found that Mr. Spence's, the Planning

Commissioner's testimony, was irrelevant with respect

to what happens under the Maui County Code.

The underlying issue, Commissioners, here, on behalf of my non-profit clients here who are dealing with many Maui issues, is that there is a lack of respect for Decisions and Orders that are made by the Land Use Commission.

So our focus through the entire case that we presented was on the very detailed language. As I recall there was 130 to 180 detailed Findings of

Facts and Conclusions of Law that were presented to the 1995 Land Use Commissioners at that point in time. And that was done after days and days of hearing where there was an opportunity for folks to testify either on behalf of the public or by the county. And then that record became the record.

And it was recorded on title to the property. This is what is disturbing about these types of situations, Commissioners, is the fact that it is recorded on the property as an encumbrance, as you all know. That's what these decisions and orders do. They're something that people should be able to expect means something.

And what we found was that over the period of time that there was change in ownership, was there that there were no annual reports that identified any of the things that were being contemplated, even though they, at minimum, were questionable in terms of whether they fit within the constraints of the Decision and Order. There was no attempt made at in any time for someone to come back to the Land Use Commission.

Instead they went to the county. And it's our position that that was not the appropriate place for them to go. If they had issues or concerns about

whether they met the Decision and Order that was issued by the Commissioners, they needed to come back to you. That did not occur, and that's the reason we filed an Order to Show Cause, and that's why there's significant testimony on that issue.

So what we would present, and this is in fact what the findings, I believe if we had the final findings here, it would show that the information with respect to whether or not these other projects on Maui are or are not permitted under light industrial on the Maui County Code was irrelevant, because the question really points down to was there or is there a particular instance an underlying Decision and Order by a Commission that has specific requirements and constraints in it. And in our particular situation, that was the case.

So, Commissioners, I would just ask for you, as you do hear this issue in the upcoming year, to not be attracted to /TRAOBGD these types much slippery slope arguments that this issue will be potentially made by the county, we anticipate that they will be made by the county.

We think that they're disturbing to say the least, because there they're really challenging your authority is our position on that.

What I would ask the Commissioners, because
I think it issue is complicated and there was an
entire history that came on before, is that before
the EIS is heard by you, I think the appropriate
thing you might be to do is to -- by the way, I want

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to back up.

I appreciate Commissioner Hiranaga bringing this to the attention. I think it is a good illustration of a confusion in the public. And it's one that I think was sharpened during our case, and so it actually is a very good one for that. And so I appreciate Mr. Hiranaga bringing that to the attention of the Commission. Because I think it actually is one of those places where, as I said, the question is on any particular point when you're in a particular process, are we looking at the county code, because if I'm in front of the Maui Planning Commission, or if I'm in front of the Planning Director, I understand it's his or her rules, the rules of the county at that point in time that do have supremacy. But in this particular instance it was the Decision and Order. So I just mention that.

At any rate, Commissioners, what I would ask just as a way of something that you might want to consider ordering is that there be a briefing by the

1 parties before --

2 CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Commissioner Hiranaga,

did that answer your question?

COMMISSIONER HIRANAGA: He's in the process. Continue briefly.

MR. PIERCE: The only thing I was going to ask is I think, because of the history of the case, it would be helpful for you, before you hear the EIS, because that sounds like the next thing that would be before the Commission, I think it would be helpful for the Commission to offer the parties an opportunity to brief the background and provide relevant background regarding the contested case and how it colors or affects how you make your decisions on the EIS, and whether it's procedurally properly before you at the time that you hear the EIS.

That's what I would ask. Thank you.

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: I have a few questions. Unfortunately I'm thoroughly enough confused that I'm not sure who here it's best answered by.

Is this Status Report the annual report by Pi'ilani Promenade South and North?

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$$ SAKUMOTO: No. This Status Report was made at the request of the LUC staff. We filed an

annual report in writing. And I believe the last one was filed in March of this year. So that's the annual report.

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: Because on the website I could only find a 2014 annual report for Honua'ula, and perhaps I'm missing it. There's a present amount of material.

But you're filing your annual reports now separately from Honua'ula Partners?

MR. SAKUMOTO: Yes.

