1	LAND USE COMMISSION
2	STATE OF HAWAI'I
3	Proceedings held on 12-7-17
4	Commencing at 8:36 a.m.
5	Maui Arts & Cultural Center
6	Alexa Higashi Meeting Room
7	One Cameron Way
8	Kahului, Maui, Hawai'i 96732-1137
9	
10	I. HEARING AND ACTION
11	A15-798 Waikapu Properties LLC, et al.(Maui)
12	To consider Petition to Amend the Agricultural
13	Land Use District Boundaries into the Rural Land Use
14	District for certain lands situated at Waikapu,
15	District of Wailuku, Island and County of Maui, State
16	of Hawai'i, consisting of 92.394 acres and 57.454
17	acres, and to Amend the Agricultural Land Use
18	District Boundaries into the Urban Land Use District
19	for certain lands situated at Waikapu, District of
20	Wailuku, Island and County of Maui, State of Hawai'i,
21	consisting of 236.326 acres, 53.775 acres, and 45.054
22	acres.
23	
24	BEFORE: Jean Marie McManus, CSR #156
25	

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CHAIRPERSON WONG: Good morning. This is a 1 2 continuation on Waikapu Properties from yesterday. 3 Anyway, just wanted to say that we have 4 quorum, but I just wanted to note for the record that 5 Commissioner Mahi, Commissioner Cabral, Aczon, 6 Scheuer and myself is here present for this hearing 7 this morning, so we do have quorum. Commissioner Ohigashi is ill, and also 8 9 Commissioner Okuda had to do some personal errands, 10 court date. Didn't want to say court. 11 But anyway, Mr. Geiger, do you have your 12 next witness, please? 13 MR. GEIGER: I do. And I don't know if you 14 want to have appearances for today or not. 15 CHAIRPERSON WONG: How many do you have? MR. GEIGER: I have four witnesses. 16 17 James Geiger on behalf of the Applicant. 18 With me is Mike Atherton, the representative, and 19 Paul Mancini. 20 MR. HOPPER: Michael Hopper with 21 Corporation Counsel representing Maui County 22 Department of Planning. Wil Spence, Planning 23 Director will be joining me as well as David Goode. 2.4 He's here now. 25 MS. APUNA: Good morning, Dawn Apuna,

Deputy Attorney General. With me today is Lorraine 1 2 Maki and Leo Asuncion, Director. 3 MR. GEIGER: With that, Chair, we will call 4 Barry Neal as our next witness. 5 CHAIRPERSON WONG: Thank you. 6 May I swear you in, sir? 7 THE WITNESS: Yes. CHAIRPERSON WONG: Do you swear or affirm 8 9 that the testimony you're about to give is the truth? 10 THE WITNESS: Yes, I do. 11 CHAIRPERSON WONG: Can you please state your name for the record? 12 13 THE WITNESS: Barry Neal. 14 BARRY NEAL 15 Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the 16 Petitioner, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined 17 and testified as follows: 18 DIRECT EXAMINATION 19 BY MR. GEIGER: 20 Q Good morning, Gary. 21 What is your area of expertise? 22 I'm a meteorologist, and I specialize in 23 air quality. 24 How are you familiar with the Waikapu 25 Country Town Project?

- A During the latter part of 2016 I was

  contracted to provide an air quality study for the

  project.

  Did you prepare an air quality study?

  A Yes. That was completed December 2016.
  - Q Did you also prepare written direct testimony for this matter?
  - A Yes, I did.

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- Q I'm going to hand you what is, I hope, your written testimony.
- A Yes, this is it.
  - Q Does your signature appear on the last page?
- A Yes, it does.
- 15 Q Do you have any modifications, corrections, 16 or additions that you need to make to your testimony?
- 17 A No, I do not.
  - Q As with the other witnesses, I don't want you to read your testimony to the Commissioners, but please direct your comments to them as to the areas within your study that you think would be helpful to them in making their determination?
    - A I'll summarize briefly.
  - As I mentioned during the latter part of 2016 I prepared an air quality study for the subject

property. And part of that study involved looking first at existing air quality conditions based on available data, which is fairly limited for Maui.

But based on that information, it appears likely that existing conditions meet all the state and national ambient air quality standards; and more than likely air quality has improved recently since sugarcane cultivation ended.

approvals to proceed, there will likely -- or there could be some short-term impacts primarily from fugitive dust during the project construction phases. And there are methods available to mitigate this. Primarily this is done through watering of active work areas on a regular basis.

After project construction, we looked at the potential long-term impacts from project-related motor vehicle traffic, and this is done using a computer or computer models.

Based on this analysis, in which we were looking at carbon monoxide concentrations, it was found that the present carbon monoxide concentrations within the project area are well within the state and federal national ambient air quality standards.

After looking at the existing conditions,

we went onto look at conditions in the year 2026, which is when the project is expected to be completed and fully occupied.

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In 2026 without the project, it was predicted that carbon monoxide concentrations would actually decrease, that is improve, despite unexpected increase in traffic. And this is because going forward in time, the emissions from traffic generally go down because of the retirement of older vehicles, which tend to emit a lot more tailpipe emission than new vehicles.

So in the year 2026 without the project, again, probably air quality conditions will improve somewhat.

Then we went on to look at the year 2026 with the project, and this analysis showed that there would only be minimal impact or no impact compared to without the project.

Due to the negligible impact that the project would have on these long-term effects from motor vehicles, implementing long-term mitigation measures is probably unnecessary and unwarranted.

Another potential air quality issue for this project is nuisance odor from the project, water reclamation facility, and the commitment has been

made by the designers of this facility to keep 1 2 concentration of any odorous compounds below the odor 3 threshold at the facility boundary. Thus, offsite 4 odor nuisance is not expected to be an issue. 5 In sum, based on my experience and on my 6 analysis of this project, some short-term impacts in 7 air quality due to fugitive dust emissions may occur during construction phases of the project, and those 8 9 can mitigated to a large extent. Any long-term 10 impacts should be negligible. 11 That concludes my summary. 12 MR. GEIGER: Thank you very much. 13 We would offer in as Exhibit 46 Mr. Neal's 14 written testimony. 15 CHAIRPERSON WONG: Not 45. 16 MR. GEIGER: 45, I apologize. 17 CHAIRPERSON WONG: County, objections? MR. HOPPER: No. 18 19 MS. APUNA: No. 20 CHAIRPERSON WONG: Commissioners, any 21 objections? 22 Exhibit 45 is moved into the record. 23 (Petitioner's Exhibit 45 was received into 24 the record.) 25 MR. GEIGER: With that, we have no further

1	questions.
2	CHAIRPERSON WONG: County, any questions?
3	MR. HOPPER: Nope.
4	MS. APUNA: No.
5	CHAIRPERSON WONG: Commissioners, any
6	questions? No questions. Mr. Geiger, any redirect?
7	MR. GEIGER: No redirect. Thank you very
8	much.
9	We would call our next witness John
10	Garretson.
11	CHAIRPERSON WONG: May I swear you in?
12	Do you swear or affirm that the testimony
13	you're about to give is the truth?
14	THE WITNESS: Yes.
15	CHAIRPERSON WONG: Thank you. Please state
16	your name.
17	THE WITNESS: John Robert Garretson.
18	JOHN GARRETSON
19	Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the
20	Petitioner, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined
21	and testified as follows:
22	DIRECT EXAMINATION
23	BY MR. GEIGER:
24	Q John, what is your background area of
25	expertise?

Acoustics. 1 Α 2 Will there be some noise matters? Q 3 Α Yes. How are you familiar with the Waikapu 4 5 Country Town Project? 6 In 2014 my firm was hired to do an 7 environmental noise assessment on the project. 8 What is your firm's name? Q D.L. Adams Associates. 9 Α 10 Q Did you prepare such a report? 11 Α Yes. 12 Did you also prepare direct written testimony for this matter? 13 14 Α Yes. 15 I'm going to hand you what should be your direct written testimony. Can you confirm that's the 16 direct written testimony that has been submitted? 17 18 Α It is. 19 Does your signature appear on the last 20 page? 21 Α It does. 22 Do you have any additions, corrections or 23 modifications that you would like to make to your direct written testimony? 24 25 Α No.

Q And as with the other witnesses, please don't read your direct written testimony, but tell the Commissioners what you believe is important from your area of expertise to their decision-making.

A My firm studied the existing environmental noise ambient levels of the location, and then projected the future of noise levels from the development to increase of traffic on that, and the wastewater facility in the area, and the analysis shows that unnegligible increase in noise levels expected that would not be perceptible from increase in traffic on the existing highway from the project, and a 60-foot setback would be required to meet the HUD guidelines and the HUD required levels for residential application from the highway to meet the 65 dba noise limits from that.

And the wastewater treatment plant is not expected to produce any noise impact to the development itself, or the surrounding areas. And a noise level increase is expected from the development, but only due to the existing ambient levels being so low, no development being there, so no over all impact is expected long-term from the development; short-term is expected to provide impact and a noise permit would be most likely required.

