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CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Good morning. This is the resumption of the March 23rd, 2016 Land Use Commission Meeting.

Yesterday we concluded the Public Testimony part of this hearing, and the county and OP has presented their presentation or non-presentation.

And also we finished the Agenda VII and VIII yesterday, so we are going to resume with Petitioner's presentation.

There's one more witness Mr. Kudo has to call, then after that I'm going to give the County and OP some time for comments and Mr. Kudo his final comments.

Mr. Kudo, call your next witness.

MR. KUDO: Good morning, Chair Aczon and members of the Commission. Before I bring the next witness to the stand, I wanted to take care of three housekeeping issues.

One is that we've passed out to the parties and to the Commission the curriculum vitae of our next witness, Mr. Timothy Cornwell. And that would be marked as Petitioner's Exhibit 15. And at this time I would like to have a stipulation from the parties to admit that into the record.

CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Is there any objection

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1 | from the parties?

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MS. SELF: No objection from the County.

MR. YEE: No objection.

4 CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Commissioners? Exhibit 5 Number 15 is admitted.

(Petitioner's Exhibit 15 was received into evidence.

MR. KUDO: Two other items. One is that yesterday the Office of Planning had questioned witness LeeAnn Crabbe with regard to whether the Trust would be agreeable to the conditions of Office of Planning as set forth in the Response that they filed in this proceeding.

Those conditions refer to a Department of Transportation letter dated January 14th, 2016.

However, subsequent to that letter, on March 22nd, the Department of Transportation issued a revised letter. And Mr. Yee submitted to the Commission a letter saying that his Exhibit 1, which was the January 14th letter, should be substituted for the March 22nd letter.

So my client's response in terms of agreeing to the conditions of the response are referring to the March 22nd letter. I just wanted to clarify that for the record.

1 CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Thank you.

MR. KUDO: The last item was an issue brought up by Commissioner Scheuer regarding the 50-acre portion of the MPD project, and whether there were any conditions outstanding from the Commission that pertained to that particular 50-acre parcel.

When we researched the records, there was an action by this Commission in August of 1980, Docket A79-470 that reclassified that subject land from the Agricultural District to the Urban District.

I have a copy of that decision by this Commission here.

There were no conditions attached to the Decision and Order. It basically just approves it with no conditions. And I guess this was done at a time when there were very few conditions attached to any orders issued by the Commission. And the official date was August 5th, 1980.

If you would like copies of it, we can get copies for the Commission.

CHAIRPERSON ACZON: You can give it to our Chief Clerk.

Vice Chair Scheuer, do you have any questions?

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: Not a this time.

1 Thank you very much for researching that.

2 CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Mr. Yee has a comment.

MR. YEE: Just a clarification. We're in agreement that Ms. Crabbe's response was based upon the Department of Transportation letter as revised.

I just wanted to be clear that we submitted an additional letter from the Department of Transportation, and then there were further discussions, so that item two in that letter was revised. So we submitted that letter indicating the revision.

Mr. Kudo -- I think we mean the same thing,
Mr. Kudo said that we substituted second letter for
the first letter. We supplemented I think would be a
better term because there were a number of items
discussed in the first letter that are not discussed
in the second letter.

Certainly we have revised item two listed in the DOT'S comments, but there are other comments as well, so both letters were submitted at the beginning of the hearing.

CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Thank you.

Commissioners, are we clear on this?

MR. KUDO: At this time I would like to call to the stand Mr. Timothy Cornwell.

1	CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Please have a seat.
2	Can I swear you in first?
3	THE WITNESS: Sure.
4	CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Do you affirm that the
5	testimony that you're about to give is the truth?
6	THE WITNESS: I do.
7	TIMOTHY CORNWELL
8	Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the
9	Petitioner, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined
10	and testified as follows:
11	DIRECT EXAMINATION
12	CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Please state your name
13	and address for the record.
14	THE WITNESS: Timothy Cornwell, 251 Kearney
15	Street, 6th floor, San Francisco, California 94018.
16	BY MR. KUDO:
17	Q What is your current occupation?
18	A Real estate market feasibility consultant.
19	Q Do you have a particular area of
20	specialization?
21	A Market feasibility for wide variety of
22	asset classes and product types around the United
23	States and internationally, including master planned
24	community and mixed use analysis.
25	Q How long have you been a real estate

development advisor by profess	ion	?
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- A Since July of 2002, almost 14 years.
- Q Would you briefly summarize for us your training and experience?

A I have a university degree from Pomona College in Southern California in international relations with coursework in economics and related planning work in the field.

And then from 2002 to the present,

day-to-day operations of the Concord Group. I have

actually worked on more than 3,000 real estate

development projects around the world.

- Q Where are your currently employed?
- 14 A The Concord Group LLC. I run the San
 15 Francisco office of our team.
 - Q How long have you been with the company?
 - A Since July 2002.
- 18 Q What is your title and position at the 19 Concord?
 - A Principal in charge of our San Francisco office.
 - Q Would you briefly describe what Concord does?
 - A We do real estate advisory work focusing on market and financial analyses for real estate.