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: In the EIS document that you're preparing, we heard some testimony regarding the AIS. Does the AIS study in support of your Draft EIS, cover the entirety of the original petition area, or simply the parcel controlled by Pi'ilani North and South Promenade.

MR. JENKS: The archeologist, Xananek
Researchers did the original AIS work for Mr. Henry
Rice when he did the original D and O for the
conversion from ag to urban.

So I hired the same firm to do the update for this EIS, and my understanding is that it covers the entire area. I will am affirm that and let you know, but my understanding is it covers the same area.

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: So both the parcels controlled by Honua'ula Partners as well as the parcels that you're representing today?

MR. JENKS: That's correct.

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VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Anybody else?

MR. YEE: Could I try to briefly respond to Commissioner Hiranaga's question?

I think Commissioner Hiranaga correctly reported Maui County Zoning requirements. They do have a pyramided process by which if you have the light industrial zoning, you can have these other uses as well that are not normally considered to be light industrial.

And I think you also accurately reflected the arguments that were raised by the county and the petitioners in this case trying to argue that they should be allowed to move forward and not in violation of any representation.

But when I said that their initial representation was that they would do light industrial, I omitted a whole series of testimony about the specific uses that they said they were going to do on this piece of property in the various studies and testimony that they have.

generically that they're going to do light industrial, and it's not just an interpretation of what does light industrial mean under county zoning requirements. It was that they said they were going to do this, this and this. And as a group we all understood and reflected in the findings of fact, this would be light industrial.

So the Office of Planning's argument is we're not interpreting county zoning requirements, we're interpreting a State Land Use Commission

Decision and Order.

So what did you mean when you use those terms? In light of the specific facts in evidence that were in evidence in the record at the time. And I won't go into all of them.

But when we look at the marketing report, which describes the uses, et cetera, those uses did not include residential, did not include retail. And so we had argued to the Commission then that even though county zoning would have allowed all of these things under light industrial zoning, that's not what's meant in the LUC Decision and Order and therefore is a violation of LUC Decision and Order, even if it would be consistent with the county

zoning.

I just wanted to offer that as explanation as to what happened.

I will say I don't know to what extent you really need more. Mr. Pierce is suggesting more briefing, and if you need it, we will provide it.

I'm just not sure how helpful it would be to go back over a decision already made.

The Draft EIS, I think really is a document looking forward to proposed uses. And I think that's where your focus can be on, rather than what happened before, because the Motion to Amend really is a solution, not a punishment. It's not something that looks back. It looks ahead at what they're proposing to do rather than what they had proposed in the past, for whatever it's worth.

CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Thank you, Mr. Yes.

Any further comments, suggestions? Thank

you.

Commissioners, a status report, we are not required to take any action at this time. If no action is taken, the status report will remain, and this docket will remain open.

Is there any further discussion? There being no further discussion -- Commissioner Hiranaga.

We're done with this docket. COMMISSIONER HIRANAGA: I would like to make a motion to request for Executive Session to consult with the board's attorney on questions and issues pertaining to the board's powers, duties, privileges, immunities and liabilities. CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Any second? COMMISSIONER CABRAL: I'll second it. CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Motion made by Commissioner Hiranaga and seconded by Commissioner Cabral to go into Executive Session. Those in favor say "aye", opposed. (All responded affirmatively.) (The proceedings ended at 10:53 a.m.)

-McMANUS COURT REPORTERS 808-239-6148 -

1	CERTIFICATE
2	STATE OF HAWAII) SS.
3	COUNTY OF HONOLULU)
4	I, JEAN MARIE McMANUS, do hereby certify:
5	That on December 10, 2015, at 9:45 a.m., the
6	proceedings contained herein was taken down by me in
7	machine shorthand and was thereafter reduced to
8	typewriting under my supervision; that the foregoing
9	represents, to the best of my ability, a true and
10	correct copy of the proceedings had in the foregoing
11	matter.
12	I further certify that I am not of counsel for
13	any of the parties hereto, nor in any way interested
14	in the outcome of the cause named in this caption.
15	Dated this 10th day of December, 2015, in
16	Honolulu, Hawaii.
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20	JEAN MARIE McMANUS, CSR #156
21	
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