1	Q And that's for the construction equipment,
2	correct?
3	A Correct, construction equipment,
4	construction noise only.
5	Q Thank you.
6	We would offer Mr. Garretson's direct
7	testimony as Exhibit 46, I hope.
8	CHAIRPERSON WONG: That's correct. County,
9	do you have any objection?
10	MR. HOPPER: No objection.
11	CHAIRPERSON WONG: OP?
12	MS. APUNA: No objection.
13	CHAIRPERSON WONG: Commissioners, any
14	objection? No. Exhibit 46 is entered into the
15	record.
16	(Petitioner's Exhibit 46 was received into
17	the record.)
18	MR. GEIGER: We have no further questions.
19	CHAIRPERSON WONG: County.
20	MR. HOPPER: No questions, Mr. Chair.
21	CHAIRPERSON WONG: OP.
22	MS. APUNA: No questions.
23	CHAIRPERSON WONG: Commissioners, any
24	questions? Commissioner Scheuer.
25	VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: Your expertise is in

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1 sound? 2 THE WITNESS: Yes, sound and noise control. 3 VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: Do you know the 4 traditional meaning of Waikapu? 5 THE WITNESS: I do not. 6 VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: You should look it up. COMMISSIONER MAHI: The sound of the water. 7 The sound of the water, "pu-u-u". 8 VICE CHAIR CABRAL: Sound. 9 10 CHAIRPERSON WONG: I have one question. 11 During the construction phase, when you 12 have to get a noise permit, do you foresee using also barriers for noise reduction or no noise reduction? 13 14 THE WITNESS: There is no actual 15 requirement for a maximum noise level for the zoning. 16 Once you go past the noise limits of the area, the 17 permit is all that is required. 18 So during the application for the permit, 19 the contractor may apply for the means and method 20 that they use, or that they predict that they will 2.1 use, or expect to use, and it may be required to get 22 the permit, but there is no actual requirement for 23 that.

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application process for the permit.

So that would really be part of the

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1	CHAIRPERSON WONG: Thank you.
2	Any redirect?
3	MR. GEIGER: No redirect.
4	CHAIRPERSON WONG: Thank you, sir. Next
5	witness, please.
6	MR. GEIGER: We will call Dan Lum.
7	CHAIRPERSON WONG: Good morning, sir. May
8	I swear you in?
9	THE WITNESS: Pardon?
10	CHAIRPERSON WONG: Do you swear or affirm
11	that the testimony that you're about to give is the
12	truth?
13	THE WITNESS: I do.
14	CHAIRPERSON WONG: May you please state
15	your name for the record.
16	THE WITNESS: Daniel Lum.
17	CHAIRPERSON WONG: Mr. Geiger.
18	DANIEL LUM
19	Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the
20	Petitioner, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined
21	and testified as follows:
22	DIRECT EXAMINATION
23	BY MR. GEIGER:
24	Q Good morning, Dan. What is your background
25	or area of expertise?

I'm a professional hydrologist and 1 2 geologist. 3 Q And how are you familiar with the Waikapu 4 Country Town Project? 5 I was engaged by the developer to assess 6 the existing wells that they had drilled, a total of 7 six. Did you prepare a report concerning your 8 9 work? 10 Α Yes, I did. 11 Did you also prepare direct written 12 testimony for this matter? 13 Α Yes, I did. 14 I'm going to hand you your direct written 15 testimony. Can you confirm that that's the testimony that you prepared? 16 17 Yes, it is. Α 18 Is that your signature on the lags page? 19 Yes, it is. 20 Do you have any additions, corrections or 21 modifications you need to make to it? 22 No, I do not. Α 23 As with the other witnesses, please don't

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items within your area of expertise that you think is

read your testimony, but tell the Commissioners the

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important for their decision-making process?

A Thank you.

I was engaged, as I said, to assess the sustainable capacity of the wells that they had pumps in. And if you would look -- if I might -- at the time I was engaged in 2016, they had completed, drilled six wells.

The blue Wells 1, 2 and 3 are potable water wells, and they were pump tested for ten days.

Normally the State Water Commission requires only four days of pump testing, but we decided to do ten days continuously pumping 24/7 around-the-clock.

I would like to give a background on these wells. The blue wells here (indicating) are in the Wailuku basalt aquifer, represented by this rugged terrain here (indicating).

And these Wells 3, 4, 5 and 6, are in alluvial deposits, and we refer to them as alluvial wells. All the wells are potable quality, but the alluvial wells -- I won't get into -- static reading is potable, but you have to understand that there's basic geologic difference.

For municipal potable water supply, the basalt aquifer is preferred, and is used by the counties. They do not like to go into the alluvial

deposits.

In Honolulu it's called "camp rock". Those of you who are familiar with the Kapolei area, Ewa Plain, it's all caprock formation, sedimentary formation. And the Pearl Harbor Aquifer is up toward the central area.

We have the same situation here. This is the Wailuku basalt aquifer (indicating), and this area down here is the alluvial aquifer (indicating).

Now, we put data loggers, which are tiny computers down hole in the wells, all six wells, to monitor the water levels. And then we monitored in the pumping wells, the pumping rate, the chlorides and the electrical conductivity of the water, which relates to salinity.

And in the alluvial wells, we put three data loggers here (indicating) to monitor the water levels -- excuse me -- yeah, monitor the water levels. But we did not monitor the chlorides because you couldn't sample it.

As I said, this is an alluvial aquifer.

You see this yellow well over here (indicating), I
was involved in that for the Department of Land and
Natural Resources in 1974. We drilled a well a
thousand feet deep, and we found that we did not

reach the basalt aquifer. That alluvial deposit which I call slope wash, which is eroded material from the interior mountain areas, is fully to moderately permeable. You get gravel layers in there. You get sand layers. You get clay layers.

And we were attempting to drill for the county a water well, municipal supply, but we didn't hit the basalt aquifer.

What that demonstrates is that throughout this whole region, based on my experience, all the way up to Waihe'e and Kahakuloa, you have this caprock alluvial formation. And the county does not rely on it as a reliable source of potable water.

What we found out with the ten days of testing, we graphed all the data, we presented the graphs in the report, and it's all in here, but essentially Well 1 is the best well. It has a head or water level above sea level of eight-and-a-half feet. And the chlorides were stable at 41 to 47 parts per million.

Now, that compares with the arbitrary limit for chlorides of 250 milligrams per liter. Here in Hawai'i, generate many people, can taste a 170 parts of milligrams per liter, and so 41 to 47 is a very fresh source of water.

Well 2 has a head of 15 feet above sea level, and that's a real thick aquifer. It had -- it was pumped at 1.07 million gallons a day, whereas Well 1 was pumped at 1.4 million gallons a day. And Well 3 -- I didn't complete that, it had -- I'm sorry.

Wells 1 and 2 had a rapid recovery. These two wells are comparable to any well in the Honolulu and Pearl Harbor aquifer, very permeable basalt aquifer, and very freshwater protected by caprock formation.

Now, Well 3 was drilled downslope of 1, the best well, and it had salinity that rose. It rose from during the ten days of testing, it rose from --let's see, 25 milligrams to 109 milligrams per liter. And if you were to draw a graph and extend it out, it would reach upwards of over 200 milligrams per liter approaching the arbitrary limit of 250 milligrams per liter.

The well, however, recovered reasonably well, so it's moderately permeable alluvium, whereas the water is potable, it is not a reliable source for potable use, especially municipal use.

Now, we were concerned about the water quality, because pineapple and agricultural use over

the lands were done in the past. So we meticuously sampled the water for measuring the water quality as required by the Department of Health and the EPA, and we found that all the pesticides and contaminants were nondectable. So those three wells have no contamination from the pesticides or other organic constituents.

The inorganic analysis also were well within the maximum contaminate level. In other words, the three wells meet all State and Federal water quality standards for affordable water sources.

As I said, and I would like to just conclude, there is a distinction between basalt, the basalt Wells 1 and 2, and 3, 4, 5 and 6, and they were not pumped because there were no -- I mean, 4, 5 and 6 were not pumped because there were no pumps in those wells.

Well 3, although alluvial well, produced potable water, but it is not reliable in the sense that the chlorides continue to rise during those ten days. And it is significant that it rose from 25, which is very fresh, it went all the way in up in ten days to 109 milligrams per liter.

As I said, and would like to conclude, that if you project the graph, it would reach over

200 milligrams per liter in time.

Q Just a couple follow ups, Dan.

What you're telling us about Well 3 is that if it was pumped on a continual basis, as would be necessary, for example, for potable use, that you would expect that the water quality would decrease so that you couldn't pump it on continues basis?

A Yes. Water quality would decrease in the sense that salinity would rise.

Q And then I want to talk to you a little bit about the alluvial wells.

You mentioned that there was sand and other materials. What impact does that have? Why is that important that there's other things there?

A Well, the caprock wells are subject to contamination by the use of the land above. Whereas the basalt aquifer is up in the mountains, and it's on pristine and it's generally not subject to contamination.

Q So the alluvial wells, which would be 4 and 5 in particular, you would be subject to contamination from surface activities, and as I understand it, also subject to increased salt levels?

A Yes, definitely. Yes, surface contamination and potential saltwater intrusion, we

see that in Well 3, so 4 and 5 is more seaward, if 1 2 you well, toward the isthmus, and it definitely -- if 3 you were to test it, my guess is that it might be 4 more subject to saltwater intrusion, contamination. 5 We would offer in Mr. Lum's written 6 testimony as Exhibit 47 -- 48, thank you. My 7 numbering is all off, I apologize. CHAIRPERSON WONG: County, do you have any 8 9 objection? 10 MR. HOPPER: No, Mr. Chair. MS. APUNA: No objection. 11 12 CHAIRPERSON WONG: Commissioners, any 13 objection to the Exhibit 48? Exhibit 48 is moved 14 into the record. 15 (Petitioner's Exhibit 48 was received into the record.) 16 17 MR. GEIGER: Thank you very much. We would 18 pass the witness. 19 CHAIRPERSON WONG: I just wanted to confirm 20 that the picture that Mr. Lum --21 MR. GEIGER: Let me correct that. I had it 22 on my list and forgot to ask you. 23 The slide that we're showing on the screen, 24 that is in your report, correct? 25 A Yes, it is.