Really simply it's supply versus demand analysis, open opportunities and associated financial optimization. We have offices in Newport Beach, San Francisco, New York City and now Atlanta, and have a staff of over 40 individuals.

Our clients are typically landowners, developers, public agencies, city institutions. And last year alone we did some 700 analyses around the world.

Q Would you briefly describe your duties and responsibilities at Concord?

A I manage our team in San Francisco, and am personally responsible for north of 400 and analyses on an annual basis.

I run all client relations. I oversee all of the analysis our team compiles. And I have direct client responsibility in terms of presentation, interpretation of the data.

Q Would you describe to us some of the recent examples in which you have performed market assessments, particularly in Hawaii?

A Sure. So it runs a wide variety of projects. There are mixed use master plan communities in West Oahu, urban redevelopment plans including Kaka'ako and Ward Village, for both

- Kamehameha Schools and for Howard Hughes. Projects 1 2 including urban mixed use infill in Kapolei. Resort 3 development on the North Shore of Oahu, as well as in 4 Kaua'i, Pearl City, also in the urban core in Oahu, and various other Maui, Big Island resort-oriented 5 6 projects. 7 Q Do you possess specialized knowledge within your field? 8 9 My personal specialty is mixed used Α 10 residential driven real estate, but really our large 11 volume of work is special, and our strong depth of 12 experience across asset classes and product types 13 come to bear in all of our analysis.
 - We submitted your curriculum vitae as Petitioner's Exhibit 15 and it has been admitted into evidence.

At this time I would like to have Mr. Cornwell admitted as an expert witness in the field of market feasibility analysis.

MR. YEE: No objection.

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MS. SELF: No objection.

22 CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Commissioners? Please 23 proceed.

(By Mr. Kudo): Mr. Cornwell, are you familiar with the Queen Lili'uokalani Trust Keahuolu project and the properties that are the subject of these proceedings?

A Yes.

Q How did you become involved with this particular project?

A Our team has been involved in the project over the last year. I was asked to fill in for Richard Gollis in response to a family emergency that he had on Wednesday. I'm in the same company as Richard, and I have reviewed his analysis and been involved with counsel throughout the process of developing it over the last year. I have that deep experience in Hawaii that we discussed.

Analysis of Market Potentials, which was prepared by Natelson Levander Whitney and dated November 1989, which is referred to as the NLW report and which was entered in this proceedings as Petitioner's Exhibit 14 and attached to the Final EIS?

A Yes.

Q Is this a true copy of that NLW market report?

A Yes.

Q Would you briefly summarize the NLW market report's findings and market projections for the

project area?

A The NLW report found that there was strong demand for proposed commercial uses, based on projected growth on West Hawai'i through 2015.

According to the report, the proposed development could absorb the projected demand over the next ten years, i.e., through 2000 for Phases I and II, and that the proposed development was at the time believed to be economically viable.

The actual market performance to 2015 was significantly below projected demand based on the analysis completed in 1991.

- Q Did you or your company prepare a report on the project?
 - A Out company did, yes.
- Q That is Petitioner's Exhibit 5; is that correct?
- 18 A Yes.
 - Q Would you please describe the scope of Concord's analysis?

A QLT engaged the Concord Group to provide market analysis to evaluate the economic and real estate conditions, the historic economic and real estate conditions, those that were prevalent at time of the 1991 Decision and Order, and the subsequent

economic conditions that impacted the market

feasibility of commencing development on the Phase I

and Phase II properties at that time.

The intent was really to provide a look back, or view of the actual market performance in the context of the projections that were the basis of the original NLW report.

Q Will you describe the methodologies that you used in this analysis?

A We reviewed the Findings of Fact in the 1991 Decision and Order pertaining to the NLW report. And compared the projections that were used in that analysis to actual market performance of various factors through 2015.

This included to understand demand for development, demographics, population visitors per capita and total income, and to understand supply factors, retail office, industrial and hotel growth from a space or room's perspective.

Q When you refer to the Findings of Fact, are those Findings of Fact Nos. 44 through 48 in the 1991 Decision and Order?

A Yes.

Q Now, is the methodology you used consistent with accepted industry practice?

A Yes.

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Q What studies or data did you rely on to conduct your analysis?

A Accepted published sources of economic and demographic data, including from syndicated private sources, as well as government agencies. This includes the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, the World Bank, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Hawaii Department of Business and Economic Development and Tourism, the U.S. Census, and industry standard commercialized data sources

Q Did these particular studies and data form the basis for your opinions?

including Neilsen and Claritas, CoStar and the like.

A Yes. They were the raw data, the actual and economic performance data, which we compared to the NLW report. We then, of course, conducted our own comparative analysis on the data set to inform our opinions.

Q Turning to your findings and conclusions, would you summarize to us the findings regarding the market conditions and development feasibility in the project area in the years after the 1989 NLW Market Report?