1 Could you tell us what figure number that 2 is for the record? 3 That is Figure 1. 4 In your report. Thank you very much. 5 CHAIRPERSON WONG: Thank you. County, 6 questions? 7 MR. HOPPER: Thank you. 8 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. HOPPER: 9 10 Mr. Lum, just briefly. On page 5 of your 11 filed written testimony under the water availability 12 That's not in my report. 13 Α 14 MR. GEIGER: In your testimony. 15 (By Mr. Hopper): Direct testimony, I'm Q sorry. Should have made sure I was referring to 16 17 that. This is just to confirm the numbers in your 18 report. 19 Again, what line? 20 Page 5 under water availability, basically 21 lines 3 through 6 at this point. 22 It states that the estimated potable water 23 use demand for the project is .683 million gallons 24 per day broken down as .348 million gallons per day 25 for Phase I and .335 million gallons per day for

1 | Phase II.

- A Yes, that was from report by others, yes.
- Q And then the remainder of that paragraph you state that the sustainable yield for the Waikapu Aquifer System has been established at 3.0 million gallons per day sustainable yield.
- A Yes, sustainable yield of 3 million gallons per day is established by the State Water Commission.
- Q And then you go on in that paragraph to state that the pumping capacity of Wells 1 and 2 is 2.4 million gallons per day?
  - A Yes, that's correct.
- Q And given these numbers, essentially you're stating here that you believe that the Wells 1 and 2 have more than enough sustainable yield in order to meet the demands for this project?
- A That is correct. Based on the ten days of pumping, we assessed that the Well 1 has sustainable pumping capacity of 1.4 million gallons a day; and that of Well 2, 1.0 million gallons per day. So that adds up to 2.4.
- Q And also given the sustainable yield of the aquifer, you believe that there's adequate sustainable yield in the Waikapu Aquifer System to meet the demands of the project?

1 Yes. And that's because, in the study the 2 pumping test graphs, it's very similar to the best we 3 got, and we all look to Honolulu and Pearl Harbor, 4 yes, it's in that class. Thank you very much. I have no further 5 6 questions for the witness. 7 CHAIRPERSON WONG: OP? 8 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. APUNA: 9 10 Thank you, Mr. Lum, for your testimony. I 11 have a couple of questions. 12 First can you tell us anything about the 13 instream flows of Waikapu Stream? We didn't -- my work did not involve 14 15 surface water. But I can tell you that in Well 6, in 16 orange, the developer, based on my suggestion, that 17 is it would be used only for monitoring purposes because we can hear water cascading into the well. 18 19 It's not cased right at the moment, so we think that 20 that well, based on the water levels that we 2.1 monitored during the test, probably is influenced by 22 surface water. 23 So it would not be used. Only for

Thank you.

monitoring purposes in the future.

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Q

And then do you know if the wells will be dedicated to the County?

A Well, the developer normally works with the County. Normally a developer wants to not be in the business of developing water, so their first choice is to work with the County, and that's between them. I don't get involved in that.

Q Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON WONG: Commissioners, do you have any questions before Commissioner Scheuer?

VICE CHAIR CABRAL: Yes, before my fellow commissioner, because he knows so much more than I. I have a simple question I think.

In my reading, you're looking at as needing 960 gallons of water a day. That seems like a lot of water to me, because I know what 20,000 gallons look like. I have a catchment tank that I drink out of that has 20,000 gallons in it.

So if you constantly -- and you're going to be having surface water I understand too and you're going to be using nonpotable water, reclaimed through your treatment plant.

But if you're taking such -- over the course of years and years you're going to be taking huge amounts of water from the well systems also, how

fast does it replenish these aquifers underneath in comparison as to how fast you take them out? Do we know that, or is there any concern? Where does the future take all of this water?

2.1

THE WITNESS: Yes. This all has to do with sustainable yield established by the Water

Commission. And I was working for the Water

Commission at one time. I retired from the

Department of Land and Natural Resources. But we established the sustainable yield, when I was working for them, throughout the state.

And we studied the aquifer. And basically what we do is estimate the rainfall, the recharge, evaporation and everything and come up with a figure. This is back and forth among colleagues at public hearings.

So for the Waikapu Aquifer System, which is one of four aquifer systems within the Wailuku hydrologic sector. It has the Waikapu Aquifer System has a sustained yield of 3.0 million gallons a day.

To the best of the Commission's ability, they believe that it is that. And I think that the test that we did goes a long ways toward corroborating that. Thank you.

VICE CHAIR CABRAL: Well, that's a lot of

1 water. Thank you. 2 THE WITNESS: That is a lot of water. 3 CHAIRPERSON WONG: Vice Chair Scheuer, 4 please. 5 VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: Aloha. How are you 6 this morning? 7 THE WITNESS: Good morning. VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: I have a few questions 8 9 for you. 10 To start off with, in your written 11 testimony, in your written direct testimony and TODAY 12 YOU described a basalt aquifer and alluvial aquifer, 13 but also refer to the Waikapu Aquifer. Now, the Waikapu Aquifer, I'm trying to 14 15 clarify my understanding, the management unit by the Water Commission, they don't manage with any 16 17 distinction between whether a well is drawing into a basalt or alluvial; is that correct? 18 19 THE WITNESS: Yes, that figure --20 addressing specifically the Waikapu Aquifer System, 21 they did not identify the alluvial or the basalt as a 22 whole. 23 But when they draw the line of the Waikapu 24 Aquifer System area, it embraces all the potential

recharge, which is the interior part, the rainfall is

primary source of recharge, and then they arbitrarily drew the line, as best I can make out, along the highway, the old highway.

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: These are not management units. These have nothing do with sustainable yield, or how much can ultimately be pumped from the aquifer. You refer to a basalt aquifer and alluvial aquifer. These are not legal or management terms.

THE WITNESS: No, not so far as the Water Commission is concerned.

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: You said that normal practice for the Water Commission was to run a four-day pump test. By chance did you mean a five day pump test?

THE WITNESS: No, four days unless they modified it. I wrote the regulation way back when.

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: I believe it's five now.

THE WITNESS: I'm sorry.

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: Regarding pump tests, are pump tests designed to determine whether there's effect on a stream nearby?

THE WITNESS: No. That's a special type of test. You have to have monitor wells.

1 VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: When you ran these 2 pump tests, did you run the test on Wells 1, 2 and 3 3 simultaneously? 4 THE WITNESS: Yes. I'm sorry I didn't point that out. Yes, pumped simultaneously. 5 6 VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: All three were pumping 7 actually at an amount exceeding the sustainable yield 8 according to your report. 9 THE WITNESS: Yeah, right, 3 point. 10 VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: Did you monitor water levels in Wells 4, 5 and 6 during that time? 11 THE WITNESS: Yes. 12 13 VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: What were your 14 findings? 15 THE WITNESS: It showed pretty much to be 16 independent of the -- I couldn't see any affect of 17 the drawdown curve in the pumping wells in being impressed upon the alluvial wells. 18 19 VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: But again, those 20 pumping tests are not actually designed to observe that, correct? 2.1 22 THE WITNESS: In that sense, when I said 23 it's not designed to check the surface water 24 influence, no. But if you -- if there's a connection 25 between the alluvial wells and the basalt wells, it

1 | might show up. It might show up in ten days.

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: Do you know what the travel time might be for water if it was flowing generally mauka-makai in this area to travel between an area under influence of Well 2 to Well 6?

THE WITNESS: No. You to would have to establish a number of wells to actually establish a contour map, and only then can you determine the hydraulic gradient.

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: So there's nothing in your study that could speak to the potential influence of a maximum pumping of these wells?

There is nothing from your tests that can point to whether or not there would be an affect on stream flows in Waikapu Stream from a maximum pumping of Wells 1 and 2 and 3?

THE WITNESS: I would address your question, answer your question this way. Waikapu Stream is elevated. And if you look at the profile and you draw a typical cross-section to there, you have Waikapu Stream, it's elevated, you know, goes up hundreds of feet. And if you look at the basal, basalt aquifer, it's only 15 feet at the most.

So geologically, hydrologically, based on my experience, I would not suspect in the least any

affect of pumping those three wells, having an influence or affect on Waikapu Stream?

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: At the upper levels of Waikapu Stream?

THE WITNESS: Even down through the caprock area. Once the stream is going through the caprock area, it is generally considered to be fully to moderately permeable.

So it's not a gaining stream, but what we call a losing stream. The stream is losing water as it traverses the terrain.

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: Under existing pumping?

THE WITNESS: Yeah. When you get into dike areas, especially Honolulu we know that we studied that well. Water in the streams -- the streams on the Windward side of Oahu are gaining streams. There are dike waters at elevated, at higher elevations it's actually pouring water, discharging water into the stream. Yes, when you pumping that dike water, you will affect the stream.

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: And this is the general case, for instance, the Wailuku River, a gaining stream mauka of Wailuku and it's a losing stream --

1 THE WITNESS: Yes. In the upper reaches it 2 would be gaining, and in the lower reaches it would 3 be losing. And basalt wells are generally in the 4 losing section. 5 VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: But there was 6 nothing -- again, to go back to my question --7 nothing in your tests that could determine the relationship of well pumping to affect on the 8 streamflow? 9 10 THE WITNESS: No. 11 VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: They were not designed 12 for that? 13 THE WITNESS: No. 14 VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: And sustainable yield, 15 which you express some familiarity with, that also does not explicitly take into account the 16 17 relationship between groundwater and surface water; is that correct? 18 19 THE WITNESS: Not in every instance, but in 20 general, yes. 2.1 VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: Does the sustainable 22 yield for Waikapu Aquifer take into account the 23 relationship between groundwater availability and 24 surface water flows?