A Our findings and conclusions support QLT's

assertion that despite its best efforts, and largely due to changing market conditions almost immediately after the 1991 report, including a strong slow-down in the real estate market, QLT was not able to substantially complete the development plan.

The analysis that was included in the NLW Market Report did not contemplate the impending or pending economic recessions that took place.

When we analyzed the data that drove the majority of that analysis, all of the projections from a population growth perspective, from an income perspective, from an absorption perspective were straight-lined with no, again, contemplation of impending recession and its impact on the development feasibility of the parcels.

So I have the slides to review.

Specifically by the year 2015 the NLW Market Report, the projections are in the left column.

North Kona population goes to 72,000. In reality to 2015 that number went to 40,000.

The West Hawaii population was projected to grow, based on compounding annual growth rates to 122,000. In reality it was 76,000. Both those missed the projections by about 40 percent.

In terms of Hawaii County visitors, the

2.65 million visitors projected actually only got to1.5 million. Again, a miss of about 40 percent.

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And North Kona per capita income, which is directly tied to consumer confidence and spending ability and retail really actually dropped instead of increased when you look at the performance during these years.

Q The witness, for the record, is referring to Petitioner's Exhibit 14.

A So really in conclusion, the projections in the NLW report, which although based on best available information from State and syndicated data sources were optimistic and actually exceeded real results.

Q Based on your analysis, what were is your assessment of the market demand for commercial development in the project after 1991?

A So we can go through the rest of the slide.

So macroeconomic conditions, almost immediately after 1991 begun a serious deterioration.

And this largely prevented QLT from moving forward with the development of the subject properties.

This slide represents real GDP growth throughout the State of Hawaii by year.

As you can see, the horizontal line across the graph, that is zero percent growth. So when you look at the real GDP growth historically across the State of Hawaii, 1991 going into '92, '93, '94, '95 the economy was in contraction.

This was largely due to contraction in major-driving markets across the globe. So this looks at real GDP growth, again, for the State of Hawaii in the context of Japanese GP growth.

And a lot of what happened in the nineties in Hawaii was the result of a weakening economic system in Japan, and importantly the end of an asset boom, really the pop of an asset bubble in Japanese economy, which really created contraction for one of the major inputs of economic growth for the whole State of Hawaii.

In addition, as we recovered out of that recession and had some positive times in the early 2000's this was further exacerbated over the last several years by the global economic downturn. So when we look at the 2008/2009/2007/2010 recessionary periods, we saw significant contraction in both driver economies and state economy.

Slide two really -- these are animated, so we can look at different overlays in terms of driver

economies. So really, again, very high correlation to the Japanese asset bubble bursting as well as performance that did not match some of the western market, specifically in the nineties which really led to the lack of financial feasibility for the development of these projects.

So we're just continuing to layer on different economic growth, but really the story is around Hawaii's contraction in the nineties and again in 2009.

In addition, when we look at population and employment growth, they were largely flat during the nineties, and significantly negative when you look at 2009/2010 during the economic recession across the globe.

So this graph looks at both the Hawaii

County as well as Hawaii State. This is employment
growth on a year-by-year basis. Again, you can see

flat, we call it stagnant or negative growth
throughout the nineties, and four to six percent
negative growth during the 2009 recessionary period.

So, again, calling out the individual recessionary periods and their impact on the region.

On slide four, this looks at population growth within those two driver areas. So again,

Hawaii County is red, Hawaii State is blue.

And so the NLW report, when you look at most of the growth rates projected, which are the basis of that analysis, the annual average numbers are anywhere between three percent and four percent to perpetuity. They are straight-lined and do not contemplate impending recessions.

If you look at the actual performance on a percentage basis for population growth -- in fact, as you go through these same periods, based on the input of the driver economies and the recessionary pressure in the local area, population was -- actual population growth was significantly below that number.

So, again, as we go through the late 1990's, actually saw stagnant, if not negative population growth across the State of Hawaii, and very low population growth in Hawaii County.

Similarly, based on the ramifications of 2008/2009 recession, those numbers have been consistently about one percent per year over the last five years.

Q In your professional opinion, were the market changes that occurred from 1991 to date significant enough to negatively economic the Trust's

ability to attract developers for Phases I and II of their project?

A Yes. This is indicated by the actual performance of office and industrial development in West Hawaii from 1991 through 2015.

This graph shows in green the projected cumulative office space demanded from the NLW report versus the blue line which is actual cumulative office space delivered through this same period.

And you can see the impact of the overly optimistic growth projection in the green line and the straight line, the lack of any contemplated recession versus a much more moderated growth curve in the actual deliveries of office space.

On the next page, this is also light industrial growth. A very similar story, straight-lined projections in terms of actual demand against an inventory number that has been much flatter throughout the period.

And this is really a direct result of the weak demand caused by the economic factors that we talked about.

So in summary, the demographic fact projections turned out to be optimistic. Land use demand forecast far exceeded actual development

activity. And when you look at the mix, again, it was based on that four percent very strong annual average growth, and how it compounds over that period about 40 percent above what was actually experienced in the market.

Q Your analysis concludes that the subject properties were not economically viable as initially proposed. However, they have excellent potential for long-term development.

What is the basis for your conclusion about the properties' long-term development potential?

A The 1991 Findings of Fact 47 is still valid. It states: The proposed development of the property has excellent potential for long-term development to capture some of the predicted demand. The properties are ideally located in close proximity to major sources of demand.

Our analysis remains that the long-term development potential is strong as long as the projections, the absorption, the performance metrics that we are measuring are in line with long-term development and long-term growth projections.

We need to take a prudent look at what is projected now. The box that showed up on that graph is helpful. So, again, NLW used growth rates of

two-and-a-half to 4.1 percent on a compounding annual average perspective.

At this point, based on our analysis, which really underscores the long-term development potential, we want to line-up the projections around absorption with a much more moderate rate of growth, around one to one-and-a-half percent, based on the state data and Claritas most recent estimates.

So, again, as QLT proceeds with new development plans, planning will really need to incorporate prudent long-term trends and be flexible in order to fit within the market demand as positive and negative pressures play in the economy.

Q This concludes the direct testimony of Mr. Cornwell at this time. He is available for cross-examination.

CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Parties, any questions, Ms. Self?

MS. SELF: We have no questions, thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Mr. Yee.

CROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MR. YEE:

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Q First of all, thank you for coming. I apologize for the inconvenience -- sorry for your inconvenience.

I was wondering has Concord done or is 1 2 going to do any market demand analysis for the 3 Makalapua Project district development? 4 Yes, it is underway. We have draft reports 5 completed, but we are in the middle of reviewing 6 internally before finalizing. 7 Can you tell me what would be the projected absorption timeframe that you're looking at? 8 9 Ten to 20 years. 10 Are you also retained to do a market demand 11 analysis for Keahuolu lands Phase I and Phase II? 12 I need help with that. I'm not positive. 13 Again, I'm pitch hitting. I don't actually know 14 that. In your Exhibit 15, it mentions that key 15 16 clients include Forest City Development. Do you know 17 what projects in Hawaii that would include? 18 Most recently Pohukaina, and a market 19 context analysis for their Kapolei lots and town 20 center. 21 So not on the Big Island? Q 22 Α No. 23 I understood the analysis you've given in Q 24 comparing the projected or projection versus actual.

And I'm wondering to what extent were those

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differentials based on not only unanticipated market changes, but also an inferior market analysis done at the time?

A I think the answer to that question really lies with the inherent data that's input. So basically the analysis holds water in the context of the growth rates and the projections that were used as the basis of the analysis.

So when two-and-a-half to 4.1 percent growth rate are the basis of the analysis, the demand projection is overly optimistic in the context of what actually transpired.

So the majority of the gap will be driven by the data input into the analysis not the analysis itself.

Q So would it be true that the length of the time frame, 25 years, and use of a straight-line analysis would exacerbate then an incorrect assumption about percentage and growth rates?

- A Yes, of course.
- Q So the failure include -- okay.

Is a straight-line analysis though in some sense problematic for projections over that timeframe?

A I would argue a straight-line analysis at

an aggressive growth rate is a difficult analysis in terms of exacerbating the potential miss on a long-term projection.

In the case where you do a straight line, no one can predict the future. We not know when the recession will hit; what the drivers are or how long the depth will be, so straight-line analysis is reasonable, but in that context we have to be more reasonable and stick to the long-term actual performance in terms of growth rate.

So you can see on this chart, it's two-and-a-half to 4.1 percent got us a little bit beyond where realism would probably come into this.

And you know most of our work these days, frankly I would say the vast majority of our work all around the country deals with more moderate growth at around one percent.

- Q So when you're using the straight-line analysis over such a long time frame, a more conservative assumption is a better way to go?
 - A Yes.

Q You indicated, and maybe this is answer to my first question, but you indicated that the initial finding that the Keahuolu lands on Phase I and II are still appropriate for long-term development.

Q What's your timeframe for what you mean by long-term development?

A Again, ten to 20 years.

But subject to prudent assumptions and prudent depth of demand calculations.

Q So if you are able to reach that opinion, is that based upon market demand analysis for those lands?

A Again, we are in the middle of doing that.

It's not finalized yet. But it has more to do with the location and the master plan community orientation of the project lands themselves, and some of their strengths within the larger context of the market.

Q I know you're pinch hitting, so I want to be clear that there are, as I understand it, two different projects. One is the Makalapua project district development, sort of moving forward now.

And I understand you're going to be submitting finalized plan for that.

In addition, there are adjacent lands, which I'm referring to as the Keahuolu lands, which have apparently a 2018 projected date by which the

proposal will be finished. So you read from a Finding of Fact applicable to those larger lands for which the revised proposal will be finished in 2018, not the Makalapua project district.

Based on that, have you done a market analysis, or are in the midst of almost finishing a market analysis for Keahuolu lands?