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THE WITNESS: I don't think it does.

Ι

can't speak for the Water Commission, but I don't 1 2 think it does. 3 VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: So to say that pumping 4 at a certain level is below sustainable yield, doesn't necessarily protect any influence of 5 6 groundwater on surface water flows? 7 THE WITNESS: There's no determination of that at all. 8 9 VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: The model is silent as 10 to that? 11 THE WITNESS: Right. 12 VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: You pumped these three 13 wells, Wells 1, 2 and 3 at a very, very high rate. 14 In fact, almost above the rate of the overall demand 15 of this development. 16 THE WITNESS: Yes. 17 VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: Would one normally, in 18 the operation of a well field pump 24/7, pump wells 19 at 24/7. 20 THE WITNESS: No, standard municipal 21 standard is 16 hours per 24 hours. 22 VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: Do you have an idea if

Well 3 pumped in combination with Well 1 and 2 in a more normal scenario would be as dramatically affected by chlorides as it was during the pump test?

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I can repeat the question.

THE WITNESS: Repeat your question.

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: So the pump test was maximum pumping over ten days over three wells simultaneously, and you noticed the chloride drawdown on Well 3, which led to your determination that it might not be a reliable source of municipal potable water.

However, if you were actually operating Wells 1 and 2, and 3 together as a suite of wells with some redundancy in it, and not pumping them 24/7, isn't there a possibility that Well 3 could actually be a reliable source of potable water in combination with Wells 1 and 2?

THE WITNESS: Certainly if it was used as a standby source. The municipal -- county's always have standby wells. They're just idle. In an emergency they will pump it, but generally it's not counted in the sustainable yield or the discharge from the aquifer.

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: But it's available as a potential potable source of water?

THE WITNESS: Sure, just like using natural groundwater as a reservoir.

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: And is Well No. 3

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planned to be connected to the nonpotable system?
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2
                THE WITNESS: I have no knowledge of that.
3
     That's between the developer and the county.
 4
                VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: Mr. Geiger, is there a
5
     witness who can speak to that issue?
 6
                MR. GEIGER: Yes, Mr. Boyce will speak to
7
     that.
               VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: I think I'm done.
8
9
     Thank you.
10
                CHAIRPERSON WONG: Commissioners, is there
11
     any other questions? Any redirect, Mr. Geiger?
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                MR. GEIGER: I'm going to not redirect,
13
     thank you.
14
                CHAIRPERSON WONG: Thank you.
15
               MS. APUNA: Can we ask one more question?
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               CHAIRPERSON WONG: Please, OP.
17
                   CONTINUED CROSS-EXAMINATION
     BY MS. APUNA:
18
19
                We're just curious as to what other
20
     developments use Waikapu Aquifer, if you're aware?
21
                The basalt aquifer, none that I know of?
22
                Okay, thank you.
23
                CHAIRPERSON WONG: Thank you. Next
24
     witness, please.
25
                MR. GEIGER: We would call Albert Boyce.
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1	CHAIRPERSON WONG: May I swear you in,
2	please?
3	THE WITNESS: Yes.
4	CHAIRPERSON WONG: Do you a swear or affirm
5	that the testimony you're about to give is the truth?
6	THE WITNESS: I do.
7	CHAIRPERSON WONG: Please state your name.
8	THE WITNESS: My name is Albert Boyce.
9	CHAIRPERSON WONG: Thank you, Mr. Geiger.
10	ALBERT BOYCE
11	Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the
12	Petitioner, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined
13	and testified as follows:
14	DIRECT EXAMINATION
15	BY MR. GEIGER:
16	Q Good morning, Albert.
17	A Good morning.
18	Q You are one of the members of the
19	Applicants, correct?
20	A That is correct.
21	Q And you provided testimony concerning the
22	financial aspects, correct?
23	A That is correct.
24	Q Did you prepare written testimony in this
25	matter?

- 1 A Yes, I did.
- 2 Q I'm going to hand you what we will
  3 hopefully mark as Exhibit 49, which will be your
  4 direct written testimony.

Is that your written testimony?

- A Yes, it is.
- Q Is that your signature on the last page?
- 8 A Yes, it is.

- Q Have you got any corrections, modifications or additions to your written testimony since you signed it several weeks ago?
- 12 A No, I don't.
  - Q Albert, as with the other witnesses, I don't want you to read, but I want you to go ahead and provide the Commissioners the information you think is necessary for their decision-making process.
- 17 A Sure.

My family and I have been a partner with
Mike Atherton since the late 1980s. And since the
mid-1990s I've been directly involved with him in the
development of single family, multi-family real
estate, where basic business model is we entitled the
land, and then we, through construction financing,
finance the lots, do the engineering, finish the
lots, and ultimately market, sell and construct the

homes.

2.1

So for the past 20 years I have a lot of experience as far as working with banks to provide construction financing for a project to see it through from the start to the finish.

So basically that's our intent here as I've heard other people testify yesterday, seen the project from the start to finish, that's our intent. That's what we do. That's what we do in the City of Mantica.

We have been fortunate, as far as I know some of the questions yesterday on the financials of the LLC, our partners have been fortunate through our strength. We've developed real estate prior to the economic meltdown in 2008. We survived the economic meltdown in 2008. We've continue financing and constructing real estate since then.

So we have numerous banking relationships.

We understand what it takes to get financing. And we have developed relationships here on Maui through our operation and ownership of NTP and Millhouse

Restaurant.

And so I see that business model continuing on for the development of Waikapu Country Town.

That's sort of reflects my comments as far

as the testimony, written testimony.

Q Thank you. I want to follow up on some questions.

There have been some questions concerning the plans as far as the wells and which ones might be used for nonpotable sources.

Can you address those questions?

A We've had conversations with the County of
Maui as far as, you know, following Dan's ten-day
pump test, and the conversations have been
preliminary, but thus far, the County and their
Engineering Department has made it pretty clear that
they like Wells 1 and 2, and they don't view Well No.
3 as a viable potable water well.

Whether or not they would perceive it, I guess as Dan talked about, being a standby well or not, I'm not sure. But other wells in the alluvial aquifer are nonpotable.

We've talked to them as far as dual-water system. So one thing that catches my eye as far as numbers being thrown around as far as the amount of water that the project consumes on a daily basis, the County's attitude, as far as measuring that consumption for a non-dual system was 600 gallons per day. And they've represented to us in writing that

if we do a dual-water system, they would view the 1 2 consumption as 350 gallons per day single family, 3 250 gallons per day multi-family. So that's a 4 dramatic reduction. 5 It's notable for the sustainability of the 6 project versus non-dual water system. 7 Maybe you should explain that a little bit more. Why do you think it's more sustainable? 8 9 Well, I think ultimately the demand, the 10 overall water demand for the project will be that 11 much less, where we're not consuming, you know, full 12 100 percent potable water to supply all the needs of 13 the project. Hopefully that will answer the 14 15 Commissioner's question, but I'm sure if it doesn't, 16 he will go ahead and ask you. 17 With that we would offer in Mr. Boyce's testimony as Exhibit 49. 18 19 CHAIRPERSON WONG: County, any objections? 20 MR. HOPPER: No objection. 2.1 CHAIRPERSON WONG: OP? 22 MS. APUNA: No objection. 23 CHAIRPERSON WONG: Commissioners, any

(Petitioner's Exhibit 49 was received into

objection? No objections. Exhibit 49 is entered.

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1 evidence.) 2 MR. GEIGER: Thank you. 3 I did have one other area, just to make sure there's no confusion. 4 5 As I understand it, the Applicants are 6 agreeable to entering into memorandums of 7 understanding or memorandums of agreement with the 8 State Department of Transportation and/or the County. 9 So that the cost, pro rata cost of the 10 improvements needed to address any traffic impacts 11 would be borne by the developer as opposed to paying 12 for the entire amount of the improvements; is that 13 correct? 14 А Yes. 15 No further questions. 16 CHAIRPERSON WONG: County. 17 CROSS-EXAMINATION 18 BY MR. HOPPER: 19 Just a few questions. 20 It's your understanding at this stage with respect to Wells 1, 2, 3 you talked about 21 22 discussions, but there has been no actual dedication 23 of the wells to the County at this point? 24 There's been no dedication, correct. Α

Is your understanding that the Maui County

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1 Council would have to accept those wells in order to 2 complete the acceptance process? 3 Α Yes. 4 At this stage in the event that wouldn't 5 happen, you are prepared to operate those wells as a 6 private system to service the project? 7 Absolutely. Α I think that's all the questions I have. 8 9 Thank you very much. 10 CHAIRPERSON WONG: OP, cross-examination? 11 MS. APUNA: I have a few questions. 12 CROSS-EXAMINATION 13 BY MS. APUNA: 14 First of all, has the surface water use for 15 Waikapu Stream ended except for use by cattle? 16 Correct. I believe the agreement in the 17 proceedings was that our farmers would vacate by the end of this calendar year, and I believe Kumu Farms, 18 19 who was the last farmer, has vacated. And Robert 20 Pahia, who was here yesterday, he's already moved 2.1 across the highway. 22 And then are you agreeable to a MOA with 23 the Airports Division of DOT with regard to some of

Sure. We recognize flight path, and we

their concerns that impact the project?