A I believe the answer to that is no. Our analysis is focused on the MPD.

Q So your conclusion that the Finding of Fact that these lands are appropriate for long-term development, is that applicable on the MPD rather than Keahuolu lands?

A Directly applicable based on our study of the MPD, yeah.

Q And then I assume you have no particular conclusion with respect to the Keahuolu land?

A Other than the market context in general, but no particular conclusion on those lands specifically.

Q So with that understanding, why don't you give me again what is your general opinion about the market for those lands?

A Again, so the market context, as long as there is prudent growth assumptions, you know, it's

1 reasonable. We have not gotten into the data and 2 really into the dynamics around studying those lands 3 specifically or anything proposed on those lands. So, again, we're looking at the depth of 4 5 demand for different product types throughout our 6 analysis, which would be reasonably extrapolated to 7 other potential projects with the area, but I don't 8 have any expertise specifically on what's proposed on 9 those lands. 10 So it wouldn't be based, for example, on 11 nearby sites, like Forest City, or the existing Phase I and II and how much additional lands are available 12 13 for development versus projected market demand? It's 14 not that type of analysis you're giving us? 15 On which properties? 16 For Keahuolu lands. Q 17 Α Correct. 18 Q Thank you very much. 19 MR. CHAIRMAN: Thank you, Mr. Yee. 20 Commissioners, any questions for Mr. 21 Cornwell? 22 COMMISSIONER HIRANAGA: Good morning, Mr. 23 Cornwell. I'll start with two questions and then

From an industry practice, is this

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yield the floor.

1 straight-line projection the standard? Do you have a 2 basic assumption of three percent growth, four 3 percent, two percent? I mean you do a straight line just to take out peaks and valleys? 4 5 THE WITNESS: Over the long term, yes. 6 COMMISSIONER HIRANAGA: So that's a pretty 7 standard method of projecting potential growth for 8 proposed project, straight lining? 9 THE WITNESS: Right. 10 COMMISSIONER HIRANAGA: So I guess NLW went 11 awry because they assumed four percent versus three or two percent? It would still provide a 12 13 straight-line projection? 14 THE WITNESS: Right. Which, as was 15 discussed, further exacerbates the error over a long 16 period of time. 17 COMMISSIONER HIRANAGA: So I'm wondering, 18 historically real estate market has a five to 19 ten-year cycle, and you don't do projections that 20 give cycle ending in 2006, we are going to see a bump 21 in 2011, 2012. We are now -- but we can foresee the 22 market declining in 2017 or '18. 23 You don't get into that type of detail when 24 you're doing your projections?

No.

THE WITNESS:

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1 COMMISSIONER HIRANAGA: Why is that? 2 THE WITNESS: Well, the reality is that 3 there are some industry standard assumptions in terms of length or depth of cycle. But, frankly, as it 4 5 relates to the reality, those numbers do move pretty 6 substantially both in terms of their frequency and to 7 the scale of contraction or expansion that are within. So it becomes very, very difficult to 8 9 predict the future. 10 COMMISSIONER HIRANAGA: So it's safer to do 11 a straight-line projection? 12 THE WITNESS: Conservative straight-line 13 projection, that's that correct. 14 COMMISSIONER HIRANAGA: As you look at your 15 market analysis for proposed MPD project, do you do a 16 one-year projection, five-year projection, ten --17 year projection, 15, 20? 18 THE WITNESS: Usually it's five, ten and 20. 19 20 COMMISSIONER HIRANAGA: And you're still 21 working on that? 22 THE WITNESS: That's correct, draft. 23 COMMISSIONER HIRANAGA: I don't have any 24 other questions, thank you. 25 CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Commissioner Estes.

COMMISSIONER ESTES: You stated that the NLW analysis was overly optimistic, and we understand some things happened and the result of that.

Would you say now that you're optimistic about the market? And if so, why?

THE WITNESS: Again, with prudent growth assumptions, we can be optimistic about the specific project area given its inherent assets. But, again, we would not advocate being as optimistic as two-and-a-half to four permanent annual growth absorption perspective right now.

CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Anybody else?

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: Good morning, thank you for joining us.

I realize you were not here yesterday, but the direct testimony of LeeAnn Crabbe also talked about how the overall urban designation that they received included lands previously that are really not well-suited to large ag commercial development.

So as I understand your expert testimony is really helping us, or suggesting to us what caused their inability to fully develop Phase I and Phase II, and you focused heavily on the macroeconomic factors.

Can you help tease out what you feel how

much of it was the macroeconomic factors versus how much of it was actually just the site characteristics?

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THE WITNESS: I'm not sure that it is easy to separate those two, because obviously in a very strong growth environment, your ability to pay large dollar amounts for on- and off-sites improvements needed on the site sight would increase.

So obviously the market context is probably the leader. But in any case, in any cycle really there are some challenging characteristics of the sites themselves.

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: To go to your office growth and industrial growth projected versus actuals, those actually captured not obviously just QLT, that's all of West Hawaii, so there was some growth but it wasn't not necessarily all captured on these particular sites?

THE WITNESS: There was some growth, it was also significantly below what was projected and wasn't captured on these sites. They are interrelated issues.

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: They are not necessarily easy to tease out?

THE WITNESS: That's right.

1 VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you very much. 2 CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Commissioner Cabral. 3 COMMISSIONER CABRAL: Thank you very much for joining us. You did have a longer journey. 4 5 THE WITNESS: But my road wasn't closed. 6 COMMISSIONER CABRAL: No, that's right. 7 I'm very interested, because I know the 8 area, and I live on this island, I'm very, very 9 interested about the mix of use that's being 10 projected in this area with 180 residential units, 11 470,000 square feet of commercial, 50,000 community 12 space and a hotel with -- several hotels perhaps with 13 a combination of 180 rooms. 14 So my question is: Is the analysis that 15 your firm has done, did that come up with why this 16 should be a mix, or is that something that has yet to 17 be done? 18 THE WITNESS: Again, we are in the middle 19 of that analysis, so it's still in draft form and 20 we're viewing it internally and with the team. But 21 those are the type of conclusions generated by that 22 final analysis, yes. 23 COMMISSIONER CABRAL: Okay, thank you. 24 CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Anybody else? 25 Commissioner Hiranaga.

1	COMMISSIONER HIRANAGA: So you had a chance
2	to review the NLW
3	THE WITNESS: Correct.
4	COMMISSIONER HIRANAGA: recommendation?
5	Was their analysis based upon the fact that
6	these improved lands would be offered on leasehold
7	basis primarily versus fee simple?
8	THE WITNESS: I'm not sure that I can
9	comment on that. I don't know.
10	COMMISSIONER HIRANAGA: Is your analysis
11	based upon the fact that the majority of the lands
12	will be offered on a leasehold basis versus fee
13	simple?
14	THE WITNESS: Yes, but again, we are still
15	in the middle of our analysis and not final.
16	COMMISSIONER HIRANAGA: So that would
17	probably result in a more conservative growth factor?
18	THE WITNESS: Correct.
19	COMMISSIONER HIRANAGA: Thank you.
20	CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Anybody else?
21	Thank you Mr. Cornwell.
22	Does the county wish to give final comment?
23	MS. SELF: Just very briefly.
24	The county is in favor of this motion. The
25	county finds that it only allowed to release

14.37 acres for final land use with the county, and 1 2 we find it's a reasonable -- that help facilitate 3 land use and infrastructural planning for what is indicated in the Kona CBA. And before the county 4 5 will even process QLT's application for District Boundary Amendment and a zoning amendment for 14.37 6 7 acres, QLT will need to meet with the Kona CDC design center to make certain that it is compliance. 8 9 And we find that this is an important 10 endeavor that they're going to take on, and if 11 they're successful, which we hope they are, will also 12 be a success for the county. 13 So based on that, we are in support of this 14 motion. Thank you. 15 CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Thank you, Ms. Self. 16 Mr. Yee? Vice Chair Scheuer. 17 VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: Just to clarify for 18 the record, the original proposal 14.37, but I 19 believe the Petitioner's request is slightly larger than that, 14.96. 20 21 MS. SELF: Yes. Sorry, I misspoke. 22 CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Mr. Yee, do you wish to offer final comment? 23 MR. YEE: Yes, thank you. 24

I spoke a little bit about this yesterday.

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Petitioner's Motion to Modify. As I said before, generally we think decisions should stand, you don't go back to rehash arguments you've already raised and either won or lost on. So Office of Planning comes to you and says, we really want this condition and you say no, we don't come back and say, please reconsider. We fought the good fight, lost, we accept it.

The Office of Planning supports the

Similarly, we expect Petitioners to get their conditions to comply with them and sort of move on.

This isn't to say that we never support Motions to Modify. And so that's the reason we have some evidence in this case, what was the reasons, what's going on, what are the particular facts and circumstances.

So we did look at whether -- and so, for example, we would have concerns if we thought that Petitioner was just trying to avoid a condition that the Office of Planning had fought so hard for and finally got, and we thought they were trying to just avoid it, we would have great concerns, which is one of the reasons we ask for supplemental information, what are you going to do with the lands? What's

going to happen.

We are satisfied that that will not be a problem or is not a problem in this particular case, both with respect to the 14.96 acres, part of the MPD as well as the remaining Phase III lands which would be subject to LUC decision. The Office of Planning prepared to take a look, understand that there are no current conditions that would be applicable to it, and we will fight the issue all over again.

And we also recognize that when they come back for the District Boundary Amendment for the remaining areas of Phase III, that it will be subject to current scrutiny for the standards that we use currently and the conditions that we use currently on lands.

So with that understanding, we are not concerned about that particular issue in this case.