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don't want any conflict with Department of Transportation.

Q Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON WONG: Commissioners, any questions? Commissioner Scheuer.

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: Aloha.

THE WITNESS: Aloha.

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you for being here.

So the question I think I was trying to get at, Well 3, do you plan to attach Well 3 to the nonpotable portion of the dual use system.

THE WITNESS: I would think if we needed that capacity for nonpotable, yeah. I would think it could definitely be nonpotable.

In other words, we have invested a fair amount of money, so I can't envision it being plugged and abandoned. Whether it's used by the County -- ultimately if we strike an agreement with the County and they say they only want to use it for one purpose, we use it for that purpose.

Otherwise, as far as the dual-water system -- the needs of the dual-water system are obviously much less than the potable needs. So between that and two other wells --

1 VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: I'm just trying to 2 understand what are the water sources for the 3 dual-water system for nonpotable portion? 4 THE WITNESS: Nonpotable portion, you would 5 have potentially Well No. 3, potentially obviously 6 Wells 4 and 5. We're also working on acquiring the 7 subsurface water rights across the street for the TMK that's in Kahului Aquifer. 8 9 So that would be -- I think Dan would 10 probably testify even higher salinity nonpotable, so 11 that would be another potential source. 12 VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: What do you mean by 13 acquiring the water rights? 14 THE WITNESS: Currently we have the water 15 rights for the mauka side of the project, and we 16 don't have the water rights for the makai side of the 17 project. 18 VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: I guess I'm confused

how that jibes with Hawai'i Water Law in terms of owning water rights.

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So you said Well 3, and then potentially Wells 4 and 5 for nonpotable?

THE WITNESS: Alluvial, correct.

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: Did you do pump tests on Wells 4 and 5?

THE WITNESS: I think Mr. Lum testified as far as what he did as far as monitoring them during the pump test.

2.1

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: So we don't know what the sustainable yields might be? Not sustainable yield in the aquifer sense, but from pumping test sustainable yield for Wells 4 and 5?

THE WITNESS: I don't have anything to add other than what Mr. Lum said.

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: Do you know what the demand is in the nonpotable portion of the dual system?

THE WITNESS: Nonpotable portion, I could derive that based on the overall demand and the smaller percentage of it, yeah. I would think it's spelled out in the FEIS.

VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: Mr. Geiger, if you have a reference to it, that would be great. All I'm trying to get at is understanding, in particular, given the long-standing concerns over surface water in this areas, the relationship between any ground pumping and surface water concerns.

Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON WONG: Commissioners, any other questions? Redirect?

## REDIRECT EXAMINATION

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3 Q Let me see if I can help a little bit here.

When you said you could derive it from a calculation, you're talking about taking the 650 and subtracting out whatever the County would allow for the nonpotable --

A Correct.

Q -- so if it was 650 and 350, it would be a 300 gallon per unit for nonpotable?

A Differential.

Q I don't know if that answers your question, but that's what he was getting to.

CHAIRPERSON WONG: Anybody else?

MR. GEIGER: No further questions.

CHAIRPERSON WONG: Thank you. Next

17 witness, please.

MR. GEIGER: Thank you, Albert.

At this time we would like to recall Netai Basu for a clarification. And I believe I've already talked to the County and OP, and I don't believe they have any opposition.

CHAIRPERSON WONG: Please. I just be want to remind you you're still under oath. All the testimony is still affirming that you're stating the

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truth to your testimony. Just wanted to reconfirm 1 2 that you're still under oath. 3 THE WITNESS: I'll reaffirm my testimony is 4 to the best of my ability accurate. 5 NETAI BASU 6 Having been previously called as a witness on behalf 7 of the Petitioner, was still under oath and was 8 examined and testified as follows: MR. GEIGER: Just for the record, if we 9 10 could make sure that the County and OP have no 11 objection to recalling Mr. Basu. 12 MR. HOPPER: No objection. 13 MS. APUNA: No objection. 14 CHAIRPERSON WONG: Commissioners, do you 15 have any objections? Please continue. 16 MR. GEIGER: Thank you very much. 17 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 18 BY MR. GEIGER: 19 Mr. Basu, there was some question as to 20 clarity of your testimony yesterday, so I want you to 2.1 focus specifically on your testimony concerning the 22 project's responsibility for the traffic 23 improvements. 24 So could you go through that for us again 25 and just make sure we're all on the same page?

A I welcome the chance to do this. Thank you, Jim.

I know the EIS identified a range of off-site traffic mitigations to fully achieve the desired level of service D, both with and without the Waialae bypass in place.

We made a calculation of the project's fair share contribution or pro rata contribution, that's documented in the EIS. And on the basis of that, identified the a.m. peak hour contribution, and the p.m. peak hour contribution, and showed the higher of those two as the project's share.

There were a few locations, one or two which we identified 100 percent contribution to the project, because the addition of project traffic would cause that to fall to ALISH E or F even without the addition of background traffic.

So those are identified as 100 percent share even though they were slightly higher than the specific pro rata share.

On the basis of that, we identified a recommended set of mitigations to be made by the project and in lieu of a proportional share of everything else.

It's been our experience that the agencies

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have in the past, through the MOA, MOU process, come 1 2 to an agreement on specifically what the pro rata 3 share would turn into in terms of 100 percent 4 improvements. That is rather than get a portion of 5 many improvements, the project would be responsible 6 for fully implementing certain ones. 7 So pro rata share, this is an important aspect of my testimony which may have been 8 9 misunderstood yesterday. 10 Q And so bottom line is that the project 11 would be responsible for the impacts it did, but it 12 wouldn't be responsible for the impacts of other projects; is that correct? 13 That's a concise way of putting it. 14 15 And as I began my testimony yesterday, the 16 overall impact is the effect of the existing traffic 17 plus other project traffic plus this, altogether. So 18 it's a share of that growth, which is attributable to 19 this project. 20 Q Thank you. 21 CHAIRPERSON WONG: County? 22 RECROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. HOPPER:

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Q So to clarify, while you set out some proposed contributions from the project, the final

amounts you would anticipate being agreed upon in a 1 2 type of MOU or agreement with the County for County 3 roadways, and the State for State roadways; is that 4 generally correct? 5 Α That is correct. Thank you. I have no further questions. 6 0 7 CHAIRPERSON WONG: 8 MS. APUNA: No questions. 9 CHAIRPERSON WONG: Commissioners, any other 10 questions on this? Thank you. 11 MR. GEIGER: No redirect. 12 We have no other witnesses, but as a matter 13 of housekeeping, I believe that during Mr. 14 Pellegrino's testimony, one of the two graphs that we 15 displayed had not been identified as being somewhere in the record. 16 17 I believe it exists somewhere, but rather 18 than trying to dig and find it, I have prepared a 19 document which we will attach as Exhibit 50, which I 20 have copies for Commission and staff, which I'll 2.1 provide. And we will also provide this to County and 22 OP, and we would ask that that be introduced.

CHAIRPERSON WONG: County, any objections?

MR. HOPPER: No objection as long as we're you'll all getting copies.

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1
                CHAIRPERSON WONG: OP?
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               MS. APUNA: No objection.
 3
                CHAIRPERSON WONG: Commissioners, any
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     objections? Okay, Exhibit 50 is put into the record.
5
                (Petitioner's Exhibit 50 was received into
 6
     evidence.)
7
                Mr. Geiger, no other --
                MR. GEIGER: No other witnesses.
8
                CHAIRPERSON WONG: We will take a
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10
      five-minute break, and then we'll start with the
11
     County.
12
                (Recess taken.)
13
                CHAIRPERSON WONG: We're back on record.
14
               Mr. Hopper, proceed with your first
15
     witness.
16
               MR. HOPPER: Thank you, Mr. Chair. Our
17
     first witness will be Planning Director William
18
      Spence.
19
               CHAIRPERSON WONG: Director, may I swear
20
     you in?
                Do you swear or affirm that the testimony
21
22
     you're about to give is the truth?
23
                THE WITNESS: I do. My name is William
24
      Spence. I'm the Planning Director for Maui County.
25
                CHAIRPERSON WONG: Please proceed.
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1	WILLIAM SPENCE
2	Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the
3	County of Maui, was sworn to tell the truth, was
4	examined and testified as follows:
5	DIRECT EXAMINATION
6	BY MR. HOPPER:
7	Q Do you have a copy of your written direct
8	testimony that was submitted as County's Exhibit 3?
9	A Yes, I do.
10	Q Do you have anything that you wish to
11	correct with respect to that testimony?
12	A Yes, I do.
13	Q Would you please describe the correction
14	you would like to make?
15	A On page 4, the very first paragraph under
16	heading of "land use", starting with the third
17	sentence saying "consequently".
18	Basically it says the Applicant has already
19	submitted applications for changes in zoning and a
20	community plan amendment, and that is not the case.
21	I think at the time this was written, we
22	had anticipated that would be submitted by the time
23	we reached the Land Use Commission, and that has not
24	occurred.

What this should say: Consequently the

25

Applicant will submit to the County of Maui applications for the Community Plan Amendment, change in zoning and project district.

The next sentence should be stricken. That sentence says: The CIZ and CPA and PD applications are currently held in abeyance by the County, et cetera. That sentence is not applicable at all.

Q It's essentially correct in the record that additional entitlements required after a District Boundary Amendment have not yet been submitted?

A That is correct.

Q There were some discussion in earlier testimony about the document known as the Maui Island Plan and its in evidence in this case.

Could you briefly describe what is the Maui Island Plan?

A The Maui Island Plan is a part of Maui County's General Plan. The complete General Plan is made up of a number of documents starting with the Countywide Policy Plan. There is also Maui Island -- excuse me -- we refer to as MIP, Maui Island Plan that's supposed to be a document covering the entire Island of Maui. That is our most recent planning document adopted at the end of 2012, and that goes into considerable detail of how development is

supposed to take place on Maui.

It contains growth boundaries of various types saying that when the county does grow, where that growth should occur. And growth should not occur outside of those particular boundaries.

And I can go into more detail on that in a minute.

We also have nine community plans of
Lana'i, Molokai, West Maui, South Maui, Central,
which this project is located in, Makawao, Pukalani,
Kula, Paia, Haiku, Hana and Kaho'olawe.

So each one of those plans also takes a separate planning effort, and they are intended to provide detail for growth and policies and to identify the character, preserving the character of those particular community plan areas.

Q Those community plans are periodically updated through an update process in the Maui County Code, correct?

A Yes.

Q After the adoption of the Maui Island Plan, not everyone of the community plans has gone through that update process, correct?

A That's correct. We've done Lana'i. We're getting close to adopting Molokai. And West Maui is

currently on the table.

Q So while the -- could you describe this project, whether or not this project is set forth in the Maui Island Plan?

A Yes, it is, in quite some detail.

Q If you could please describe the manner in which it is set forth.

A During the -- as said, the Maui Island Plan is our latest planning document, and it sets forth these growth boundaries, where growth should occur.

If we're going to grow, we should grow within these boundaries and not outside them.

Quite a number of projects have their own, what we refer to as stories, and this particular project has its own story within the plan. On page 8-23 of the plan, under the heading of Planned Growth Area Rational, it says: Keeping in the Wailuku Tropical Plantation as its town core, this area will become a self-sufficient small town with a mix of single family and multi-family housing units in a walkable community that includes affordable housing, in close proximity to Wailuku's employment centers, schools, parks, police and fire facilities, transit infrastructure, wastewater, water, supply resources and other infrastructure should be developed

efficiently in coordination with the neighboring developments including Maui Lani, Kehalani, Pu'unani and Waiale. The Waikapu Tropical Plantation Town planned growth area is located on directed map growth No. C3 along with the following table.

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And I'll just say -- it gives some numbers on how many acres, et cetera. This particular project is within two different growth boundaries, one is a small town growth boundary, the other one is within a rural growth boundary.

The small town -- these boundaries are to denote a certain character, desired character of a development. For instance, the way this project is being proposed, it's a fairly dense community with a lot of desired characteristics such as walkability, putting commercial in within a walking distance of the residents, having a mix of housing types integrated within each other. The bike paths, transit opportunities, et cetera.

And this is more reflective of some of Maui's small towns like Makawao or Paia. So this is denoting that kind of character.

It is an Urban -- for the purposes of the State Land Use Commission, there would be the small town boundary would be an Urban designation. For

Maui County purposes, you know, we're looking for the sort of character.

The Rural growth boundary, the -- we have a couple towns in Maui that are even smaller that have very limited services, Keokea, Waiakoa, those kinds of places. Again, that denotes an even smaller town character.

But for the purposes of this project, the Rural boundary would certainly fit the Rural District classification.

- Q So the designation of this project within the small town and rural growth boundaries is consistent with what is being proposed in the District Boundary Application, in your opinion?
  - A Yes, it is.

Q You submitted your written testimony.

Could you please summarize your written testimony?

Any additional points you would like to make than

what you've already stated regarding the Maui Island

Plan?

A The County is in favor of this project, strongly in favor. Not only does it follow the growth rational within our planning document, these are the kinds of things, the way that this is being designed is what we're looking for in growth for Maui

County.

If I can insert my personal thoughts in this. One of my personal mantras is we should be building communities not just subdivisions. I think that's something that has been lacking in our planning processes over decades now.

Being able to integrate these different land uses together in different densities and different housing types, certainly goes along with more current planning thought. Kind of a newer term in our little planning world is "complete communities", or "new urbanism", or an older term would be "neo traditionalism".

Really what it is, is a throwback to the much more practical form of planning the way the towns used to be designed.

So this is going back to a time where you had complete communities. And my hope is that the development of this will foster a sense of community rather than just a subdivision.

Q Thank you.

You said that the county is in favor, or Department of Planning is in favor of the project.

Are there any conditions that the County has recommended on the approval?

A Yes. We have -- I forget how many conditions. I will say I did crosscheck with the Applicant's proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Decision and Order, and they have touched on everyone of our proposed conditions.

I have not examined the wording exactly, but they've already covered the basis on it.

Q So would you anticipate being able to come to agreement on the conditions in the Decision and Order being prepared?

A Absolutely.

Q Just briefly, could you describe the additional entitlements, if any, that would be required by this project should the District Boundary Amendment be approved?

A There are two primary entitlements required. One will be to amend the Wailuku-Kahului Community Plan. That's an older planning document. It was adopted in 2002, and I would say -- because Commissioner Cabral previously kind of alluded to what's this conflict.

Any time you adopt a planning document, a long range plan, you're going to incur some kinds of conflict with what is here now. Your plan is saying where do we want to go? Where are we going to grow?

1 What are our new policies, et cetera.

2.1

This newer document creates conflicts with the older document. And until the older document is updated through our regular planning process, there are going to be these inherent conflicts.

So in the meantime the Applicant will be applying to amend the community plan so that there are no conflicts.

Same thing with the zoning. I understand they're going to apply for Project District Zoning, which is an individualized zoning for particular project. We have a number of them on Maui. They will specify different land uses, size, lot sizes, densities, et cetera. And once that zoning is adopted, then there will be some additional administrative review through the Planning Commission and through the Planning Department.

Q And then should -- there's a notation in your testimony, I think, if there is a private wastewater system constructed.

Would that require a State special permit for that facility if it's on agricultural land?

A Yes, it would.

Q So that could be another protection for entitlement?

1	A Yes, and that would be adopted through the
2	Maui Planning Commission.
3	Q If the area is under 15 acres?
4	A Correct, that's what I understand. It
5	would be less than that.
6	Q Thank you. I don't have any other
7	questions for the witness at this time.
8	CHAIRPERSON WONG: Mr. Geiger.
9	MR. GEIGER: Just briefly.
10	CROSS-EXAMINATION
11	BY MR. GEIGER:
12	Q Are you familiar with the County's Water
13	Use and Development Plan?
14	A Not really.
15	Q Do you have a familiarity on how often that
16	plan is updated?
17	A No.
18	Q I'll direct it to somebody else.
19	A My apologies, I don't.
20	Q No further questions.
21	CHAIRPERSON WONG: OP.
22	MS. APUNA: No questions.
23	CHAIRPERSON WONG: Commissioners, any
24	questions? Commissioner Cabral.
25	VICE CHAIR CABRAL: Back to my subject of

1 conflict. Based on the fact that the County is 2 endorsing this, and the fact that it's in agreement 3 or compliance with the overall plan, the fact that 4 there is that modification or adjustment that needs 5 to be taken to the more specific area plan, and the fact that we have no people here showing up to object 6 7 to this, are you fairly confident that all of these 8 plans will be agreeable, and that this project will 9 not be in conflict with the local community? 10 THE WITNESS: I'm quite confident it will 11 go through our processes fairly swiftly and with 12 minimal objections. 13 VICE CHAIR CABRAL: Thank you very much. 14 CHAIRPERSON WONG: Any other questions? 15 THE WITNESS: I'm waiting for Commissioner 16 Scheuer. 17 VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: I'm happy to ask you 18 about Mr. Geiger's question about the Water Use and 19 Development Plan. (Laughter) No, nothing. Thank you. CHAIRPERSON WONG: Any redirect? 20 21 MR. HOPPER: No. Mr. Chair. 22 CHAIRPERSON WONG: Next witness. 23 MR. HOPPER: We listed David Goode. 24 asked parties -- we wanted him to address a couple 25 issues with respect to traffic.

1	CHAIRPERSON WONG: Mr. Geiger, any		
2	objection?		
3	MR. GEIGER: No.		
4	CHAIRPERSON WONG: OP?		
5	MS. APUNA: No objection.		
6	CHAIRPERSON WONG: Okay, Commissioners?		
7	Okay.		
8	MR. HOPPER: Call Public Works Director,		
9	David Goode.		
10	CHAIRPERSON WONG: Do you swear or affirm		
11	that the testimony you're about to give is the truth?		
12	THE WITNESS: Yes, I do.		
13	CHAIRPERSON WONG: Please state your name		
14	for the record.		
15	THE WITNESS: David Goode.		
16	CHAIRPERSON WONG: Thank you. Please		
17	proceed.		
18	DAVID GOODE		
19	Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the		
20	County of Maui, was sworn to tell the truth, was		
21	examined and testified as follows:		
22	DIRECT EXAMINATION		
23	MR. HOPPER: We provided a CV for Director		
24	Goode, but he's now provided written direct		
25	testimony.		

I wanted to basically familiarize you with 1 2 how long -- are you currently the Public Works 3 Director of the County of Maui? 4 Α Yes, I am. 5 How long have you been in that position? 6 Α This time around since 2011. Previously I 7 was the Deputy and Director from 1994 to 2002. And in the course of your duties as the 8 9 Public Works Director, are you generally familiar 10 with the Waikapu Country Town Project? 11 Α Yes, I am. 12 As part of the discussions regarding that project, have you discussed a document known as a 13 14 Master Roadway Agreement with the developer of the 15 project? 16 Yes, we have. Α 17 Could you briefly describe what you anticipate being in that document and the current 18 19 status of the review of that document? 20 The Master Roadway Agreement is a document 21 between developer of the project and the County of 22 Maui, in this case, as to when certain road 23 improvements in the project would be built and by

As an example, we have a Master Roadway

24

25

whom.