We also appreciate the additional information that was provided in this case, the willingness of the Petitioner to comply with recommendations offered by the Office of Planning including consultation with a variety of state agencies, as well as their commitments, that this is not part of, let's say, a scheme to have a sequence of 15-acre district boundary amendments or that

they're not intending to use these ag lands for uses
that the Office of Planning would have concerns with
like gentlemen framers and the like. They are not
going to be developing until they come back to you in
a Petition for District Boundary Amendment.
So having foreclosed those options, and
understanding the reasons that they had understanding

understanding the reasons that they had understanding that the -- I will call them mistakes -- that were made by the market consultant at the time, appears to have been considered and we can be of some confidence it will be addressed in future petitions.

The Office of Planning is satisfied that this Motion to Modify is justified and we support its passage. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Commissioners, any questions for Mr. Yee?

Before I ask the Petitioners to offer their final argument, let's have a five-minute break.

(Recess taken.)

CHAIRPERSON ACZON: We're back on record.

Ms. Kudo, do you wish final argument?

MR. KUDO: Yes, thank you.

The Trust appreciates the time that the Commission has given it to explain to you why we need to have the incremental districting order removed

from Phase III, but I think from the testimony of LeeAnn Crabbe, the Trust has been in this community since 1906. It is a perpetual Trust, a social service agency that has no intention of going anywhere.

Knowing that, we are very responsible to government agencies and the community members to fulfill the promises that we made and to keep them as best we can, because we are permanent members of this community.

Through the testimony of Ms. Crabbe it is evident that since 1940 the Trust has been actively involved in developing the Keahuolu lands. You can see a lot of development right around this area.

And it's because we need the revenue to support its social service work. The Trust has, through the testimony of Ms. Crabbe, demonstrated that it wanted to and has tried its very best in good faith to develop Phase I and II. I'm sure that, given the choice between not developing it and developing it, we would much prefer to have it fully developed at this point, but because of the site conditions and because of the unanticipated economic downturns, we have not been able to fulfill that promise.

That doesn't mean that we will not continue
to try and do that. I think what is important to
remember with regard to what the Trust does, is that
we have attempted to adjust ourselves to the market
so that the Trust can remain in perpetuity and
perform and commit to fulfilling its social
obligations.

We are going to be adjusting the KLP plan that will have a significant component of residential uses which now do not exist. And that will be done through a separate filing to amend the 1991 D and O to permit those new land uses on Phase I and II, and also to reclassify Phase III, which if you grant this motion, will be back in the Agricultural District with new land uses. And that master plan is being worked on right now. And we anticipate filing that no later than 2018.

I know there's been concern about the optimistic projections of the NLW report, but I think that we have to keep in mind that at the time that we were before this Commission, which was 1989, we were in the midst of the Japanese bubble. And I don't know if any of you recall that, but particularly on this island, there were so many projects that were ongoing, and so many promises of development that

things were so, I would say super optimistic about the future. And so the economists and professionals like Mr. Cornwell, as part of the their practice, normally rely on projections made by the state and other data sources on population growth, GDP forecast.

And I think because in part of the Japanese bubble situation that started in about 1986 and ran through 1990, that there was an extreme optimism that this thing would never end, that this great period of economic growth, of employment, of projects, et cetera, et cetera, would never end.

And so the planners and those who created forecasts, that people like the Whitney Group would rely on to do their analysis, were very optimistic.

And so I think there was a justification for the optimistic, in hindsight, reliance or assumption that the growth rate would be at a two-and-a-half to four percent, rather than with hindsight, we now know that that was too optimistic.

And, in fact, in November 1990, the Japanese bubble did in fact burst.

Based on what we have shown through the testimony of Mr. Cornwell and LeeAnn Crabbe, we believe that we have shown that we have performed in

good faith, continue to perform in good faith to develop our lands. We see now an opportunity to develop a needed area with demand, which is the MPD project.

We need to release a small area of

14.93 acres from the Phase III area so that we can

process that and include in the MPD project since we
have immediate need for that development.

We know that timing and development is everything. So when there's a need and there's a demand, you need to meet it, because tomorrow that demand may be gone.

And so we see that because of the entitlement process it takes years. We see that the economy is improving, and the demand is growing for different product. And this particular parcel, which has 50 acres that's already entitled, and only needs 14.96 acres to complete, is an opportunity that we do not want to miss for purposes of revenue generation and the future growth of the Kailua-Kona community.

So for those reasons, we believe that we have demonstrated good cause to warrant a revisiting of the 1991 D and O, and for its amendment by removing the incremental districting order from Phase III.

With that I would ask for your favorable consideration of our request.

Thank you very much.

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And by the way, I would like to also congratulate Bryan Yee, Office of Planning. I remember Bryan when he first started. He wasn't as eloquent as he is today. And I congratulate him on his promotion to supervisor. He'll be sorely missed, and I wish him the very best.

MR. YEE: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Thank you, Mr. Kudo.

Do the Commissioners have any final questions for Mr. Kudo, county or OP?

Commissioners, what is your pleasure?

COMMISSIONER CABRAL: Thank you very much.