Agreement with Maui Lani, which is also Project
District, as I understand, this project being
proposed today. Maui Lani sits between Kahului and
Wailuku. Therefore, there's interregional traffic
that just happens to go through Maui Lani. So some
of the traffic in Maui Lani is related to the
development of Maui Lani, and other is just regional
traffic going through.

Master Roadway Work recognizes this and seeks certain improvements to be done in the project and to be tied to certain modules or areas within that project. And it also sets out what is a reasonable pro rata share for each improvement.

Q Thank you. And then you're also familiar with the discussions regarding the proposed Waiale bypass road?

A Yes.

Q And in your opinion -- there's been some discussion on whether or not the roadway will be built and when. In your opinion, do you believe that at some point in time this roadway will be constructed?

A I do believe that.

Q Do you believe that that's an important improvement for this area of Central Maui?

1	A It is. It's like a spine road within this
2	area that has been identified for growth. Maui
3	Island Plan shows not only this project but
4	surrounding areas to be developed. So this road is
5	important for that overall region.
6	Q Thank you. I have no further questions.
7	CHAIRPERSON WONG: Mr. Geiger.
8	MR. GEIGER: Short follow up on that.
9	CROSS-EXAMINATION
10	BY MR. GEIGER:
11	Q You know presently of no impediments to the
12	construction of the Waiale bypass, correct?
13	A Other than money.
14	Q Beyond the funding, you're not aware of any
15	limitation?
16	A No. In fact, when the County acquired
17	100 acres directly below Waikapu Town there is an
18	easement set aside for an 80-acre easement not
19	80 8-foot wide easement that has to be dedicated
20	to County of Maui upon demand. So we don't have any
21	other endeavors.
22	Q Thank you. No further questions.
23	CHAIRPERSON WONG: OP.
24	MS. APUNA: No questions.
25	CHAIRPERSON WONG: Commissioners, any

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1 questions? No questions. Any redirect? 2 MR. HOPPER: No, Mr. Chair. County has no 3 further witnesses. 4 CHAIRPERSON WONG: Thank you, sir. 5 OP, do you have -- your turn. 6 MS. APUNA: OP calls to the stand Director 7 Leo Asuncion. CHAIRPERSON WONG: I just wanted to remind 8 9 you you're still under oath from yesterday. 10 THE WITNESS: Yes, thank you. 11 CHAIRPERSON WONG: Please proceed. 12 MS. APUNA: Thank you, Chair. 13 LEO ASUNCION 14 Was previously called as a witness by and on behalf 15 of the State Office of Planning, was previously sworn 16 to tell the truth, was examined and testified as 17 follows: 18 DIRECT EXAMINATION 19 BY MS. APUNA: 20 Can you please state your title, position 21 and background at OP? 22 Sure. Currently the Director of Office of 23 Planning, making me the State's Planning Director. I 24 did have the office coming up on six years now. 25 first two-and-a-half years as the Coastal Zone

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Manager for the State, and then in mid-2014 until
now, being the Acting Director and then the Director
under the Ige administration.

Are you familiar with the Petition?

A Yes, I am.

O What standards does OP specifically apply

Q What standards does OP specifically apply in evaluating a District Boundary Amendment Petition?

A Typically the Office of Planning, we review these District Boundary Amendments really based on the standards provided by Hawai'i Revised Statute Section 205-17 and also HAR 15-15.

Q Under Section 205-17 HRS, did OP specifically consider the expense to which the proposed reclassification conforms to the policies, priority guidelines and the Hawaii State Plan and County Plan and appropriate district standards and impacts of areas of State concern?

A Yes.

2.1

Q Can you please summarize OP's assessment of the Petition's conformity with decision-making criteria for Distinct Boundary Amendment?

A We looked at both Urban District standards as well as the Rural District standards.

So in looking at standards for Urban

District, the Petition Area is adjacent to existing

Urban development, and the basic services are adequate in the general area.

In meeting the standards for the Rural

District, the Petition Area is well-suited for low

density residential uses, for diversified agriculture

uses and also for small farming.

Looking at the total as well, the total
Petition as well, we feel that with appropriate
mitigation, and those will manifest themselves in
conditions, the proposed reclassification is
generally consistent with the Hawaii State Plan and
the State Coastal Zone Management objectives and
policies, and notwithstanding the pending of
amendments to the Wailuku-Kahului Community Plan, the
project is consistent with the Maui Island Plan as
Director Spence just described.

With regard to the areas of State concern, the project contributes favorably to the creation of jobs and also educational opportunities. And also looking at our housing needs as well throughout the State, and especially for the Island of Maui and the County of Maui.

While the reclassification -- I think I touched upon this yesterday -- while the reclassification displaces agricultural land, the

Petitioner is generously dedicating the bulk of the remainder of the land area that Mr. Atherton owns for agriculture in perpetuity. I think that's the key item that we need to not forget that in the tradeoff and all of that, and we want -- it's a balance between all of our needs.

So I think the Petitioner in this case is doing something that is unique. I think it was described yesterday by one of the witnesses as a unique thing about this petition.

Q And based on input from the various State agencies and OP's review, what are some of the mitigation measures recommended by OP for this reclassification?

A There are a number of areas that I call areas of State concern. One of which is -- and I've kind of listed them and kind of put them in categories, if you will, and these are found in our testimony as well as proposed conditions.

Stormwater and drainage, that we would like to see the Petitioner maintain existing drainage pattern, implement applicable best management practices to minimize infiltration and runoff, reduce the potential for soil erosion, and groundwater pollution and formulate dust control measures.

In regards to wastewater, we would like the Petitioner to fund and construct adequate wastewater source, storage and transmission facilities to accommodate proposed uses in each phase of the project.

2.1

In terms of air quality, we would ask the Petitioner to participate in an air quality monitoring program as required by the State Department of Health.

In terms of energy and environmental,

Petitioner -- we would like to see the Petitioner

implement measures to promote energy conservation,

sustainable design and environmental stewardship.

Touching upon transportation, and there's two areas here as far as aviation and the airports that we would like the Petitioner and any subsequent owners should be notified and disclose to all perspective developers and purchasers and lessees of the potential adverse impacts of aircraft activity at and from Kahului Airport.

Petitioner should enter into a Memorandum of Agreement with the Department of Transportation prior to final subdivision approval of the initial project phase to address hazard impacts to aircraft operations. And we would like to see Petitioner fund

and implement a program to control any bird, insect, pest or wildlife, any hazardous wildlife attractants.

In terms of highways and roadways, it's been discussed previously through other witnesses, one item that we would like to have Petitioner do is to submit to the Department of Transportation a supplemental analysis to evaluate the no-Waiale bypass alternative. And that the Petitioner work with the Department of Transportation on a Memorandum of Agreement for traffic mitigation.

Water resources. Again, another item that we have discussed thoroughly I believe through this docket and through these proceedings, that the Petitioner fund and construct adequate water source, storage, and transmission facilities to accommodate the proposed project uses.

In terms of civil defense, Petitioner, we would like to see the Petitioner fund and install three civil defense warning sirens.

And for terms of agriculture, submit an executed copy of an agricultural-conservation easement to the Land Use Commission; and also to comply with the right-to-farm provisions found in HRS section 205-3.5.

Looking at archaeological cultural items,

we would like to see Petitioner submit a preservation plan for the irrigation feature and World War II bunker to the State Historic Preservation Division prior to any ground disturbing activities.

2.1

In the event that historical resources are identified during construction activities, all work should cease and the State Historic Preservation Division be informed.

Petitioner should provide archaeological monitoring for all ground disturbing activities.

Petitioner should also preserve any established gathering and access rights of Native Hawaiians.

And lastly, what was discussed yesterday in Mr. Pellegrino's testimony questioning from the Office of Planning, that we would like to see his three recommendations be made a part of the conditions.

And the last thing as far as State concerns, wildlife and endangered species, in order to mitigate impacts to endangered species, Petitioner should shield all exterior lighting, clear dense vegetation along the periphery only during certain times of the year, and consult the U.S. Department of Fish and Wildlife Service for measures regarding the

1 Blackburn Sphinx Moth. 2 Q Thank you. 3 And based on OP's review and evaluation what is OP's recommendation for the Petition? 4 5 A We strongly approve this -- we would like 6 to see strong approval of this Petition with the 7 conditions that I have discussed prior to this, and 8 those in our written testimony. 9 MS. APUNA: Mr. Asuncion is open for any 10 questions. 11 CHAIRPERSON WONG: Mr. Geiger? 12 MR. GEIGER: Thank you first for the strong 13 approval. 14 CROSS-EXAMINATION 15 BY MR. GEIGER: 16 Q I do have a follow up on your one comment 17 or one of the comments on traffic. You indicated that you wanted a study of 18 19 the no-Waiale bypass. You're familiar that there was 20 a study done within awhile of the bypass, correct? 21 That is my understanding. I believe DOT 22

has not actually looked at that. So they're interested in that, they saw that, and just to work with them.

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24

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Q Okay. So it's more of a -- what you want

is an understanding from the Applicant that they will 1 2 work with DOT on the study that was previously done? 3 Α Correct. 4 Q Thank you. 5 CHAIRPERSON WONG: Mr. Hopper? 6 MR. HOPPER: No questions, Mr. Chair. 7 CHAIRPERSON WONG: Commissioners, any questions? Commissioner Scheuer. 8 VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: Aloha. 9 10 THE WITNESS: Aloha. 11 VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: In all of your 12 proposed conditions -- and excuse me, I think I 13 missed this -- has anything changed from the written 14 conditions that you've previously submitted? 15 THE WITNESS: I believe not, but I think 16 some of it may be more clarifying based on the 17 proceedings that have gone on. 18 MS. APUNA: That's correct, except for I 19 think the three conditions that we discussed 20 yesterday with the cultural expert, those are I think 2.1 in addition to what we've already had in our written. 22 VICE CHAIR SCHEUER: Okay. Thank you. 23 CHAIRPERSON WONG: Commissioner Cabral. 24 VICE CHAIR CABRAL: Thank you. I've got a 25 couple of questions, and I heard you reference it

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twice in this presentation, and then I interpreted them two different ways, so I wanted clarification.

You talked about protection of native species and obviously you reference the moth, but one of the times you said -- I got impression that you were talking about having the developer be involved in protection not of those but from them.

So I wasn't sure, because I started picturing -- since I live in the country and I have wild boars that rototill my yard on a regular basis, and I live with a million koki frogs, you know the protection from unwanted things is something I think about. So I what is wasn't sure, are you thinking that there should be something to not just protect our native animals, but have that protection be protection from other type of animals or insects or something?

will, is between two different -- and it's really some of it is federal, right. The first one being the wildlife attractants, that is something that has been around for awhile, and it's actually a Federal Aviation Administration circular, which states basically five miles from the property boundary of an airport, right, they're going to try to not have

these wildlife attractants. Basically what I know about it, it became evident and more seen around the nation when the Hudson Bay crash happened, where there was a bird strike. They had to turn around. Try to make it back to, I believe Laguardia and didn't make it back.

Similar incident happened here in Hawai'i where there was a permit granted for of all things offshore aquaculture farm in proximity within the five miles of Honolulu International Airport, which would attract birds. That permit was given. The FAA came to town and basically told the Airports you need to remedy that, even though it was another agency that gave that permit. But they needed to remedy that, or if they didn't, the consequences would be to close the airport down.

So you could imagine if you close Honolulu or any of our airports, what impact that would have.

So we work with Department of
Transportation Airports Division in creating what we
call "technical assistance memo" informing developers
of this federal circular and the process you need to
go through. So work with Department of
Transportation, if you're creating like even
described like if you're going to have a fountain

1 that might attract birds, to that level. 2 So it's just a process thing. That's one. 3 Trying to avoid what they call wild like attractants. 4 That's a federal term and defined by the FAA. 5 Then there is also now the endangered 6 species to try to protect those they are on the site. 7 So there's a little bit of a dilemma there, you're trying to avoid what could be like an endangered 8 9 bird, but you may have to endangered bird on your 10 property that you want to protect. VICE CHAIR CABRAL: So it's understandable 11 12 that I was confused. I did hear it in both 13 directions. Thank you very much. I understand what 14 you're saying now, I appreciate that. 15 THE WITNESS: That you for giving me the 16 opportunity. That was one of the newer things that 17 lot of people don't understand and even decision-makers how that impacts your 18 19 decision-making. 20 VICE CHAIR CABRAL: Thank you. 2.1 CHAIRPERSON WONG: Any other questions, 22 Commissioners? Any redirect? 23 MS. APUNA: No. 24 CHAIRPERSON WONG: Thank you, sir.

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Any other witnesses?

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1 MS. APUNA: No, that's it. 2 CHAIRPERSON WONG: I'll give all parties 3 final closing statements, five minutes each. 4 Mr. Geiger, are you ready or take a break? 5 MR. GEIGER: Why don't we take a short 6 break. 7 CHAIRPERSON WONG: Okay, let's do a short break. 8 9 (Recess taken.) 10 CHAIRPERSON WONG: Mr. Geiger, any closing? 11 MR. GEIGER: Certainly. I just want to 12 first of all thank the Chair, the Commission and 13 staff for all of your attention for the past day and 14 a half. 15 It's been a pleasure for me to appear on 16 this particular project, because I think it's kind of 17 unique as opposed to the last one I was in front 18 of -- and you can ask Dan and Riley about that one, 19 and Scott and Diane. 20 But at any rate, I want to thank you all 21 for your attention on this. I'm going to reserve 22 closing on this, but I do want to just point out for 23 the next time we appear before you for proposed

Decision and Order, which a hopefully will be

approving this project.

24

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You've heard from the public, and they were all for this project. You heard from the County in support of this project; and you heard from OP and they're strongly for the project. And you heard from the Applicant and all the Applicant's consultants.

2.1

I think we can all look at this and we picked the boxes. We met the criteria, and certainly we think that the District Boundary Amendment Application for Rural and Urban should be approved.

With that I will, as I said, reserve the remainder of our talks for the next opportunity. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON WONG: Thank you. County?

MR. HOPPER: Thank you. We're also going to look forward to decision-making meeting and reserve most of our closing for that time.

We would like to thank the Commissioners for their time and careful consideration. We know it's an awful lot of work and a lot of documents to review.

The County of Maui has submitted a position statement and direct testimony in this case in support of the project with conditions. We anticipate coming to agreement on the form of Decision and Order.

And, again, we would state we are in support of the project based on the County's filing in this case, and would reserve further oral argument or closing argument on this case for a future date.

Thank you.

2.1

MS. APUNA: I'll just make my closing arguments now. Based on review of the information provided in the Petition, State and County agency comments and witness testimony, OP finds that the proposed reclassifications to the State Land Use Urban and Rural Districts are consistent with the standards for determining Urban and Rural boundaries as set forth in HRS Chapter 205 and HAR Chapter 15-15.

OP supports reclassification with recommended conditions. This project is a good example of a complete community that seeks to integrate with surrounding and larger communities. Although agricultural lands be lost to Urbanization, on balance Petitioners are committing to 800-acre agricultural preserve.

For the Commission, while it is never an easy to decision to reclassify A and B rated lands, when a Petition is thorough, comprehensive and

conscientious like this one, you can feel confident you have that you the appropriate information to make a sound and reasonable decision.

2.1

We thank the Commission for its time and consideration.

CHAIRPERSON WONG: Thank you.

Given that the parties completed their presentations before the Land Use Commission, I declare the evidentiary portion of this proceeding to have been completed, subject to the receipt of various follow-up reports and/or answers that may have been requested during the course of this hearing.

I direct that the parties draft their individual proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision and Order based upon the records in this docket, and serve the same upon each other and the Commission.

The proposed Findings of Fact must reference the witnesses as well as the date, page and line numbers of the transcripts to identify your facts. In addition to the transcript, the exhibits and evidence should also be referenced.

Please contact Jean McManus, court reporter, to arrange for copies of today's

transcripts. I note for the parties that the

Commission has standard conditions which we would

like the parties to consider in preparing the

proposed orders. A copy of the standard conditions

may be obtained from the Commission staff. I

recommend that the parties consult with Commission

staff early in the process to ensure that the

technical and non-substantive formatting, protocols

observed by the Commission are adhered to.

If any of the parties desire to stipulate to any portion or all of the Findings of Fact,

Conclusions of Law and Decision and Order, they are encouraged to do so.

We originally had intended to require each party to file its proposed Findings of Fact,

Conclusions of Law and Decision and Order with the

Commission and serve copies to the other parties no

later than the close of business on January 4th.

With comment deadline of January 25th.

However, we understand the parties are discussing and abbreviated had schedule with Mr. Geiger.

Mr. Geiger, can you give us the status on these discussions?

MR. GEIGER: Well, I anticipate that we

will be submitting -- we are discussing proposed 1 2 findings and conclusions which have previously been 3 submitted to the parties. We are going to discuss 4 the wording on those and the conditions, and I would 5 expect I would be submitting something by December 20th to the Commission and to the other 6 7 parties. CHAIRPERSON WONG: Just make sure you work 8 9 with our Executive Officer, please. 10 MR. GEIGER: I will. 11 CHAIRPERSON WONG: If there is no other 12 items --13 MR. HOPPER: Mr. Chair, just to clarify 14 that if a party does not have its own set of findings 15 and conclusions, that we may be considering filing 16 responses to the filing by the Petitioner. I think 17 that's typically done, but I wanted to note that for 18 the record. CHAIRPERSON WONG: Yes, please. 19 20 MR. HOPPER: Thank you. 21 CHAIRPERSON WONG: Just inform the 22 Executive Officer and other parties of the date. 23 other questions or comments? 24 If not, the proceedings on this docket is

closed and we are adjourned. (10:50 a.m. adjournment)

25

1	CERTIFICATE
2	STATE OF HAWAII ) SS.
3	COUNTY OF HONOLULU )
4	I, JEAN MARIE McMANUS, do hereby certify:
5	That on December 7, 2017, at 8:36 a.m., the
6	proceedings contained herein was taken down by me in
7	machine shorthand and was thereafter reduced to
8	typewriting under my supervision; that the foregoing
9	represents, to the best of my ability, a true and
10	correct copy of the proceedings had in the foregoing
11	matter.
12	I further certify that I am not of counsel for
13	any of the parties hereto, nor in any way interested
14	in the outcome of the cause named in this caption.
15	Dated this 7th day of December, 2017, in
16	Honolulu, Hawaii.
17	
18	
19	<u>/S/ Jean Marie</u>
20	JEAN MARIE McMANUS, CSR #156
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

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