I would like to, as the Hawaii Island Land Use

motion, and I would like to go ahead and move to

Commissioner, I would like to go ahead and make a

19 modify the Commission's 1991 Decision and Order to

20 remove the Petitioner's Phase III lands currently in

21 state Agriculture District that was subject to

22 incremental districting.

The Commission recommends the Petitioner and county ensure that the Office of Planning is timely served with any boundary an amendments,

petitions, pursuant to Section 205-3.1 D of the Hawaii Revised Statutes, and that the Petitioner comply with the Department of Transportation recommendation submitted as Office of Planning Exhibit 1.

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And furthermore, that the Petitioner and county consult with the appropriate state agencies prior to submittal of a county district boundary amendment.

COMMISSIONER ESTES: Second.

CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Motion has been made by Commissioner Cabral and seconded by Commissioner Estes to modify the Commission 1991 Decision and Order to remove the Petitioner's land currently in the state Agricultural District that was subject to incremental district.

MR. YEE: I apologize. I don't want to interrupt, but just to clarify with respect to the Office of Planning's 's Exhibit 1, would that be the Office of Planning's Exhibit 1 as revised, the letter as revised?

COMMISSIONER CABRAL: As you previously stated it, would be both of the letters.

MR. YEE: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Discussions.

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you, Chair.

I would like to speak in favor of the motion. It gives me pleasure to be able to vote in favor of this. I think this is a really good first step of a series of steps that QLT is going to be taking.

I don't want to lose the discussion, the point that Ms. Crabbe noted that this also represents really a step beyond when somebody else was serving as the trustees of this Trust, and now the Trust is actually running its own show, and trying to determine what's best for its properties. So it represents that important step forward for the trustees's mission.

Also note for the record, I thank Mr. Kudo for taking up the previous district boundary amendment for the -- includes 50 acres of the proposed MPD project. I did read over that document. What's being contemplated, according to the conceptual plan for the area, it's not actually in compliance with what the Land Use Commission said it was approving at the time, it was supposed to be industrial-commercial development, but indeed there are zero conditions on that, so even if we wanted to do something, we couldn't do anything about it.

But I do think actually the general proposal is probably much better for both this market and what the community needs. It's in compliance at least on the surface on the conceptual level with Kona Community Plan.

And finally, I'd just like to note, and hopefully this makes it into the FOF and COL, to me one of the most compelling things is that so much has changed, and the Movant and Petitioner is planning to come back us, back to the county for the incremental redistricting of 14.96 acres, as well as for the larger project.

And so much of our understanding of our duties as Land Use Commission in terms of our need to protect public interest, traditional and customary practices, other things have changed overtime, a new EIS process will allow us to really fulfill our duties while allowing the Movant and Petitioner to pursue the project that they want to pursue.

So I think it's in everybody's interest. I will be voting in favor. Mahalo.

CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Thank you, Vice Chair Scheuer. Anybody else? If there is no further discussion, Mr. Orodenker.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR: Thank you, Mr. Chair.

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1	The motion is to modify the Commission's 1991
2	Decision and Order to remove Petitioner's Phase III
3	lands currently in the State Agricultural District
4	that was subject to the incremental districting and
5	various recommendations.
6	Commissioner Cabral?
7	COMMISSIONER CABRAL: Yes.
8	EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR: Commissioner Estes?
9	COMMISSIONER ESTES: Yes.
10	EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR: Commissioner Scheuer?
11	VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: Aye.
12	EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR: Commissioner Wong?
13	VICE CHAIR WONG: Aye.
14	EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR: Commissioner Mahi is
15	absent.
16	Commissioner McDonald?
17	COMMISSIONER McDONALD: Aye.
18	EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR: Commissioner Hiranaga?
19	COMMISSIONER HIRANAGA: Aye.
20	EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR: Chair Aczon?
21	CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Aye.
22	EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR: Thank you. Mr. Chair,
23	the motion carries unanimously.
24	CHAIRPERSON ACZON: Any further business
25	before us?

1	EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR: No, Mr. Chair, I
2	believe that concludes the agenda.
3	CHAIRPERSON ACZON: There being no further
4	business, I declare this meeting adjourned.
5	(The proceedings ended at 9:45 a.m.)
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1	CERTIFICATE.
2	STATE OF HAWAII)
3) SS.
4	COUNTY OF HONOLULU)
5	
6	I, JEAN MARIE McMANUS, do hereby certify:
7	That on March 24, 2016, at 8:30 a.m., the
8	proceedings contained herein was taken down by me in
9	machine shorthand and was thereafter reduced to
10	typewriting under my supervision; that the foregoing
11	represents, to the best of my ability, a true and
12	correct copy of the proceedings had in the foregoing
13	matter.
14	I further certify that I am not of counsel for
15	any of the parties hereto, nor in any way interested
16	in the outcome of the cause named in this caption.
17	Dated this 24th day of March, 2016, in
18	Honolulu, Hawaii.
19	
20	
21	TEAN MADIE MOMANUS CCD #156
22	JEAN MARIE McMANUS, CSR #156
23	
24	
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